MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

START

DULUTH EVENING HERALD

MAR 1 1902 THRU APR 30 1902

Title: Duluth evening HERALD

73-6-1981

Inclusive Dates: Mar 1 1902 — Apr 30 1902

Originals held by: MHS x Other ___

Prepared by:	Date:	Format:
Owens	Jun 4, 1981	1A x 2B ___
Filmed by:	**Date:**	**Camera No.**
Owens	6/10/81	Red2
Reduction Ratio:	**Voltmeter**	**No. Expos.**
15	.22/92	
Prelim. Inspection by:	**Date:**	**Density:**
Target Resolution: ___/mm	O.K. ___ Reject ___	**Length:**

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NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS-1963-A

18 PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SECTION 1. Pages 1 to 10

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. SATURDAY, MARCH 1, 1902. TWO CENTS.

THE SENATE CALLS HALT

Will Be No Railroading of Tax Bills There.

House Members Ashamed of Themselves.

From The Herald
State Capitol Bureau.

St. Paul, March 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—The senate woke up this morning when the Jacobson tax bill junior made an appearance in its midst, and showed something of its possibilities by indulging in a brisk fight, as a result of which a plan to railroad the bill through by shutting out public hearings was defeated, no one voting for it. Senator Baldwin led the fight against the proposition and he had able assistance. The tonnage tax did not develop much strength in the contest.

Senator Thompson of Fillmore, when the bill was reported, moved that the rules be suspended, that the bill be placed upon general orders and be discussed immediately in committee of the whole. Senator Baldwin protested vigorously. He said the bill involved important matters, and on the tonnage tax there was a grave constitutional question involved. Three of the best lawyers in the state, the members of the tax commission, say it is unconstitutional. He thought that portion of the bill ought to go to the judiciary committee, for he did not want to tie up the taxes of St. Louis county for years by passing an unconstitutional bill.

Senator Daugherty also objected to the motion, and Senator McCuskek, of Pine, said that the bill should not be rushed through as it was in the house. When Senator Baldwin said that the bill might tie up the taxes of St. Louis county, Senator Thompson said that St. Louis county was not in much of a hurry to pay its taxes, anyway.

Senator McCarty said he was in favor of the bill and was ready to vote on it then, but the members of St. Louis county had always acted with courtesy, and it was due to them now that a matter of such tremendous importance to them should have proper consideration.

Senator Somerville said there should be a hearing. A number of amendments would be necessary, aside from the tonnage tax question; for instance, the bill as hurried through the house gave the tax commission membership practically no duties to perform except to draw their salaries.

Senator Snyder thought the tonnage tax should be sent to the judiciary committee, and the rest of the bill should be considered in committee of the whole.

Senator Horton, of Ramsey, made a

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AN INSULT BY ROBERTS

Was Given to the People of St. Louis County---The Ore Tonnage Bill's Passage By the House.

From The Herald
State Capitol Bureau.

St. Paul, March 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—"St. Louis county is a pocket borough of the steel trust. It is owned by the iron corporations, people, officers and all."

In the midst of arguments such as this, the house of representatives yesterday afternoon passed the Jacobson tax bill by a vote of 84 to 25, after an afternoon just as full of scrap as it could hold.

The words quoted above were uttered during the debate by a saucy little old man from Hennepin county, named William P. Roberts. They were an argument in favor of the passage of the tonnage tax feature of the Jacobson bill, which was practically the only feature of the bill over which there was any fight. The house acquiesced in this tender sentiment by refraining from making any objection to the use of such charges on the floor of the house, except such as came from Mr. Laybourn, of the St. Louis county delegation.

After the session, Senator Baldwin started in to tell Mr. Roberts what he thought of a man who would thus insult the 80,000 inhabitants of St. Louis county, but Mr. Roberts slunk away without waiting to hear what he had to say.

* * *

The Jacobson bill provides for the assessment of all public service corporations upon their franchises by subtracting the assessed valuation of their real and personal property from the actual value of their stocks and bonds, the balance being the value of the franchise.

It provides for a permanent tax commission of three members.

It provides for a tax of 5 cents per ton upon the output of the iron mines of the state in lieu of all other taxes.

The bill was due to reach the senate today, and that body will be the next to wrestle with it. What its fate will be there it is too early to foretell, though doubtless when it comes up for debate some day early next week, expressions will be made that will indicate where the senate stands.

* * *

The only amendment made in the Jacobson bill was that offered by himself, yesterday morning, touching the distribution of the tonnage tax. At the opening of yesterday afternoon's session, Mr. Whitford, of Dakota county, offered a set of amendments to provide for a single tax commissioner, instead of a commission of three members. He said that it would be easier to trace responsibility where there is but one man than where there are three. L. H. Johnson, of Minneapolis, wanted to amend the amendment, giving the commissioner four years in office, instead of two, but that was voted down. J. A. Peterson, of Hennepin county, said one man could not do the work, as it would take three. Mr. Elley, of Jackson, spoke for the amendments offered by Mr. Whitford, because he thought the state had too many people on its pay rolls now. Mr. Plowman, of Otter Tail county, had much the same idea of it. Mr. Burns, of Fillmore, said this was

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SAVED BY HIS PARENTS

New York Bookkeeper Guilty of Peculations Amounting to $6,000 Released Through the Efforts of His Aged Parents.

New York, March 1.—Saved by the devotion of his aged parents from long term in prison, James Benton Corr, has been released under suspension of sentence by Judge Newburger. A condition of the clemency was that Corr should leave the country.

Facing exposure in a series of peculations amounting to about $9000 from a large dry goods house of this city, by whom he was employed as a bookkeeper, Corr decided on flight last January and was arrested as he boarded a steamer for Ireland, the home of his parents.

When they learned of their son's plight they hurried to America, made restitution and pleaded in his behalf. They were present when the judge announced that their son might go free.

Mr. Corr, the father, is a wealthy paint and oil manufacturer of Belfast. Young Corr will accompany his parents on their return home.

CAN CURE CONSUMPTION

Chief Surgeon at Fort Bayard Makes the Startling Announcement Which Is Endorsed by Gen. MacArthur.

Denver, March 1.—The News prints the following from its Albuquerque, N. M., correspondent: "You may quote me as saying that we can cure consumption in every stage," said Maj. Appel, chief surgeon at Fort Bayard. "I have never before made that statement, but we have succeeded in demonstrating it beyond doubt."

Gen. MacArthur, who had been accompanied by Maj. Appel from the fort indorsed the statement and declared he had never been so much astonished and pleased in his life as the result of careful investigation of the work at the government soldiers' sanitarium at Fort Bayard. The main features of the treatment that has proven so successful in the pure air of the elevated region are life out of doors, the most carefully selected nutritious diet and absolute rest in the case of reduced patients.

A TOMB OF SNOW FOR MANY MINERS

One Avalanche After Another, Crushing Out Lives of Hardy Toilers.

Telluride, Col., March 1.—The number of lives lost in the four avalanches that swept down the sides of Smuggler Mountain yesterday is now estimated at from twenty to twenty-five. Fourteen men are known to have been killed, an unknown number are buried under the snow, and twelve badly injured persons are in the hospital. Several other men who were hurt are at their homes. It is believed that few, if any, more bodies can be recovered until the snow melts.

The most lucid account of the first snow slide which carried away the boarding and bunk houses and other buildings of the Liberty Bell mine in Cornet Creek basin, three and a half miles north of this city, burying the occupants in the gulch under masses of snow and debris was given by L. M. Umsted, who is employed in packing ore from a crusher to the tram station. He said he had just come from breakfast, and was in the stable saddling his animals, when he heard a terrific crashing. The stable grew suddenly dark, and, stepping to the door, found the air filled with flying snow. A few seconds later it grew light again, and he saw the tram cable swinging about and buckets rolling down hill. He could see nothing of the boarding and bunk house, but looking down the hill he saw boards and timbers sticking out of the snow and scattered about.

He then went up to where the ore and tram house had stood and saw what he thought was a piece of overalls. Grasping it he pulled out the body of Gus Kraul, terribly mangled and crushed. He then started toward the boarding house and met his brother, who told him what had happened. Charlie Umsted was employed in the boarding house that was demolished, and escaped by being out at the time after a bucket of water.

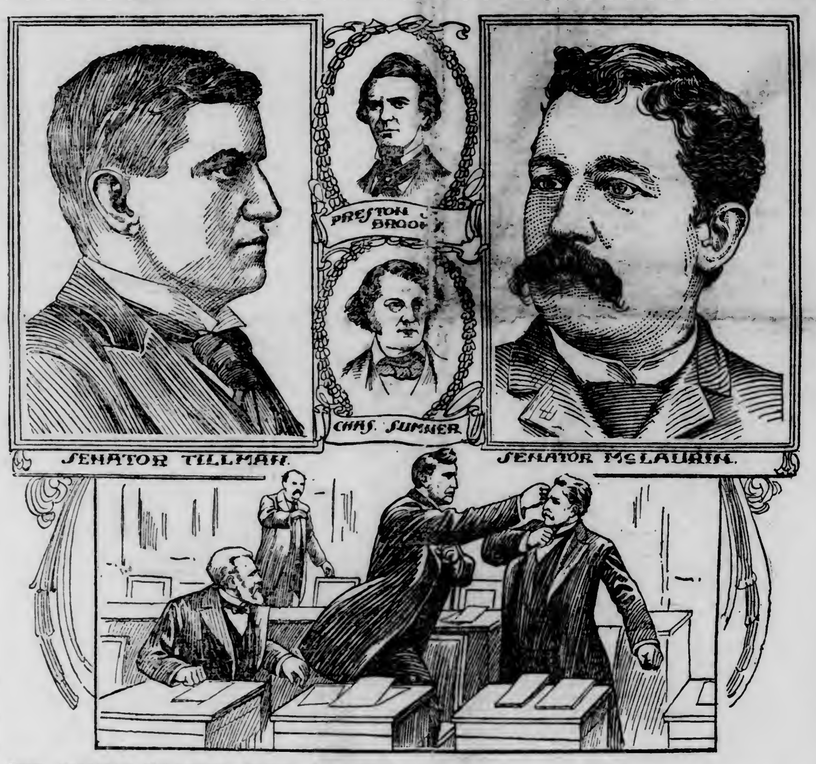
F. C. Clemmer, it is said, was sitting at his desk making out the time of the employees of the mine when the crash came, and all the books of the company recording the names of those employed were destroyed. The exact number of men who were caught in the slide is not known, but there were probably not less than twenty in the bunk house and boarding house when they were swept away. Fortunately, a large majority of the 250 miners employed in the Liberty Bell mine were either in the mine or absent in town at the time of the accident. It had been snowing for three days and the snow and fog were so dense when the slide came down that it was utterly impossible for anyone in its path to have escaped it. The accident broke the telephone circuit, and several hours elapsed before a messenger reached town with the tidings of the disaster. All the doctors available and many citizens hurried to lend assistance in digging out the dead and injured. Seven bodies had been recovered and five injured men brought to town when a second slide came down in the path of the first, killing two more men and injuring a number of others. This was followed by two more snow slides, in which five lives were sacrificed. As the storm still continued, and the work of rescue could only be carried on under the most extreme danger to the living, and as it was believed that no more of those buried under the snow could be alive, it was decided to abandon the search for bodies until it can be prosecuted with greater safety.

Drs. Allen and Delaney, who went up to attend the victims of the first slide, were caught in the storm. The former sustained severe injuries about his lower limbs.

George Roherer, who was killed in the fourth slide, had been county clerk, and was one of the most prominent mining operators in the district. He was about 40 years old.

The damage to the mine property is estimated at $5000. It will be at least four months before work can be resumed.

That locality has always been considered safe from slides, and the building site was selected on this account.



THE TILLMAN-M'LAURIN FIGHT AND THE SUMNER-BROOKS AFFAIR IN THE SENATE.

The recent fight on the floor of the senate between Senators Tillman and McLaurin of South Carolina recalls a somewhat similar affair in the senate in May, 1856, when Congressman Preston Smith Brooks of South Carolina attacked Charles Sumner, senator from Massachusetts, while Sumner was seated at his desk and so severely beat him with a bludgeon that Sumner was ill four years. An ineffectual attempt was made to expel Brooks from the house, after which he resigned and was re-elected.

RIDES ON THE ENGINE

Prince Henry Very Enthusiastic Over Trip Through Alleghenies.

Portage, Pa., March 1.—The special train which is taking Prince Henry and party to the West and Southwest, was well on its journey through Pennsylvania when daylight came. It had covered the run up from Washington to Harrisburg over the Northern Central line and had there swung onto the main line of the Pennsylvania railroad. The night's run had put the storm of yesterday far behind and the new day broke bright and warm. The first halt of the morning was made at Altoona, where a committee of citizens presented an address of welcome. Their meeting with the prince was amusing. He had arisen some time before, and for the first time since his arrival in the country, was dressed as a civilian. He wore a gray tweed sack suit and a black derby hat. He was standing on the platform of his car when the committee filed up and the first man bumped into him before he saw him. Apologizing, the man asked to be taken to Prince Henry. The prince smiled, bowed and said: "I am Prince Henry."

The committee looked embarrassed, but recovering their composure, went through the ceremony of greeting. The prince thanked them and then went outside to acknowledge the cheers of a large crowd gathered in the depot grounds. A local band was also on hand and filled the rest of a ten-minute stop with a serenade of popular music. There was a rousing cheer as the train steamed out of the depot. After breakfast the prince got his promised ride through the mountains in the cab of the engine. A stop was made at Lilly, and, accompanied by Lieutenant Commander Egidy and George W. Boyd, of the Pennsylvania road, he walked forward and climbed into the engine. J. W. Gilchrist was at the throttle as engineer, and the fireman was H. C. Palmer. The prince shook hands with them, and taking the engineer's seat, directed that the train be sent ahead. The run was through a wild section of the Alleghenies and the prince was very enthusiastic over the ride and the scenery.

Prince Henry's special was held here for one hour and fifty minutes until the wreckage ahead was cleared away, and it was 11 o'clock before it again got in motion. Clear of the wreck, the train was greatly increased in speed, and it was hoped they would be able to make up most of the time lost before the end of the day.

PROHIBITION DENOUNCED

New York, March 1.—Speaking on the Sunday question before the Outlook club of Mont Clair, N. J., Bishop Henry C. Potter, of New York, made a plea for a substitute for the saloon, and denounced prohibition as futile.

"Over and over again it has been said by the advocates of prohibition that the saloon is not the poor man's club," said the bishop. "You may cry that until you are black in the face, but the fact still remains. The great English reform is the central public house trust, created for the purpose of controlling the administration of the public house. Curiously enough, we have not recognized the remarkable success of this organization."

RIVER ON RAMPAGE

Great Flood Sweeps Down On Philadelphia.

An Immense Amount of Damage Is Done.

Philadelphia, March 1.—What is said to have been the greatest flood that has ever been experienced along the Schuylkill river, certainly the most disastrous in recent years, tore its way down that stream last night and early this morning, and from its source to its mouth, 120 miles, damage that will run into hundreds of thousands of dollars has been done.

It was an anxious night for the residents and property owners along the river. Thus far only one life has been lost in this city. Michael Igol, aged 44 years, was drowned at 7:30 this morning in the kitchen of his home at the falls of Schuylkill. The height of the flood was reached at 6 this morning, when the river, which had expanded to twice its width, began to slowly recede. Communication by telegraph and telephone with the upper part of the river early today was cut off, and information as to the conditions in towns situated on the river banks was meager. The melting of the ice and snow, coupled with heavy rains of the past twenty-four hours in the eastern section of the state, was the cause of the rapid rise in the water. A few days ago the Schuylkill went up rapidly, then began to fall slowly. The terrific rain storm of yesterday, however, sent it up again. The flood was anticipated, and as a result much property stored in buildings along the river banks was moved to places of safety.

Incalculable damage, however, has been done along the river in this city. The water came within a few feet of the lower girders of the city bridges, and swept back from the wharf lines, for three blocks in some places, surrounding dwelling houses, great manufacturing plants, inundating railroad tracks and causing a chaotic condition that will take many days to eradicate.

Several hundred sheep and hogs were caught in the flood in their pens in the abbatoir yards and drowned. The yards are located on the west bank of the river, above Market street.

When the flood began to rise above the danger line early last night the cattle were removed to a place of safety, but before the attendants could reach the small stock, all were drowned. Some of the cattle, too, were lost.

Probably the greatest sufferer is the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, whose tracks run along the eastern shore of the river for a distance of about three miles. This road has abandoned service over its main line and is sending its through trains via the junction railroad, which runs along the western shore just out of reach of the flood.

The company's waiting rooms in the main depot at Twenty-fourth and Chestnut streets were three feet under water, and in the trainshed the water was as high as the windows of the passenger coaches. The superintendent of the division expected the flood yesterday afternoon and had every movable article taken to the upper floors of the station.

The Delaware extension of the Pennsylvania road on the west side of the river, which is usde only for freight, was covered with muddy water as high as the tops of freight cars.

Lumber yards in most instances were swept clean, the flood carrying the lumber down the river in great piles. Thousands of tons of coal and sand in the yards along the river were swept down the river.

The city waterworks, located in Fairmount park, are under water, compelling the stoppage of the pumps. In the vicinity of Arch, Race, Vine and Callowhill streets, north of Market street and Sansom, Pine and Lombard streets, south of Market, the water reached above the first floors of many dwellings. The residents in these sections passed an anxious night. It was feared that the house might topple into

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GREAT RAILROAD DEAL

What Is Practically a New Transcontinental Line, With Pacific Terminal at Eureka, Is to Be Constructed at Once.

Chicago, March 1.—What amounts to a new trans-continetal railroad is to be constructed at once. The Pacific terminal is Eureka, Cal., and 800 miles of steel will lead thence eastward into Idaho to connect with the Northern Pacific and Great Northern and into Nevada to connect with the Union Pacific.

This announcement, the Record-Herald says, was made at the Auditorium hotel yesterday by Lord Thurlow of England and George H. Proctor, of New York, who left last night for the West to choose the final route of the railroad over the mountains. The construction will be let to Drake & Stratton, and the work will begin this summer; $25,000,000 will be expended. Mr. Proctor has been in conference all winter in New York with J. J. Hill and E. H. Harriman.

Eureka, the terminal, possesses the one harbor between San Francisco and the Columbia river, a stretch of 750 miles.

With a population of 10,000 and no railway its exports and imports amount to $6,000,000 annually.

The Eureka & Eastern, the new road's title, will have no snow sheds, its highest pass being 5000 feet against the Union Pacific's 8000. It will pierce the Redwood country and the Shasta mining region. At Reading, 160 miles inland, it crosses the Southern Pacific; at Weiser, Idaho, the Oregon Short Line. From Fall River Mills, the branch runs southeast to Wadsworth, Nev., to tap the Union Pacific. James J. Hill is building down to Weiser from the Northern Pacific.

The directors are G. H. Proctor, Robert Gibson and William R. C. Wilson. The real parties in interest besides Lord Thurlow and Mr. Proctor are presumably the Rockefellers and J. J. Hill, besides English capitalists. Lord Thurlow has been West two years engaged in the scheme.

JENKINS IS HEARD FROM

South Carolina Hero Declines to Accept the Sword Which Was to Have Been Presented to Him by President.

Warrenton, Va., March 1.—Maj. Micah J. Jenkins has declined to accept the sword which it was proposed to present to him at Charleston, S. C., when the president visited that place. Maj. Jenkins, who is a member of the faculty of the Bethel Military academy here, has sent the following telegram to Lieut. Governor Tillman of South Carolina:

"Lieutenant Governor James H. Tillman, Columbia, S. C.:

"You are represented in the press as having telegraphed President Roosevelt, at the request of subscribers to the sword recently offered me through you, requesting him to withdraw acceptance to present same. If this is so I must decline under these circumstances, to accept sword. Thanking you for personal kindness in the matter, I am, truly yours,

"M. J. JENKINS."

GIRL AS A KIDNAPER

Great Excitement at Montreal Over the Disappearance of Servant With Two-Year-Old Boy of E. J. Wayland.

New York, March 1.—Much excitement prevails at Montreal, says a dispatch from that city to the Herald, over a mysterious kidnaping. Edgar Wayland, the 2-year-old son of E. J. Wayland, manager of a large boot and shoe firm, is believed to have been carried off by a servant girl, who called herself Audley Erle, but whose real name is believed to be Ethel Young.

Mrs. Wayland left the child and an elder boy in the nurse's care at 2 o'clock Friday afternoon and when she returned at 6 she learned that the girl had packed a valise with many valuables belonging to the house. Carrying this and leading the child, she had told the other servants she was going to deliver the valise to a girl to whom it belonged. That was the last seen of her or of Edgar. The facts were put into the hands of the detectives, but no trace of the servant was found. One theory is that the abductor had been urged to the deed by men who hope to obtain a reward for the child's recovery. Another is that the girl had been inspired by the reading of novels.

She is only 18 years old and has $3000 which is in trust for her in Toronto.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

If You Need Help

Let Me Know It.

Tell Me of Some Sick One, and Let Me Send My Book.

No Money is Wanted.

If you are not well, please tell me the trouble—tell me which book you need.

That is all I ask—just a postal card, with the name of some one who needs help.

I have spent a lifetime in learning how to cure these troubles. Year after year I have perfected the treatment until it is almost sure. I want you to know about it.

You may take the treatment at my risk, if you will. You will not have a penny to pay if it fails.

With the book, I will send an order on your nearest druggist for six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Restorative. I will authorize your druggist to let you take it a month at my risk. If it succeeds, the cost is $5.50. If it fails, I will pay your druggist myself.

I will leave the decision to you.

Don't think that this is impossible, for I do just as I say. I have done it in over half a million cases already.

It is true that I cannot always succeed. Sometimes a cause, like cancer, makes a cure impossible. But those cases are rare, and I am willing to take the risk.

It is also true that not all people are honest. But the cost is only $5.50, and experience has proved that very few of the cured will avoid it.

My records for five years show that 39 out of each 40 who accept those six bottles pay, and pay gladly. I am satisfied with that.

Please note what the record means.

They are all difficult cases where six bottles are taken. In simple cases the patient gets a bottle or two from his druggist. Yet 39 in each 40 of those difficult conditions are cured.

That is a remarkable record, which has never been approached in the history of medicine. There is no other remedy which any physician would dare to offer on such a plan as mine.

There are 39 chances in 40 that I can cure you, no matter how severe your case, no matter what else has failed.

My success comes from knowing how to strengthen the inside nerves.

Every vital organ in the body gets its power from these nerves. When some organ grows weak, and fails in its duty, its nerve power is weak. It is just like an engine that needs more steam.

My Restorative brings back that nerve power. It removes the cause of the trouble. And most of the conditions I treat can never be cured in any other way. Some of you know this already.

My book will make the matter clear.

If you are sick, or a friend is sick, please don't fail to write me.

You have everything to gain and nothing to lose by it. Your future is at stake. If I take the risk, won't you try the remedy?

Won't you at least write for my book?

Simply state which book you want, and address Dr. Shoop, Box 685, Racine, Wis.

Book No. 1 on Dyspepsia.
Book No. 2 on the Heart.
Book No. 3 on the Kidneys.
Book No. 4 for Women.
Book No. 5 for Men (sealed.)
Book No. 6 on Rheumatism.

Mild cases, not chronic, are often cured by one or two bottles. At all druggists.

ABLE TO PAY.

Poor Board Finds Another Direction In Which to Save.

The county poor board has learned the county is paying for the care in state institutions of nine children whose parents are perfectly able to foot the bills themselves. Action will be taken to reopen the cases before the probate court, and have the expense taxed up to the parents. The children referred to are cared for in the school for the deaf or the feeble-minded. The annual charge is small—$20 in the case of the first and $40 in the latter. This action was determined upon at last night's meeting of the board. President Pengilly telephoned that he was snowed in at Ely and could not attend the meeting.

Thirty-one applications for aid were received and fourteen were granted in some form. Three applicants were sent to hospitals, and one was given transportation out of the county.

The last mentioned case was a provoking one. Some months ago Kitty Havicon was taken by her father from Marquette to Hibbing. A little later the father deserted his child, and went, nobody knows, whither. It seems that Havicon has done the same thing before.

The board decided to increase the insurance carried on the poor house from $3500 to $4000.

THE LARGEST

Receipts of County Treasurer Yesterday $97,000 ---Breaks the Record.

The receipts at the county treasurer's office yesterday beat all records in the history of the office. The total amount of money taken in during the day was $97,000. The best previous record was $63,000, which was made about three years ago.

The receipts yesterday exceeded all expectations. The last mail yesterday brought in checks for $26,000.

It is impossible to gain any idea of what proportion of the personal taxes will have to be paid with the 10 per cent attached. Nothing definite will be known until the regular spring tax settlement is made.

Expert at Seven-Up.

Pawnee took the scalp of Sitting Bull last night. This dexterous feat was accomplished by the West End tribe of Red Men bearing that appellation, and the victim was the West Duluth tribe of the same order. The latter was entertained by the West End lodge at its wigwam in Sloan's hall.

The occasion was the second of the series of games for the trophy bought by the three local tribes to be contested for in a series of games of seven-up. This trophy is a plaster cast of an Indian's head for wall decoration, and cost $15. Pawnee tribe has beaten out the West Duluth tribe, and the contest now narrows down to it and Wa-ke-em-up tribe, the pioneer organization of the city.

Transfers the Lease.

An assignment of the mining lease covering the w½ of the sw¼ of the ne¼ of the se¼ of section 32-58-20, from Alexander Maitland to the Crete Mining company, was filed with the register of deeds this morning. This is the Day property acquired by the Youngstown Tube works. The consideration for the transfer is not given, nor is it in that part of the assignment covering the ne¼ of the ne¼ of section 7-57-17 which passes between the same parties.

By-laws of the Croxton Mining company were filed this morning by Joseph Sellwood as president and R. M. Sellwood as secretary.

40c—Rates Reduced!

Long distance telephone rates to St. Paul and Minneapolis, from 8 a. m. to 6 p. m., 40c for three minutes, and 10c for each additional minute. Night rates, 25c—and 5c for each additional minute.

We touch our competitors in a tender spot when we make a **reasonable rate.** Ask them if they reduced their rates to Chicago; if not, why not? It won't be long before you see a reduction in the rates to Chicago; we are after them.

ZENITH CITY TELEPHONE CO.

The Passion Play.

In 1633 the villagers of Oberammergau, in the mountains of Bavaria, on the cessation of the plague which desolated the surrounding country, vowed to perform, every tenth year, the Passion of the Savior. Out of gratitude and as a means of religious instruction. The vow has been regularly observed for 360 years. The inhabitants of this secluded village, long noted for their skill in carving in ivory and in wood, combine rare artistic cultivation with perfect simplicity. Their familiarity with sacred subjects is extraordinary. In the Passion Play, as enacted there, the personator of Christ considers his part an act of religious worship. He and the other principal performers are selected on account of their holy lives, and all are sacredly consecrated to their work.

John Jay Lewis will lecture on the Passion Play at the First Methodist church next Wednesday in the Star Lecture course.

TO CURE GRIP IN TWO DAYS.
Laxative Bromo-Quinine removes the cause. E. W. Grove's signature on every box.

ANOTHER VICTIM DEAD.

New York, March 1.—P. S. Haise, of Atlanta, Ga., who was burned in the Parke Avenue hotel fire last Saturday, died in Belevue hospital. He was 40 years old. His death made the total number of lives lost by the fire twenty-one.

SESSION WAS BUSY

Many Matters of Interest Brought Up at Special Term.

Additional Defendants Allowed to Appear In Mueller Land Case.

Northern Pacific Denied New Trial In John Owens Case.

A number of cases in which there is public interest came up in special term this morning, for the most part on preliminary motions. The Mueller land case, which has been fought in its preliminary stages for two years, lacking two days, was the cause celebre of the calendar. This suit came up on the application to allow additional defendants to appear and make answer. The application was granted by Judge Cant, and Katherine Schaefer and Christian Mueller were granted the right to amend their answers. This suit is brought by F. S. Kosmeri and others against S. F. Snively, as administrator of the estate of Johann Mueller. It involves the title to the w½ of the se¼ of section 15 and the n½ of the nw¼ of section 22, 58-19. Mueller, in his lifetime, it is claimed, gave a mortgage on the property to secure a loan. It was supposed that he was a single man, but he died intestate and, subsequent to the foreclosure of the mortgage, the legal representative of a woman claiming to be his widow began proceedings to redeem the property. All sorts of delays have occurred, and additional parties defendant have been named before. It has been presumed that the case would inevitably come to trial at the March term, but the new turn may cause a delay.

The motion of the town of Canosia to be allowed to file an amended complaint in its suit against the town of Grand Lake was denied. The purpose of this action is to establish the obligation of the defendant town for municipal bonds issued before it was set off from the town of Canosia. Ten bonds were issued altogether, and four had been paid by the plaintiff before the suit was filed. Since then four more have been taken up, and this fact the plaintiff wished to make as one of the grounds of its suit.

A suit for trespass brought against the Minnesota & Northern Wisconsin railway, by J. C. Howard, came up for hearing in special term this morning. This is another of the several actions brought against the Brooks-Scanlon logging road. The questions argued this morning came up on a demurrer to the defendant's answer on the ground that this answer did not constitute a legal defense. Judge Dibell took the matter under advisement.

The complaint alleges that the plaintiff owns the ne¼ of the se¼ of section 1-49-16, and that the defendant damaged him by trespassing to the amount of $600.

Judge Dibell denied the application of the Northern Pacific railway for a new trial in its case against former Clerk of Courts Owens and his bondsmen. The action was brought to recover money paid into court and partly lost through deposit in the Marine bank. Judge Dibell, at the January term, ordered judgment for the defendants. New trial was asked on the ground of alleged errors of law.

Judge Dibell decided to hear in chambers the motions of the Security Mutual Fire Insurance company to dismiss an action brought against it by Clarence M. Taylor and others. The motion is based on the contention that the evidence sustains the defense. In case this motion is denied, another will be made asking for a new trial on the grounds that the verdict is not justified by the evidence and for errors of law.

The plaintiffs sued to recover $1500 which they claim was due them as loss under an insurance policy issued by the defendant on the merchandise in the plaintiff's store at Cass lake. The property was destroyed by fire June 28, 1900. The defense was that the hazard was increased subsequent to the taking out of the policy contrary to the terms of the contract. At the November term a verdict of $1602 was rendered.

Four judgments against C. E. Shannon were ordered discharged in special term of district court today. Application was made on the ground that since the judgments were entered Mr. Shannon has been discharged from bankruptcy. Mr. Shannon makes his affidavits in Jefferson county, Tex. The judgments and judgment creditors were as follows: Frank Hicks against Shannon and Herman E. Long, $1451.39; National bank against Shannon et al., $1730.50; same against Shannon, $2964.86; same against Strickland and Shannon, $251.65.

The appeal from the municipal court in the Van Brunt-Wallace case, involving the rent for a house in the East End, was heard before the three judges, sitting en banc, and taken under advisement.

The Krispin divorce case, which has been carried forward on the special term calendar for some time past, was stricken off. There was no appearance.

A motion for leave to file an amended complaint was denied by Judge Ensign in the case of E. H. Bovee vs. Sadie J. Butler.

MUNYON'S
DYSPEPSIA CURE



Will enable you to eat what you like and all you like. Cures dizziness, constipation, nervousness and sleeplessness; makes old stomachs almost as good as new. Makes good rich blood and builds up the whole system.

Munyon's Witch Hazel Soap makes the skin soft as velvet, 15c. Sold everywhere.

Munyon's Inhaler Cures Catarrh.

Send for Guide to Health Book free. New York.

A Faithful Spouse.

Stejlies Gerjin, of Eveleth, was arraigned in police court this morning on charges preferred by Miss Ursula Turk. The examination will take place on Monday.

In court Gerjin was accompanied by his bride of a few weeks, who refused to be separated from him. When he was taken to the county jail, in default of $250 bail, she rode by his side in the patrol wagon with two men sentenced to jail for drunkenness.

Home Destroyed.

The home of R. H. Bruner, on Park Point, was destroyed by fire about 10 o'clock last night.

There was no person in the house when the fire started. Mr. Bruner was visiting with a neighbor and his family has been away from home for some time past.

On his way home Mr. Bruner discovered the fire, which burned the house so quickly that very little furniture was saved. The loss was estimated at $700, partially covered by insurance.

Take No Stock In Them.

The Cook County Herald, of Grand Marais, does not take much stock in the wolf stories which have been appearing in the News Tribune at regular intervals. It says in the last issue:

"The Duluth papers are saying a great deal about the wolves on the north shore this winter, and every few days they have a thrilling story from some one who has made the trip from this point to Two Harbors and has seen great quantities of wolves on their way. Of course, these stories must be true, but it is strange that none of the residents know anything of them until they appear in the Duluth papers. The mail carrier, who has been on the road all the time, has not seen any all winter, and as most of those who have given their stories to the papers have been with him it makes their stories all the more remarkable."

Cost Him Nothing.

"Nothing" is what David Sang declares he spent for the honor of being defeated for alderman in the Eighth ward. Mr. Sang filed his affidavit of expenditures with the county auditor this morning.

It is remarkable because of its declaration that the aldant's campaign cost him nothing.

Harrison J. Bennett, another defeated candidate, swears that his run for the nomination cost him $23.75.

COLLAPSED.

Falling Building Kills Several Workmen at Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, March 1.—A portion of a new addition to the Fidelity Trust company's building at 323 Chestnut street, in course of construction, collapsed this morning, killing two men and seriously injuring two others.

The dead:
DANIEL MAGINNIS, stone mason.
GEORGE WHARTON, aged 40 years, bricklayer.

The injured: Charles Anderson, rigger; Frank J. Boree, mechanic.

The men were terribly crushed by the three tons or more of stone and bricks which fell, and Maginnis was decapitated. The scaffolding, composed of heavy timbers erected over the pavement for protection of pedestrians, was borne to the ground and the mass of debris was thrown half way across the street. The cause of the accident is not definitely known, but it is supposed to have been occasioned by the falling of a derrick.

DEATH LIST.

New York, March 1.—Frederick D. Tappin, president of the Gallatin National bank of this city, is dead, after a brief illness, at Lakewood, N. J. Mr. Tappin played a leading part in the financial history of the city for the last half century and more, for in all the stirring scenes of that time he was an active participant and a central figure in the greatest convulsions that occurred during his mature years. As chairman of the loan committee of the clearing house during the panics of 1873, 1884, 1890 and 1893, he was the pilot who brought many a tottering institution past ruin that seemed certain, and all bankers regarded him as a leader. Mr. Tappin was born in this city Jan. 29, 1829, in the same year that the Gallatin National bank, in which his business life was spent, was organized under the name of the National bank of New York. Besides the presidency of the Gallatin bank, he was vice president and director of many other large financial houses. He was a member of many clubs.

Philadelphia, March 1.—John W. Bailey, president of the Record Publishing company, died at 8:30 o'clock this morning. Mr. Bailey had been associated with the late William M. Singerly since the establishment of the Record, first as foreman of the composing room and later as managing editor of the paper. Since Mr. Singerly's death, Mr. Bailey acted as president of the company.

New York, March 1.—Lewis Thurber Lazell, one of the leading manufacturers of perfumery in America, is dead at his residence in Brooklyn. He was born in Worcester, Mass., in 1825. In 1855 he came to New York.

Newcastle, Pa., March 1.—James A. Crawford, a pioneer in the iron business of the Shenango valley, died yesterday, from Bright's disease, aged 78. He with his three brothers developed the iron industry of Western Pennsylvania, Indiana and Alaska, also the Lake Superior ore regions.

Des Moines, Iowa, March 1.—Frank Sherman, an attorney, son of Maj. John W. Sherman, and nephew of Lieut. Gen. W. T. Sherman and Senator John Sherman, died here today, as the result of a paralytic stroke received five weeks ago while visiting his wife's grave at Wyandotte cemetery.

SECOND BEGINS

Mayor Hugo Enters Upon His New Term In Office.

Some Appointments May Be Delayed Until Contest Decision.

Nothing Done Toward Bringing Case to Early Consideration.

Mayor Hugo began either his second term or Henry Truelsen's third term this morning.

The passing of the old and the beginning of the new administration was without incident.

In fact the change took place so quietly that none of the other city officers thought of it till some person, late in the day, suggested congratulations.

Ordinarily a new administration means important changes at the very outset, even in case of re-election, but not a change occurred today.

The municipal machinery went whirling around as if nothing had happened.

It is understood that the Republican appointments in certain instances will not be made now, until the election contest is finally decided. This arrangement is said to include the office of chief of police.

The present incumbents will hold over until their successors have been duly appointed and are qualified.

There is still nothing definite as to the time the election case will be taken up in the district court.

The Republicans are not disposed to enter into any stipulation for trial earlier than the regular term. They have the prerogative of saying whether or not the case shall be taken up next week, and the indications today are that the full time will be required and the hearing will not be before March 15.

The Democrats feel somewhat enthusiastic over this situation, saying that if the Republicans had any good grounds to back their apparent confidence they would not hesitate to bring the matter before the courts as speedily as possible.

The Democrats are now ready with their case, and since reviewing it, say that there is more ground for hope than there was originally.

ECZEMA; NO CURE, NO PAY.
Your Druggist will refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Ringworm, Tetter, Old Ulcers and Sores, Pimples and Blackheads on the face, and all skin diseases. 50c.

New Cases Filed.

Daniel Horgan has begun suit in district court against James D. Wade, and has filed garnishment proceedings against the Brooks-Scanlon Lumber company as garnishee. The complaint has not been placed on record yet. M. H. McMahon is plaintiff's attorney.

The suit brought by the Aitkin County bank vs. the Duluth Brewing and Malting company et al. has been dismissed.

Nelson Morris & Co. have brought suit against Jesmore & Tornquist and have filed affidavit for the garnishment of the United States Steel corporation. No complaint has been filed.

The Lake Superior Investment company has filed suit in district court to recover $1779.34 from D. J. Lloyd. The suit is based on promissory notes alleged to have been given by defendant to McCarthy Bros. & Co., and by them assigned to the plaintiff. Searle & Spencer are plaintiffs' attorneys.

DEATH OF RHODES DENIED.

London, March 1.—The officers of the British Chartered South Africa company, of which Cecil Rhodes is managing director, deny the report circulated in the United States by a news agency of the death of Mr. Rhodes.

MANY ARE GOING TO SEE HIM.

DR. MITCHELL'S

Parlors Crowded Daily.

Many people living in West Superior, Duluth, and all over the Northwest, who have been completely restored to health after they had been abandoned as incurable by other physicians, and his recommendations are his cured patients, and they are among the best class of people in Duluth and from other parts of the country. They have been cured by his wonderful magnetic influence. His cures are permanent. He is known for his frankness, for if he cannot cure you he will tell you so.

The phenomenal cures made by Dr. Mitchell are simply astonishing. There are thousands of people living today who have been cured by him. People come to him from every section of the country. Dr. Mitchell's wonderful success in curing difficult chronic cases of long standing that have baffled the skill of other physicians has been demonstrated by the large number of testimonials from prominent and well-known citizens which have appeared in our columns for years past and which have been voluntarily given by the patients who have been cured.

What power this man possesses, perhaps, cannot be satisfactorily explained, but that he does possess a strange and marvelous power to heal the sick cannot be denied.

Dr. Mitchell cures all forms of skin diseases, fistula, dropsy, dyspepsia, sleeplessness, constipation, all nervous disorders, all female complaints without the use of instruments, or exposure of the person, deafness, catarrh, blindness and all disorders of the blood and bones. He also cures cancers and tumors without an operation or pain to the patient.

Dr. Mitchell has an office at No. 17 East Superior street, Duluth, and by bringing this advertisement, it will entitle you to consultation free. Office hours daily from 9 a. m. to 7:30 p. m. Sunday, 9 a. m. to 12 m. 'Phone, 579.



We cure Varicocele without cutting—thus avoiding the horrors of surgery.

THE LONGEST ESTABLISHED, MOST SUCCESSFUL SPECIALISTS IN DISEASES OF MEN, AS MEDICAL DIPLOMAS, LICENSES AND NEWSPAPER RECORDS SHOW.

VARICOCELE

Whatever may be the cause of Varicocele, its injurious effects are well known. It is frequently the result of indiscretion, but may also be caused by blows, falls, strains, excessive horseback or bicycle riding or excessive dissipation. There is dull, heavy, dragging pain in the back, extending down through the loins; low spirits, weakness of body and brain, nervous debility, partial or complete loss of vigor and often failure of general health.

If you are a victim of this dread disease, come to our office and let us explain to you our process of treating you. You will then not wonder why we have cured hundreds of cases of Varicocele within the past twelve months. Under our treatment the patient improves from the very beginning. All pain instantly ceases, soreness and swelling quickly subside, the stagnant circulation is rapidly restored to its normal condition, and the dilated veins assume their normal size, strength and soundness. All indications of the disease and weakness vanish completely and in their stead comes the pride, the power and the pleasure of perfect health and restored vigor.

We also cure to stay cured by our combined Eletcro-Medical Treatment Nervo-Sexual Debility, Syphilitic Blood Poison, Stricture, Rupture and Urinary Diseases and all the associate diseases and weaknesses of men. Consultation in person or by letter is absolutely Free and Confidential, and we give to each patient a Legal Contract to hold our promises. If you cannot call, write today.

REFERENCES: Best Banks and Leading Business Men of this City
Consultation in person or by letter free and confidential.
Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays—10 a. m. to 2 p. m.

Progressive Medical Association
No. 1 W. Superior Street, Cor. Lake Ave., Duluth, Minn.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.
Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk.
Telephone 755, N. Call 4.
Zenith 'Phone 713.
D. H. DAY, Dentist.

REMOVED to Providence Bldg
Cor. 4th Ave. West and Superior St
Peachey & Lounsberry, Printers.

Our March Clearing Sale

will take effect Monday morning and continue until the 15th. Bear in mind this is no fake. Our entire line will be put on sale at a large discount. This will be an opportunity for you to save some money upon your purchases of

FURNITURE, CARPETS, RUGS, STOVES, ETC

Your Credit is Good—Our terms are the most liberal.

BAYHA & CO.,
Look for Big Wire Sign on roof East of Lake Avenue.
24 and 26 East Superior Street.

New Building—
New Equipment—
Modern in every particular—
Hotel McKay
One block from Union Depot. Convenient to all parts of Duluth. RATES—$2.00 and $2.50 per day.

$2.50 No Less. THE Brockton Shoe Company $3.50 No More.
311 W. Superior Street. 311 W. Superior Street.
We guarantee each and every pair of our $2.50 and $3.50 Shoes to be perfect in quality—best of workmanship—and latest in styles. Come in, be convinced.
THE BROCKTON SHOE COMPANY,
$2.50 No Less. 311 West Superior Street. The only exclusive Men's Shoe Store in the city. $3.50 No More.

HAS NEW PROJECT

C. T. Harvey of Ottawa Has Transportation Line Scheme.

He Proposes Direct Line From Duluth to Hudson Bay.

Is Seeking to Interest Duluth Capital In the Scheme.

C. T. Harvey, of Ottawa, Canada, has been in Duluth at the Spalding for several days promoting a project for the construction of a new lake, rail and inland water route from Duluth and other south shore points to Hudson bay. It is said that Mr. Harvey was connected with the Clergues in their early operations at the Canadian Sault, and stands close to the political powers-that-be in the Dominion.

Mr. Harvey has explained his plans to capitalists here, and hopes to enlist their support for his project. It is understood that he wants to secure $100,000 of capital here. The project is not far enough advanced to learn what success he is likely to meet with in Duluth.

One of Mr. Harvey's objects in visiting this city was to consult with Capt. W. H. Singer in regard to the latter's supplying the lake end of the route.

As near as can be learned, Mr. Harvey's scheme contemplates building a railroad from a point on Lake Superior near Heron bay to Long lake. This is a distance of about twenty-two miles. He would have a fleet of light draft boats plying between the lower end of Long lake, and running up the river flowing out of the northerly end of Long lake to a junction with the Albany river, thence up the Albany river to James bay. The Albany river is said to be fully navigable from the point where this connecting river merges with it, which is known as The Forks to James bay. He would probably have deeper draft boats on the Albany river, ultimately at least. His plan also contemplates the building of summer resort hotels at various desirable points along the route, which he believes would attract enough travel from the beginning to make the line pay from the start.

As a large incentive, it is said that Mr. Harvey offers the assurance that he can obtain a large concession from the Dominion or Ontario government to aid the building of the road. This concession, it is promised, would be equal to from 12,000 to 20,000 acres of public lands per mile of railroad built. The route, as outlined by him, is estimated to be 500 or 600 miles in length from the Lake Superior terminus to James bay.

It is also said that Mr. Harvey has another project which he has been furthering in Winnipeg. This is to open a rail and water route from the capital of the Manitoba province to Hudson bay. Just what the course of this route would be is not known.

VERY SWIFT.

Miss Elsie Pettijohn, Escaped From Red Wing, Caught Here.

Elsie Pettijohn, a 16-year-old blonde, who has been melting snow and ice along Superior street for several nights past, was arrested by rude detectives today.

The superintendent of police of Minneapolis wired here today to arrest a youthful blonde wearing an automobile coat and a big red hat.

The moment the hat was mentioned every detective on and off the force knew right away who was wanted. They had all seen the hat—the reddest that ever blazed down the street.

About noon two of the plain clothes men looked up Fifth avenue west toward the postoffice, and there was the red hat. A moment later they had the blonde upon whose pedestal of intellect it was mounted.

Miss Pettijohn is said to be the daughter of a prominent and respectable family. Her father was compelled to have her taken before a Minneapolis court for incorrigibility. She was sentenced to the state industrial school at Red Wing, but in some manner escaped and came to Duluth Tuesday night.

Lakeside Bargains.

Prices in Lakeside are already advancing. We have a few snaps in good homes and cheap lots left. Call and let us show them to you. Now is the time to buy.

GEO. H. CROSBY,

106 Providence Building.

Do Not Carry Your Load of Disease Into the Spring Season.

Paine's Celery Compound

Makes Rich, Pure Blood, Strong Nerves, and Gives a New Lease of Life.

TESTIMONY OF A CURED RANCH OWNER

Has Not Been Sick a Day Since He Used the Great Medicine.

Too often people drag with them into the spring season a load of disease that has proved a heavy burden during the winter months. Impure and poisoned blood, eczema, salt rhum, boils, eruptions, neuralgia, rheumatism, kidney disease, liver trouble, dyspepsia and nervous complaints claim thousands of victims throughout the land.

The cleansing, healing and life-renewing work of Paine's Celery Compound in the past should be sufficient guarantee to every sufferer that it will surely and quickly overcome every form of disease just referred to. In evey case Paine's Celery Compound is the one remedy that will completely and permanently bring back health, make pure, rich blood, regulate and build up the weakened nervous system.

Col. Byron H. Van Raub, owner of the famous Don Carlos ranch, writes as follows from Van Raub, Tex.: "I have been afflicted more or less for the last fifteen years with kidney trouble, sleeplessness and rheumatism, all caused from kidney ailment. I have taken many of the advertised cures, but the relief I got from them was only temporary. I was induced to try Paine's Celery Compound, and it seems 'to hit the spot,' for I have not been sick a day since I took the first bottle. It acted like a charm with me."

Diamond Dyes color feathers and ribbons. Easy, Excellent, Economical.

A NEW BANK.

Report That J. R. Mitchell Of Winona Will Move Here.

It is reported that J. R. Mitchell, of Winona, president of the Minnesota State Bankers' association, is planning the establishment in Duluth of a large bank, the capital to be $500,000 or thereabouts. Some months ago Mr. Mitchell was working on a scheme of this kind, but it was supposed here that he had given it up.

Little of his movements in the matter is known here. It has been heard here that he has been working in Cleveland lately toward the establishment of the bank, which would indicate that he has not given up the idea.

Building Permits.

A permit was taken out today for the new laundry building on the southwest corner of First street and First avenue east. The permit is in the name of Samuel E. Stokes, of Philadelphia, and the estimated cost of the building, which will be brick and 50 by 140 feet, is $14,210.

J. J. Haley, the well known restaurant man, today took out a permit for his new building to be located on the south side of Superior street about midway between Second and Third avenues west. This building will be 25 feet by 115 feet and the estimated cost is $4220.

Count the dots and may be win $500. See ad. on page 7.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.
Kelly's hat hospital for sick hats.
Smoke Duluth Herald cigar, 5 cents.
Parlor theater for fun tonight.

Soloman Hoadly, of Fort Ripley, Crow Wing county, Minn., has filed a petition of voluntary bankruptcy in United States district court. The schedule filed is somewhat out of the ordinary run of bankruptcy petitions from the fact that there is but one creditor. Total liabilities are $149, a judgment on a note in favor of Edward Matoon, of this city. Assets are nothing.

Dinner, 6 to 8, at the Spalding Sunday evening. Orchestra.

Gate City temple of the Rathbone Sisters will meet Monday in Kalamazoo hall.

North Star lodge No. 35 Knights of Pythias will hold the regular March feast on Monday at 8:30 p. m. A fine program has been arranged for the occasion.

"In the public thought," that the expert cleaning and dyeing is done at Kelly's. Prices as low as the lowest.

Suits dyed and pressed, $2.50; skirts French dry cleaned, 75 cents, $1.00 and $1.25; wool waists French dry cleaned, 50 cents; silk waists, 75 cents and $1.00; suits steam cleaned and pressed, $1.50; suits French dry cleaned and pressed $1.50; skirts dyed and finished, 75 cents, $1.00 and $1.25; hats cleaned and blocked, 50 cents; jull jobs, $1.25. At Kelly's expert works. Both 'phones, 415 West Superior street.

Transcripts of judgment have been filed in district court as follows: Commercial Mutual Life Insurance company vs. Paul Beaudette, $132.75; Fred W. Noerenberg & Co. vs. Gust Anderson, $240.15.

Judge Bonham this morning fixed March 24 as the date for hearing an application of Frank A. Schulte, of Detroit, guardian of the Boeing heirs, for permission to sell the property of the two in St. Louis county, except the mineral rights. This property consists of lot 7 section 6-57-20. Each of the minors owns a one-twelfth interest in the fee.

Probate Judge Bonham today ordered a final decree apportioning the property in St. Louis county of the late John T. McBride, formerly vice president of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway. The property here consists of lot 8, block 42, Endion division and the heirs are the widow, two sons and a daughter.

Judgment by default for $6,269.35 has been obtained against Frederick W. Paine by Charles Chandler as trustee.

Judge Ensign has adjudged E. P. Towne to be the owner of one-half of lots 1 and 2 and the nw¼ of the se¼ of section 9-51-12.

Joseph E. Flaks and John W. Hall, both former subjects of King Edward, have taken out second papers.

Roy E. Bartlett, a popular street car man on the West Duluth line, was today appointed patrolman on the police force. He is over six feet in height and consequently meets all the requirements in that direction over which there has been so much discussion in police circles of late.

Parlor theater, new vaudeville bill.

Something new in photography. New ground floor. Studio 223 West Second street.

NOTICE.

Social dance that was to have been given Thursday evening, Feb. 27th by Fidelity lodge, A. O. U. W., in Hunter hall, was postponed till Thursday, March 6th. Tickets sold for Feb. 27th will be good for March 6th.

PERSONALS.

Don Gearhart will leave the latter part of next week for a pleasure trip to San Francisco and other Pacific coast cities.

Miss Julia Kelleher left today for her home in Green Bay, Wis.

Madam Beuglet has gone East.

Superintendent of Schools Denfeld returned this morning from Chicago, where he has been attending the annual session of the superintendents' section of the National Educational association. Mr. Denfeld was pushed as a candidate for the presidency of this section, but on learning that Superintendent Jordan of Minneapolis was a candidate, he withdrew.

P. H. Eddy returned today from a trip to New Orleans and through the South.

Thomas Bardon, of Ashland, is in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. John Redy, of Ashland, are at the St. Louis.

Looking Over the Plans.

W. L. Fairchild, of the Electric Power company, of Pittsfield, Mass., and W. A. Brackenridge, of the Niagara Falls Power company, have been in the city yesterday and today looking over the plans of the Highland Canal and Power company. This morning they were to go out over the ground back of the hill, but the snow had drifted to such an extent that they did not get much farther than the city limits. They were to leave on the Omaha train this evening for the East.

Passing of the Cable Car.

A few years ago the cable system of street car propulsion was considered decidedly the best, but since the invention of the trolley system the cable is being rapidly replaced, and many experts now claim that compressed air will eventually be the street car power of the future. In all lines of industry we see improvements being made, but in medicine there is one remedy that it is impossible to improve upon, and that is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It will not fail to cure dyspepsia, indigestion, sour stomach, constipation, liver and kidney troubles, or malaria, fever and ague. Take it at the first symptoms of any of these diseases and it will give prompt relief. Be sure to get the genuine.

Madame Beuglet, the fashionable milliner, has gone East. She was accompanied by her trimmer.

Our special sale will close tonight on Ladies' Suits and Jackets.....

Those who have bought are well pleased with the bargains we have given them at our special sale. We have still a few

Children's Jackets at half price—Less than cost.
Spring Suits and Overcoats to make room for our spring Ladies' and Gents' Clothing which will be on sale Monday.

Your credit is good with us. A payment down and balance weekly will clothe the whole family and you will not feel paying for them.

Gately Supply Co.

Open this evening till 10:30. 8 East Superior Street. Open this evening till 10:30.

DON'T MAKE EXPERIMENTS.

Smith's Green Mountain Renovator is compounded of roots and herbs only, and is a quick and sure cure for blood troubles, weak or diseased stomach, liver, kidneys and bladder, rheumatism, dyspepsia, or anything else that is the matter with you—provided the blood or the organs mentioned are responsible—which they probably are.

This medicine is new to you, perhaps, but old in fact—for 25 years the family medicine of Old Vermont, the home of strong, hearty, long-lived men and women.

Give it a trial, and if it don't benefit you we will give you your money back. That shows how much we believe in the merits of Smith's Green Mountain Renovator.

We are sole agents.

S. F. BOYCE
SOLE AGENT.

VERY LOW.

Barometer Lowest Yesterday In History of Local Bureau.

The storm center today is over Lake Superior, with very low barometric pressures at Houghton and Marquette, Mich. Yesterday the barometric pressure at Duluth was 28.10, the lowest recorded at the local weather bureau since it was established. The barometer record this noon was 28.50 and still rising. The snow and wind continued all last night. The fall of snow has not been heavy, about three inches on the level, but with high winds it has drifted in localities. With a rainfall of .25 inches followed by freezing weather and snow a fine bottom has been afforded for sleighing all over the Northwest.

The minimum temperature at the head of the lakes during the last twenty-four hours was 16 degrees and the maximum was 30 degrees.

The high wind has continued to pile ice from the lake along the shore, and the lake is now quite open. The present conditions give little hope of another ice harvest from the lake this season.

The trains into the city arrived on time today and passengers report a considerable snowfall through Wisconsin.

Colder weather prevails throughout the Northwest, with freezing temperatures in all districts north of Missouri, Kansas, Colorado and Utah. Snow is still falling over the Western lake region, Upper Mississippi valley and the Dakotas.

The local forecast indicates snow flurries tonight and probably Sunday; colder tonight; brisk to high northwesterly winds.

Rates Reduced!

Long distance telephone to St. Paul and Minneapolis, rate 50c. One-half rate after 9 o'clock p. m. Every one of our telephones long distance 'phones.

ZENITH CITY TELEPHONE CO.

BIG SALES.

Lumber sales for the week ending today have amounted to nearly 30,000,000 feet.

The Mitchell & McClure Lumber company has disposed of 16,000,000 feet of No. 3 and better stock to go East.

The Red Cliff Lumber company has sold all its No. 4 and No. 5 stock that the company's mill had, amounting to about 5,000,000 or 6,000,000 feet, and about 6,000,000 feet of its No. 3 and better stock on the dock at Duluth. All of this lumber will go East with the exception of a few hundred thousand feet that has been sold to the local trade.

TORNADO

Blanchester, O., March 1.—A tornado at New Vienna last night unroofed the Hotel Fealy, wrecked Rice's implement building and damaged others. Reports from rural districts of Highland and Clinton counties show great damage, including the Gest settlement of 200 negroes. At Lynchburg the electric light plant was destroyed by lightning. No lives are reported lost anywhere.

AGREED.

Washington, March 1.—The conferees of the two houses of congress on the Philippine tariff bill reached an agreement today after one sitting, the representatives of the house accepting all but one of the material amendments adopted by the senate. The amendment which was not accepted is that imposing the tonnage taxes of the United States upon foreign vessels engaged in inter-island traffic in the Philippines. The house conferees also refused to accept the proviso connected with the senate amendment limiting the operation of the sedition laws of the Philippines, leaving that provision to declare simply that "no person in the Philippine islands shall, under the authority of the United States, be convicted of treason by any tribunal, civil or military, unless under testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act or on confessions in open court."

The part stricken out exempted members of family from punishment for failing to give information concerning the treasonable acts of another.

The senate reduction of 25 per cent on the rate of duty is retained.

WILLIAM REPLIES

New York, March 1.—Emperor William has made public the following cable message, sent him by the American press on the occasion of the banquet given by the New York Staats Zeitung in honor of Prince Henry:

Berlin, March 1, 1902.

"Mr. Melville E. Stone, New York: Accept my thanks for your welcome message. I highly appreciate the grand and sympathetic reception given to my dear brother by the editors of the daily newspapers of the United States.

"WILLIAM, I. R."

LEGISLATION

Of Minor Importance Disposed of By the House.

St. Paul, March 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Before adjournment a great mass of unimportant legislation was disposed of by the house. Mr. Ferris, Crow Wing, had his bill passed, curative of the game laws, making the season for deer and elk extend from Nov. 10 to 20 each year, and permitting each hunter to take three animals only each season.

A bill was passed making an appropriation for a bridge over Snake river, between Pine and Kanabec counties.

Under suspension of rules the house passed Mr. Hurd's bill restoring the governor's military staff to the National Guardsmen of Minnesota.

Representative Bury's bill requiring village and town ship officers to furnish surety bonds was sidetracked into the judiciary committee, on protest of Mr. Alley, of Wright.

A senate bill to make valid sheriffs' certificates of sale was passed under suspension of rules.

Representative Umland, Ramsey, offered a substitute for his bill making counties take care of their own smallpox patients. His original bill was defective.

J. C. Pope, Kenabec, had a bill passed making valid copies of village plats where the originals have been destroyed by fire.

Sherman Smith, Hennepin, offered a bill to have the personal property exemption placed at $200 instead of $100 as at present. It was placed on general orders.

The committee on reception of bills got Representative Bury's measure, making the wolf bounty $7 flat for grown wolves.

A bill regulating the manufacture and sale of land came back from the senate, the amendments to it were agreed to and it was finally passed.

A bill providing for a bridge in Martin county was finally passed.

H. K. Nelson, Grant, offered and had passed under suspension of the rules a bill providing appropriations aggregating $850 for three bridges across the Pomme De Terre river in Grant county.

Count the dots and may be win $500. See ad. on page 7.

TWO KILLED

St. Paul, March 1.—A Mayville, N. D., special to the Dispatch says: A collision of a westbound coast freight occurred at Blanchard with a local freight, due to the severity of the storm which concealed the signal lights. Fireman Davis, on the coast train, was killed and a passenger, named Morris, who was seriously injured, died later. The local was standing at the depot unloading freight when the coast train crashed into it. One passenger is missing, and it is not known whether he was killed or wandered away in the storm.

FLOOR FELL.

Cleveland, March 1.—Ten persons were injured and three are missing in an accident which occurred at the building occupied by the Cleveland Baking company at 77 Central avenue today. The missing: J. Weiker, Margaret Heiser, Magie Helmer.

The injured: Lena Sussy, arm broken, internal injuries. Bertha Koenett, arm broken, head hurt and internal injuries. Florence McGrath, head and body injured. May Kelly, head and body badly bruised and cut. Lizzie Keppernek, head crushed. Emma Schuntauth, injured body and lower limbs. Emma Rupp. Bertha Knopf. Hope Otto. Ruth Kuhn, cut and bruised.

The fourth floor of the rear building of the plant, collapsed and crashed through the second and third floors. Eighteen persons in all were working in the building at the time. Ten girls were caught in the falling debris and fell through to the basement.

Those reported missing it is not yet known whether they are living or dead. The firemen are still hard at work clearing away the debris in their search for victims.

A CAUSE OF HEADACHE.

One Very Common Cause, Generally Over-Looked.

Headache is a symptom, an indication of derangement or disease in some organ, and the cause of the headache is difficult to locate because so many diseases have headache as a prominent symptom; derangement of the stomach and liver, heart trouble, kidney disease, lung trouble, eye strain or ill fitting glasses, all produce headaches, and if we could always locate the organ which is at fault the cure of obstinate headaches would be a much simpler matter.

However, for that form of headache called frontal headache, pain back of the eyes and in forehead, the cause is now known to be catarrh of the head and throat; when the headache is located in back of head and neck it is often caused from catarrh of the stomach or liver.

At any rate catarrh is the most common cause of such headaches and the cure of the catarrh causes a prompt disappearance of the headaches.

There is at present no treatment for catarrh so convenient and effective as Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, a new internal remedy in tablet form, composed of antiseptics like eucalyptol, guaiacol and blood root which act upon the blood and cause the elimination of the catarrhal poison from the system through the natural channels.



Miss Cora Ainsley, a prominent school teacher in one of our normal schools, speaks of her experience with catarrhal headaches and eulogizes Stuart's Catarrh Tablets as a cure for them. She says: "I suffered daily from severe frontal headache and pain in the back of the eyes, at times so intensely as to incapacitate me in my daily duties. I had suffered from catarrh, more or less for years, but never thought it was the cause of my headaches, but finally became convinced that such was the case because the headaches were always worse whenever I had a cold or fresh attack of catarrh.

"Stuart's Catarrh Tablets were highly recommended to me as a safe and pleasant catarrh cure, and after using a few fifty-cent boxes which I procured from my druggists I was surprised and delighted to find that both the catarrh and headaches had gone for good."

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets are sold by druggists at fifty cents per package, under the guarantee of the proprietors that they contain absolutely no cocaine found in so many catarrh cures, no opium, no common in cheap cough cures, nor any harmful drug. They contain simply the wholesome antiseptics necessary to destroy and drive from the system the germs of catarrhal disease.

"STRONGEST IN THE WORLD."

THE EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY

OF THE UNITED STATES.

Outstanding Assurance, Dec. 31st, 1901	$1,179,276,725.00
New Assurance Issued in 1901	245,912,087.00
Income in 1901	64,374,605.94
Assets December 31, 1901	331,039,720.34
Assurance Fund and all other liabilities	259,910,678.28
Surplus	71,129,042.06
Paid Policyholders in 1901	27,714,621.42

JAMES W. ALEXANDER, President.
JAMES H. HYDE, Vice President.

Wilkes & Covey, Managers for Minnesota,

No. 202 Pioneer Press, St. Paul,
No. 404 Guaranty Loan, Minneapolis.

L. M. Bolter, District Manager. **Sam'l O. Sterrett,** Special Agent. **F. W. Paine,** Resident Manager.

No. 201-2 the Lyceum, Duluth.

STORMY.

St. Paul, March 1.—Specials from Minnesota and North and South Dakota points to the Dispatch report a general storm, in some sections verging on blizzard proportions. Several freight trains were snow bound east of Mandan, N. D., on the Northern Pacific but prompt action with snow plows cleared the track and the storm in that section was today reported to be abating. Madison and De Smet, S. D., were sufferers from the storm, while Tracy, Minn., reports heavy snow and high wind.

A Graceville, Minn., special says: The worst snow storm and blizzard of the season is raging here since 6 o'clock last night from the northwest.

A Deadwood, S. D., special says: Two and one-half feet of snow has fallen in the Northern Black Hills during the past three days. It is the heaviest snow storm in six years. At noon today snow is still falling.

STRANDED.

Rockport, Mass., March 1.—The tramp steamship Wlister, from Fiume for Boston, is hard and fast on a ledge off Thatcher's island. Her crew of twenty-five have been rescued. The Wlister is in grave danger as the sea is breaking over her. She has a cargo of sugar consigned to Boston merchants.

New York, March 1.—Oak Island life saving station reports a steamer ashore near Jones Inlet, L. I. Seas are breaking over her. They say that the steamer is the British steamer Acra from China ports for New York.

The crew has been landed at Jones' Beach. The captain, engineer and first mate are still on the vessel. The sea is still breaking over the steamer but she does not appear to be in any immediate danger.

Count the dots and may be win $500. See ad. on page 7.

FISHERMEN ON ICE FLOE.

Bay City, Mich., March 1.—Upwards of 175 fishermen are still on the immense ice floe in Saginaw bay which broke loose from the shore yesterday and they will stay there until the wind drives the ice back. They are in no danger.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Thevre August Linden and Agnes Cecelia Lindberg.

BIRTHS.

LEVINE—A son was born this morning to Mr. and Mrs. Y. Levine, 821 Fourth avenue east.

WEBSTER—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Albert Webster, 1104 West First street.

GRALASKE—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Stanz Gralaske, 506 East Eleventh street.

GOLDER—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Golder, 13 West Thirteenth street.

ESPAMER—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Espamer, 329 West Fifth street.

QUINN—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. William Quinn, 509 Third avenue east.

McNICHOL—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. John McNichol, 1126 East Fourth street.

HANSON—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hanson, 219 Vernon street.

JOHNSON—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. John Johnson, 1726 New street.

MILLER—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Louis Miller, 2323 West Tenth street.

FINSTAD—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Finstad, 2402 West Fourth street.

SCHLITZ—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. William Schlitz, 229 Twenty-first avenue west.

DEATHS.

McLEAN—Daniel McLean, aged 40 years, died yesterday at St. Mary's hospital of pulmonary tuberculosis.

Open day and night. New 'Phone 1358.
FLOOD & HORGAN,
Undertakers and Embalmers,
730 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

HOME GROWN FLOWERS, Floral Designs and Lodge Emblems. Wedding Decorations made on short notice. Largest Greenhouses.
EISCHEN BROS. 129 W. Superior St. Both Phones.

CARD OF THANKS.

CARD OF THANKS—C. H. STANG AND relatives wish to express their heartfelt thanks to all friends and particularly members of Anna Stang hive, No. 61, L. O. T. M., and sisters of the Sons of Herman, for their kindness and works of sympathy in their bereavement by death of Mrs. Anna Stang.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

ANY ROUGH, RED WIND-BURNED, tender smarting skin made fair and lovely by Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder. 25c.



Hardwood Flooring ⅜x3¼ and ¾x2¼
Maple, Oak, Birch, Red Birch.
Plain and Quarter Sawed.
If you want the best manufactured, buy from
C. B. WOODRUFF
LUMBER YARD 819 Garfield Avenue.

THE KEROSENE LAMP Not bad. Except the smell the smoke, the filling, the rushing the can and the trimming of the wick.

Then we began to smell **GAS** and to blow out the gas and have funerals.

All want to see, all have to have light. Cut it out! What? Gas and Lamps.

What have you left? **ELECTRICITY!**

We do all kinds of ELECTRICAL WORK. Motors, Dynamos, Engines, Lamps, Wiring, Repairing, Etc., at Reasonable Prices.

J. H. McLaughlin Co.
Electrical Contractors,
F, Palladio Bldg.
Zenith Phone 753. Bell Phone 636—4.

For Something Special to Eat try WALL'S Stag Chop House.

Zenith City Dye Works
Practical Dyers and Dry Cleaners. Quick service and work guaranteed.
F. L. RITTEL, Prop.
6 East Superior Street.
Zenith 'phone, 1375. Bell, 645.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink **ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.** Sold in Duluth at the **IDEAL BEER HALL.**

Dr. EMMA BREINHOLM
Graduated Midwife
ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETIC HEALING
PRIVATE HOSPITAL.
121 19th Ave. W. Phone 1471

WOMEN FEMALE BEANS great monthly regulator strongest, best, safest; contain Ergot, Tansy, Pennyroyal; not a single failure; longest, most obstinate cases relieved in a few days; $2.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

YOU CAN TALK

To St. Paul or Minneapolis for 40c.

After 6 p. m. for 25 cents.

Duluth Telephone Co.

Chicago and other points as well as St. Paul and Minneapolis.

GRANT THEM.

Iron Range Roads Join In Giving Merchants Excursion Rates.

The two iron range roads have joined in the merchants' excursion rates obtained by the jobbers over the roads entering Duluth. These two lines advised the jobbers in advance that they would be glad to co-operate along such lines as might be agreed upon between them and the other railroads.

The committee having the excursion matter in hand had hoped that the Commercial club organization might be so far advanced last night that the management of the excursions might be undertaken. As a result of organization not having been perfected, the jobbers' committee will retain the management of the arrangements for installing the rates until such time as a committee from the new organization is appointed to join with it in the work.

SWEET REVENGE.

High School Gives Company A An Awful Drubbing.

The high school indoor baseball team revenged itself on Company A at the Armory last night for the beating that the soldier men gave them early in the season, by wiping the floor with the militia men to the tune of 23 to 4. In the first game the score was 7 to 5 in favor of Company A. So the students think themselves well on top of the heap.

The reason for the large score was the rather poor work of the Company A men, especially in the pitching department. They also seemed unable to field the ball with anything like their usual skill.

The high school played a better game than ever before and took advantage of the soldiers' lanbility in every way. Nobody played a surprisingly good game, but the team played together perfectly. High school students are delighted at the result. The score by innings:

High School	6	1	2	0	2	3	3	6	1	—23
Company A..	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	—4

There was dancing after the game.

Flaaten's Concert Orchestra Sunday Afternoon at 3

Whistling Soloist—Miss Maude Pratt Crane, of Minneapolis

Admission, 25 Cents. **ARMORY**

JAPANESE LOAN

Said to Have Been Negotiated In This Country.

New York, March 1.—Regarding the repeated reports that Japan had negotiated a loan in this country arising out of a large transfer of gold to San Francisco through the sub-treasury, the Journal of Commerce says it has information to the effect that a large financial institution in this city—a national bank—has within a few weeks, been considering a tentative proposition for a loan. It may be accepted as a fact, however, says the paper, that Japan has not openly offered loan, either in this country and England, and that she will not make a formal offer until assured that it will be accepted on terms she considers satisfactory.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

DULUTH, MINNESOTA.

Door Mats at 55c

The necessity for door mats is a thing no one disputes. There are lots of homes that do not possess such an article, possibly because of the cost. Better come in and see how cheap they really are.

Cocoa Door Mats—strong, durable; all sizes from 27x15 inches at 55c to 27x42 inches at **$1.98**

Rubber Mats—both square and oval; from $3.50 to ---------- **$1.50**

Woven Wire Mats—almost indestructible; $3.50 to ---------- **$1.65**

Fancy Vestibule Mats—cocoa centers, wool edges; $4.25 to ---------- **$1.25**

Baby Cutters, Coasters and Sleds Reduced

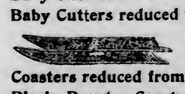
Rather than carry these Baby Cutters, Sleds and Coasters over until next winter, we are willing to accept a severe loss. We consider the floor space for 9 months worth more than what we loose by selling them at these prices:

Baby Cutters reduced from $3.75 to ---------- $1.88

Baby Cutters reduced from $6.50 to ---------- $3.25

Baby Cutters reduced from $10.50 to ---------- $5.25

Baby Cutters reduced from $11.75 to ---------- $5.88



Coasters reduced from 19c to ---------- 10c

Coasters reduced from 53c to ---------- 35c

Coasters reduced from 39c to ---------- 25c

Black Beauty Coasters (sell elsewhere at $2.48) reduced to ---- $1.98



SLEDS—slightly marred, steel runners; strongly braced; well made and finished; reduced from 89c to ---- 39c

LUMBER STOCKS

Total on Docks March 1 Is Estimated at 172,200,000 Feet.

Rail Shipment During Winter Nearly Twenty-eight Million Feet.

Loss to Loggers From Mild Weather Is Greatly Exaggerated.

According to the estimates of prominent lumber shippers the amount of lumber on the docks at Duluth and Superior, March 1, 1902, is 172,200,000 feet. The estimated stocks on hand at the beginning of the winter were 140,000,000 feet and the winter cut of the Duluth district has been 60,000,000. According to the best obtainable figures the rail shipments from Duluth-Superior mills since Dec. 1, 1901, were approximately 27,800,000 feet. The shipments have been very large and probably would have been even larger had the cars been available.

Shipments by rail will continue steadily from some of the mills until the opening of navigation, but it is likely that the rate of manufacture will more than keep up with the lumber shipments and that the stocks on hand in the Duluth-Superior harbor when the boats begin to run this spring will be very close to 175,000,000 feet.

Some of the mill men have refused to give the figures representing the shipments from their yards by rail this winter, but with the approximate shipments from other yards and the information available from shippers it is believed that the total of 27,800,000 feet is a very fair estimate of the lumber hauling business of the railroads entering Duluth, since the beginning of winter.

Approximate shipments from the mill yards on the water front are as follows:

Scott-Graff company, 2,500,000; Duncan & Brewer, 1,500,000; Mitchell & McClure, 5,000,000; Merrill & Ring, 5,000,000; Lecure Lumber company, 1,000,000; St. Louis Lumber company, 1,000,000; Scofield Lumber company, 1,000,000; Peyton, Kirkendall & Barber, 1,000,000; Jones, 500,000; Alger, Smith & Co., from 6,000,000 to 8,000,000; Hubbard & Vincent, 300,000.

Sales for the week will run quite heavy and there are a number of deals still in the process of negotiation.

Lumbermen believe the outlook for the Duluth market continues excellent.

Various reports have gone out regarding the amount of damage that has been done to the logging industry of the Northwest by the warm weather that has prevailed during the past week or ten days to the destruction of the ice roads, but the local lumbermen claim that the situation has been very much exaggerated and that the estimate given placing the amount of damage at 8,000,000 and 10,000,000 are absurd. The lumbermen say that while some of the smaller operators that were doing their own logging or in partnership with others, may have been hard hit by the thaw, the larger operators have nearly reached the end of their winter's cut and will need but two or three weeks more of hauling to clean up for the winter. They believe that there will be enough of cold weather before the end of March to permit them to accomplish this.

BEETHOVEN CLUB CONCERT

Delightful Musical Treat at Pilgrim Church.

The attendance at the Beethoven club concert last evening at Pilgrim church was good in spite of the stormy weather. The program was sufficiently delightful to well repay all who braved the disagreeable conditions outside to attend.

The Beethoven club contributed two fine numers, opening the program with a Mendelssohn trio for piano, violin and 'cello. Two movements, an andante and scherzo, were played. The closing number was a trio by Arensky, four movements. It was a lengthy number, but met every movement, and was thoroughly charming and met with much appreciation from the audience. Particularly fine was the "Elegia," an adagio movement.

The members of the club are Gerard Tonning, piano; Mrs. Marie Geist-Erd, 'cello, and F. G. Bradbury, violin.

The appearance of the Lyric quartet, a new quartet of female singers was a matter of much interest, and the expectations that something good would be heard was fully realized. The members are: Mrs. Cecilie Berryman, first soprano; Miss Alice Cooley, second soprano; Miss Clara Hector, first alto; Mrs. Burt Holcomb, second alto. Their voices blend admirably and are finely adapted with quartet work. They sang numbers by Mohring, Franz Abt, Dudley Buck and E. Lassen.

Signor Valenza, harpist was heard in a solo number "Souvenir de Freicchutz," by Weber-Godefreid. He is an accomplished artist and received an ovation. He responded with an encore.

The next concert will be given about Easter.

Music at the Curling Rink this Evening. Tickets, 25c.

FIELD DAY

High School Athletes Planning One to Be Held Here.

Manager Richards of the high school track team, is planning a meet between the high schools of Northern Minnesota, Wisconsin and Michigan to be held at Duluth in the early spring.

The schools that are proposed to be in attendance are the Blaine high school and Nelson Dewey school of Superior, Duluth high, Ironwood, Ashland and range schools.

It was not considered feasible to send a team to the Interscholastic meet in Minneapolis as that is very expensive and the team would probably not stand a very good chance of winning the honors at any rate.

In the proposed plan the expenses will be light, and if sufficient interest can be got up among Duluth sports it is believed it can be made a paying investment for the local school. Duluth has never had a meet of this kind and it will undoubtedly receive good support from those interested track work and from the local and Superior high schools.

Mr. Richards proposes to have a special car for the Michigan and Wisconsin teams which wish to attend.

AT THE HOTELS

Among the guests at the St. Louis are Dr. Stuart Bates and E. D. Parmelee, of Virginia.

* * *

Walter Anderson, of Hibbing, is stopping at the McKay.

* * *

H. B. Cady, of Ashland is registered at the St. Louis.

H. T. Dittenhoeffer, New York; P. O'Neill, St. Paul; D. F. Brookey, St. Paul; S. T. Harris, Milwaukee; S. B. Sanderson, Chicago; F. L. Sweany, Philadelphia; F. L. Kidd, New York; F. W. Dingley, Ashland; R. Hotchkiss, New Haven Conn., and Emil R. Apt, Minneapolis, are at the Spalding.

E. E. McDonald, St. Paul; A. B. Chase, Minneapolis; F. E. Wallace, Libby, Mont.; J. H. Lewis, Eau Claire; A. T. Sinclair, Indianapolis; W. B. Pillsbury, Minneapolis; C. Conlisk, Philadelphia, and W. G. Bemis, Menasha, are at the McKay.

T. H. Payne, Owensboro, Ky.; W. D. Worthen, St. Paul; W. H. Welch, Detroit; O. E. Florin, Fountain City, Wis., H. H. Willis, Chicago; R. H. Estabrook, Cleveland; W. J. Tyron, New York; E. W. Thrig, Oshkosh; Ed Johnson, Minneapolis; S. C. Holden, Two Harbors, are at the St. Louis.

Cleanse Your Blood

The cause of all spring humors, pimples and eruptions, as well as of that tired feeling and poor appetite, is found in impure, depleted blood.

The perfect blood purifier is Hood's Sarsaparilla, as multitudes know by experience.

It cures all blood diseases, from the smallest pimple to the stubborn scrofula sore—from morning tiredness to extreme nervous prostration.

Begin taking it TODAY.

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Spring Medicine. Be sure to get Hood's.

AT WEST DULUTH

There was no meeting of the West Duluth Commercial club last evening, the weather being very stormy and only a few showing up at the hall. The club, however, is making good progress toward the aim in view, and its friends fully expect that the desired list of paying members will be brought up to 200 before the charter is closed. It is the policy of the club to continue the weekly meetings and keep in touch with the work of getting new members, but as soon as the required number have been taken in, the club will meet about once a month in business session.

The younger members of the club are anxious to have a permanent headquarters selected, and the gynasium apparatus put in, but the club has in it a number of practical business men that do not believe in going ahead in a new venture of this kind until they have the money at hand to meet the expenses.

The West Duluthians who have worked so hard in the past few months to get the Commercial club established, are anxious that those who have already signified their intention of seeing the thing through will keep up interest in the undertaking and turn out to the meetings. The starting of an enterprise of this nature is always a slow process, but it is believed that there will be smooth sailing as soon as the financial end of it has been taken care of properly.

ATTENTION, FORESTERS!

All members of I. O. F. Court of West Duluth, No. 757, are requested to meet at Gilley's hall Sunday, March 2, 12:30 p. m., to attend the funeral of our late brother, John Craig.

ATTENTION, SIR KNIGHTS!

Members of West Duluth Tent No. 2, K. O. T. M., are urgently requested to meet in the lodge room Sunday afternoon, March 2, at 1 o'clock to attend the funeral of our late Sir Knight, John Craig.

S. W. HANCHETT, Commander.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The funeral of John Craig, who was killed at the Hubbard & Vincent mill, Thursday afternoon, will take place from the family residence, at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. The funeral will be under the auspices of both the Maccabees and the Foresters, as the decedent was a member of both orders. Interment will be made at Oneota cemetery.

Miss Alice Bailey has returned from a two-weeks' visit at St. Paul.

The West Duluth street railway line was impeded somewhat this morning by snowdrifts and the cars ran a little off schedule time. The company's snow plow made its second trip this winter over the line this forenoon.

Travel across the St. Louis bay, opposite West Duluth, is said to be very dangerous at the present time. The ice became honeycombed during the recent warm weather, and the snow has covered up those spots where the ice has been worn thin by the running water underneath.

Mrs. William Langslow, of 619 North Fifty-sixth avenue west, returned from a trip to St. Paul and Minneapolis this morning.

Rev. Mr. Earl, of the West Duluth Congregational church, has been called to Granite Falls, Minn., by the serious illness of Mrs. Earl.

Mrs. Joseph Hinton, of Janesville, Wis., is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Robert Herod, of Fifty-eighth avenue west.

Miss Grace Smithson has been called to St. Paul by the sickness of her brother, Thomas Smithson.

Mrs. Schroeder, of Ramsey street, is recovering from her illness.

Spring shoes at Lauermann's.

FILIATRAULT, UNDERTAKER.

Funeral director and embalmer. Parlor next to Bank, West Duluth. Open day and night. New 'phone 3003 Picture frames. Work guaranteed.

HEGG WAS MURDERED.

Cumberland, Wis., March 1.—A message from Congressman Jenkins confirms the report that John R. Hegg, of this city, was murdered by Filipinos on Bohol Island, Jan. 21. The body has not been found. Hegg was a graduate of the Cumberland school and state university and was superintendent of construction of government roads in the Philippines.

A BRANCH BANK.

Berlin, March 1.—The Deutsche Ueberzeische bank has decided to open a branch in the City of Mexico about the middle of April under the title of the German Trans-Atlantic bank.

THE DAKOTAS

Young Woman Dies From Results of Mysterious Blow.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Lead—Mrs. Albert Forest's death occurred Thursday night, as the result of a blow received on the head at the hands of some unknown person two weeks ago. Mrs. Forest was working in her home at the time she was assaulted, and did not get a glimpse of her assailant. Her husband found her lying on the floor insensible when he came home in the evening, and near her was the stick of wood with which the blow had evidently been dealt. It was several hours before she recovered sufficiently to tell what had happened, and she never got entirely over the shock. Her injuries, coupled with other complications, produced death. She was 20 years old.

Sioux Falls—Mat Martin is the name of an Indian on the Flandreau agency who has prided himself on his ability to act the host. This resulted in himself and Uncle Sam locking horns, and as usual in such cases, Martin got the worst of it. He was arrested on an information charging him with having sold liquor to some Santee Indians who were visiting their brethren at Flandreau agency and was sentenced to 60 days in the Minnehaha county jail and fined $100. The Indians to whom he sold the liquor resided in Nebraska, and Mr. Martin thought he would not be sustaining his reputation for hospitality had he refused their request for firewater.

Webster—John Anderson of Clark county is under arrest here charged with horse stealing. The horse was found in a livery stable, where Anderson had traded it.

Armour—Joe Barry, living in the Whetstone county, west of the Missouri river, who has been causing his relatives all kinds of trouble, is now in Charles Mix county and will be arrested as soon as he returns home. He drove his wife and her people from the house at the point of a gun. Complaint has been lodged against him.

Madison—Robert Sharp and a man at work with him on a well on the place of Mr. Hyland, some twelve miles northeast of town, dug into some forest trees, which were in a good state of preservation some twenty feet below the surface of the ground. Further investigation has shown that there is much of this timber at that level, continuing on down an uncertain distance. The wood is well preserved and apparently none the worse for its long interment.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—Deputy United States Marshal Shotwell has returned from Portal, where he placed Mark Murphy under arrest. The latter was taken to Devil's Lake, where he gave bonds for his appearance. He is charged with embezzling government customs. He was deputy collector at Portal till removed by Collector Nelson.

The socialists held their city conversation and decided to place Dr. Thams in nomination for mayor. This will enliven matters and give Fargoans an opportunity to vote for either of three candidates. Mayor Johnson and W. D. Sweet are both in the race through petitions.

John Donery died of typhoid fever. He came here about six weeks ago from Minneapolis and had been employed as a pressman. His body was taken in charge by the Pressmen's union and sent home last evening.

IN MICHIGAN.

Houghton Man Takes Carbolic Acid With Fatal Results.

Houghton—Abraham Uren, of Houghton, who took nearly two ounces of carbolic acid at the home of his son on Montezuma street with suicidal intentions, died at 2 o'clock Thursday morning. He suffered terrible agony up to the time of his demise and but little relief could be given him. He is survived by four sons, Abraham, Jr., Thomas, James and Will, and two daughters. Before he died Mr. Uren stated that he purchased the acid at a local drug store and drank it with the avowed intention of killing himself.

Ironwood—Three miners were saved from being blown into bits in the Iron Belt mine. The men, after eating their dinner, went into a warm drift to smoke. Two boxes of powder had been placed on the steam pipes and formed convenient seats for two of the miners, and the other laid down beside them. Later the skiptender was startled to see that the filling of one of the boxes was on fire. He hastily alarmed the sleepers and Lore was a wild scramble for the shaft which was just reached when the powder—forty pounds, half dynamite—exploded. The men were knocked down and bombarded by flying rock. One sustained a fractured shoulder and elbow and a dislocated hip; another will lose an eye, and the other miner and the skiptender were cut about the face. The filling is supposed to have been set on fire by one of the smoker's pipes.

Ishpeming—The young wife of Leonard Person of this city left Saturday on a visit to her parents in Sweden. Her husband received a telegram advising him that she had been asphyxiated in the Keller hotel in New York.

HEIRS WANTED

For the Estate of the Late William Watson.

Eau Claire, Wis., March 1.—William H. Watson, president of the Pioneer Furniture company, who died Thursday, left an estate worth about $50,000, but no will and no heirs. Diligent inquiry by wire fails to reveal a single relative.

KILLED IN FIGHT.

Vienna, March 1.—A dispatch to the Morgen Zeitung from Lemberg, Galicia, says several persons were killed or wounded in a fight between peasants and the police at Bordulkie, Russian Poland, as a result of an attempt to arrest a priest in church.

PROGRESS OF SCIENCE

Convincing Proof That the New Chiropractic Treatment Cures the Most Obstinate and Serious Diseases.

The Following Communication to The Herald Readers From a Well-Known Citizen Explains Itself.

I feel it a great privilege to inform my fellowman and sufferer of the wonderful cure which has been effected in me. I was laid up with rheumatism and ulceration of the liver for a number of years. It was hard for me to get around, let alone work. When I would raise my arm, the pain in my right side was excruciating. Some one called my attention to the good work being done by Dr. D. W. Reisland, 206 East First street, and I at once called to see him. After telling him of my condition, he at once explained the cause of my trouble. Immediately I began treatment and now I am entirely free from rheumatism and the very excruciating pain in my side. In fact, without exaggeration, I am a new man and I cannot speak too highly of the doctor's treatments.

While writing I wish also to speak of my mother, who is nearly three score of years. She has suffered since girlhood with stomach trouble and sick headaches. She, too, is being treated by the doctor and from the first treatment she has had no sign of a headache and her stomach trouble has nearly disappeared.

Dr. Reisland's work is all done on the spine. He removes the cause and nature does the rest. If you are sick and a great sufferer, and tried everything you knew or heard of without benefit and still have a desire to get well, call to see the doctor and he will do the rest. I have seen many people whom Dr. Reisland has treated, who had given up all hope of recovery who are now well and strong.

Cancers, tumors, catarrh, Bright's disease, diabetes, deafness, in fact all diseases that flesh is heir to, yields rapidly to his mode of treatment.

I will be pleased to have any one suffering as I have suffered, or who feels interested in this noble work call to see me for further particulars of my case.

NICHOLAS PEER,
428 East First Street.

WORLD OF LABOR

Trades Assembly Listens to Address By Miss Lanshere.

Duluth Typographical Union to Attend Banquet at Superior.

Machinists Likely To Organize a Union Next Week.

Coming labor meetings:

Bakers and confectioners, tonight, Kalamazoo hall.

Stationary engineers, tonight, in the Hunter block.

Typographical union, tomorrow, in Kalamazoo block.

Stage employes meet tomorrow in Lyceum theater.

Railway trainmen meet tomorrow in Irwin-Sloan hall.

Building Trades' council, Monday, in Hunter block.

Musicians' union, Tuesday, in Gabrielson's hall.

Carpenters' union, Tuesday, in Kalamazoo block.

Painters and paperhangers, Tuesday, Kalamazoo hall.

Tailors' union meets Tuesday in the Hunter block.

Cigarmakers' union, Wednesday, Kalamazoo block.

Ironmolders' union, Wednesday, Irwin-Sloan block.

Horseshoers' union, Wednesday, in Hambly's shop.

Electrical workers, Thursday, in Gabrielson's hall.

Steam Engineers' union, Thursday, in the Hunter block.

Unorganized machinists, Thursday, Hunter block.

Bricklayers' union meets Friday in Brown's hall.

Leather Workers' union, Friday, in Kalamazoo hall.

* * *

At the meeting of the Trades' assembly last evening there was an interesting talk on organization and general unionism by Miss Emma Lanshere.

She is organizer for the International Retail Clerks' association, with headquarters in Denver.

Miss Lanshere addressed a special meeting of the local clerks and then appeared before the assembly. She urged the organizing of a womans' label league such as now exists in many of the larger cities.

She insisted that a dozen women could do more for the cause of unionism in a week than 250 union men, basing this assertion on the statement that the women do 90 per cent of the buying for a family, and it stands to reason that they should know enough to call for union goods. If you get them started once they will make Duluth one of the best union towns in the country. The Women's Label league is established in many cities for the express purpose of having the women carry out the union principles of their husbands.

"When you go into a store to make purchases see that a union label clerk who can exhibit the card waits upon you."

Aside from this talk by the feminine organizer of the clerks' international organization, the meeting of the assembly was rather revoid of interest. This may have been because of the absence of Ole Larson, the popular, oratorical delegate of the steamfitters. It was about the first meeting he missed in a year.

* * *

The regular meeting of the Typographical union tomorrow afternoon will be held at 1:30, instead of 2:30 o'clock. The members of the union desire to get through their business in time to go to West Superior to attend a banquet to be given in Hammond hall by the Typographical union of Superior for the Typographical union and Pressmen of Duluth.

The Duluthians are to take part in a very interesting program. W. D. Dean, foreman for J. J. Le Tourneau & Co., will speak on "The Reminiscences of Forty Years in a Print Shop." A. L. Faulkner, stereotyper of the News Tribune, will render a number of mandolin selections. Henry Dworschak, of The Herald will speak on the "Birth and Progress of the I. T. U." Ed Prophet is down for several solos, and L. T. Rutter will speak on "The Pressmen of the Northwest."

* * *

The machinists of Duluth will probably organize a union next week. A large number of the machinists met in Hunter hall Thursday evening and talked over the general scheme of organization with Alderman McEwen, organizer of the State Federation.

Another meeting will be held in Hunter hall next Thursday evening, and all machinists of the city are urged to attend. The organization committee of the Trades' assembly will attend this meeting, as will Mr. McEwen, and it is probable that the organization will be effected.

* * *

The firemen of stationary engines are talking of organizing. The matter is now in the hands of the Stationary Engineers' union.

LABOR NOTES.

America has 22,000 women cigarmakers.

The American Federation of Labor has 1,000,000 members.

The brickmakers of Georgia and Alabama have organized.

There are now 1414 wool manufacturing plants in the country.

The Pittsburg Plate Glass company's profits for the year were $1,503,638.21.

The Pennsylvania Railroad company is planning a $7,000,000 depot at Cincinnati.

Engineers and firemen on the Illinois Central demand an increase in wages.

The Sheet Metal Workers' National alliance is a new national labor organization.

The Wool Oil Chemical company will build a plant at Savannah, Ga., to utilize refuse lumber.

Organized workingmen of Grand Rapids, Mich., are planning the erection of a trade and labor temple.

Woman is crowding man out of the Chicago stock yards and even is taking his place in the use of the knife.

The Pittsburg Stove and Range company will erect a central plant at Beaver Falls at the cost of about $300,000. The new industry will employ from 800 to 1000 men.

The application of fifty colored musicians for a charter from the American Federation of Musicians has caused a stir in the Chicago Federation of Musicians.

A Chicago real estate firm has offered to build a labor temple in the downtown district if the unions will guarantee the rental for a certain length of time.

The strike inaugurated by the Boston, Mass., ironmasters is spreading to other cities of New England, notably Fall River and Lawrence, big manufacturing centers.

The house committee on labor of the national congress announces that hearings for the consideration of the eight-hour bill will begin on March 6 and occupy a total of eight days.

The bricklayers of Pittsburg, Allegheny and Braddock will formulate a new wage scale. It is understood that an advance will be asked for over the eight-hour day at 50 cents per hour.

Harmony between the 4000 union painters of Chicago and the Boss Painters' association is assured for two years, an agreement having been signed for that length of time, dating from March 1.

Plasterers employed on a twenty-five story building in Pittsburg, Pa., struck recently against walking up and down stairs in their own time and were granted one hour's pay per day for the time thus occupied.

While the Allis-Chalmers company, of Chicago, and the striking machinists are carrying on a bitter warfare against each other, secret negotiations are gradually bringing the two parties to the controversy nearer together.

A wage scale of $3 for a workday of eight hours is demanded throughout Queen's county by the Amalgamated Painters, while members of the Brotherhood unions work nine hours daily for a wage scale ranging, it is said, from $2.25 to $2.50 a day.

At Nanticoke, Pa., 5000 union mine workers have given 200 non-union men until March 5 to join the union. Two hundred mine firemen there have received an increase in wages of 7 cents per hour. This is said to be the first increase since the general strike nearly a year ago.

Politics will be effectually barred from the Chicago Federation of Labor if the proposed amendments to the constitution are adopted. It says: "This federation shall not indorse any candidate for political office, either elective or appointive.' The old constitution only forbade the indorsement of political parties, but did not apply to individuals.

All tobacco factories in the Philippines are working night and day, and over 2,000,000 cigars are on the ocean on the way to the United States. It is asserted in the trade that by the middle of March over 20,000,000 cigars from that part of the world will be consigned to this country. It will have a very significant bearing on the interests of American cigarmakers.

Syracuse master builders and carpenters. The Carpenters' union has made a formal announcement that, beginning April 1, all its men will be expected to receive an increase in pay of 5 cents an hour, making the schedule 35 cents, and the boss masons have been notified of a similar advance in the scale of wages for the masons, which raises their schedule from 45 to 50 cents an hour.

W. D. Mahon, president of the Amalgamated Association of Street Railway Employes, has issued his yearly report in which he states that sixty-five local unions have been organized in the United States and Canada in the last twelve months. The organization has had thirteen strikes, five are still pending and three were lost. The assoeiation has 125 local unions.

Workmen in the building trades are awaiting with interest the result of the request of the Chicago Bricklayers' union for an increase in wages of 10 cents an hour. It is openly said that the contractors are willing to pay the advance if the bricklayers will enter into an exclusive agreement, which means that members of the union will work for no contractor or property owner not a member of the Mason and Builders' association. The bricklayers' now receive 50 cents an hour. President Gubbins is paid $1600 a year and expenses.

Two-thirds of the various trades of Baltimore demand an increase of wages to take effect May 1. In more than twenty cases the employers have been notified, and in several instances they have conceded the demands made. Among the leading trades to adopt new scales are: Tin, sheet iron and metal workers, who ask $2.50 in wages for a nine-hour workday, with time and a half for overtime and double time for Sunday work. Bricklayers will insist on 40 cents an hour. Plasterers have raised the scale from $2 to $2.50 for a day of eight hours. Woven wire and metal lathers have adopted a $2 a thousand scale, instead of $1.75. Should the demands of any of the allied unions be denied it will mean a general strike, as the various unions have pledged themselves to stand by their fellow workmen in the fight.

IN COPPER DISTRICT

Sensational Advance In Trimountain Causes Much Gossip.

Percentage of Mineral From Rock Stamped Is Very High.

Returns From the Baltic and Champion Also Gratifying.

Houghton, Mich., March 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—The recent sensational advance in the price of Trimountain stock has afforded food for gossip and conjecture, both in Boston and here. There is no question that a great preponderance of the stock is held in a few hands, and that the increase in price is due to manipulation to a large extent, but it should also be borne in mind that the mine, unlike some others in the lake district distinguished by stock booms in the past, possesses very great merit. Whether the price is or is not too high is a matter for investors and speculators to form their own opinions on, but the mine itself is a property of altogether exceptional value. Exact returns from the mill are impossible to obtain, and all sorts of rumors are current, but it is known, from mill employes and others in a position to learn the facts, that the percentage of mineral secured from the rock stamped is very high—higher than the returns from any other amygdaloid mine in the district, with the exception of the Champion, which is probably getting about the same returns as the Trimountain. The gratifying returns secured from the Baltic, and the phenomenal returns given by the Champion and Trimountain, fully verify the enthusiastic predictions made by believers in these three mines, which constitute the so-called "South Range" group. The mines lie six to ten miles south of Houghton, and are being developed on a very large scale. It does not seem unreasonable to predict that within five or six years these three mines will be turning out nearly or quite as much copper as the Calumet & Hecla is now making. Comparing new mines with the Calumet & Hecla or Anaconda is a thing often done by overly-enthusiastic promoters, but in this case the properties are so far developed that predictions of a great future are based on very substantial data.

The proposed increase of the capital stock of the Atlantic mine to 100,000 shares will merely bring the stock of that mine up to the present average level. When the company was organized, some thirty years ago, the Michigan laws permitted a maximum capitalization of but 40,000 shares, as against 100,000 now allowed. Most of the mining companies have increased their capitalization to the maximum, and the Atlantic is now following suit. The Wolverine and Tamarack, with 60,000 shares each, will remain the only important lake mines having less than 100,000 shares capitaalization, though in several cases the companies retain more or less stock, unissued, in their treasuries.

The Franklin continues making about 350 tons of mineral per manth, and developments at the conglomerate openings are being pushed aggressively. Capt. Hosking has shown himself a good manager, and the mining and milling costs of the Franklin are probably as low as those of any mine in the lake district.

John Mackay, assistant superintendent at the Mass mill, will take charge of the Champion's new mill today.

Owing to the opening of mines of native copper in New Brunswick and elsewhere, the lake district is being drawn on for experienced mill men. Until very recently native copper has been mined only in this district and in Bolivia, the mines in the latter country being comparatively small. Native copper is distributed much more widely than is commonly imagined, being found, usually in small quantities, in many of the leading copper districts of the world.

Samples of ore recently sent to the Dollar Bay smelter from the Superior mine, in Algoma, Ontario, averaged from 6¼ to nearly 15 per cent copper. The Rock Lake mine, north of Georgian bay, has a 200-ton concentrator completed at the mine, and is now arranging to ship several carloads of concentrated ore weekly to the smelter at Dollar bay, until the new Canadian smelter is built, this year.

The cold fit that followed the collapse in the price of copper, in December, has worn away, and the mining men and investors of the lake district are now facing the facts, in a fairly cheerful frame of mind. The day of 17-cent coper has gone, and is not likely to return again soon, but the lake mines have been highly prosperous in the past with copper selling materially cheaper than now, and thanks to the money lavishly spent for new equipment during the boom years, the local mines are now, as a rule, in the best of condition, and capable of prospering with copper at the present range of prices.

Experiments are being conducted on the Calumet & Hecla sands, and results secured so far are encouraging. The largest amount of copper mined but not extracted, to be found at any point on the globe's surface, is in the Calumet & Hecla tailings at Lake Linden. These tailings have been piling up for nearly thirty-five years, and have been accumulating at the rate of nearly 1,500,000 tons annually in the more recent years. The average amount of copper carried in the sands is probably a trifle under three-fourths of 1 per cent, or a little less than fifteen pounds per ton, though the older sands are richer. The Calumet & Hecla sands, aggregating many millions of tons, carry an average of copper greater than the amount secured by the Atlantic mine, from rock stamped, and any practicable process of extracting the major portion of the values from these tailing will give several hundred million pounds of metal.

Diamond drill explorations at the Arcadian have recently shown some rich cores, and the lode from which the cores were obtained will probably be developed. The southern shafts of the mine continue to show well in copper, and are apparently of about the same average as the Isle Royale openings, on the same lodes a mile or two further south.

Capitalists of the lake district have recently secured control of the Pinto Creek Copper company, now opening mines in the Globe district of Arizona. Lake Superior capital is heavily interested in a half dozen or more properties of promise in Arizona, this field being preferred to Montana for copper mining investments by the people of the lake district. This is not due to any distrust of Montana, but the local conditions in that state are not as favorable to the investment of outside capital in copper mining ventures. The productive area is so small that new mines of unusual promise are not opened frequently, and there is a great deal of local capital available for the development of Montana mines, while the reverse holds true in Arizona, which is long of mines and short of capital.

President Fay, of the Centennial, Trimountain and other mines of the Fay group, is in the district. The old mill at the Centennial is now closed down. It was a crazy affair, and while it served a useful purpose with copper at 17 cents, is scarcely capable of making much money for the company at the present price of copper. It is possible that one stamp at the Arcadian mine may be utilized by the Centennial in the near future, but there are no definite developments regarding the proposed new mill, for which a fine site was secured on Torch lake some four or five years ago.

The Mass management is still undecided as to what course to pursue in saving its silver values. With an average of nearly 10 ounces of silver to the ton of mineral, it seems wasteful not to attempt the saving of the silver, but the building of a smelter will prove costly, and the parting of the silver and copper by electrolysis, at an Eastern plant, would render the product an electrolytic rather than a lake copper, with consequent lessening of market value.

HORACE J. STEVENS.

INSULT BY ROBERTS

(Continued from page 1.)

another attempt to throw dust in the eyes of the legislature and defeat tax legislation, but he was called to order as not having touched on the amendment before the house, and subsided. Mr. Jacobson said three commissioners would be better, because then the farmers, the business men and the lawyers could all be represented.

The Whitford amendments were then voted down by a vote of 49 to 56.

* * *

Mr. Pennington, the Democratic member from Dakota county, offered his amendment, providing for a nonpartisan tax commission by directing that not more than two of the three members should be of the same political party. The house had adopted this as an amendment to the tax bill that was voted down, but this time it jumped upon the proposition with both feet, and killed it by a large majority.

Mr. Dunn, of Ramsey county, said that Mr. Jacobson, in his morning speech, had misconstrued State Auditor Dunn's interview against the tonnage tax, and as Auditor Dunn had not the privilege of the floor, he asked that the Dunn interview be read. The interview was read.

Then there was a lively fight between Mr. Laybourn and Mr. Jacobson. Mr. Laybourn said that Mr. Jacobson would not have dared attack the state auditor if he had been a member of the house and in a position to reply, and as he had misrepresented Mr. Dunn's position, Mr. Laybourn moved that the house take a recess of fifteen minutes in order that Mr. Dunn might have a chance to answer. This brought Mr. Jacobson to his feet in a fury.

He said he had not attacked the state auditor. He had only shown that he had been mistaken in the past and that he might be mistaken on the tonnage tax now. He had as much regard for the state auditor as Mr. Laybourn did, and he had fought alongside of him when the gentleman from St. Louis had fought against him. Mr. Laybourn would not succeed in his scheme to make them enemies. He moved the previous question.

Mr. Laybourn protested against this. He did not believe the house would be unfair enough to railroad Jacobson's bill through without allowing more argument.

"We shall vote for this bill today," said Mr. Jacoson, "and you can't put it over by any such method as this. I'll withdraw my motion if you'll withdraw yours, but I won't take a recess. Dunn and I will settle our hash outside of this house."

The matter dropped here, and State Auditor Dunn did not have an opportunity to reply to Mr. Jacobson's attack upon him. Mr. Laybourn proceeded to argue against the tonnage tax. He said that session after session the gentleman from Lac Qui Parle came up with bills attacking the interests of St. Louis county. St. Louis county is equal in area to the eleven counties comprising Mr. Jacobson's congressional district, and it ought to have some consideration. Yet Mr. Jacobson has a sharpened stiletto for anything St. Louis county has or proposes to have. The farming lands of this county are assessed at $7.25 an acre and they are worth $20 to $30 per acre. He would advise him to take some of his own medicine and fix up things at home before he started after St. Louis county. The ores of the Mesaba range are worth from 58c to $1.16 per ton on the stock piles, and it is proposed to tax them 5 cents a ton. At the average rate of taxation of 25 mills, fixing the average value of the iron ore at 80 cents a ton, this would make a tax of 2 cents a ton, and yet it is proposed to tax them 5 cents a ton, two and a half times what other property is taxed. The state of Michigan used to have a tonnage tax, and its highest rate was 1½ cents per ton. If the iron companies fight this tax, which is very likely to prove unconstitutional, the towns on the iron ranges will lose all their taxes for three or four years, and they will be financially ruined.

At this point Mr. Roberts of Hennepin cut in with the amiable and charming words quoted at the beginning of this article.

Mr. Laybourn rose to resent this attempt to insult everybody in St. Louis county. In this county of over 80,000 inhabitants there is a city of 60,000 people, and large and varied interests, and Mr. Laybourn said that any charge that the delegation from St. Louis county represented anybody or anything except St. Louis county was false. He was tired of hearing such men as Roberts jumping up every few minutes to say that the community is owned by the steel trust. L. H. Johnson, of Minneapolis, said that the steel trust was making lots of money on watered stock, and it could stand the tax all right.

Mr. Jacobson closed the debate, speaking in the role of special guardian of the interests of St. Louis county. That county is now getting $220,000 from the iron mines and it will get $220,000 from the his bill. He is attacking the interests of the county by forcing $400,000 down its throat. He admitted that farming lands in his county are assessed at 25 per cent of their value, but he had been trying his "d—dest" for the past few weeks to make it right, and the gentleman from St. Louis county wouldn't let him.

The roll call was then taken, and 84 members voted for the bill just as it stood, and 25 against it. The twenty-five that voted against the bill were as follows: Alford, Barteau, Berg, Bury, Din, Ferris, Fust, Gainey, Hemstead, Hickey, Hillary, Holm, Hurd, Laybourn, Miller, Neubauer, Noyes, Pcobock, Phillips, Plowman, Pugh, Rich, Sikorski, Smith and Wilcox. Mr. Mallory, of the Duluth delegation, was unable to get back from Duluth in time to vote.

* * *

Jacobson is happy. The "friends of the bill"—meaning the original tax bill—are happy. The administration is happy. Something has been done, so far as the house is concerned, in the way of tax legislation, and there is something to show for the money spent in the tax commission and the special session, providing the senate passes the bill. Jacobson's campaign for state auditor is launched, and he has got his fingers into the management of St. Louis county affairs. Therefore he is happy.

* * *

Reports as to the authorship of the Jacobson bill differ. One is that Private Secretary Jamieson, of the governor's office, drew it up. Another is that the tax commission is guilty. What works against the latter report is the fact that the tax commission went on record as against the constitutionality of the tonnage tax. It is understood that Gen. Childs, of the commission, said the supreme court would probably uphold the tax, and that the other two members of the commission thought it would not. That the bill came from somewhere in the councils of those who would save the political life of Governor Van Sant there is little doubt.

* * *

"This is merely the entering wedge," said Representative Laybourn yesterday afternoon. "Now that the house has passed a tonnage tax, it will proceed at the next session, after the proper kind of a constitutional change has been made, to put a measure through to get a large proportion of the taxes on the iron mines into the state treasury."

* * *

The maddest man in Minnesota yesterday morning was State Auditor Robert C. Dunn. He heard part of Mr. Jacobson's attack upon him in the house, and he was heard to remark that he would give $100 for the privilege of ten minutes' talk on the floor of the house. Had he been accorded that privilege he would have flown. It did fly back in the rear aisles, where the state auditor made some characteristic utterances touching the character, geneology and reliability of the gentleman from Lac Qui Parle.

* * *

It was a merry little war, and it is safe to say that there will be nothing to equal it in the proceedings of the grave and dignified senate on the Jacobson bill.

The house is not yet through with tax matters. It has the bills of Mr. Anderson providing for the inheritance tax and real estate tax administration features from the commission's code, which were made a special order for 11 o'clock this morning. It also has the constitutional amendments, and the Baldwin-Pennington bill taxing foreign corporations. The house committee on taxes and tax laws reported this bill back to the house yesterday afternoon with the recommendation that it pass if the judiciary committee thinks it is constitutional.

It is beginning to look as though the session might end along toward the waning of next week. The chief thing of interest, of course, is the Jacobson bill, and the fireworks exhibition will move along with it to the senate.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

POLICEMEN PRAISE PE-RU-NA

As a Reliable Specific for the Ills Incident to the Vicissitudes of Their Occupation.

As a safeguard against Coughs, Colds and other Catarrhal Derangements, Policemen find Peruna indispensable.

Whether it rains or whether it snows; whether it be night or day; whether the thermometer stands at 100 in the shade, or 10 degrees below zero, the policeman must be up and doing.

Not only must he brave the elements as he finds them, but he must wear his uniform. No shirt-waist for the policeman. No fur overcoat for the man who patrols our streets night and day.

No wonder such men appreciate Peruna.

Peruna strengthens the mucous membranes that line the respiratory organs.

Peruna hardens the system against catching cold. This is absolutely essential to good health, especially where one's vocation exposes one to dampness of night air and the throbbing heat of midday.

Policemen give Peruna their unqualified endorsement. It exactly meets their requirements. Read their letters.



John E. Ptacek, Assistant superintendent of Police of Chicago, Ill., writes:

"I used Peruna for a very severe case of nasal catarrh, and am glad to inform you that it has accomplished a complete cure. I have no hesitancy in recommending it to others."

JOHN E. PTACEK.

Michael O'Halleran, lieutenant sergeant of the Summerdale station police department, writes from 1993 West Munroe street, Chicago, Ill.:

"Several of the officers of our station have good reason to praise Peruna. Several times when they have spent hours in the rain and came in drenched, a severe cold has followed which it seemed impossible to throw off until one of them tried Peruna, and found the finest remedy for a cold that a man would want.

"Since then we have used it for colds, catarrh, influenza and other complaints following in the wake of inclement weather, and we all feel well pleased with Peruna."

MICHAEL O'HALLERAN.

Officer A. C. Swanson writes from 607 Harrison street, Council Bluffs, Iowa, as follows:

"As my duties compelled me to be out in all kinds of weather I contracted severe cold from time to time, which settled in the kidneys, causing severe pains and trouble in the pelvic organs.

"I am now like a new man, am in splendid health and give all praise to Peruna."

A. C. SWANSON.

Mr. Robert Northgrave, 549 Richmond street, London, Ont., was a chief of police in Ingersol, Ont., chief detective in the famous Sifton murder trial—not yet completed. He writes:

"Peruna has done for me what no doctor or medicine has been able to do before. It made me a well man. Exposure for a number of years has told on my system, settled in my back and kidneys, and I did not think that I would eve enjoy good health again. I was induced to try Peruna, and it made a complete change in my life. In three months I was like a new man. Life has taken on a new color to me. I can heartily indorse Peruna for any sick man for afflictions resulting from a cold.

ROBERT NORTHGRAVES."

Chronic catarrh often makes its approach in disguise. Before a person knows it, he may become a victim of chronic catarrh. Its onset may be gradual, its development insidious, and at last the victim finds himself in the clutches of a tenacious disease. A slight cold, a tendency to sneeze, a puffiness in the nose and head, fullness or crackling in the ears, stringy mucous in the throat, slight cough or wheeziness, snoring during sleep. Any one of these symptoms should be regarded as a warning.

What can be cured in the beginning in a week or two, by using Peruna, if allowed to become chronic may require months of faithful treatment. You had better take Peruna now, for by and by you may be obliged to take it for a long time in order to get well. Peruna is the remedy for catarrh. Almost everybody knows that by heresay, and thousands know it by experience.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of the Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

Policemen everywhere believe in Peruna. They are the men who really have tested its merits in preventing disease.

Many a policeman has been able to keep his job by aid of Peruna, who otherwise must have succumbed to the exigencies of our changeable climate.

Mr. Charles Rehm, lieutenant of police, Forty-third precinct, Chicago, Ill., writes:

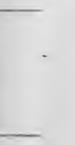
"Where I have suffered any bad consequences from exposure and colds I have found that there is nothing so quickly restores the system to healthful activity as Peruna. I use it often myself, and know that several of our patrolmen have received great benefit from this tonic. CHARLES REHM."

Mr. Peter J. Ries, desk sergeant, Forty-third precinct, Chicago, Ill., writes from 1320 Newport avenue, Chicago:

"I have for some years been a sufferer with kidney trouble, and I felt that I must do something to get cured. Reading of the cures that Peruna had performed, I tried it; seven bottles cured me. PETER J. RIES."

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Maidenhood and Womanhood

At the threshold of wedded life with its cares and responsibilities, what more appropriate could a bride consider than a box of the medicine that will keep the new family in perfect health.

"I took Cascarets myself and they are fine. I also have been giving them to my children with best results."—Mrs. Davis, 419 E. Capitol St., Washington.

"Cascarets are the best medicine I ever tried. I cannot be too grateful for them."—Mrs. Ella Sanders, Fox, Mo.

"I was for a long time troubled with constipation and catarrh of the throat. Am now using Cascarets with good results and am satisfied I will be entirely cured."—Mrs. H. F. Yeomans, 421 Champlain Ave., Chicago.

"I have used Cascarets and must say they are wonderful. I recommend them to all my lady friends."—Mrs. J. H. Mayes, Chariton, Ia.

"I have a tumor which all the doctors told me could be gotten rid of in no other way than with the knife, but I think the Cascarets are absorbing it entirely."—Mrs. E. Dixon, Elsinore, Cal.

"Cascarets had strange effects in my case. I took them for worms and got rid of them. For about a year I had also suffered from my right eye continually watering. After I took the second dose of Cascarets the eye got well and has been well ever since."—Mrs. Plowman, 411 Jessie St., San Francisco.

"About a year ago I went through a very difficult operation and since then suffered from severe headaches. I tried Cascarets and the result was wonderful. God bless you!"—Mrs. Moses Leece, Gilman, Colo.

There are many physical disturbances of the bodily functions connected with the change from maidenhood to womanhood, and the health and wholesome life not only of the bride, the new wife and prospective mother, but that of the new generation that is to be, depend upon keeping all operations of the digestive canal regular and natural with Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the only medicine that will do it gently yet surely without grip or gripe.

Cascarets

Best for the Bowels. All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N. Y. 302

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AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Bldg., 220 W. Superior St.

Duluth Printing & Publishing Company.

Telephone Calls: Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, one ring.

10c a Week

EVERY EVENING DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

Single copy, daily	.02
One month	.45
Three months (in advance)	$1.30
Six months (in advance)	$2.60
One year (in advance)	$5.00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter

WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
Three months	.25

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THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), March 1.—The storm is central this morning over Lake Superior, the exceedingly low barometric pressures of 28.88 inches (corrected to sea level) occurring at Houghton and Marquette. Pressures are high over Assiniboia, Saskatchewan and the Western Rockies. Colder weather prevails throughout the Northwest, with freezing temperatures in all districts north of Missouri, Kansas, Colorado and Utah, and slightly below zero in Assiniboia. Light to heavy falls of rain or snow and high winds occurred during the past twenty-four hours over the Northwest, lake region, Central valleys and Atlantic states. Snow is still falling this morning over the western lake region, upper Mississippi valley and the Dakotas.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	44	Miles City	24
Battleford	4	Milwaukee	34
Boston	36	Minnedosa	6
Buffalo	44	Modena	15
Calgary	10	Montgomery	58
Chicago	34	Moorhead	8
Cincinnati	44	New Orleans	60
Davenport	30	New York	46
Denver	20	North Platte	28
Detroit	38	Oklahoma	34
Dodge City	30	Omaha	22
Duluth	16	Pittsburg	46
Edmonton	18	Port Arthur	8
El Paso	38	Portland	42
Escanaba	32	Prince Albert	2
Galveston	46	Qu' Appelle	2
Green Bay	32	Rapid City	24
Havre	22	San Francisco	46
Helena	32	Santa Fe	24
Houghton	36	Shreveport	60
Huron	14	Spokane	32
Jacksonville	60	St. Louis	36
Kamloops	34	St. Paul	18
Kansas City	26	Sault Ste. Marie	38
La Crosse	24	Swift Current	8
Lander	12	Washington	46
Marquette	30	Williston	10
Medicine Hat	24	Winnemucca	20
Memphis	42	Winnipeg	2

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Snow flurries tonight and probably Sunday; colder tonight; brisk and high northwest winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, March 1.—Forecast until 7 p. m. Sunday: Wisconsin—Snow tonight and probably Sunday; colder tonight and east portion Sunday; high northwest winds. Minnesota—Snow tonight and east portion Sunday; colder tonight; high northwest winds diminishing Sunday. The Dakotas—Snow and colder tonight; Sunday generally fair.

To Encourage Good Roads.

Some time ago mention was made in these columns of a good roads bill which would be introduced in congress, looking toward national action in that line. The bill has now been presented and provides for a bureau of expert road building at the national capital. It is probable that enough money is wasted in unintelligent road building to keep the county highways in excellent condition all the year around. Intelligent investigation and experiment has demonstrated that good roads can be built in any soil out of the material immediately at hand. It has been shown that miry clay roads can be kept hard and dry in all seasons by laying a surface of the same clay after it has been burned to make it resist the disintegrating power of water. It is quite probable that sand roads can be made equally hard by the application of a mixture of sand and clay that has been burned into hard road material. Loam roads and muck soils will also yield to proper treatment. The marl and clay of the swampy districts when combined and burned, make a strong cement which is as good or better than stone. The bureau provided for in the bill is created for the purpose of instruction of local highway commissioners. Then each district can proceed with the improvement if its highways as it is able, and without making the expense noticeable. Once installed, good roads are easily maintained, with a little watchfulness on the part of the authorities and in time a wholesome rivalry will be created between adjoining districts. It is the intention of the bill to have a laboratory in charge of competent chemists. Highway commissioners will forward samples of the soils they have to contend with. They will describe prevailing conditions. The chemists will experiment with the samples and ascertain if by burning or combining them in certain proportions they can be made to resist ordinary wear. They will also outline plans of underdraining to keep the surface from injury by storm water, and furnish much other valuable information. The plan seems to be a good one and would bring excellent results in many localities.

The Whale And Its Products.

In spite of all the experiments to produce a perfect substitute, there is one article of general use in which the original holds its position without challenge and seems likely to do so as long as it can be produced. Reference is made to whalebone, whose uses are varied, but more specially necessary to the wearing apparel of the gentler sex. The allied product of the whale, sperm oil, is also without a genuine substitute, although many oils are offered to fill its place. A review of the whale fishery, an industry of which but little is known by the general public, for the year 1901 shows that sperm whaling was very successful, with good catches and a better average price than for several years, but that the pursuit of right whales in the Arctic and other seas, except in few instances, was conducted with but poor success. Owing to the small catch of whalebone there was an advance in prices that helped out materially in the results. Each year the whaling fleet grows smaller, for while two vessels were added to the fleet sailing from New Bedford, three San Francisco steamers were lost in the Arctic. There are now but thirty-nine vessels flying the American flag engaged in the whale fishery. Of these twenty-one are Atlantic ocean sperm whalers, two schooners are in Hudson bay after right whales, a brig is at Desolation island, and fourteen steamers and barques and one schooner sail in Arctic seas from San Francisco. Besides New Bedford and San Francisco, Boston and Provincetown are the only other ports from which whaling craft hail. The Boston barque Josephine, Richard T. Green, owner, sailed Oct. 29 last, and since then no report has been received from her. The twenty vessels in the Atlantic sperm fleet had a total catch of about 12,559 barrels during the year. The price per gallon advanced during the year from 55 cents to 70 cents, and at the close of the year only 350 barrels remained in first hands. According to the Whalemen's Shipping List, there were no exports of this oil, the entire catch that was received being purchased by refiners in New Bedford. Whalebone was disposed of with the same secrecy that has existed for several years, and an accurate review cannot be given. Early in the year sales were made at $2.65 a pound, but the poor Arctic season sent prices up, and in December this bone was quoted at $4.50 and $5 a pound. As near as can be ascertained the amount of whalebone in first hands at the opening of this year was 24,000 pounds. This is the smallest amount that has been held by the merchants at the same date during the last thirty-two years. The stock of sperm oil is likewise the smallest for a like number of years. It is not impossible, in fact it is claimed that the whale will become extinct, in which case the ingenuity of the inventor will be obliged to provide a substitute for the products of the leviathan.

UP TO THE SENATE.

The Jacobson bill to amend the existing tax law was passed by the house yesterday, including the provision for a 5-cent tonnage tax on iron ore. It was conclusively shown in the speech delivered by Mr. Laybourn that such a tax would be unjust and no improvement upon the present system of taxing the mines as real property, but his facts and figures failed to convince a majority of the members that he was right. The bill will now go to the senate, and perhaps the members of that body may be persuaded to strike out the section of the bill levying a tonnage tax on iron ore. The tonnage tax has never been a success in any state in the Union, and it is not now in force anywhere in the United States. It was tried in this state up to 1896 and then abandoned as unjust and unconstitutional. The Minneapolis Tribune said editorially on Thursday that Michigan has a tonnage tax. This is incorrect. The tonnage law that was in force there was repealed several years ago because it proved very unjust and unsatisfactory. Mining properties in Michigan are now assessed exactly the same as other property.

The mines in St. Louis county were assessed this year at $12,750,000, and undoubtedly the assessment will be doubled this year, if the present law be not changed. This would yield a total revenue of about $700,000—far more than would be realized by the 5-cent tonnage tax proposed by Mr. Jacobson. Furthermore, a flat rate of 5 cents a ton, if levied as the Jacobson bill provides, would cut down the output of low-priced ores, because it must be remembered that the values of the different qualities of ore differ greatly. Some ore is worth 50 cents a ton at the mine, while other ore is worth $1.25 a ton. It would be manifestly unjust to tax all ores 5 cents a ton. It would be gross discrimination against the low-priced ore. If it were possible to have a graduated tonnage tax, there would not be such serious objection to that method of taxing ore. But that seems to be impossible, and therefore the direct valuation tax provided for at present by the state law should be retained. State Auditor Dunn, who has been diligent in his efforts to increase the taxes on the iron properties, has expressed the opinion that it is for the best interests of the state to have a direct valuation tax, and his views, based upon practical experience with both systems, should have influence with the members of the legislature.

INTERESTING COMPARISON.

A comparison of population and territory between Russia and the United States reveals some statistics which are interesting as well as instructive. In the number of people this country is far behind Russia. The czar rules over 130,000,000 souls, while the United States boasts of but 78,000,000. The population of this country, however, shows a greater density, the United States having more cities of over 100,000 people than Russia. In Russia people are scattered over 8,660,395 square miles, while in the United States our population is contained in 3,602,290 square miles. The greater density of the population of the United States in comparison with Russia is also brought out by the number of cities with over 50,000 inhabitants in the two countries.

According to the figures of the last census, there were fifty-four cities in the Russian empire that had a population of over 50,000, while in the United States there were seventy-eight cities in this class. Dividing all the cities of over 50,000 inhabitants into three classes, first those with over 150,000 inhabitants, second, those between 100,000 and 150,000, and the third, those between 100,000 and 50,000, makes the difference even more noticeable. In the first class there are twenty-four cities in the United States, running from New York to Rochester. In Russia there are eleven, running from St. Petersburg to Tashkent. New York, Chicago and Philadelphia are larger than St. Petersburg, though both Moscow and Warsaw are larger than St. Louis, the fourth city in the United States. In the second class there are fourteen cities in the United States, running from Denver to Scranton, while there are only eight in this class in Russia. In the last class there are forty cities in the United States, running from Lowell to Portland, while there are thirty-five cities in Russia that come into this class.

This civic comparison makes a most favorable showing for this country from a standpoint of civilization, and one of which we may well feel proud.

FREE TRADE WITH CUBA.

It is probable that congress will agree to the small concession to Cuba favored by the Republican members of the house ways and means committee—amounting only to 20 per cent of the Dingley tariff rates on Cuban imports as against the reported presidential minimum of 25 per cent and the 50 per cent more greatly desired by the administration. But small as it is, it is better than no recognition of an obligation incurred in forcing the Platt amendments into the Cuban constitution.

But, as the Springfield Republican says, it will satisfy neither party in interest. The Cuban interest will say that a one-fifth reduction cannot give the needed relief to a critical economic situation in the island, and while the concession will be accepted as better than nothing, when it is seen that no more can be obtained immediately, the agitation will go on for further and further reduction. The sugar and tobacco interests in the United States see this, and hence will look upon any concession as an entering wedge for their fancied destruction. The particular organ of the protected interests, the New York Press, affects to see even greater consequences. It says: "The 20 per cent reduction is the wedge. It enters the tariff the more easily for its very diminutiveness. And the moment that it is introduced the clang of a score of hammers will foretell the destruction of the whole economic edifice." Hence the steel and pottery and other protected interests, as well as those of sugar and tobacco, are warned to act accordingly. "Better a 50 per cent rebate than 1 per cent reduction should be their motto," it is said.

It is an interesting fracas thus stirred up in the old high tariff camp. Nor is this to be the last of it. In a letter to former Speaker J. H. Funk of the Iowa legislature, who tells Speaker Henderson of the national house that he "does not know the feeling and the storm that is brewing" in this matter of high tariff for trusts and against Cuba, the latter says, among other things:

"The second question is what are we going to do for Cuba? It is a separate and distinct proposition, and this is the situation: Those contending for Cuba want a reduction of 50 per cent or a clean sweep of duties between us and that country. Contending for this doctrine is, first, the American sugar trust, which is here in the person of its ablest managers. Second, the money, the capital, that has been put into the construction of railroads in Cuba, where a system of railroads extending along what may be termed the backbone of the island, with arms extending from the backbone into each part of it, is in process of construction; all the money in this enterprise, of course, is anxious to build up the commerce of Cuba. Third, there are millions of dollars that have gone into Cuba, buying up plantations, cheap lands, and, with large syndicates formed, are seeking to make fortunes out of the sugar industry. Then, again, there are Americans over there with vast sums of money in various enterprises who are all anxious for this. Then, again, the Cubans themselves who have the capital are anxious to have free trade relations with the United States. These all touch elbows and are working together."

This American capitalistic interest in Cuba, in other words, is already a powerful factor against the American tariff as applied to the island, and is bound to become more and more powerful. It is the force which, through the Republican party, has made high tariffs at home; and when enlisted in outside ventures it becomes a force that will unmake tariffs in so far as they bear against these ventures. As American capital moves into Cuba, the home tariff position against the island becomes more and more untenable. It will finally have to be given up, and that at no distant day. Free trade between this country and Cuba under the circumstances becomes an early certainty.

OUR TRADE WITH GERMANY.

The cordiality of the relations between the United States and Germany is shown more eloquently than by speeches and more forcibly than by the booming of cannon by the figures which show the commerce between the two countries during the last few years. These figures show that the commerce of the United States with Germany exceeds that with any other country of the world, except the United Kingdom, taht our imports from Germany in the fiscal year 1901 were larger than those of any preceding year, with a single exception; that our exports to that country in 1901 were larger than in any preceding year, and that our total commerce with Germany in 1901 was larger than in any earlier year. This commerce has grown from less than $20,000,000 in 1865 to nearly $300,000,000 in 1901; or, to be more exact, from $29,878,845 in 1865 to $292,226,329 in 1901, the total for 1901 being practically ten times as great as that of 1865.

An examination of the details shows that the percentage of increase in imports from Germany has been greater than the percentage of growth in exports to Germany, the figures being: Imports into the United States from Germany, in 1865, $9,563,743; in 1901, $100,445,902. On the other hand, the exports from the United States to Germany were: In 1865, $20,315,102; in 1901, $191,780,427. Thus the imports into the United States from Germany are more than ten times as much in 1901 as in 1865, and our exports to Germany about nine and one-half times as much in 1901 as in 1865.

Finished manufactures form the chief features of the imports into the United States from Germany and foodstuffs and manufacturers' materials form the chief features of our exports to Germany. Sugar, chemicals, cotton manufactures, silk manufactures, leather and manufactures, toys, earthen, stone and chinaware, wool manufactures, iron and steel manufactures, and cement are the principal items in our imports from Germany; while raw cotton, corn, wheat, flour, pork and beef products, mineral oils, tobacco, oil cake and meal, naval stores, wood and manufactures thereof, and copper form the chief features of our exports to Germany. In a few classes of manufactures, however, notably iron and steel, the exports to eGrmany are considerable but, as above indicated, the bulk of the movement from the United States to that country are composed of the articles required in the United States for food or manufacturing and which it does not produce in sufficient quantities at home; while, on the other hand, the bulk of the imports into the United States from Germany are foodstuffs not produced at home or the higher grades of manufactures, such as sugar, wines, coffee, rice, chemicals, gloves, laces and knit goods, woolen dress goods, silk dress goods, cutlery, porcelain and chinaware and toys.

Those who are afraid a reciprocity treaty with Cuba would injure American industries should note that Representative Long, of Kansas, who proposed a reduction of 40 per cent in the duties on Cuban products, represents a district in which the sugar beet industry is well established, but in his argument before the ways and means committee he showed that the proposed reduction of the duty on Cuban sugar would not injure the American industry.

Mark Twain has added two new maxims to the world's stock. They are: "We ought never to do wrong when people are looking," and "No real gentleman will tell the naked truth in the presence of ladies." To which may be added Mark's tribute to a deceased friend: "He didn't possess an interesting vice to brighten his sombre virtures."

The repeal of the war taxes will put a good many millions into the pockets of the brewers, but it would be difficult to discover where it will help the grower of hops and barley or the consumer of beer. The brewers' profits will be increased; that's all.

The Boston Globe asks this pertinent question: "If President Roosevelt had a brother and that brother should go over to Germany to christen a yacht, would Germany get as excited as some people in the United States are now?"

There are doubtless strong arguments in favor of government ownership of a Pacific cable, but in face of the Pacific Cable company's offer, such an expenditure by the government seems needless.

The United States supreme court will soon be face to face with a problem worst that the status of our colonial possessions. Maryland asks the court to decide the question, "Is an oyster a fish?"

An illustration of the tendency of the times financially is a petition presented to the Massachusetts legislature asking that the legal rate of interest be changed from 6 to 5 per cent where no other provision is made.

This is certainly going to be a great year in Duluth real estate sales. The proportion of men who want to buy to those who want to sell is constantly increasing.

The Seattle Post-Intelligencer says that the people of Alaska are badly handicapped by the lack of federal officers. They were also badly handicapped by some of the officers sent there.

The selection of names for the twenty-one panels in the hall of fame, left vacant in 1900, has been postponed until 1905. This will be disappointing to many eminent persons.

The Washington Post says: "The American people have their opinion of the battle of Santiago, and they will not surrender it for the sake of harmony or political expediency."

The Hartford Post notices that snow is cleared from the front of saloons much sooner than it is from the front of churches. Is this true in Duluth?

A Pennsylvania judge holds that a street car pass in the hands of a truly great alderman is not necessarily a bribe. Oh, righteous judge!

Now that Blondin, the Boston wife murderer, has been captured, perhaps the police may find the assassins of Policeman Mayer, of St. Paul.

An exchange mentions one of the popes, an Englishman, who "was born a beggar." Is not everybody born that way?

Prince Henry says that he is delighted with the United States. uBt he will hardly take out naturalization papers.

This is the sort of weather when the telegraph companies wish their systems were of the wireless pattern.

The isthmian canal question seems to have been sidetracked by the senate.

Hoch!

Hoch, der kaiser,
Der kaiser, hoch.
John Bull's jealous,
And that's no joch.
—Detroit Tribune.

Ungallant Baltimorean.

I saw her in the ballroom,
A figure most divine,
A shape that Venus might have envied,
Superb in every line.

I saw her at the seaside;
The contrast made me sigh.
I c not help believing now
That "figures" often lie.
—Baltimore World.

Prosperity Here to Stay

By J. PIERPONT MORGAN.

The phenomenal prosperity of the country is self-evident. Not only is the prosperity here, but all the signs, all the promises, all the indications are that it is here for a long time to come. I have absolute faith in the future.

As to recessions, as to setbacks, where is there sign of anything discouraging? There is enough business already in hand to keep the country busy for a year to come.

DOMESTIC PLEASANTRIES.

Philadelphia Press: May—Yes, I'm going to marry Jack White.

Maud—My! from what you've always said I thought he'd be the last man you'd ever marry.

May—And I hope he is.

-:—:-

Chicago Post: "Sometimes," he remarked dismally, "I wish we were a one-legged race."

"Been buying more shoes for the children, I suppose," was the natural reply.

-:—:-

Boston Transcript: He—Do you know, dearest, that I think you are the sweetest girl in all the world?

She—Why not? All the other gentlemen who have had the opportunity have told me so.

-:—:-

Somerville Journal: Mrs. Greene—Why, my dear, what have you been crying about?

Mrs. Black (sobbing afresh)—My h-husband gave me $10 y-yesterday without my asking for it.

-:—:-

Atlanta Constitution: "John," she said, "do you think you'll ever run for governor?"

"Molly," he replied, "do you think I could bear to leave you for two weeks at a time going around the country making stump speeches?"

And then she said that if there was anything else he fancied for breakfast he had only to mention it.

-:—:-

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Bifiley and his son and the Widow Binglewood and her daughter are going to form a community of interests."

"How so?"

"Bifiley marries the widow and his son marries the daughter."

Baltimore American: "I read an article on 'The Management of Husbands' in the Ladies' Own Journal which said that the surest way to put a man into a good humor is to have an elegant dinner waiting for him when he came home from work," said Mrs. Trizlitt.

"And did you make the experiment," asked Mrs. Duzzlitt.

"Yes; and he has been mad ever since because of the expense of the dinner."

The "Hands-All-Round!"

Who won at Santiago? Who's the hero of the fight?
Who met the Spanish ships o' war an' smashed 'em left and right?
At first they said, "'Twas Sampson!"—
"'Twas Schley!" the trumpets sound,
But at last it has resulted in a
"Hands
All
Round!"

Who gained the hero's laurels—we know about "The loop,"
And certain sudden shells that made the Spanish colors droop;
How Schley cried, "Give 'em h—ll, boys,"
and hell did there abound,
But the battle has resulted in a
"Hands
All
Round!"

This one deserved promotion; that one should have it, too;
The other made the Spaniards dance to "Yankee Doodle-doo!"
We must hand around the glory by the yard and by the pound,
For the battle has resulted in a
"Hands
All
Round!"

On the sea a-foam with fire, with Cervera's ships were rammed,
'Twas "A battle of the Captains," and, the admirals be—slammed!
There are buckets full of glory to be splashed on sea and ground,
For the Santiago battle was a
"Hands
All
Round!"

Thus endeth the red lesson, and we'd have it understood
That in this liberal commonwealth we're all a-feelin' good!
And with Schley at head of table where the laurel wreaths abound,
Take your places, if you're able, and a
Leaf
All
Round!
—FRANK L. STANTON in Atlanta Constitution.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Brain power and refinement of intellect move in inverse ratio.

After you have learned to unlearn you are in a fair way of learnin~ to learn.

It is hard for a fat woman to think that her slimner sister is not so out of pure malice.

A woman always feels that the way to improave her husband's health is to make some change in the weight of his underwear.

It is only in books that a man loves a woman so much he would be willing to let some other man have her if it would make her happier.

Any Old Kind Goes.

Philadelphia Enquirer: Touching the subject of dirty money, all of us like clean money better than the other kind, and yet when did anyone ever hear people say they would have clean money or leave the change behind?

Back to the Old Reliable.

Chicago Chronicle: A fire like that which has destroyed an armory and hotel in Manhattan emphasizes the value of horses atached to fire engines. No automobile can make way through heaps of snow and over loose stones and hills of ice. The day of the horse is not ended.

Woodman, Spare the Trees.

Chicago Tribune: Editor J. Sterling Morton of the Conservative advertised recently for men to cut down trees on his farm, and now he is facing a storm of criticism from the Arbor day patriots. Has not the man who causes two trees to grow where only one grew before the right to cut a few down occasionally?

Let It Go at That.

Cleveland Leader: The statement of Ambassador White that the conduct of the German government during the Spanish-American war was all that the people of this country could desire, may be accepted as conclusive, for, as he says, he is "competent to express an opinion," having been in touch with that government for five years past.

The Hoodoo In Action.

Chicago Herald: In time, stopping at a New York hotel will be an act of heroism.

Comrades For a Time.

Kansas City Star: "The Star Spangled Banner" and "Die Wacht Am Rhein" are bound to get well acquainted within the next fortnight.

Beaten at Their Own Game.

Indianapolis Journal: After the "renovated" butter-makers had expended time and money to secure legislation hostile to the manufacture of oleomargarine the amendment to their bill requiring that all renovated butter should be so stamped has created widespread consternation in their ranks. The oleo industry is as beneficial to the country as is that of renovated butter, and for that reason should not be discriminated against.

Outward Sign of Peace.

Philadelphia Press: The war among the Daughters of the American Revolution will not be a very serious affair. None of the women use explosive powder.

No Gas Bag In the True Flying Machine

By Sir Hiram S. Maxim, the World Famous Inventor.

There are two factions of engineersinterested in the possibilities of aerial navigation. They are the men who seek to solve the problem with apparatuses lighter than the air and whose researches are necessarily limited because such constructions are at the complete mercy of the wind; and then there are men who believe that aerial navigation may be accomplished by apparatuses heavier than the air.

An ordinary balloon, which merely rises in the air and travels with the wind, is a simple apparatus; but an elongated balloon, provide with motive power, is delicate and fragile. As the apparatus is lighter than the air, it does not have to be provided with any outside lifting apparatus, which is a necessary part of a true flying machine.

When a balloon is once in the air, the aeronaut can stop or start, go fast or slow, and steer to the right or left without any danger of a sudden drop; but with a true flying machine the lifting effect must be produced by wings, blades or aeroplanes, which run over the air at a high rate of speed and raise themselves and the machine by pressing the air downward. With such an apparatus a high speed of the planes or blades is necessary; otherwise no lifting effect is produced, and as the apparatus is much heavier than the air, its natural tendency is always toward the earth, and any stoppage in the machinery must result in a fall.

The difficulty in producing a true flying machine is infinitely greater than that encountered in producing a dirigible balloon. Still, I believe that the dirigible balloon of the Santos-Dumont type will lead to the development of a true flying machine in which the gas bag will be eliminated.

There are many days in the year when the wind is blowing upward of twenty miles an hour at but a short distance above the earth. Admitting that a machine must travel through the air at the rate of thirty miles an hour in order not to be at the mercy of the wind, we should find that at such a speed 1000 pounds of aeroplane would lift quite as much as 1000 pounds of material in a balloon, and, moreover, the aeroplanes would require vastly less power to drive them through the air than the balloon, even admitting that a balloon could be made strong enough to stand a wind velocity of thirty miles an hour, which I doubt.

The new light petroleum and gasoline motors give off the power of a horse while having only the weight of a large barnyard fowl and the new frames of aluminium and magnesium have the tensile strength and stiffness of wrought iron. Thus the engineer has a light and powerful motor and a light and strong material quite unobtainable a few years ago.

With these it now becomes a comparatively easy matter to construct a true flying machine, and I feel certain that such machines will make their appearance inside of the next decade.

Educate the Negro

By Governor Miles B. McSweeney, of South Carolina.

Ignorance is the worst of diseases, and the state has the right to require that the children be brought up in such a way as to make the best possible citizens.

It is urged that the cost will be too great. The state is now spending more than a million dollars on the education of its children, and the proper position is that every child of school age should reap its share. But the greatest objection which is urged to compulsory education in the South is the ever-present negro and the fear that if he is educated he cannot be controlled. The fallacy of this argument is patent to every thoughtful man. It is a fact known and recognized that in this state at present, in proportion to the population of each, there are a great many more negro children than white receiving the education provided.

The negro is here to stay, and to educate him rightly will but teach him his position and be of benefit to him and to us. To leave him without an education is but to make him a tool in the hands of the designing and a curse to society. It is but suicidal not to require the white children of the state to attend the common schools for fear the negro children will receive the same advantages. This argument means that we should let the white children grow up in ignorance in order that the negro may not learn.

The Missing Link That We Need

By Senator Mark A. Hanna, of the Senate Naval Committee.

The importance of building up a merchant marine is said to be a hobby of mine. It is a hobby of mine, for I have seen the growing up of the industrial institutions in this country and the developments of our great resources; but I have not seen the merchant marine keeping pace with our other progress.

The question is of the very gravest importance. We have the trade, but we haven't got the transportation. There is a missing link between the producer and the foreign market. We pay annually $200,000,000 to have our wares carried to the markets for us. This is interest on a pretty large sum of money.

Now, the difference between the cost of building ships in this country and in Europe is the difference between American and foreign wages for merely the question of the difference between American and foreign labor. If it was the operation of the ships, we might put our hands in our pockets and pay that; but we have to contend with the difference in labor, the difference in operating expense, and, besides all that, the large subsidies given by foreign governments.

In a few years more we shall see the shipyards of the United States multiplied, and I trust we shall be able to compete with foreign nations in shipbuilding.

Don't spend all your money on warships. Give us a few merchant vessels. Give us something to protect. We ask a fair divide.

Cuba Face to Face With Ruin

By Governor General Leonard Wood, of Cuba.

Economic conditions existing in Cuba today threaten to bring ruin to her principal industries, sugar and tobacco, unless prompt and efficient relief is given. With the ruin of her two principal industries we must give up all hope of a stable government, for unless Cuba can sel her products at a reasonable profit it is obvious that their cultivation must cease, bringing idleness and hunger to her people.

We have established a reasonably efficient government in Cuba, with all those numerous adjuncts which pertain to a stable, civilized administration, such as schools, courts, sanitation, public works, etc. The outlay for the maintenance of these necessary adjuncts to the government is necessarily large, and the revenues therfor are derived principally from materials purchased in exchange for the sugar and tobacco.

These great industries are now in a most critical conditon, especially sugar, which is being sold at a price less than the cost of production.

The planter must grind his cane even at a moderate loss, for his entire fortune is in the fields and is liable to be swept away by fire or to deteriorate from the effects of the elements.

It can be safely stated that the average cost of production of sugar throughout the island is not less than 2 cents per pound. By production is meant the production and the grinding of the cane, sacking and shipping of the sugar and placing it alongside ship, at which point it is sold. The present selling price is approximately 1.6 cents per pound, or $4.84 per sack. The cost of production is on an average $6 per sack, and the average loss today at the present prices runs from $1.20 per sack where conditons are more favorable, such as short freight haul, less lighter charges, etc.

The duty per sack is $5.04. A reduction of 33 1-3 per cent of this duty will give a reduction of $1.68 per sack, which, added to the average selling price of $4.80 per sack, gives $6.48, or an average profit of 48 cents on each 300 pounds of sugar produced. It is believed when all the contingencies are considered that such a moderate profitis as little as should be contemplated, and the 33 1-3 per cent should be the minmum reduction granted.

The people of this island have done all it is possible for the people to do. They have maintained their credit despite the burden of mortgage and debt hanging over them, but they have reached their limit.

The present prices of sugar are lower than ever before known. The overproduction of bounty-fed sugars has been the principal cause of this condition, and, as prices are today, Cuba, without any bounty (which it is impossible to grant) and without any tariff reduction, is forced to compete with sugars proctected by a high bounty and American sugars protected by a tariff which is prohibitive.

Each day of delay in giving relief is dangerous. When once the crash comes relief will be of little value except to the speculator, who may gather up the wrecks here; the people of the country, who have virtually reconstructed it in three years, will be ruined, and we shall have to step in and reoccupy the country or continue in occupation and do over again the work which we have spent thousands of lives and much treasure in doing up to date. The situation demands relief, and it should be immediate and liberal.

IN SOCIAL CIRCLES

The program of the Matinee Musicale Monday afternoon was confined to selections from American composers. It was arranged by Mrs. Fred Bremer Clark and Mrs. Rufus H. Draper. Mrs. Clark gave an instructive address along the line of musical development in America. Among those taking part in the program were Mrs. McLean, Mrs. Wilson G. Crosby, Miss Moulton and Cyril Tyler. The last number of the program was "Captive Memories," by Ethelbert Nevin, performed by Mrs. James Goggie, Miss Bagley, Miss West, Cyril Tyler and Roy Frytz, with Mrs. Hoelscher at the piano.

An event toward which the Duluth music lovers are looking forward with a great deal of pleasure is the coming in April of Madame Schumann-Heinck, the famous contralto, who will sing in Duluth some time in April, under the auspices of the Matinee Musicale.

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A party of Duluthians left Thursday in a private car, attached to the Omaha limited, for a trip through the South lasting about four weeks. Among the cities that will be visited are Asheville, Chattanooga, Louisville, New Orleans, Tampa, Miami and other Florida coast points. The party was comprised of the following:

Messrs. and Mesdames—
W. B. Silvey. W. J. Olcott,
Howard Abbott, C. H. Munger.

• • •

Mrs. W. H. Jacobs and son, of Minneapolis, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. O. F. Conrad, of 309 West Fourth street.

• • •

Mrs. John Lee, of Ely, has returned to her home after a visit with her sister, Mrs. C. E. Thompson.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Ward left yesterday for a trip to the Pacific coast.

• • •

Mrs. J. D. Jewett has returned from Muskegon, Mich., where she was called by the sickness and death of her sister, Miss Mabel McGinnis.

• • •

The juniors' banquet at the Y. M. C. A. hall last evening was attended by 125 boys, whose ages ranged from 10 to 15 years. In the absence of John Miller, chairman of the board of directors, Alderman W. S. Moore acted as toastmaster. The affair was a very delightful one, and it is probable that the banquet will be held annually hereafter.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Peyton and Miss Josephine Peyton, of Duluth, were among the passengers leaving the Dominion line steamship Commonwealth at Naples today.

• • •

Miss Myrtle E. Dade, of Rock Island, Ill., is the guest of Mrs. E. W. Dibbell, of Bay View Heights.

• • •

Mrs. Thomas will have charge of the program at Tuesday evening's meeting of the bishop's club, the subject being "Ravenna." The program is as follows:

Religious reading .....
Miss Gertrude Knauf.
"History of Revenna; Tomb of Dante"
Mrs. Thomas.
"Art and Architecture" .....
Miss Lydia Polfer.
Reading from Dante .....
Miss Winnifred Kilioran.
Current events .....
Mrs. Corcoran.
Reading—Selected .....
Miss Anna Knauf.

• • •

Misses Margaret and Jeanie Healy went to Minneapolis this morning to spend two weeks with friends in that city.

• • •

The Young Ladies' Card club meeting, which was to have been held Monday afternoon with Mrs. Rufus H. Draper, has been postponed to March 17.

• • •

Tuesday Mrs. C. Broman entertained a large party at luncheon.

• • •

The Twentieth Century club program for the coming week is as follows:

Monday, at 10 a. m., parliamentary law class.

Monday, at 8 p. m., monthly reunion and social.

Wednesday, at 2:30 p. m., current events class.

Wednesday, at 3 o'clock, English literature class.

Wednesday, at 8 p. m., physical culture class at Sixth Avenue theater.

All club members and friends are cordially invited to attend the social on Monday evening. Each one attending is expected to come with something about them representing the title of a book, not a character. A prize will be given for the best representation. Mrs. H. C. Marshall will give the paper read at the recent midwinter meeting of the state federation. Light refreshments will be served by the ladies of the social committee.

At the Thursday morning Shakespeare class "A Midsummer Night's Dream" was the play studied. The remaining meetings of the club year will be given up to the same play.

The Tuesday travel class had a most interesting afternoon in China. Papers were read by Mrs. Laybourn, Mrs. Tinkham and Mrs. Merritt. Many beautiful specimens of Chinese handiwork were shown. The next meeting will be held on Tuesday, March 11. "China" will again be the subject. In addition to the usual papers, Dr. S. P. Long will talk on "The Women of the Orient." Any one wishing to join the class and not already a club member may apply at the time of meeting. India will be the next country visited, when Dr. W. G. Goffe, who has traveled extensively through this country, will be the speaker. This meeting will be March 18.

Henry F. Greene will, on Wednesday afternoon, speak to the English literature class.

Mrs. Marshall will give the subject.

• • •

The Lester Park Literary club will meet Tuesday afternoon with Mrs. John Powell, Jr. The subject for the day will be "Latin Literature." Leader, Mrs. Leland Arbogast.

At the last meeting which was held at the home of Mrs. Albertson, Mrs. Marble was present and gave a very interesting review of the work accomplished by the Minnesota State Federation of Women's Clubs and also a pretty description of the Federated luncheon held Feb. 12 at Minneapolis.

• • •

Wednesday evening Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Arbogast will entertain friends and members of the Lester Park Literary club at their home, 5429 Oneida street. They will be assisted by Rev. and Mrs. Powell, Dr. and Mrs. Storer and Mr. and Mrs. Joerns.

• • •

The pupils of Mrs. D. H. Day will give a recital this evening at Temple recital hall, assisted by Mrs. James McAuliffe. It is given for Miss Maud Draper, who is going to Spokane to live. The following is the program:

Duet—"Mermaid's Song" ..... Weber
Melville Silvey and Mrs. Day.
"Birthday March" ..... Schwalm
May Jeffrey.
"The Ball" ..... Ludovic
Margaret McKindley.
"On the Meadow" ..... Lange
Judith Hartley.
"The Village Blacksmith" ..... Heins
Marjorie May Harrison.
"Tulip" ..... Lichner
Grace Parker.
"Children's Party" ..... Kullak
Mary Frick.
Allegro from "Sonatina" ..... Schytte
Marie d'Autremont.
Duet—"Reaper's Song" .....d'Orville
Julia Morrow and Mrs. Day.
Allegro from "Sonatina" ..... Kullau
Ruth Maginnis.

• • •

A musical event of the coming week that is of more than ordinary interest is the Lullaby concert, which will be held in the Pilgrim Congregational church Monday evening, March 3. The lullabies of different nations will be sung in costume. The following program has been arranged:

"Virginia's Lullaby" .....
Miss Clara Hector.
Japanese Lullaby ..... Dekoven
Mrs. R. L. Knebel.
Recitation—"Mamma's Lil Boy" .....
Mrs. C. d'Autremont.
Irish Lullaby—"Husheen" .....
Alice Adelaide Needham
Justina Shannon Black.
"German Lullaby" .....
Mrs. R. L. Knebel.
"American Darkey Lullaby" .....
Miss Clara Hector.
English lullaby—"Bye-Lo to Babyland" ..... Gage
Mrs. Barryman.
Recitation—"For the Slumber Island"
Mrs. C. d'Autremont.
Lulaby from "Jocelyn" ..... Godard
Mrs. R. L. Knebel
Justina Shannon Black.
Miss Carlotta Simonds, accompanist.

• • •

Mrs. W. H. Konker and two sons, of Allen, Minn., were the guests of Duluth friends last Sunday.

• • •

Mrs. S. W. Hill and daughter have returned from Bay City, where they were called by the sickness of a relative.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Phillips are in the East.

• • •

Mrs. C. E. Shepherd left Wednesday for a visit at Owosso, Mich.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Haines returned Tuesday morning from a trip in the East.

• • •

Mrs. L. D. Kitchell has returned from a visit at Indianapolis.

• • •

Mrs. S. S. Brown is visiting friends in Michigan.

• • •

Capt. T. H. Pressnell has returned from a two weeks' vacation trip in the southern part of the state.

• • •

Paul Gilbert, assistant secretary of the local Y. M. C. A., has gone to Toronto, Canada, to attend a missionary conference.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. P. McDonnell, of this city, are guests of the Park hotel, at Hot Springs, Ark.

• • •

Mrs. Jennie Brandt is visiting in the East.

• • •

"The 'Zenith Brand' Dramatic Outfit," an organization composed mostly of Marshall-Wells Hardware company employes, will present, at the Lyceum, some time during the first week in April, Brandon Thomas' three-act farce comedy, "Charley's Aunt." It is to be given under the auspices of the employes of the Marshall-Wells Hardware company for the benefit of Seth Parker, a former employe, now in Chicago, undergoing treatment for a spinal affliction from which he has suffered for a number of years, and the widow and children of the late William Frink, until the time of his decease one of the oldest employes of the aforesaid company, and also of its predecessors.

The play will be presented as originally intended by its author, with the exception of the first and third acts, which have been altered to admit appropriate musical numbers. Through the kindness of the authors and holders of the copyright, the "Outfit" has secured a number of selections from the latest musical success, "The Chaperones," which will be entirely new to the majority if not all of the people of Duluth.

Every possible effort is being made to give the patrons of this play an up-to-date production, and it is believed they will not be disappointed Followign is the cast of characters.

Stephen Spettigue, solicitor of Oxford .....Fred R. LeRoy
Col. Sir Francis Chesney, late of Indian service .....Walter Gunnis
Jack Chesney, Charley Wychom, Lord Fancourt Babberly.....
Arnold S. Wakeman, Charles O. Brown, Leslie T. Hubbell.
Under-graduates of St. Olde college, Oxford—
Brassett, college scout..Charles A. Wing
Donna Lucia D'Alvaloroz, from Brazil .....Miss Marion Metcalf
Kitty Vedrum, Spettigue's ward.....Miss Laura Frankenfield
Miss Amy Spettigue, Spettigue's niece .....Miss Jean Frankenfield
Ella Delahay .....Miss Edna E. Cargill

SYNOPSIS.

Time—Present. Commemoration week Oxford.
Act I.—Jack Chesney's rooms in the college.
Act II.—Garden outside Jack's room.
Act III.—Drawing room in Spettigue's house.

• • •

Flaaten's orchestra will give a concert tomorrow afternoon at the Armory. The feature will be a novelty. Miss Maude Pratt Crane, a whistler, will be the soloist. The program is as follows:

March—"Prince Henry" ..... Unrath
Overture—"William Tell" .....Rossini
Whistling solo—"On the Wing" .....
..... Fred Herz
Miss Maude Pratt Crane.
a. Caprice—"A Lesson in Flirtation" .....
..... Englander
b. "Spanish Fantasia" ..... Frades
Entr'acte et Valse from Ballet "Coppe'lia" ..... Delibes
Whistling solo—"Shut Your Eyes" ..Barge
Miss Maude Pratt Crane.
Grand selection from "Tannhauser" .....
..... Wagner

• • •

Horace McCord, of Eau Claire, Wis., was visiting over last Sunday with Mrs. McCord, who is a guest of Mrs. George Waite.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. F. D. Adams reached the city Tuesday, after their bridal trip through the South, and are now at home at Glen Avon.

• • •

The Chicago papers have announced the marriage of Mrs. Anna McIver Brisbine, formerly society editor of the Duluth News Tribune, to George Francis Kerr, of New York. The wedding took place in New York, where the bride has been living for the past two years. She lived here in 1892 and 1893, her brother, Frank McIver, being the manager of the old Duluth Dry Goods company. Mr. and Mrs. Kerr will reside at 49 West Thirty-second street, New York.

• • •

A surprise party was tendered Mr. and Mrs. I. Lieberman, of 315 West Fourth street, Sunday evening, by a number of their friends. Those present were:

Messrs. and Mesdames—
J. Orreckovsky, H. Caplo,
L. Polinsky, S. Cassmir,
N. Cohen, L. Lieberman,
H. Woller, S. Rubloff, of
N. Dandeko, Virginia.
L. Cohen,
Misses—
Rosa Rosenberg, Polinsky,
St. Paul; Eve Polinsky.
Cohen,
Messrs.
H. Rubloff, M. Cohen,
H. Cornfield, S. Lavick, of
of Minneapolis; Chicago.

• • •

Mrs. Mary Van Houten, of Chicago, formerly Miss Mary Kennedy, of Duluth, was united in marriage Saturday evening to Albert P. McKanna, of West Superior. The marriage was performed at the parsonage of the First Presbyterian church of this city, by the pastor, Rev. Alexander Milne. The ceremony was witnessed by only a few of the intimate friends of the bride and groom. Mr. and Mrs. McKanna will make their home in West Superior.

• • •

Miss Freda Johnson, of 601 Garfield avenue, entertained a number of her friends Wednesday evening. The time was pleasantly spent with games and music, the latter being furnished by the Venstelldroch orchestra. Covers were laid for sixteen at the luncheon. Those present were:

Misses—
Johnson, Anderson,
Kolbroth, Jones,
Maby, Bellant, of
Shuby, Sheboygan, Mich
Messrs.—
Stevens, Martel,
Ahldroth, Johnson,
Feil, Blacktop,
Walker, Davis.

• • •

A pretty wedding ceremony was performed Wednesday evening at the Asbury M. E. church in West Duluth. The contracting parties were Miss Edith Smith, of Fifty-fourth avenue west, and William Wright, both well-known young people of that portion of the city. The latter was a member of the Fourteenth Minnesota volunteers and served during the Leech Lake Indian troubles. Rev. W. E. Loomis, the pastor, performed the ceremony at 8:30 o'clock, the church being filled to the doors with the friends of the bridal couple. A bridal supper was served at the home of the groom's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Wright, at 6 o'clock in the afternoon. Mr. and Mrs. Wright left on a late train Wednesday evening for a wedding trip, and on their return will be at home on Twentieth avenue west.

• • •

The privates of Company C gave a pleasant smoker and entertainment after drill Wednesday evening for the officers and non-commissioned officers of the company. Samuel Pickett acted as toastmaster and filled the place admirably. The entertainment included athletic sports, singing and instrumental music. Speeches were made by various of the guests and many others told stories.

• • •

Mrs. Peter McAlpine is visiting friends in the Twin Cities.

• • •

Mrs. Crosier left this week for a visit in Denver, Col.

• • •

Mrs. J. J. Lauermann entertained about forty ladies of the St. Anthony's Charitable association Tuesday afternoon.

• • •

Miss Clara E. Towner, of 6205 Wadena street, was pleasantly surprised by a party of her friends Wednesday evening, the event being in honor of her eighteenth birthday anniversary. At the close of the evening Miss Towner was presented with a handsome token of remembrance from her friends. Those present were:

Messrs. and Mesdames—
J. F. Watson, G. A. Toor,
Sorenson, W. Towner.
C. W. Towner,
Mesdames—
Remfrey, Belanger.
Misses—
Loota Hoyt, Ethel Remfrey,
Katie McBeth, Louise Remfrey,
Louise Ingerbretson, Ellen Remfrey,
Mary McMillan, Lutella Buck,
Clara Towner.
Messrs.—
Oliver Olson, Ralph Green,
James Richie, Joseph Gardiner.
Charles Towner,

• • •

Miss Blanch Pierson has returned from a visit in the southern part of the state.

• • •

Miss Blanch Filiatrault is visiting relatives in St. Paul.

• • •

Miss Mildred Boerner left this week for an extended visit with relatives at Sault Ste. Marie, Canada.

• • •

Miss Delia Day is visiting relatives in the Twin Cities.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Carroll, of Woodland pleasantly entertained her friends Wednesday evening in honor of Miss Rose Gese. Cards were played and refreshments were served. Mrs. Caroline Dryor won the ladies' first prize, Mrs. Smith the ladies' declare and Mrs. McDougall consolation. The gentlemen's prizes were won by Mr. Warner, Mr. Smith and W. J. Moran.

• • •

Mrs. F. O. Harris, of East Fourth street, entertained Tuesday afternoon in honor of Mrs. W. F. Draper, who will leave soon for Spokane, Wash., to make her home there. It was in the nature of a surprise, Mrs. Draper being invited to spend the afternoon with Mrs. Harris and, upon arriving, finding a large number of her friends there. The afternoon was spent very pleasantly, and Mrs. Draper was presented with a handsome piece of cut glass as a parting souvenir.

STOCKHOLDERS MEET.

Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River Road Interests Confer.

Meetings were held yesterday afternoon by the stockholders of the Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River road, and the directors and stockholders of the Minnesota Land & Construction company, the same men controlling the two corporations.

The stockholders of the road met to go over the construction work already accomplishing in pushing the road toward Koochiching. The road is graded for twenty miles out of Virginia and steel has been laid for ten miles. The steel for the other ten miles has been delayed but is now being rolled at the mills in the East.

The new road has already made connections with the Duluth, Missabe & Northern road and the Eastern Minnesota road, at Virginia, and will probably make connections at the same place with the Duluth & Iron Range road.

The directors of the Minnesota Land & Construction company elected the following officers for the coming year: President, J. L. Washburn; vice president, H. L. Levy, of Eau Claire, Wis.; treasurer, W. K. Coffin, of Eau Claire; secretary, J. F. Walsh.

"77"

[SPECIAL CABLE FROM LONDON.]

London, Saturday.—"London and, in fact, many parts of England, are again in the grip of influenza. Medical observers says this influenza epidemic, like the first one, originated in Southern Russia, traveling across Europe and leaving a terrible record of death or disablement in its train."

All serious epidemics of Grip have traveled rapidly westward, and this epidemic can be expected here before the first of March. Prepare yourself by carrying in your pocket a bottle of "77," Dr. Humphreys' Celebrated Grip and Cold Cure. Taken early, cuts is short promptly. "77" breaks up stubborn Colds that hang on and prevents Pneumonia. At Druggists, 25c., or mailed.

Humphreys' Med. Co. 61 John Street, New York.

GRIP

A BANQUET

Juniors of the Y. M. C. A. Are Given a Fine Feast.

More than six score boys sat down last evening in the hall at the Young Men's Christian association building to participate in the first annual junior banquet, given to the lads between the ages of 10 and 15 years connected with the association.

The tables, arranged in the Roman fashion, were laden with such variety of good things as made the youngsters' mouths water with anticipation as they trooped into the hall at the banquet hour, 7 o'clock, and took their seats.

The Ladies' Auxiliary furnished the materials and served the supper, and they were kept busy keeping up with the importunate demands of 125 hungry banqueters, who displayed the traditional appetites which boys under 15 years are always supposed to have.

At the conclusion of the banquet there were toasts. Watson S. Moore, vice president of the association, acted as toastmaster.

H. C. Fulton spoke of "The Men of Tomorrow," and his remarks were calculated to awaken the minds of his young hearers to the responsibilities which will soon come to them with maturity.

Rev. Alexander Milne responded to the subject: "That Boy." He spoke in a happy vein, interspersing his remarks with humorous anecdotes and incidents which caught the fancy and held the attention of his hearers. Beneath this humor, however, there was a vein of thought which could not but teach those young minds to recognize what are the better traits of boy nature, and to give them an impetus to cultivate such better traits.

"Juniors" was the subject assigned to Phil Bevis, and he explained the junior work which the association here and elsewhere is carrying forward. He told the boys what the association desired for them, and pointed out to them that they were under certain reciprocal obligations to the organization which furnishes them with games and amusements.

J. G. Hammond, physical director, spoke on "The Gym," telling of the benefits possible to derive from physical exercise, and the absolute necessity for some form of exercise in the interest of health.

Preceding the banquet there was a match game of basket ball between the teams of the high school and the grade schools, which aroused the enthusiasm of the lads to a high degree. The high school team, as was expected, showed superior form, and won out by a final score of 15 to 3.

Duluth Wholesale Supply Company
114 West Michigan Street.
We sell Groceries direct to hotels restaurants and large consumers at wholesale prices.

THE GRIP AGAIN

THE DANGEROUS EPIDEMIC HAS MADE ANOTHER APPEARANCE.

Hundreds of New Victims Added to Its List—A Suggestion as to How to Guard Against it and Its After-Effects.

Every year upon the approach of spring the grip makes its appearance. Once every few years it spreads and assumes alarming proportions. From all appearances this is one of the years in which it will seize upon a great number of victims, for every day new cases are reported.

As in scarlet and typhoid fever, the after-effects of grip are often worse than the disease itself. The sufferer is left with a debilitated system, short of breath upon the slightest exertion, affected by every change of the weather and in a physical condition to invite the attack of the many diseases induced by the inclement weather of early spring.

A timely suggestion as to how to enable the system to resist the inroads of grip and its after-effects is given by Mrs. Mary E. Chase, an operator in a shoe factory, living at No. 2775 Washington street, Roxbury district, Boston, Mass. She says:

"I had an attack of the grip in 1898 which left me in such a weak condition that I became afflicted with a complication of other troubles. I suffered from nervous dyspepsia and a disease peculiar to my sex. There was a bad feeling in my head, yet it was not headache. I took cold easily and had periodical spells of nausea. I would faint frequently, and was completely run down in every way. I tried several doctors, and took various remedies, but without favorable results.

"Finally a friend, who had taken them herself, advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I did so, and was feeling better when I had taken one box of the pills. I continued in the use of the pills until I had taken six boxes and they made me well and strong.

"I have recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to quite a number of people as a cure for constipation and to help them get good blood. I know, by personal experience, that they will give wonderful results."

It is of the utmost importance to your health if you have suffered from the grip, that you should cleanse the system of the lingering germs and put it in condition to resist and ward off disease.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are valuable in cases like the above because of the double action—on the nerves and on the blood, a feature in which they are unlike any other medicine. For this reason they cannot be successfully imitated, so do not let any dealer palm off an inferior article on you. The genuine pills are never sold in loose bulk, but always in packages and the well-known trademark on the wrapepr is your guarantee that the contents are genuine.

There are few diseases due to impoverished blood or weakened nerves that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will not benefit. Some of the cures effected are almost miraculous. If you are suffering and ordinary treatment fails to relieve you, send your name and address, together with a brief description of your case, to the Dr. Williams Medicine company, Schenectady, N. Y. If the remedy has not cured cases like yours it will not be recommended to you. The pills will be sent by mail, if desired, postpaid, on receipt of price, fifty cents per box; six boxes for two dollars and a half.

SUCCESS ASSURED

Active Steps Taken Toward Establishment of Commercial Club.

Organization Meeting Attended By City's Best Business Men.

Enough tangible progress was made last night to place the new Commercial club securely on its feet with a membership of 207. In spite of the bad weather, the space in front of the sacred aldermanic semi-circle in the council chamber was filled with men who are regarded as the best representatives of the commercial interests of the city. A committee was appointed to obtain a charter and perfect preliminary organization, another to look up locations for the club rooms and a third to push soliciting of memberships.

After the meeting had organized with F. A. Patrick in the chair, and W. P. Lardner as secretary, the report of the committee that had been investigating the subject was read. This report advised that the initiation and dues be placed as low as possible in the interest of a large and effective membership; that the club rooms should be on Superior street within two blocks of Third avenue west, and that unusual care should be used in selecting a secretary, who would not only be popular, but a business man.

When the draft which the committee proposed as a basis for the articles of incorporation was read, an extended discussion began as to the figure at which the annual dues should be fixed.

M. S. Burrows struck the keynote of the controversy when he said that he had lived in Duluth eighteen years and had seen a number of such organizations fall by the wayside because they were not financed properly. He was inclined to question whether $18 a year would provide sufficient income for meeting the expenses of such a club with the membership that could be obtained in a city of this size. Mr. Burrows asked for information as to the estimates of the committee and as to what the other organizations were doing in the same way.

Mr. Rust answered that the committee expected that the club would have to pay about $4000 a year rent and $1500 to $1900 a year salary for a secretary. It was thought that a cafe and buffet would be about self-sustaining. The committee had figured on a minimum membership of at least 400.

Mr. Burrows expressed the opinion that the club would not be able to buy the brains that a competent secretary should have for $1800 a year.

The discussion brought out from various sources that the membership of the Minneapolis Commercial club was 900, with about 200 on the waiting list; that the annual dues were $20; that the cafe and buffet were a little more than self-sustaining, and that the income derived was ample to maintain the organization.

E. L. Millar argued that the dues should be placed high enough, but that in making them adequate for income-raising purposes, it should be seen that they should not be placed so high as to keep out a desirable lot of members. For instance, he held that 600 members at $18 would be much better for the club in every way than 400 members at $25.

G. H. Crosby said he knew of a man who would erect a building and provide one floor, 50 by 140 feet, as quarters for the club for $2000 a year.

The discussion of the proper figure at which to fix the annual dues became so general and took such a wide range that at one time it seemed likely to impede further progress in organization.

F. A. Teall, who is a member of a committee appointed by the Elks' lodge to investigate plans for starting a club room, should the Commercial club project not have succeeded, came in at the crisis with a suggestion that the provisions as to dues in the articles of incorporation be limited to $25 or less.

The discussion was engaged in by J. C. Hunter, J. A. Ferguson, Ross Mahon, H. H. Knudson and others.

Oscar Mitchell had prepared the draft for the articles of incorporation, and numerous legal questions were propounded that were stumpers for the committee that had the draft prepared. The only way of escape without losing the progress already made, seemed to be to leave the preparation of articles of incorporation in the hands of a committee and this was done. This committee will constitute the first board of directors, who will hold office until organization is effected and a new board is elected. The committee is composed of F. A. Patrick, M. S. Burrows, E. L. Millar, F. A. Teall, C. E. Bassett, W. R. Peyton, C. R. Rust, Alex McDougall, H. E. Smith and W. P. Lardner.

The names of those that had already subscribed for memberships, were read and footed up as 152. Subscriptions to the membership were then received, and the total brought up to 207.

George W. Welles, M. M. Gasser and J. A. Ferguson were appointed a committee to investigate prospective locations and report at the next meeting, which is to be held on the call of Chairman Patrick.

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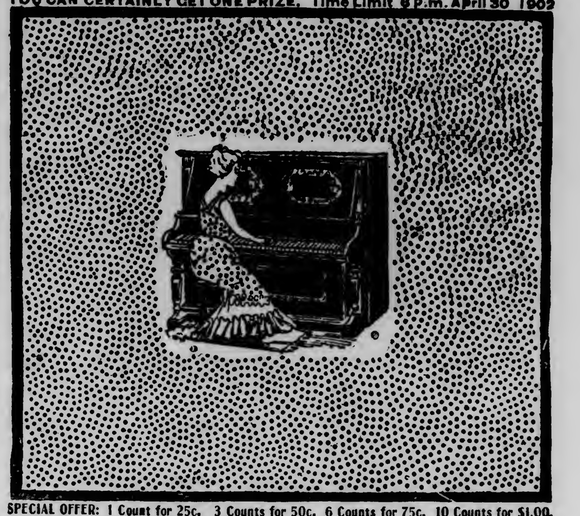
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The one who guesses the correct number of dots in this puzzle will receive an Elegant Piano, packed and delivered FREE on board cars, St. Paul, Minn.

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Count Slowly and Accurately. It is worth your time for you are very liable to WIN one of the 101 Prizes. The Piano has been turned over to the State Bank of St. Paul and they will see that it is delivered to the winner. Every one is entitled to a registered count on receipt of each 25 cents sent for one year's subscription to the Mail Order Monthly Magazine, a publication adapted for both young and old, containing much valuable information, Bright Satings, Able Editorials, A Children's Page, Women's Page, Farmer's Page, Page for the Travelling Public, and Interesting Stories. Get up a Club of Ten and each one agree to divide his prize with the other nine. This will give you ten chances to win a prize.

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J. C. JENSEN, Cashier State Bank of St. Paul, Capital $100,000.00.
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THE GRAIN MARKETS

Wheat Ruled Rather Dull and Prices Declined Slightly.

Cables Lower and Rains Had a Bearish Effect.

Flax Was Fairly Active and Made An Advance.

Duluth Board of Trade, March 1.—The wheat market was dull and inclined to weakness today, closing with a net decline of ⅜c both here and at Chicago for the May option. The cables showed a decline at Liverpool, and the rains in part of the winter wheat region were regarded as bearish, but the Southwest is still dry and the fact kept the price from declining much.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 358 cars, and at Chicago, 24, a total of 382 cars, against 361 last year.

The Liverpool market closed ¼d lower. Paris was unchanged.

Primary receipts were 542,000 bus; last year, 520,000. Shipments, 160,000 bus; last year, 240,000. Clearances of wheat and flour were small. Bradstreet reports exports for the week of 2,234,000 barrels; last week, 2,260,000; last year, 3,223,000.

There was much activity in oats in Chicago, the market selling up to 46½c, and closing ⅛-⅜c up at 44⅞-45c. Corn declined ⅝-⅞c. Primary receipts of corn were 301,000 bus; last year, 770,000 bus. Shipments, 220,000 bus, last year, 306,000 bus. Clearances were 57,000 bus.

Trading in wheat on the Duluth board was slow. The market opened unchanged at 75½c, and sold at 75⅝c, and 75¼c up to 11:38, when it fell to 75¼c. The close was at 75¼c, a decline of ⅜c. Chicago declined the same and Minneapolis, ¼-⅜c.

Cash sales were 10,000 bus, and prices continued 1c to 1½c under May for No. 1 northern, 1c under for No. 2, and 3c under for No. 3.

Flax was fairly active; May opened ½c up at $1.68, fell to $1.67¾, rallied to $1.67½ and finally closed ½c up at $1.68. To arrive seed advanced 1½c. Corn was off 1c.

Following were the closing prices on the Duluth board:

Wheat—Cash, No. 1 hard, 76⅝c; No. 1 northern, 75⅝c; No. 2 northern, 71⅞c; No. 3 spring, 69¼c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 76⅝c; No. 1 northern, 75⅝c; May, 75¼c; July, 76¼c. Manitoba, No. 1 northern, 71⅞c; May, 75⅜c; No. 2 northern, 68¼c. Rye, 54½c. Barley, 49@58c. Flax, to arrive, $1.66½; cash, $1.65; May, $1.68. Corn, 60½c. Cars inspected—Wheat, 71; last year, 61; oats, 2; barley, 3; flax, 5. Receipts—Wheat, 123,565 bus; barley, 216 bus; flax, 27,159 bus. Shipments—Corn, 6303 bus; flax, 5418 bus.

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WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
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SALES SATURDAY.

No. 1 hard wheat, 1 car $0.76⅜
No. 1 northern, 7 cars 74
No. 1 northern, 10,000 bus 74
No. 1 northern, 2 cars 73¾
No. 1 northern, 1,000 bus 73⅞
No. 2 northern, 2 cars 72
No. 2 northern, 1 car 71½
No. 2 northern, 3 cars 71¼
Rejected, 1 car 67¼
No grade, 1 car 66½
Barley, 1 car 55
Flax, 1 car cash 1.64½
Flax, 1 car cash 1.65½

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

May Wheat Fluctuates But With Firm Feeling.

Chicago, March 1.—May wheat opened a shade higher to a shade lower at 77c to 76⅞c. The fluctuations early were narrow and the feeling somewhat firm. There was some good commission house buying at the start on the prospects of colder weather. Cables were only fairly firm and the local crowd subjected the pit to a drive on the bearish influences of the rains. The Southwest still is dry and that kept the market fairly strong, so that though May sagged to 76⅝c it easily worked back to 76⅞@77c. Local receipts were 24 cars, none of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 358 cars making a total for the three points of 382 cars, against 361 last year.

Sentiment in wheat later turned bearish with the weakening of corn and there was a fair amount of liquidation. May sold off to 76⅛c and closed easy ⅝c lower at 76⅛@⅜c.

Corn opened firm on good buying by the Southwest and on covering. The cables were only steady but the wet weather still threatened a breaking up of country travel. There was no pressure to sell. May opened 1@1¼c up to a shade lower at 62⅝c to 62¾c, eased off to 62½c and then reacted to 62¾@¾c. The flurry in oats had a bullish effect. Receipts were 294 cars.

On the good early buying May corn sold at 62¾c, but profit taking on a liberal scale turned the market. Selling ensued and May slid off to 61⅞@⅝c, closing weak, ¾@⅞c lower at 61⅜c.

May oats were in very good demand. The pit was nervous and prices shot upward. Fluctuations were wide and the crowd covered and bought on the prospects of the leading long holders shipping out contract oats. May opened ⅛c to 1⅛c higher at 44⅜c to 45c, eased during a lull to 44⅝@⅔c and then shot up to 46½c, all within an hour's trading. Receipts, 94 cars.

The high prices in oats were short lived. After the early scare which had as its initial factor the fear that the big buyers were forcing values prior to the government report on March 10, May quieted and fell back. Trade was very heavy for a time and 400,000 bus were bought by one firm at 46½c. The selling that followed pressed May back to 44½c. The close was firm, May ⅝c higher at 45⅝c.

Provisions were higher on lighter hog receipts and better prices at the yards. Commission houses bought and covering influenced small advances. May pork opened 2½c to 10c up at $15.50 to $15.57½; May lard 2½c to 5c higher at $9.40 to $9.42½ and May ribs 2½c higher at $8.45 and eased to $8.42½@8.45.

Close: Wheat—March, 74¼c; May, 76⅛@⅜c; July, 76⅝@77c; September, 76c. Corn—March, 59¾c; May, 61¾c; July, 61c; September, 59¼c; December, 48c. Oats—March, 43⅞c; May, 44⅞@45c; July, 36@⅜c; September, 30¼c. Pork—March, $15.25; May, $15.45; July, $15.90. Lard—March, $9.17½; May, $9.37½; July, $9.50; September, $9.60. Ribs—March, $8.35; May, $8.35@8.37½; July, $8.47½; September, $8.60. Flax, cash, Northwestern, $1.68; Southwestern, $1.63; May, $1.68. Rye—March, 57c; May, 58@⅝c; July, 58@⅝c. Barley—Cash, 68@⅝c. Timothy—March, $6.40. Clover—March, $8.90. Cash: Wheat—No. 2 red, 81¾@82¾c; No. 3 red, 73¾@81¾c; No. 2 hard winter, 75¾@76¾c; No. 3 hard winter, 74¾@76¾c; No. 1 northern spring, 76¾@78¾c; No. 2 northern spring, 75@76¾c. No. 3 spring, 71@75c. Corn—No. 3, 58@59¼c. Oats—No. 2, 44½@45c; No. 3, 44@44½c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Omaha wires.—"The outlook for wheat in this section is exceedingly poor; no moisture of any kind. The country is very dry and the wind blowing a gale. It is almost impossible to see. With the best weather conditions from now on a small percentage of the area sown will come out all right, but it is conceded by all that by far the major portion of wheat sown is damaged beyond recovery."

• • •

The weather map this morning shows in the extreme North and Northwest a partly cloudy condition with lower temperatures. In the Northwest it is snowing generally in Minnesota and South Dakota. Condition cloudy with lower temperatures 5 to 18 above. In the West and Southwest it is generally clear with slightly lower temperature, 20 to 40 above. General snows or rains reported in all sections except Oklahoma, Kansas and Texas. In the Ohio valley rains are reported in some sections, temperature moderate.

• • •

N. H. Perrin, Chicago.—Cables reflect but little strength. Our market continues to be flooded with damage reports from Oklahoma and Kansas. Some are very sensational and are having effect. No signs of severe cold weather and light snow is falling in Southwest. It will be a nervous weather market for some time. Buy on breaks and take small profits. A bearish feature is weakness in foreign markets.

• • •

Bradstreets exports of wheat and flour from July 1 to date, increase 45,615,000 bus. Corn, decrease, 108,563,000 bus.

• • •

W. H. Laidley, Chicago.—Kansas City advices from South Kansas and Oklahoma are as bad as they can be. Damages range from 30 to 80 per cent. Central Kansas farmers clai m30 to 50 per cent of wheat badly damaged. St. Joe, Kansas, writes that farmers report 50 per cent damage to growing wheat. Guess there is no doubt wheat is badly damaged.

• • •

A. H. Farnum, Chicago: Wheat is steady. Trade is moderate. The local element is always slow to believe crop damage reports and this time is no exception, and a good many consider present prices high enough. The demand is not very active. If the Southwest should get a good rain it would break prices some.

• • •

A. H. Farnum's Chicago morning gossip: Wheat—We are pretty sure to have a stream of complaints here today about the condition of wheat in the Southwest. Our own people in Kansas, some of whom have gone down in Oklahoma to see the situation for themselves, advise us the situation is very serious. That section got no rain last night.

Corn—Receipts are likely to be some larger next week. There was enough selling yesterday to give the market a good test and it showed a good deal of strength.

Oats—We have 450,000 bus contract oats in store here. It looks as though they would be moved East. This probably had something to do with the advance of 1½c per bus yesterday. Receipts here in February have only been a third of what they were last year. The market is in a peculiar position; one man now owns more oats than can be easily delivered, and No. 3 white Oats continue to sell higher than the May option.

• • •

Chicago—Patten is ordering No. 2 mixed oats out of the regular elevators, and it is assumed he proposes to ship the contrfact stock out of here. It is said he has been acquiring the oats receipts for some time.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis wheat—
Puts, May wheat, 73¼c to 73⅛-¼c.
Calls, May wheat, 73⅝-⅝c bid.
Curb, May wheat, 73½c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, March 1.—Close: Wheat—March, 82⅝c; July, 82½c. Corn—May, 64¼c; July, 66⅜c.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, March 1.—Wheat—Spot, steady; No. 1 northern spring, 6s 1½d; No. 2 red Western winter, 6s 1½d; No. 1 California, no stock; Futures closed steady; March, 6s 1⅜d; May, 6s 7⅜d; July, 6s 5⅛d. Corn—Spot, steady; American mixed spot new, 5s 1¾d; American mixed old, 5s 2¾d; futures closed inactive; March, 5s 1¾d; May, 5s 2d. The following are stocks of breadstuffs and provisions at Liverpool: Flour, 49,000 sacks; wheat, 1,188,000 centals; corn, 875,000 centals; bacon, 2970 boxes; hams, 8800 boxes; shoulders, 6000. The stock of wheat and corn in store and on quays (railway and canal depots not included) are as follows: Wheat, 1,168,000 centals; corn, 882,000 centals.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	75⅝B	73⅞	77-76⅞	82⅝
High	75½	73⅞-74	77	82⅞
Low	75⅛B	73½	76⅝-½	82½
Close	75⅛B	73½	76½-⅝	82⅜A
July—				
Open	76⅜B	75¼	77⅞	82⅜
High	76⅛B	75¼-⅜	77⅝-½	82⅜
Low	76⅛B	74¾-⅞	76⅞	82½
Close	76⅛B	74⅞	76⅞-77A	82½

* 11 a. m. close.

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	44⅜@45	62¾@⅞	$15.50@15.55
High	46¼	62⅝	15.55
Low	44⅜	61¾-⅝	15.45
Close	44⅞-45	61⅜	15.45

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, March 1.—Close: Wheat, May, 73½c; July, 74⅜c; on track, No. 1 hard, 75¼@⅜c; No. 1 northern, 73½@⅝c; No. 2 northern, 72¼@⅜c to 72⅝c.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

Chicago, March 1.—We have had a dull, quiet market in wheat today with very light trade, closing at the lowest point of the day. The general news today was bearish but there were scattered reports of damage to the wheat in the Southwest and this togther with the early strength in he coarse grains started our market in strong but the moment corn commenced to weaken wheat sold off very easily. It is going to take continued damage reports to hold the market to its present level until we run into a much better cash demand than we have at present. Cash demand was very quiet and the seaboard reported a good demand there for export. Estimated receipts for Monday, 25 cars. The corn market opened quite strong and ruled strong the first hour but then the realizing by longs and prospects of better weather the first of the week it commenced to gradually weaken and closed ⅜c per bus lower than last night and at the lowest point of the day. No. 3 yellow corn was strong at 2c under May to go to storage and No. 3 corn at 3½c under. Foreign markets were generally quiet. The country is selling nothing. Country roads are almost impassable and we see no prospects of any renewed country selling in the near future. Our receipts are liable to continue fairly large all next week, after that we look for a decided falling off in the movement. Estimated receipts for Monday, 125 cars.

Trade in oats was large all day and interest in the oats market seems to be broadening. We believe on any further break from present prices oats should be bought. There was quite a large trade in oats today with a very sharp advance in May from 44⅜c up to 46½c on the filing of an order for 1,000,000 bus through one commission house. Cash demand keeps fairly good. Estimated receipts for Monday, 85 cars.

Provisions opened strong on very light receipts of hogs and sharp advances at the yards, but later ruled weak and closed with advance lost. Trade was confined to local operators after the first opening, but at the close there was heavy selling by packers and also Milwaukee weakness in grain had much to do with our market, but we consider the position weaker than ever as smaller shorts have been run in and the local crowd are long in addition to heavy outside holdings. Ribs that have been so well maintained for weeks show now positive weakness possibly because stocks to be published today are larger than expected. Estimated receipts for Monday, 34,000 and 185,000 hogs for next week.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, March 2.—Cattle—Receipts, 200 head; steady; good to prime steers, $6.50@7.00; poor to medium, $4.00@6.40; stockers and feeders, $2.25@5.00; cows, $1.25@5.00; heifers, $2.25@5.25; canners, $1.25@2.25; bulls, $2.50 and $4.60; calves, $2.50@6.00; Texas fed steers, $4.50@5.60. Hogs—Receipts today, 12,000 head; Monday, 35,000; left over, 4183; 5c to 10c higher; mixed and butchers, $5.35@6.25; good to choice heavy, $6.20@6.45; rough heavy, $5.95@6.15; light, 5.75@6.00; bulk of sales, $5.95@6.30. Sheep—Receipts, 1000 head; sheep, steady; lambs, weak; good to choice wethers, $4.65@5.25; fair to choice mixed, $3.80@4.50; Western sheep, $4.50@5.90; native lambs, $3.75@6.40; Western lambs, $5.25@6.50. Yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 2405; hogs, 19,361; sheep, 240. Shipments—Cattle, 2740; hogs, 4199; sheep, 603.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul, March 1.—Barrett & Zimmerman report the volume of business transacted today the largest of the season. Farm horses ruled particularly strong under an aggressive inquiry. Large sales were also consummated on speculative accounts to local dealers. Values:

Drafters, extra	$145@225
Drafters, choice	120@145
Drafters, common to good	100@130
Far mares, extra	125@150
Farm mares, choice	100@130
Farm mares, common to good	75@100

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, March 1.—Butter, firmer; creamery, 18@25½c; dairies, 18@23c. Cheese, firm; twins, 10¾@11¼c; dusies, 11¼@⅜c; young Americas, 11¾@12¾c. Eggs, easy; at mark, cases included, 25c.

NEW MERGER.

Corporation Will Take Properties of Three Pacific Companies.

San Francisco, March 1.—President E. H. Harriman of the Southern Pacific will soon arrive in the city and it is stated the papers providing for a new railway corporation will be ready for his signature. It is understood that the purpose of the proposed corporation is to refund millions of the Southern Pacific securities and to simplify methods of bookkeeping.

The main object of the new merger company, it is alleged, will be to refund $69,000,000 of bonds mentioned at 3½ and 4 per cent interest. By this means a saving may be made of not less than $1,000,000 a year in fixed charges. It is understood the new corporation will take over the properties of three Southern Pacific companies and assume all of their assets and liabilities, so that their stock and bonds may be retired and the companies disincorporated.

THREE MEN KILLED.

Philadelphia, March 1.—Three men were killed by the wreck of a freight train on the Harlem division of the New York Central road near here today. They were the engineer, fireman and a brakeman of the train. The wreck was caused by a washout.

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A. J. CUMMINGS,
Dealer in..... **Grain, Stocks and Provisions.**
Instantaneous service. Stocks carried on one point margin and upwards. Grain one point and upwards. Minimum trade stocks—10 shares. Wheat 1000 bushels. Stocks carried without interest. Our little book of information will teach you how to speculate in grain and provision futures.
CHAS. E. WHEELER, Manager. 'Phone 1172.

W. H. Laidley & Co.,
428 West Superior Street, (Spalding Hotel).
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions, Cotton.
Leased wires to New York, Chicago and Boston.

Edwards, Wood & Co.,
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions,
Private Wire.
MEMBERS { BOARD OF TRADE, Chicago. CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, Mpls
A. Manhattan Building, St. Paul. 3 Chamber of Commerce Minneapolis, Duluth, Minn., Room A, Torrey Building.

DULUTH & ARIZONA STOCK.
Treasury Stock offered for a short time
AT 10 CENTS PER SHARE
Office—318 Manhattan Building.

Established 1880.
PAINE, WEBBER & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
308 West Superior Street.
Members New York and Boston Stock Exchange and Chicago Board of Trade.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

BONDS, ALSO **Mortgages** FOR SALE.
Bearing 5 and 5½ % INTEREST.
W. M. Prindle & Co. First Floor, Lonsdale Bldg

HOWLAND & CO.
AMES BUILDING, BOSTON,
Bankers and Brokers.
Stocks and Bonds bought and sold for cash, or carried on margin. Special attention given to copper stocks.
Interest allowed on deposits. Send for circular and telegraphic code.
Customers can wire orders and instructions at our expense.

LOCAL STOCKS, ETC., QUOTED BY
A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
BANKERS AND BROKERS.
112 Exchange Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

	—Per Share— Par.	Asked.	Bid.
First National bank	$100	$175	
American Exchange bank	100	$135	
First Nat'l bank, Superior	100	....	96
Calumet-Arizona Copper	10	3½	....
Northwestern National bank, Superior	100	90	....
Leithhead Drug Co	100	....	90
Export O. & P. L. Co	1	.80	....
Zenith Oil Co	1	.16	....
Blue Grass Oil Co	1	.16	....
Brotherton Iron Co	25	5	4
Penn. Iron & Steel	100	....	....
American Shipbuilding Co	100	....	....
Great Lakes Towing Co	100	....	....
Minnesota Abrasive Co	1	....	....
Cons. Elev. Co. 1st pfd	100	....	103
Cons. Elev. Co 2nd pfd	100	....	96
Cons. Elev. Co. com	100	....	30
County orders			Par.
Duluth Street railway, 6 per cent gold bonds	100	105	....

United States bonds bought and sold.
We also deal in real estate, commercial paper and mortgage loans, and act as agents for non-resident property owners and investors. Correspondence invited.

DULLNESS IN STOCKS

Almost at Point of Stagnation During Past Week.

Cloud Upon Northern Securities Company a Dominant Factor.

Export of Large Sum of Gold Aroused Apprehension.

New York, March 1.—Generally speaking, the stock market has been dull to the point of stagnation during the week. Activity in a large number of obscure specialties under the influence of operations by speculative pools has been the only redeeming feature. The cloud upon the legitimacy of the Northern Securities company continued a dominant influence in repressing speculation. The approach of the period of vicissitudes for the winter wheat crop began to manifest itself in the stock market. The export of a large sum of gold aroused some apprehension over the future of the money market. There was some uneasiness, also, lest labor troubles may develop this spring, especially among the coal miners.

Opening dealings in stocks today were very small and only unimportant issues showed wide changes. The Kansas City Southern shares and Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie showed sharp fractional gains and Wheeling & Lake Erie first preferred was off ½. The majority of changes otherwise did not exceed ½. High-priced specialties, granger, Pacifics and Readings became heavy, but the pressure was not severe enough to make much impression on prices. American Cotton Oil advanced 1⅞ on large purchases. New Jersey Central also gained 1. Evansville & Terre Haute preferred, Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie preferred, Fort Worth & Denver City slumped and Westinghouse lost from 1⅝ to 3 points.

There were gains in Pacific Coast, first preferred, of 2½, in American Cotton Oil of 2¼ and in Colorado Fuel, Tennessee Coal, American Tobacco preferred, Mexican Central preferred when issued, and Kansas City Southern of 1 to 1⅝. American Snuff dropped 5½ and United States Rubber preferred, Chicago & Northwestern preferred and common 1 to 1⅝. The bank statement was not so weak as had been feared and shorts covered lightly, hardening the market. The closing was very dull and irregular.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., room A Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close
Amal. Copper	70⅝	69⅝	70
Anaconda M. Co.	32½	32⅛	32½
Atchison, T. & S. F.	75⅞	75⅛	75½
do pfd	97⅞	97⅛	97⅝
Baltimore & Ohio	104⅛	103⅝	104
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	64½	64	64
Chesepeake & Ohio	46	45⅞	46
Col. F. & I.	88	86⅜	87½
Chi. Great Western, com	24	23	24¼
Erie, com	38¼	37⅞	38
do 1st pfd	68⅛	68¼	68⅛
do 2nd pfd	55⅜	55⅛	55¾
Louisville & Nashville	104⅛	103½	104⅝
Lehigh	115	113½	114½
do pfd	81½	81⅜	81¾
Manhattan Con.	132⅜	132¼	132½
M., St. P. & S. Ste M.	49¾	48⅜	48½
do pfd	114	112	112
Missouri Pacific	99⅜	99⅛	99⅜
Norfolk & Western	58	57⅜	57¾
Ontario & Western	33⅛	33¼	33¼
Pennsylvania Ry	150¾	150⅛	150½
Pacific Mail	47	44	44
People's Gas	99⅜	99⅛	99⅜
Republic Iron and Steel	16⅞	16¼	16¾
do pfd	71⅝	71⅜	71⅝
Reading	55¾	55⅜	55½
do 1st pfd	81⅛	81	81
do 2d pfd	67¾	67½	67½
Southern Railway	32¾	32⅜	32½
do pfd	95½	95¼	95¾
Southern Pacific	64	63⅝	63⅞
Smelter	47¾	47⅛	47⅜
Sugar	128⅞	128⅛	128⅜
St. Paul	162¾	162¼	162½
T. C. and I.	69	68	68¼
Texas Pacific	40½	40¼	40⅝
Union Pacific	99	98⅝	98⅞
do pfd	87¾	87½	87¾
U. S. Steel	42⅞	43¼	43⅜
do pfd.	94⅞	94⅜	94⅞
Wabash	24	23½	24
do pfd.	43	42⅝	43
Wisconsin Central	21¾	21	21
do pfd.	43	42½	42¾
Metropolitan	168¾	168	168¾

The total sales were 198,300 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Waldorf to W. H. Laidley & Co.: In view of the partial suspension of telegraph service, the depressing weather and the heavy loss of cash by the banks, commission people say that the market acts well.

The short interest is increasing steadily, the bulk of the selling being professional and there is a firm conviction that stocks should be brought on a scale. This belief obtains not only among some of the best houses, but also in banking circles, where the factors on which bearish room traders rely, are not regarded as a menace. Opinion is that even the probability of large gold exports and a further decrease of bank reserve may be easily over-estimated as influences of depression, though good information is that Europe will take a large amount of gold this spring unless foreigners buy stocks heavily, which it is not believed they will do with so good assurity as British consols obtainable below par.

The departure of big capitalists for the South is thought to foreshadow a dull period in speculation and a trading market with specialties prominent features. That this is the usual order of things in March is generally predicted, but this may prove an exception, some large operators say, owing to extraordinary conditions and the fact that it is the intention of banking combinations to keep the market active.

A poor bank statement is predicted and on this expectation the room element is bearish and are selling stocks. They talk that the surplus reserve will fall below $10,000,000, which is very small for this time of the year. Any increase in the loan item will be a disappointment to the street at large, though some authorities look for it despite the liquidation by weak holders that took place on the news of the government's suits against the Northern Securities company case. Apropos of the latter it is currently reported that the object of J. P. Morgan's trip to Europe has an important bearing on the Northern Securities company and also on the affairs of the United States Steel corporation.

• • •

Harris, Gates & Co.: In stocks, the week has been comparatively uneventful in a speculative way. Quite a number of specialties have received particular attention at the hands of influential investors, but the ordinary active list has been rather quiet. The decision of the supreme court in the Northern Securities case on Monday was favorable as had been given leading financial interests that nothing radical will be done in the merger investigation ordered through the attorney general by the president. The market was apparently on the eve of a sharp advance on Tuesday when news came of export engagements of gold for Europe. These aggregated $3,500,000 dollars, and were to close up financial arrangements made during May flurry nearly a year ago. The shipments created scarcely a ripple in speculative circles and not even that in the money market. There was a little sentimental feeling, however, there might be a bad bank statement today. These fears proved groundless. Steel stocks have shown considerable strength and are attracting attention. Thus far the buying has been mainly by those close to the trade. One of the noteworthy features of the market this week has been the fact that it has ruled firm even when dull. We believe the entire market will sell higher.

• • •

J. S. Bache to Paine, Weber & Co.: As was to be expected, the market continued limited for the short session today. Dealings with the exception of the Kansas City Southern shares were very much restricted, but in the main showed a firm undertone. The bank statement was more favorable than was expected generally so far that the changes were considerably smaller in all the important items than during the previous weeks, but while the market strengthened somewhat it did not create any enthusiasm. Transactions remained small and the changes compared with yesterday's close were only fractional. The pressure against Missouri Pacific which was such a prominent factor during the last few days seems to have ceased for the moment, but the stock has shown no signs of rallying as yet. Everybody seems to be waiting for something to take place that will lift speculation out of the rut it is now in and until such event transpires we are likely to witness a continuance of the narrow market in which only limited opportunities are offered.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by W. H. Laidley & Co., Spalding hotel:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	22¼	23⅜
Allouez	3⅜	3½
Anaconda	32½	32⅝
Arcadian	6½	7
Amalgamated	70	70¼
Arnold	60	1
Ashbed	..	25
Atlantic	30	32
Baltic	47	47¼
Bingham	23	24
Calumet and Hecla	600	610
Centennial	17	17½
Copper Range	70	71
Cochita	45c	55
Dominion Coal	81	81⅜
Elm River	4⅞	5
Franklin	14..	14½
Humboldt	..	60
Isle Royale	20½	21
Mass	18	18½
Michigan	11½	12
Mohawk	37½	38
Mayflower	2⅝	2⅞
Old Colony	3½	4
Old Dominion	22	23
Osceola	75¼	76½
Parrot	32	..
Rhode Island	2¾	3
Santa Fe	3¾	3
Tamarack	230	235
Tecumseh	..	2
Tri-Mountain	105	107
Utah	23½	24½
United States	17⅜	17⅝
Victoria	5⅞	6
Winona	1½	1⅝
Wolverine	52	52½
Wyandot	75c	1.15

BANK STATEMENT.

New York, March 1.—The statement of the associated banks for the week ending today shows: Loans, $998,300,200; increase, $1,433,600; deposits, $1,107,188,300; decrease, $1,985,900; circulation, $31,208,700; increase, $34,400; legal tenders, $71,194,600; decrease, $511,800; specie, $192,332,500; decrease, $2,465,400; reserve, $264,348,200; decrease, $2,977,200; reserve required, $254,372,075; decrease, $496,475; surplus, $9,975,935; decrease, $2,480,725.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, March 1.—Cotton opened steady with prices 1 to 3 points higher on general buying led by shorts. May jumped to 8.80 and then profit-taking became active, but the market held firm and active throughout the short session on Southern strength. Futures closed steady; March, 7.77; April, 8.75; May, 8.82; June, 8.90; July, 8.59; August, 8.83; September, 8.17; October, 8.03. Spot closed quiet, 1-16 higher; Middling upands, 8⅞; middling gulf, 9⅛; sales, none.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, March 1.—Close: Money on call, steady at 2@2½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4@4½ per cent; sterling exchange, steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87⅜@4.87⅝ for demand and at $4.85¼ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.86 and $4.88½; commercial bills, $4.84¾; @4.85¼; bar silver, 55c; Mexican dollars, 43¾c. Government bonds, steady; state bonds, inactive; railroad bonds, steady.

RIVER ON RAMPAGE

(Continued From Page 1.)

the rushing waters at any moment. Numbers of them removed household goods in boats to safer places. Horses and mules were removed from stables along the river and kept standing in the streets all night to await the passing of the flood. A portion of the downtown section of the city was in darkness all night owing to the flooding of an electric light power house.

An incident of the terrible night was the burning of a large frame building at Vine street, close to the river. The structure was filled with lime, which began to boil when the water reached the building and finally set the place on fire. When the flames were first seen the water had gone 200 yards east of the building. The fire department was unable to reach it and the building was consumed to the water's edge.

When daylight broke the scene along the water front was one of desolation. As the water receded thick piles of mud and piles of debris were left behind. Several tugs and barges were left resting on wharves, where they had floated during the height of the flood.

Pittsburg, March 1.—Western Pennsylvania is in the grip of the worst flood since the record-breaker of 1884, when the Allegheny river at this point reached a height of 33 feet 3 inches.

At 9 o'clock this morning measurements showed 30 feet of water and it was still rising at the rate of from 5 to 6 inches an hour. Street car traffic between Pittsburg and Allegheny has been entirely abandoned. Many mills have been forced to close down, and families have been compelled to move from their homes.

In Pittsburg Duquesne way, portions of Penn avenue, Water street and the Point section were inundated and the South Side river front was under several feet of water.

In Allegheny, La Cock, Robinson, Madison, Kilbuck, Craig, Itasca, River, Anderson, Sandusky and South avenues were impassable. In some cases the water was up to the second floors.

The water rose so rapidly that in the American Steel and Wire plant, South Side, the workmen had to leave their street clothes in the lockers and get out in their working clothes. The water covers the tracks along the Monongahela and Ohio rivers.

The exposition grounds, Pittsburg baseball park and penitentiary are surrounded by water, which at 10 o'clock was still rising at points above. Predictions are made that the water will reach 35 feet unless the weather suddenly changes.

"STANDARD PAY"

Has Been Adopted By the Erie Road.

New York, March 1.—As a result of a conference between the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen and Order of Railway Conductors and Erie railway officials, says a Port Jervis, N. Y., dispatch to the Herald, the Erie has granted an increase in pay over its entire system from New York to Chicago and a mileage basis, known as "standard pay," is to go into effect March 1. For promotions the oldest qualified employe will be selected.

HUNTLEY OIL & REFINING CO.

Beaumont, Texas.

HON. B. McMILLAN, Governor of Tennessee, President.
HON. CHARLES A TOWNE, One of the Directors.

Your Last Chance to Get This Stock at

60c

With a million barrel contract closed and others pending, and with a 70,000 barrel gusher, this stock will jump to par in a short time.

The Following Telegram Will Explain:

March 1, 1902.

F. W. KUGLER,
Duluth, Minn.

Have every reason to believe Huntley will be in Monday or Tuesday at the latest.

C. E. JONES DEVELOPMENT CO.,
Contractors.

The best opportunity in the world to make big money on a small investment. No doubt this stock will go to $2.00 per share by 1903.

F. W. KUGLER, Agt.,

127 East Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

CITY LIABLE.

Court of Appeals Affirms Damagd Case Against Chicago.

Chicago, March 1.—The United States court of appeals has affirmed the verdict in Judge Kohlsaat's court by which the Pennsylvania road was awarded $2792, from the city of Chicago for damages to its property by rioters in the Debs' strike of 1894. The verdict was granted under the state's statute holding the city responsible for damages from riotters.

There are claims aggregating over $1,500,000 pending against the city for damages growing out of the strike. All of the cases, which have been tried have decided adversely to the municipality and it has practically been admitted the city was liable.

The claimants, however, are generally railway companies against whom the city has claims for viaduct and other damages and the plan of standing one claim against the other may yet be accomplished.

BANKS CONSOLIDATE.

American Exchange and Metropolitan of New York.

Cleveland, March 1.—A consolidation has been effected between the American Exchange National bank and the Metropolitan National bank of this city. The consolidated bank will be known as the American Exchange National and will have a capital of $500,000, a paid up surplus of $100,000 and deposits of a million and a half. Richard Parmley will be president of the bank. The action was decided upon at a joint meeting of the directors of both banks.

TO DEMONETIZE SOLS.

Lima, Peru, March 1.—At a conference held between President Romana, Senor Ward, the minister of finance, and the president of the Lima chamber of commerce, the demonetization of half a million sols was agreed upon. The minister of finance will today arrange with the banks the method of putting this measure into practice.

Amendment of the Articles of Incorporation —OF— DULUTH GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY.

The undersigned hereby certify that at a special meeting of the stockholders of DELUTH GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Minnesota, held at the office of said Company in the Providence building, in the City of Duluth, Minnesota, on the 24th day of February, 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m., at which meeting four-fifths (4-5) of the stockholders of said Company in number and amount were present or represented by proxy, it was duly and unanimously resolved as follows:

Resolved, That Article III, of the Articles of Incorporation of this Company, be and the same hereby is amended so as to read as follows:

"ARTICLE III.

"The capital stock of this Company shall be three hundred thousand dollars ($300,000.00), divided into three thousand (3000) shares of one hundred dollars ($100.00) each, which may be issued from time to time in money or in property, at such times, in such manner and in such amounts as the Board of Directors shall determine."

Resolved further, That Article VI of the Articles of Incorporation of this Company be and the same hereby is amended so as to read as follows:

"ARTICLE VI.

"The names of the first Board of Directors of said corporation are Alexander W. Hartman, Robert R. Dunn, Renwick B. Knox, Curtis E. Van Bergen and Otto C. Hartman. Said directors shall hold their offices until the first annual mee

HOUSES—LOTS—ACREAGE—FARMS

Many Opportunities For Those Who Would Buy, Sell, Exchange or Rent Any Kind of Real Estate Are Offered in The Herald Today

FOR SALE!

Seven-room house in East End—good location—all modern conveniences—hot water heat. Price..... **$4000**

Pulford, How & Co

100 Trust Company Building.

A Six Room House for

$700.

Another for

$600.

Located near Endion depot. Nothing so cheap in the East End.

G.G. Dickerman & Co

Trust Co. Building.

$7500 For a 12-room house—hardwood finish, hot water heat, barn—lot 50x140—Best location in E. end.

$3000 For a good 9-room house in the East End.

A business property in Range town netting 25 per cent in rents. Price $3200.

200 acres fine level land one mile from Carlton for $8.00 an acre.

D. W. SCOTT,

10 Mesaba Block.

HOUSE WANTED.

We have client who desires to purchase a modern nine or ten-room dwelling. East End preferred.

FARM LANDS.

We have cheapest tract of farm lands in St. Louis county for sale.

Cheap house in West End. For sale by

A. W. Taussig & Co.

305 Providence Building.

Investigate This Stock

The German-American Consolidated Gold Mining company owns, free of incumbrance, the fee to twelve miners' claims near Telluride, Colorado, with large veins of rich pay ore, which have been thoroughly developed.

A limited number of shares will be sold to secure funds for the purpose of erecting a mill.

1000 shares will cost $60.00; $6 cash and $6 monthly. For sale, subject to advance, by

WM. KAISEIR,

106 Palladio Bldg.

DULUTH, MINN.

Old 'phone, 686-2; new 'phone, 32.

Here's a Snap!

We have a lot on Huron street that can be bought at much less than its real value. We have a good cottage in same locality that can be moved to above lot at little expense and thus an excellent home may be had at a very small price. Investigate it.

GEO. H. CROSBY,

106 Providence Bldg.

WEST END.

$400 Will buy a choice lot, 25x125, on Huron street, near Twenty-eighth avenue west. Terms easy, or a 50 foot lot for $800.

$400 to $600 Your choice of a bunch of lots on West Third street, near Nineteenth avenue west. Terms easy. MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

$300 each for a few nice lots near West Third street and Bryant school. Terms easy.

I have houses in the West End ranging in price from $450 up. If you are thinking of buying call in and see me.

EAST END.

$525 A well located lot on East Second street; size 50x140 to alley. Street graded. I have others as well located for more money. A bargain.

$2200 Buys a seven-room house on East Sixth street, near Eleventh avenue east; is in fine condition; lot 50x140 to alley.

$2200 Seven-room house, near Sixteenth avenue east and Superior street.

I have some very choice bargains in the East End in both houses and lots. If you are in the market don't fail to see me.

$2000 on Hand to Loan at 5%.

WHITNEY WALL

REAL ESTATE, LOANS AND INSURANCE,

'Phone 201-3. Room 3 Trust Bldg.

ENDION HOMES.

We have the best list of Endion houses and lots offered in the city. Let us show you something nice in this choice district at a moderate price.

GEO. H. CROSBY,

106 Providence Bldg.

$1000 Takes five-room house and lot on East Third street. Bargain.

$2350 Takes 50 feet upper side East First, near Tenth avenue East.

$2500 Takes 50 feet on First street in the heart of the city. Snap.

A. C. VOLK & CO.,

202 PALLADIO.

REALTY MARKET CONTINUES GOOD

Dealers Report Fine Condition of Affairs---Coming Summer to Be Enormously Active In Building---Some New Residence Projects.

Conditions in the real estate market the past week have continued to be of the most hopeful character. Inquiry has continued brisk for residence and acreage property, and numerous deals are reported. In a large number of instances deals are not made public, but it is known that negotiations for a large number of pieces of residence property have been closed. These involve particularly unimproved residence property in Endion and Portland divisions, on Jefferson and Superior streets and farther up the hill.

One obstacle to activity in improved residence property is that there is practically no more for sale. So many pieces have been bought for homes that the market is pretty barren of listings of desirable dwelling properties. The situation has now reached a stage where the man anxious to obtain a comfortable home must buy unimproved property and build for himself. A number of deals along this line are pending, and many owners of or recent purchasers of sites are having plans prepared for such homes. In many instances, the plans have reached only the preliminary stage and will not be made public until the architects' clients have made such changes as seem, after consideration, to most likely adapt the plans to their tastes. But architects report that every day brings in orders for preliminary plans, while steady progress is being made on work already in hand.

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A well-known contractor says that it is well settled that this will be the most extensive building season in the history of Duluth. The improvements will also be well distributed among various classes of buildings—wholesale, retail, office structures, industrial and residences. In the latter line the season promises to be by far the most active the city has known. The most gratifying feature of this movement, also, is that the residences that are to be built are for permanent homes for the builders. The outlook for the erection of houses for rent has not reached a very definite point as yet. Owners of vacant residence property are busily figuring on leases, however, and it is quite likely that considerable relief will be afforded before the close of the season. One such plan is announced this week. The Howard Investment company will build a row of strictly modern frame houses for sale or rent.

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The extension of water and gas mains to Glen Avon has caused fresh talk of home building in that part of the city, and it is expected that several projects will be announced shortly.

• • •

Chester A. Congdon is figuring on the erection of a very handsome home on his property at the corner of Fifteenth avenue east and First street and running back to First street. Nothing as to the plans has been given out, but it is reported that it will be the finest home in Duluth, built of Indiana stone and costing not far from $75,000.

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The week in the building line has been an active one. A contract has been awarded to MacLeod & Smith for the 3-story addition to the Panton & White company building, making it five stories high on Superior street and six on Michigan street. The improvement will include a considerable remodeling, and the store will be one of the finest and largest retail establishments in the West.

• • •

The St. Louis Hotel company signed a lease Thursday with the Boston Realty company, which calls for the addition of four stories on the 2-story section of the building. It will add sixty rooms to the present capacity of the hotel. The contract calls for the completion of the building by June 1. The contract for the work will be awarded at Cass Gilbert's office in St. Paul.

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J. J. Wangenstein will probably award the contract for a 2-story brick building to be built at the West End for the Minneapolis Brewing company during the coming week.

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Bids for the erection of the new Herald building will be opened Wednesday by Architect De Waard.

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It is practically determined that a 3-story addition, with 50 feet frontage, will be made to the Wright-Clarkson wholesale grocery building on West Michigan street the coming season. The property is owned by the Norton estate.

• • •

The transfer of the site for the F. A. Patrick & Co. dry goods house was recorded yesterday. The consideration is $36,000 for 150 feet frontage on Fifth avenue South, at the corner of Commerce street, or $240 a front foot. The former owners were William D. Lowry and C. M. Harrington, of Minneapolis, and Mr. Patrick is the purchaser as trustee.

• • •

A contract has been let to George H. Lounsberry for the erection of the three large buildings to be built on St. Croix avenue, just in the rear of the Clyde Iron works plant, for the Northwestern Manufacturing company. The latter has been occupying temporary quarters on Fifth avenue west, but its business has developed so rapidly that it now requires one of the largest plants of the kind in the world. Lumbermen's supplies, utensils and vehicles are manufactured and sent as far East as Toronto, and as far west as the Pacific coast, and South to New Orleans. Palmer, Hall & Hunt are the architects.

• • •

This week Palmer, Hall & Hunt will award a contract for the erection of the F. A. Patrick & Co. wholesale dry goods house, to be erected at Fifth avenue west and Commerce street. The building will include some novel features for a wholesale house, chief among them that the aesthetic as well as utility will be subserved. The exterior elevations will present a view of great solidity, relieved by considerable architectural beauty of design, and ample light. The site is now being cleared of the frame buildings that formerly occupied it, preparatory for the driving of piles for the foundation, and pile drivers are at work.

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Improvements have begun on the premises formerly occupied by the Zenith Paper company, on West Michigan street. The building will be occupied by the Hammond Packing company, and it is the report that the company to install its cold storage plant by May 1. The improvements will amount to about $15,000.

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John Panton has had plans prepared for a residence and barn, to be erected in the East End, at a cost $20,000.

• • •

W. H. Hoyt has had plans drawn for a $4000 residence, to be located on the corner of Twenty-first avenue east and Jefferson street.

• • •

Percy E. Clark and William L. Clark have purchased a lot, with 100 feet frontage on Jefferson street, near Twenty-first avenue east, and are having plans prepared for a very handsome brick residence on it.

Herbert Brown has been awarded a contract by Architect John de Waard for the erection of a frame residence for William Meinhart. The location is at Fourth street and Sixteenth avenue east, and the cost will be about $6000.

• • •

George L. Cheesebourough is having plans prepared for a handsome home in the East End on East Superior street.

• • •

Architect J. J. Wangenstein will receive bids the coming week for the erection of a row of five frame residences, to be built at the corner of Eighteenth avenue east and Jefferson street by the Howard Investment company. They will be modern 2-story houses with all recent conveniences.

• • •

George H. Crosby & Co. report the following trades:

No. 5905 London road, house and lot, for home, $2500.

1126 West Michigan street, improved with 2-story frame building, for ultimate improvement, $4500 cash.

Lots 58-60, block 57, Third division, $500.

Lots 13, 14, 15 and 16, block 143, Portland division, $600.

Sixty-two acres in 9-51-12, $800.

A dozen fine lots on Superior, First and Second streets, East End, to be improved.

Sixty-four lots in Kenwood Park, $20.

The e½ of ne¼ of ne¼ of 14-50-14, $6000 cash.

The sw¼ of the nw¼ of section 7-50-13, $7000, half cash.

Lot 3 and the sw¼ of the sw¼ of section 26-51-13, $6200 cash.

No. 4309 London road and frame house, $4000, half cash.

Four thousand acres in 45-15, Douglas county, Wis., about twenty-five miles from Superior, $3.50.

• • •

Among the residence property sales of the week was the home of George W. Cornell at 1520 East Fourth street. The purchaser is Alex L. Miles, manager of the piano department of French & Bassett. The consideration was $5000. The house is one of the prettiest in the upper East End district.

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Among the acreage deals reported this week are twenty acres near J. C. Hunter's home in the Glen Avon district for $300 an acre, and forty acres adjoining London addition for about $5000.

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Transfers for the week were as follows:

T. W. Hugo, trustee, et al to Frank Carlo, lot 161, block 38, Duluth proper, Third division	725
Frederick J. Edberg to Clara M. Fredrikson, se¼ of se¼ section 27-58-19	200
M. H. Godfrey et ux to Robert Godfrey, lots 30, 31, block 8, Hibbing	1,000
Josiah D. Ensign et ux to Robert C. Vincent, lot 142, St. Louis avenue, Lower Duluth	125
William E. Norton, Jr., to Frederick Monske, w½ lot 5, block 10, Norton's division	225
Same to Nikolous Wetzel, e½ same	225
Edwin Rex et al to Rachel Rex, lot 4, block 126, West Duluth, Fifth division	1
William H. Lightner, as receiver, to Harvey D. Clow, lots 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, St. Louis avenue, Lower Duluth	900
Harvey D. Clow to John H. Clow et al, same	1
Henry Bridgman to A. W. Kuehnow, s½ sw¼, w¼ nw¼, ne¼ of nw¼ section 32-54-21; also lots 1 and 3, sections 6-53-21	556
John L. Morrison to A. W. Kuehnow, sw¼ ne¼, ne¼ se¼, w½ se¼ section 6-57-13	300
Ross L. Mahon to Katarzyna Senk, se¼ section 20-61-15	1
William H. Daniels to Blanch B. Brigham, und 1-9 of lot 5, section 5-58-15	1
Thomas Bardon et ux to Elizabeth Pleas, lands in sections 20 and 22, township 58-18; lands in sections 22, 27, 28 and 29, township 58-19, and in section 1-52-12	1
A. C. Bruce et al to Coolidge-Bruce-Hall Co., w½ nw¼, section 15-52-20	320
Bay View Land Co. to August Huffman, lot 6, block 57, Bay View addition No. 2	200
Fred Wikeley to Guy A. Eaton, se¼ nw¼ section 15-66-20	850
John Panton et al to Panton & White company, lots 12 and 13, block 76, Portland	2,500
R. H. Doran to George Brosseau, und½ in nw¼ section 17, and ne¼ sw¼ section 10-62-14	1
J. R. Carey to John P. Melander, lots 3, 4, 5, 6, block 144, Portland	700
Joseph Senk et ux to Ross L. Mahon, se¼ section 20-51-15	1
Henry Kirk et ux to Sidney Childs, w½ of ne¼ section 9-52-12	350
George C. Swallow et ux to Alfred W. Taussig, sw¼ of ne¼, e½ of sw¼, w½ of se¼ section 2, sw¼ of ne¼, se¼ of nw¼ and lots 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, section 6, n½ of ne¼, e½ of nw¼ and lots 1, 3, 4 section 7, nw¼ and w½ of sw¼ section 8, ne¼ ne¼ of nw¼, ne¼ of sw¼ and n½ of se¼ section 11, w½ of nw¼, nw¼ of sw¼ section 12-55-21	2,118
Alfred W. Taussig to Leon E. Lum, same as above	2,924
Leon E. Lum to Jerry C. Commo, w½ of lot 204, block 28, Duluth proper, Second division	1,300
William J. Olcott et ux to James Black, lot 11, block 125, Portland	550
Sarah B. Stearns et al to Emil Angermeier, lot 263, Lake avenue, Lower Duluth	210
John J. Rupp et ux to W. H. Cook et al, e½ of ne¼ and e½ of se¼ section 32-67-20	2,500
Hattie M. Miller et mar to Alfred Hallam, lot 6, block 27, lots 7 and 8, block 41, lots 11 and 12, block 51, lot 9, block 53, lots 19 and 20, block 55, lots 15 and 16, block 58, lot 13, block 65, lots 2 and 3, block 66, lots 11 and 12, block 75, part of lot 8, block 34, Harrison's Brookdale division	1,500
C. H. Britts et ux to Charles Schell, lot 6, block 38, New Duluth, First division	1
Robert B. Gilmour et al to J. F. LeTourneau, e½ lot 4 block 144, London addition	1,000
Virginia Improvement company to John L. Anderson, lot 8, block 11, Virginia	300
John M. Longyear et ux to Andrew Roberts, lot 19, block 12, Hibbing	90
M. H. Coolidge et ux to Coolidge-Bruce-Hall Co., lots 6, 7 and 8, block 21, Floodwood	1,500
A. C. Bruce et ux to M. H. Coolidge, lots 6, 7 and 8, block 21, Floodwood	1,200
C. D. Rutherford et ux to M. H. Schussler, lot 15, block 22, Floodwood	25
Elizabeth Pleas et mar to W. H. Gilbert, und ¼ of lands in section 20, 22-58-17, in sections 22, 27, 28-58-19, in section 1-52-12	1,000
George Tourain to E. M. McKay, w½ sw¼, ne¼ sw¼, se¼ nw¼, section 25-61-14	175
C. A. Blackmarr to Thomas Slovem, west 8 feet of lot 26, block 14, Magoffin's division of Proctorknott	25
L. T. Brazean et ux to John C. O'Hara, und ¼ se¼ nw¼, e½ sw¼ and sw¼ sw¼ section 32-60-21	1
W. W. Wart et ux to Coolidge-Bruce-Hall & Co., lots 3, 4, 5 and 6, block 22, Floodwood	100
D. & R. R. Ry. Co. to A. C. Bruce, w½ nw¼ section 15-52-20	320
Fred Schumann et ux to Gust Gudeen, se¼ section 15-52-15	425
Fred A. Robinson, trustee to August Perry, part of block 31, Eveleth	1
F. A. Breeze et mar to C. P. Magginis, lot 8, e½ of lot 7, block 56, Portland	3,000
Andrew Anderson et ux to Alex. Marshall, n' of se¼ ne¼ of sw¼ section 1-54-15	2,000
A. C. McComb et ux to A. M. Tujow, lot 4, block 34, Tower	1
Anna M. McGreevy et mar to Mildssa M. Hnnp, lot block of block 40, Eveleth	1,200
William Bennett et al to A. W. Kuehnow, nw¼ of se¼ section 13-52-16	250
Charles E. Wilson to Lawrence W. Hanslak, part of lot 16, East Eighth street, Duluth proper, First division	100
George V. Pifer et ux to Olaus Tomling, lot 8, block 126, Portland	850
Fannie B. Smith et mar to Low Chey, lot 12, block 7, Highland Park addition	1
Edgar A. Coffin to George H. Rogers, sw¼ of nw¼, nd¾ of se¼ section 11-54-15	440

A Smoker's Joy Is Complete

when he uses one of our full quality cigars. They have the pure tone of a cigar well made from first-class tobacco.

They are cigars that give to the smoker a feeling of pleasure and contentment. They are always properly kept.

We here mention a few brands for your selection:

LA VERDAD, LA LINDA,
EL MODELO, GATO,
EL TELLO, LA EMMENCIA,
TENNYSON, TOM MOORE.

S.F. Boyce

DRUGGIST,

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.



Piles Cured After 30 Years.

Thos. E. Wood, 818 Seventeenth street, Sacramento, Cal.:—"One 50-cent box of Pyramid Pile Cure permanently cured me of piles. For thirty years I suffered; underwent a frightful operation, nearly died but failed to cure. I was unable to walk when I tried Pyramid Pile Cure. The first application relieved me." All druggists sell it. Quickly cures every form of piles. Book free by mail. Pyramid Drug Co., Marshall, Mich.

A BARGAIN!

House and lot, fronting on Grand Avenue, near Elinor Street. The house contains 7 rooms and bath room—has city water connection and all necessary plumbing. The streets are permanently improved and the house was repaired and painted during the past summer.

R. B. KNOX & CO

1 Exchange Building.

SENATE CALLS HALT

(Continued From Page 1.)

ringing speech against the bill and against the proposition to railroad it through. He said the legislature had been fooling away time under the governor's proclamation, which directed it to consider the commission's tax bill. The tax bill has been disposed of by the house. There is nothing in the proclamation calling upon the legislature to pass the personal bill of anybody. If it is desired to boom somebody, it should be done fairly. If the senate proposes to fix the method of taxing one of St. Louis county's largest interests, not because it will help St. Louis county, but because it is necessary to pass something, it should be done in an orderly manner. The bill now before the senate would not be considered by any parliamentary body for it has been voted down in the house and faked up anew with a few changes. If it is the same bill, there is only one method, and that is to discuss it on its merits and let it take the ordinary course. Here is a bill that is outrageous and unjust in many of its provisions and it is not proposed to give it the consideration of a bill taxing dogs.

Senator Thompson said there could be hearings before the committee of the whole and it was pointed out by Senator J. D. Jones, of Todd, that if anybody objected outsiders could not be heard.

Senator Ives, of Ramsey, said that the bill should not be subjected to the whip and spur. He had noticed that whenever a bill came from certain sources in the house it always went on special orders, and he was against any such proposition.

Senator Sheehan, of Ramsey, said he understood the creamery people would like a hearing to get butter taxed on a tonnage basis.

Senator Knatvold of Freeborn said that if the bill was held up a week it would not have a shred left. There was cries of "why not?" at this, and Senator Schaller of Dakota county wanted to know if the senate was not honest enough to pass the right kind of a bill. Mr Knatvold said bills had been killed that way.

Senator Baldwin vigorously resented this attack upon the honesty of the senate. Senator Knatvold had approached the limit to which a member could go for the house limit in this respect did not apply to the senate. In answer to Senator Thompson's remark about taxes, he said that St. Louis county had four times as many people as Mr. Thompson's county, and paid seven times as much taxes; it paid a fifth of the gross earning taxes; it pays 50 per cent more state taxes per capita than Fillmore county

Mr. Knatvold said that he had not attacked the honor of the senate. All he meant that enough votes might be bought to defeat a bill, as had been done in the past. Senator McGovern of Waseca thought the tonnage tax should go to the judiciary committee. He had no doubt whatever of the unconstitutionality of the proposition. Senator Wilson of Hennepin thought that the courts would uphold it, even though it might be doubtful whether the tonnage tax was a proper one.

Senator Snyder, of Hennepin, moved as a substitute, that the bill be sent to the tax committee to report before Wednesday evening and this was carried unanimously. There will be hearings on the tonnage tax proposition Monday afternoon before the committee.

The senate passed Senator Stockwell's memorial protesting against the United States permitting Great Britain to purchase mules in this country to be used in carrying on her "unholy" war with the Boers as a violation of the treaty of May 8, 1871, with Great Britain. A motion to strike out the word "unholy" was lost, and the memorial carried by a vote of 36 to 5.

• • •

Members of the house today are beginning to feel a revulsion of sentiment over the passage of the Jacobson bill, which was railroaded through the house after a consideration of three hours and a half altogether. The event formed the inspiring spectacle of the gentleman from Lac Qui Parle cracking a whip over the backs of the members of the house, and rounding them up for his bill and his campaign for state auditor like a flock of sheep. The full realization of what it all meant did not come to the members until afterwards. They were so afraid that they would not have something to show for the session that when Jakie cracked his whip they hurried into line like a herd of frightened cattle. The bill that was passed included an entirely new proposition, the tonnage tax, which was considered for a couple of hours altogether, and which was hurriedly adopted without any chance of the consideration so important a matter required.

The tax commission feature of the bill is now repugnant to many. The three commissioners, they feel, will have very little to do. The tonnage tax removes the iron mines from their field of work, and they will be able to get no more assessments of stocks and bonds than they are getting now. The general sentiment seems to be that the bill will pass the senate, but it will be amended, and the house may make material alterations in it when it comes back from the senate. Jake simply pounded his bill through by abuse and threats, and now that the house members realize what an undignified appearance they made yesterday, they are thoroughly ashamed of the whole business.

Jake's senastional attack upon State Auditor Dunn yesterday is the talk of the capitol. They have been close friends for years, and it is said that Dunn has made many sacrifices for the wild and wooly gentleman from Lac Qui Parle. Mr. Dunn is out this morning with interviews in the daily papers, in which he refers to Jake as an ass, a demagogue, a liar and several other things. The interviews are liberally interspersed with expressive blanks.

The Anderson tax bills were a special order for this morning, but they went over to 2 o'clock Monday afternoon, and after a routine session the house adjourned to Monday.

Mr. Smith, of Hennepin, introduced a tax bill making the personal property exemption $200 instead of $100.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

SECOND PAYMENT READY.

Shanghai, March 1.—The tao tai was ready to pay the second monthly installment of the indemnity, due yesterday, but the question of the division of the indemnity is still at a deadlock.

EVERY MAN

Should have a home. The laboring man whose wages are small should not think a home beyond his reach. He can buy from us a cozy little home, and it is the best investment he can possibly make. Here are a few of our bargains:

$1000 Will buy a six-room house on Ninth street, near Lake avenue. Stone foundation, full basement with concrete floor. Good barn and chicken house. Lot 25x140 feet.

$1250 Will buy a four-room house with full basement, on Fourth street, near Lake avenue. Has city water and closet with sewer connections. In first class repair. Lot 25x70 feet.

$1750 Will buy a seven-room house with full basement, on Fourth street, near Lake avenue, City water, closet, sewer, etc. House in prime condition. Lot 25x70 feet.

$1500 Will buy five-room house on Third stret, near Seventh avenue east. City water. Lot 25x140 feet.

$1800 Will buy eight-room house with full basement, on Seventh street. Two lots, 100x140.

$1900 Will buy eight-room house on West First street. Lot, 50x120.

$1100 Will buy a seven-room house in West Duluth on Main street, one block from Central avenue. City water. Lot 30x75.

$350 Will buy a six-room house in West Duluth, two blocks from car line.

We have a large list of some of the finest residences in the city, ranging in price from $3000 to $15,000.

MONEY TO LOAN AT FIVE PER CENT.

JULIUS D. HOWARD & CO.

Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.

216 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

Announcement To Borrowers:

I am prepared to pass quickly on large and small loans on Duluth Real Estate. Having secured the exclusive agency of a Philadelphia financial institution which has loaned millions of dollars in Duluth during the past twenty years, I am better prepared than ever to close loans promptly at the lowest going rates.

JOHN A. STEPHENSON,

Providence Building.

An Electric Belt Free

Send Your Application At Once To The Physician's Institute.

They Will Send You Absolutely Free One of Their 100 Guage Supreme Electric Belts, the Belt Which Has Made so Many Wonderful Cures—You Needn't Send Even a Postage Stamp, Just Your Name and Address.



Seven years ago the State of Illinois granted to the Physicians' Institute of Chicago a charter.

There was need of something above the ordinary method of treatment for chronic diseases, something more than any one specialist or any number of specialists acting independently could do, so the State itself, under the powers granted it by its general laws, gave the power to the Physicians' Institute to furnish to the sick such help as would make them well and strong.

Ever since its establishment this Institute has endeavored in every possible way to carry out the original purposes of its establishment under the beneficient laws of the State.

Three years ago, the Physicians' Institute, realizing the value of electricity in the treatment of certain phases of disease, created under the superintendence of its staff of specialists an electric belt, and this belt has been proved to be of great value as a curative agent. From time to time it has been improved until it reached that stage of perfection which warranted its present name of "Supreme."

This belt is the most effective of all agents in the cure of rheumatism, lumbago, lame back, nervous exhaustion, weakened or lost vital functions, varicocele, kidney disorders and many other complaints.

This "Supreme Electric Belt" is made in one grade only—100 guage—there is no better electric belt made and no better belt can be made. Whenever in the opinion of our staff of specialists the wonderful curative and revitalizing forces of electricity will cure you we send you, free of all cost, one of these Supreme Electric Belts. It is not sent on trial, it is yours to keep forever without the payment of one cent. This generous offer may be withdrawn at any time, so you should write to-day for this free "Supreme Electric Belt" to the Physicians' Institute, at 2111 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ills.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.

In Probate Court, Special Term, March 1st, 1902.

In the Matter of the Guardianship of William Edward Boeing, a Minor:

On reading and filing the petition of Frank A. Schulte, the guardian of the above named minor, representing, among other things, that the said ward is seized of certain real estate in the County of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and that for the benefit of said ward the same should be sold, reserving, however, the minerals that may exist upon, in or under said premises, with the right to enter and remove the same, and praying for license to sell the same, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court from said petition that it is for the benefit of said ward that said estate should be sold.

It is ordered, that all persons interested in said estate appear before this court on Monday, the 24th day of March, 1902, at ten o'clock a. m., at the court house, in Duluth, in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, then and there to show cause if any there be, why license should not be granted for the sale of said real estate, according to the prayer of said petition.

It is further ordered, that this order be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to the said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 1st day of March, 1902.

W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis County).

Duluth Evening Herald, March-1-8-15-1902

PROPOSALS.

Sealed bids are requested for the completion of the waterworks system at the village of Chisholm, Minn. The work consists of the erection of a water tower and tank with connections. A frame pump station, setting in place and connecting with well and main a pump and boiler supplying and laying 100 feet of 8-inch and 150 feet of 6-inch cast iron pipe and backfilling and otherwise completing the laying of 3000 feet of pipe now in place, all in accordance with the plans and specifications now on file in the office of the village recorder.

Particulars of the work to be done may be obtained from the village engineer or the village recorder. Bids will be opened by the council on the evening of March , 1902.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

THOS. F. McGILVRAY,
209 First National Bank building, Duluth.
Engineer for the village of Chisholm.
Duluth Evening Herald, Feb-27-28-Mch-1-3-4-5-1902.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.

In Probate Court, Special Term, March 1, 1902.

In the Matter of the Guardianship of Caroline Marie Boeing, a minor:

On reading and filing the petition of Frank A. Schulte, the guardian of the above named minor, representing, among other things, that the said ward is seized of certain real estate in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and that for the benefit of said ward the same should be sold, reserving, however, the minerals that may exist upon, in or under said premises, with the right to enter and remove the same, and praying for license to sell the same, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court from said petition that it is for the benefit of said ward that said real estate should be sold.

It is ordered, That all persons interested in said estate appear before this court on Monday, the 24th day of March, 1902, at ten o'clock a. m. at the court house in Duluth in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, then and there to show cause if any there be, why license should not be granted for the sale of said real estate, according to the prayer of said petition.

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Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 1st day of March, 1902.

W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis County.)

Duluth Evening Herald—Mar-1-8-15-1902.

HOMES—INVESTMENTS—LOTS—FARMS

These columns are the medium through which Real Estate owners make their offers to the public. Prospective purchasers will find many interesting propositions among the wide choice offered here today.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

SNAP

On East First street, near Eighth avenue east.
Two houses, thoroughly modern; with one lot, $5000; with two lots, $7000.

$2750 Two houses on lot with double frontage. Central.

$1600 House and lot on East Third street; $100 cash, balance monthly.

For sale exclusively by
W. M. PRINDLE & CO.,
First Floor, Lonsdale Building.

Bargains!

A Superior street lot in the most desirable part of the West End business section for $90 per front foot.

Another near Eighteenth avenue, between Superior and Michigan street for $75.00 PER FRONT FOOT.

327 acres, a mile from Foxboro, for $4.00 PER ACRE.

These are all bargains.

Richardson & Day,
EXCHANGE BUILDING.

FOR SALE.

$3000 Will buy a good seven-room house and 25x140-foot lot on East Second street. House has bath, toilet, furnace heat, city water. West of Fourteenth avenue east.

$3300 For a centrally located nine-room house, lot 35x100. Has city water, sewer, bath, toilet, cellar. Only five minutes' walk from Torrey building.

PARK POINT LOTS.

We have exclusive sale of some fine lots on Minnesota avenue. If you intend to camp on the Point this year, get your location picked out early, and avoid the rush.

FOR FARM LANDS.

You should see our list before going elsewhere. We have some good bargains to offer you.

FOR RENT.

New modern five-room flat—927 East Fifth street, at..... **$20.00**
New modern five-room flat—2018 West Superior street, at.... **$17.00**
new modern six-room brick house in East End, at..... **$30.00**
No. 921 East First street, nine rooms, modern conveniences.
Five-room flats at Twenty-fourth avenue west and Superior street, at..... **$9 and $10**

FIVE PER CENT MONEY TO LOAN.
STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK.

FOR RENT

2232 West Superior Street, 4-room flat, city water..... **$12.00**
Cosy 4-room flats in the Wieland Flats at moderate prices. Steam heat, bath, city water included
2120 West Second Street, seven rooms, ... **$14.00**
Four pleasant rooms at 214 Twenty-eighth avenue west at **$9.00**
Three-room flat at 2132 West Second street, city water..... **$6.00**

Mendenhall & Hoopes
208 First National Bank Bldg. Duluth, Minn

Six-room house East Third street, with bath, etc..... **$1800**
Eight-room house, London Eight-room house, London road, **$3000**
Fine residence lot, upper side East Superior street..... **$1500**

E. D. Field Co., 204 Exchange Bldg

East End Bargains.

50-foot lot on East Second street, near Nineteenth avenue East.... **$1100**
25-foot lot on East Second street, near Eleventh avenue E. **$1000**
50-foot lot on East Second street, near Fourteenth Ave. E. **$1600**
$4000 Building in West Duluth, three store rooms (all rented) and twenty rooms, netting 10 per cent net. Fine repair. A BARGAIN.

H. L. BILLSON,
Torrey Bldg., First Floor.

RESIDENCES

For sale at all prices and in all parts of city.

GEORGE RUPLEY,
513 Board of Trade.

$900 House and lot near Twenty-eighth avenue west; city water; street graded; good chance to get a home.

$1650 Six-room house; lot 25x140 feet; Second street, near Twenty-first avenue west.

$1200 Farm of 80 acres, well improved; buildings, etc.; choice land; no stones; near Duluth.

Cheap lots in the West End.

T. G. VAUGHN,
Phone 789. 401 Lonsdale Bldg.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE.

8 modern East End Houses
6 modern Central Houses
4 modern Central Double Houses.
Low Prices. Easy Terms.

N. J. UPHAM CO.,
400 Burrows Building.

WHY Pay Rent or Interest **?**

When the Home Co-Operative Comp'y Of Kansas City, Mo.

Will furnish you the money to pay off your mortgage or buy you a home and give you sixteen years and eight months to pay it back at the following monthly payments without interest:

$1000 at $5.35 per month
$2000 at $10.70 per month
$3000 at $16.05 per month

A fund is maintained to carry your contract in case of sickness or out of employment. We are the original and most reliable company of the kind in America and have a copyright and will prosecute any infringements.

Branch Office, 410 Palladio Bldg.

DO YOU PAY RENT?

Why not OWN your home and PAY LESS THAN RENT.
THE NATIONAL HOME-SEEKERS' ASSOCIATION will buy any home you choose on following payments:
A $1000 home, $ 5.50 per month.
A $2000 home $11.00 per month.
A $3000 home $16.50 per month.
These are direct payments on principal. NO INTEREST. No large down payment. Call and have this explained. Office open till 8:30 evenings. 417 Torrey building. Correspondents enclose 2c stamp.

Real Estate.

We sold eight lots in Endion Division last week. All to be built on. Do not wait, but buy now. We have a large list of lots that we can sell cheap. Not only in Endion, but in all parts of the city.

LITTLE & NOLTE.

FOR SALE.

Houses and lots in all parts of the city.
5 per cent interest on deferred payments.

R. M. NEWPORT, 302 Lonsdale Bldg

SPLENDID BARGAIN.

Strictly modern ten-room dwelling in best residence district. Lot 75x140.

Wm. C. Sargent & Co.
305 Lonsdale Bldg.

NICE HOME

On Twenty-second Avenue West — lot 35x100—house in good repair —easy terms—only..... **$1000**
Also bargains in acres.

George Rupley, 513 Board of Trade.

Best Bargains!

20 Dwelling houses and lots on Duluth Heights will be sold within the next 60 days at prices and upon terms within the reach of anyone to secure his own home. The following is an example.

$475 $50 cash, balance $10 per month at 6 per cent interest, buys a well built five-room house in splendid condition and fine lot, on improved street. At Duluth Heights is a fine place to live and only twenty minutes' ride from the very center of the city. Come soon and have first pick.

If you think your landlord is overcharging for your place of residence you can rent a four to eight-room house in good condition on Duluth Heights for $4.50 to $7.00 per month.

OTHER BARGAINS.

$1150 Buys eight-room house with good cellar, city water and fine lot near Thirty-ninth avenue west, one block from street car. Best terms.

$1150 Buys good eight-room house and lot near London Road and Twenty-second avenue east.

Have a number of fine five-acre tracts of land for gardening back of Woodland Park, about one mile from the street car line, that will be sold cheap.

Alfred Kjellin,
306 Burrows Building.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

RESIDENCES We have for sale eight of the most desirable, in the fashionable district of the East End. Prices from $5600 to $11,500.

A CORNER 100 by 140 feet. This is the best location of which we know for improvement with flats, double dwellings, or apartments, for an investment. Price low.

FARMS Three well improved, good buildings. Close to the city. Call and see us regarding the above. Fire insurance written.

Chas. P. Craig & Co,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance, 103 Herald Building.

FARM LANDS In the northern parts of Minnesota, Wisconsin and Michigan. FINEST GRASS LANDS in the world. Droughts unknown. Immense yields of Timothy, Clover, Grain and Root crops. An ideal stock and farming country. Selling at $2 to $10 per acre.

B. C. CHURCH,
428 W. Superior St. DULUTH, MINN.

Residence Lots, Business Properties, Dock Frontage and Acres
For Sale or Lease. All good values.
A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

Treasury Stock!

We offer our treasury stock in shares of $50.00 each, at par.
We own centrally located improved property, the net income from which will pay 8 per cent dividend on this stock.
For further information apply to—

Duluth Real Estate Co.
No. 100 Trust Company Bldg.
Franklin J. Pulford, Pres. Calvin F. How, Treas

STORE FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STORES NOS. 522 AND 624 West Superior street. Lane McGregor & Co., 6 Exchange.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOM UPPER flat, bath, electric light. 1412 Jefferson street. Inquire of J. B. Middlecoff, 415 Providence building. Telephone 940.

FOR RENT—EIGHT-ROOM FLAT. Engel's flats, 216 East Fourth street.

FURNISHED FLATS, FOUR ROOMS. $11 up. Inquire 718 West Fifth street.

PERSONAL.

YOUR FORTUNE TOLD FROM cradle to grave; what I tell you comes true. Send a dime and birth and date. Prof. J. Myers, Chicago.

LADIES—$500 REWARD FOR A CASE of obstinate suppression, any cause, my monthly regular falls to relieve; mild; harmless vegetable; safe; sure; how long suppressed. Dr. Jackson R. Co., R 989, 167 Dearbord, Chicago.

PERSONAL—MY HUSBAND WAS A hard drinker for over twenty years. I cured him by a simple home treatment, and if any person who really wishes to cure drunkenness will write to me, I will gladly tell them how I did it. I am sincere in this offer, and as I have nothing to sell, I want no money. Mrs. Margaret Anderson, Hillburn, N. Y.

LADIES! OUR HARMLESS REMEDY for delayed or suppressed period; cannot fail. Trial free. Paris Chemical company, Milwaukee, Wis.

PATENTS—PROTECT YOUR IDEAS. No allowance. No fee. Consultation free. Est. 1864. Milo B. Stevens & Co., 614 Eleventh street, Washington.

ANY AND ALL PERSONS HAVING collaterals on which loans have been made, must redeem same within thirty days from first insertion of this notice. Feb. 25, 1902. Standard Jewelry & Loan company, 324 West Superior street.

DRESSMAKING.

AND PLAIN sewing; fit and style guaranteed. 616 E. 4th St. Basement flat.

FARM LANDS.

SECURE A HOMESTEAD IN NORTH Dakota before it is too late. For information, digest of the homestead law, etc., mail $1.00 to the Great Northern Locating company, Dept. B., Devils Lake, N. D. Plat of the Devils Lake Indian reservation, which is about to be opened up, $1.00. Write today.

LOST.

LOST—FEB. 20, PURSE, MARKED COMpliments of C. V. Samuelson. Finder will be rewarded by returning same to Herald office.

LOST—CRYSTAL FRAME OF LADIES' open-face watch; finder please leave at Herald office.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

SAND AND GRAVEL.

GOOD BUILDING SAND AND GRAVel, cheap at Fortieth avenue west. For permits apply to C. H. Martz, at board of public works.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD AND ROOM WANTED, PREferably in private family, by man and wife; references if desired. Address P 49, Herald.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER. 819 FIRST AVE. E.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

1510 Jefferson street, seven-room house, bath, cellar, stone foundation, furnace, electric light; can be bought cheap.

A tract of land near the pumping station on the lake shore, lays good; can be bought cheap.

Thirty lots on Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth avenues west; any size lot from $90 a lot and upwards. Easy terms.

110 East Fifth street, house on the alley; will pay a good profit on the investment. Price, $1000.

A lot on upper side of Superior street, near Fifth avenue east— price **$2000**

A couple of flats to rent in West Duluth.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.,
H. H. Hanford, Mngr. 605 Palladio Bldg.

$4500 Nine-room modern house, first class repair, new heating plant, tire place, two toilet rooms, stationary wash tubs, storm and screen windows, big corner lot, west front. Three blocks from this office. No car fares. Easy terms.

T. W. WAHL & Co
201 Exchange Bldg.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

$1200 BUYS MANUFACTURING BUSIness in Duluth

$2000 buys business paying $250 month.

$4000 buys furniture and fixtures of 60-room hotel.

$11,500 buys electric light plant.
$4000 buys established hardware business.

DULUTH PURCHASING AGENCY, Albert L. Preston, Manager, 309-310 Palladio Building.

FURNITURE FOR THREE-ROOM flat, complete for housekeeping; cheap. Inquire flat 3, 13 East Superior street.

GLEN AVON LOTS CHEAP; LOTS that will be reached by extension of gas and water this summer. A. R. Macfarlane & Co., 112 Exchange building.

FOR SALE—BEDROOM SET; GOOD AS new; very cheap. Address U, Herald.

FOR SALE—UPRIHGT PIANO, TWO BIcycles and household furniture. Call mornings or evenings. 213 West Fifth street.

FOR SALE—CHOICE WHITE WYANdotte hens and some barred Plymouth Rocks and White Wyandotte eggs for hatching. Call or address Robert Metcalf, Duluth Heights.

FOR SALE — LUNCH COUNTER, stools, tables, ice boxes, contents of kitchen; restaurant, cheap. Enquire of S. Sellick.

$155 PIANO UPRIGHT, ELEGANT case, fine tone, used six months; cost $350. I need the cash, as I am leaving the city. Room 4, Metropolitan block.

Horses!! Horses!!

Large assortment of general purpose horses constantly on hand, including farm mares, drivers and delivery horses. Call and see us before going elsewhere.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Horse Market opposite P.O. Duluth, Minn.

PIANOS UPRIGHTS, NEW AND second-hand, all kinds, one-half price for ten days; $75 and $100; monthly payments. Open evenings. George W. Tietz, 34 West First street.

S. M. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED with a car load of fresh milch cows and will sell and exchange for fat cattle. 1219 East Seventh street.

$300 FOR 80-ACRE FARM WITH HOUSE and furniture. $300 for 120-acre farm with good house. We both buy and sell farm or cut-over timber lands. State Trust company, 506 Providence building, Duluth.

FOR SALE—LOCOMOTIVES, STEAM shovels, cars and rails, for construction or logging. Write for our 1902 catalogue. M. Mitshkun Company, Detroit, Mich.

L. HAMMEL & CO. ALWAYS HAVE ON hand the best logging horses in the city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

CARLTON COUNTY FARM LANDS for sale by B. C. Church, 518 Board of Trade.

SAWMILL FOR SALE—LOCATED AT Minong, Wis.; capacity 20,000 to 25,000 in ten hours; complete outfit; part payment accepted and terms on balance. Apply No. 10 Mesaba block.

LAUNCHES!

Pearson Boat Construction Co.,
Send for Prices. DULUTH, MINN

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies, Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

SIGNORA VALENZA, CONTRALTO opera teacher; true Italian method. Vocal studio, 17 East Superior street. No. 9.

HERB REMEDIES.

FOR ALL IMPURE BLOOD DISORders, tumors and cancers cured without the knife; inexpensive home treatment. No office charges. The Herbaqueen company, 319 First avenue east.

WINDOW SHADES.

WINDOW SHADES MADE TO ORDER. O. H. Stenberg, 12 West Superior street.

PICTURE FRAMING.

GET YOUR PICTURES AND PICTURE frames at Hoffman's, 211 East Superior street.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

LADIES COPY AT HOME; $4 TO $8 PER week; send stamped envelope for application. Monarch Supply company, Dept. 32, Chicago.

$12 WEEKLY FOR COPYING LETTERS home; either sex; send two stamps for particulars. Eagle Supply company, 58 Dearborn street, Chicago.

WANTED—NURSE MAID; GOOD wages; reference required. Call 2527 East First street.

WANTED--COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Good wages paid. 2 Chester terrace.

WANTED—GIRLS TO TAKE CARE OF rooms. Call 515 West Superior street.

HOME WORK $60 MONTHLY COPYING letters. Either sex. Send 2 stamps for particulars. Hicks' Supply company, 5067 Halsted street, Chicago.

LADIES, SOMETHING NEW MAKING sofa pillows at home; $7 to $12 weekly; materials furnished; no canvassing; steady employment; send stamped addressed envelope. Household Manufacturing company, Erie street, Chicago.

$6 TO $15 SALARY GUARANTEED PER weew to ladies desiring pleasant home work; experience unnecessary. Inclose stamp for full instructions, etc. Address 20th Century company, Toledo, Ohio.

LADIES TO DO PLAIN NEEDLE work for us at home, we furnish materials and pay $7 to $10 per week. Send stamped envelope to Standard company, Indiana avenue, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—COOKS AND SECOND COOK and fifty general girls and second girls. Lewis Employment Agency.

WANTED—LADY IN EACH COUNTY to represent house established ten years, solid financial standing; straight bona fide weekly cash salary $18, paid by check each Wednesday with all expenses direct from headquarters. Money advanced for expenses. Manager, 329 Caxton building, Chicago.

WANTED—ONE YOUNG LADY TO help cook. Apply Charles H. Hall, Branch Bethel.

GIRL WANTED IN SMALL FAMILY AT once. 1016 East Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT NURSE GIRL. Must have good references. Apply 20 Twelfth avenue east.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at 316 East Second street.

MS. P. H. KIELY, EMPLOYMENT OFfice, 225 East Superior street. Phone 892.

MALE HELP--WANTED

WANTED EVERYWHERE—HUSTLERS to tack signs, distribute circulars, samples, etc.; no canvassing; good pay. Sun Advertising Bureau, Chicago.

CIGAR SALESMEN WANTED; EXperience unnecessary; good pay. Emanuel Co., Station J, New York city.

WANTED—HUSTLING SALESMAN for Minnesota by well established wholesale house; high commission contract, with $25 weekly advance while traveling. Jess H. Smith Co., Detroit, Mich.

WANTED—FAITHFUL MANAGER TO take charge of distributing depot and office to be opened in Duluth to further business interests of old established manufacturing concern; salary, $125 and extra profits; applicant much furnish good reference and have $250 cash. Address Manager, P. O. box 1421 Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED — TRAVELING MAN FOR Minnesota, with old establish house; steady position, old route, $75 monthly to start, and expenses. Address Supt. Stoll, 332 Dearborn street, room 303, Chicago.

A GOOD SCANDINAVIAN BOY CAN get a position at the White Swan drug store.

WANTED — SALESMEN TO SELL lubricating oils and greases on salary or commission. Excellent side line. The A. G. Harbaugh company, Cleveland, Ohio.

$20 A WEEK STRAIGHT SALARY and expenses to men with rig to introduce our Poultry Mixture in country; year's contract; weekly pay. Address, with stamp, Monarch Mfg. Co., box 1746, Springfield, Ill.

SPLENDID WAGES PAID MEN WHO learn barber trade with us. Can earn scholarship, board, tools and transportation if desired. Short time required. 100 wanted to prepare for spring rush. Particulars mailed. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED -- COATMAKER. JANZIG, Hunter block.

Business Men Supplied with competent stenographers and accountants free of charge. Apply to

W. C. McCarter,
Businesss University.

WANTED—AGENTS.

FEMINOLOGY BEST SUBSCRIPtion book proposition of the century. Write for terms. C. L. Dressier & Co., 2206 Gladys avenue, Chicago.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—PLAIN SEWING TO DO. Address or call 32 Tenth avenue west; first floor.

WOMAN COOK WANTS POSITION; also second cook. W 47, Herald.

YOUNG MAN OF STEADY HABITS wants work of any kind. Is handy with a team. Address H 30, Herald.

WANTED—BY FIRST CLASS ENGIneer, stationary or marine; no objection to leaving the city; fifteen years' experience. Best of references. Address P 48, Herald.

YOUNG MARRIED MAN WITH HIGH school education, wants work. Willing to do anything. W. E. Sheldon, 618 Sixth avenue east.

A YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE SITUation to sew in a good place; has had some experience. Address L. C., 401 East Fourth street.

WANTED—POSITION BY COMPETENT young lady stenographer. Experienced in insurance and loans. T 32, Herald.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

A FEW SMALL HOUSES, CENTRALLY located, rent reasonable. A. R. Macfarlane & Co., 112 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOM HOUSE FOR small family. 924 Garfield avenue. Inquire on premises.

TWO LADIES WILL RENT PART OF house furnished to married couple. W 34, Herald.

FOR RENT — HOUSE, CORNER Forty-first avenue west and Grand avenue, one block from street car; modern. G. L. Robbins, 3729 Traverse street, West Duluth.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS. 16 EAST Tenth street.

FOR RENT—THREE OR FOUR UNfurnished rooms in steam heated flat. Bath, hot and cold water. References. Address E. C., Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM WITH or without board. Call 113 Second avenue East; up stairs.

NEAT NICELY FURNISHED ROOM with bath. Rent reasonable. 234 Mesaba avenue.

TWO WELL FURNISHED ROOMS FOR light housekeeping. Inquire of Carlton, 220 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—TWO ROOMS FOR LIGHT housekeeping; modern; $8 per month. 510 Third avenue east.

ROOM FOR RENT. ONE OF THE BEST. 131 East Second.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM either two young ladies or gentlemen. 327 East Superior street.

STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING.
All kinds accurately and promptly done. Old Phone 544, Zenith 831. Jessie L. Cooley—Lydia T. Grieser. 307 First National Bank Building.

BOARD OFFERED.

FOR RENT—ROOM WITH BOARD. 823 East Third street.

BOARD AND ROOMS; BATH, ETC. 120 First avenue west.

BOARD AND ROOM AT 207 WEST SECond street.

FURNISHED ROOMS AND BOARD. 32 West Second street.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 1, 1902. Work, First degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock. next meeting March 10, 1902. Work, First degree. Clyde W. Stilman, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 12, 1902. Work Royal Arch degree. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 7:30 p. m. Next conclave March 4, 1902. Work, election of officers. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall. 113 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL NO. 2, meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west at 8 p. m. Jack Huitquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES—Duluth Aerie No. 79, meets every Thursday at 8 p. m., in Kalamazoo block. Special election postponed until Thursday, March 6. J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets every Thursday of the month at Great Eastern hall. William Cleugh, sachem; S. C. Murphy, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 68, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m., at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street, N. G. Halloway, sachem; A. M. Johnson, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. WE-KE-ME-WUP TRIBE, NO. 17, meets every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior St. C. E. Armstead, sachem; H. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 113 West Superior street. March feast, P. B. B. C. B. B. S., Tuesday, March 4, 1902. G. H. Nichols, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS — DIAMOND lodge, No. 45, K. of P., meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Monday, Dec. 2, Work in the third rank. L. H. Allen, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of R. S.

M. W. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A.; William Tunell, clerk.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Business confidential. Western Loan Co., 321 Manhattan Bldg, Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 705-5.

DIME SOCIAL.

DIME SOCIAL, MARCH 2, 230 WEST Second street.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 237 MAIN STREET, West Superior, Wis. Phone 4359-3.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 230 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 376.

MRS. HANSON—MIDWIFE—
Female complaints. Private hospital, 413 Seventh avenue east. 'Phone 1225.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES, 10c copy. Hankenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

IMPORT OF 1901. 75c A BOTTLE. AT C. J. Tufte's drug store.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY FROM OWNERS for cash, large or small bodies of hard wood timber land, at market value, with good top soil and clap sub-soil. Lock Box 30, Morris, Minn.

WANTED—TO BUY, A COCKER SPANiel pup, four weeks old. Duluth Cigar company.

Horses Wanted.

LUMBERMEN AND CONTRACTORS—Notice—We are in the market at all times to purchase your horses if you have no further use for them and will pay highest cash price for the same. Call or address. BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN, Sale Stable opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn.

JOHNSON NICKEL MINING COMpany stock wanted; state price and quantity. Address P. O. box 250, city.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv..	Duluth..	Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m	Ar..	Proctor..	Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m	Ar.	Iron Jctn.	Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar..	Wolf....	Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar.	Virginia..	Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar..	Eveleth..	Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar..	Sparta..	Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar.	Biwabik..	Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar.	Mtn. Iron..	Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar.	Hibbing ..	Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A. M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	M.	P. M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	7:30
11:25	7:25	Ar.....Virginia....Lv	8:05	3:30
11:30	7:30	Ar.....Eveleth Lv	8:00	3:30
12:20	7:55	Ar..... Ely Lv	7:25	2:50
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.
(GREAT NORTHERN SYSTEM.)

Leave			Arrive
‡ 1:25 p.m.	St. Paul	Minneapolis	‡ 1:55 p.m.
‡ 11:10 p.m.			‡ 6:30 p.m.
• 7:55 a.m.	Cass Lake, Grand Forks Manitou, Pacific Coast, Bemidji, Swan River and the Iron Range.		• 6:43 p.m.
† 3:00 p.m.			† 11:58 a.m.

• Daily. † Daily Except Sunday.
Sleeper ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	•Daily. ••Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
••9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	••4 40 pm
•4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	••9 59 pm
•5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	•10 55 am
•5 00 pm	Appleton,	•10 55 am
•5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	•10 55 am
•5 00 pm	FAST MAIL	•10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave			Arrive
b 9:00 p m	Ashland and East		a 12:05 p m
a 9:00 a m	" "		6:55 p m
a 7:00 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express		a 7:55 a m
a 10 a m	North Coast Limited		a 4:55 p m
	"DULUTH SHORT LINE."		
Leave			Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL		b 5:00 p m
b 11:55 p m	MINNEAPOLIS		b 2:15 p m
a 11:55 p m			a 7:10 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railw'y

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Blk. 'Phone 44
All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot.
•5:45 p. m. Lv—BOSTON LIMITED—Ar. •9:55 a. m.
All points East.
†8:15 a. m. Lv——— LOCAL ———Ar. †7:25 p. m.
Marquette & Copper Country.

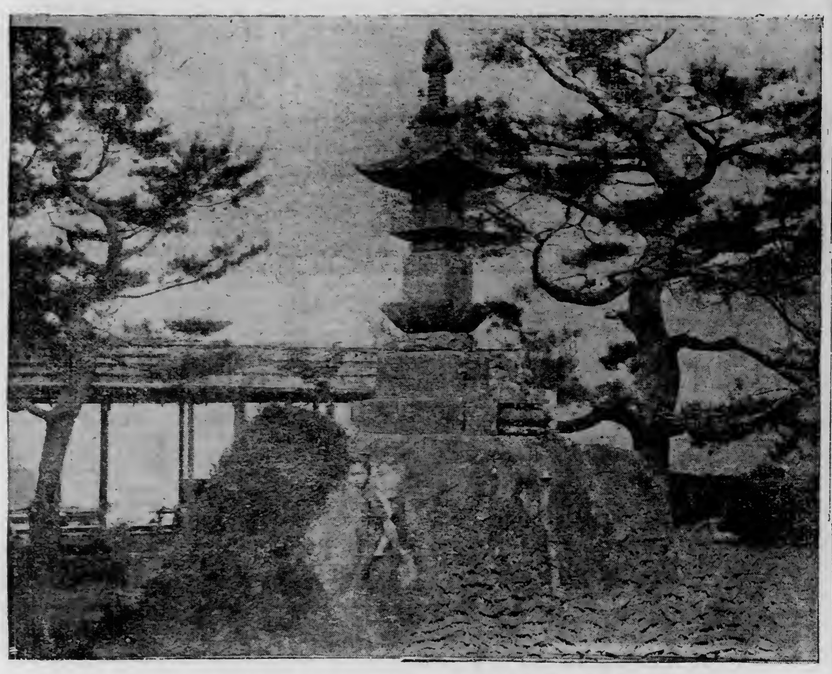
D aily. † Except Sunday

SECTION 2. DULUTH EVENING HERALD. SECTION 2.

SATURDAY, MARCH 1, 1902.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY (2)

TRIP THROUGH JAPAN



MIDDLE TEA HOUSE OF CHUZENJI, NIKKO.

Pictures of Japanese Life Collected By Dr. C. F. McComb.

Interesting Scenes At Points of Special Interest to Tourists.

When Dr. C. F. McComb, of this city, returned last fall from a several months' trip through China and Japan, he brought back with him a large collection of kodak pictures and photographs representing Japanese and Chinese life, and of many of the points of special interest to tourists. The Japanese protographs are especially good works of art in the photography line, and the scenes are reproduced in colors.

In this issue of The Herald appear half-tone reproductions from four of Dr. McComb's Japanese photographs, all of them reduced in size from the original. The pictures reproduced are the old castle at Nagoya, a Japanese lady writing a letter, a Japanese tea party and the middle tea house of Chuzenji, Nikko.

The castle at Nagoya is one of the most historic structures in Japan, and its building dates back into the twelfth century. There are several of these historic castles in Japan, and Dr. McComb, during his six weeks' stay in Japan, visited a number of them. There has been little or no change in the huge buildings since they were first built, and towering as they do high in the air, they present a very imposing appearance. The foundations are of heavy stone, and a long time was evidently consumed in erecting the castles.

The picture of the lady writing a letter is one of the common sights of the flowery kingdom, and the reproduction gives a correct idea of the process. The Japanese lady, when writing, dispenses with the dainty writing desks that the American lady regards as so necessary an adjunct to her correspondence, and writes with the paper held over her knee while in a sitting posture on the floor.

The tea ceremony is one of the important functions of the Japanese ladies, and is conducted with a large degree of formality and elaborateness. The hostess is seen at the extreme left, sitting, as does all her guests, on the floor in a semi-circle. The ladies represented are supposed to be Japanese belles, and each is dressed in her best robes in honor of the popular event. The tea urn is placed directly on the floor in front of the hostess.

Nikka, says Dr. McComb, is one of the most beautiful spots in a beautiful country. He remained at this point for some time and made excursions out to numerous points of interest. Nikko has a double glory—a glory of nature and a glory of art. Mountains, cascades, monumental forest trees had always stood there, and to these were added in the seventeenth century the mausolea of the illustrious Shogun Ieyasu, founder of the Tokugawa dynasty, and of his famous grandson, Iemitsu. The city is a delightful summer resort lying 2000 feet above the sea. Within the radius of fifteen miles from the city are found scores of the most beautiful nature spots in the world.

The tea house reproduced from one of the doctor's photographs is one of those he visited on his trip. It lies midway between Nikko and Lake Chuzenji, and is a favorite place for travelers between the two places.

Lake Chuzenji is about eight miles in circumference and is situated over 4000 feet above sea level. The lake abounds in trout and salmon. On the border of the lake are numerous small temples which are visited by pilgrims and which add picturesqueness to the scene.



OLD CASTLE AT NAGOYA, JAPAN.

Mr. Dooley Talks

On European Intervention.

By F. P. DUNNE.

(Copyright, 1902, by Robert Howard Russell).

"Th' question befure th' house Is," said Mr. Dooley, "which wan Iv th' Euro-peen powers done mos' f'r us in th' Spanish war."

"I thought they was all again us," said Mr. Hennessy.

"So did I," said Mr. Dooley, "but I done them an injustice. I was crool to thim crowned heads. If it hadn't been f'r some wan power, an' I can't make out which it was, th' Cubians today wud be oppressed be th' Castile instead Iv he th' Beet Sugar Thrust an' th' Filipinos 'd be shot be Mauser instead Iv Krag-Jorgensens. Some wan power sthretched out its hand an' said, 'No. No,' it said, 'thus far but no farther. We will not permit this misguided but warrum-hearted little people to be crushed be th' ruffyan power Iv Spain,' it said. 'Niver,' it said, 'shall histhry record that th' United States iv America nestlin' there in its cosy raypublic fr'm th' Atlantic to th' Passyfic was desthroyed an' th' hurtage Iv liberty that they robbed fr'm us wasted because we did not give thim support,' it says. An' so whin th' future looked darkest, whin we didn't know whether th' war wud last eight or be prolonged f'r tin weary, thragle minyits, whin it seemed as though th' Spanish fleet wud not sink unless shot at, some kindly power was silently confortin' us an' sayin' to itsilf: 'I do so hope they'll win, if they can.' But I don't know which wan it was.

"At first I thought it was England. Whiniver ye hear Iv anny counthry helpin' us, ye think it is England. That's because England has helped us so much in th' past. Says Lord Cranburne in reply to a question in th' house Iv commons: 'I am reluctantly fooreed be mesilf to blushin'ly admit that but f'r us, people on their way to China today wud be gettin' up an' lookin' over th' side Iv th' ship an' sayin', "This is where America used to be." Whin war was first discussed, mesilf an' th' rest Iv th' family r' t an' decided that unless prompt action was took our cousins an' invistmints acrost th' sea wud be damaged beyond repair so we cabled Lord Ponsyfoot to go at wanst to th' White House an' inform th' prisidint that we wud regard th' war as a crool blot on civilization an' an offinse to th' intilygince Iv mankind. I am glad to say our inthervintion was offycacious. War was immeedjately declared. I will not tell yet how high our hearts beat as the we r-read th' news fr'm day to day. Ye know. I will on'y say that we insthructed Lord Ponsyfoot to do Ivrything in his power to help our kinsmen an' he faithfully ixicuted his ordhers. He practically lived at th' White House durin' th' thryin' peeryod an' his advice to th' prisidint such as. "If ye go on with this blanyficint war th' United Powers will knock ye'er head off," or "I think I can secure fav-rable terms fr'm th' Powers if ye will obdicate in favor Iv a riprisintitive Iv th' house Iv Bourbon an' cede New England to Spain," done more thin annything else to put heart into th' American foorces. I will add that durin' this time, we was approached be an ambassandure Iv wan Iv th' powers who ast us to inthervene. I will not say which power it was excipt that it was Austhrya-Hungary an' I'm previnted be th' obligations Iv me office fr'm mintonin' what powers was behind th' move beyond hintin' that they was as follows: Germany, France, Roshya, It'ly, China, Turkey, Monaco, San Marino, Boolgahyra, Montinaygro, Booloochistan an' Pershya. Pah's reply to th' ambassadure was: "I will do all I can," as he kicked him down stairs. It ill becomes me to say what else we done f'r that home Iv freedom—an' hiven knows I wisht it'd stay there an' not be wandherin' over th' face Iv th' wurruld—but I'm not proud Iv me looks an' I will remark that Tiddy Rosenfelt was capably directed be th' iditors Iv England, thim hearts Iv oak, that th' American navy was advised be our mos' inargetic corryspondints an' that, to make th' raysult certain, we lint a few British gin'rals to th' Spanish. Cud frindship go farther? As they say in America: "I reckon, be gosh, not."

"Well, whin I read this speech I was prepared to hang th' medal f'r savin' life on th' breasts Iv th' hands acrost th' sea where there's always plenty Iv books f'r medals. But th' nex' day, I picks up th' pa-aper an' seen that 'twas not England done it but Germany. Yez, sir, 'twas Germany, Germany was our on'y friend. They was a time whin it looked as though she was goin' to shoot at us to keep us fr'm th' consequences Iv our rash act. They'se nawthin' Germany wudden't do for a frind. Yes, it was Germany. But it was France too. La Belle France was there with a wurrud Iv encouragemint an' a glance Iv affection out Iv her dark eyes that kep' growin' darker as th' war proceeded. An' it was Rooshya. Whin th' czar heerd Iv th' war, th' first thing he said was: 'I'm so sorry. Who is th' United States?' An' 'twas Iv'ly an' Booloochistan an' Boolgahrya an' even Spain. Spain was our frind till th' war was over. Thin she rounded on us an' sold us th' Ph'lippines.

"They was all our frinds an' yet on'y wan Iv thim was our frind. How d'ye make it out, Hinnissy? Hogan has a sayin' that onaisy lies th' head that wears a crown, but it seems to be as aisy f'r some Iv thim as f'r th' mos' dimmyeratic American. But whoiver it was that saved us I'm thankful to thim. It won't do f'r ye to look at th' map an' say that th' powerful protiethn' nation wud be hardly big enough f'r a watch charm f'r a man fr'm Texas or that Euro-peen assistance f'r America is about as useful as a crutch f'r a foot-runner. But f'r the intherventhion Iv our unknown frind, we'd've been annihilated. Th' powers wud've got together an' they wud've sint over a fleet that wud've been turrible if it didn't blow up an' th' crews didn't get seasick. They wud've sint an irresistible ar-rmy like th' waa that is now crushin' th' Boers with th' infirmities Iv ol' age; an' fin'ly, if all else failed, they wud rayfuse food. That's goin' to be th' unixpicted blow Iv anny war that th' parishes Iv Europe wages again us. They will decline to eat. They will turn back our wheat an' pork an' short rib sides. They'll starve us out an' if left to their own resources, as Hogan says, Europe cud outstarve America in a month."

"I'm not afraid Iv thim," said Mr. Hennessy. "Whin I was a young man, I cud take a runnin' jump acrost Germany or France an' as f'r England we'd hardly thrip over it in th' dark."

"Perhaps ye'er right," said Mr. Dooley. "But if all thim gr-reat powers, as they say thimselves, was f'r to attack us, d'ye know what I'd do? I'll tell ye. I'd blockade Armour an' comp'ny an' th' wheat illvators Iv Minnysoty. F'r, Hinnissy, I tell ye, th' hand that rocks th' scales in th' grocery store, is th' hand that rules th' wurruld."



JAPANESE TEA CEREMONY.

Great Contrast

Between This Country and New South Wales.

Former Duluthian Tells of the Far Away Land, Where They Are Now Roasting Alive.

Inverell, N. S. W., Jan. 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—It has been my intention for a long time to send you a little description of this remote part of the world, but you know business before pleasure in the first place, and lack of ability in the second. However, it does not take much ability to draw comparisons between our old and new homes. The contrast is so great as to become at once apparent. Twenty-five years behind America is expressing it very mildly, and everything vice versa. While you are freezing to death, we are roasting alive. One hundred and eight in the shade is nothing unusual, whilst up in Greenland, about 150 miles from here, the thermometer reached 125 in the shade a few weeks ago, causing hundreds of birds to fall from the trees dead, and to use a German phrase, one might say: "This is the country where the roasted pigeons fly into your mouth." In addition to the heat, we get a drought about once a year, causing everything to dry up, and it requires the strictest economy to keep enough drinking water in the tanks, which are fed from the roofs by rain water; that is, if you have only one tank. In this respect, however (I mean as far as droughts are concerned), this district is not so bad as 100 miles further west, what is called the flat country, where the best grazing lands are located. During the dry season the ground for thousands of miles is as bare as the pockets of a country editor; not a tree to break the monotony, but during the wet season you can see the grass grow. In consequence of these conditions the sheep, for which this country is noted, are constantly traveling to and fro, looking for feed and water. It is not unusual to see herds of 5000 pass our very doors, traveling at the rate of six miles per day.

But, coming back to this district, it may be of interest to you or your readers to know, that it is one of the best in this colony; it only lacks the American push, enterprise and capital to make it rank with some of the best districts in the United States. Within a radius of from fifteen to thirty-five miles we have here the fost fertile agricultural lands I have ever seen, the soil consisting of three distinct varieties, namely, black chocolate and red-colored, producing nearly everything, such as wheat, oats, hay, corn, all kinds of fruit, wine, etc The next thing is mineral, consisting of silver, tin, gold, copper, coal, etc. Fifteen miles from here are located the only diamond fields

(Continued on Page 8.)



JAPANESE LADY WRITING A LETTER.

Fables By George Ade

The Modern Fable of the Two Tabbies Who Were Sorry That the People Wer Intereseted In Pugs.

(Copyright, 1902, by Robert H. Russell.)

It befell that Mrs. Cadwalader and Mrs. Frisbie met at a Tea Fight and proceeded to wrassle with Current Topics.

Mrs. Cadwalader was Corresponding Secretary of the Society for Ethical Research and once dined at the same Table with President Eliot. Mrs. Frisbie was the Party that read the Paper before the Tuesday Morning Club.

These two began to deplore the Tendencies of this year's Journalism.

They wanted to know if it wasn' too Bad that the Papers printed so much about Horse-Racing and other Crimes when it was possible to drop in at any Litry Club and get enough Hot Stuff to fill the whole Sheet.

Mrs. Cadwalader said that her Idea of a gingery Daily would be one with a Picture of Jeannette Gilder and a couple of Book Reviews on page 1, some Club Notes and Society Announcements on page 2, a few useful Hints on how to clean White Gloves without making them smell, and then the remaining Space with Pomes.

"Ain't it Sickening to pick up a Paper and find Columns about these brutal Prize-Fighters?" asked Mrs. Frisbie. "Just at present it's all about Fitzsimmons and Jeffries. It begins to look as though they might get together."

"It would have been pulled off long ago if Fitz had not insisted on an even Split of the Purse," said Mrs. Cadwalader. "It looks very Fakey to me when a Man holds out for 50 per cent, win or lose. I think Jeff is right in insisting that the winner take the Big End."

"You seem to think that Jeff has a Cinch," said Mrs. Frisbie, in a Sarcastic Tone.

"I think it's like robbing a Child's Bank," said Mrs. Cadwalader. "I can't see any but Jeff. Goodness! He has a Right that would change any Man's Religion."

"Well, Lanky Bob is quite a Few when it comes to sassy Rights," maintained Mrs. Frisbie. "Once he hit a Man in Evansville and the Man woke up in Memphis. Any time that he lands one of those Mary Anns, there's something doing in the other Corner."

"You seem to forget that Jeff gave him his Trimmings," said Mrs. Cadwalader, with a Smile of Superior Wisdom.

"But Fitz says that he was Drugged," retorted Mrs. Frisbie.

"Back to the Night School!" exclaimed the Corresponding Secretary of the Society for Ethical Research. "I'll tell you what Drugged him. It was that Haymaker that was handed to him in the Second. That was a regular Lizeumtizzus. After he got that one he didn't know whether he was in the Arena or up in the Hay-Mow looking for Eggs."

"Let me ask you something," said Mrs. Frisbie, with considerable Warmth. "Didn't the Sailor stay for twenty-five Rounds with this big Burly? Then didn't Fitz put him away the fourth time up? Now if there's anything in the Dope, how can you figure anybody but the Kangaroo? Don't talk to your Aunt Hester! Any time that they beat him on the Square they'll have to push a Steam Roller into the Ring. The next time he gets Mr. Boiler-Maker in front he'll take his Measure in a hurry. He will certainly light on that naughty Actor and sting him like a Bee. Jeff will think that somebody is shooting Gloves at him from a Rapid Fire Gun. All that the Kinetoscope will show will be something that looks like an Electric Fan in Motion. Little Bright Eyes from California will begin to see Stars that never were on the Chart. Now, I'm telling you."

"'Go back and finish your Nap," said Mrs. Cadwalader, giving her friend the Banjo Eye. "You must have received a few Marconis from Dreamland or else some False Friend has been feeding you the Baked Atmosphere. To hear you talk one would suppose that at any time Fitz comes into the Ring they have to put Asbestos under the Matting. He may be fairly Warm, but I don't think he has to wear a Steam Gauge. I will admit that he is all right in his Class, but he has his Nerve with him when he tries to upset a Baby Elephant."

"The bigger they are the harder they fall," observed Mrs. Frisbie.

"It's like starting a Dray Horse against McChesney," reiterated Mrs. Cadwalader. "If ever Jeff connects, the small Boys will be picking up Freckles around there for a Week after."

The Discussion regarding the Sensational Press was taking an acrimonious Turn when the Hostess entered and asked them to step into the Front Room and hear Agnes Gladys Otis read something from "The Ring and the Book."

"Gracious me! I hope it isn't anything about the Prize Ring or the Winter Book," said Mrs. Cadwalader.

MORAL: People may be opposed to a Vulgar Pastime and yet be Posted.

THEY ORGANIZE FOR BASKET BALL

Freshmen and Sophomore Girls of High School Make Up Teams---Annual Sacred Concert to Be Held March 23.

The fair damsels of the freshmen and sophomore classes of the high school, not satisfied at the result of the inter-class polo game which the boys pulled off some time ago, are organizing basket ball teams so that the feminine as well as the masculine supremacy of the lower classes may be ascertained.

Miss Mogford, who teaches English to the freshmen, is their manager and general promoter, while Mrs. Loctra performs a like function in behalf of the sophomore maids.

The sophomore girls have succeeded in arranging for Harmonie hall at Lester Park to practice in, and they will begin work there next Wednesday afternoon. They hope later to lease the Armory for that purpose, that their training quarters may be more convenient.

The freshmen team is also preparing to go into training and will get down to practice in a few days. Edward Congdon and Miss Mogford, who has some experience in feminine athletics, will act as coaches for the freshmen. Frank Peterson and Walter Dash are the envied young men who will initiate the sophomoric charmers into the mysteries of the ball and basket.

The idea is an entirely new one in this neck of woods, and it is receiving enthusiastic support from the girls of both classes. It is reported that about twenty girls have already signified their willingness to become members of the sophomore squad and fight for the glory of their class. The freshmen exhibit an equal amount of interest in the project.

No captains for the teams have been decided upon as yet, but after a little practice the girls who show special aptitude for the game will probably receive the honors.

No date has been set as yet for the game, but everyone is awaiting it with breathless interest—particularly the young men.

The practice will probably be secret.

ANNUAL SACRED CONCERT

To Be Held Sunday Before Easter, March 23.

Arrangements are rapidly being completed for the annual sacred concert of the High School Musical society, which will be held on the Sunday before Easter—March 23.

A. F. M. Custance, the director of the society, has been drilling the members for some time, and now that the program is nearly decided upon, will soon have them in good shape.

The full chorus of the High School Musical society, assisted by the choir of St. Paul's church and the complete Flaaten's orchestra, will participate. Miss Rena Smith and other excellent soloists will render selections.

The program will be divided into two parts, the first consisting of miscellaneous selections of sacred music, the second of readings from Longfellow's "Golden Legend," interspersed with appropriate musical numbers, ending with "Hallelujah" chorus.

For years this concert has been an annual event and much enjoyed by those who have attended.

Admission will be by ticket. The tickets are placed at the disposal of the members of the society to circulate among their friends.

SOPHOMORES DEBATE.

Superior and Duluth Scholars Discuss Suffrage Question.

The chief number of Friday's Literary society meeting was the debate between the sophomores of the Blaine high school in Superior and the local institution.

Before the debate Misses Searle and Peterson, of the senior class, rendered a piano duet in a pleasing manner, and Louis Zalk read a humorous selection by Mark Twain entitled "A Visit to the Niagara Falls Indians." It was a mirthful account of adventures with a supposed tribe of Indians, who, it turned out afterward, had immigrated from Limerick.

The subject of the debate was: "Resolved, that there should be an educational qualification for suffrage in the United States." Lester Seeler, Miss Burbank and Frank Scoble argued the negative on the Duluth side, while the affirmative and the cause of the Superior school was upheld by Miss Bince and Messrs Johnston and Malcombe. The rebuttal was given by Mr. Scoble for the Duluth team, while Mr. Malcombe performed that service for the Superior talkers.

The debate was a good one, showing a thorough acquaintance with the subject by both sides. The Superior speakers showed especial oratorical ability and careful preparation. There was no decision by official judges, but the general opinion was that the Superior people had slightly the best of the argument.

NOTES OF THE WEEK.

Work on the Zenith is progressing rapidly. The various class boards have finished their work and some have already submitted their material to the senior board. The others will follow shortly. The material has come in earlier this year than ever before, admitting of plenty of time for thorough preparation before going to the printer. The printing, by the way, will be done by the North Land Printery. Contracts have been made between the management, Frank Fee, and that establishment. The senior board will soon decide on the prize winners in the story, poem and essay competitions.

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The juniors held a special meeting on Monday to reconsider the motion passed at the regular monthly meeting, which authorizes the junior-senior reception committee to hold that function at the Spalding hotel, as such a course was thought by some to incur too great expense. The matter was laid on the table, however, without anything being accomplished.

The sophomores held a meeting also, and with as little result.

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Even the worst weather of which the weather man is capable fails to deter the festive seniors when they are out for a good time. So a fairly good-sized crowd was present when they held their monthly spread at Harmonie hall Friday evening. A thoroughly good time was enjoyed. The spread habit has reached such a state of permanence in the senior organization that they intend to hold one every month.

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Friday's storm was not quite severe enough. Perhaps we shall have a holiday the next time.

JOYFUL.

British Pleased With News of Victory Over Boers.

London, March 1.—Following the precedent of Lord Roberts, who announced Gen. Cronje's surrender at Paardeburg the anniversary of the battle of Majuba Hill, (Feb. 27, 1881), Lord Kitchener apparently selected the same anniversary to achieve a big success, by a combined movement, lasting two days, against the Boer forces within the Harrismith and Van Reenen line of blockhouses. The Boer losses aggregate 600 men killed or captured, and 200 horses and 25,000 head of cattle fell into the hands of the British troops.

This news was so welcome to the British that it was read out in the house of commons yesterday by the war secretary, Mr. Broderick, from a dispatch of Lord Kitchener, as follows:

Harrismith, Feb. 28, 1902.—Yesterday the combined operations of the columns terminated in driving the Boers against the Harrismith and Van Reenen blockhouse line. The River Wilge was held by the Leinster regiment and Elliott's mounted infantry from Harrismith, while the columns formed on the Frankfort and Botha's Pass blockhouse line and advanced south, holding the entire country between the Wilge and the Natal frontier. On the first night a very severe attempt to break through was made at a point between Rimington's and Byng's columns and the New Zealanders behaved with great gallantry. The fighting was at close quarters and the Boers, as usual, drove a large herd of cattle in front of them. Manie Botha, the Boer leader, was killed and thirty-five dead Boers were found on the ground. Over 100 horses were killed and 600 head of cattle were left in our hands.

Other small attempts to break out were made and in two cases succeeding. On the last day 450 Boers with rifles and horses were captured. All the columns have not yet reported and the operations have been very wide, but over 600 Boers have been either killed or are prisoners in our hands; also 200 horses, 25,000 head of cattle, 200 wagons, 60,000 sheep, 500 rifles and 50,000 rounds of ammunition. The prisoners included Gen. De Wet's son and his secretary; Commandants Meyer and Truther and several field cornets. These satisfactory results are very appropriate on the aniversary of Majuba."

The war secretary, Mr. Broderick replying to a question in the house of commons today, said no details with the exception of the list of casualties had been received of the recent capture of a British convoy of empty wagons near Klerksdorp. No men had been reported killed, but there were about 100 wounded.

A dispatch received last night from Harrismith shows that Gen. De Wet and Mr. Steyn were within the net described by Lord Kitchener in his dispatch from Harrismith, but escaped before the line was completed.

In response to an inquiry made by the government as to the fate of an escort of convoy of empty wagons which according to a dispatch from Lord Kitchener made public Feb. 26, was attacked and captured by the Boers southwest of Klerksdorp, Transvaal Colony, Feb. 24, Lord Kitchener has cabled the following message:

"A report has just been received that sixteen officers and four hundred and fifty-one men were taken prisoners. Of these one officer and 105 men have been released. Col. Anderson, of the Imperial Yeomanry, who commanded, is still a prisoner. Maj. Enderby, who commanded the infantry, was wounded. Hence the delay in obtaining definite information."

Makes children eat, sleep and grow. Makes mother strong and vigorous. Makes a healthy family. That's what Rocky Mountain Tea does. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.



DISEASES OF MEN

VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, Piles, Fistula, Hydrocele, Cancer, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranted in from 10 to 30 days. Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the Mouth or Throat, Unhealthy Discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by the new remedies with never failing success.

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LADIES All forms of Female Weakness, Debility, Pain in the Back and Loins, Ovarian and Womb Troubles, speedily and permanently cured. Office private; no exposure; consultation free. If in trouble, write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 12 m.

DR. T. J. PIERCE, 5 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

Books and Magazines

Some of the Latest Works From the Publishers — Contents of March Magazines.

Miss Mary Johnston's new romance, "Audrey" (Houghton, Mifflin & Co., $1.50), more than fulfills the eager expectations which have awaited its publication. Like "To Have and To Hold" and "Prisoners of Hope," it is a Virginian story, but it is laid in the eighteenth instead of the seventeenth century. The life of colonial Virginia has been growing more rich and picturesque; we are introduced to the stately mansions that adorn the banks of the James river, and to the lively capital, Williamsburg. Typical figures include the witty Col. Byrd (2d), of Westover, and his daughter Evelyn, the famous beauty. The orphan girl, Audrey, is, we believe, the most vital and fascinating personage created by Miss Johnson's imagination. Indeed, this latest story reveals everywhere maturity of observation, joined with a profoundly poetic interpretation of nature and of human passion. Colored illustrations make the book unusually attractive. F. C. Yohn, the well-known artist, has caught the spirit of the author most successfully, and his six striking pictures are reproduced in color by a new process which marks the latest advance in the art.

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Le Roy Armstrong, author of "The Outlaws," announced by the Apletons, is a well-known newspaper man and has already achieved a reputation as a writer of short stories. He is a native of Indiana and was born in 1854. His early education was that afforded by the Middle West before the war, and which, when completed, was supplemented by an apprenticeship to the printers' trade. When 17 years old he began his journalistic career in Chicago and has "ground out" his daily quota of "copy" steadily ever since. Mr. Armstrong found time from the routine of newspaper work to attempt an enlargement of his field, his first story appearing in Scribners' for August, 1890. This was followed by others in the Century, Lippincotts' and Youth's Companion. His collaboration with Charles Eugene Banks, he has written a "Biography of Theodore Roosevelt, the Typical American." His first book of fiction, "The Outlaws," bears all the marks of a strong writer. It is full of compact incident and the story centers around the building of the old Wabash canal, and the American pluck, courage and restless energy that went into the development of the Western country.

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Little, Brown & Co. will publish this spring a book by a new and promising Western author which is destined to attract considerable attention. Frances Charles, a Californian, has written a tale of the Southwest, entitled "In the Country God Forgot." The hate of a rich old farmer of Arizona for his only son is the theme of the story. There are clever bits of philosophy, ably-drawn character sketches, and stirring dramatic scenes; and the whole book is brimful of human nature.

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When Doubleday, Page & Co. first announced "The Colonials," it is said not a single bookseller offered an order for a copy of this new historical novel. Yet the book will be published on Feb. 1, and more orders than could be filled were received by Feb. 5, when a new edition was put to press. On the 6th the edition was increased, and on the 14th a third large printing began. Now the novel promises to be one of the successes of the season. Furthermore, being an accurate, well-wrought story of the most interesting period and locality of our Revolutionary history, it is fairly entitled to a permanent place in our literature.

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"Buell Hampton," a new novel by a new author, that is said to surpass any story of the great West yet written, is to be issued at an early date by Forbes & Co. (Boston). The author is Willis George Emerson, of the copper fields of Southern Wyoming—a miner in the Sierra Madre mountains; and it is said that the story was written from beginning to end in a miner's cabin. The literary editor of one of the leading daily papers of New York city says of it: "'Buell Hampton' is the first manuscript of any novel I have read in many years that held me fascinated from the first word to the last. It is filled with clever plots and dramatic situations, and will certainly be classed as one of the greatest novels of the new century." Already negotiations are under way for its dramatization by one of the leading dramatists of the country.

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Stephen Phillip's next poem will be "Ulysses." It will be published in a volume by itself by the Macmillan company. In speaking of his latest work, J. Churton Collins has said of it: "The accent here is unmistakable. It is the accent of a new and true poet." This seems to have become the general opinion of those whose voices stand for present authority in current English literature. The London Times emphatically is of the opinion that Mr. Phillips has the poets' imagination, and the performance of his tragedy, "Herod," showed at once that he had also the imagination of the dramatist.

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The value of Congressman Burton's new book, "Financial Crisis," (D. Appleton & Co.), as an authority on financial and industrial problems, has been recognized in London fully as much as it has been here, and arrangements have been made to bring out an English edition. Congressman Burton is well fitted by reason of his identification with great industries, his experience as a lawyer, and by his work in congress, to analyze financial history and to draw therefrom important lessons for the future. The stupendous scale upon which industrial enterprises are now being conducted will make the next financial crash appalling in its consequences, and can only be averted by the most careful direction and thorough understanding of economic conditions on the part of those nearest to the source of the nation's vitality. Standard works on the subject of finance are none too plentiful, and "Financial Crisis" is a valuable addition.

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"Wild Oats,' the March nove lin Lippincott's Magazine, is written by Francis Willing Wharton, whose stories of adventure and sentiment have made her welcome to magazine readers. This is her first sustained novel, and it adds much to her reputation for flashes of light upon social frivolities. The crop of wild oats has been plentifully sown by a gay college student, and after a brief, inglorious reign at his 'varsity he returns to a reproachful family, only to find his sweetheart bent on having a few larks of her own. A wily uncle of the wild youth is leading the girl into imprudent situations. She is pretty and young and means no harm, being simply the product of a guardian-grandfather's plan to allow girls to follow their own devices. After a particularly daring escapade, which results in a broken wrist—almost a ditto heart—she decides she "wants to be good." The brief, sprightly novel is charmingly original and increases in interest to the last page. A particularly noteworthy feature of the March Lippincott is a short story by Dr. S. Weir Mitchell, called "The Sins of the Fathers"—an impressive episode told with quiet but stunning effect.

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Besides the usual departments—"Affairs at Washington," "Studies of Books and Their Makers," "The Stage," etc., the March National has several features of large and pointed interest to Americans. Judge Andrew J. Harlan, last survivor of the famous Thirty-first congress, contributes a chapter of fascinating reminiscences of the celebrated men who figured in that body. Senator Hansbrough, the author of the pending irrigation bill, tells how that measure proposes a plan by which the nation, investing $300,000,000 for a period of forty years, will add $2,400,000,000 to the wealth of the people. Capt. Arthur McGray, the well known Boston export agent and former navigator, declares the Darien river route for the Isthmian canal is a winner, and tells why he holds this view.

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The March issue of Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly appears as the Charleston exposition number, and includes some thirty pages of admirable photographs of the great fair, together with an intelligent running commentary by Cuyler Smith. This is the first full account of the most elaborate attempt at exposition making which the South has ever tried, and it is very interesting to compare the buildings with those which the public so warmly applauded at Buffalo. The fiction in this number is notable. It includes half a dozen good stories, one or two of them illustrated in tint.

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The March number of the Ladies' Home Journal is an admirable example of a real "home" magazine. From the beautiful cover, by W. L. Taylor, to the very last page it is replete with delightful fiction and interesting articles. The number opens with the unique story of "The Sexton Who Ruled New York Society," by William Perrine, and then comes a real treat, another "Lady or the Tiger" story by the same Stockton, who gave us that remarkable tale of mystery. This one is called "My Balloon Hunt." Neltje Blanchan begins a series of unusual articles about birds and their "personalities," and "The Domicile" tells an amusing story of his journeyings in Europe with two companions.

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The March issue of Success opens with an interesting analysis of the life work of Guglielmo Marconi, written by Herbert Wallace, a well-known author on scientific matters who, for thority on scientific matters who, for the past three years, has followed Mr. Marconi in his many undertakings. Mr. Wallace reveals to us the qualities that made the young inventor finally successful in flashing the message across the Atlantic ocean without a wire, and shows that Mr. Marconi, during his many years of experiment, overcame obstacles that one might suppose would make the most optimistic and courageous give up.

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The March number of that most popular short story magazine, "Ten Cent Story Book," is out. The stories in this issue are largely along the lines of psychic phenomena, to which so much thought is being given at the present time. Elizabeth Phipps Train has the leading story entitled "Tell, Junior." Clinton Ross contributes "Over the Waves of Awe;" J. K. Wetherill, "Keeping Dark Instruments;" Percival Pollard, "A Matter of Mere Money," and Julian Sanford, "Backed For a Half Million." This latter story is the surprise of the month and rivals Jules Verne's novels in audacity.

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The story in the Argonaut of Feb. 24 concerns itself with the adventures of a famous Gainsborough picture and reads like a fairy tale. It is entitled "A Strange Purchase: How a London Picture Dealer Secured an Original Gainsborough," and is extracted from the reminiscences of W. P. Frith.

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The Pilgrim for March offers a very variegated list of articles. In fiction, besides the three chapters of Henry Seton Merriman's story, "The Velvet Glove," now approaching completion, there are two striking short stories, "An Anthropological Experience," a humorous fantasie by W. A. Curtis, and "At Crow Wing Station" by Ethelbert Waldron. The latter story, aside from its quality as a bit of literary work, is of interest, since it is the result of an offer to students of the university of Michigan of a prize for the best short story, written by an under-graduate.

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The Womans' Home Companion for March is very seasonable. A nature article on "The Coming of Spring" opens the number. The fashions are specially intended to interest "The Easter Girl." Everybody will be interested and instructed by the papers on "Wireless Telegraphy," "The First President of the Cuban Republic," and on the new game, Ping-pong. The "Thumbnail Editorials" by famous women are sure to attract attention and cause comment.

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Scribner's Magazine for March begins another of its important features for the current year—the reminiscences of Daniel C. Gilman, who for twenty-five years was president of Johns Hopkins university. President Gilman created a new type of university in America, and one which has proved it sucess by the great number of scholars and distinguished men which it has already produced by its exact methods of study. "The Launching of a University" tells the story of the first conception of the idea, and the first steps in gathering together the remarkable group of professors who at the very start gave the university prestige among men of learning. President Gilman has an unusual gift for telling an incident with humor and directness. This first paper is filled with good stories of such men as Huxley, George Peabody, Rowland, the great scientist, Sylvester, etc. Two more papers will continue, in this most entertaining manner, to describe the growth of the university idea, and the connection of great men with it—something that has not been done in recent times.

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The character sketch in the March Review of Reviews is devoted to the interesting personality of the president of Harvard university, George P. Morris, the author of the sketch, tells how narrowly President Eliot escaped a career in commerce and finance by accepting an academic position at a time when the treasurship of a cotton mill was open to him. The article develops into a keen analysis of the remarkable administrative abilities displayed by the dean of our university presidents and there is also a discriminating criticism of Dr. Eliot's literary qualities.

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The principal articles in the Popular Science Monthly for March are: "The Palm Trees of Brazil," by Professor John C. Branner; "Work and Rest: Genius and Stupidity," by Dr. Alexander Francis Chamberlain; "Science in 1901," by Dr. Ellis Paxon Oberholtzer; "Alpheus Hyatt," Professor W. H. Dall; "Suicidal Pacifism in Russia," by Professor W. G. Sumner; "The Differentiation of Human Species," by Professor Lindley M. Keasby; "Were the Earliest Organic Movements Conscious or Unconscious?" by Professor E. B. Titchener; "Trust Deed by Andrew Carnegie, Creating a Trust for the Benefit of the Carnegie Institution.'

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Country life in America offerss a number of cash prizes for photographs to help illustrate a series of articles on the making of a country home, which begins in April number of that beautiful magazine. The articles are to deal with homes in the South, West, and East, and will concern country estates with their lawns and gardens as well as the more modest homes. To include this and other widely varying outdoor interests, the spring numbers of Country Life in America are considerably enlarged. Beginning with March, there is an illustrated calendar of country pursuits, with timely suggestions in everything from gardening and horticulture to fishing and hunting and nature study.

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In variety and value of contents the March number of The Smart Set is the best yet issued of this magazine, which has established itself as the most important exponent of contemporary fiction . "Araby," a novelette, by the Baroness von Hutten, heads the number. The story is one of great charm; it is as realistic as romantic, and it conveys in crisp dialogue and movement vivid pictures of modern life, in phases as numerous as are the characters of the narrative. There is a lesson in "Araby," and that a powerful one; but there is, first and always, the story itself, vital and human, the story of an unusual passion, in which the instinct of the primitive savage and the conditions of our twentieth century civilization meet and war. The author has achieved a work of fiction at once absolutely distinctive and wholly fascinating.

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The Century for March contains two features in the field of popular science, either one of which would give distinction to a number of the magazine—an authoritative record of Marconi's recent work by P. T. McGrath, with a prefatory note by Mr. Marconi authenticating the paper, and a popular article by Dr. Albert P. Matthews, entitled "The Nature of the Nerve Impulse," setting forth the details of the writer's investigations, the recent announcement of which has stimulated public interest and curiosity. In the "Year of American Humor" are "The Modern Fable of the Old Fox and the Young Fox," by George Ade, in which the former sets forth sage and entertaining Philosophy for the conduct of life and business; "The Strike on the Schlafenplatz Railroad," a Pennsylvania Dutch story—quite a novelty in strikes—by John Long, the author of "Madame Butterfly;" contributions by Oliver Herford, Carolyn Wells, Wallace Bruce Amsbary, and others. In the "Collectors' Series" Philip G. Hubert, Jr., narrates "A Bavarian Bric-a-Brac Hunt," with illustrations.

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Harper's Magazine for March is a garden of delight for the magazine lover. There are four more of E. A. Abbey's beautiful pictures illustrating "The Deserted Village." The number is especially rich in short stories, which are contributed by Mark Twain, William Dean Howells, Richard Le Gallienne, Marie Van Vorst, Roy Rolfe Gilson, Grace Denio Litchfield, Mary Applewhite Bacon, Arthur Colton, Eleanor Hoyt, and James Branch Cabell. The illustrations are striking. Two elaborately colored pictures accompany a delightful little paper on "The Joy of Gardens," by Julius Norregard, and there are other illustrations in color by Elizabeth Shippen Greene. The opening article is "The Lineage of the English Bible," by H. W. Hoare, a famous English scholar and authority on this subject.

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Magazine readers will be glad to know that George W. Cable opens the March Atlantic with the first installment of his eagerly-awaited new serial, "Bylow Hill"—Notable Articles on Affairs—International and domestic—follow. Goldwin Smith contributes "England and the War of Secession," showing the services then rendered by the English friends of the United States and justifying the attitude of the government of Great Britain during the rebellion; William R. Merriam treats the power and danger of "Trusts in the Light of Census Returns," and Edwin Burritt Smith analyzes "Municipal Self-Government," showing how state interference hampers and demoralizes city growth and city autonomy.

BROWN'S Bronchial Troches

Promptly Relieve Coughs, Hoarseness, Throat and Lung Troubles.

Nothing excels this simple remedy.



Mrs. Elizabeth M. LaPell,

Council Deputy, Electric City Council No. 25, American Fraternal Insurance Union.

THE opportunity for women to achieve success in business or professional life today is very much greater than ever before. Only a few years ago women's activities were confined almost entirely to their home and social life. They seldom attempted to go out into the business world to vie with men in the fight for their daily bread and to make a name. But during the past twenty years women have gained great success in business and have become famous in the practice of law and medicine and in other professions. No newspaper is complete without women reporters and every large office has women clerks and bookkeepers.

A noticeably successful life is that of Mrs. Elizabeth M. LaPell, of Buffalo, N. Y., who is the presiding officer of one of the largest branches of the American Fraternal Insurance Union, an organization which pays out every year thousands of dollars in benefits to its members. Mrs. LaPell is a far-seeing woman. She must be, to direct the affairs of her council in a successful manner. But she, like thousands of her sisters, failed to look after her health. She did not realize that a fall from a misstep could result in much serious trouble years afterwards. Women in business life are too apt to forget the little personal attentions they actually owe themselves. The menstrual period is looked upon by them as an unnecessary handicap—a troublesome misfortune of their sex. Instead of a health-giving relief it is regarded as an unwelcome ordeal.

Mrs. LaPell's story can best be told by her letter.

"Two years ago a fall from a misstep caused falling of the womb. I paid little attention to it, taking no treatment until after four months, when the pain became so severe I had to do something to get relief. McElree's Wine of Cardui I had noticed advertised for my trouble and decided to try it and bought a bottle. After using it but a week I could feel the pain diminishing, and after five weeks' faithful use I was perfectly well once more.

"My general health was also much improved, in fact I have never felt better than this last year."

If Mrs. LaPell had used the same forethought in regard to health as she did in her business she would not have been in that serious state in which she was when she took Wine of Cardui for relief. Her fall injured the delicato ligaments which hold the womb in place and brought on those terrible bearing down pains so many women have suffered. As the days went by the trouble got worse and finally the pain was so great she could not bear it and she was compelled to seek relief. She made up her mind to act—to do something—and her good judgment guided her to the right course. This decision—the promptness and wisdom of it saved her life. She saw Wine of Cardui advertised. She saw that the relief was simple. She took Wine of Cardui and she is a cured woman today, giving her work the best of her strength and talents instead of giving up and going down to an invalid's grave after terrible torture and suffering. Thousands of women have had Wine of Cardui brought to their attention just as Mrs. LaPell had it brought to hers. Some have taken the Wine and are enjoying health the same as she, while others neglected the warning and have gone down—many to premature graves. Choose for yourself. You may have health as Mrs. LaPell has it.

For advice and literature address, giving symptoms, The Ladies' Advisory Department, The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

All druggists sell Wine of Cardui.

WINE OF CARDUI RELIEVES ALL "FEMALE ILLS".

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It is just as necessary as food. If you can not sleep, you can not rest your brain.

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You become unfit for business and are approaching the brink of insanity.

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(4245.)

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION PERIOD.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

To Edwin Moore and John Logie:

Take notice that the following described piece or parcel of land situate in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot number one hundred forty-five (145), on Minnesota avenue, Lower Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, was on the 4th day of May, 1896, offered for sale to the highest bidder by the county auditor of St. Louis County, pursuant to a real estate tax judgment entered in the district court of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, 1896, in proceedings to enforce payment of taxes delinquent for the year 1894; and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which the tract or parcel was subject to be sold, the same was then bid in for the state. And that thereafter and on the 27th day of June, 1901, pursuant to the provisions of an act approved April 13th, 1901, entitled: "An act to enforce the payment of taxes now remaining delinquent and unsatisfied for the year eighteen hundred and ninety-five, and prior years," being Chapter 339 of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1901, the above tract or parcel of land was sold for the sum of five dollars. That the amount required to redeem such sale, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice, is the sum of nine dollars and ninety-seven cents, with interest thereon at the rate of one per cent per month from the 24th day of June, 1901, to the time of such redemption; and the time within which said lands can be redeemed from said sale, will expire sixty days after the service of this notice, and proof thereof has been filed in the office of the county auditor in and for said St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 24th day of September, A. D. 1901.

(Seal.) O. HALDEN,
Auditor, St. Louis County, Minnesota.
By L. A. MARVIN, Deputy.

Duluth Evening Herald, Feb-22-Mch-1-8-1902.

(4244.)

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION PERIOD.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

To A. R. Ridgely:

Take notice that the following described piece or parcel of land situate in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot number one hundred forty-four (144), St. Louis avenue, Lower Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, was on the 2d day of May, 1892, offered for sale to the highest bidder by the county auditor of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, 1892, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent for the year 1890; and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which the tract or parcel was subject to be sold, the same was then bid in for the state. And that thereafter and on the 27th day of June, 1901, pursuant to the provisions of an act approved April 13th, 1901, entitled, "An act to enforce the payment of taxes now remaining delinquent and unsatisfied for the year eighteen hundred and ninety-five and prior years," being Chapter 339 of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1901, the above tract or parcel of land was sold for the sum of twenty-two dollars and fifty cents. That the amount required to redeem such sale, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice, is the sum of forty-five dollars and —— cents, with interest thereon at the rate of one per cent per month from the 24th day of June, 1901, to the time of such redemption; and the time within which said lands can be redeemed from said sale, will expire sixty days after the service of this notice, and proof thereof has been filed in the office of the county auditor in and for said St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 24th day of September, A. D. 1901.

(Seal.) O. O. HALDEN,
Auditor, St. Louis County, Minnesota.
By L. A. MARVIN, Deputy.

Duluth Evening Herald, Feb-22-Mch-1-8-1902.



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Hats For Easter

Every Woman Will Need at Least Three New Hats Easter Month.

Small Round Straw Turban, a Calling Hat and a Fluffy Picture Hat That Are Now Deemed Necessities.

New York, March 1.—You will need this year three Easter hats.

A small, round straw turban, gaily trimmed.

A neat hat, trimmed with flowers, for calling.

A very effective fluffy, floppy picture hat.

With these three you can get along through the Easter month. But the day has gone by, and faded into ancient history, when a woman could buy one hat and wear it as an Easter hat, and later appear in it during all the spring until the summer.

Consolations there are in the matter of later adaptiveness. You can make your Easter picture hat do for garden parties in August. And if you are clever, you will see how your little straw turban will answer as traveling hat and an outing hat. As for the neat flower-trimmed hat or toque, it will do for matinees all the spring and for a calling hat in June when you go out for the P. P. C. calls—to tell people that you are going away.

But it is well to reconcile yourself to the fact that you will need three hats and to make suitable appropriation in the purse line, for you must spend the money for them and think ahead as carefully for your Easter headgear as for your dinner gowns. Three Easter hats you must have, if you have to go without a shirt waist or two, and they must be in the new shapes and colors.

The Easter colors in different parts of the world are these:

In Paris, white trimmed with flowers and lace.

In Vienna, the black hat with brilliant trimmings.

In London, the conservative tones trimmed with purple and gray.

In this country there are daring color combinations that evoke the admiration of milliners all over the earth.

For the first time in the history of American millinery there is a demand for the American Easter hat abroad, and the "imported" hat is a feature of the best establishments of London and Paris. The American sailor has long been known on the other side, but the Easter hat not until this year.

The straw hat of Easter is certainly odd. It is chic and very becoming.

There are many varieties of it and you can take your pick and choice. But in them all, and through them all, there is the note of oddity.

Take the little straw turban which is to be so much worn. It is made of satin straw, curiously mingled in a sort of braiding, until it is close and secure. Or it is made of colored cloth and straw braided together. Or it may be of chenille and straw intertwined with a suspicion of a crochetted stitch. Any and many a way it is put together, until it makes a handsome, firm material from which a hat is built.

The shape of the straw turban is circular and turned up all the way around with the brim nearly as high as the crown, yet not quite as high. It is not the distinct boat shape with high sides that conceal the top, but a boat-shaped turban.

The brim sets out a little and the hat, when laid upon the table, is perfectly round in shape. But when you have trimmed it there is more diversity. At each side you have probably caught it up with a group of bird wings, and under the wings you have placed a bunch of velvet.

The color, if you are out for spring effect, is green with scarlet in it. More like autumn it would seem to use scarlet in the hat trimming, but though it is spring you will find that there is many a touch of the flamingo.

Let the hat be caught high at each side with the flaming red wings, in which there is some black, and let the ribbon be, say, a leaf green, in two shades, a dark leaf and a light leaf.

Around the crown let there be some velvet laid in a double roll, and at the back let there be a velvet bow with the loops pointing both ways to make a neat finish. If the turban be cut down at the back, the ends of velvet can lie upon the hair. Otherwise a ribbon bow can be set underneath the back of the brim.

There is another turban color combination. This is gray and violet, with a touch of green, and lovely it is. The hat, which is in gray, is trimmed with black wings, while violet velvet is twisted around the crown and violet velvet sets off the wings.

A startling style of hat is the tricorne, but you must be stylish to wear it. Like the new veil, it requires some peculiar charm of manner and carriage of the head to take it off well. The latest veil is one that is fastened in the back with a great splashing bow, while ends and loops set each way. Upon one woman it will look very nice, but upon another it will be positively grotesque. So with the tricorne hat. It does not become all people.

There is a three-cornered or tricorne hat which looks very well and is peculiarly adapted to traveling use later on. It is a hat with very little trimming, but it is so cut in the straw, or so bent, that the front comes down to a peak right over the nose, while the sides flare and turn up a little and are caught with a bunch of velvet loops.

An Easter hat that was no hat at all, but a bow, was sold a few days ago for quite a sum. It was called a matinee toque. It was made out of pink satin ribbon of the color of a tea rose. The ribbon was four inches wide. Over it was stretched black velvet two inches wide, leaving a margin of pink at each side.

The whole was tied in a big double bow, with two loops at each side and no ends. It resembled an Alsatian, except that to come across the front and to fall off at the side, in very pretty style, giving width to the front of the hat. The plume may curl thickly and cover the hat with its close endrils.

The little flat-topped hat of shirred tulle is another medium for the ostrich feather. It may be large, without being large enough to be a picture hat, while right in the middle of the top is a circle of lace. Around the brim there curls a plume which is carried all the way around from the left side, across the front, over the right side and down the back until it gracefully caresses the neck. The manner in which this is applied suggests the way in which a boa is worn around the throat—tossed carelessly around.

There are hats almost of nothing but one curling feather, which conceals everything else from a front view and leaves very little to be seen from the back, except an openwork crown, very low and very flat.

Among the smart calling hats or theater hats, may be mentioned the acorn hat. This is a round affair of white tulle with softly draped brim, the whole lying in many folds. Over the white chiffon there are laid large green velvet oak leaves, cut out and appliqued, one by one upon the Chiffon, until the crown and brim are all covered.

A long brown stem finds its way across the top of the hat. At one side there is a mass of acorns, with brown cups, shading into green.

A hat of light tan chiffon was lifted at one side, while the whole top and brim was a mass of the chiffon. Under the lifted side there were folds of white velvet, edged with black velvet, and these were arranged like leaves, so that their edges lay as though they were the leaves of a book.

Another hat had a top of gray velvet. The front was covered with a mass of tulle and, right in the middle of the front, their were two big American beauty roses with their leaves.

A hat to be worn by Mrs. John Jacob Astor is in the continental shape, which looks much like the three-cornered hat. The crown and brim are of tucked violet colored silk, while pink roses are arranged around the crown. At one side a great big black velvet bow catches the brim against the crown.

It is quite impossible to think out a hat this Easter. One must look at the pictures and study them and learn from them and from the shop windows how to make a hat.

The woman who feels poor this Easter, and we all have our poverty spells, can banish the blues and come out quite glorious at Easter. Let her hie herself to the shop and purchase three yards of tulle, the color depending upon the shade of her spring suit. If it be gray, then get a faintly nickel tone of tulle. If the suit be blue then get white tulle. If it be a brown then select a pale coffee colored stuff, a cafe au lait tulle. If it be black, then again have refuge in white. If you do not like colors at all, choose all black tulle, which is always ladylike and very easily handled.

Take the tulle and lozenge it. This means cut out circles of black velvet the size of a dime and attach them to the tulle at intervals of 2 inches. A little depends upon the style of the woman, for a small person should not attempt the daring results of the majestic style of women, but should content herself with fewer dots.

When the tulle has been lozenged, and for this there is really nothing quite as modish as a faint yellow tulle with black spots, then wind it around the brim of the hat. Let it go round and round, and then let it start around the crown. Try to drape the whole hat with it, without covering it entirely.

Now take the brim and pick out the tulle until it lies in big folds, the lozenges in plain sight, and let the folds be heavy and open and soft. Catch them with big buckles of steel or of silver; or, if you feel very poor, with nothing at all. But at one side set a big velvet knot and your Easter hat will be complete. It will not equal a positively new one in your own estimation, but it will fool nine out of ten persons who view it.

Frills and ruffles of soft chiffon, bunches of delicately tinted flowers and long fluttering scarfs of tulle and fine net—these are the dainty dress accessories with which the fashionable woman delights to swathe her pretty throat.

There are occasions, of course, when the chiffon boa is worn for comfort. Usually, however, it is donned solely for the dainty finish it lends to a smart toilet. Its delicate tints blend prettily with those of the gown, while the long, gracefully fashioned, broad ends fall and mingle with the soft gown trimmings in a way that is charming and effective.

For some reason the boa, whether it be of fur, feathers or chiffon, has become an indispensable bit of feminine adornment, so that modistes and milliners find their wits taxed to the utmost to keep up with my lady's demands for new and becoming garnitures for her neck.

At present, boas and ruffs appear to follow along the same lines as those of the early part of the season. They are full and soft around the neck and display very wide, broad streamers, which reach quite to the edge of the skirt.

Besides being exquisitely feminine, boas are graceful affairs, and there is no denying that masses of becoming chiffon about the throat have a wonderful way of knocking off years from any woman's age. Perhaps this idea in a measure is responsible for the popularity of the boa of frills and flounces. At all events we are to have more of these dainty dress belongings this spring than ever before, and, like everything else newly designed for pretty femininity, they are handsomer and more exquisite than any previously displayed.

Net boas, in black and in white and in the two combined, are always in good taste, but the seeker after novelties is not satisfied with anything quite so ordinary in the way of effect. She is the one who will invest in a rare opalescent creation or in an odd arrangement of her favorite flower nestling in its bed of chiffon, like the tiny wood violet almost hidden among its own green leaves.

Flowers, by the way, will enter largely into the construction of fancy neck garnitures and roses, as always, will be greatest in demand. A stunning pale gray chiffon boa was made to look like a row of huge roses with centers of the palest pink. The long gray chiffon ends were decorated with a painted design of roses.

Pearl trimmings form one of the newest fads, any soft mousseline heavily banded, bordered and braided with these gleaming gems. As fancy neckwear usually follows the same trend as hats, we are offered some wonderfully effective novelties in the way of chiffon boas intertwined and garlanded with tiny strings of pearls.

A really beautiful boa of white mousseline had the neck part made in large, soft choux, and in the heart of each reposed an exquisite pearl ornament. Across the ends of the long stole were deep plaited ruffles, headed by a row of tiny rosettes ornamented with smaller pearl boutons.

Instead of gold, silver and jet pallettes, which have grown to be such a feature of trimming, we see scarfs and boas edged with dainty pearls. One huge ruff of pink chiffon fell about the neck in wide, graceful double ruffles. On the edge of each was a border of tiny pearls, while the long streamers were crushed together and held under a lattice like covering woven from pearls. Full flounces of pink chiffon edged with pearl trimmings finished the lower ends of these tubular draperies.

Another boa of white chiffon was unique. It was made with the same peculiar streamers, only, instead of using pearls for the covering, a lattice was made of narrow satin ribbons knotted together. Through the diamond shaped openings of the lattice one could see the finely plaited white chiffon, which spread at the bottom into full fan shaped ruffles.

While delicate pinks, blues and white make the daintiest of these boas, there are some very pretty ones in black and black with white. For instance, a spotted white net is made up into a very full neck ruff, and at the throat, from under black velvet rosettes, fall two broad stoles of the net, finished across the bottom with a sprinkling of black chenille spots. Of course, these same disks are used with good effect upon the full ruche about the neck.

ONE OF THE NEW FLOWER HATS.



The new flower hats are dreams of beauty. This model has a crown of shaded rose leaves and a brim of large soft pink roses and leaves.

FOR THE SUMMER GIRL.



The shirt waist girl is buying her summer outfit just now and looking eagerly for new models. This pretty "Geisha" waist will please her. It is simple yet effective. It is made of white lawn and has a yoke and insertion of embroidery in the full blouse.

A HITCH

In Transfer of Concession of Panama Canal Company.

Paris, Feb. 28.—At an extraordinary meeting of the shareholders of the new Panama Canal company today, President Bo read a message from the consul general of Colombia at Paris, setting forth that the company could not transfer its concession to another nation without first, with the assent of Colombia, modifying the stipulations of Articles 21 and 22 of the agreements. After a discussion during which it was argued that efforts should be made to keep the concession for France the meeting adopted a resolution expressing the approval of the board of directors and directing in view of the message of the Colombian consul general to postpone entering upon any agreement.

BOER LOSSES

Heavy According to Report of War Secretary.

London, Feb. 28.—The war secretary, Mr. Broderick, announced in the commons today, that during the last two days 600 Boers had been killed or captured and that 200 horses and 28,000 head of cattle had fallen into the hands of the British troops. The prisoners include Gen. De Wet's son and the general secretary.

All say Satin-Skin Powder is best because adhesive, invisible, harmless. Flesh, white, brunette tints, 25c.

DAINTY SHIRT WAIST SUIT.



This pretty little West End model is made of black and white corded madras. It has a circular flounce headed by insertion. The full blouse waist fastens down the back. A band of insertion across the bust is interlaced with black satin ribbon tied in bows. The collar is insertion and ribbon. Black satin ribbon belt.

SCHOOL GIRLS

Are Especially Invited to Write to Mrs. Pinkham For Advice Regarding Their Health. All Such Letters Are Strictly Confidential

School days are danger days for American girls.

Often physical collapse follows, and it takes years to recover the lost vitality. Sometimes it is never recovered.

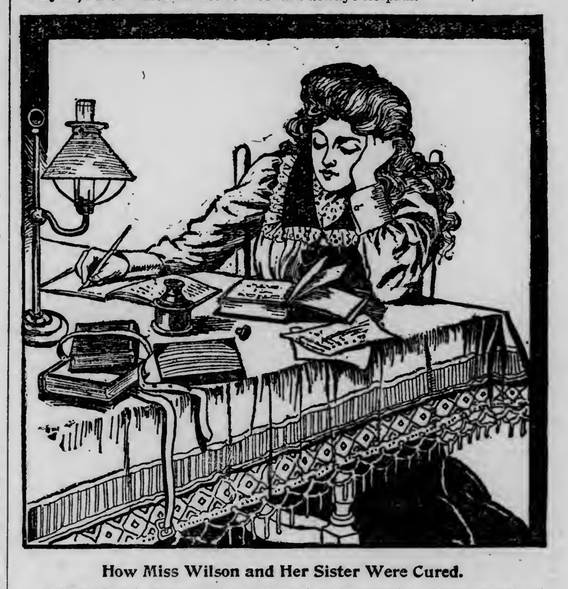
Perhaps she is not over-careful about keeping her feet dry; through carelessness in this respect the monthly sickness is usually rendered very severe.

Then begin ailments which should be removed at once, or they will produce constant suffering. Headache, faintness, slight vertigo, pains in the back and loins, irregularity, loss of sleep and appetite, a tendency to avoid the society of others are symptoms all indicating that woman's arch-enemy is at hand.

This need not be so if mothers would have a thought for the physical condition of their daughters, and see to it that they have proper assistance.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has helped many a young girl over this critical period. With it they have gone through their trials with courage and safety. With its proper use the young girl is safe from the peculiar dangers of school years and prepared for hearty womanhood.

If there is anything you don't understand write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free and always helpful.



How Miss Wilson and Her Sister Were Cured.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Your Vegetable Compound has done myself and sister so much good that if I can possibly help some sufferer by sending you a testimonial for publication I feel as though I ought to do so. For several years I suffered with painful menstruation. The pain would sometimes begin ten to twelve hours before menses appeared, and sometimes not until that length of time after, and for a day or two I would be weak and exhausted. I tried many doctors and other remedies and had about given up hopes of being any better, but thought I would give **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** a trial.

"I have taken six bottles and am so much better I can hardly believe I am the same person. My sister is also much pleased with your medicine."—MABEL E. WILSON, Attica, Ind. (Oct. 13, 1900.)

$5000 REWARD

Owing to the fact that some skeptical people have from time to time questioned the genuineness of the testimonial letters we are constantly publishing we have deposited with the National City Bank, of Lynn, Mass., $5,000, which will be paid to any person who will show that the above testimonials are not genuine, or were published before obtaining the writers' special permission.—Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Company, Lynn, Mass.

HER KISSES

Are Valued By This Woman at $5,000 Each.

Baraboo, Wis., March 1.—Mrs. Sarah Slater, a married woman, residing on a farm in the northern part of Sauk county, has begun suit for $15,000 for three kisses said to have been given her against her will by David G. James, of Richland Center, former head of the G. A. R. of Wisconsin, a man who has a national reputation in G. A. R. circles and to some extent in politics.

The first inkling that the public had that the suit was to begin was this afternoon, when Mrs. Slater, her husband, James Slater, and his attorney, Frank Burnham, appeared before Probate Judge Kelsey to make depositions. The case will not be tried until the April term of court, but when it does come up probably the most sensational trial ever heard in Wisconsin is expected. Mr. James denies every charge that the woman makes, saying that it is a barefaced attempt to blackmail him, and that he proposes to fight the suit to the bitter end.

The first step, won by the defense, is that the trial will take place in Richland county, Mr. James' home and where the woman is little known. The deposition is, in effect, that James visited her home when her husband was away at work and kissed her and hugged her. Three specific kisses, she alleges, were given her.

The Slaters are tenants of the James farm in the northern part of Sauk county, and James, it is said, paid frequent visits to the property. It was on one of these visits that the offense is alleged to have been committed. Mr. James has been not only department commander of the G. A. R., but he has also been a member of the national administrative council of that order, and he has been up before the state branch of the order several times for the department commandership, but until 1901 refused the office, always helping his friends to secure the honor instead of himself.

Mother, yes one package makes two quarts of baby medicine. See directions. There is nothing just as good for babies and children as Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

A NEW INDICTMENT.

Savannah, Ga., March 1.—In the United States court yesterday a new indictment was returned against Capt. B. D. Green and the Gaynors in connection with the alleged Savannah harbor frauds. The new indictment meets the grounds on which the demurrer of the defendants was sustained by Judge Speer on Monday.

DAMAGE BY STORM.

Pensacola, Fla., March 1.—The entire south wall of the new south wing of the state capitol of Tallahassee was leveled to the ground Thursday night by a furious gale. The damage to the steamer New York, which collided with the wharf, is much greater than at first reported.

Woman's Nature Is to love children, and no home can be completely happy without them, yet the ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass usually is so full of suffering, danger and fear that she looks forward to the critical hour with apprehension and dread. **Mother's Friend,** by its penetrating and soothing properties, allays nausea, nervousness, and all unpleasant feelings, and so prepares the system for the ordeal that she passes through the event safely and with but little suffering, as numbers have testified and said, "it is worth its weight in gold." $1.00 per bottle of druggists. Book containing valuable information mailed free.

Mother's Friend

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Plays and Players

James O'Neill Appears at the Lyceum Tonight In "Monte Cristo."

Madame Modjeska and Louis James Will Give a Sumptuous Production of "Henry VIII." Here On Tuesday Evening.

Tonight James O'Neill will appear at the Lyceum in a fine scenic production of Monte Cristo. To the old playgoer it means that he will have once more the opportunity to see perhaps the greatest romantic actor of the English speaking stage in a drama that he has made famous, and in a character that he has made so prominent that it will live in the history of the stage as one of the great creations of an artist. To the younger generation it means the possibility of getting acquainted in the flesh with one of the heroes of the imagination, the long suffering Edmond Dantes, hero of Dumas' greatest novel.

Mr. O'Neill is the same James O'Neill who has charmed thousands of enthusiastic playgoers with his magnificent voice, awe inspiring bearing and splendid presence. He is as virile and strong as ever in his acting. It has come to be almost a part of a liberal education to witness his impersonation of Dantes.

The various scenes of Monte Cristo are said to be most beautiful, the most important being the storm scene in the second act, when a terrific storm at sea is faithfully reproduced, and in which the electrical effects are said to border on the marvelous.

The company is the same as last year with a minor exception. James O'Neill, Jr., is playing Albert De Morcerf, in support of his father. He is said to give great promise as an actor. Frederic De Belleville, the great character actor, is the Nortier; Kate Fletcher the Carconte, and Miss Selene Johnson, a leading woman of great beauty, is the Mercedes. Other members of the large cast are Warren Conlan, W. J. Dixon, Claude Gilbert, Frank Slayton, Mark Ellsworth, Edgar Forrest, Virginia Keating and Edward Lally. The subsidiary company numbers fifty people.

MODJESKA-JAMES.

Madame Modjeska and Louis James, who are probably the greatest tragic players of the presetn time, will appear in a sumptuous production of "Henry VIII," Tuesday evening, at the Lyceum. None of Shakespeare's plays are more attractive from a picturesque standpoint, and few excel it in dramatic power. The characters of Katherine and Wolsey afford the widest scope for both artists. It is generally conceded that the scenes depicting the virtuous distress, the sorrows, the intense feeling, and the exalted pride of Queen Katherine furnish some of the grandest instances of Shakespeare's genius, and they doubtless seem the greater when illustrated by the acting genius of Modjeska. The Cardinal Wolsey of Louis James is reported as the most powerful and convincing of his many famous performances, which would seem well nigh impossible in recalling his many magnificent portrayals. Though crafty, sinuous and uncompromising, the great churchman, when face to face with his destiny, betrayed the noblest properties of wisdom and manhood, and Mr. James is said to give splendid emphasis to this deeper meaning of the character. The scenic production is elaborate to a degree, over fifty people appear in the performance, and two of the largest baggage cars are required to haul the scenic effects alone.

IN EUROPE.

Harry Houdini reports from Paris to the Dramatic Mirror, under date of Feb. 10: At the Folies Bergere, Blickson and Burns and Johnson and Dean opened successfully. Ralph Johnstone has moved over to the Folies Bergere, after making a sensation at the Olympia. James C. Bard, who made a hit in Australia, has been engaged for the Casino de Paris for March. Juno Salmo is still at the Nouveau circus, and Cacwell and Arnold are at the Circus D'Hiver. Leonades has moved to Lyons for fifteen days. At the Wintergarten, Berlin, will be found Chung Lung Soo (return date), Everhart (also return date), Polk and Kollins, Fanny Fields, the Agoust family, the Kremo family and Techlow's cats. The Juggling Johnsons are in Buda Pest at Somassy's. Saharet is packing the Leibics theater, Breslau. This remarkable performer, after a highly successful tour of Europe, will take a trip to America this summer for a few months, but will have to return to Germany in order to fulfill important engagements. Ike Rose, who at one and the same time fills the position of her husband and manager, will come along and tell the folk all that there is to be told, and what he does not know about Europe is hardly worth knowing. At Waldman's, Buda Pest, are Konorah, Strongfort (Max Unger), Mlle. Bartho and Mason and Forbes. According to Berlin papers, Otero was hissed off the stage in Italy. Servais Le Roy in Amsterdam, Holland, has made a great hit, being re-engaged. Director Waldman, of Vienna, has taken a trip to England to see the American acts with the express purpose of booking them for the establishment. He is accompanied by Carl Ed Pollak, the Berlin agent. Ada Colley is playing a seven-day engagement at the Colosseum, Essen Ruhr, Conn and Conrad are at the Circus Carre, Amsterdam. Joseph Adelman is back in Germany, and is booked at all the best theaters on the continent. Morton and Elliott and the Phantom Guard are at the Apollo, Dusseldorf. Eugenie Fougere is at the Orpheum, Frankfort, for a fifteen-day engagement. Of all French singers she is about the best liked in Germany. Madame Sada Yacco, the Japanese actress, has been engaged for the Hungarthan Kingly theater, for ten days, by Agent J. Deutsch, of Buda Pest. The interesting news comes from Edinburgh that the club-swinging record has been broken by Tom Murow, who swung the club twelve hours a day for six days, and made a record of 432,000 swings. The papers fail to state the weight of the clubs used. "The Girl With the Golden Hair" (the Newsky copy acts) is at the Melini theater, Hanover. The German humorist, Hans Hauser, has opened the New Central theater, Zurich. T. Nelson Downs is billed at the Wintergarten, Berlin, for March. I am to open at Roanacher's, Vienna, for March. This is the theater that was paid 4400 marks by the Wintergarten, Berlin, to release me for November.

GOSSIP OF THE RIALTO.

Viola Allen to Appear In "The Hunchback."

New York, March 1.—Miss Viola Allen's spring production has been agreed upon at last. Her managers have kept the play a profound secret, but I have learned on the highest authority that early in May Miss Allen will be seen in a most elaborate revival of "The Hunchback." Eben Plympton has been secured by Liebler & Co. as her leading man, and this week the manuscript of their parts was sent to them from this city. The production will be the largest and handsomest yet undertaken by this firm, and the tour will last about eight weeks. Miss Allen being seen in New York prior to her sailing for Rome, where she is to study "The Eternal City" in company with Mr. and Mrs. Hall Caine.

• • •

David Belasco gave up several afternoons the last week to study the decorations of the Albermarle hotel. Some very striking Marie Antoinette effects were obtained when that hotel was recently redecorated, and Belasco will repeat them, of course, in a modified way, when he remodels the lobby and entrance to the Theater Republic, which comes under his control in the fall.

• • •

Miss Edith Bradford, once prima donna with the Bostonians, later with Francis Wilson, last season and later still with "My Antoinette," formerly known here under the title of "The Lady's Paradise," left the city last week for New Orleans, having been sent for to join "The Burgomaster" in that city. Before leaving Miss Bradford told a harrowing tale of troubles under the management of Alfred E. Aarons while one the road. "My Antoinette" had some success in Boston for about three weeks, but then Daniel V. Arthur resigned the business affairs entirely to Mr. Aarons. It seems that the latter found it necessary to substitute variety people for such artists as Charles Evans, Templar Saxe and E. Novatt Eaton, while the prima donna's role was cut down to a few spoken lines, and with no singing whatever. It is generally understood, however, that "My Antoinette" will make one more effort to appeal to the public.

• • •

The one theaterical novelty of the week was "Foxy Grandpa," which was put on at the Fourteenth Street theated with a good deal of misgivings. Curiously enough it has furnished one of the remarkable successes of the season, and efforts are already making to secure a longer stay here. For the first time in many years Fourteenth street, just west of Sixth avenue, is thronged with carriages during the performance, and the advance sale of seats has been so large that tickets are now on sale at the Waldorf.

• • •

There never was a time when there was so little good comedy on the stage in town as there is at present. For that reason William Collier has postponed his new production, "The Diplomat," for several weeks, and "on the Quiet" is doing remarkably well just now.

• • •

Herbert Kelcey and Miss Effie Shannon made their bow in New York on Monday night at the Manhattan theater in "Her Lord and aMster." They have a play which has been heralded as the most successful comedy ever written by Miss Martha Morton. Kelcey, as an English nobleman, weds a spirited and considerably spoiled Colorado girl, and takes her to his ancestral home. He has made a pledge never to yield to any matter of difference between them, when he thinks it is for her good that he shall not. The strongest scene in the play is the climax of the third act, when Lady Canning refuses to obey her lord and master's order that she shall not be seen in a public dining room on Sunday. Defiantly she accepts an invitation from an American relative, and is escorted to the hotel by a former suitor. A stormy scene follows the wife's return. But love conquers, and they live happily ever after.

An enterprising manager over in Williamsburg, which is a suburb to the northeast of rBooklyn, has been indulging in stage realism to such an extent this week that he very nearly put "The Lady of Lyons" out of commission. He had a real nice rivulet fixed up for act 2, which shows the home of M. Desmarchelles in Lyons, but the water looked lonesome, and the manager decided that it needed some swans. There are no swans in Williamsburg, and the house is a 10, 20 and 30 cent one anyhow, so the manager hied himself over to the Ghetto section and bought two ganders and a goose. He thought he proved his wisdom, for ultimately the animals made the real hit of the show. The start off, however, was not promising for the love scene between Pauline and Claude Melnotte was the signal for the birds to begin action. They quacked and they hissed until no sound of a human voice could be heard over the footlights, and they wound up with the head of one gander in the mouth of hte other, who was vigorously endeavoring to swallow his rival whole.

• • •

Kate Claxton will neither appear in "The Two Orphans" with the proposed Sothern all star cast nor will she be paid any royalty for her supposed rights to the play. Corse Payton offered to furnish all the needed affidavits that Miss Claxton's play has no standing in law. He insists that the version was in use here and became public property some years before Miss Claxton made her appearance in the play. It is improbable, however, that the revival will be made, as was contemplated at first. The managers have not yet abandoned their idea of having Kyrle Bellew and Otis Skinner appear together this spring.

• • •

Speaking of Mr. Bellew, it would not be surprising to hear some day that he has quite given up dramatic art for the lecture platform. He addressed the students and professors of Columbia's School of Mines the other afternoon on the subject of "Some Facts About Mines in North Queensland." On March 26 he will deliver a lecture at the Buckingham hotel on "Critics and Modern Criticisms." Between these dates he has promised to appear at several social functions with charitable aims. I am also told that he is to have a surprise sprung upon him in the shape of a violet matinee. This is solely the idea of his manager. Some time ago Bellew gave an afternoon performance for school boys, and since then has received a large number of letters from matinee girls, who insist that they shall not be left out in the cold. These letters gave the manager his idea of having a special matinee, at the close of which Mr. Bellew is to hand out dainty bunches of violets to his youthful admirers. It is interesting to know that this has not yet been suggested to Mr. Bellew.

• • •

Miss Jessaline Rogers may not be quite so well known to fame as Sarah Bernhardt, but she certainly has the affections of her audience in a manner that would cause the French actress great pangs of envy if she knew about it. Miss Rodgers ads forth at the American theater, and she has been sadly missed for several weeks because of illness. On her return on Monday evening the whole West Side united to show her how glad they were over her recovery. At the end of the first act of the current attraction a huge floral piece was lowered from the fly gallery by a set of ropes. The stage hand had been consulted about the tribute, and this was solely their suggestion. The applause was rapturous.

• • •

Sire Brothers, who manage the New York theater, are not noted for their disposition to make life easy for the players under their control, but their latest effort rather outdoes anything which even they have tried before. When the Sires signed contracts with the principals in "The Florodora company, which is now appearing in the Winter Garden, they said nothing about Sunday concerts, but as soon as rehearsals were on the way the members were quietly told that they would be expected to appear on Sunday nights at stated intervals. Miss Dorothy Morton was the only member who had the courage to declare that she would not appear, because her contract did not stipulate that she should. She was promptly dismissed and placed her case in the hands of lawyers, who are confident that the managers will not be legally able to break a contract for any such reason. If Miss Morton wins her case the Sires will have enough trouble on their hands to last for several months.

• • •

Word comes from England that upon a suggestion from King Edward "King Gray" has been remodeled so as to eliminate the part of the king, which England's ruler declared was a caricature undignified and unroyal.

• • •

The departure of Charles Frohman for London means much to Miss Ethel Barrymore, for on his arrival there he is to decide whether she shall appear in "Captain Jinks" in the English capital. Before leaving Mr. Frohman arranged with Clyde Fitch for a new play for Miss Barrymore next season. Meantime she will continue to play "Captain Jinks" until May, when she goes abroad.

• • •

The passing of Martin's downtown restaurant this week caused a sincere pang to many theatrical hearts, for the old University place was a favorite with many of the stars. Martin gave a farewell banquet to his personal friends, and they were nearly ready to weep when it was over. Among those who were present were Miss Lillian Russell, Miss Anna Held and Frank Daniels, as well as numerous lesser lights. It is doubtful if the redecorated and renovated Delmonico's will be half as popular as was this semi-Bohemian eating house.

• • •

B. F. Keith, the Eastern vaudeville manager, and father of the continuous performance, said last week that if negotiations which are now pending can be carried through successfully, he will secure a theater in Pittsburg and remodel it next season. If he gets the property the house will be opened season after next as a part of the Keith circuit.

• • •

Apropos of the appearance of William Gillette in "Hamlet" next season, the London Mail observes: "There has been a certain amount of astonishment at the idea of the ultra-modern American melodramatist attempting the greatest character in all imaginative drama, but it may at least be assumed that Mr. Gillette's reading will have the advantage of freshness and originality."

• • •

It probably has never accorded to the average layman the value of such plays as were written by the late Charles Hoyt. At this date, years since the first production of any of the Hoyt comedies, they yield an income somethnig marvelous. Ten per cent of the gross receipts up to a certain number of thousands of dollars is the cost, and at present George Ober is making use of them in Frisco. Proctor has the rights to some of them over his circuit. Otis Harlan has "A Black Sheep," "A Texas Steer" is on tour. Frequently the plays are offered at the Murray Hill, while "A Stranger in New York" and "A Trip to Chinatown" are both touring the country, and "A Continental Woman" finds usage in stock theaters. It is said no less than $3500 was one week's royalty receipts.

• • •

The London critics seem to have joined in a united anvil chorus regarding Paul Wester's new play, "Mademoiselle Mars." The clink of hammers have it that the piece is really a thinly disguised imitation of "Sans-Gene," and that it will not do Lewis Waller, as Napoleon is about the only thing in the piece that is praised.

• • •

Capt. Basil Hood, the English dramatist, who has turned out some good stage material, has just completed a three-act comedy called "My Pretty Maid," which Edward Terry is to do in London if London does not do him. Advance heraldry has it that the piece is expected to turn out a second "Sweet Lavender"—"Ere's 'opin'," as they say over there.

• • •

The latest thrilling announcement is of a prominent "society bird in New York who is soon to blossom on the stage." When birds begin to blossom knights in flower ought to look like thirty plasters.

• • •

Willie Collier is rehearsing a new comedy by Martha Morton, which he will bring out as a successor of "On the Quiet" in a few weeks during his New York engagement. The new piece is to be known as "The Diplomat" having been duly christened last week.

• • •

At the end of this regular season James Hackett will double up with his wife, Mary Mannering, in a joint tour of the country in "Camille." Miss Mannering recently played "Camille" in San Francisco, and her reception was so cordial that it was decided to make the tour. Mr. Hackett will play Armand. The tour will open in Washington in May under the direction of Manager Frank McKee. All the principal cities between New York and Chicago will be visited, including one and two night stands in each.

• • •

Manager Frank Perley has secured the dramatic rights to "When Knighthood Was in Flower" for next season, and will send Effie Elisler out in that piece after Miss Marlowe abandons it. Manager Perley also announces his intention to revive "The Fortune Teller," Victor Herbert's comic opera that introduced Alice Nelisen to stardom under Perley's management.

• • •

King Edward has set the seal of disapproval on comic operas in which kings are burlesqued, if the majesty is reported to have said that the turning of royalty into ridicule or contempt is not beneficial to loyalty. The king has taken exceptions to "Kitty Grey," a musical comedy, because there is a gay imaginary king the piece who loafs around greenrooms and devotes his attention to pretty actresses. All of which suggests an effort on the part of the king to live down a few "Illyrian" reputations of the not distant past.

• • •

Cecelia Loftus is going in heavily for experience according to the latest reports. After her spring engagement with Sir Henry, in London, Miss Loftus will return to this country and appear in a summer stock company at the Lafayette Square theater in Washington. Following this engagement she will return to London to rejoin Sir Henry's company.

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Valerie Bergere, a young actress, who as a stock leading lady in several metropolitan productions has made quite a name for herself, is among the new lumminaries promised for next season. She will bring out a new play called "The Master Mind."

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Burt Haverly, Norma Whally and Sherrie Matthews have joined hands for a dip into vaudeville. They will appear in a sketch by Charles Horwitz.

• • •

Friends who recently visited Georgia Cayvan at a private sanitarium on Long Island, where she has been confined since last October, report that the once brilliant actress is a physical and mental wreck, and it is believed that her only relief will come with death. Few actresses were more esteemed in their day than Miss Cayvan, and the news of her sad collapse will be a shock to a great many admirers of her art, who, though not enjoying a personal acquaintance, regarded her as a friend. Her illness is traced directly to her failure to gain recognition as a star.

FOOTLIGHT FLASHES.

Amy Lee's season is over.

Maude Courtney is in London.

Brooklyn is to have a Jewish theater.

Emma Nevada will give a concert in 'Frisco early in March.

Beerbohm Tree's production of "Ulysses" is drawing fine houses.

Ida Mulle has been specially engaged for the Harrigan revivals at the Girard theater, Philadelphia.

The failure of Edward Jacobowski, the composer of 'E'rminie," has been announced in the bankruptcy court here.

A new comedy by Martha Morton is being rhearsed by William Collier. The play has been named "The Diplomat."

In the Keithe bill at Boston, Edward C. Swett gives a brief illustrated talk on "A Tour of the Fish, Game and Lumber Camps of Maine."

Ida Conquest, the soubrette in "King Dodo," at the Tremont, left the company last Saturday. She will go to Chicago to rehearse in "The Sultan of Sulu," the new opera by George Ade.

It is said that Lena Barrison, of the well known Barrison Sisters, has been engaged by Mr. Morton to give "a decidedly sensational dance" at the London Palace, in the near future.

The debut as a concert singer of Alice Neilsen, so well known as a light opera singer in the United States, was made recently in London, at the Queen's Hall, and was decidedly successful.

A bill has been introduced in the legislature at Albany to impose a tax on advertising posters and signs displayed in public places. The Bill Posters' union will send representatives to Albany to oppose the measure.

There is a new combination formed in the comic opera line from which something should be heard—Will M. Cressy, the well-known vaudeville sketch writer, and Max Faetkenheuer, composer of the new Swedish opera, "Amolla Mora."

Joseph Buckley announces that Otis Skinner will appear next season in the character of the Tsar Ivan, "the Terrible." Interest is added to the statement by the fact that Richard Mansfield will play the character at the same time. Mr. Mansfield's play is a dramatiaztion of a book by Count Tolstoi, while the story of Mr. Skinner's play is taken from Alexis Tolstoi's Prince Serebraeny. The latter is the work of Edgar Hoyer, a Danish dramatist, and was made for A. Toxen Worm, who translated it into English and from whom Mr. Buckley obtained the rights of production.

At the London Lyceum Gillette and its company will remain until a couple of days before Sir Henry has made turns, in April. Sir Henry has made a new contract with the Lyceum management by which he remains three months in the house, after which he will follow provincial tours. Miss Terry will do a little suburban touring of her own while Sir Henry and Cissie Loftus are apearing as Mephistopheles and Marguerite, in "Faust." It is said by a well-posted paper that Ellen aspires to play Charles Surface, in "The School For Scandal," and that she also wishes to get a special play in which to star occasionally, "a play by Pinero, or someone of that sort." Later on the Lyceum is to be occupied by McKee Rankin and Nance O'Neil, under the management of Joseph St. Clair, and perhaps with the same company that has supported them during their successful tour in Australia and South Africa. They are at present in the latter country. Before reaching England they will show at Cairo and Alexandria, Egypt; Malta and Gibraltar. The repertory includes "Magda," "Macbeth," "Camille," "La Tosca," "Fedora," "Queen Elizabeth" and "The Jewess." The South African critics have spoken very highly of her tragedy, but say her comedy as Lady Teazle, for example, is weak.



Family cares and duties do not weigh down the well woman, and the children are never in her way. But when the womanly health fails, and there is a constant struggle with weakness and pain, household duties are a burden almost past bearing, and children are a ceaseless annoyance and worry.

Weak women are made strong and sick women are made well by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It establishes regularity, dries disagreeable drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness.

Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter *free*. All correspondence strictly private and sacredly confidential. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

"I had been ailing some time, troubled with female weakness," writes Mrs. Wm. H. Johnson, of Avondale, Chester Co., Pa. "Every month I would have to lie on my back. I tried many different medicines and nothing gave me relief until I began Dr. Pierce's medicines, using two bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and two of 'Golden Medical Discovery.' These medicines have cured me. When I began your treatment I was not able to do very much, but now I do the work for my family of nine, and feel better to-day than I have for a year. I thank you, doctor, from the bottom of my heart, for well do I know that you are the one who cured me."

"Favorite Prescription" has the testimony of thousands of women to its complete cure of womanly diseases. Do not accept an unknown and unproved substitute in its place.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the best laxative for family use.

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12

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER
E. Z. Williams, Owner and Manager.
One Night, Saturday, Mar. 1.
MR. JAMES O'NEILL
In Liebler Co.'s Stupendous Spectacular Scenic Production of the Greater
"MONTE CRISTO"
$25,000 invested in gorgeous encompassments. Entire huge production and cast direct from New York Academy of Music.
Prices—Dress Clr., $1.50; Par. $1 and 75c; Fam. Clr. and Balcony, 50c.

LYCEUM THEATER
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.
TUESDAY, Mar 4. Wagenhals & Kemper present
AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRICAL ORGANIZATION
MODJESKA & JAMES
And An Incomparable Company in
"Henry VIII" With special music by Carl Busch.
MME. MODJESKA, as QUEEN KATHERINE
MR. JAMES as CARDINAL WOLSEY
Two Carloads of Special Scenery. Fifty people. The most complete, sumptuous and scholastic production ever shown in this city.
PRICES—Dress Circle, $1.50; Parquet, $1.50 and $1.00; Family Circle 75c; Balcony 50c

STAR LECTURE COURSE,
FIRST M. E. CHURCH.
The Pictorial Story of the Passion Play of Oberammergau
Authorized by Joseph (Caristus) Mayr, Burgomaster of Oberammergau.
Motion Pictures and Colored Views.
By JOHN JAY LEWIS.
The apostle of the Passion Play in America, given by Dr. Lewis more than two thousand times to more than two million people.
John R. Bartruff, Expert Operator.
Wednesday Evening, March 5.
Seats on sale at Chamberlain & Taylor's, Monday. Price 50 cents

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The human body is like a delicately adjusted machine. When a part is worn out, or through abuse becomes rusty, it affects the whole system. The kidneys and liver are among the most important of all the organs in the body. When they get out of order the entire system suffers. Keep them running smoothly and good health follows.

McLean's Liver and Kidney Balm

will regulate these organs and keep them in perfect health. Years of use in thousands of families have proved its value in all troubles affecting the liver and kidneys.

If your back aches; If your head aches;
If you lack ambition; If you are easily tired and worn out;
It means your kidneys are out of order. Buy a bottle to-day at your druggist's. It may save you useless suffering.

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BLATZ BEER
MILWAUKEE

enjoys a reputation never before attained by a product of its kind. A perfect brew, with a natural, delightful flavor.

Different brands adapted to different tastes. Try a case. You'll not regret it.

BLATZ MALT-VIVINE.
(Non-Intoxicant) Tonic. Druggists or direct.
VAL BLATZ BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE
DULUTH BRANCH, TEL. 62.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF WILL.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, Feb. 14th, 1902.

In the matter of the Estate of William Loulan, Deceased:

Whereas, an instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of William Loulan, deceased, late of said county, has been delivered to this court;

And whereas, Francis Loulan, has filed therewith his petition, representing, among other things, that said William Loulan died in said county, on the 31st day of January, 1902, testate, and that said petitioner is the executor named in said last will and testament, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to Francis Loulan.

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this court, at the probate office in the city of Duluth, in said county, on Monday, the 10th day of March, A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument;

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, Minnesota, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 14th day of February, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis County).
Duluth Evening Herald, Feb-15-22-29-1902

Service Resumed
SEASON 1902.
FLORIDA LIMITED
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Louisville & Nashville R. R.
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JACKSONVILLE and ST. AUGUSTINE
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FLORIDA
A DAILY SOLID TRAIN.
Through Coaches, Drawing Room Sleepers, Dining Cars.
STEAM HEAT PINTSOH GAS
The Fastest and Finest Service South
For time tables, maps, rates and Sleeping Car reservation, address
C. L. STONE, Gen. Pass. Agt., LOUISVILLE, KY.



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILA., PA.
Mention this paper.

NOTICE—

Default having been made in the terms of the mortgage, dated April 19th, 1901, executed by Mary Wedan, an unmarried woman, mortgagor, given to the Zenith Building and Loan Association, a corporation, mortgagee, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, May 23rd, 1901, at 2:15 o'clock p. m., in Book 114, of Mortgages, on page 23, said default consisting in failure to pay the monthly installments falling due since October 1st, 1901.

Now, therefore, pursuant to the terms thereof, the whole principal debt secured is hereby declared to be due and payable immediately with interest accrued to date. The amount due at date of this notice is $1031.00.

Pursuant to statute in such case provided, sale of the mortgaged premises, viz: Lot fifteen (15), in block one hundred and forty-nine (149), of West Duluth, Fifth division, according to the plat thereof recorded in the office of the register of deeds of said St. Louis County, will be made at public auction to the highest bidder for cash at the front door, facing Second street, of the Court House, in the City of Duluth, Minnesota, on the 10th day of March, 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m. to pay said principal debt, interest, taxes, for three successive weeks prior to said if any, and legal costs, including interest from date of this notice, and fifty dollars attorney fees, stipulated in the mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, subject to redemption as provided by law.

Dated January 25th, 1902.

ZENITH BUILDING & LOAN ASSOCIATION, Mortgagee.

J. B. RICHARDS,
Attorney for Mortgagee.

Duluth Evening Herald, Jan. 25, Feb. 1-8-15-22, March 1, 1902.

Save your Cremo 5 Cent Cigar Bands for Presents

Cremo Cigar BANDS and Old Virginia Cheroot WRAPPERS may be assorted

with TAGS from "STAR," "HORSE SHOE," "STANDARD NAVY," "SPEAR HEAD," "DRUMMOND" NATURAL LEAF, "GOOD LUCK," "BOOT JACK," "PIPER HEIDSIECK," "NOBBY SPUN ROLL," "J. T.," "OLD HONESTY," "MASTER WORKMAN," "JOLLY TAR," "SICKLE," "BRANDY WINE," "CROSS BOW," "OLD PEACH AND HONEY," "RAZOR," "E. RICE, GREENVILLE," "TENNESSEE CROSSTIE," "PLANET," "NEPTUNE," "OLE VARGINY," and TRADE MARK STICKERS from "FIVE BROTHERS" Pipe Smoking Tobacco, in securing these presents, ONE TAG being equal to TWO CREMO CIGAR BANDS or TWO OLD VIRGINIA CHEROOT WRAPPERS.



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WRITE YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS PLAINLY on outside of package containing BANDS or WRAPPERS, and forward them by registered mail, or express prepaid. Be sure to have your package securely wrapped and properly marked, so that it will not be lost in transit. Send bands or wrappers and requests for presents (also requests for catalogues) to C. Hy. Brown, 4241 Folsom Avenue, St. Louis, Mo.

OUR NEW ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE of presents for 1902 includes many articles not shown above. It contains the most attractive list of presents ever offered for bands and wrappers, and will be sent by mail on receipt of postage—two cents.

Our offer of presents for bands and wrappers will expire November 30, 1902.

2

American Cigar Company

Advice to Athletes

By Sam Jones, the Phenomenal High Jumper of New York.

Says Almost Any Healthy Young Man Can Excel In Some Branch of Athletics —American League Schedule.

America has produced another phenomenal high jumper in Sam S. Jones, of the New York Athletic club, and the New York university. He is considered a worthy successor of M. F. Sweeney, and his friends look to see him break Sweeney's great record of 6 feet 5⅝ inches before he retires from competition.

Jones has won interscholastic, intercollegiate, metropolitan and American championships, and last summer, in the Stadium of the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo, he tied with G. P. Serviss, Jr., of Cornell, with a jump of 6 feet 3 inches for the world's championship.

Despite his great height, 6 feet 3½ inches, Jones is well proportioned. His style in clearing the bar is very graceful. He has often been compared to Sweeney in this respect. Jones advises aspiring athletes as follows:

Almost any healthy young man can, if he so desires, excel in some branch of athletics. What he wants to do is to find out just what comes the easiest to him. I say this because I know that many men could practice for years and never make a success of high jumping, while they might become champions in some other branches of sport in a very short space of time.

I began "gym" work when 15 years old, and it wasn't long before I discovered that the high jump was my forte. I was perhaps greatly aided by my exceptional height, even at that age. I discovered I had a fairly good spring and in a short time I was clearing the bar at 5 feet 2 inches. It came rather natural to me and I improved steadily. At 17 I won the interscholastic championship with a jump of 5 feet 10 inches. That shows how fast I had improved. From that time on I gradually improved my record.

One of the main things in jumping is to get a good run and strike the take off properly. To know the exact spot to take off is absolutely necessary, and the run must be measured so that you will strike within six inches of this spot. I found the take off by facing the bar and raising my right leg. When you can stand on one foot and touch the bar with your right foot you have found the proper take off for the height you have measured.

The distance of the run varies with different men. I find that fifty feet suits me and I measure it by taking fifteen strides from my take off. The importance of the take off can be realized when it is stated that you cannot put your whole mind on the spring unless the take off is a perfect one.

Under six feet I do not take a very hard spring. Above that height I use all the strength I possess in my jumping leg.

The first part of the jump is comparatively easy. You go almost straight up in the air. It is the second part, called the second hitch, that is hard to acquire. With this hitch you turn the body toward the right until you practically face the bar while falling. The second hitch is really a sort of snap forward that carries the body across the bar. It gets the hip, shoulder and right arm out of the way and really makes possible the great performances of the present day. Without this hitch very few men could ever have cleared six feet.

Another essential is a perfect balance while sailing across the bar. This is acquired only by constant practice. It is quite a knack to get the right arm out of the way. Many a good jump has been spoiled by the inability of the athlete to do this. But for my arm dragging a bit I would have been credited last summer with a jump of 6 feet 6½ inches, for my body was entirely over the bar. The arm should be got out of the way when the second hitch is made.

When jumping about six feet the landing becomes important. Carelessness in this respect may cause an ankle to be turned or a ligament torn. There is only one way to land, and that is in a crouching position, facing the bar.

The training of a high jumper is rather more scientific than training for other events in athletics. A jumper really nurses his muscles into condition. To develop the spring is the main thing, and this is done by very light training, plenty of rubbing and a good deal of rest. Sweeney lay in bed for the most part of several days before he made his great record jump.

When in training practice every other day. For the first week or two I content myself each time I train with clearing 5 feet 3 inches several times in succession. After that I gradually raise the bar until I am doing 5 feet 7 inches without much effort.

A month or so before the contest I try myself out, and do this weekly until the event I am training for comes off. It is very necessary to jump to your limit once in awhile in order to become accustomed to a good height.

While many athletes can, of course, become fairly good jumpers with enough practice, I believe that in my case it was natural, and therefore comparatively easy for me to become a champion in this line of sport.

* * *

The annual game of football played under association rules between Oxford and Cambridge took place last Saturday at the Queen's club, and was won by Oxford by a score of 2 to 0.

* * *

Lord Marcus Beresford has written to "Tod" Sloan, the American jockey, who is in Paris, urging him to apply for a renewal of his English license to ride. His lordship said to a representative of the Associated Press:

"I like Sloan and will do anything I can to help him. Many sportsmen believe he has been sufficiently punished. As there are none too many good jockeys available, I hope the stewards will reinstate him."

In view of Lord Beresford's connection with the king's stables, and the understanding that William C. Whitney is anxious for Sloan's reinstatement, it is generally expected that the jockey's application will be successful.

* * *

The schedule meeting of the American league will be held in Detroit on Wednesday and bids fair to be fraught with a little more interest than the sessions of the expansionists usually have been. Its affairs have hitherto been so well defined in advance that they have practically been little more than ratification meetings to approve plans already carried out. At next week's session, however, the question of invading New York this year or waiting until next is to be finally decided. Although there is, according to the best of authorities, only a possibility of attempting to establish a team in Gotham before the playing season opens, that possibility commands attention as long as it exists. Only the chance that the Baltimore club owners will consent a transfer of their franchise to New York makes the invasion likely. It is seldom a business man will not accept an opportunity to double his receipts without materially increasing his risk.

The determination of the Brooklyn, Chicago, Pittsburg and Philadelphia clubs of the National league to stick to A. G. Spalding, as exemplified by the conference among those clubs in Pittsburg on Saturday, is applauded by baseball men who want to see the league's affairs reorganized. In view of Brush's proposition to the American league, it would appear as if Ban Johnson would be compelled to remain neutral until the Spalding case has been settled by the courts, for Johnson has pledged himself to stand by Spalding to a definite conclusion of the existing troubles in the baseball world. When the result of the Pittsburg conference was made known to Spalding, who is at Point Loma, Cal., he said:

"From information received I construe the action of the Loyal Four members of the National league at their conference at Pittsburg yesterday as reiterating and reaffirming their allegiance to the principle underlying the baseball controversy, an indorsement of the campaign conducted to date and a determination not to dodge the real issue by sacrificing principle to expediency, which action must be approved by all those who have the best interest of the national game at heart. It is a good omen for the future of the National league that Freedmanism and Brushism received its death blow at Pittsburg on Washington's birthday. I consider this campaign for the uplifting of baseball so far as it relates to those baneful 'isms' as practically over, regardless of litigation.

* * *

"It is only a question of a very short time when the authors of Freedmanism-Brushism and all those tainted with it will be forced by public opinion to get off the baseball map for the good of the sport or as soon as the gentlemen who are responsible for these 'isms' recognize the conditions and gracefully acknowledge their defeat. They will find no one more willing or magnanimous than A. G. Spalding in protecting their property rights and making their permanent retirement from the game as easy as possible. The elimination of existing evils from professional baseball as a matter of principle marks a new epoch in the sport and will go down in baseball history along with and equally as important as the memorable action of the old National league back in 1878, when the game was rescued from the gamblers and pool-selling was abolished. The results of this victory will tend in future to cause those who would aspire to legislate for a nation's sport to realize what true sportsmanship is, to more fully appreciate the trust imposed and to guard more carefully their own individual baseball records.

"While the Loyal Four are to be congratulated on their stand and fight for principle, yet public opinion which has been so ably and unanimously voiced by the press of the country, is entitled to the greater share of credit for the elimination of Freedman-Brushism from our national game."

In the opinion of various baseball men the four clubs named above had no alternative but to remain loyal to Spalding, for it was he who came to their assistance when they were apparently at the mercy of the trust schemers, and jumped into the thick of the fight with so much vigor that the inside of the whole league machinery was laid bare. Spalding, single-handed, has made a fight which will be the means of bringing certain individuals to account. His allies say they will await the court's decision, which may not be reached for some time yet, in view of the increased number of legal complications.

* * *

Dashing Jack Doyle, once one of the greatest all-round ball players the profession ever saw, a veritable king of the game when in his prime, has been given his release by Chicago.

The fans of that city will have little regret, for Doyle, counted on as sure to prove a marvel, was a heavy failure, and a new first baseman will be welcomed in his stead.

The career of Jack Doyle has been an eventful one. Back in 1889, he was a catcher in a minor league, and showed much promise as a batsman, baserunner and aggressive player. He came up fast, and was with the Columbus team of the old American association in 1890. Cleveland took him in 1891, but gave him comparatively little show. Doyle was simply the resere catcher, had no chance to show what he could do, and was allowed to go to New York just to help the Giants along. In New York, Doyle soon showed his power. He never tried to pitch, but that was the only thing he didn't do. As a catcher he was a marvel; as a first baseman he was an enthusiastic worker; he was great at any infield place, and could take care of the outer gardens. He was a natural batsman, and one of the best baserunners ever in the game. Nevertheless, Doyle and the management were ever at war. He had the other players up in the air half the time, and the New York management gladly let him go to Baltimore. He fitted right in with Hanlon's bunch, where his aggressive style made him good. Yet Baltimore did not hold him long, turning him over to Washington, and from Washington he drifted back to New York.

Doyle was a marked success at keeping the New York in ninth position and the Gotham management again felt a wild desire to lose him. He had also slumped in batting and was no longer the slugger of the past. Hence the mightily Freedman was rejoiced at a proposition from Chicago—to trade Ganzel, Strong and Garvin for Doyle and the deal was made.

* * *

Tommy Ryan, the well-known middleweight, who trained Jeffries for his fight with Fitzsimmons, now offers to train Fitz and agrees to show the Cornishman how to beat the boilermaker. Ryan says the only way to defeat Jeffries is to adopt the tactics of Jim Corbett—stay away and jab. He says that Fitzsimmons, with his great punches can, by adopting this method, make Jeffries drop his crouching tactics and fight on the aggressive. Fitz will then have a chance to mix it up instead of boring in on the attack, only to be met with stifling left-handers in the head and right-hand rib-breakers near the heart. Fitzsimmons, however, does not need Ryan's advice, as he has already decided upon some such plan of action, realizing the mistakes he made when the Champion knocked him out at Coney Island.

* * *

McGovern got $4680 out of that Louisville fight and Sullivan $2520. Not at all bad money, that.

* * *

Much rot is being printed to the effect that Terry McGovern and Dave Sullivan were small boy rivals in Brooklyn and that their families hated one another desperately. Miserable rot! The Sullivans came over from Ireland not so long ago, and lived in Boston, not in Brooklyn. Terry used to be employed as a trainer and rubber round Sullivan's quarters, and there was never any quarreling between them till Terry grew into a champion and began to figure that he could thrash his formed employer.

NERVITA PILLS

Restore Vitality, Lost Vigor and Manhood

Cure Impotency, Night Emissions, Loss of Memory, all wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion. A nerve tonic and blood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail 100c per box. 6 boxes for $2.50, with our bankable guarantee to cure or refund the money paid. Send for circular and copy of our bankable guarantee bond.

60 PILLS 50 CTS.

Nervita Tablets (YELLOW LABEL) EXTRA STRENGTH Immediate Results

Positively guaranteed cure for Loss of Power, Varicocele, Undeveloped or Shrunken Organs, Paresis, Locomotor Ataxia, Nervous Prostration, Hysteria, Fits, Insanity, Paralysis and the Results of Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor. By mail in plain package, $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00 with our bankable guarantee bond to cure in 30 days or refund money paid. Address

NERVITA MEDICAL CO.
Clinton & Jackson Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.
Sold in Duluth by S. F. BOYCE, Druggist, 435 West Superior Street.

Kindly take notice that Ely's Liquid Cream Balm is of great benefit to those suffering from nasal catarrh who cannot inhale freely through the nose, but must treat themselves by spraying. Liquid Cream Balm differs in form, but not medicinally, from the Cream Balm that has stood for years at the head of remedies for catarrh. It may be used in any nasal atomizer. The price, including a spraying tube, is 75 cents. Sold by druggists and mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren street, New York.

Low Rates West Every Day Via Great Northern Railway.

Commencing March 1st and daily thereafter during March and April, the Eastern Minnesota and Great Northern railway will make very low one way settlers' rates to all points West, as follows: Butte, Helena, Anaconda, $20; Spokane, $2.50; Seattle, Tacoma, Everett, Portland, Vancouver and all points on the Southern Pacific railway north of Ashland, Ore., $25.00. Also low rates to all intermediate points. Stop over privileges allowed on all tickets. For further information call at city ticket office, corner Spalding hotel.

The President a Slave to Catarrh —D. T. Sample, President of Sample's Instalment Company, Wash., Pa., writes: "For years I was afflicted with Chronic Catarrh. Remedies and treatments by specialists only gave me temporary relief, until I was induced to use Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. It gave almost instant relief and has proved the one good thing in my case. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—21.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss. In Probate Court, Special term, Feb. 14, 1902.

In the Matter of the Estate of Amalia Olson, deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of August Olson, of Duluth, of the County of St. Louis, representing, among other things, that Amalia Olson, late of the County of St. Louis, in the State of Minnesota, on the 2nd day of November, A. D. 1900, at the County of St. Louis, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of the County at the time of her death, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within this County, and that said petitioner is the husband of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to said August Olson granted;

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said Court, on the 10th day of March, A. D. 1902, at ten o'clock a. m., at the Probate office, in the Court House in the City of Duluth, in said County.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, Minn., in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 14th day of February, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)

Duluth Evening Herald, Feb. 15-22, March 1, 1902.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Peter Patterson, Plaintiff,
vs.
Rosa Block and Albert Block, her husband; Amalia Cutting and Frank Cutting, her husband; Frank Cutting as administrator of the estate of John Larcher, deceased; Pasquale Mainella, Joseph Leona and John Jennetta, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree made, entered and docketed in the office of the clerk of the district court for St. Louis County, Minnesota, in the above entitled action, on the 15th day of February, 1902, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, as sheriff of St. Louis County, Minnesota, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, on Tuesday, the first day of April, 1902, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, and hereinafter described, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said judgment and decree, with expenses of sale, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: All of lots numbered one hundred sixty-one (161) and one hundred sixty-three (163), of block twenty-four (24), Duluth Proper, Third Division, and lots numbered one hundred sixty-one (161) and one hundred sixty-three (163), of block one hundred (100), Duluth Proper, Second Division, according to the recorded plat thereof in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Dated February 15th, 1902.

WILLIAM C. SARGENT,
As Sheriff of St. Louis County, Minn.
By V. A. DASH,
Deputy.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Duluth Evening Herald, Feb-15-22-March 1-8-15-22.

TO THE
SOUTHEAST
A NEW SYSTEM REACHING WITH ITS OWN RAILS.
MEMPHIS, BIRMINGHAM
AND MANY OTHER IMPORTANT POINTS IN THE SOUTHEAST. GOOD CONNECTIONS AT BIRMINGHAM FOR
MONTGOMERY, MOBILE, ATLANTA, SAVANNAH
AND ALL POINTS IN THE STATE OF
FLORIDA.
PASSENGERS ARRANGING FOR TICKETS VIA THE
FRISCO SYSTEM
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DULUTH'S NEIGHBORS

TWO HARBORS.

Two Harbors, March 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—O. H. Pickett and family, of Biwabik, visited friends here on Saturday.

The Nordby Mercantile company moved into its fine new building on Second avenue this week.

The fire department was called out about 7 o'clock Friday morning to extinguish a small blaze at the home of Representative T. A. Bury, the fire catching from an overturned lamp, and destroyed the contents of one room before it was put out. The damage was light.

The following are the officers of the newly organized camp of Royal Neighbors: Past oracle, Mrs. Esther Hannaford; oracle, Mrs. A. Christenson; vice oracle, Mrs. C. Hannafield; marshal, Miss Sophia Peterson; chancellor, Miss Kate McPhee; recorder, Mrs. S. D. Rose; receiver, Miss Belle Stearns.

A new stone foundation is being put under the Swedish Methodist church, a heating plant will be put in and other improvements made.

L. Belland has returned from St. Paul where he went to attend the meeting of the A. O. U. W.

Mrs. W. A. F. Williams departed this week for Everett, Wash., where she will reside in the future.

Miss Jessie Weaver has recovered from her recent illness and is now back at the telephone office.

Miss Olive Woodland visited relatives at Duluth Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Sullivan rejoice over the arrival of a baby girl at their home last Thursday.

Rev. A. S. Wicklund has returned from Red Wing, Minn., where he went last week to attend the annual conference of the Swedish Lutheran church.

The Duluth Logging company finished its work thishrdl shrdlu shrdlu shrdlu s this week its contract for getting out logs at Thomas.

The Ladies' Missionary society of the Presbyterian church met at the home of Mrst. H. S. Bryan Wednesday afternoon.

The Duluth & Iron Range has taken off one of its gravel trains at Britton the past week, owing to moving the steam shovel. It is rushing the grading for the approach to No. 4 dock and expects to have it completed by March 10.

Mike Mullins, a log leader, employed at Mitchel & McClure's landing at mile 39, was killed Saturday afternoon by being crushed with a log. His body was brought to Brown's morgue here on the evening train.

T. E. Evans returned Wednesday from a two weeks' visit with relatives in Southern Wisconsin.

A large number of Duluth, Missabe & Northern ore cars have been received here and will be overhauled at the shops, preparatory to being used by the Duluth & Iron Range the coming season.

Martin Bros have sold about 50,000 ties to the C. M. & St. P. R. R. and are shipping them from near York at the rate of fifteen carloads per day. The pulp wood business this season has been very light and will be entirely finished by March 10. Outside of the Colvin & Robb contract of 1,000 cords the total pulp wood cut has not exceeded 1,500 cords against nearly as many thousand cords last year.

The regular meeting of the village council Tuesday evening was again short and uninteresting. The Joseph Lager liquor license application was granted and his bond accepted. The regular election resolutions were passed and the office of Attorney Dwan designated as the place for holding the election March 11. Bills amounting to $60.25 were allowed.

The entertainment given at the high school last evening was a very successful event, and was highly enjoyed by the large number attending.

The residence of Charles Cotter was damaged considerably and Mrs. Cotter nearly injured by some parties blasting in the lot adjoining Tuesday, without taking the proper precautions.

A. A. Radley is erecting a dwelling on his lot next to where his own residence is, and will rent it when completed. Houses are always in demand here and rent at good prices. Though over 200 houses have been built here the past two years it does not seem to relieve the situation.

Eugene Lafore has disposed of his saloon interests on First avenue to A. Peterson, of the firm of Swanstrom & Peterson.

Mr. and Mrs. John Wedding visited with friends at Duluth Wednesday.

Miss Viola Backus, of Michigamme, Mich., has been engaged to teach the new class of beginners at the Third avenue school, who starts next Monday.

The town caucus held at the court house Tuesday evening was decidedly the most interesting event of the week, barring, of course, the village caucus, which takes place this evening. The court house was filled to overflowing by the time appointed for the meeting, and M. T. Hannan was elected chairman of the meeting, and W. B. Woodward, secretary. The following is the record of the ballots cast: Chairman of the town board, W. D. Lawrence, 79; George Mumford, 67; Eugene Laforce, 9. Mr. Lawrence, who is the present chairman, being nominated. For supervisors—Gus Nelson, 91; John Boyer, 67; A. Dahlberg, 1. Mr. Nelson being nominated. Second supervisor—John Boyer, 56; A. Dahlberg, 47. Mr. Boyer being nominated. Town treasurer—John Westlund, 58; C. J. Carlson, 67. The latter gentleman being nominated. For town clerk—The only name being presented was J. E. Therrien, who was nominated by acclamation, as was the same with town assessor, Mr. Kempffer, the present incumbent, being renominated. Considerable interest was shown over the justices of the peace, and the ballots were as follows: A. J. McGee, 105; Severin Iverson, 60. Mr. McGee being nominated. For second justice, W. S. Andrews, 150, and J. B. Hartford, 31. Mr. Andrews being nominated. C. A. Yernberg was the only name presented for constable and he was nominated by acclamation. The real scramble was for overseer of highways. It taking two ballots to decide and T. A. Felter being nominated. The votes cast were as follows: First ballot, I. A. Felter, 87; Charles Eklund, 65; Nels Anderson, 21; Louis LaBounty, 24. Second ballot, I. A. Felter, 101; C. Eklund, 72; Nels Anderson, 7; Louis LaBounty, 1.

Owing to the soft weather Saturday evening the ice at the rink was so soft it was necessary to postpone the masquerade carnival as advertised to take place then.

George M. Sewall, of Minneapolis, visited with his brother the Dr. here, a few days this week.

Dr. J. D. Budd and P. J. Welch are expected back from their Southern trip next Wednesday.

Beckman Bros. have secured a contract to supply the government light house with 70 cords of wood for the coming summer.

The necktie party given Saturday evening by the local lodge of Druids, was well attended and a neat sum realized.

Col. A. N. Ogle returned Wednesday from a three weeks visit at New Orleans, Birmingham and Marinqo, Iowa.

City Attorney Dwan is reported on the sick list this week.

Joseph Carey, a resident of this place, for nearly two years and an employe of the Duluth & Iron Range, died at the Rudd hospital Saturday evening after an illness of nearly two months during which he has suffered greatly. The funeral was held Tuesday morning from the Catholic church, the Rev. Father Smead preaching the funeral sermon. Deceased belonged to the Modern Woodmen and the local members of that society attended the funeral in a body. He leaves a wife and five children. A brother from New Providence, Iowa, was here to attend the funeral.

Axel Essen is loading a consignment of 200 ties at Wold's camp, which he has sold to the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway.

Dr. A. C. Taylor was up from Duluth Monday on professional business.

The steamers Bon Ami and Hunter have tied up for the winter owing to their inability to land their supplies down the shore on account of the ice, but will in all probability start again soon for the south and northeast winds this week have cleaned the lake and nearly all the harbor of ice, and there is none of it now in sight. It is not thought that it will be blown back again, for the winds being heavy, must have broken it up. The lake is now open as far as Lester Park.

E. F. Cook transacted business at Duluth on Wednesday.

The village caucus which will be held at the court house this evening promises to eclipse every event since July 4 last. The lack of announcements, promises candidates galore, each one is requested to be on hand early, and bring at least two revolvers and one bowie knife.

Mrs. John Neylor has returned from Cedar Rapids, Iowa, where she has been spending the winter.

The ice men have concluded that it is useless to wait longer for better ice and are now taking what they can get, which is the ice on the north side of No. 1 dock, and they have a large force of men and teams cutting and hauling it. It will be good for refrigerating purposes only, and ice for other uses will have to be shipped in, as last season.

The soft weather the past week has caused a perceptible slack in logging operations, and unless some good freezing weather is soon had business will soon be at a standstill. The loggers, however, have work much further advanced than at this time a year ago.

ELY EVENTS.

Ely, March 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—The first annual declamation contest of the Ely public schools, which took place Saturday evening at the opera house, was a very pleasant and successful event. Everybody present enjoyed themselves immensely and the receipts of the evening amounted to about $36. Rev. Logan, Rev. Marsh and George Westcott acted as judges. Miss Emma Westerlin was awarded the first prize and Miss Beatrice Petherick the second. Following is the program which was well rendered by all who took part:

PART I.

Music .....
Wagner's orchestra.
Declamation—"Count Candespina's Standard" .....
Florence Normdist.
Declamation—"An Inventor's Wife" .....
Carmen Miller.
Hatchet drill .....
Primary pupils.
Declamation—"The Little Quaker Sinner" .....
Ethel Frisk.
Declamation—"Independence Bell" .....
Frances Adamson.
Piano solo .....
Cora Thomas.
PART II.
Motion song .....
Primary pupils.
Declamation—"How He Saved St. Michaels" .....
Emma Westerin.
Declamation—"Changing Color" .....
Myrtle Holmes.
Declamation—"Curfew Must Not Ring Tonight" .....
Beatrice Petherick.
Declamation—"Nellie's Prayer" .....
May Brown.
Fan drill and burlesque .....
Pupils of intermediate grade.
Music .....
Wagner's orchestra.

Charles Grabousky, of the Oliver Iron company, was in Duluth several days this week on business.

Mrs. John Penglily was up Tuesday from Tower on a visit to her sister, Miss Canning, who was seriously ill the past week.

Thomas Jury has so far recovered from his recent illness as to enable him to be out on the streets again, which his many friends are glad to learn.

Miss Maggie Sheridan came up Friday evening for a few days' visit with friends and relatives. She returned to her Eveleth home Monday noon.

Henry Chinn, of the Chandler Iron company, spent several days in Duluth this week on business.

Richard Rodgers was up from Chisholm over Sunday, visiting friends and relatives.

The sixth regular monthly meeting of the teachers of the public schools of this city will be held Saturday morning, March 1, at 9 a. m.

Richard Hodge returned last Saturday evening from his visit to Minot, N. D.

George Holmes spent several days in Duluth this week, going down Tuesday morning.

George Hunter, of Tower, was in the city several days this week.

Herb Good spent several days in Duluth this week, going down Tuesday.

H. Ingram spent Tuesday in Duluth.

Capt. Rouleau, of St. Paul, state dairy and food commissioner, accompanied by Otto Giffvert, inspector for this district, was in the city Tuesday, looking up the brand of food the merchants carry.

P. G. Cramer, representative of the Duluth Imperial Milling company, was in the city a few days this week, interviewing his customers.

Attorney Osborne spent a few days in Tower this week.

John Danby left for Allen Junction Thursday, after a few weeks spent in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. James Graves left Thursday morning for a few days' visit in Duluth.

Miss Mary Canning has been seriously ill the past week with an attack of pneumonia.

F. J. Dacey, of the Gogebic Boiler works, of Duluth, was in the city several days this week on business.

Nels Knutson and Elina Hanson secured a license to wed Tuesday from Deputy Clerk of the Court Peter Schaefer.

Mrs. J. McDermott, of Biwabik, was in the city a few days this week, visiting friends and relatives. While here she was a guest of Mrs. John Grant and family.

Jacob Alanks secured first citizenship papers before Clerk P. Schaefer Wednesday.

M. E. Gleason will leave Monday morning for northern California, where he goes to file on a claim. He will be accompanied by several from Duluth.

Manager John Pengill, of the Minnesota mine at Soudan, was in the city Friday accompanied by Andrew Larson, a shift boss at the Minnesota, looking over the Chandler mine.

E. O'Neal, of Stillwater, of the firm of O'Neal Bros., contracting loggers for the St. Croix Lumber company, was in the city several days this week looking over the interests of the firm.

Rev. C. B. Ellis, of Soudan, is in the city assisting Rev. Henry Logan with the several metings now being held at the M. E. church.

Mrs. F. L. Cowen and daughter Alice returned home Monday evening after a month's visit with friends and relatives in Duluth.

Mrs. T. P. Cory, of Buhl, returned to her home Monday morning after a week spent visiting her sister, Mrs. Al Bedford.

Al Leighton was in the city from Tower over Sunday on a visit with his family at Winton. He was accompanied by Percy and Archie Phillips.

Capt. Bale spent a few days in Tower last week on business.

Charles Wilson and Charles Shand have been in Tower a few days moving the Finnish hall. They returned to their homes in this city Friday evening.

A. J. Thomas spent a few days in Duluth this week on business.

T. A. Johnson, traveling salesman for the Lake Superior Bag company, was in the city several days this week interviewing his customers.

William J. Cowling will leave Monday morning for Hibbing, where he has secured a position.

W. H. Pattison and W. H. Christy, of Superior, were in the city a few days this week.

O. G. Korb, of the Big Store, left Tuesday morning for Chicago, on his spring buying trip.

Mrs. Roby spent severay days in Duluth this week on business.

H. B. Rogers spent several days in Duluth this week.

Mrs. Wilton and children departed last week for Southern Wisconsin, where they will visit for some time with friends and relatives.

Mrs. John Lee has returned from her visit at Duluth with her cousin, Mrs. C. E. Thompson.

Michael Daley, who has been employed the larger part of this winter at O'Neal Bros' camp at Bear Island lake was brought to the Shipman hospital Monday suffering with injuries sustained by some logs rolling on him. He died the same evening and was then taken to Gleason's morgue and prepared for shipment to Rosemont, Minn., where the funeral will take place. The remains were accompanied to Rosemont by a brother of the deceased Thursday afternoon.

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TOWER TOPICS.

Tower, March 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—John Hickey, Jr., came up from Duluth Tuesday and will again open a cigar factory one door east of Kellow's candy store. Pike Mullaney, the well-known ballplayer of West Superior, will be here next week and the firm will be Hickey and Mullaney.

James Bigelow left Thursday for a short business trip at Minneapolis.

Thomas E. Taylor, the famous left fielder, returned home last evening from a week's visit at his old home at Youngstown, O.

Miss Phoena Bystrom returned last evening from an intended visit at Duluth.

Mrs. John Swansen returned home Tuesday evening from an extended visit at her old home at Bay City, Mich.

Sam Owens was over from Eveleth a day or two this week.

Archie Phipps returned to Duluth Monday after spending a week here.

Attorney J. W. Osborne, of Ely, was a business caller here a few days of this week.

E. Merrill came up from Two Harbors Monday where he has been visiting for the past three weeks.

M. F. Marlon returned Friday from his business trip at Chisholm.

August Knutte was over from Sparta a few days of this week.

Miss Mamie Erickson left the first of the week for St. Paul, where she has a situation in a wholesale millinery store.

F. O. Tureen and son Ruben left Tuesday morning on a short visit to North Branch.

Henry Gratton returned Monday evening from his short visit at Two Harbors.

Miss Oscar Bystrom left the first of the week for Duluth where she will make her future home.

Fred Colby, foreman of the LeSure Lumber company six miles north of here, visited in the city over Sunday.

Miss Ida Sunberg was an Ely visitor this week.

F. Hulbert was down from Koochiching a number of days this week.

Albert Hatter left Tuesday morning for a week's business trip at Eagle Bend.

"Tough" Ragon was down from Ely Saturday.

Mrs. D. Kennedy left Tuesday for a couple of week's at Chicago and other Eastern cities.

George Wikeley was down from his homestead at 62-18 over Sunday.

Dominick Baner left yesterday morning for Ashland, Wis.

Miss Bertha Congdon returned this evening from her few days' visit in Duluth.

SPARTA.

Sparta, March 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—John Peterson was over from Eveleth Thursday. He will depart for Seattle soon, where he will make his future home.

T. H. Martin, of Duluth, purchased a large amount of cedar poles from the Karl Jacobson Co. Ltd.

August Knutti returned from Tower Wednesday

George A. St. Clair, of Duluth, is looking after his mining interests here this week.

Mrs. August Benson, of St. Louis, visited in Sparta Thursday.

W. E. Brandt made a business trip to St. Louis Thursday.

Mrs. D. M. Mouser and Miss Maude Mouser visited in Two Harbors Thursday.

Mike Cronin has completed his ice contract at McKinley.

Work has commenced on the new post-office building.

John A. Jutin went to St. Paul Thursday.

C. W. Kelswettter, of Duluth, was in town Thursday.

Craswell & Silkner have opened a lumber yard here. They have secured the range agency for Nolin Bros. & Laird Lumber Co.

The wife of Patrolman Karl is seriously ill.

Attorney John P. Morrow, of Duluth, called on his many friends here Wednesday.

Cant Claude McKenzie, of Pettit, transacted business here Tuesday.

It is reported that Herman Peterson will move to Eveleth.

J. B. Sattler, of the Sattler Liquor Co., was in town Thursday.

Citizens' caucus at village hall Tuesday night.

Herman Mattson will depart for Finland soon for the benefit of his health.

George C. Howe, of Duluth, was a range visitor Thursday.

McKINLEY.

McKinley, March 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Frank Klink looked after his interests at Biwabik Wednesday.

N. B. Shank expects to complete his logging operations on the Roberts spur by March 15, weather permitting.

C. H. Munger, manager of the Pickands-Mather mines, looked over their interests here this week.

Foreman Henry Downey of the Pitt mine, was quite badly hurt the other day.

Matt Nick contemplates the building of a large addition to his saloon building soon.

Charles Gibson visited with friends at Eveleth on Tuesday.

Considerable exploring is being done in the vicinity of the Roberts mine this winter by the Roberts people.

Nick Cowling has resigned his position at the Elba, and has returned to Soudan, his former home, to reside.

Manager E. Garlick of the Hobart interests, looked over things here last week. Mr. Garlick opened up the Corsica mine here.

Charles Johnson, of Eveleth, looked after his customers here Tuesday.

John Costin, of Virginia, transacted business here on Saturday.

The Duluth Log company are getting out piling at Norway for the Duluth & Iron Range docks at Two Harbors.

Superintendent Thomas Owens of the Duluth & Iron Range looked over things on the range Thursday.

NEW DULUTH DOINGS.

New Duluth, March 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Andrew Berg moved his family here from West Duluth Friday.

Mr. Osburnsen, president of the Northern Wisconsin Land company, came up from St. Paul Friday and is a guest at the home of George E. Tupper.

Mr. Grochau, Mr. Osburnsen and Mrs. T. E. Bowles attended the Masonic reception at the Armory Friday evening.

Rev. P. Knudsen and wife and Miss S. A. Smith, with a party of Fond du Lac people, visited the Oscar Peterson logging camps north of Fond du Lac Saturday.

Mrs. C. Becklinger and son, Malvin, spent Sunday at the home of Mrs. C. H. Giddings, of Duluth.

Mr. and Mrs. I. J. Mahoney, Mr. and Mrs. U. C. Tower, Henry Dumas and Miss Miller attended the play, "The Taming of the Shrew" at the Lyceum Saturday evening.

Alderman Swanson and family, of Spirit Lake, visiter at the home of Mrs. John Smith Sunday.

Miss Ethel Polar came down from Carlton Monday. She is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Charles Wills.

Rev. Crane, of Monticello, Minn., was a visitor at the home of Rev. P. Knudsen a number of days this week.

Jesse Chawford was a caller at Scanlon, Minn., Tuesday.

Mrs. C. Hoffer was ill a few days this week. Dr. McCuen, of Duluth, was called to attend her.

Mrs. Chambers, of Fond du Lac, was a visitor in Duluth Tuesday.

Essie McKay was in Duluth Wednesday.

Fred Hermann was a business caller in the city Tuesday.

Rev. P. Knudsen and wife were callers in Duluth Wednesday.

Mrs. W. D. McGill, of West Superior, visited at the home of Mrs. U. C. Tower Thursday.

George E. Tupper did business in Duluth Wednesday.

W. F. Boehning, of Minneapolis, was a business caller here Thursday.

The New Duluth Dramatic club will give its last benefit entertainment Saturday evening at the fire hall.

Miss Susan Crawford is visiting at the home of Mrs. Joseph La Salle, of Duluth.

AITKIN.

Aitkin, March 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Hon. T. R. Foley has been visiting in Duluth this week.

Charles Butler, of Cutter, wha has been sick, is reported better.

B. F. Reem has gone to Princeton for a brief visit.

Carl E. Taylor is enjoying a visit from his sister and two brothers.

Mrs. Erick Hankenson, who has been very ill, is reported to be improving.

Mrs. Russe has been visiting friends at Brainerd this week.

Mrs. H. Bergman gave a 10-cent social at her home last Thursday afternoon.

Miss Shults went to Brainerd to see the basket ball game between Brainerd and St. Cloud.

A joint program of the Whittier and Longfellow societies was given in the high school room Thursday afternoon.

The home of Maj. Shook has been under quarantine for some time, as his little daughter Margaret has the scarlet fever.

Mrs. W. A. Southart entertained a number of her friends at her rooms in the Willard.

William F. Wakefield, Tilby's popular postmaster has been visiting at the home of his brother, J. W., in this village.

Miss Almie Scrivens closed a very successful term of school at Farm Island last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Harmon and Mesdames Billings and Phillips enjoyed a sleighride on Bass lake, this week.

Harry Sears and William Myers, who have been working in the woods left winter, returned to Aitkin the first of the week.

One of Bovey & Delattin's lumber camps was quarantined this week, as it was found that smallpox was prevalent among the men.

Quite a number of people took dinner with Mrs. Hazelton, of Cutter, it being the sixtieth anniversary of her wedding day.

Quite a number of ladies and gentlemen visited one of Bovey & Delattin's lumber camps last week.

Mrs. Charles Young entertained the members of the Study club and a few other guests last Wednesday evening.

Mesdames Houch and Klinble, of Esquagamah, left for Minneapolis, where they will make their future home.

A. J. Bennett has purchased some of the old sawmill machinery and is now running a sawmill near Bennettville.

Mrs. N. Hatdorf, of Hickory, who has been very ill, is on the road to recovery.

Mr. Hoffstead, of the Age, attended the celeration at Weatherwood last Saturday evening.

Andrew Grant, the missionary, is holding religious services in different parts of the country.

W. O. Diltmore has been visiting a sister at Merriam Park, during the past week.

Fred Stearns, who has been making Sandy Lake his headquarters this winter, returned to Aitkin last Tuesday.

Peter Jerm, the postoffice clerk, who has been off duty for nearly two weeks, returned home Wednesday from a visit to Minneapolis.

The 7-year-old son of Alfred Johnson, who is being treated in a St. Paul hospital for abscess, is reported somewhat better.

The Yeoman lodge is planing to hold meetings in Odd Fellows' hall every Saturday afternoon after March 1.

George Moline, who has been attending a barber college in Minneapolis, has returned.

E. J. Goward is making rapid progress in remodeling his store building, and will have it ready to receive his goods when they arrive.

Clement Ady was a visitor to Brainerd last Sunday.

Miss Lottie Clark, of McGregor, gave a dancing party to a number of her friends last Tuesday evening.

I. Chute, of Waldeck, who has been suffering with a core throat, is reported somewhat better.

Thomas Madden, who is employed by T. R. Foley, severely injured his foot by dropping a heavy dumb-bell on it, while he was exercising in the gymnasium.

J. R. O'Malley, the popular landlord of the Foley hotel, was a visitor to McGregor last Friday.

Gladys Rhay, who has been quite sick is reported to be improving.

Mrs. W. B. Man and Miss Seavey entertained a number of their friends last Wednesday afternoon.

Miss Minnie Reynolds has gone to Madelia, where she was called by the illness of her uncle.

Robert Safford, of Barrettville, who has been visiting his cousin, left for Hutchinson, this state, the early part of the week.

Quite a number of young people attended the dance given by John Ryan at his home in Silby township.

William Peter, who has been staying at McGregor, returned to his home at Heron Lake, Minn., the early part of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Gosway gave a social dance for a large number of friends at their home at Rice Lake.

Wolves are very numerous in the northern part of the county and are getting so bold that children have to be kept from school.

Mrs. Warren Potter gave a coffee at her hospitable home for the benefit of the Ladies' guild of the Congregational church.

Miss Gibby, who has been very ill, was taken to St. Joseph's hospital at Brainerd last Tuesday.

Elmer Danenich, who injured his arm while working in the woods, has sufficiently recovered to resume his work.

I. C. Johnson, of McGregor, was a visitor to Aitkin last Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Gambles and daughter, of Brainerd, visited friends at McGregor last Sunday.

The Christ Johnson sawmill at Malmo has been repaired and is now running at full force.

F. B. Cluff, of Floodwood, was an Aitkin visitor last Wednesday.

E. H. Finke has returned from a visit to his old home in the southern part of the state.

Mr. Befsal, of Malmo, was injured quite seriously by falling from a sleigh. The driver did not miss him until he had proceeded quite a distance and when he returned he found the old man lying in the road unconscious.

A birthday party was given in honor of Miss Aleda Hanson at the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Thompson.

Miss Nellie Deneen has left school and is now employed in the Age office.

D. M. Falconer has put up all his ice and is now busy hauling hay from Willow river.

Frank Fuller, a woodsman employed in one of the camps north of town, was brought in Wednesday, having typhoid fever.

Fred Elmer, of Deerwood, who injured After the Sunday morning service at the M. E. church, the members of the church presented Dr. Kelly, the leader of the choir, with a handsome music cabinet.

Joseph Eaton, who is employed by W. Potter & Co., was called to his home at Allerton, Ill., by a message announcing the serious illness of his brother.

Col. A. A. Davidson, of Duluth, was visiting in Aitkin last week. While here he employed Mrs. Orr as housekeeper on his farm at Rice Lake, 1901 W. Sup.

County Superintendent D. W. Kemerer departed last Saturday for Chicago, where he will attend the annual meeting of the National County Superintendent's association.

Messrs. J. R. Heno and F. G. Bannon, attorneys at law, have been looking over our city the past week with a view toward locating here.

M. R. Gunderson and family arrived in town for a brief visit. After visiting here a short time Mr. Gunderson will go to Spokane, where he intends to locate.

A. Hasselius and Miss Inga Sahlin were united in marriage last Saturday by Rev. H. Bergman.

It has been announced that Mayor F. M. Shook and Col. W. Potter, both of Aitkin, have aspirations for the state senatorship.

The lumber jacks are fast arriving in town and for the next two weeks or so, Aitkin will be a very lively place.

There are at present only two cases of smallpox in the detention hospital and they are getting along nicely.

W. E. Harrison, who leaves shortly for Wisconsin, was presented with a fine silver tea service by the members of Hose company No. 1, of which he has been captain for the past three years.

The many friends of F. W. Buck, of Malmo, will be sorry to learn of the death of his infant daughter, which occurred Thursday, Feb. 13.

The second school entertainment which is to be held under the auspices of the Aitkin High School Musical and Athletic Association, has been postponed until Monday evening, March 10.

Fred Niles, of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, who owns a farm at Nichols, is visiting his cousin, W. Barker, of this village.

The long distance telephone line is now in working order and during the past week booths have been installed in the Willard, Grand Central and the Foley.

F. E. Ebner, who has been county attorney here for the past four years, is intending to move to Brainerd, where he will open an office.

The time for election of village officers is fast approaching and as a result all kinds of tickets have been circulated among the people.

As the people have signified their disapproval of the nuisance, orders have been issued which prevent owners of cattle to allow them to run at large.

EVELETH.

Eveleth, March 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. M. J. Shapiro left last Wednesday for an extended visit with relatives in Chicago and other points in the East.

Samuel Shapiro is transacting business in Duluth this week.

A. G. Kingston is home from a ten days' business trip to the Twin Cities and the State Grocers' convention at Faribault.

Arthur H. Grieser and wife came over from Chisholm last Friday afternoon for a short visit with relatives in this city. Mr. Grieser returned Monday while Mrs. Grieser will remain for a week's visit.

Mrs. J. Sibbitt is visiting for a couple of weeks with friends in the Twin Cities.

An election is being held in ths city today, the question being the change of the county commissioners, the question being on the organization of the village of Eveleth into a city. So far everything is quiet and peaceful and but little interest seems to be taken, although nearly every one expressing an opinion seems to be favorable to the change, and the voting population will undoubtedly vote yes by a large majority. The polls opened at 6 o'clock, but no voting was done until 8 o'clock.

Superintendent S. W. Gilpin and wife were over from Virginia visiting the public schools on Wednesday.

John Secora, one of the scut of the Fayal mine, a car of ore covering him up. He suffered no serious injury and will soon be back at work.

C. H. Mitchell, general manager of the Mesaba Telephone company, was up from Duluth on business the first of the week.

Mrs. William T. Irwin is confined to her home with an attack of the mumps.

Dr. Harry Morcomb, physician at the Iron Mountain mine, was in the city on business on Wednesday.

A. Whitmore, of Duluth, was calling on Eveleth friends and transacting business on Wednesday.

A. J. Campbell, of Swanbik, was registered at the Hotel Eveleth on Thursday.

G. A. Whitman, of Tower, transacted business at the First National bank on Monday.

Two fatalities occurred at the Adams mine on Wednesday night, two Finnish miners being instantly killed by explosion of dynamite. It seems that a fuse which they had lighted failed to burn as rapidly as they expected and after a time they ventured back to the hole only to reach it just as the explosion took place.

Attorney R. J. Dowdall is transacting business in Duluth this week.

The fair weather in this vicinity which has prevailed for the past three weeks seems to be at an end for today a hard storm is in progress and indications point to a small-sized blizzard. There has been no sleighing for over a week.

The Circulating Library club, organized by Rev. R. J. Taylor now has a membership of twenty-four, and there are a number of others who have signified their desire to join. This circulating library arrangement is certainly a great benefit to towns without a good library.

About fifty local lovers of horse races went out to Ely lake last Saturday afternoon, Washington's birthday, to see the local horses engage in a friendly test of speed. The weather was remarkably warm and the track in first-class condition. Only local horses were entered, but this fact made it especially interesting to the Eveleth people and they knew all the horses. These races proved the most enjoyable of any of the season for every heat was closely contested. W. J. Smith's mare Bessie, created much surprise as she came out well in every heat and was not supposed to be able to keep pace with the others entered, not being driven very much and having no previous record. The first race only consisted of two heats and entries were as follows: Deck II, Bessie and Flaxie Birchwood, and resulted Deck II first, Bessie second, Flaxie Birchwood third. The second came out as follows: Beachwood first, Deck II second, Bessie third and W. C. S. fourth. This race was then declared off. The last race was a single quarter mile dash in which Deck II came out first, W. C. S. second and Beachwood third. Every heat was closely contested and came in neck and neck at the finish. On Wednesday afternoon a private race was arranged between Beachwood, owned by Dr. W. E. Harwood and Charles H. Dana, owned by P. E. Dowling. The race was to be best two out of three heats. About twenty local horsemen and their friends went out to judge the affair. The result was two straight heats for Beachwood, she winning with ease in each heat.

The Scandinavian Good Templar lodge, Gustavus Adolphus, celebrated Washington's birthday in a very elaborate manner last Saturday evening at the Fayal hall. Addresses were delivered by Rev. R. J. Taylor, of the M. E. church, by Chief Templar Ingwald A. Rasok and by Past Chief Templer Ephram Johnson. A good literary and musical program was rendered after which supper was served by the ladies. A social time was enjoyed by everyone.

BIWABIK.

Biwabik, March 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Mabel Case, of Virginia, spent Saturday in town, the guest of Mrs. Bray.

P. Murray went down to Duluth Saturday returning Wednesday.

Ed Olson has returned after a few weeks' absence.

The Clio club served light refreshments at their last meeting at the K. P. hall, in honor of George Washington's birthday; games were also played. Mrs. J. D. Schillin received the prize, which was a steel engraving of Washington.

Duncan McCallum was over from Sparta Saturday and visited with his sister, Mrs. Mewhinney.

Miss Minnie O'Hara was on the sick list the last few days this week.

Miss Mayme McGraw was a Duluth visitor the fore part of the week.

Mrs. Dawson is over from Stevenson the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Spitz.

Mr. and Mrs. Bale were at Ashland a few days this week on business.

Mrs. Smith and children returned to her home in Duluth Monday after a few days' visit here, the guests of Capt. and Mrs. Carmichael.

Chaplain resy, of Duluth, preached at the Methodist church last Sunday, a large number were present and all enjoyed the sermon very much.

Miss Sarah Rix returned to her home in Duluth Monday, after a few days' visit with relatives and friends.

Mrs. Carlson, of Eveleth, was in town Saturday, returning Monday.

The "Zobo" band, which was organized a short time ago, is doing very nicely. The band was out on the street Wednesday evening, marching to the tunes which they have mastered pretty well.

Mrs. Robert Johnson is able to be out again after a two weeks' illnes.

Mrs. Berry expects to soon move into the house owned by Mrs. Dawson.

Services were held at the Catholic church Sunday, it being the last Sunday in the month. Rev. Bilban, of Virginia, held the services, quite a number of people from McKinley and Elba came over to attend.

The scales have been taken out of the scalehouse here and have been shipped to Highland.

Rev. Totman has arrived here and will fill the vacancy of preacher at the Congregational church, which was left vacant by Rev. Bonn.

Frank Loulan was over from Sparta and spent Sunday among friends.

The young ladies of the Methodist church have organized again, they expect to meet every Tuesday evening at the different homes, they meet with Miss Bertha Furtney next week. Mrs. Cummings and Miss Smith are on the purchasing committee.

A very novel sled makes its appearance every Sunday, it is a home-made sled made out of logs and has two mules attached to it. It belongs to some men at Deer's camp. Many people have taken snap shots of it.

Mrs. Morrill gave a social at her home Thursday evening for the Methodist church. The house was crowded and all enjoyed themselves very much. Mrs. Shank assisted. The house was decorated in red, white and blue bunting. Messrs. Morrill and Trevena rendered a number of selections on the piano and violin, Miss Mane gave a recitation Mrs. Cummings gave a recitation and a reading, Professor Grae also recited. College songs were sung and games played, and a very dainty lunch was served, consisting of coffee, cakes and sherbert.

Mr. Stuart, of Duluth, looked after business matters in town Wednesday.

Mrs. McKenzie visited with friends at Virginia, Tuesday.

Mr. Gibson has moved his family over from Eveleth.

Miss Annie Enright was aver to Sparta Saturday, the guest of Mrs. Doughlas.

Mrs. Winters reached home in time to see her father die; she has not yet returned from her home in Iron Belt.

[illegible] family, of McKinley, spent Sunday in town with friends.

The Finnish Temperance society gave a social Sunday at their hall, opposite the school, the menu consisted of vegetables and fish.

The members of the Knights of Pythian lodge gave a stereoptican show

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COM. BANKING CO., 302 W. Superior st.
MERCHANTS BANK, West Duluth.
ST. LOUIS CO. BANK, 1901 W. Sup.

Safety Deposit.
NATIONAL SAFE DEPOSIT CO., boxes $5, $10 and $25 per year.

Real Estate, Loans & Insurance
W. M. PRINDLE & CO., Lonsdale bldg.
WENDELL P. MOSHER., Prov. bldg.
J. A. STEPHENSON, Providence bldg.
GEORGE H. CROSBY, Providence bldg.
O. C. HARTMAN & CO., Exchange bldg.
P. GEO. HANSON, 1903 W. Superior.
HAZEN & GETCHELL, West Duluth.

Real Estate and Loans.
A. W. Taussig & Co., Providence bldg.

Real Estate.
LITTLE & NOLTE, (est 1886), Ex. bldg.
LAKESIDE LAND CO., Lonsdale bldg.

Mortgage Loans.
R. B. KNOX & CO., 1 Exchange bldg.

Architects.
PALMER, HALL & HUNT, Lonsdale.
J. J. WANGENSTEIN, Providence.

Attorneys at Law.
S. D. ALLEN, Palladio bldg.
J. H. WHITELY, Palladio bldg.

Stocks and Grain.
B. E. BAKER, Board of Trade.

Pine and Mineral Lands.
B. G. SEGOG, New Jersey bldg.

Stock and Mineral Land.
S. EDWARD SMITH, 1st Nat. Bk. bldg.

Building and Loan.
Union, Zenith & Climax, 2 First Ave.

WHOLESALE.

Confectionery Mfg.
DULUTH CANDY CO., 20 E. First.
JOHN WAHL, 7 Nineteenth Ave. W.

Druggists.
L. W. LEITHHEAD D. CO., 225 S. 5th.

Dry Goods.
PATRICK & GRANGER CO., 113 S. 5th.

Grain Commission Merchants
VAN DUSEN-HARRINGTON, Bd.Trade.
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AMES-BROOKS CO., Board of Trade.
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DULUTH PRODUCE C

Fraday evening in the town hall. Scenes from different countries were shown and Mr. Sperry talked on them; songs were also sung by Mrs. John Lutes and were illustrated. A large number attended and all enjoyed them. The seats were sold at 50 cents, 35 cents and 25 cents, and a neat little sum was cleared.

Mrs. Carey and children have returned from a ten days' visit at Superior.

Mrs. Barker was arrested Monday for drunkenness. Her trial came off Tuesday. She was unable to pay her line and so was given a sentence.

The young people gave a dance at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Gaines, Friday evening, the Zobo band furnished the music and all report having had a good time.

Richard Sellwood was down from Duluth Wednesday on business.

Mr. Ganon, the man that was shot accidentally at Kerr's camp last Thursday, has been taken to the Duluth hospital. They have hopes of his recovery.

Rev. Forbes, of Duluth, will preach at the Methodist church Sunday. The quarterly conference is tonight at the home of Rev. Cummings.

County Superintendent Parks made a short tour of inspection in the public schools last week.

The young people of the Christian Endeavor society of the Congregational church are planning on giving a hard-time social some time next week in the city hall. Tuis will be something new from what has ever been given here.

The Range Teachers' association will meet at Virginia on April 4 and 5. State Inspector George B. Alton, J. Adam Bede and others will be present. On the night of the 4th, a banquet will be given at the Fay.

Mrs. Enright left Tuesday for Duluth, from where she expects to go to Michigan for a month's visit with friends and relatives.

John Costin looked after business matters here Monday.

E. D. Beyer is able to be out again, after an attack of the grip.

Mr. Johnson was arrested Monday for running a place of ill-repute on Main street. His saloon has been closed. He is out on $250 bail.

Mr. and Mrs. Ford, of McKinley, visited friends in town Thursday.

W. W. Browe returned Wednesday from a few days' business trip in the Zenith City.

CASS LAKE.

Cass Lake, March 1.—Sol. Swanson, a former employe of the Scanlon-Gipson Lumber company, who has been at Turtle River during the past two months, returned to Cass Lake on Thursday.

Mrs. Robert Jarvis came over from Grand Forks the first of the week and has been visiting with her sister, Mrs. McNaney.

A. Peterson was a visitor at Bemidji on Thursday.

Miss Edith Foster, a sister of Mrs. F. McNaney, returned to her home at Grand Forks Thursday, after having visited in the village for several days.

W. T. Wright severed his connection with McKeown & Co., the first of the week, and is now in the employ of C. M. Taylor & Co.

The M. E. Ladies' Aid society will meet at the home of Mrs. J. H. Strawbridge next Thursday afternoon.

Attorney Scrutchin, the colored disciple of Blackstone, accompanied by his wife, spent Monday in Cass Lake.

J. H. McArutur, manager of the Scanlon-Gipson store, was a visitor at Minneapolis for several days, returning from that place on Tuesday.

Miss Lulu Tuttle left on Friday for Duluth, where she will consult an oculist regarding her eyes, having had considerable trouble with her optics for some time past. Miss Drysdale accompanied Miss Tuttle.

The business men of Duluth, headed by the Marshall-Wells Hardware Co., have sent to the Cass Lake committee the sum of $95 to aid in the work of opening the Chippewa reservation. A. H. Comstock, vice president of the Marshall-Wells Co., in forwarding the amount, congratulates the local committee upon the good work already done and wishes our people success in the movement. The people of Cass Lake are indeed thankful for the assistance of the Zenith City people for their generous assistance and will ever remember the aid tendered in time of need.

A. E. Johnson was a visitor at Bemidji Tuesday night, on business.

William Kirchhof spent Thursday night at Bemidji.

F. J. Kline, T. B. Walker's superintendent of logging, passed through Cass Lake Tuesday evening on route from Leech Lake to Bemidji, at which place he is headquarters this winter.

J. E. Johnston returned on Saturday from a business trip to Duluth.

Mrs. J. H. Strawbridge went to Farris Tuesday. She spent the afternoon at that place at the home of Mrs. M. M. Nygaard, returning home in the evening.

E. C. Chamberlain was a visitor at Grand Rapids the first of the week.

Dr. Brooks, president of the Scanlon-Gipson Lumber company, was in Cass Lake Tuesday, interviewing A. McKinney, local manager for the Scanlon-Gipson Co.

F. W. Ludwig, a former resident of Cass Lake, who is now living on his claim near Tenstrike, passed through town on Tuesday. Fren was nursing a damaged hand, blood poisoning having set in recently, following a frost bite on the member. He went to Duluth for the purpose of consulting a physician in the hope of securing relief.

Charles Hart returned on Tuesday from a visit to Koochiching and other places in the northern country. He intimated that he had secured something to his liking at a claim and that he would shortly make an entry on the same.

A. Lessard, whom everybody knows as "Red," came over from East Grand Forks on Tuesday.

Mrs. A. Lessard, Mrs. N. Marchand and Miss Nellen Thompson were visitors at the farm home of Mr. and Mrs. A. Robinson, near Farris, the first of the week.

Fred Benham, switchman in the yards here, returned on Wednesday from a visit at St. Paul.

Regular meeting of the fire department at the fire hall next Tuesday evening.

The village council will hold a regular meeting next Monday evening.

Ed Laughlin and A. Lessard were visitors at Farley on Tuesday.

Tony Manley, the rotund and jovial ticket-puncher for the Great Northern, was in town on Wednesday.

A. McKinney was over to Rosby Wednesday looking after some logging operations there for the Scanlon-Gipson Lumber company.

Mrs. A. N. McIntosh and two lady friends were over from Farris on Wednesday.

J. M. Sampine, who is now a resident of Bena, where he has charge of Tuller & Torpenning's store, was transacting business here on Wednesday.

W. F. Rose, who recently came here from Fertile, left for that place on Wednesday to transact some business.

"For unto us a son is born," quoth Rev. J. T. Brabner Smith on Wednesday morning, when asked to explain his reasons for wearing so broad and apparently contented smile. Inquiry led to the statement that Mrs. Smith had presented the popular M. E. divine with a bouncing baby boy on Tuesday evening.

Mrs. Bert Stone returned to her home at Melrose on Monday morning, after having spent Sunday in Cass Lake at the home of her husband's parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Stone.

IRON RIVER.

Iron River, March 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Jennie Forsyth, of Florence, Wis., arrived here last Friday evening. She is visiting with her brother, J. E. Forsyth, in this city. She expects to remain here about two months.

Neil Cameron and his wife, of Port Wing, were in the city last Saturday and Sunday shaking hands with their old friends here.

Ernest Sauve left last Monday for Washburn to attend a meeting of the county board which convened last Tuesday.

N. W. Barker and J. A. Paterson went to Ashland last Monday where Mr. Paterson made a filing on a homestead.

Walter Polls, a setter in the Alexander Edger Lumber company's mill in this city received a severe injury last Monday night. While riding on the carriage one of the levers flew back and struck him on the chest. The injury is not considered dangerous.

Mrs. John Braff, of Port Wing, was in the city last Thursday on business.

T. N. Okstrom, of Port Wing, was in the city last Wednesday on business.

A. W. McLeod was in the city last Wednesday on legal business for the state.

Mark Hessey left last Tuesday evening for Washburn where he expects to remain two or three days.

W. R. Hoover was in West Superior last Wednesday attending to business in that city.

Ewing McBeath, of Washburn, was in the city last Wednesday taking testimony in the municipal court.

Charles Johnson was struck in the stomach by a tree kicking back last Wednesday which dealt him serious injuries. He was taken to Dr. Dodd's hospital in Ashland. He was working for the Alexander Edgar Lumber company at camp 10.

Mrs. John Thompson and daughter, Mrs. McLain returned home last Friday evening from Southern Wisconsin, where they have been visiting with relatives and friends for the last two weeks.

N. W. Barker made a business trip to Minneapolis last Monday evening returning last Wednesday evening.

Attorney C. F. Morris was in West Superior last Wednesday on legal business.

Chairman George Howard, of Port Wing, was in the city last Monday on his way to the county seat to attend the county board meeting last Tuesday.

O. H. Campbell, of West Superior, was in Iron River last Monday on business.

Mrs. John H. Mollenhoff returned home last Monday evening from West Superior, where she has been visiting friends there for a few days.

The residence of J. H. Fitzpatrick at Port ..ing Junction was burned to the ground last Sunday morning. The fire originated on the roof.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Holton, of Ashland, spent last Sunday in the city visiting with their son Fren and Mrs. Holton and shaking hands with their many friends in the city.

William Austin was in the city last Wednesday on special business.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Jackson, of Delta, was in the city last Thursday. They left for Ashland yesterday.

Pat O'Brien and Charles Puzey left yesterday for Ashland to attend to some business they had in the land office there.

Dan McIntosh, of Delta, was in the city last Thursday after spending two weeks in the hospital at Ashland.

The adjourned case of the state against George Gibson and Ora Barnhart was called for hearing last Wednesday. County Attorney A. W. McLeod appeared for the prosecution and Attorney Ernest Sauve appeared for the defendants. Part of the witnesses for the state had testified but one of the state's principal witnesses was not present the case was then adjourned until today and had not yet been disposed of at this writing. The charge is larceny from the person of $25, which it is claimed was taken out of his pocket.

Ike Fredman, the restaurant keeper, was down to Ashland last Wednesday evening, returning Thursday morning.

Bert Peterson, the draymen, stuck a rusty nail in his foot last Saturday, which has laid him up. He is getting around now on crutches.

Louis Fifkin has rented the store on Main street formerly occupied by Morris & Swanson, and will move his stock of clothing in as soon as they get through repairing the store.

Mrs. B. Nelson, of West Superior, spent last Sunday in this city visiting with her daughter, Mrs. Fred F. Moe.

Frank McNeil came home last Wednesday evening after a five days' visit in Duluth and Two Harbors.

Albert Johnson is on the sick list this week.

The town fathers convened yesterday and audited bills and transacted other business for the town.

John Andre, deputy sheriff, left yesterday morning for Duluth on legal business.

James O'Toole is up from Bibon visiting with his brother and mother here.

SPIRIT LAKE AND VICINITY.

Smithville, March 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. August Nelson was a Duluth visitor Friday.

Alderman Edward Swenson and family spent Sunday in New Duluth.

Miss Florence Brink spent Monday in Duluth.

Mrs. Emma Brink picked several pansies out of her garden Monday. The weather was so warm it started them blooming.

Miss Daisy Bassett spent Saturday and Sunday in Duluth.

A. G. Renstrom and daughter Helen spent Saturday in Oneota, the guests of Mrs. Aaron Lindstrom.

Swen Johnson moved in his new home Monday.

James, Robert and William Dunn attended the Fairmont alumni spread Friday evening.

The Gardner club have postponed their meeting from March 1 until Saturday, March 8.

Mrs. Edmund French returned home from St. Paul Tuesday. Her granddaughter, Miss Burns, came with her. She will spend several months here.

Edward Dash spent Thursday in Duluth.

Miss Dean Cox spent several days here, the guest of Mrs. M. S. Brink.

J. G. Brink and E. S. Dash spent Monday in New Duluth.

Peter Palm, of West Superior, entertained his old neighbors and friends in Peterson hall Saturday evening.

Alderman Swenson spent Monday in Duluth.

Albert Overton spent Wednesday in West Duluth.

Miss Grace Segl and and Florence Brink were in New Duluth Sunday.

Mrs. William Dunn spent Friday in Duluth.

Alderman Swenson and Albert Overton are filling their ice houses with Spirit Lake ice.

John Moline spent Wednesday in Duluth.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Johnson and daughter Bernice spent a few days in New Duluth.

PARK RAPIDS.

Park Rapids, March 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. Jannet Volland has returned from St. Cloud, where she went for medical treatment a few weeks ago.

F. S. Finney returned from St. Paul Monday.

Miss Minnie Woolson has resigned her position as deputy postmistress. Miss Iva Wailing takes her place.

D. C. Town returned from a short business trip to Minneapolis Tuesday.

The family of W. H. Harris are quarantined with smallpox.

Hard ..ard has resigned his position as clerk at the Racket store.

The Ladies' Literary club met with Mrs. H. R. Cobb Wednesday afternoon.

George King is sick with nervous prostration.

C. Crooks returned to Itasca Monday, after spending a few days with his family here.

Mrs. Charles Gage went to Minneapolis Monday for medical treatment. Her sister, Mrs. Kerr, accompanied her.

The Ladies' Aid society of the M. E. church were entertained by Mrs. Frank Campbell Wednesday at her home two miles west of town.

H. R. Coff attended the State Editorial association convention at Minneapolis last week.

Harry Laird went to Wadena Monday, returning Wednesday.

Mrs. A. A. Crawford visited her son in Sebeka Tuesday.

Mrs. W. J. Shearer has returned from Bemidji.

Mrs. G. W. Rima returned from Minneapolis Thursday.

W. Blood is disposing of his household goods preparatory to moving to Richburg, N. D.

Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Blood visited at William King's, west of town, this week.

Oscar Steele, of Maithy, is visiting with his parents. Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Steele.

At the recent business meeting of the Fair association the following officers were elected: President, E. R. Hinds; vice president, F. J. Campbell; treasurer, William Taber; secretary, R. E. Davis; trustees, George Wilkins, Henry Partner, S. L. Doran, S. W. Usher and Frank Siegford.

Miss Ella Lafonistee, of Bemidji, is visiting with relatives here.

Fred Steinmetz returned from a short business trip to Minneapolis Saturday.

GRAND RAPIDS.

Grand Rapids, March 1.—During the past week Referee Richard A. Malice, of Minneapolis, has been hearing evidence in the case of the Vermillion Pine Land and Iron company vs. J. P. Sims. This is a case in the United States court in equity and is in the nature of a damage suit brought against J. P. Sims to recover the value of timber purchased by Mr. Sims from the Vermillion Pine Land and Iron company in the year 18339.

The members of the library board will hold a public reception in the village hall Wednesday, March 24, to which everyone is invited. The state librarian, Miss Baldwin, will be here and explain the work of the library commission in the state. She will illustrate this with a fine list of stereopticon views.

Matters Pythian were rather lively this week. Tuesday afternoon the members of the Uniform Rank held a special meeting and conferred that rank upon six knights. Wednesday night they held their annual meetingshrd lshrdlu shrdlu llwH annual inspection. Col. J. A. Hagman, of Stillwater, being the inspecting officer. Thursday evening the Rathbone Sisters tendered a reception to Mr. and Mrs. F. T. Bueneman, who leave for their home in California next week.

County Surveyor Murchie left for town 63 range 23 Wednesday with a crow of estimators to commence the assessing work for the year. He will probably be absent for three or four weeks.

So many inquiries have been made recently regarding the sale of state lands in Itasca county that State Auditor Dunn has decided to hold a sale in this county during the coming summer.

Cohasset is now a full fledged village with a full set of officers duly installed in their respective positions. The organization took place some time ago, but it was found that a legal error was made in the proceedings and reorganization was made necessary. The following gentlemen took the oath of office: President, Henry Carrier; recorder, Iver Ronning; treasurer, J. T. Jones; trustees, Morris O'Brien, John Nelson and William Dibble; justice of the peace, Alex Dunn. George H. Spear, of Grand Rapids, was made village attorney.

Mrs. S. D. Hamilton, who has been a guest at the Hotel Pokegama for several weeks, returned to her home in Minneapolis on Sunday last.

Saunders Price, a lumberman of Boiestown, N. B., is visiting his brothers, the Price Bros., at their camps.

Miss Minnie Lofgren returned to her home in St. Paul Monday.

John Metzgar has been on the sick list for the last few days.

Ex-Postmaster O. H. Stilson and wife left last Wednesday for an extended visit with their daughter at Oklahoma City, I. T.

Mrs. Katherine McAlpine left Monday for Minneapolis.

Hugh Martin arrived here last week from the Philippines where he has been serving with the Fourth Infantry.

Miss Margaret Doran has accepted a position as deputy in the postoffice.

Archie McDougal, who is looking after the pulp wood camps of W. E. Neal in the vicinity of Deer River, was visiting with his family a few days of last week.

Sheriff Tyndall has been appointed deputy United States marshal for Itasca county.

Mrs. John McDonald and Miss Susie Mooney returned from a visit in Duluth Saturday.

W. E. Neal was transacting business in the Twin Cities this week.

BEMIDJI.

Bemidji, March 1.—Walter Scott, formerly an employe in C. M. Taylor & Co.'s store at Cass Lake, but who is now employed here in Coleman & Co.'s store, spent Sunday in Cass Lake. Mr. Scott expects to bring his family from there the latter part of this week.

Information has been received from Des Moines, Iowa, that M. C. Portner, who until about a year ago was a conductor on the Brainerg & Northern, and whose wife lived here, was killed in that city last week. He was killed by falling off a box car while working as brakeman.

Wellington Schroeder and wife came up from Lakeport Monday. He is now busily buying land, having recently acquired a section of the best.

E. J. Swedback and Frank Gagnon returned from the Big Fork country Tuesday. Work on Mr. Swedback's big store building has commenced.

Mrs. Simons and three children will spend the summer in Norway.

Mrs. A. Milne is critically ill with typhoid pneumonia. She was taken to the hospital oMnday. Her son, Editor Doty, of the Park Rapids Clipper, and Mrs. William Doty, of Grand Forks, are here.

John Bryan died in the Park Rapids hospital last week. He was 36 years old and claimed Bemidji as his home. Tuberculosis was the complaint.

Miss Katie Kuneman returned last week from West Superior.

Ira Kossman and bride returned last week from their Wisconsin visit.

Arthur Kirsch arrived from Crookston Monday and has added his services to the postoffice department. Among those delighted to see him here are the band boys, he being a musician of much ability.

G. A. Walker, of Walker, has taken charge of the M. & I. station at that point, and Agent Robinson and wife left Tuesday for their homestead north of Bribgie. The new agent is a son of W. A. Walker, of Bemidji.

Five small children alone at the home of Mrs. Breyeth last Friday evening overturned a lamp, causing a fire which would have consumed the house but for the timely assistance of Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Bursley, near neighbors.

A very pleasant social gathering was held at the home of I. S. Boyer and wife Monday evening, the occasion being the presence of their son, Kirk, who was up from Minneapolis for a few days.

Citizens of Bagley and citizens of Shevlin are out hustling for signatures on rival petitions for a division of the county. Both want a slice of big Beltrami county cut off into a new county, but both want the boundary drawn in such a way as to make of it the county seat.

E. E. Felt, the Alida inventor of the Eclipse phonograph, left Monday for the East to look up material for his invention and machinery to conduct the manufacture of the same. Charles Miles, his partner in the enterprise, joins him in Minneapolis and together they go to New York. While away they will probably decide upon a location for their factory.

Five men working in Fagin Bros.' camp, twenty miles south of Solway, broke out of quarantine Sunday and got as far as Solway, where they were captured by County Physician Blakeslee and two other health officers Monday and forcibly returned to their camp. It is such vigorous methods as this that has stamped out smallpox all there is not a camp in the county under quarantine. A guard has been placed over the men to prevent another dash.

Agent Chamberlain has nothing authentic on the rumor that additional train service is to be given by the rGeat Northern, but he thinks it more than probable. It is said that the new train will be run in connection with trains Nos. 7 and 8, leaving Crookston, east bound, at 9 o'clock in the evening, and returning from Duluth to connect with the west-bound at 7 a. m.

VIRGINIA.

Virginia, March 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Wallace Johnson, a young man from West Superior, sustained a compound fracture of the right leg Tuesday morning while working around a drill shaft, falling a distance of twelve feet. He was brought to the city and received at Dr. Lennon's hospital, where he is resting quite easily.

The weather here for the past two weeks has aided materially in bringing on a genuine spring-like break-up, the snow here having entirely disappeared. The lumber camps have broken up and the men are leaving for their homes and for the larger cities, where they expect to be hired out for other classes of work. The break-up is at least six weeks earlier than usual for this part of the globe, and the likes has not been known before.

Rev. and Mrs. C. R. Oaten, of Rush City, but formerly of this city, are parents of a baby boy, born Wednesday. Mr. Oater was formerly pastor of the M. E. church of this city.

George Kitto, formerly of the Elba mine, arrived Tuesday from Ironwood and has already assumed charge of new duties as cashier of the Minorca mine, formerly, the Fay.

A boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Beslow Wednesday.

There being no quorum present Tuesday evening, the council will meet Tuesday next in regular session.

Miss Eva Demgen, assistant postmistress, who had been confined to her home with smallpox of a light form, is able to be out, and will resume her duties at the office on Monday.

At a meeting of the local gun club Saturday night last, officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows: F. J. Rinnert, president; D. E. Cuppernull, secretary; Ed Finch, treasurer; D. E. Cuppernull, captain. A practice shoot was held Tuesday afternoon.

A bunch of local Eagles will go to Hibbing next Wednesday and teach a class of twenty-five young birds how to fly.

The Royal Neighbors held a dime social at the home of Mrs. S. A. Reid Thursday evening. Cards were played.

Miss Alice Jones entertained the Jollifiers Saturday evening at her home, in honor of the Misses Margaret Sweeney and Rebecca Bailey, of Duluth, and Miss Nora Gordon, of Birch, Wis. The rooms were prettily decorated with the national colors, the day being Washington's birthday. Aside from the young school girls' club—the Jollifiers—those present were the Misses Cleasen, Simons, Kibby and Sweeney, of the High School corps of teachers. After a pleasing program of music a luncheon was served.

The M. W. A. band treated our people with a street concert Sunday afternoon, and it was much enjoyed as it was a change.

Father Buh, of Tower, was in the city Monday, visiting with the local priest, Father Belban.

The homestead shanty of W. R. Wasson, located on lot 6, 58½-17, a mile and a half north of the city, with contents, was consmed by fire a few nights ago. The origin is a mystery, but it is thought to be the work of someone careless with a match and under the "influence."

Mrs. W. T. Bailey and daughter, Miss Rebecca, visited in the city over Sunday.

Mesdames Ole Socness, John Larson and Oscar Johnson, will tender a dime social at Hawkinson's hall next Wednesday evening, for the Royal Neighbors. Cards will be played and three prizes will be awarded. Lunch will be served.

Mrs. J. A. Shadoit left Tuesday for Chicago to select a seasonable stock of dry goods and millinery for the Chicago Dry Goods store.

J. C. Poole was over from Eveleth Wednesday afternoon.

Dwight E. Woodbridge was up from Duluth Tuesday. He is interested in some mining leases for lands near Buhl.

John Chesser and Dave Beaudoin returned Monday from a cruise in the northern woods.

Eddie McParlan, who has been employed by the Northern Lumber company near Wolf, was in the city Monday and Tuesday.

L. Mark, of the Iron Range Furniture store left Wednesday for the Twin City furniture market to select a stock for the store and to visit with friends at Faribault.

John Demgen returned Monday from a visit with Hibbing and Stevenson mine friends.

Frank Shipley, who is employed as a fireman on a steam shovel at the Drake & Stratton works at Sparta, in helping at some repairs Monday, was struck in the left eye by a piancing red-hot rivet and was forced to come home for treatment. He resumed work yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Clark entertained at a social hop at the Opera House Wednesday and a most enjoyable time is reported.

Miss Margaret Z. Sweeney, of Duluth, visited with her sister Miss Kate Sweeney, of Virginia high school, over Sunday.

Mrs. Fred Engel and children arrived from Racine, Wis., Tuesday and again take up their residence here, since Mr. Engel has resumed his meat market business here.

Albert B. Coates, clerk of the local school district, was at Duluth Thursday.

Capt. William White, of the Grant mine, was over from Buhl, Wednesday.

John Chesser went to Duluth Thursday.

Deputy Sheriff Rossom went to the county seat yesterday.

Henry Westrich, who has visited with Mr. and Mrs. H. J. and E. C. Segel for a few weeks, left Thursday for Duluth, where he prepares to resume his duties on the lakes.

Gust Cronberg, of Buhl, attended to business matters in the city Saturday.

A. H. Alford, formerly conductor on the Eastern Minnesota, left Tuesday for Peoria, Ill., where he accepts a similar position on the Chicago, Peoria & St. Louis road.

Mrs. Arthur Parker, of Chisholm, was a guest at the home of her sister, Mrs. D. B. Shea, at the Commodore, over Sunday.

George Heald, of Hudson, Wis., was a guest of W. V. Caldwell several days this week.

The entertainment at the Presbyterian church by the pupils of the Virginia high school on Friday evening last, was an enjoyable event, the participants acquitting themselves in a most approved manner. The large auditorium was well filled with friends and interested listeners, whose appreciation was apparent. The church was neatly and artistically decorated in the national colors.

IRONWOOD.

Ironwood, March 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—D. D. Slick, of Ironwood, was called suddenly to Butte City, Mont., by the death of his brother.

Mrs. P. Driscoll, of Wakefield, was in town all week visiting relatives.

Miss M. Sullivan was at Manitowoc all week, visiting here sister, who is seriously ill at that place.

W. T. Barmond, of Grand Rapids, was in town Monday on business.

The funeral of Mrs. Mattleblad occurred Thursday from the Swedish Lutheran church, Rev. Gibson officiating. Mrs. Mattleblad died Sunday from a tumor, and leaves a husband and seven children to mourn her death.

J. C. Collins of Paris Ill. was in town a few days visiting friends.

A well developed case of small pox was discovered in one of the houses on Aurora street last week but a strict quarantine was placed on the house and no further spread of the disease is expected.

P. Oscar of Washburn was in Ironwood all week on business.

Mr. Lyons of Ishpeming was in town all week visiting friends.

A surprise party was given on Mrs. J. C. Thomas at her house last week and a large crowd attended and a pleasant evening was had by all.

M. Ward, of Marinette, was in Ironwood visiting friends and relatives all week.

Miss K. Durick of Ashland, was in town all week visiting her sister, Mrs. James Hennesey, of Curry street.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Nolan, of Aurora, are the proud parents of two bouncing baby boys that arrived at their home last week.

A concert and social was given at the Swedish Lutheran church Monday evening. A large crowd attended, and all were well pleased with the singing and music.

F. F. Barnes, of Rhinelander, was in the city on business all week.

S. Freind, of Ashland, was down on business Tuesday.

Rev. Feirek and sister, of Sioux Falls, N. D., are in town visiting their parents.

M. Molwitz was on the sick list all week.

A social was given at the Presbyterian church Thursday evening by the ladies of the church.

W. H. Walker, of Ishpeming, is in town visiting relatives.

P. E. Baur, of Ashland, is in the city on business.

E. E. Boris, of Cloquet, was in town all week on business.

A chicken pie supper was given by the men of the M. E. church of Ironwood, Tuesday evening at the Armory. Music was furnished by the Third Regiment band, and a large crowd attended.

Are you Bilious?

Do you have Sick Headaches? You can be quickly and easily relieved by taking

Beecham's Pills

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

YOUR BLOOD IS FULL OF POISON

THIS is the case with thousands of people, who are today suffering from Rheumatism and Neuralgia and don't realize what the real cause of the trouble is. The blood is filled with uric acid and just so long as this is the case you are certain to suffer those most excruitiating rheumatic and neuralgic pains. To cure these ailments strike at the root of the disease. Take a remedy that will purify the blood. Drive the poison out of your system. When you have done this, nature will do the rest.

There is one remedy which will cure . . .

RHEUMATISM and NEURALGIA

In any of their forms, that remedy is

SWANSON'S "5-DROPS"

It is both an internal and external remedy which acts quickly, safely and surely, never failing to cure these dreaded diseases. Swanson's "5-DROPS" taken internally will dissolve the poisonous acid, remove it from the system and cleanse the blood of all impurities, thereby effecting a permanent cure. An application of "5-DROPS" to the afflicted parts will stop the pains almost instantly while the cause of the disease is being surely removed by its internal use. Aches, pains and soreness disappear as if by magic when "5-DROPS" is used. No other remedy in the world will stop a pain so quickly or effect a cure as soon as "5-DROPS."

Cured of Rheumatism by "5-DROPS" After Physicians Had Failed.

LAWRENCEBURG, MO., Nov. 29, 1901. "Mother had Rheumatism for some time and had been under the care of the most prominent physicians, but obtained no relief until she used "5-DROPS." I will praise "5-DROPS" to everyone who is suffering with Rheumatism and will recommend it to all my friends, acquaintances and neighbors. I never expect to be without "5-DROPS." ANDREW COLLINS.

If you are suffering with Neuralgia, Lumbago, Sciatica, Colds, Coughs, La Grippe, Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Nervousness, Backache, Dyspepsia, Gout, Indigestion, Croup, Nervous and Neuralgic Headache, Heart Weakness, Paralysis, Creeping Numbness, Sleeplessness and Blood Diseases use "5-DROPS"

IT NEVER FAILS TO CURE.

FREE. Write at once for a trial bottle of "5-DROPS" which we will send absolutely free, postage paid. Cut out the coupon and send to us with your name and address. This shows our faith in "5-DROPS." Now its up to you.

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Cut this out and send it with your name and address to Swanson Rheumatic Cure Co., Chicago, and you will be sent a bottle of "5-DROPS" free, postpaid.

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REMEMBER, "5-DROPS" is perfectly harmless and can be taken by a child as well as an adult. It contains no opiates in any form. No alcohol. No salicylates. If "5-DROPS" is not obtainable in your locality order direct from us and we will send it prepaid on receipt of price, $1.00 per bottle.

Large Size Bottle (300 Doses) $1.00.

FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS.

EDITORIAL NOTE.—We advise any of our readers who are ill from any of the diseases named in the above articles to write at once to this Company for a sample bottle of "5-DROPS." It is a wonderful medicine, and has effected many remarkable cures.

Ask your Druggist for the "SWANSON PILL." a sure cure for constipation. PRICE 25 CENTS.

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BLOOD —AND— CATARRH CURE

Rheumatism and Gout.

Chronic Rheumatism Cured.

SIOUX CITY, IA., May 8, 1900.
MEDERINE REMEDY CO., West Superior, Wis.

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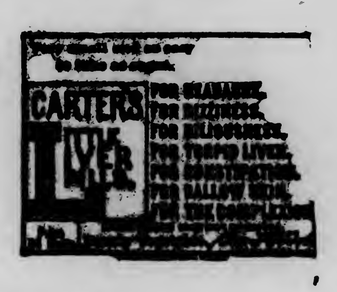
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Salvation Oil cures Rheumatism. 15 & 25 cts.

This is the only genuine kind

Any other kind is Not Genuine.





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Say "CARTER'S" twice—and be sure they are "CARTER'S."

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Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhœa, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Dreams, Lack of Energy, Emissions, Lame Back, Seminal Weakness, Nervousness, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Sexual Desire, Varicocele, Stricture, Gleet, Syphilis, Kidney Complaints, Loss of Semen, Varicocele or Consumption. Price, Quickness of Eyesight, Drains, Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate. Increases small weak organs. Restores Vigor and Vitality to every function. Don't get despondent, a cure is at hand. Pamphlet free. Reports small, undeveloped organs, Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50 CENTS. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. Address Mormon Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal. 50 CENTS

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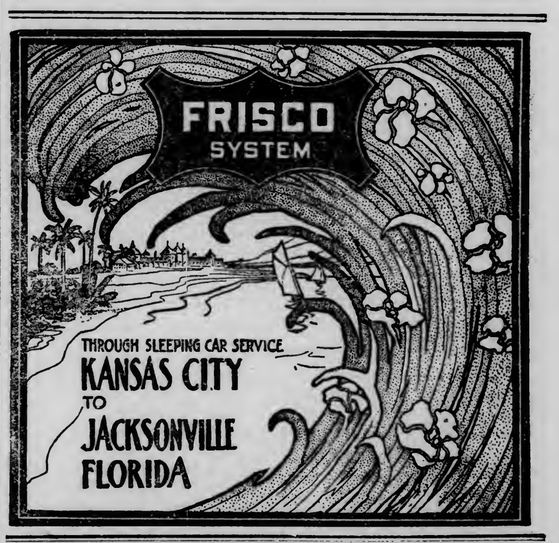
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Every day via Great Northern railway. Commencing March 1, and daily thereafter during March and April, the Eastern Minnesota and Great Northern railway will make very low one way settlers' rates to all points West, as follows: Butte, Helena, Anaconda, $20; Spokane, $22.50; Seattle, Tacoma, Everett, Portland, Vancouver and points in the Kootenai country, $25. Also low rates to all intermediate points. Stop over privileges allowed on all tickets. For further information call at city ticket office, corner Spalding hotel.

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We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

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is the opportunity of a lifetime. In his regular visits to the Northwest hundreds of people who never went to a hotel before to see any doctor, flock to see this eminent man. Professional men, ladies and gentlemen, in all of the higher walks of life, who are suffering from Catarrh, Affections of the Lungs, Liver, Stomach, Heart, Kidneys and all nervo-sexual impairments. It is an honor to visit this great physician and get his opinion, and many travel hundreds of miles to see him. Men and women in ever walk of life. His opinion in any case is the highest in the land, for his diagnosis is always correct. Dr. Hoag places frankness, honor and honesty with the sick above all else. Those who have been ailing for years and who have not found the desired relief should not fail to see him. He makes no charge for consultation or examination. He may be consulted at Ashland, Wis., Hotel Athrean, March 13, and West Superior, Wis., March 14 and 15. Those who cannot come to see him should write for home treatment, by mail or express, as his diagnosis by symptoms stated is unerring from long practice. State just how you feel. Address Dr. Charles A. Hoag, 6362 Minerva avenue, Chicago, Ill.

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In many essentials all flesh is much alike. A remedy that will cure all manner of pains, sprains, strains, burns, scalds, cuts, bruises, chaps, scratches, galls, chafes, sores, lameness, wounds, inflammations and swellings occurring in human flesh, is of equal value for like ailments of the flesh of beasts and is useful in the household for the hurts of childhood and the accidents and ills of every day life as it is in the stable, the gymnasium or the training quarters.

Such a remedy is Greene's Infallible Liniment which is endorsed by the heads of families, breeders, drivers, pugilists, trainers, bicyclists, athletes,—everybody, everywhere, who has used it. In proof of this claim attention is invited to the following testimonials from:

Bob Fitzsimmons, Pugilist.
Harry Gilmore, Boxing Instructor.
W. A. Pinkerton, Pinkerton Detective Agency.
Thos. Enright, Supt. F. Parmlee Stables.
Fred Sullivan, Trainer, M. H. Tichenor & Co.
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"The rub-out is great stuff, I like it better than anything I ever used." Bob Fitzsimmons.

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"I have used Greene's Liniment for some time on my driving horses and saddle horses at home, of which I have eight, and I have also used it with great success on running horses owned by me, particularly, however, on Judge Denny, and I have found it of great service. I have a high opinion of your goods and shall never be without some in my stables." Wm. A. Pinkerton.

"I have tried Greene's Liniment and find it the best I ever used. Thos. Enright."

"It's the best thing I ever used." F. Sullivan.

"I feel that too much cannot be said in commendation of its merits." G. R. Tipton.

These testimonials are published to induce readers to try of this truly Infallible Liniment, then of themselves they will know of its merits.

Greene's Infallible Liniment sells at 25c., 50c. and $1.00 a bottle at drug stores and by the makers, J. W. Greene & Co., 17 Van Buren St., Chicago, Ill. If your druggists haven't it, order direct, but most druggists keep it or will get it for you. Accept no substitute. There is no other liniment that can take its place and do its work,—no other that is like it or "just as good." The makers to prove its worth will send a large free sample in return for this advertisement and 10c. to cover cost of mailing.

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PRINCE HENRY AT NATIONAL CAPITAL

As Seen By a Duluth Lady---Glittering Pageants and Brilliant Scenes---Duluth Visitors During the Week.

Washington, Feb. 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—On last Monday we saw the prince as he rode in state up our national boulevard to the White House. The prince and his suite arrived in the train of palace cars at the Pennsylvania station at 10:15 a. m., and were welcomed and cheered by the good-natured crowd which had stood about the station since early morning. Secretary of State Hay and Secretary of the Navy Long were deputed by the President to receive the royal visitor and to extend to him the greeting and good wishes of the president. The prince, accompanied by Secretary Hay and Admiral Robly D. Evans, led the pageant in a carriage fresh from the painter's brush and driven by coachman and footman in livery with cockades on chapeaux in the Prussian national colors.

The members of the prince's suite, the president's representatives and city officials followed the distinguished guest in carriages to the White House. The prince was in full uniform of admiral of the German navy. His uniform was resplendent in gold lace, cords and epaulettes, and with his cocked hat, with waving plume, he looked every inch a king. He seemed lost in admiration as his carriage turned from the railway station into Pennsylvania avenue when the great dome of the capitol loomed up in the distance before him, and seemed loath to turn his back on such an inspiring sight and to wend his way in the opposite direction to the White House. The National Guards of the District of Columbia were stationed along the entire avenue, from the railway station to the White House, while at intervals rode mounted policemen and members of the detective force to shield the prince and party from annoyance or embarrassment. The United States cavalry and marines were also everywhere in evidence, and no precaution was overlooked for the safety and comfort of the prince. The sidewalks were lined with people, who every now and then gave hearty expressions of good-will and pleasure at the presence of the distinguished guest amongst us.

• • •

On several inauguration days I have seen a much larger and more boisterous crowd along our great national boulevard, but never before have I seen a more glittering pageant than on Monday, when the prince was our guest. Our United States cavalry in blue uniforms, with their yellow lined capes turned back over the shoulder, and the marines showing the same effect in bright red. The striking military figure of Gen. Miles, mounted on his beautiful charger, wearing the handsome and becoming uniform of chief of the United States army, was a pleasing sight. But ours seemed modest in color and decorations in contrast with the brilliant uniforms of the prince's suite and members of the German embassy. If one had culled the most gorgeous and striking effects of the different nations of the world, nothing could have been more brilliant and spectacular. The members of the prince's suite were many of them very distinguished men at the German court: Vice Admiral Baron von Seckendorff, Admiral von Tirpitz, Capt. von Muller, his private secretary; Lieut, Commander von Egvidg, Lieut. Commander Schmidt von Schwind, his aid; Gen. von Plesson, the emperor's personal adjutant; Admiral von Baldissin, commanding the Imperial yacht Hohenzollern; Lieut. Commander von Grumme, Staff Surgeon Reich and Mr. Hintze. The party rode leisurely up the avenue amid the cheers of the crowd.

The German national hymn was played as the carriage containing the prince entered the White House grounds by the northeast gate. Col. Bingham, Maj. McCawley and Capt. Gilmore, the president's aides, were standing on the portico waiting the arrival of the party. The president received the prince in the blue room and conducted him to the east room and there presented him to Mrs. Roosevelt and Miss Alice and a few invited guests. The greetings between the president and the prince were most cordial but without any display of ostentation. In a half hour the ceremonial at the White House was over.

• • •

Later on in the morning the scene around and about the German embassy on Massachusetts avenue was but a repetition of that along the preceding line of march. As the prince approached the embassy, which would be his abiding place during his visit at the capital, anything here the crowd was a bit more hilarious and beyond restraint. While the band played "Die Wacht am Rhine" and familiar German airs, many persons among the crowd danced and sang in unison. Everyone seemed good-natured and glad to see a representative of the German nation amongst us. The prince beyond doubt did not fail to draw from the people a responsive cord of sympathy. His refined and courtly bearing, his modest but sincere manner and dignified but gracious cordiality favorably impressed all about him.

Just before the prince arrived at the embassy three large express wagons drew up to the private gate and disgorged as many dozen trunks and boxes, all bearing the inscription of "His Royal Highness Prince Henry of Prussia."

• • •

In a very short while after the prince was ensconsed at the embassy the president returned his call and remained a half hour in pleasant converse with him and his suite. Then followed the visits of the various ambassadors and ministers of the foreign nations to pay him honor.

• • •

In the afternoon the prince and suite, together with the reception committee on the part of the president, visited the senate and house of representatives. It was the express desire of the German emperor that his brother should see these two houses of congress while in session. In anticipation of the prince's arrival the crowds here were pressed in to suffocation, but wherever the prince went the crowd good-naturedly stood aside that he might have precedence of way, and courteous attention.

The prince was treated to an exciting scene in the senate, as he happened to enter that august chamber just as the junior senator from Texas was using fiery expletives to gain recognition for the two disgraced senators from South Carolina, Tillman and McLaurin. The question before the house seemed to be of absorbing interest to the prince, and he reluctantly withdrew when Herr Von Holleben reminded him of the hour to retire.

• • •

In the evening a state dinner was given in honor of the prince, when again his suite and a few distinguished guests were to meet him at the White House. This was a stag party, neither Mrs. Roosevelt nor Miss Alice being present.

• • •

During the whole day the sun, which had failed us for a week, came out in glory, and seemed to shine for the welcome and pleasure of our guests, and all our world enjoyed the holiday. The day was indeed a full one for the prince and every hour and minute was set aside for some function or the interchange of civilities. At 1:15 p. m. the party returned to New York, where on Tuesday Miss Alice christened the imperial yacht, Meteor. On Thursday the party again returned to Washington, but the excitement and expectancy of anticipation had passed and the interest had not been so great.

• • •

For the past few weeks Washington has been the meeting place of the Woman's Suffrage clubs, the convention of mothers and wives, and last, but not least, the congress of the Daughters of the American Revolution. This is acknowledged to be the most successful of all the congresses in point of practical work accomplished. Mrs. Fairbanks, the president general, has steadily gained the respect and confidence of the daughters, until she is now developed into a most popular officer. She has also developed into a fine parliamentarian. She is gracious, yet firm, and when a matter for debate has led some of the daughters into a contention she, as quick as a flash, detects the trouble and with tact and cleverness calls for a vote on the question, and silences the obstreperous ones. The social features were few this congress and did not conflict with the order of work. The hour from 5 to 6 p. m. only was set aside for the social receptions tendered the daughters, and hence did not conflict as heretofore with the pressing work of the congress.

The afternoon reception given by the president general, Mrs. Fairbanks, to which was invited all of the daughters, was a magnificent affair. The receptions at the White House are rarely more beautiful. The floral decorations were of American beauty roses and Ascension lilies, while the gowns and jewels of the women could not be surpassed on any occasion.

The Minnesota daughters were: Mr. and Mrs. Van Sant, regent of Winona; Mrs. Stratton, regent of the Minneapolis chapter, also represented the state regent, Mrs. Montfort; Mrs. Page Morris, the Daughters of Liberty chapter, of Duluth; Mrs. Shadle and Mrs. McKinney, the St. Paul chapter; the Misses Castle, the Distaff chapter, of St. Paul; Mrs. Torrance, the Minneapolis chapter, of Minneapolis; Mrs. Thompson, the regent of the Colonial chapter, of Minneapolis; Mrs. D. B. Morrison, the Wenonah chapter, of Winona, and Mrs. Rising, of Owatonna, state vice regent. Mrs. Rising was elected state regent since Mrs. Montford declined to again accept the position, owing to her failing health. Mrs. Jewett was again nominated for one of the vice presidents general of the national board, but failed of re-election. A very nice nominating speech for her to that position was made by Mrs. McKenny, of St. Paul, and seconded by Mrs. Page Morris, of Duluth. Many members of the national board had spoken in high terms of the efficiency and good work of Mrs. Jewett as a vice president general.

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Duluth visitors at the capital last week were: Mrs. John Upham, Mr. and Mrs. Clark Fagg, Mr. and Mrs. George D. Swift, and J. L. Washburn. Mrs. Grace Henry Harrison, a former Duluthian and widow of the late Mathew Bland Harrison, is also spending some time in this city.

We have had a bit of the snow storm and sleet for the past week or more, but the sun came out Monday to greet the royal visitor. Today the rains are pouring in torrents and may bring on a spring freshet. In several weeks, however, we will no doubt have spring weather, and nowhere in the world is nature more lavish and beautiful than among the boulevards, overarched with handsome trees, and the circles and parks, with their parterries of blooming flowers.

MARY BEAUMONT STATHAM.

REPUDIATED.

The Charleston Exposition Company Denounces Action of Col. Tillman.

Charleston, March 1.—At the meeting of the board of directors of the exposition company last night Col. J. H. Tillman's message to President Roosevelt was fully discussed and the following resolutions adopted:

Resolved, that the president of the exposition company be and is hereby requested to communicate with his excellency, Theodore Roosevelt, the president of the United States, and to extend to him the cordial greetings and good wishes of his board of directors, with assurances that we looked forward to his promised visit to the exposition with the greatest pleasure and that he will receive from our people the warmest welcome.

Resolved further, that the president be informed that this board of directors denies the responsibility for the recent communication made by Col. J. H. Tillman to President Roosevelt and express their utter lack of sympathy with his action in that matter.

A committee was appointed by the board of directors to convey the invitation to President Roosevelt.

The city council will hold a special meeting to take action in this matter.

Col. Tillman was interviewed at his home in Edgefield by a correspondent and said: "I do not propose to be placed in the light by my conduct of having been the cause of President Roosevelt's decision not to attend the Charleston exposition. I am in no way connected with the exposition officially or otherwise."

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The officers of the imperial yacht Hohenzollern were entertained at a smoker Friday night by the members of the Union League club at the club house. After the vaudeville entertainment supper was served.

The house Friday broke all its records in the matter of private pension legislation, clearing the calendar and passing 159 bills in a little over three hours. The conference report on the census bill was adopted and the house adjourned until Monday.

Gen. Frederick Funston left Kansas City for New York, from where he will go to Washington to report to the war department. He expects to remain in the East about two weeks. Before departing Gen. Funston said he had fully recovered from the effects of the operation performed upon him at a local hospital three weeks ago and that his health was perfect.

DULUTH SUNDAY CHURCH SERVICES

Dr. Milne Will Lecture on "The Puritan Colony In Massachusetts Bay"---Foreign Mission Offering at First Christian Church.

At Pilgrim Congregational church Rev. Alexander Milne will preach in the morning on "Witnesses For Christ," and in the evening on "The Puritan Colony on Massachusetts Bay." The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Prelude .....
Anthem—"Te Deum" .....Fred Schilling
Offertory—"He Shall Come Down Like Rain" .....Dudley Buck
Choir.
Duet—"The Angel of Light".....
.....C. W. Coombs
Miss Hector and Mr. Martin.
Postlude .....

EVENING.

Prelude .....
Anthem—"Soon May We Join the lay" .....N. H. Allen
Choir.
Solo—Selected .....
Mrs. Berryman.
Postlude .....

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At the First Methodist Episcopal church the pastor, Rev. Samuel P. Long, will preach. Morning subject "The Christian's Sabbath" Evening subject "Christ and Mohammed," first in a series on "The Religions of the World." uSnday school at 12 m. Epworth league devotional meeting at 6:30 p. m. The musical programs will be as follows:

MORNING.

Organ prelude—Andante in B.....Haydn
Chorus—"Blessed Are They" ....Wurgel
Offertory—Adagio religioso..Mendelssohn
Quartet—"Sing Alleluia Forth".....Buck
Mrs. Knebel, Mrs. Black, Mr. Black, Mr. Weeks.
Postlude—Athalie march.....Mendelssohn

EVENING.

Organ prelude in A.....Guilmant
Organist's improvisation .....
Response—Quartet .....
Chorus—"Try Will be Done".....Jackson
Offertory—Canzona in F.....Guilmant
Solo—From "The Triumph of David" ....Buck
Mrs. Knebel.
Special—"The Lord Is My Shepherd".....Thompson
Postlude—March from "Eli".....Costa
C. W. Weeks, director of music; William Browne, organist.

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At the First Presbyterian church Rev. T. H. Cleland will preach morning and evening. At the morning service, reception of members, short sermon and the communion. Subject of evening sermon "Unwelcome Responsibilities We are Forced to Carry. The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Organ—"Communion" ..... E. Batiste
Anthem—"Oh Jesus Thou Art Standing" ..... T. Shepard
Sentence—"Thou, Whose All-Pervading Eyes" .....Hanscom
Offertory—Selected .....
Postlude .....E. Gulrand

EVENING.

Argan meditation.....E. Lemaigre
Anthem—"Venite in A".....Ch. Van Saer
Solo—"Beyond the Gates of Paradise" .....
Charles Applehagen.
Offertory—Melody .....Weiy
Postlude .....E. Lemaigre

The choir will consist of: Soprano, Miss McKay; tenor, Will Cleand; alto, Mrs. Mark Baldwin; bass, Charles Applehagen; organist, Mrs. Margaret McLean.

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At St. Paul's Episcopal church, the services will be as follows: 8 a. m., holy communion, 11 a. m., choral celebration of holy communion, with sermon by Dr. Ryan, on "The Necessary Expansion of the Church of God;" 7:30 p. m., evening prayer and sermon, at 4:30 p. m. there will be adult and infant baptism. The following are the musical programs:

MORNING.

Processional—"The Son of God Goes Forth to War" ..... Anon
Introit—"Sent Out Thy Light" ..Gounod
Comunion service—From the Service Book .....
Hymn—"The King of Dove" ..... Dykes
Anthem—"O Saving Victim"....Custance
Don Gearhart and Choir.
Comunion hymn—"O Lamb of God, I Come" ..... Elvey
"Nunc Dimittis" ..... Gregorian
Recessional—"Thy Kingdom Come"..... German

EVENING.

Processional—"The Son of God Goes Forth to War" ..... Anon
Psalter .....
Canticles ..... Chanted
Hymn—"Great God, to Thee My Evening Song" ..... Uglow
Anthem—"O Paradise" ..... Custance
Orison—"God, Who Madest Earth and Heaven" ..... Monk
Recessional—"Thy Kingdom Come"..... German

A. F. M. Custance, organist and choirmaster.

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Tomorrow the annual offering for foreign missions will be taken in the First Christian church. The first Sunday of March is the day for taking this offering in all of the churches in the communion. The church in this country expects to raise $200,000 for this purpose this year. Last year the sum of $171,000 was raised. The Christian church now has a membership of more than a million and last year increased 50,000. Its missions in India, China, Japan, Africa, Turkey, England, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Cuba and the Hawaiian islands, and the Philippine Islands. It has 21 missionaries and stations in those fields. Growing educational institutions are springing up, also, in those islands. Some of the strongest men in this religious body have gone out to Japan and China and other heathen lands and are helping to shape a new Christian civilization there.

Services will be held tomorrow morning at 10:40. Topic, "The History of Missions." Sunday school, at 12 m. Christian Endeavor, 6:30 p. m. Evening service, 7:30 p. m. topic, "The Two Covenants."

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At the First Church of Christ, Scientist, No. 722 East Superior street, there will be services at 10:45 a. m. Subject, "Man." The Christian Science reading room, No. 416 Burrows' block, open daily except Sunday, from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m.

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At the First Unitarian church, Rev. Harry White will preach on "An Attitude Toward Life: 'Playing Fair.'"

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At the Lester Park M. E. church, the pastor, Rev. John W. Powell, Jr. will preach morning and evening. Morning subject, "The Power of An Ideal." Sunday school at 12 m. Epworth league at 6:30 p. m.

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At Lakeside Presbyterian church tomorrow, Elder John Wilson will preach at 10:30 a. m.; Sunday school at 12 m. Y. P. S. C. E. meeting, 6 p. m.

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At the Endion Methodist church, Rev. Charles R. Oaten will preach in the morning at 10:45, and in the evening at 7:30.

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At the Bethel on Lake avenue, at 10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., Charles F. Robel, superintendent of the Bethels, will speak. Morning subject, "How the Lost Axe Was Found." Evening subject, "Naaman, the Leper." Mrs. William Asher, Miss Frances McGiffert, the Bethel mixed quartet and the young ladies quartet will sing. Sunday school at 3 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30 p. m. Orchestra at 3 and 7:30 p. m. Monday evening, Bible study, conducted by Mr. Robel, special music.

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At the Branch Bethel, 508 West Superior street, Sunday schol at 3 p. m., L. A. Marvin, superintendent. Evening services at 7:45, conducted by William Asher. Mrs. Asher, Paul Carstens and Charles H. Hall will sing. On Monday evening, a meeting will be conducted by the Young People's society of the Swedish Baptist church. On Tuesday evening the Y. P. S. C. E. of the First Presbyterian church will have charge of the meeting. Gospel meetings every night during the week.

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At the Second Presbyterian church, 1515 West Superior street, the morning service will be at 10:30 a. m., subject "Buying Up Opportunity." Sunday school at 12 m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:45 p. m., subject "The Joy of Service," Eva Wright, leader. Evening song service at 7:30 p. m. The program is as follows:

Organ voluntary .....
Miss Schaller.
Anthem—"Lo, He Dies" .....
Choir.
Quartet—"He's the One".....
Duet—"O Sacred Head" .....
Misses McInnis and Nelson.
Solo—"I Heard the Voice of Jesus Say" Mr. Brown.
Anthem—"O Jesus, Thou Art Standing" Choir.

Mr. Blewett will accompany the organ with the violin.

Sermon subject, "Just As I Am," Rev. A. C. Manson, pastor.

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Services will be conducted in the fire hall on Park Point as follows Sunday school at 3 p. m. Evening service at 7:30. John Callahan will speak. There will be special music, prayer meeting Tuesday at 7:45 p. m.

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At the Presbyterian Endion Mission, Seventeenth avenue east and London road there will be Sunday schol at 3 p. m. In the evening at 7:30 o'clock there will be preaching by R. A. Montgomery. It will be a special service for the children.

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At Trinity Episcopal Mission, corner of Twentieth avenue east and Superior street, there will be holy communion at 8 a. m.; Sunday school at 3 p. m. and evening prayer and sermon at 4 p. m. Rev. Louis I. Belden, pastor.

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At St. Luke's Episcopal church, corner of Nineteenth avenue west and First street, there will be services at follows: Sunday school at 10 a. m., morning prayer and sermon at 11 a. m.; evening prayer and sermon at 7:30 p. m. Rev. Louis I. Belden, pastor.

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At Bethany Lutheran church, Twentieth avenue west and Third street, there will be services tomorrow morning and evening. Morning service at 10. Topic for sermon: "Christ, Despised and Rejected of men." At 7:45 p. m. Lenten communion service. Preaching by the pastor, Rev. A. F. Elmquist, Ph. D.

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At Zion Lutheran church, Twenty-fifth avenue west and Third street, services will be at 10:30 in the morning and 7:30 in the evening. Rev. L. H. Tgortholm, the pastor, will preach on both occasions. The evening service will be in the English language. Sunday school at 9 o'clock in the morning.

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Services will be held at the First Swedish Baptist church tomorrow at 10:30 in the forenoon and 7:30 in the evening. At the close of the evening service there will be Baptism and receiving of new members, followed by celebration of the Lord's supper. Sunday school at 12 noon. Young People's society meets at 4:30 p. m.

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At the First Swedish M. E. church, Twentieth avenue west and Third street, there will be services at 10:30 in the morning and 7:30 in the evening. Rev. John A. Andrews, the pastor, will preach at both services. Sunday school at 12 noon.

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There will be services at the Norwegian Snyod church, corner Fifty-seventh avenue west and Gosnold street, Sunday forenoon at 11 o'clock. Rev. Adolph Salmon, pastor.

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At the First Norwegian Danish Lutheran church, corner of First avenue east and Third street, there will be services tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. Rev. J. Tanner, of Gunder, Iowa, will occupy the pulpit. At 2:30 p. m. Rev. Tanner and Rev. Thvedt will speak. Sunday school, Norwegian and English, at 9 a. m.

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Sunday services at Hope church of the Evangelical association, corner Fifth street and Sixth avenue east, will be as follows: Sunday school at 10 a. m., preaching at 11 a. m., junior meeting at 2:30. Otto Barth, the new junior superintendent, will address the juniors. Young people's meeting at 7:15 p. m., led by Mrs. C. L. Rakowsky. Sermon at 8 p. m. Rev. L. S. Stapf, pastor.

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There will be no services at St. John's English Lutheran church tomorrow owing to the absence of the pastor. There will be Sunday school at the usual hour.

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Services at the Glen Avon Presbyterian church: Sunday morning at 10:45 o'clock, "Alone, or the Value of the Privilege and Companionships of Life's Isolations." Mr. Blazier, of Chicago, will sing. Sunday school at 12 o'clock. The afternoon service at 4:30 o'clock. The subject of the sermon is "Fools for Christ's Sake." Rev. R. Ames Montgomery, pastor.

SECULAR SHOTS AT PULPIT.

San Francisco Chronicle: If it be true that the kaiser is to go up against Mrs. Eddy it will be easy to see his finish.

Baltimore American: ARev. Minot J. Savage asserts that the way to solve the divorce problem is to make marriage more difficult. It would seem that the same end would be reached by making divorce more difficult.

Kansas City Times: A New Jersey clergyman finds fault with President Schwab of the United States Steel corporation because, while he was in Europe, he didn't "visit the art galleries and libraries which draw all men who are richly equipped." Now, what use on earth would a man like Schwab have for books and pictures? Why can't preachers be reasonable?

Indianapolis Journal: A Presbyterian minister, Rev. Oliver Hemgtreet, has gained some notoriety by declaring in a public address at Baltimore that anarchism has invaded the churches, especially the Methodist church, and that President McKinley courted his tragic fate by refusing to abolish the army canteen. Persons who make such statements are not fit to be instructors of the people.

Milwaukee Free Press: The humbug Dowie proposes to reproduce in print some strictures made by him of Judge Tuley, who presided in the trial of the humbug. Some sensitive friends of the judge propose to indict the humbug if he does this, for libelling the judge. This gave that jurist the opportunity to say, with the utmost good humor: "I fear that I should have difficulty in proving that my reputation has been hurt by Dowie." The humbug is therefore safe.

Chicago Inter Ocean: Professor Charles W. Pearson has voluntarily paid the penalty for his recent utterances upon the Bible, and has resigned from the faculty of Northwestern university and withdrawn from the Methodist Episcopal church. "I am aware of the nature of the report the committee would make to the trustees, and I know that I would not be allowed to prolong my connection with the university," said Professor Pearson. "Is it quite true that no direct pressure has been brought to bear upon me to resign, but the knowledge of inevitable expulsion made me believe this the best way. I have resigned my professorship and have left the Methodist church."

BLASTS FROM RAM'S HORN.

It is not wise to set the house on fire to thaw the frozen water pipes.

You may know a man's principles by the things he has an interest in.

The diamonds of truth are more easily lost than the pebbles of error.

The invitation to lean on the Lord is for the weary and not for the lazy.

A death in the home on earth oft opens the door of the home in heaven.

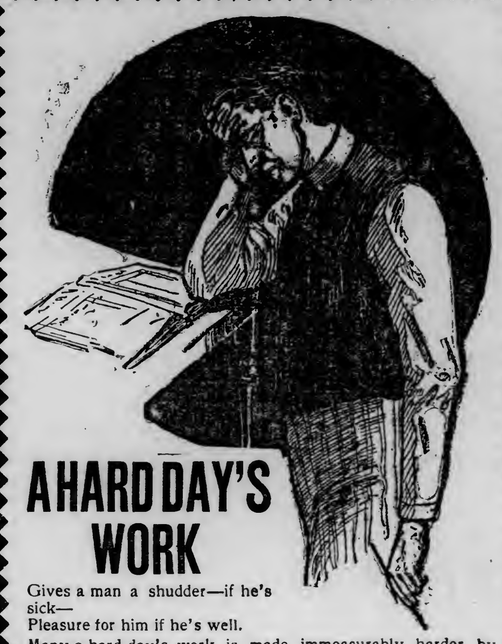
If you cultivate poison weeds you will probably be the first to eat their fruit.

Chicken feed in the collection does not promise growth of wings to the givers.

The loving judgments of friends are harder to bear than the harsh ones of foes.

Don't cast your bread on the waters when you might just as well hand it to some hungry one.

He who sweeps the pews for the glory of God will be more pleasing to Him than the preacher who seeks his own praise.



A HARD DAY'S WORK

Gives a man a shudder—if he's sick—
Pleasure for him if he's well.
Many a hard day's work is made immeasurably harder by Backache.
And backache is simply kidney ache—
Kidney ache is sick kidneys—
And sick kidneys mean a whole host of troubles—if they are not made well.

Doan's Kidney Pills

are for sick kidneys. They're easy to take—quick and positive in their action on the kidneys—yet without producing any unpleasant sensations whatever.

Hundreds of Duluth people say so—People who have used them, who have been cured. Most positive proof in the world that our claims are not exaggerated. Read what a Duluth citizen says:

Mr. J. Vaughn, of 522 First street west, says: "I had constant dull aching through my loins and a catarrhal condition of the bladder. The kidney secretions were irregular, distressing and annoying, the sediment varying from a light color to that of brick dust. Any one position became irksome and on getting up in the morning I felt tired and depressed. I saw Doan's Kidney Pills highly recommended and procured a box at the Duluth Drug company's store, and used them. The first few doses relieved me and I was soon entirely rid of the trouble."

Doan's Kidney Pilles are for sale at all Drug Stores—50c a box—Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

INDICTED.

Engineer Wisker Charged With Manslaughter By Grand Jury.

New York, March 1.—The grand jury concluded its investigation into the New York Central tunnel disaster of Jan. 8 yesterday and found an indictment for manslaughter against John M. Wisker, the engineer of the White Plains local, which ran into the Norwalk local in the tunnel. A bench warrant was issued for Wisker's arrest. The grand jury dismissed the complaint charging that the tunnel as operated by the New York Central Railroad company constituted a public nuisance.

GREAT CONTRAST

(Continued from page 1.)

in the colony. Besides farming and mining, sheep and wool growing offer the best inducements for investors seeking large returns for their investments. I regret not having enough time at my disposal to expand on these subjects, but what I have mentioned gives you a fair idea of the possibilities of this district. Now, in conclusion, a few words about this town. The population is about 2000, composed of Scotch, English, Irish and native born. Among the farmers in the district you will also find a few Germans. (The population of the district is estimated at 800.) The streets are wide and terribly dusty in dry weather, more so than Superior street used to be during a northeaster. Houses are scarce, and rents high. Meat, too, seems comparatively high, although there is mutton in abundance, and I am inclined to think that the butchers here got hold of some of the Evening Heralds you sent me, in which you commented on the retail butchers' trust. During the last few months we have been switched on to the outside world by means of a railroad, but the trains differ from others in so far that the cowcatcher, usually seen in the front of the engine, is attached to the rear of the last car, to stop cows from going through to the train. They say, further, that if one is in a hurry to get to a place they get out and walk. Before this advent one had to travel forty-miles per coach to the nearest railway station. For our water supply we have to draw on the clouds as said before. In case of a fire, all they can do is to put their hands in their pockets and look on. A fire department is an unknown quantity. Street lighting is done by Rockefeller during dark nights, otherwise by the moon.

This is proof conclusive that we have here a very economical council. The mayor is not elected by popular vote, but from the body of aldermen. Current and future events are advertised by some old individual who, to make himself better heard, uses a big cowbell. Saloons are called pubs, meaning public houses, and the bars are presided over by bar maids. To keep water cool for drinking purposes we use oil boiled canvas made into bags, which are watertight. But, instead of concluding, I am keeping on just like a young man saying good night to his girl, thus taking up your valuable time also. I will only add that should you wish for any particular information I will furnish same most cheerfully if in my power to do so.

LOUIS ROOS.

DUN'S REVIEW

Result of Short Month's Business Is Highly Satisfactory.

New York, March 1.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: Although the shortest month of the year was further curtailed by two holidays and handicapped by the most severe storms of the winter, industrial and trade results were most satisfactory. The closing week brought a general resumption of activity in lines that suffered from the weather and preparation for an exceptionally heavy spring business was reported at many points; Southern cities alone being backward.

Insufficient motive power and bad weather combined to restrict the movement of coke from Connellsville, and pig iron production suffers at a time when a maximum output would not be excessive. This difficulty extends all along the line. Pressure for structural material is already severe and will probably be still more so as the regular building season draws nearer. Further hardening of quotations is reported and inquiries for delivery in 1903 are not exceptional. More foreign steel has been engaged and domestic concerns are still bidding in the German market.

Footwear buyers are leaving New England without doing much more than a fair sample business outside special lines.

Makers of cotton goods are very cautious about undertaking future deliveries, owing to the uncertainty as to labor and raw material. Export orders are still available, but at prices slightly below the views of holders. As a rule woolen goods are wel maintained and in brisk demand but new lines of heavy weights are not sought.

Cereals opened the week with a decided reaction. As usual, speculative liquidation carried the decline too far and there followed the customary recovery. Wheat came into sight rather more freely than a year ago and the Atlantic shipments of flour made a better comparison than in recent preceding weeks, but total exports of wheat from the United States, flour included, were but 3,185,52 bus, against 4,324,249 bus a year ago. Corn showed the customary loss in both movements; receipts amounting to only 2,312,851 bus, against 4,836,783 last year, while Atlantic coast shipments were 184,582 bus, compared with 3,421,982 in the same week of 1901. Cotton ruled fairly steady at the recent advance, which attracted more liberal marketing at the South, but supplies in first hands are reported very low. Wool has been taken less freely by mills, but dealers show no lack of confidence in the future of that staple.

Failures for the week numbered 215 in the United States against 179 last year and 35 in Canada against 31 last year.

A bad complexion never gets better of itself. Doctor with Satin-Skin Cream, gaining healthy satin skin. 25c.

KING'S HORSE WON.

London, March 1.—The Richmond steeplechase, run at Hurst Park yesterday, was won quite easily by King Edward's Ambush II, from the only other runner, A. Gorham's Monaghan. In spite of the fact that the king's jockey lost an iron through the blundering of Ambush II at the face, and afterwards nearly came twice to grief at other fences.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

10 PAGES. **DULUTH EVENING HERALD.** 10 PAGES.

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. MONDAY, MARCH 3, 1902. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY
No List

WEIGHTY REASONS

Why Tonnage Tax Bill Should Be Defeated.

More Revenue Under the Existing System.

From The Herald
State Capitol Bureau.

St. Paul, March 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—There is one good reason why the state should take the liberty of forcing an unwelcome method of taxation upon St. Louis county, and there are a dozen good reasons why it should not. This is altogether aside from the consideration of fairness, of local self-government and of justice. The only excuse for a reason that has been offered why the tonnage tax should go through is that the legislature, having been called together, must do something before it goes home or some people now engaged in governing the state of Minnesota will never come back again.

That is not a good reason for thrusting a new and vicious system of taxation upon St. Louis county's greatest industry.

But here is a good reason why the tonnage tax should not go through:

Not only is it an unjust, unstable, inflexible and unsatisfactory method of taxation, but it can never be made to produce the same revenue as the ordinary system of taxation.

The father of the tonnage law, J. F. Jacobson, of Lac Qui Parle county, says that it will raise $600,000 this year. It will not, unless the iron companies submit to it simply because it will let them off easier than an ad valorem tax would. If they fight it because it is unconstitutional, there will be no revenue whatever from these mines this year or for several years.

But assuming that the tonnage tax went into effect and was not opposed, and that it would raise that much money. That is about the same amount an ad valorem tax would raise on an assessed valuation of $22,000,000. The mines are now assessed for $13,000,000. Up to last year nobody in the state of Minnesota knew what the value of the

(Continued on Page 7.)

MADE PARTIAL APOLOGY

Roberts Explains That He Intended to Say the Taxing Officers of St. Louis County Were Owned By Steel Trust.

From The Herald
State Capitol Bureau.

St. Paul, March 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—This afternoon the senate tax commission began hearings on the Jacobson bill, and there was present a large and strong delegation from Duluth to protest against the tonnage tax feature of that measure, including J. L. Washburn, Capt. Ray T. Lewis, Capt. D. E. Stevens, George H. Crosby, D. E. Woodbridge, Alfred Merritt, John G. Howard, County Commissioner Patterson and County Commissioner Berdie.

* * *

The morning session of both house and senate were purely routine. In the house this afternoon the Jocobson tax bills were a special order, and it was expected that action upon them would be reached shortly.

Representative Roberts, of Hennepin, rose to a question of personal privilege in the house this morning and made a partial apology for his language of Friday afternoon, wherein he said that St. Louis county and all of its officers were owned by the steel trust. He said that either he had been woefully tangled up, or the St. Louis county delegation were away off in their understanding of his remarks. What he intended to say was that the taxing officers of St. Louis county were owned by the steel trust. If he did go further and included the representatives in that charge, he wished to apologize to them and to the house, but he could not see how he could have made such a statement. He admitted, however, having said that St. Louis county was a pocket borough of the steel trust.

Mr. Laybourn said that everybody who was present could testify to Mr. Roberts' language and his statement in whole or in part was false. He resented it then, he resented it now and he should resent it in future in that form.

Mr. Alford's bill exempting the Duluth school district from the operation of the primary election law was passed under suspension of the rules. A bill appropriating $20,000 to pay wolf bounties was referred to the committee on appropriations in order that it might see if the state has any money available for that purpose.

In committee of the whole Sherman Smith's bill for a constitutional convention was recommended for passage.

A bill was introduced by Nichols, of Pipestone county, to amend the constitution so as to provide that only a majority of those voting on the proposition should be necessary to carry a constitutional amendment.

* * *

In the senate the committee of the whole recommended for passage a bill to the same effect as that introduced in the house this morning by Mr. Nichols allowing constitutional amendments to pass with a majority of votes cast on the proposition instead of a majority of all the votes cast at the election. The morning was spent in routine work, and when the senate adjourned Senator Daugherty announced that the tax committee would have a public hearing this afternoon on the Jacobson bill.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

WAS A GREAT VICTORY

London, March 3.—In a dispatch from Pretoria, dated today, Lord Kitchener sends details of the disaster to the escort of the convoy of empty wagons at Vondonop, southwest of Klerksdorp, Transvaal colony. The British casualties in killed, wounded and men made prisoners, reach the total of 632. In addition the Boers captured two guns. Lieut. Col. Anderson, who commanded the British force and who has returned to Kraaipan, Cape Colony, with nine officers and 245 men, reports that when his advance guard was within ten miles of Klerksdorp, during the morning of Feb. 25, the Boers opened a heavy rifle fire on the troops from the scrub. The burghers were driven off and the convoy resumed its march, when a more determined attack was made on the convoy's left flank, the Boers getting within a hundred yards and stampeding the mules harnessed to a number of wagons. The attacking forces were again driven off. At about 6:30 in the morning the rear guard was attacked by a strong force of Boers, and simultaneously another body of Boers boldly charged the center of the convoy and stampeded the mules in all directions, throwing the escort into confusion, during which the Boers charged and recharged, riding down the separated British units. The fighting lasted for two hours, during which the two British guns and pom pom almost exhausted their ammunition. A detachment of 200 mounted infantry from Kerksdorp attempted to reinforce the British, but were held in check by the Boers.

Lieut. Col. Anderson adds that the strength of the Boers was estimated at from 1200 to 1700. Commandants Delarey, Kemps, Calliers, Lemmer, Wolmarans and Potgieter were all present. Commandant Lemmer is said to have been killed.

BRIDE ONLY TEN YEARS OLD

Chicago, March 3.—According to a special to the Tribune from Nashville, Tenn., the youngest bride in the country, is Mrs. James Irvin, aged 10 years, of Centerville, Hickman county. She has just been married. Her husband is between 45 and 50 years of age.

AN APPEAL FOR THE BOERS

Washington, March 3.—Representative Shafroth, of Colorado, today presented a memorial from the Colorado legislature "An appeal to our national administration to tender the good offices of our government in any dignified and consistent manner that will be conducive to peace between the South African republic and Great Britain, to the end that the latter government may be induced to change its present policy to tender such terms of pence that will alike be honorable to the Boers and in accordance with their aspirations for liberty."

FIGHT NEAR THE CAPITAL

Washington, March 3.—Reports received here indicate that there has been a revolutionary outbreak in Colombia, near the capital, and severe fighting in the immediate vicinity of Bogota. It is asserted that the government forces have triumphed, and that the revolutionists have been driven into the mountains with heavy loss.

PRINCE AT ST. LOUIS

Royal Reception Given Henry at the Missouri City.

Was Presented With Silver Casket of Rare Workmanship.

Dined at St. Louis Club and Shown About City.

St. Louis, March 3.—Prince Henry, of Prussia, spent four hours in St. Louis today, during which time he was royally entertained. A short reception at Union station, the presentation of an address of welcome by Mayor Wells, and a similar address by a committee of German army and navy veterans, and a short reception preceded a drive through the business section of the city to the West End, where, at the St. Louis club, the prince and his suite, with the reception committee, took breakfast.

There Mayor Wells presented Prince Henry a superb casket of sterling silver ornamented with the insignia and trimmings of gold, containing the address presented earlier by Mayor Wells.

To this address the prince responded briefly. Carriages were again taken by the party, who were driven through the beautiful residence section of the West End, into Forest park and to the waiting train, which had been hauled there for their convenience. At 11 o'clock the train left for Chicago.

When the special train of Prince Henry steamed into Union station at 7:07 a. m. there was a deafening welcome from factory and locomotive whistles and cheers from thousands gathered at the station.

As the train stopped in the center of the station it was boarded by Dr. Rieloff, the German consul, and Mayor Wells. The prince was greeted by Dr. Rieloff, who introduced Mayor Wells. After the exchange of a few words between them, Mayor Wells escorted Prince Henry from the train, through double lines formed by the members of the reception committee and police officials to the grand waiting room of the station on the second floor.

Everywhere were to be seen the German and American colors intertwined.

Rear Admiral Evans of the party also attracted great attention.

When the entire party had assembled in the brilliantly lighted grand hall of the station, Mayor Wells, with a few words, handed the prince an official address of welcome engraved on

(Continued on page 8.)

IS DENIED BY HILL

No Truth In the Story of a Canadian Charter.

Never Heard of Plan Before Publication.

New York, March 5.—Emphatic denials have been made by financiers and railroad officials interested in the Northern Securities company that it is proposed to incorporate a company under the laws of Canada, legally equipped to protect the interests of shareholders in the railroad merger, in the event of embarrassment owing to President Roosevelt's instructions to Attorney General Knox.

What is peculiar in the face of those denials is the fact that for some time there has been talk among well informed financiers of a possible organization of a company in England or Canada for the administration of the affairs of the Northern Securities company, if an adverse decision of the courts should invalidate the merger. It was held by these men that this holding corporation was in no way connected with the operation of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific systems, which between them control the Burlington interests. With the consent of the stockholders who have invested in the Northern Securities company, the control of the corporation could be taken from the soil so far as the advisory officers are concerned. The investors, however, who are unfamiliar with the corporation laws of other countries went into the merger as a company formed under the laws of New Jersey, and, according to the opinion of a well known financier, would be opposed to taking extra territorial chances which they had not bargained for.

President Hill of the Securities company was not content with a denial of any interest in the charter, but wished to be quoted as saying he had never heard of the plan before its publication. "I think I have a fair idea of what the company is doing," he said. "I know nothing about the Canadian charter. That is news to me. That is all I wish to say. It seems to cover all the ground."

George W. Perkins, of J. P. Morgan & Co., said he had heard nothing of such a plan. It is possible, he added, that independent incorporators, acting on their own responsibility, have applied for a charter under the name of Northern Securities company, as a speculation. By this I mean they are taking a chance of some day being able to dispose of the charter of the New Jersey corporation and remove the possibility of invalidating the merger under a United States law. The Northern Securities company has no need of a Canadian charter to facilitate the business for which the consolidation was formed. In my opinion there is nothing in it. I presume to speak only from my own information."

MONEY FOR THE INDIANS

From The Herald
Washington Bureau.

Washington, March 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—Senator Nelson, acting for Senator Clapp, presented to the senate th following amendment which he proposes to urge upon his return and when the Indian bill comes up for consideration: "That the secretary of the interior is hereby authorized to pay the Chippewa Indians of Minnesota, entitled thereto, under such regulations as he may prescribe, the money now to their credit in the United States treasury, received from stumpage on dead and down timber cut on the ceded Indian lands."

Senator Nelson today laid before the senate the resolutions adopted by the Minnesota legislature urging the passage of the oleomargarine bill.

Representative Heatwole today introduced the following bill: To increase the pensions of Solomon B. Utpshrey, Lewis Townsend, and James C. Haines, all residents of the Third congressional district.



POPE LEO XIII., WHO IS NOW NINETY-TWO YEARS OF AGE, BEING CARRIED THROUGH THE VATICAN.

The venerable pope was born March 2, 1810, and is consequently ninety-two years of age. Since the time of St. Peter only two men have worn the triple crown for a longer period than he. One of these was Pius IX., his immediate predecessor, and the other was Pius VI. Should Pope Leo live till next November his pontificate will have been longer than that of Pius VI. He is already the oldest man to have occupied the pontifical chair except, possibly, Gregory IX., who, it appears, lived to be "nearly a hundred" years old.

AFFLICTED PATERSON

Loss By Flood Equals That of the Recent Fire.

High Water Causes Great Damage In the East.

New York, March 3.—The great flood that has inundated a large part of the mill section of Paterson, N. J., subsided somewhat during the night and it is believed the worst is over. The damage was very great. It is estimated that the damage wrought by the flood is as large as that by the fire, while it is said there is little or no insurance to cover it. Many more families have been rendered homeless by the flood than were made so by the fire and the relief committee whose labors were becoming lighter daily, is now hard at work seeking to assist those who have lost everything by the high water.

Between 11 o'clock last night and 4 o'clock this morning, the water in the streets of Paterson fell five and a quarter inches and there has been a still further decline since that hour.

Unless there should be another heavy downpour of rain it is thought that no further damage will be done. Along the waterfront on both sides of the river, almost everything is wrecked, foundations and roadbeds having been eaten away and about everything in sight more or less damaged.

Montpelier, Vt., March 3.—A tremendous freshet in the Winoski river has caused thousands of dollars of damage to city, railroad and private property in this city and vicinity. Choked by an ice jam, the river has risen steadily for several days, and during last night it reached flood height, overflowed its banks, washed out highways and railroads and swept away two bridges, one of them being a steel structure which it is estimated it will cost the city of Montpelier $20,000 to replace. Dynamite has been tried on the ice, with little effect. It is hoped, however, that under fair weather conditions the water will gradually subside.

One of the bridges carried away was that on the Barre branch of the Central Vermont road. All traffic will be cut off at that point for a week or more.

The highways between here and Barre are under water in many places and it is impossible for electric lights to be used.

Cincinnati, March 3.—The fears of a disastrous flood here have been dispelled by the timely drop in temperature which checked the inflowing streams. The river at 8 a. m. here had reached 48.8. Above here it has been stationary for long stretches without any particular crest. While it may rise slightly for sometime to come. Local Forecast Officer Bassler says it will not exceed fifty-three feet and may not reach that height before tomorrow night. That stage will not affect railway or street car traffic, though many

(Continued on Page 8.)

WRECKED BY EXPLOSION

Disaster to Building In New York Also Caused Panic In Italian Tenement House Resulting In Death and Injury.

New York, March 3.—An explosion today wrecked the five-story building at Nos. 310-312 Canal street, occupied by the Aste Press Printing company.

The building was filled with workmen, some of whom were hurt by jumping. Half the Canal street front of the structure was blown into the street, and the interior was almost instantly a roaring mass of flames.

The printing house was backed up against a row of seven-story flat houses, occupied by Italians. The rear wall of the burning building was blown against the tenement, causing a panic among the occupants. Many jumped from windows. Consuela Durranto leaped from a window and alighted on the stone flagging of a court yard. She was taken to a hospital, where she died.

The loss is estimated at $75,000. Reports were circulated that a number of persons known to have been in the buildings could not be accounted for, but the firemen say they thought all had escaped injury except those who jumped.

RESCUED FROM BERTHS

Passengers on Empire State Express Had to Be Taken From Train In Boats to Save Them From Drowning.

New York, March 3.—The passengers on the famous Empire State express of the New York Central were taken from the cars in row boats at dead of night to save them from drowning in their berths. All were rescued; but the train stands half submerged on the rails, where the torrents forced the crew to leave it, says an Albany, N. Y., special to the Herald. One of the last trains to leave Albany over the Hudson river division for New York was the regular 5 o'clock train, which left Albany Saturday at 1 p. m. That train got through. The Empire State express from the West followed soon afterward, but was stalled by the ice and flood at Castleton. At that point half a dozen trains are now stalled. The passengers were taken off in row boats and were cared for at nearby hotels, or transfered in boats to relief trains waiting on the southern side of the break. Passengers on stalled northbound trains were cared for in a similar manner until arrangements had been made for using the tracks of the West-Shore line beyond Hudson.

MATOS IS AT TRINIDAD

Presence of the Leader of Venezuela Revolutionis. Is Expected to Give Impetus to Rebellion In That Colony.

New York, March 3.—Senor Manuel A. Matos, leader of the Venezuelan revolutonists, landed on this island from a vessel Saturday, says a Port of Spain, Trnidad, dispatch to the Herald. He left the insurgent steamship Libertador on the Venezuelan coast near Guiria.

The Libertador is trying to capture or destroy the Venezuelan gunboat Toluma, which is reported to be near Guiria.

Senor Matos' arrival in Trindad has not caused much excitement among Venezuelan revolutionists residing in this colony. His presence is expected to give a great impetus to the revolution, which is spreading rapidly.

A desperate engagement has taken place near Carupano. Gen. Landeta, commanding the government forces, was defeated, Gen. Marquez was killed and Gen. Bravo was wounded.

The insurgent generals Vidal and Fernandez, from Guajana, have joined Gens. Perez and Rivas, who have a large force of revolutionists in Maturin.

There is a revolt on the Guiria coast. Senor Matos will leave Trinidad in a few days for Venezuela to push the revolutionary operations.

SUPPOSED DEAD MAN ALIVE

New York, March 3.—Friends of Martin Curley, who was supposed to have been buried at Worcester ten years ago, have lately received letters from him, says a Springfield, Mass., special to the World, stating that he is prospering in Minnewauken, N. D., and that he will soon return to Springfield on a visit.

Just after Curley left Springfield a man was killed in the Worcester freight yards. His body was badly mangled, but it was decided the man was Curley. As a result a modest stone in a Worcester cemetery marks the supposed resting place of Martin Curley.

Hanan Shoes for Men and Women.

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO The Great Eastern Duluth THE BURROWS STORE. SUPERIOR ST 3rd AVE. W.

Knox Hats for Men and Women.

M. S. Burrows.



A Special Pants Sale

It is a clean sweep—at about half their value—of all pants left over after "matching up" our men's suits—to which we have added those of equal values from our regular separate pants stock. You know that an extra pair of pants "lights up" a half worn coat and vest—and, as a matter of fact, each time you change your pants it looks as if you had a different suit. An opportunity like this occurs but once in a season here—and never elsewhere.

$1.98 For the choice of all those Pants that were left over from our Men's regular $15.00 Suits. The lowest price for which such Pants are ever sold is from $3.00 to $3.50 each—and to make the offering even more attractive—if possible—we have put in 100 pairs of $3 separate Pants with them and place the whole subject to your choice for $1.98. These Pants are made with continuous waist bands—the bottoms are all hand reamed--they're stylishly and substantially trimmed. There's a wide variety of pleasing patterns to select from---all sizes in the offering.

$2.48 For the choice of all Men's Pants left over from our $18 and $20.00 Suits, after the "matching up" process—The actual value of these pants is from $4 to $5—but not content with that we have put 100 pairs of $4 Pants from our separate pants stock and subjected them all to your choosing for the small sum of $2.48. There is a grand variety of beautifully patterned home and foreign Worsteds, Cheviots and Cassimeres to select from. Each and every pair tailored to perfection by the foremost makers, with a full and complete line of sizes from which to pick.

$3.48 Takes the choice of all those Pants that were left over from our Men's $22.50 and $25 Suits, the actual value of which is from $5.50 to $6.00—to which we have added many pairs of $5.50 qualities from our separate Pants stock—all subject to your choice for $3.48. The fabrics are among the finest that are woven—They come in the swellest patterns—they're styled in the most artistic manner—tailored to a turn. All sizes. Superb specimens of the modern, up-to-date fashion.

A GOOD MAN.

M. S. Burrows Dwells on Necessity For a Capable Club Secretary.

M. S. Burrows will leave this afternoon for Chicago. From there he will go to New York, and thence to Boston, Providence and Montreal. The trip will consume about two weeks time, and besides attending to business for the Great Eastern in the East, Mr. Burrows will make a short visit in Montreal.

Mr. Burrows is a member of the committee appointed last Friday night to prepare and file articles of incorporation for the Duluth Commercial club. He said this morning that the committee had had no meeting as yet, and that he expected to be away when a meeting was held.

"I believe the committee should keep in view the fact," said Mr. Burrows, "that if we are to have any benefit from such an organization we must depend on obtaining an able secretary. We don't want a $1500 or $1800 a year man. That amount of money in these times won't buy a man of brains. I am inclined to believe that many of the earnest friends of the present movement have not had the opportunity, as some of us pioneers in such organizations here, have had, to become conversant with the fact that above all we want a good man for secretary. The value of the club in a commercial way will depend on the ability of the secretary. We want a better man than we have ever had here if we can get him, and the salary talked of wona attract him."

Cold Damp Feet Won't Give You a Cold if you will take in time Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. E. W. Grove's signature on box.

Building Permits

The Kelly Island Lime and Transport company took out a building permit this afternoon for the extensive improvements to its present Duluth plant. These improvements include the building of a frame warehouse and three lime kilns. The estimated cost is $10,000.

The Duluth Brewing and Malting company has taken out a permit for a $5000 brick barn, to be erected in connection with its present plant in the West End.

"I was troubled for seven years with my stomach," says E. Demick, Somerville, Ind. "I could get nothing to help me until I tried Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. I have taken a few bottles and am entirely well." Kodol Dyspepsia Cure cures all stomach troubles. Max Wirth.

IS IN SIGHT.

Lester Park Curlers and Skaters to Have a Rink.

The Lester Park and Lakeside curlers and skaters now see their way clear to have a curling and skating rink next winter. All that is necessary now is to get a membership of about sixty in the club.

A man has been found who agrees to put a curling rink with three ices, and provide skating space 100 by 60 feet in size, in the open air, but fenced in, for a consideration that a club of sixty members, with dues placed at a reasonable amount, can easily meet. Those who have been active in pushing the matter are delighted at the proposition which has been made them, and are anxious to quickly secure the necessary membership.

At the present time twenty-seven persons have joined the club. An active canvass will be made for more.

Those who have actively interested themselves in the matter are Dr. Storer, Dr. Webster, E. A. Forsyth, W. E. Magner, C. A. Paine and others.

$18 COUCH FOR $12

Upholstered in the finest quality of Velours, in all the newest shades and designs—fitted with the best steel springs—and a bargain.

$26.00 Iron Folding Beds . . . $19.00

$33.00 Iron Folding Beds . . . $25.00

Best steel support spring. Impossible to close up. Everyone guaranteed and will last a life time.

$25.00 Folding Bed Couch . . $16.00

Including mattress, can be made into a Davenport or Couch. A nice piece of furniture for any parlor.—All steel.

$5.00 Rocker for $3.00

We have so many good things to offer at a bargain that we want you to call and see them and be convinced that we can save you money on furniture.

Easy Weekly or Monthly Payments. **Gately Supply Co.** 8 E. Superior St

CLOSE CALL.

Irwin-Sloan Block at West End Narrowly Escapes Destruction.

The Irwin-Sloan block at the corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street, had a narrow escape this morning from destruction by fire. The blaze occurred shortly before 7 o'clock, a little before the time the occupants of the building usually get around. That the fire did not get beyond control is due to a fortunate circumstance. H. C. Sloan, whose office is in the block, went down earlier this morning than has been his custom and discovered the blaze. The fire started in a store room in the center of the block, on the second floor, and nearly the whole center was ablaze when discovered. The origin of the fire is supposed to have been defective electric light wiring.

When the alarm was turned in the team of the chemical at the Eighteenth avenue west fire hall was out for morning exercise, and this delayed the department's work by several minutes. The damage done by the fire was confined to the second floor, the walls and woodwork being badly charred and much glass broke from the heat. The damage done by the water was most noticeable in the grocery store of O. Dahlsten & Co., on the first floor.

The block is well filled with stores and offices, and had it burned the loss would have ben heavy.

The total loss by the fire is estimated at $500, fully covered by insurance. The Irwin-Sloan block is owned in the East by the Northwest Land and Loan company. W. B. Silvey, of this city, is the agent. The insurance was placed with John A. Stephenson.

STILL DANGEROUS

To Search For Bodies at Liberty Bell Mine.

Telluride, Col., March 3.—No men were permitted to go to the Liberty Bell meeting today, to look for the bodies of those killed in the snow slides last Friday, which have not yet been recovered. It is still snowing and it is dangerous to venture upon thhe mountains. It is reported that the Silver Lake bunk house at Silverton has been swept away by a snow slide, but the report lacks confirmation.

GRAFTERS AT WORK

Campaign Against Woodsmen With Winter's Wages Is On.

Reports of Robberies Coming Into Police Headquarters.

Not All, However, Prove to Be Well Founded.

Philanthropic woodsmen have begun their annual contribution to ameliorate the wretched and financially shattered condition of the grafters.

Arthur Lipe went to sleep down under the Lake avenue viaduct Saturday night. He had $140 in his inside pocket when he went to sleep. When he woke up he still had the inside pocket. The police have been busy ever since trying to locate the money.

Lipe says that he came in from the woods Saturday and took several drinks. He can remember nothing more, even failing to explain why he sought the most dangerous spot in town where a man with money could go, and that spot as a place to rest.

Ole Englebretzen is also said to have contributed about $50 for the grafters' benefit fund. The police are not so sure of his story, however, and say at most he only lost about $10 or $15.

It was another case of a few drinks, oblivion and a sad awakening. The police dug him out of a snow drift on Michigan street about 10 o'clock Saturday night.

* * *

Frequently woodsmen leave their money with some saloon keeper for safe keeping and then go out for a time. When they sober up they forget about the deposit and claim they have been robbed. On Saturday one of the men arraigned for drunkeness claimed to have been robbed of $40. An officer started out to investigate and found that he had left money with a bartender.

* * *

Police headquarters was slumbering in sanctity yesterday when suddenly there was a sound in the corridor.

"Cr-r-rack! Whizz! Grow-w-wr!"—The air reverberated with a deep hoarse explosion as if the whale that swallowed Jonah were emitting the prophet and ten tons of indigestible clams.

"Mercy, I'm dying! The after effects of champagne!" moaned Carrie Halverson, as she tottered against the steel door of her cell.

"By Jove!" shrieked Mrs. Millie Flick in her cell. "They are giving me an ovation! Let the bouquets come," she said, striking a theatrical pose and bunching her automobile coat on her right shoulder.

But there was nothing of the personal tribute nature about the noise in the corridor. It was Secretary Ed Force gently putting a colored wife beater behind the bars.

The man was Theodore East. His wife decided to tell her troubles to the police department and East met her in the corrdlor and struck her several times. Sergt. Force made a flying leap for him and before the colored man knew what was happening he was in jail.

Later in the day he put up $15 as a guarantee that he would appear in police court this morning. He got almost to the court door when some person told him that Secretary Force would appear in court against him. That was too much for the colored man. He forfeited the $15 and is probably still running.

* * *

Carrie Halverson was sentenced to twenty days for various things and Mrs. Flick was to have her hearing late this afternoon for learning to smoke cigarettes and also various other things.

MUCH MONEY.

County Treasurer In Possession of Large Sum at Present.

The rush of generous hearted people at the county treasurer's office had subsided this morning, but the pressure of work had not. Mr. Whipple and his clerks will be busy for some time entering up the tax collections received during the rush last week.

The money received by the treasurer during the short month of February amounted to a little over $200,000. The county is carrying $32,000 in road and bridge bonds, which is adiitional to the treasurer's monthly statement of funds on hand March 1, appended below. This statement shows cash items on hand to the amount of $362,000, viz.:

State funds	$ 25,675.96
County funds	56,486.23
City, village and town funds.	44,349.07
School district funds	4,573.26
Undistributel collections, less refunds	223,180.16
Redemption fund	5,719.50
Total	$362,399.09

Has Passed Eastward.

The storm that passed over the Lake Superior region last week is now central off the North Atlantic coast. A low pressure area has formed from Montana to the region lying between the Rocky Mountains and the Mississippi river, and the depression has caused an increase of warmth and light snow in the Northwest, and northeasterly winds over the Upper Mississippi and Missouri valleys and the Western lake region. There have been light falls of snow and rain in the lake region in the past twenty-four hours. The forecast for Duluth and vicinity is for possible snow flurries tonight and tomorrow, colder Tuesday afternoon and evening and fresh to brisk easterly to northerly winds.

IN SENATE.

Two Insurance Bills Are Passed Under Suspension of Rules.

St. Paul, March 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—Two insurance bills were passed by the senate under suspension of rules. They were Senator Baldwin's measure, allowing mutual and fraternal insurance companies to amend their articles of incorporation, and Senator Grue's bill providing that the suspension of members in mutual societies for non-payment of dues shall not be a bar to the collection of the amount due.

Senator McCarthy resumed his effort to have legalized a contract made by the Itasca county commissioners for the location of an iron mine. The senators passed the bill.

Senator Johnson's bill allowing small cities to furnish neighboring villages with electric light and power was passed. It is designed to allow St. Peter to furnish Kasota with electric lights from the St. Peter plant.

DECISIONS

Of Importance Rendered By United States Supreme Court.

Washington, March 3.—In a decision rendered in the United States supreme court today it was held that the ordinance enacted by the city government of Detroit, Mich., arbitrarily reducing street car fares to 3 cents was irregular and without binding effect. This decision was based upon the fact that previous ordinances had been passed fixing the street car fares at 5 cents. The original ordinance is construed by the court to be in the nature of contracts. The decision was rendered by Justice Peckham and affirmed the opinion of the United States court for the first district of Michigan.

The United States supreme court today affirmed the decree of the supreme court of the state of Illinois in the case of Alfred G. Booth vs. the state of Illinois, involving the validity of the state statute imposing a fine of from $10 to $1000 for dealing in futures. The decision of the state court upheld the law, and today's opinion sustained the decision. The opinion was handed down by Chief Justice Fuller and was dissented from by Justices Brewer and Peckham.

The United States supreme court today dismissed the case of Mrs. Cordelia Botkin, vs the people of the state of California. The dismissal was ordered upon the presentation by the clerk of the court of stipulation from Mrs. Botkin's counsel authorizing such proceeding.

IS FRICTION.

Governor Taft Admits It Exists In the Philippines.

Washington, March 3—Governor Taft was examined by members of the insular committee of the house today on various phases of the Philippines. In answer to Representative Hitts' inquiry whether there was jealousy between the United States military and civil authorities. Governor Taft said human nature was the same in the Philippines as in the United States, and with a dual form of government—military and civil—it was inevitable that some friction should be created at times. Governor Taft stated, however, that each side was sincerely striving to work out the problems presented. The governor estimated that the military force could be reduced to 15,000 men in one year from this time, and he thought 25,000 men would suffice now.

Governor Taft again expressed himself favorable to 75 per cent reduction in duties, and said that while the proposed 25 per cent reduction might do some good, it hardly would afford the relief desired. He said it was a mistake to believe there would be any dumping of large amounts of free tobacco and other goods on the American markets, as the products were too small to affect this market, although ultimately the tariff concessions would develop a great trade between the United States and the Philippines. The governor presented letters from large employers of labor in the islands, urging the need of Chinese skilled labor. He gave 250,000 Chinese as the outside figure for the entire group of islands, and said the assertion that the Chinese population reached 1,500,000 was an exaggeration. The hearing continues tomorrow.

SILK HEADQUARTERS AT THE HEAD OF THE LAKES

Freimuth's

GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

A MARVELOUS ARRAY OF BRILLIANT NEW SILKS

WAS ever such an array of beautiful silks offered in Duluth before?—You'll say no the minute you clap your eyes on the display tomorrow—World famous makers—some foreign—some American—have contributed to this notable showing. It's a proud exhibition of the newest spring silks—exactly what fashion has dictated shall be worn so lavishly this coming season—printed Liberty Satins—Printed Foulards—Plain Taffetas in all colors—Peau de Cygne and Cashmere Taffetas—Black Taffetas and Satins. BLACK PEAU DE SOIES—LUMINEAUX—PAILLETTE DU SOIE AND WHITE TAFFETAS AND BROCADES—BLACK SATIN DUCHESSE, and still more. There are no questionable qualities or undesirable styles. All are new and fresh, direct from the makers and perfect in every point of style and detail of finish and make. Quantities are vast—the variety is broad—and the prices are such as to assure decided economy in every instance.

SUPERB FOULARDS.

NO WONDER fashionable folks are buying these so eagerly—The early choosers always have best selection—and particular so in these goods, where exclusive designs are shown in pattern lengths only and these cannot be duplicated later. The patterns are particularly effective this season—the colors soft, lustrous and shimmering and the new Liberty Satin and Peau de Sole finishes give them an inimitable charm and beauty. These four qualities are the best offered anywhere for the money—

79c—24-inch Foulards—Peau de Soie finish—40 designs.

$1.00—24-inch Foulards—Peau de Soie and Liberty finish—pattern lengths only.

$1.25—24-inch Foulards—Liberty Satin finish—exclusive designs.

$1.50—Imported novelty Foulards—can't be seen elsewhere.

New Moire Silks—We are showing this pleasing fabric in many styles. Fashion has ordained is as the fabric for "Gibson" Waists and Dinner Jackets—Mrs. Roosevelt having set the fad—two special qualities $1.25 and $1.50.

48c—Black Taffeta—19-inches wide—all pure silk—the best possible for the price.

75c—Black Taffeta—very different from the usual black taffeta at 75c—is more like the kind you pay $1.00 for—is 21 inches wide and recommended for wear and good looks.

$1.00—Rich Peau de Cygne; an elegant silk for waists and dresses—soft weave—very rich and lustrous—comes in a score of colors and black.

$1.00—Black Peau de Soie—21 inches wide—fully warranted to excellent wear—an extra quality at this price—$1.00.

IN THE IMPORTANT MATTER OF Fashionable DRESS FABRICS

WITH Easter a scant month away, and dressmakers getting busier all the time, this news will be most delightful to hundreds of Duluth women—who intend to have their new gowns ready for that festival of fashion. This stock never was as complete as at present—includes every wanted weave and color and nowhere else can such a splendid variety be found. The fine black goods are all from B. PRIESTLEY & CO., (who heads the best of makers in this line), and the colored goods are our own importation from Paris. The thin sheer cobwebby stuffs that cling and drape so beautifully and give to one's figure those long artistic outlines—lead the list of the favored ones—and without doubt we show the only complete line of goods of this character. Here are some of the new weaves that are ready for your inspection, approval and purchase:

Marcellita, Crepe de Paris, Crepe de Chine, French Voiles, Wool Grenadines, Canvas Etamines, Zibiline Etrmines, Etamine Bunting, Tamise.

$1.00—Canvas Etamines—a heavier fabric than the ordinary Etamine—suitable for suits and skirts—very popular.

$1.00—Wool Foularde—similar in weave and looks to the silk foulard—very serviceable—solid colors only—popular shades.

$1.25—Etamine Bunting—46 inches wide—very thin and sheer, in national grey, old rose, coquelicot and black.

$1.50—Vigoreaux Corduroy—50 inches wide—in handsome two-toned effects—very desirable for suits and skirts.

New Wool Waistings for Spring—The new designs in soft pretty wool fabrics are being taken rapidly. Pretty catchy effects in pompadour stripes and dainty color combinations—more here to select from and less to pay than elsewhere—at 62½c, 75c and $1.00.

Sale of Fine Table Linens

THE finest Table Linens in the world are here for your choosing—Linens from the famous Wm. Liddell & Co., J. S. Brown & Sons, of Belfast, Ireland. They are made especially to our order—the designs are chosen with greatest care and our prices are far below anything of equal quality anywhere. For tomorrow we offer a choice line of table cloths—in sizes from 2x2 yards to 2½x3½ yards—at decidedly reduced prices—the opportunity is one that no economical housekeeper should overlook:

$3.25 for $4.50 Table Cloths.
$4.50 for $6.50 Table Cloths.
$5.75 for $8.00 Table Cloths.
$7.00 for $10.00 Table Cloths.
$8.75 for $12.70 Table Cloths.

$2.25 per doz for $3.00 Napkins.
$3.25 per doz for $4.50 Napkins.
$3.50 per doz for $5.00 Napkins.
$4.50 per doz for $6.50 Napkins.
$5.50 per doz for $7.50 Napkins.

79c for Satin Table Damask—full bleached pure linen—68 inches wide—heavy quality—new designs—only 79c.

$1.95 for $2.75 Satin Damask Napkins—24x24 in—pure Irish linen—made by Wm. Liddell & Co.—bargain at $1.95 a dozen.

AT SAMAR.

Gen. Hughes Tells of Military Conduct on Island.

Washington, March 3.—The testimony given by Gen. Hughes before the senate committee on the Philippines today, dealt entirely with the military conduct of affairs of the island of Samar, where the massacre of Balongigi occurred last fall. He said the natives of that island had been invited to locate near the stations of the United States troops and when he left the island last September, 20,000 out of a total population of 250,000 had thus located. They had been advised that it was not necessary for them to pursue this course in order to secure protection. In cases where the natives of a village were harboring insurrectios, the village was generally burned. Gen. Hughes said that as a rule the policy in a given section is towards severer treatment, as the insurrections continue in point of time. He said, however, the policy to be pursued was generally decided by the officer in command.

DOUBLE TRAGEDY.

Harodsburg, Ky., March 3.—Edmund Houp, aged 87, residing in Mercer, was found dead today in his home and his wife beaten to unconsciousness. They had $150 of pension money in the house and were supposed to be victims of robbers.

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

BLOEDEL & EBELING,

EXCLUSIVE CASH FURNITURE DEALERS

Cleaning-Up Sale of New Furniture

For 10 days—a Discount of from 10% to 33⅓% off of regular cash prices. We do not sell on installments at any time—have no installment prices—and are from 10 to 20 per cent lower than installment houses.

A 10 per cent Discount ON EVERYTHING IN THE STORE—EXCEPT—

A 20 per cent Discount On Davenports, Couches and Morris Chairs. Frames Oak or Mahogany, Covered in Tapestry, Velour, Mohair, Plush or Verona.

A 33⅓ per cent Discount On Parlor Suites, Odd Parlor Chairs, Divans and Rockers —covered with Damask, Tapestry, Brocatelles and Plush.

☞We have no second hand or taken-back goods for non-payment, as we do not sell on installments. We ask you to make a comparison of goods and net prices—not the discounts, as you are not buying the discounts. Call and look us over.

ONE PRICE CASH FURNITURE HOUSE. **BLOEDEL & EBELING,** 18 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

O. B. JOHNSON & CO.

HAVE PURCHASED THE

Hardware Stock

OF C. S. PIERCE, AT

1918 WEST SUPERIOR STSEET,

AND HAVE COMMENCED TO

Close Out the Entire Stock at Cost

and less to make room for a new stock already purchased.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

Smoke Duluth Herald cigar, 5 cents.

Mr. and Mrs. John H. LaVaque have removed from 1131 East First street to 1420 East First street.

Second papers have been taken out in district court by Joseph E. Feaks and John W. Hall, former subjects of Great Britain.

A transfer of East Fifth street property involving a consideration of $11,000 was filed for record in the register of deeds office this morning. The conveyor was the Duluth Real Estate company and the purchaser was Franklin J. Pulford. The property is described as lot 4, East Fifth street, Duluth proper, First division.

A warranty deed involving $3500 was given by Sarah M. Collins and Edward E. Colling to Elsie Hostetter Cole. It conveys lots 15 and 16, block 69, Endion division.

Nelson Morris & Co. have begun suit against Robert Thompson & Co. The complaint claims that the defendants owe the plaintiffs the sum of $941.87 for merchandise.

An examination as to the sanity of Laura Brink will be held before Probate Judge Bonham tomorrow morning. The woman is the wife of Mike Brau, a Norwegian, living at 528 Lake avenue north. The husband swore out the information of insanity. Letters of administration have been issued to Sarah Olson for the estate of Gunder Olson.

The United States may have paid too much for the St. Thomas islands but no one was ever bunco'ed in getting their cleaning, etc., done at Kelly's.

Parlor theater. Great big show.

The Lester Park Literary club will be entertained tomorrow evening by Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Arbogast, instead of Wednesday as stated in Saturday and Sunday's paper.

Parlor theater. Vaudeville's latest hits.

PERSONALS.

Mr. and Mrs. George Ring, of St. Paul, are visiting Mrs. M. A. Reaney, of Lafayette flats.

T. S. Cole left Saturday for Chicago.

Capt. W. W. Singer left Saturday for Chicago, Detroit and other Eastern points.

C. A. Luster went to St. Paul last night.

W. M. Jeffery has returned from a trip to Chicago.

Mrs. Eugenie Lambert has left for the East.

Miss Lillian Collier, of Garfield avenue, returned Saturday from a five-months' visit in the East.

Capt. E. Marcom came down from Tower on the noon train to attend the monthly meeting of the county commissioners. He is at the St. Louis.

Capt. Henry left Saturday over the Northern Pacific for Spokane.

John W. Hunsberger, of Hancock, is a guest at the St. Louis.

C. S. Pollock is in Chicago.

Alex Crawford has gone to Portland, He left Saturday over the Northern Pacific.

E. H. Savage, of Ashland, is a guest at the Spalding.

W. W. Brooke, of Birmingham, England, is a guest at the McKay.

Mrs. J. M. Smith has gone to Detroit. She went over the South Shore Sunday evening.

Judge W. A. Cant left this afternoon for St. Paul.

W. W. Walker has returned from St. Paul.

Editor C. M. Atkinson and son came down from Hibbing this morning. They are at the McKay.

Henry Turrish has gone to Spokane.

M. H. Hoopes will leave tomorrow for Cuthbert.

Dr. Frank Lynam left Saturday evening over the South Shore for Boston and Bar Harbor.

J. Hodgson and John C. Greenway, of Ishpeming, are in the city. They are at the Spalding.

J. F. Chisholm, George A. McBeare and J. E. Kelso and William Greene, of Grand Rapids, are at the Spalding.

ARE NOT SO EASY.

More Difficult Examinations Restrict Army Enlistments.

Lieut. Hannay, who opened a recruiting station in the Espenshaled block some weeks ago, has accepted three recruits. The small number of enlistments is said to be a result not so much of lack of applications, as from greater strictness exercised in examinations. Renewed instructions have been given out from army headquarters to draw the lines straighter in making examinations and passing on the results shown. Seventeen applications have been received out of the many inquiries that have been made. It is expected that the ratio of acceptances to applications will run about one in six the country over, and this ratio has been a little better than maintained here.

Most of the applicants come from the ranks of woodsmen. Others are common laborers. Lieut. Hannay has orders to forward the men accepted to the Presidio, San Francisco, and they will be started for that place today. Lieut. Hannay is attached to the Thirty-second Infantry.

Buying Equipment.

The Brooks-Scanlon Lumber company, in view of the heavy log traffic that will be necessary over the company's new logging road to keep the new mill at Scanlon operating to full capacity, is increasing its facilities for handling the logs as fast as possible. The company has placed an order with F. M. Hicks, of the Hicks Locomotive and Car Works, for seventy-five flat cars, thirty-six feet long, capacity of 60,000 feet. The order is for March delivery.

A Good Bargain.

8 room house, 50 foot lot, located No. 123 E. Third St, can be handled for $850.00 cash. Communicate with C. T. Seymour, 603, W. 1st St. New 'Phone 814.

Freimuth's

Tomorrow's Special Sale on Rubbers.

READ OUR LOW PRICES on fine Rubbers and Overshoes—Come tomorrow and take advantage of the reductions. Fine high grade Rubbers at the price of seconds and inferior goods.

Wales Goodyear's Women's Storm Rubbers—
40c Wales Goodyear Storm Rubbers, new fresh goods, guaranteed first quality; sell usually at 50c, Satd'y 40c.

Women's Low Rubbers—
38c Wales Goodyear make, new fresh stock—sell regularly at 50c; special Saturday at 38c.

Women's 50c Rubbers—
29c Wales Goodyear make, in small sizes only—closing them out at 29c.

Misses' 45c Rubbers—
39c Wales Goodyear make, all sizes; regular price 45c, Saturday 39c.

Child's 35c Rubbers—
29c Wales Goodyear make, all sizes; regular price 35c, Saturday 29c.

OLD TAXES.

County Succeeds In Collecting a Considerable Account.

The sheriff's office has succeeded in getting in $494.76 in collections on personal property taxes delinquent for from five to seven years. The amounts collected range between $7 and $38. The announcement is made by the sheriff's office that it will oblige the collection of delinquent taxes absolutely, and that no effort will be spared to enforce the carrying out of executions issued against the delinquents.

The report of the business of this office for February shows fees earned for civil business of $305.89; collected on account of executions, personal taxes, $494.76; county business, $527.60; disbursements, $185.15; net earnings of the office, $527.60.

NOT SO WARM.

Weather Last Month Only Four Degrees Above Normal.

Local Forecaster Richardson of the weather bureau has issued his report of the conditions observed at the Duluth station for the month of February. The mean temperature for the month was but 4 degrees above the mean temperature for February for the past 32 years. The mean temperature last month was 18 degrees above zero, while the mean for the 32 years is 14 degrees.

The highest temperature recorded here during February was 44 degrees above zero on the 25th and the minimum was 14 degrees below zero on the 4th of the month. The mean atmospheric pressure for the month just closed was 30.02. The prevailing direction of the wind in February was southwest and the highest velocity, 42 miles per hour, was reached Feb. 11.

The total precipitation for the month was 7 inches. Total snowfall was 3.8 inches.

Conditions Are Fair.

William O'Brien, of the William O'Brien Lumber company, returned this morning from a several days' inspection trip at his camps in the northern part of the state, and left this afternoon for St. Paul. Mr. O'Brien says that the conditions for log hauling in the woods are very fair at present; that last week things were not so favorable. The last fall of snow has put the roads in good condition again, and the operators can accomplish much if it continues to freeze a little during the nights.

Manager Van Vliet of the Lesure Lumber company said today that the work at the company's camps is progressing very nicely.

OPEN DOOR

Berlin, March 3.—In the course of the budget discussion in the reichstag today the Imperial Chancellor, Count Von Buelow, in reply to questions raised by the vote asked for to maintain the German troops in China, said Germany had only economic and not territorial interests in China and Corea and would not interfere in the quarrels of others So far as Germany knew, the only effect of the anglo-Japanese convention was to maintain the status quo. Therefore, it did not prejudice German interests and did not affect the anglo-German Yang tse valley agreement. Germany only desired the open door. The telegram from Pekin, published in London declaring that Germany sought special concessions in China was a canard. Germany secured railroad and mining concessions in Shan Tung province in 1899, and she had no wish to acquire more than she could digest.

Germany was not consulted before the conclusion of the anglo-Japanese convention. The German government had been notified of the birth thereof, but it was not its grandfather nor its father. The garrisons in China would be reduced so soon as the political situation allowed this to be done, but the premature recall of the troops would put Germany in an unfavorable position, as she had no base near China, like the other powers. The vote was adopted.

NEARING COMPLETION.

Washington, March 3.—The bill in equity against the Northern Securities company, J. Pierpont Morgan, James J. Hill and others to prevent the merger of the Northern Pacific, the Great Northern and other Northwestern railroads, is nearing completion, and it is the present intention to have it ready the latter part of the present week. The bill will be printed here and made public as soon as filed. In just what court the action will be begun is not yet definitely known, but it is believed that the bill will be filed in the United States circuit court at Minneapolis.

THEY LIKE THE IDEA

Railroad Men Consider New Western Road an Important One.

Will Help Northern Roads on Business From California.

Shippers Claim There Has Been Hardening of Rates Lately.

The line of railway that dispatches say Englishmen and J. J. Hill and E. H. Harriman have let contracts to build in the West would make an important connection for the Northern Pacific and Great Northern, according to the opinion of local railroad men.

At present, freight traffic originating at San Francisco or points north of there is billed via the Southern Pacific north to Portland, thence east over the Northern Pacific. All business originating south of San Francisco is usually billed via the Southern Pacific and Union Pacific to Omaha, and thence to St. Paul via the Illinois Central. It is apparent, therefore, that the Northern Pacific or the Great Northern, for that matter, gets a very short haul out of a very long route. It is particularly disquieting to the northern lines, because their roads run clear out to the coast, and only a comparatively short extension is necessary to tap Southern California and prevent the very long end of the haul to eastern Northwest points from going to a southern road. The freight traffic thus far has not been especially heavy. It is believed, however, that the freer communication that would grow out of a direct route would result in the stimulating of traffic to a great degree. The opening of a new port on the Pacific coast, at Eureka, Cal., in which the northern lines would be indirectly interested would, it is believed, add to the influences at work for building up traffic to points along the South Pacific coast and isthmian and South American points on the west coast.

It is also believed that a direct route over practically one system and the greater conveniences growing out of not having to change cars, wait for connections and other annoyances, would result in a marked increase in the Northern lines' passenger traffic between eastern Northwest points and southern Pacific coast points.

The Chicago & Northwestern road has given notice of their withdrawal from the Western Freight association. This association has been the arbiter for cases of freight classification, which has practically determined relative rates of freight. The roads themselves determine the rate per mile, but the association is usually back of a general movement to advance or reduce freight rates, though what is known as the Western classification. The Northwestern's complaint was that the expense of maintaining the association was too high.

Both of the Northern lines are doing an increased passenger traffic to Pacific coast points since the cheap immigrant rates went into effect, March 1. The rate is $25 for a second class fare one way to all common Pacific coast points. The rates are effective during March and April.

The Milwaukee and Northern Pacific are bringing quite a number of stock cars of fairly good capacity here in order to handle the rail lumber business. Railroad men point out that this shows that the Northwest is offering railroads more business than West just now.

Shippers are complaining that there has been a tendency toward the hardening of rates lately. It is said that this is due to instructions from the most sacred parts of headquarters, and grows out of an intimation by President Roosevelt that he intends to make trouble for those that disregard the interstate commerce law so openly. Such a declaration by the president would not naturally affect Northern roads nearly as much as Western and Southwestern lines, but it is said that it is having a sympathetic effect north of the most seriously affected sections.

ROUSS DEAD.

The Well Known Blind Merchant Has Passed Away.

New York, March 3.—Charles Broadway Rouss died here today. Mr. Rouss had suffered from heart disease and dropsy.

Mr. Rouss was born in Woodsboro, Md., in 1836. He first engaged in business in Winchester, Va., served in the Confederate army, and then came to New York in 1865. He had been in business here continuously from that time. He erected, at his own expense, a monument to dead Confederate soldiers in Mt. Hope cemetery, this city, founded a physical laboratory at the University of Virginia, and gave $100,000 for a Confederate monument to be located at Richmond, Va. Some years ago Mr. Rouss became blind. He offered $1,000,000 to any one who could restore his sight, but the reward was never successfully claimed.

IN CONGRESS.

Washington, March 3.—The senate today passed bills for the erection of public buildings as follows: Reno, Nev., $10,000; Grand Forks, N. D., $180,000; Memphis, Tenn., $250,000; Green Bay, Wis., $150,000.

To amend the act of May 12, 1900, authorizing the commissioner of internal revenue to redeem or make allowance for internal revenue stamps.

To establish a marine hospital at Savannah, Ga., at a cost not exceeding $200,000.

At 2 p. m. the shipping bill was laid before the senate as the unfinished business, and Mr. Frye spoke in its support.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, March 3.—Under the order made last week the house today went into committee of the whole and entered on the consideration of the bill to classify the rural free delivery service and substitute the contract for the salary system for rural carriers.

COHEN RECALLED.

New York, March 3.—A. B. Cohen, one of William March Rice's agents in Texas, who was on the stand when court adjourned Friday, was recalled today in rebuttal of A. T. Patrick, who is accused of Rice's murder.

MOTION DENIED

Supreme Court Declines to Review Section 30 Case.

This Makes Eaton, Merritt and Others the Undisputed Owners.

Exploration of the Land Will Undoubtedly Quickly Follow.

The United States supreme court today denied the petition of the Midway company, A. M. Miller and others, of this city to reopen the famous "Section 30" case, against Frank Eaton and others.

This probably settles the case forever and gives Frank Eaton, Leonidas Merritt, Richard H. Fagan, of this city, and George J. Lonstorf, of Milwaukee, complete possession of the 320 acres of valuable iron land over which there has been at least $300,000 spent in litigation.

On Jan. 13 last the supreme court handed down its decision in favor of Frank Eaton and others and this was thought to have been the final chapter in the case, but the Midway company, controlled by A. M. Miller, petitioned the court for a rehearing of the case.

Until this petition was acted on their was still some cloud to the title of the land, but today's denial of the petition for re-opening virtually clears the case from the calendar for all time and leaves Mr. Eaton, Mr. Merritt, Mr. Fagan and Mr. Lonstorf in absolute possession. The title is certainly clear, because it has been passed upon by everything from the local land office to the United States supreme court. The litigation has extended over a period of seventeen years.

Steps will undoubtedly be taken at once to explore the land and determine what the great wealth supposed to be hidden in it really is.

The amount spent in the litigation over the property is a fortune in itself. A. M. Miller fought the case for about ten years before he ever got a decision in his favor. This litigation was all against the Minnesota Iron company.

Scarcely had he won from that corporation, however, when Messrs. Eaton, Merritt et al began their suit and the victory of years of contest is overthrown.

Ice In the Lake.

The ice reports received today by Local Weather Forecaster H. W. Richardson indicate that while the ice in the lake at this end has been pretty well broken up and driven either ashore or out into the lake within the past few days, the harbor ice holds fast at the other Lake Superior ports. At Washburn the harbor ice is 25 inches thick, and there is 12 inches of snow. At Ashland the harbor ice is about 24 inches, with a few inches of snow and slush on it. There is about 10 inches of snow at Ashland. The Bayfield harbor ice is from 20 to 25 inches thick. The snowfall at Bayfield was 16 inches in the forty-eight hours ending this morning.

The maximum thickness of the ice in the bay here is 24 inches and the minimum is 17 inches.

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

Walking Skirts!

You'll need one as soon as this snow begins to melt! Prepare for it!



We've prepared for it some time ago with the largest assortment of this popular article of wearing apparel that we've ever carried—and the values are better than we've ever known them. For instance, we offer a splendid suit of pure wool material, beautifully tailored—seven gored and thoroughly shrunk and sponged in three good shades—brown mixed, grey mixed or oxford and blue mixed, at $5.75—of $7.50 value.

At $7.75—Beautifully tailored skirts seven gored or flounce style of fine, all wool imported Cheviots, with ten rows of stitching at bottom—of ordinary $10 values.

From these prices we have splendid lines in fine coverts, broadcloths, Kerseys, Venetians, etc.—in all of the new spring shades and styles—at $10.75, $12.50, $14.50 and $18.50.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

William J. Clark and Margaret Brown.
Cyril Duff and Hellen Todd.

BIRTHS.

LARSON—A son was born Saturday to Mr. and Mrs. Ole Larson, 917 East Eighth street.

DRAMA—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. John Drama, of 513 East Fifth street.

ANDRAINNE—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Leon Andrainne, 118½ Third avenue west.

ROFF—son has been born to Mr. and Mrs Seth Roff, 6407 Cody street.

RICE—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Rice, 5806 Waseca street.

Open day and night. New 'Phone 1358.
FLOOD & HORGAN,
Undertakers and Embalmers,
730 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

HOME GROWN FLOWERS, Floral Designs and Lodge Emblems Wedding Decorations made on short notice. Largest Greenhouses.
FISCHEN BROS. 109 W. Superior St. Both Phones

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

FASCINATING COMPLEXION OF A healthy face comes from using Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder, magical beautifiers. 25c.



March has opened up wonderfully well—even in Saturday's storm the store was busy—and today has been the busiest March 3rd the store has ever known—during February—supposed to be the dullest month of the year—our sales forged 'way ahead of last year—this alone tells more than volumes of newspaper talk—and why shouldn't we be busy?

We're giving Duluth a metropolitan store in every sense of the word—we get the new things and display them as early as the best store in the large Eastern cities—our stocks are large and complete—and of the very best—our store service is as good as carefulness and hard work can make it.

In fact, the business was built on satisfactory service, it is never too late, and we are never too busy to listen to a dissatisfied customer.

We allow no misrepresentation in selling through any of our salespeople or the heads of any departments.

We guarantee everything we sell from the smallest trifle to the most expensive article.

The store that has abnormally low prices on some things either sells you trash or makes its loss up by charging too much for other things—we charge a fair price and expect you to get what you paid for. The store never wittingly over-advertises itself.

To forfeit your good opinion by disappointing you when you examine the goods personally is a loss we could not afford to bear. Just now the store is filled to overflowing with new things of every kind for personal wear—and Easter coming earlier than usual necessitates much earlier Easter shopping—we are prepared fully to meet your every wish—to get in touch with the new things as soon as they are marked and made ready for sale. Among the new things shown tomorrow are—

Fine Tailored Costumes and Suits. More New Spring Jackets and Raglan Coats—New "Monte Carlo" Silk Coats—Girls' Tailor-made Suits and Jackets, age 10 to 14.

New Moire Silks—in some of the best spring shades and black.

New Liberty Satins, Foulards and Wash Silks—together with many choice Novelty Silks for Waists.

New Plain Dress Fabrics—such as Plain Etamines, French Prunellas, Canvas Cloth, 52-inch Meltons, Etc.

New French Cotton Grenadines—Mercerized new domestic and imported Swisses, French Lawns and Batistes; new Black Pongee; new fancy Hemstitched Lawns

New Petticoats of Silk or Cotton.

New Silk Waists—In Liberty Satin, Peau de Cygne, Peau de Soie, Louisine and Taffeta.

New Veilings—New Corsets—SPRING MODELS

More New Cotton Wash Fabrics in the following—

Lorraine Tissue can best be described as an old friend masked in all sorts of prettiness. Some call these goods Tissue Ginghams. The tissue weaves away some of the heaviness of the gingham texture—a yard, 30c.

Silk Mulls—the name suggests a lovely combination. They are lovely in reality. The lustre of silk of stripes and pretty lines, fulfill the tiptoe of expectation.

No end of pretty dresses in store in the fifty-three patterns of Diaphone Dimity. The daintiness isn't all in the name, the name faithfully indicates the fabric. The linen color, with polka dots, makes it look like Swiss in disguise. It comes also in floral design, stripes, the new Parisian effects and no end of delightful variety. It has invaded no other province of the fabric family, being uniquely pretty in itself—15c a yard.

Mercerized Grenadines; *or Grenadine Hippique.*

This peerless fabric is a signal example of the dexterous work of the foreign artificer. A fine grenadine cloth, equal in appearance to silk and beautified with lustrous stripe and rich lace effects. Most distingue in character is undeniably one of the finest materials shown this season. It comes in white or black with applique lace stripe effects in rose, golf green, violet, light blue mais—60c the yard.

Persian Chiffon.

A pronounced attraction in a highly luminous weave on fine tissues in genuine Persian designs—the colors are exceptionally rich and the fabric has all the appearance of the finest Japanese Persian crepe. Price, 75c the yard.

Zephyr Tissue.

A pretty corded material with all the appearance of the finest fabrics, but not so high in price. It comes in stripes, checks and plaids, in all the dainty and desirable shadings. Price, 30c the yard.

Scotch Ginghams are harmonious in style, blending, colors, stripes and the rest that makes for smartness and beauty. American Ginghams, in texture and combinations of colors, are "catching up" with the pace of the Scotch makers—12½c and 18c a yard.

The German Linens have come ith sheen and lustre of weave, and glamor of foreign style. Striped, overrun with conventional colors—combinations that make them a center of smartness and beauty in themselves.

The Irish Dimities take their places in the array of beauty with the gracious modesty of a new blossom. These are 25c a yard.

But this random gathering from the fabric garden of beauty forms only a loose bouquet for your enjoyment. There are hundreds more that will be fashioned by deft fingers into summer dresses. These are new arrivals.

New Imported Swisses, *In Exclusive Dress Patterns.*

Productions from the looms of the finest European manufacturer that by reason of its unequaled beauty is sure to prove a popular attraction.

They come in all the desirable spring and summer tints, designs being embroidered on the fine sheer material making at once a beautiful costume cloth. Some of the shadings are: Pink, embroidered in black and white; light blue, white embroidered; ecru, with black and white effect; black and white; yellow, with black and white; lavendar, with black and white; the choicest patterns of the season.

Prices—$10.00, $13.75 and $17.50 pattern.

Linen Etamine.

The most practical fabric for wear, as it is firm, wears well, and will wash. It has already supplanted many other heavier materials and is a pronounced success. Plain colors only—Yale blue, rose, golf red, golf green mais, light blue, etc. 95c the yard.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

YOU CAN TALK

To St. Paul or Minneapolis for 40c.

After 6 p. m. for 25 cents.

Duluth Telephone Co.

We reach all points

MINING.

Many Men Employed On Vermilion--Large Stripping Operations.

The Chandler, Pioneer, Savor and Minnesota mines on the Vermilion range, are employing about 1,00 men at the present time. They are preparing for the coming season's shipments, which are expected to be in the neighborhood of 1,750,000 tons, which is about the average for the past three years. The United States Steel corporation, which controls these mines, is said to be selling none of its Vermilion range ore except some from the Minnesota. The balance of its Vermilion output will be reversed for its own use. Work at the mines will be continued throughout the winter.

It is estimated that stripping operations on the Mesaba range during the coming season will aggregate 2,250,000 cubic yards. Of this the Drake & Stratton company will move the most, probably about 1,400,000 yards. This company will run eight or nine steam shovels and work about 700 men. This company will soon begin work at the Stevenson mine. It also has a contract for removing 1,100,000 yards at the Sharon mine, a large part of which will be done in 1903. About 200,000 yards is to be removed at the Mahoning mine. There is also more or less work of that chaacter to be done at the Hawkins, Domore, Auburn, Stevens and other mines.

The Duluth & Iron Range road is preparing to break the record for tonnage hauled by a single locomotive during the coming season. The road bed and equipment is being put in condition to permit the big 10-wheel locomotives to pull as high as 2,50 tons of live load--fifty of the 50-ton steel cars in one train.

The Chisholm mine at Hibbing is expected to ship about 300,000 tons of ore during the coming summer. This will be a very large increase for last year, it shipped only about 35,000 tons. For an underground mine, this is indeed a very large lump for the second year.

Mining is being pushed on the Gogebic range faster than it ever was before. A number of large and costly shafts are being sunk at old mines and several new properties are being opened into. The United States Steel corporation is sinking two deep shafts at their Norrie mines and at the Colby, shafts are going down very fast. The number of men employed on the Gogebic is greater than in any preceding winter and the mount of ore loosened and on surface at the commencement of navigation will probably reach 1,400,000 tons.

The Grip Follows the Snow.

It can be prevented and the worst cases cured in two days by taking Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. E. W. Grove's signature on box.

Gas on the Stomach

Is quickly relieved by Herba Cura, nature's best remedy for dyspepsia.

Not only this, but it has a dozen other virtues that entitle it to your consideration.

Packed in neat red boxes and sold for one dollar by the best druggists.

EDISON THE WIZARD.

Wishes to announce that his latest discovery in the phonograph reproducer, and the new Moulded records, something just out, has the natural tone of voice, and the sweet musical tone of the instrumental records are something wonderful. Call and hear it. Mail orders given prompt attention

B. F. HATHAWAY, Local Agent

202 Trust Building.

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PATENTS!

Mason, Fenwick & Lawrence
James T. Watson.

Washington, D. C. Established 1861.

ALLOWANCE GUARANTEED If we report favorably on a preliminary examination as to patentable novelty. Valuable book on patents FREE. Send for it.

Palladio Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

For Something Special to Eat try WALL'S Stag Chop House.

Zenith City Dye Works

Practical Dyers and Dry Cleaners. Quick service and work guaranteed.

F. L. RITTEL, Prop.

6 East Superior Street.

Zenith 'phone, 1375. Bell, 645.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink

ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.

Sold in Duluth at the

IDEAL BEER HALL.

TROUBLE FOR HIM

Two Harbors Physician May Get Into Hot Water.

Smallpox Patient Brought From That Place to Duluth.

Life Endangered By Driving Thirty-Five Miles ---Not First Case.

The local health authorities resent efforts of a certain Two Harbors physician to make Duluth a dumping ground for Lake county smallpox cases.

Health Commissioner Robinson will propably begin proceedings against him at the coming session of the grand jury or failing in that, action will be brought in the municpal court of this city.

Last Friday night a man suffering from smallpox and a broken thigh was driven from Two Harbors to Duluth when the blizzard was at its height. Between midnight and daybreak he was turned over to the local detention hospital without the knowledge or consent of Health Commissioner Robinson.

Those at the detention hospital, realizing the man was very sick and in great pain from the injury to his thigh and that he had already been driven about thirty-five miles through a blizzard, very readily took him in.

It is said that this is not the only Lake county case that has been brought in to Duluth by physicians that should have been turned over to Health Officer Budd, of Two Harbors. Dr. Budd, however, was in no way responsible for their not doing so.

It is said that the exposure of the patient in driving to this city and then out to the detention hospital may result seriously.

The rig left Two Harbors about 6 o'clock in the evening and arrived here at 10. An effort was made to take the sufferer into one of the quarantine wards of a local hospital but the stretcher was too wide and he was put back in the rig, where he was left for hours until driven out the Rice Lake road to the local detention house.

NOT GENERAL.

Rental Agents Do Not Expect Advance In All Rents.

Rental agency men say that the movement to advance rents of dwelling houses in this city at the beginning of the year, May 1, is not likely to result in a general rise all along the line.

It is believed that the advance will be confined to those houses that did not share in the general change, upward last spring. Consequently, the belief is expressed that the rises will not be felt generally.

"I don't see how a general advance could be made this spring," said one rental agency man this morning. "The bulk of the rent property in the city is now earning as high rents as the property could possibly be expected to bring, and fully as much as the tenants can afford to pay. I think that the advance will not extend to those houses that enjoyed the full extent of last spring's increase."

Deputies Assigned.

Pursuant to the order of Judge Dibell, who will handle the calendar at the March term of district court, which will convene Wednesday, Chief Deputy Sheriff Dush has made the following assignments of court officers for the term: Court room No. 1, Deputy F. L. Magie; court room No. 2, Deputy S. Levy; court room No. 3, Deputy R. H. Hedre; grand jury, G. E. Randall; for general duty for jury and court rooms, H. N. Randall.

THE VICE OF NAGGING

Clouds the happiness of the home, but a nagging woman often needs help. She may be so nervous and run down in health that trifles annoy her. If she is melancholy, excitable, troubled with loss of appetite, headache, sleeplessness, constipation or fainting and dizzy spells, she needs Electric Bitters, the most wonderful remedy for ailing women. Thousands of sufferers from female troubles, nervous troubles, backache and weak kidneys have used it, and become healthy and happy. Try it. Only 50c. W. A. Abbott, druggist, guarantees satisfaction.

THE COUNTY BOARD.

March Meeting Promises to Be a Routine One.

The outlook for features at the monthly meeting of the county commissioners tomorrow is not a promising one. The tax committee will meet this afternoon on the call of Chairman Kugler to dispose of an accumulation of matter of this character. The report of this committee will come up for consideration. There will be the returns of the vote on the proposition to incorporate the village of Eveleth as a city to canvass, and a date will be fixed for the first city election. The usual monthly reports of the county officers will be ready.

Register of Deeds Lofgren reports total cash receipts in his office during February of $827.90. Work done for the county amounted to $39.20.

Clerk of the Court Johnson's office earned $694.65 in February, of which amount $149.90 represented county work. The marriage license bureau earned $90.

Probate Judge Bonham's office earned $1269 in fees.

THE ROAD APPEALS.

Northern Pacific Carries Up Case Against Owners.

The Northern Pacific railway has filed notice of appeal from the district court in its suit against Former Clerk of Courts Johns Owens and his sureties on the official bond given the county.

The railroad sued to recover the percentage of funds deposited with the clerk of the courts in proceedings for condemnation which was lost by the failure of the Marine National bank. Judge Dibell decided that the clerk had taken due care to preserve the funds.

Last week the road's attorneys, Washburn & Bailey, moved for a new trial on the ground that the evidence did not warrant the judgment ordered for the defendants and that errors of law had been made in the trial of the case. This motion Judge Dibell denied, and the plaintiff now appeals from each of his decisions. The ultimate disposition of the case will be awaited with much interest by both attorneys and men in political life.

ARMY AUTHORITIES

Act on the Romance of a Soldier.

Washington, March 3.—The army has taken a hand in the romance of a soldier stationed at Fort Wadsworth, N. Y., and as a result of the interference of the military authorities, Private W. J. McCormick of the Fifty-seventh company of coast artillery will spend the next six months in the guard house. McCormick wrote a love letter to the young woman upon whom his comrade was showering attentions, signing the latter's name to the epistle.

The recipient of the letter was highly incensed at an insulting feature of the communication, which McCormick says was inserted by a third soldier, whose identity was not disclosed. The young woman sent the letter back to her friend, with a sharp note dismissing him from her favor.

It did not take long to fasten the guilt of forgery upon McCormick and re-establish the cordial relations which had existed between the soldier and his sweetheart. McCormick was sentenced to dishonorable discharge and eighteen months' confinement, but the sentence was reduced by the reviewing authority to six months' confinement.

EXTRAORDINARY POMP

Characterized Celebration of Pope's Pontifical Jubilee.

Rome, March 3.—The principal ceremonies in celebration of the pontifical jubilee was carried out with extraordinary pomp at St. Peter's cathedral today in the presence of the pope, the members of the pontifical court, the foreign missions and an assemblage estimated to have numbered fully 50,000 persons. His holiness was borne into St. Peter's in the sedia gestatoria; but he did not participate in the service beyond pronouncing the benediction.

A Splendid Assortment!

Of "Young Men's" suits—sizes ages 15 to 19 years. The latest up to date styles, perfect fitters, popular prices—$4.00, $5.00, $7.00, $8.00, $10.00, $12.00 and $15.0.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

ASK DRUGGIST for 10 CENT TRIAL SIZE.

ELY'S CREAM BALM

Gives Relief at once.

It cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly. It is absorbed. Heals and protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50c.; Trial size 10c.; at Druggists or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

CATARRH



COLD IN HEAD

WILL VISIT CHARLESTON.

Washington, March 3.—The president today informed a committee from Charleston, S. C., who called upon him that he would visit the exposition in that city.

Boys' Knee Pants!

We carry a very large and complete stock of boys' knee pants, sizes 4 to 16 years, at popular prices—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

AT WEST DULUTH

A rather spectacular runaway that finished with no damage to either the horses or the rig, took place on Oneota street this morning, shortly after 10 o'clock. A team belonging to Charles Nelson, of Grand avenue, hitched to a sleigh half filled with wood, was frightened while standing in the yard at the Jones' mill and took French leave. The team made the grade out of the yards and turned on Oneota street in front of a West Duluth car. Mr. Nelson's dog tried bravely to stop the horses by jumping at their heads, but the animals were out for a run and bound to have it. They ran about three-fourths of a mile, in the middle of the street, in front of the car, but by the time the bridge at the brass works was reached were getting well winded. Passengers from a car bound eastward formed a line across the road and ended the affair.

GO TO THE WEST.

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Leonidas Merritt, of Forty-sixth avenue west and Oneota street, will learn with regret that they have broken up housekeeping and will leave tomorrow for the West. The move has been necessitated by the ill-health of Mrs. Merritt, and the greater part of the next year or two will be spent in traveling. They will first go out to Mr. Merritt's large ranch in Nebraska. Mr. Merritt will be back and forth between Duluth and the West looking after his business affairs, but Mrs. Merritt will remain away until she has regained her health.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The friends of William Chestock, the Central avenue barber, are asserting that he has missed his calling and should have been a horse trainer. This has been brought about through Mr. Chestock's earnest efforts within the past few days to "break-in" a broncho that he recently purchased. Yesterday a few of his friends were admitted to the exhibition. The next performance will be given later.

The funeral of John Craig, who was killed at the Hubbard & Vincent mill, was held from the Asbury M. E. church yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock and was one of the largest funerals held in this part of the city. The Maccabees and Foresters, of which orders the decedent was a member, turned out in large numbers. The church was crowded and many stood on the outside during the ceremonies. The sermon was preached by Rev. W. A. Loomis, pastor of the church.

William Markuson will leave next week for the Pacific coast, where he expects to locate.

Paul Foucault has gone to Bemidji to engage in the barber business.

Mrs. Neil Darrah has gone to Fort Worth, Texas, to join her husband, who is employed by a railroad company at that point. Mr. Darrah was formerly a conductor on the Duluth, Missabe & Northern road, and the family leaves many friends here and at Proctorknott.

O. J. Simonds, of Scanlon, is in the city today on business.

Rev. and Mrs. Knudson, of New Duluth, drove to West Duluth today and have spent the day here and in Duluth.

The three West Duluth boys charged with assaulting Albert Le Grand, a few days ago, were discharged in Justice Stone's court, the evidence showing that they were not present when the alleged assault occurred. The Le Grand boy was attacked with chunks of ice and snowballs and quite severely injured.

Thomas Dunne will leave in about a week for Tuscon, Ariz., to go into the mining business.

Spring shoes at Lauermann's.

The Junior league of the Asbury M. E. church will give a poverty social in the near future.

TONIGHT

MUSIC AT THE WEST DULUTH COVERED RINK

Monday, Wednesday and Friday for balance of season. Poverty Carnival next Wednesday night.

THE DAKOTAS.

Warehouses of J. I. Case Company at Fargo Destroyed.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—Fire Sunday destroyed the office and warehouse of the J. I. Case company, entailing a loss of $75,000. The flames are supposed to have started in the boiler room and to have burned slowly for several hours before being discovered. The warehouse contained twenty complete threshing rigs and a large stock of machines being repaired, this plant being the principal distributing point for the entire Northwest. The building has recently been sold to the McCormick Harvester company, but was occupied by the Case people until their new building could be elected. The loss is insured.

Langdon—Sheriff Pinkerton has arrested for stealing wheat, Joheph McGinnis, Peter Graves, Jr., and Webster Stevens. The wheat was taken from the granary of a neighbor, Charles R Faris, and hauled to Easby, the boys telling the elevator man to whom they sold that the grain came from across the line at Forsyth, Mnn. The defendants were released on $200 bonds to appear at the hearing Monday but later were placed in jail. It being understood that they were preparing to get away and that the bonds given were shaky. Evidence is being gathered that will in all probability implicate the boys in similar wheat stealing incidents of which the neighborhood has complained this winter. The leader and oldest of the gang, McGinnis, was to have been married the coming week to a well-known young lady in Manitoba.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Deadwood—Twenty-one women are in the Lawrence county jail on charges of frequenting winerooms and dance halls. They have been paying fines of $5 a month each, and this month several refused to pay, and a magistrate committed them to jail in default. They announce their intention of serving out the fines in jail. There is a movement for the removal of all bawdy houses and winerooms from the main streets.

Alfred Covert and Harley Covert, under indictment for robbery, have been acquitted. The former was driving the wagon in which Jerry Kelly, the man killed by Deputy Sheriff Patterson on the night of Dec. 8, was riding. Kelly and an unknown man were wanted for robbing Ed Woods at Galena, and they were met coming into Deadwood in the dark. One of the men got away and Kelly was killed by the officer while resisting arrest. Alfred Covert was driving them, and it was believed his brother Harley was the one who got away in the darkness.

Sisseton—While driving home from town Charles G. Pullman was overturned with his loaded wagon on a high grade at the foot of a steep hill. The neckyoke broke, letting the wagon upon the horses at the same time throwing the vehicle over the embankment. Pullman fell beneath the load with one leg sticking through a wheel of the wagon and the other beneath one of the horses. Both legs were broken in several places. In this condition he remained all night, not being able to move, so tightly was he pinioned, and until 10 o'clock the next morning, when he was found by a passerby. He died of his injuries Saturday morning after suffering great agony. He was an old soldier and an influential and respected citizen. His wife survives him.

Sioux Falls—An important problem is before the supervisors of Hartford, township, this county, for solution. The prosecution is one which has caused trouble in other parts of the county—the permanent establishment of section corners. Burk township is an example for the injustice and expense caused by the careless methods of the early surveyors. The necessity of restoring section corners and avoiding a multiplicity of lawsuits is now becoming apparent to the residents of Hartford township, and it is probable the supervisors will shortly take some action.

BANK SUSPENDS.

Elkhart, Ill., Institution Fails to Open Doors.

Lincoln, Ill., March 3.—The Bank of Elkhart, located in the village of Elkhart, near here, failed to open its doors for business today. The failure came following investigation by a bank examiner, who was sent to examine the accounts of Deposits, was to have been married The deposits of the bank amount to about $80,000, and the exact amount of shortage is not at present known.

J. C. Taylor, president, and Frank W. Cottle, cashier, state that the assets will fully cover the liabilities and that depositors will receive every dollar they have in the institution. The bank of Elkhart was organized in 1891 under the laws of Illinois. Former Governor "Uncle Dick" Oglesby and the wealthy cattle king John D. Killet, were the organizers. The Gillets and Oglesbys and farmers and cattle raisers are creditors of the bank.

SALMON CANNING COMBINE.

Vancouver, B. C., March 3.—It is understood that a new salmon-canning combination, taking in at least forty of the largest canning companies in British Columbia, is under consideration.

BELMONT BETTER.

Washington, March 3.—Representative O. H. P. Belmont, of New York city, who is ill here with pneumonia, is slightly better. There are no alarming developments in his condition.

MANY CLERKS

In the Census Office to Lose Their Places.

Washington, March 3.—There is great disappointment among the clerks of the census office and some patronage grabbing senators and representatives over the action of the conferees on the census bill, which will not make it possible to place the civil service blanket over the 1700 employes. As the bill passed the two houses it provided that all clerks in the census office should be placed under the civil service law, without further examination.

As it was agreed upon in conference, however, it provides that when the census office is put on a permanent basis the director, with the consent of the secretary of the interior, may appoint the clerks now employed in the census, and when so appointed they are placed under the civil service law. The effect of this change will be to place from 700 to 900 clerks under the civil service instead of 1700, the number now employed.

"I owe my whole life to Burdock Blood Bitters. Scrofulous sores covered my body. I seemed beyond cure. B. B. B. has made me a perfectly well woman." Mrs. Charles Hutton, Berville, Mich.

JUDGE MOSES IDE

Said to Be Seriously Ill at Yokohoma.

Washington, March 3.—Secretary Root and Governor Taft are much concerned as to the health of Judge Moses Ide, of the Philippine commission. He was taken ill several weeks ago and went to Yokohama from Manila with the expectation that the change would be beneficial. A cablegram just received at the war department indicates that Judge Ide's condition is more serious than was at first supposed.

At the present time he is not able to make the journey to the United States, but he will leave Yokohama for San Francisco just as soon as his condition permits. Secretary Root was the first to advise Governor Taft to return to the United States for a rest, and he now believes that Judge Ide also should come back for the same reason.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Cures a Cough or Cold at once.

Conquers Croup, Whooping-Cough, Bronchitis, Grippe and Consumption. Quick, sure results. Dr. Bull's Pills cure Constipation. 30 pills 10c.

Women's Colonial Shoes $3.50.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE.
DULUTH, MINNESOTA.

Colonial Shoes best for $3.50.



If You Don't Need Rubbers

During the month of March you can get along without them entirely. When you go to buy rubbers it is well to bear in mind that we carry none but the best brands, guaranteeing every pair we sell. This means a whole lot and besides our Prices Are Much Lower Than Can Be Obtained Elsewhere. Here are a few of our prices for comparison:

Women's extra quality Storm Rubbers, heel or spring heel, all sizes—S, M and F widths—to fit any shape shoe—regular 50c value—special at ---------- 39c

Women's storm and low cut Rubbers, sizes to 4 1-2—S, M and F widths—on sale at ---------- 19c

Misses' extra quality spring heel Storm Rubbers, S, M and F widths, sizes to 2—on sale at ---------- 37c

Children's extra quality storm or low cut Rubbers, all widths, sizes to 10½—on sale at ---------- 27c

Youths' and Little Gent's Rubber Knee Boots, sizes to 1½, on sale at ---------- 98c

Young Ladies' spring heel storm Rubbers, extra quality, all sizes, on sale at ---------- 37c

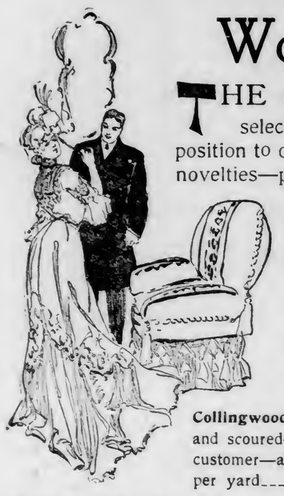
Children's extra quality storm Rubbers—all sizes, on sale at ---------- 29c

A New Shoe —The swell **New Colonial Boots for Women —Price $3.50.** Dozens of styles—every pair guaranteed—the proudest $3.50 shoe values we have yet offered.

Store Opens at 8:30.

PANTON-WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
DULUTH, MINNESOTA

Store Closes at 5:30, excepting Saturdays.



Worthy Black Goods.

THE opportunity given us to command the selection of the most meritorious fabrics, places us in a position to obtain absolute and exclusive ownership of all our novelties—puts us where we can offer a line of black goods that is shown by no other merchant. We have undisputed supremacy in black dress goods, far surpassing all previous efforts in style and value giving. These four values are exceptional, and we invite tomorrow's throngs to visit the black goods department and see these specials—

Etamines 98c—46 inches wide—all wool—made from selected yarns—special dye and finish—an incomparable value at..... **98c**

Collingwood Fancies 79c—50 inches wide—thoroughly shrunk, sponged and scoured—guaranteed fast black—limit six yards to a customer—at the special price of—per yard..... **79c**

Open Work Novelties 59c—44 inches wide—very fashionable and sightly—a lustrous black, fully guaranteed to retain its brilliancy—we offer these for tomorrow only at..... **59c**

All Wool Melrose—98c—44 inches wide—from the looms of a well known French manufacturer dyed and finished by a famous French dyer—another black goods special at..... **98c**

☞People living outside the city may be surprised to know of the great superiority of our black goods—send for samples — make comparisons with home stores.

AT THE HOTELS

"Representative Roberts' dramatic attack on the Duluth delegation in the house, reminds one of his obstinacy in pushing his primary election bill three years ago," said one of a group in the St. Louis lobby this morning. "If you remember, Roberts is the personification in appearance and manner of the judicial-minded man. He is judicial, however, in appearance only. And appearance in this case, as in others, is very deceiving. He looks like a minature edition of the late patriarch of journalism, Charles A. Dana, and he is as decided in his opinions and almost as vitrolic in his expression of them.

"Roberts knew that his primary election bill three years ago could not pass the house. His colleague from Minneapolis, Dwinnell, had introduced a bill that plainly appealed more largely to the judgment of the house and Roberts' friends tried to induce him to withdraw his measure. The old gentleman insisted, however, on pushing his bill along to committee of the whole. He took up almost a whole afternoon in presenting its merits. Before Roberts had been speaking five minutes the cloak room doors began slamming. Every half minute a member of the house would leave his seat and going to a cloak room would enter and close the door with a resounding jar. Within ten minutes not half a dozen members besides Roberts were left on the floor. The old gentleman, however, persisted in finishing his speech. It is hardly necessary to add that the bill did not pass the house."

* * *

"I have just returned from the range," said Senator Hawkins at the Spalding last night, on his way back to St. Paul, "and believe the Drake-Stratton stripping operations this season will be fully 15 or 20 per cent larger than last year. We shall move fully as much on the Stevenson and more than last year on the Buhl. Then there are numerous new properties being opened. We shall employ about 700 men. This will be the most important and active season the Mesaba range has experienced.

"Naturally, I would know nothing about the contract that the Drake-Stratton people are said to have received for building a railroad from the Union Pacific and the North-ern Pacific to Eureka, Cal. This is far from my district, and I haven't been East very recently. The report reads as if it were time, however.

"I hope we shall finish the work of the special session and adjourn by the end of the present week. I don't believe the senate will pass the Jacobson bill, or if it does the measure as passed will be shorn of the ore tonnage tax.

* * *

"George H. Spear, Grand Rapids," graces the register of the St. Louis in a large, round and graceful chirography that used to delight the eyes of Minneapolis Journal compositors. For a number of sessions while in the newspaper business, Mr. Spear reported sessions of the lower house of the state legislature. He continued to live in Minneapolis and came and went from the capitol on the Interurban line. He always carried a law book with him on these trips, which was industrinly scanned on these semi-daily trips. Now he is practicing law at Grand Rapids, with a branch office in Duluth, and the same energy that characterized his efforts to break into the profession is said to be bringing him success and prosperity in its practice.

* * *

Mrs. R. J. Dowdall, of Eveleth, is at the McKay. Mrs. Dowdall is here to arrange to live here this winter in order to have her two children attend the high school. Mrs. Dowdall is village attorney of Eveleth.

* * *

T. A. Springmann, of London, England, is a guest at the Spalding.

* * *

Oscar S. Mather, a prominent business man of Grand Rapids, is at the St. Louis.

* * *

George Lerch and Mrs. Lerch, of Hibbing, are at the Spalding.

* * *

"French Saute" is what one autograph on the McKay register looks like. It may be something else, but if it is, people who have looked over the register think the writer would find a rubber stamp to his advantage.

* * *

John Ravenscroft, Minneapolis; E. J. Longyear, Hibbing; F. D. McNulty, Minneapolis; O. P. Lambert, Minneapolis; H. S. Lee, Buffalo; O. A. Sleeper, St. Paul; A. H. Tuxburg, N. Y.; L. J. Brown and wife, Alexandria, Minn., and Charles E. McKee, Kansas City, are at the Spalding.

* * *

W. T. Sims, Grand Rapids; Edward Christopherson, St. Paul; Mrs. J. Sibbett, Eveleth; M. Hall, Cheyenne, Wyo.; J. F. McCulloch, Madison; G. J. Goudor, Monmouth, Ill.; John Fischer, Langdon, N. D.; S. T. Hamilton, Virginia, and F. C. Campbell, Kansas City, are at the McKay.

* * *

Charles Brown, Minneapolis; Charles Avery, North Branch; J. K. Riley, St. Paul; T. C. Grove, Salem, Mass.; M. J. Baker, Grand Rapids, Mich.; A. D. Grover, Knife River; L. S. Clark, De Kalb, Ill.; E. Yanish, St. Paul, and H. Paige, Minneapolis, are at the St. Louis.

The Grip Follows the Snow.
It can be prevented and the worst cases cured in two days by taking Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. E. W Grove's signature on box.

"A dose in time saves lives." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup; nature's remedy for coughs, colds, pulmonary diseases of every sort.

CONFIRMED.

Hines Company Has Musser-Sauntry Tract---Among Loggers.

The big sale of the Musser-Sauntry interests to the Edward Hines Lumber company of 300,000,000 feet of standing timber in Northern Wisconsin, near Dedham, has been confirmed by officials of the Hines company. The deal has finally been closed, but there are numerous details that will have to be arranged. The sale disposes of one of the largest and best tracts of white pine in Northern Wisconsin, and will, in addition to the other holdings, give the Edward Hines Lumber company a stumpage of about 1,000,000,000 feet.

"We haven't decided where we shall saw the Weyerhaeuser timber, for which we closed a deal a few days ago," said Manager S. J. Cussew of the Edward Hines Lumber company, who is stopping at the Spalding. "The tract, which contains 300,000,000 feet, lies between the Omaha and Eastern Minnesota lines, at about Hawthorne on the former and Dedham on the latter road. We shall build at least one logging road, connecting with either the Omaha or Eastern, and possibly with both, and will rail the logs to Duluth or Superior. As the logs will be hauled in by railroad, they can be sawed either at Duluth or Superior. We shall carry on summer logging operations, and expect to cut some of the timber this season. We have already made arrangements to saw 40,000,000 feet at the West Superior Lumber company's mill, which we have under contract. The big tract just purchased runs 99 per cent pine and it is of fine quality."

A review of the logging situation in the Northwest finds the operators looking much more hopeful than last week, when the ice roads and snow were disappearing so rapidly. It will be remembered that during the latter part of February last year a break-up was experienced, and at that time a number of the loggers deserted their camps and came to the city. About a week later the ground froze and there was enough snowfall to permit of hauling for another month. Last year operations in the woods were not suspended until about April 1, and because of the strong condition of the market and the great demand for logs, the loggers hope similar conditions regarding hauling will prevail this spring. The delay of two weeks in hauling at this time of the year will have no appreciable effect on the total log cut if it can be made up later, as the season began earlier with some of the operators this season than last.

It is known for a certainty that there will be more logging done this spring on the north shore particularly, than there has been during the spring seasons of the past. Directions have been given by the heads of some concerns to keep up the spring logging operations this year, even if it costs twice as much as it did last spring, and at that time some of the operators were forced to quit because of the high expense. This is taken to mean that the lumbermen in the East foresee market conditions in lumber the coming summer that have never before been experienced at the had of the lakes.

Spring Humors of the Blood

Come to a large majority of people.

Probably 75 per cent. of these are cured every year by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and we hope by this advertisement to get the other 25 per cent. to take this great Spring Medicine.

It will sharpen your appetite, cure all stomach troubles, relieve that tired feeling.

Its strength as a blood purifier is demonstrated by its marvelous cures of

Scrofula	Salt Rheum
Scald Head	Boils, Pimples
All Kinds of Humor	Psoriasis
Blood Poisoning	Rheumatism
Catarrh	Malaria, Etc.

All of which are prevalent now.

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

Will do you a wonderful amount of good. Be sure to get Hood's.

AMUSEMENTS.

O'NEILL IN MONTE "CRISTO."

An immense audience was at the Lyceum Saturday evening to see James O'Neill and company in "Monte Cristo." Mr. O'Neill has played in this for years and cannot get away from it, even though he may wish to. He has several times tried to drift into something new, but the public will have "Monte Cristo." And they will have it for the reason that Mr. O'Neill continues to play it with all of the enthusiasm and vigor with which he first invested the role and which brought him his fame. His impersonation of the role of Edmund Dantes, afterward the Count of Monte Cristo, is complete and masterful, a powerful and magnetic presentation of a romantic figure.

Mr. O'Neill's support is fine, in fact the production throughout was the best ever seen here. It was a matter of some disappointment that Frederic de Belleville was not here to play the part of Nortier, as he had been loaned by the management for a limited time to appear in a production with Mrs. Fiske. The part which he plays was well taken, however. A feature of considerable interest was the appearance of a son of Mr. O'Neill, James O'Neill, Jr., in the character of Albert. He is a fine looking young man and a careful and conscientious actor, playing the part with force and sympathy. Miss Selen Johnson makes a pleasing Mercedes in every way.

The scenic embellishment is magnificent. Messrs. Liebler & Co., who are presenting Mr. O'Neill this year, have given the great play a setting that is nothing short of superb.

MODJESKA AND JAMES.

Tomorrow evening Madame Modjeska and Louis James will appear at the Lyceum in a magnificent production of Shakespeare's great historical play, "Henry VIII.". Madame Modjeska's magnificent impersonation of the character of Katherine in this great play a number of years ago in Duluth is still fresh in the minds of all lovers of the Shakespearean drama. Louis James is one of the foremost tragedians of the present day and has many warm admirers in Duluth.

Change of Night.

The gymnastic class of the Twentieth Century club meet on Tuesday evening, instead of Wednesday. This change becomes effective at once, the class meeting tomorrow evening. The place of meeting is the Sixth Avenue theater. In the club announcements for this week the date of meeting appears as Wednesday, the change not having been made at the time the program was arranged for the week.

ANY ONE CAN

Prove the Value of Scientific Food.

A good straightforward test of food is worth much to humanity. The following is interesting:

Mr. T. K. Durboraw, of Greenfield, Ohio, says: "After three months' sickness with grip I found I had lost forty-two pounds, with little appetite and almost no digestion. Wife finally put me on Grape-Nuts and I actually lived on this food, taking it three times a day, and a cup of Postum Coffee at each meal for about four weeks.

"When I began I was so nervous and weak that my strength was exhausted even by dressing, and, of course, I was unable to do the work loaded upon my desk, but I hammered away without any tonics or medicines, only my diet of Grape-Nuts and Postum three times a day. I found at the end of twenty-three days my nervousness gone, strength greatly increased and that I had gained sixteen pounds.

"Finally, after getting back to good health again I, of course, took on different kinds of food, and, as a change, began using ——— for breakfast. After a while some peculiar spells began to appear in the morning with deathly sickness and nervous lassitude. I took treatment for billousness, but that did not avail.

"About a month ago I gave up the ——— for breakfast and took on Grape-Nuts again. These morning attacks left me entirely in a day or two and I feel that I have had sufficient evidence of the scientific value of Grape-Nuts as a vitalizing, perfect food, that does not require the heavy work of the stomach occasioned by the use of starchy foods we use so much nowadays."

IS TO BE REVIVED

Steps Being Taken to Reorganize the Machinists' Union.

Considerable Increase In Number Employed Here Expected.

Northern Pacific Will Bring In Many When It Comes.

The International Association of machinists will, in the near future, establish a district office at the head of the lakes with an agent to look after the interests of the machinists' unions within the district. Fourth Vice President Wilson, of the association, is expected to arrive from Washington, D. C., within the next two weeks to establish the district organization.

One of the strongest efforts of late years among the head of the lakes machinists towards effecting organization is underway at the present time and it is claimed that the movement is meeting with great success. The first meeting was held in West Superior last week and was addressed by First Vice President P. J. Conlin, of the International association. The result of the meeting is said to have been the addition that evening of fifteen new union members to the local organization at West Superior, mostly from the shipbuilding yards, while there are many others ready to join.

A similar meeting will be held in Duluth this week to resurrect and strengthen the local machinists' union. Although there are not at the present time so many machinists on this side of the bay as in West Superior, on account of the shipyards and railroad shops in that city, the indications are that there will be a larger field here the coming year for machinists than ever before. The Northern Pacific Railway company expects to open its shops and round house on Rice's point about the first of May and this will bring to the city a large number of skilled workmen. The railway company, it is understood, will bring the larger part of its force for the shops here, from the company's shops at Brainerd, but there will be opportunities for other machinists.

Vice President P. J. Conlin, of the International association, while here last week, was called on to settle some little differences between the union employes in the D. M. & N. shops at Proctorknott, and the company, but a settlement was not brought about and five of the men have quit. The shops are quite busy at the present time getting the engines ready for the ore trade the coming summer and eight men are employed there. The men were getting $3 per day of ten hours. They asserted that the increased cost of living at Proctorknott and the expense of getting back and forth to the city warranted more pay and they demanded $3.20 per day. The company raised the wages $3. 10 per day, but refused to consider the $3.20 proposition. Saturday evening but three men were working in the shops, two men brought here recently from St. Paul, and one old union man. The five that quit work have gone to work in the railroad shops of the Eastern Minnesota company at West Superior. The scale for machinists at West Superior is $3 per day and they are paid at the rate of a time and a half for over-time.

The dissatisfaction of the machinists in this city is said to arise from the fact that wages are from $1.75 to $2.25 per day and that there are some instances where skilled workmen can get but $1.50 per day, less than is received by the helper to a carpenter.

The union men discredit the idea of any strike during the coming summer, but claim existing conditions warrant the formation of a protective organization among themselves.

LINE TIED UP.

Lakeside Cars Blocked By Cars Running Off.

The Lakesiders that are in the habit of attending the churches down town were very late yesterday, in fact they did not reach this end of the city until the morning services were finished. The Lakeside line was tied up all the forenoon on account of the ditching of one of the double-truck cars at Lakeside. This is the first instance since the big cars have been installed in the service on the Lakeside run, that one has left the track. The accident yesterday was caused by a dropping of the scrapers in front of the forward wheels.

Two other smaller Lakeside cars were off the track during the day and the schedule was very much disarranged until evening. Ice on the tracks caused much trouble. The double-truck car leaving the track in the morning was the car that leaves Lester Park about 7:20 a. m. It reached the city shortly after 12 o'clock noon.

THE FLAATEN CONCERT.

Miss Maude Pratt Crane Delights the Audience.

There was a large crowd at the Armory yesterday afternoon to hear the concert given by the Flaaten orchestra and Miss Maude Pratt Crane, Minneapolis' celebrated whistling soloist. The orchestra selections were splendid and well received. The feature of the entertainment was Miss Crane's performance. Her whistling solos were listened to with delight and she was encored again and again. Miss Crane first whistled the "Flower Song," by Lange, the orchestra accompanying her, and responded to an encore with the intermezzo from "Cavaleira Rusticana." She also sang, Stendering "Shut Your Eyes," by Barge, and whistling the refrain. Although this is the gifted whistler's first appearance in Duluth she may be assured of a warm welcome should she come again. She has a delightfully clear bird-like whistle and a splendid soprano voice, a combination that is very effective. Miss Lucy Sterns accompanied Miss Crane on the piano.

Has an Exhibit.

The Paris edition of the New York Herald of Feb. 9 has an illustrated part of eight pages devoted to the winter exhibition of the American Art association of Paris, in which is presented the copy of a painting by David Ericson, of this city, who is studying art in the French capital. It is entitled "The Old Spinner." The Herald said of it.

"'The Old Spinner,' by David Ericson, is a pleasing picture of a Breton interior, warm in tone and coloring and interesting in composition. An old woman sits at her wheel before a great fireplace, where a copper pan is simmering over the slow fire. Another picture is an old monk, very vigorous in handling, though a trifle too literal."

Mother—Now is the time to have your little ones take Rocky Mountain Tea. Keeps them well all the year. Great medicine for children. 35 cts. Ask your druggist.

The Latest Fad In Boys' Suits.

The "Russian" Blouse Suits, in different shades. Bring your little son to C. W. ERICSON, The Clothier.

ST. LOUIS ADDITION.

G. H. Lounsberry Gets Contract—Sharp Competition.

George Lounsberry has been advised from Cass Gilbert's office in St. Paul that he has been awarded the contract for building four additional stories on the two-story section of the St. Louis hotel building. There was great competition for the contract by Twin City builders, as well as by Duluth firms.

Under the terms of the contract at least two stories are to be completed by June 1, so the hotel people can place them in use in time for the rush of the tourist business.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured.

With local applications, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, price 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The Lullaby Concert.

There will be two features of exceptional interest in the lullaby concert to be given at Pilgrim Congregational church this evening. One of them will be the use for scenic effect of the first wooden cradle that was built in Duluth. Judge Carey has contributed this for the event. Mrs. Knebel, in her Japanese lullaby, will wear a Chinese costume that was made in China for an aunt of Mrs. W. C. Farmer, and which was worn at a court presentation in Pekin by that lady. Among other musical features will be a number of lullabies by Miss Clara Hector, while Mrs. C. d'Autremont will read several numbers especially appropriate to the general character of the program.

Curling Begins Again.

The cold weather has revived curling and the contests which are under way in the Duluth Curling club will be pushed to a finish as rapidly as possible. Three games were played in the Graves-Manley Agency contest Saturday evening, and the scores made were as follows:

H. S. Newhall,	C. L. Frederick,
J. T. Hickman,	Alex Macrae,
F. A. Currier,	S. L. Reichert,
D. Morrison—13.	W. J. K. Osborne—11
W. H. Denham,	S. H. Jones,
E. A. Forsyth,	S. M. Stocker,
D. J. Coulter,	A. H. Smith,
W. E. Magner—18.	G. F. MacKenzie—16
J. E. Catlin,	R. R. Wells,
Thomas Gibson,	E. D. Field,
H. Hurdon,	G. W. Meldrum,
R. J. McLeod—20.	C. F. West—2.

IN MICHIGAN.

Serious Losses to Small Loggers In Marquette Section.

Marquette—Loggers in this section have sustained serious losses as a result of two weeks of soft weather, culminating in a heavy rain, and unless a freeze up comes and continues for several weeks, ruin threatens many of the small jobbers. Both the snow and ice roads have been ruined and skidding and banking is now impossible. With no work for the men some forces are being materially cut and at other camps operations have been entirely suspended. It is in the continuation of the unprecedented thaw, however, that the greatest fear rests, since it means that water for driving the logs in the spring will be short, and practically all of the cut will have to be left on the skids and banks until next year and incidentally run the risk of fire and damage by worms. The outlook for the lumbermen is a dismal one.

Daggett—Edwin Payne, a 16-year-old boy, son of well known residents of Daggett, was found on the Northwestern tracks near there in an unconscious condition the other evening. His head was split open and his face was badly cut up. He was brought to a hospital at Menominee and it is said the chances for his recovery are slight. The cause of the accident is not known. He was seen on a freight train a short time before the accident and may have fallen off the cars.

Iron Mountain—George Pechel, an Iron Mountain man, was accidentally killed on the Northwestern road near Hermansville the other afternoon. He and another man were walking down the track toward Hermansville and had just crossed the bridge near the village when they met a freight train. Pechel stepped to one side of the track and his fellow traveler to the other to let the train pass them, but in some way Pechel slipped and fell on the track and the train passed over him killing him instantly. The deceased was a single man, 44 years old.

Menominee—John Davis, a woodsman, is dead at a Menominee hospital as the result of an accident. He was employed in the woods near Cedar river and was struck by a falling tree. His spinal column received a severe shock and, although not killed, the man was thought to be in a dying condition when taken to the hospital. When taken from the train it was thought that he was dead, but upon reaching the hospital the attendants were able to revive him.

Escanaba—The dry goods and clothing store of Louis Schram at Escanaba has been closed as a result of a meeting of his creditors. The liabilities amount to about $9000 with assets of about $2000. The creditors are numerous. Solomon Greenhoot has been appointed trustee and has taken charge of the stock. Mr. Schram became financially embarrassed about a year ago, but matters were adjusted so that he was enabled to continue in business. Since that time the business has been conducted under his wife's name. Mr. Schram has left the city.

Sault Ste. Marie—A wave of reform has struck the Soo, which has had the reputation of being a wide-open town for several years. As the result of agitation recently commenced, a petition was presented to Judge Steerer requesting that action be taken to drive out the houses of ill-repute. The police were given orders this morning to see that all such places are closed today. The town will be dry on Sunday, as notice is given that liquor deal violating the law will be stringently dealt with.

A man named Clery, an employe of the Allied companies of the Canadian Soo, was killed by a west-bound Canadian Pacific train. He was walking on the track when the engine struck him, and he died five minutes afterward. He was badly mangled.

Rocky Mountain Tea taken now will keep the whole family well. If it fails, bring it back and get your cash. 35 cts. Ask your druggist.

WAX PAPER.

Chicago, March 3.—Opposition to the wax paper trust, which now practically controls a business of about $100,000,000 a year, is to be centered in a new company in which Chicago capitalists are interested, says the Chronicle. A charter will be asked for in South Dakota within the next thirty days for the Wax Paper company of America, with a capital stock of $5,000,000 and factories will be in operation in four states before the end of three months. The so-called trust is known as the American Wax Paper and Parchment company and its headquarters are in New York. The new company will compete with it by the establishment of two factories in the state of New York—one in New York city and the other in Buffalo—and other factories in Chicago, St. Louis and Cincinnati. The Eastern factories will first be put in operation.

A system of making stockholders of customers will be inaugurated by the new company and this is expected to result in breaking the present combination. The promoters of the Wax Paper company of America, the Chronicle asserts, do not hesitate to say that they seek the utter annihilation of the union company.

COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS

SPECIAL SALE OF

Oriental Rugs



THE REDUCTIONS are of a sweeping character and include every Oriental rug in the store. The stock is unusually large and attractive and includes a large shipment of choice rugs of choice rugs received last week which amounts to over $5,000 worth. We don't think that so large and choice a stock has ever been shown by any Duluth store.

This occasion is worthy of your fullest consideration as it will save you many dollars on your Oriental rug wants.

Every Oriental Rug in the store up to $7.75, (19 pieces)..... **for $3.85**

All Oriental Rugs ranging in price between $8 and $10.50 26 pieces in all..... **for $6.75**

All Oriental Rugs ranging from $11 to $15.50 (34 pieces)..... **for $9.50**

All other Oriental Rugs, including over 40 complete room sizes, in Persians, Bokharas, Afghans, Kandahars, Cashmeres, Axaras and other desirable kinds—**more than four hundred rugs in all—**

20% DISCOUNT

French & Bassett
DULUTH, MINN.

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

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AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Bldg., 220 W. Superior St.

Duluth Printing & Publishing Company.

Telephone Calls: Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, one ring.

10c a Week

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Largest Circulation in Duluth.

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It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both OLD and NEW addresses.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), March 3.—The storm that recently passed over the central valleys and lake region is central off the North Atlantic coast. A low pressure area of moderate energy has moved from Montana to the region lying between the Rocky mountains and the Mississippi river. This depression is causing an increase in warmth and light falls of snow throughout the Rocky mountains and northwest and northeasterly wind over the Upper Mississippi and Missouri valleys and western lake region. The barometer is high over southeastern states and Northwest Canada. Light falls of snow or rain occurred during the past twenty-four hours over the lake region, Ohio valley and North Atlantic states.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	58	Lander	20
Battleford	10	Marquette	18
Bismarck	18	Medicine Hat	18
Boston	40	Memphis	36
Buffalo	32	Miles City	22
Calgary	16	Milwaukee	32
Charleston	58	Minnedosa	2
Chicago	24	Modena	22
Cincinnati	24	Montgomery	—8
Davenport	22	Moorhead	18
Denver	32	New Orleans	46
Detroit	26	New York	32
Dodge City	36	North Platte	26
Duluth	18	Oklahoma	48
Edmonton	—4	Omaha	10
El Paso	64	Pittsburg	26
Escanaba	18	Port Arthur	10
Galveston	50	Qu'Appelle	2
Green Bay	18	Rapid City	32
Havre	26	Santa Fe	32
Helena	26	Shreveport	46
Houghton	18	St. Louis	28
Huron	24	St. Paul	10
Jacksonville	46	Sault Ste. Marie	12
Kamloops	28	Swift Current	32
Kansas City	30	Washington	32
Knoxville	24	Williston	16
LaCrosse	18	Winnipeg	—8

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 a. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Snow flurries this afternoon, tonight and possibly Tuesday; colder Tuesday afternoon or night; fresh and brisk easterly to northerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, March 3.—Forecast until 7 p. m. Tuesday: Wisconsin: Threatening tonight and Tuesday, with possible snow flurries; brisk easterly winds.

Minnesota: Threatening tonight and Tuesday, with possibly snow flurries tonight; colder west portion; east to north winds.

The Dakotas: Snow flurries this afternoon; partly cloudy tonight, Tuesday fair; colder.

Delay In Canal Legislation.

Will any canal bill be passed at this session of congress? The Democratic members say that the present session will adjourn without the Republican majority putting through any canal legislation. They say it has been evident for some time that the transcontinental railroads and their representatives here have had practical control of the canal situation and that even Senator Morgan is now beginning to despair of accomplishing anything. These men point to the fact that railroad lawyers by the score have been wintering in Washington, with their families, watching every move on the legislative chess board, and ready at a moment's notice to block the efforts of those legislators who are earnestly and consistently in favor of the building of a canal. The Democratic leaders think that the people, irrespective of party want to see the canal constructed and they propose to hold the Republican party strictly to account during the congressional elections next year for its failure to pass legislation for the building of a canal. It has been intimated that the action of Colombia in calling the attention of the Panama company to the fact that it could not transfer its concessions without authority of the government, was inspired by the opponents of any canal legislation and was intended to indirectly influence members of congress. Be that as it may, there seems to be a great delay somewhere which may prove disastrous to the canal legislation this year.

Fight Over Chinese Exclusion.

In all probability a bill for the exclusion of the Chinese will have to be fought on the floor of both houses of congress, as the committees seem to be unable to agree on a satisfactory measure. Thus far neither house or senate committee has reported a bill and it is hard to tell when they will. The Western representatives are taking an active part in the present fight, but are divided into factions. The California delegation is united in the most extreme stand. They want the existing law extended for another period of years absolutely without change in the way of lessening the requirements. They favor but one change, and that is to keep the Chinese who are now in the Philippines; Guam and Hawaiian islands strictly within the limits of those islands. They do not want authority given for them to come to the mainland of the United States. There is an element in the house that thinks the present Chinese exclusion law should be modified some. It is thought by some that certain Chinese, such as tradesmen, bookkeepers, etc., should be admitted to our shores, and only the great hordes of laborers be excluded. Then there are a few who believe that it is only right that our ports should be opened to the Chinese who are now in Hawaii and the Philippines. There are those who would let Chinese into our insular possessions, but prohibit them from coming to the mainland. So far as can be learned, former Secretary Foster, the attorney of the Chinese legation, has made but little headway with his propaganda favoring the free admission of Chinese. It is likely there will be a lively debate when the matter comes up on the floor of the house.

THE TONNAGE TAX.

The Herald has repeatedly urged, since the great value of the iron properties in this county became known, following the organization of the United States Steel corporation, that the total assessment for purposes of taxation should be raised to $30,000,000. The law has not permitted any change in the assessment since that time, but it has been generally agreed by the county and state officials that when the new realty assessment was made this year the assessed valuation of the iron properties would be raised to about $30,000,000. It has been quite generally understood that the iron companies would raise no objection and quietly accept the situation. This would result in the iron properties paying a total tax of $750,000.

The tonnage tax of 5 cents a ton proposed in Mr. Jacobson's bill which has passed the house would produce a revenue not exceeding $600,000, providing it could be collected. It is claimed, however, on good legal authority, that such a law would be unconstitutional and would be fought by the iron companies. Certainly it would not be fair and equal taxation. It is claimed that the average value of the ore at the mine is $1 a ton. At 5 cents a ton, that would mean a tax of 5 per cent on the full value of the ore, while other real and personal property in the same township would be taxed but 2½ per cent on an assessment at 50 per cent of the real valuation. It is hardly likely that the courts would hold such unequal taxation to be in accordance with the state constitution.

In another column will be found a dispatch from The Herald staff correspondent at St. Paul in which many features of this question are discussed at length so clearly that every reader can understand it.

HOME INVESTMENTS.

The organization of a Commercial club in Duluth is a gratifying sign. It shows that there is a widespread realization on the part of the citizens of the necessity of joining hands in a permanent association for the advancement of the interests of the city. Such a body will be valuable for many purposes, not the least important of which is the enlistment of outside capital in enterprises that will aid in building up the city by increasing its strength from an industrial point of view. Perhaps it may also have the effect of causing our local capitalists to invest their money in needed enterprises. There is a very large amount of idle money in Duluth at the present time. The banks are filled with money. Their statements show very large deposits, which is a healthy sign. But a large part of this money should be invested in local enterprises, especially as there are plenty of opportunities with little or no risk attached. The way to build up Duluth rapidly is to invest home capital in industrial enterprises.

If the people living here show in this way their faith in Duluth's future, and in its development and that of the surrounding country, the outside capital will be attracted hither. Nothing else will attract it. Eastern moneyed men think, if the subject is presented to them: 'If you have such a fine country and a city so favorably situated, why isn't more of your capital invested there in industries and enterprises? If you know the city and country well and haven't faith enough in them to do this, we cannot be expected to have the faith that you appear to lack." New industries and enterprises attract others, increase population, business and the value of property; so that soon the amount of assessable property is greatly increased; then we can have more money for streets, parks and other needed improvements. All this is old, is an oft-reiterated repetition, but it is so true and so important that it must be repeated over and over again, 'lest we forget,' 'or in the faint hope that the adjuration will be heeded after awhile; or rather will be acted on to a far greater extent, for considerable has been done and is being done in this direction, but not half enough.

Property is rising in value; the volume of business is increasing; our population is growing—but not half fast enough—not half as fast as would be the case if moneyed men would build up Duluth in this way with more liberality and enterprise. When we observe what other cities with but a small fraction of Duluth's natural advantages have done and are doing, we must perceive the importance of greater home investments in active industries and in actual development. The absolute faith of Chicago people in their city, and their determination to make it great, is what made Chicago what it is. They had no fear of failure; they did not wait for men from "the East" to come and do great things for them; Chicago was made great by its own rapidly increasing people and their money, which was never hidden under a bushel unless it could be loaned out on gilt-edged security. Boston and other Eastern capital flowed in and helped, but Chicago money went ahead. So it must be here, if Duluth is to become the city that it ought to become.

A PERPLEXING PROBLEM.

Whether the various resolutions passed by the state legislatures and different public bodies throughout the country, appealing to congress to stop the purchase of mules in the United States for shipment to the British army in South Africa, will have any effect on the traffic, it is hard to say. There the perplexing conditions that render the case a somewhat unusual one and no movement will be made without due consideration.

The official figures concerning the matter show that between Oct. 1, 1899, and Dec. 31, last, 77,101 horses and mules were purchased for the British war office in the United States. At an average cost of $40 for each animal, a low figure compared with the prices that army agents have been paying, this would show about $6,100,000 expended in horseflesh in America. Besides the American purchases, dealers in the United Kingdom disposed of 59,800 horses in the time specified, while the following purchases were made in the countries specified: South America, 25,872; Hungary, 23,936; Australia, 20,015; Canada, 11,304. In South Africa the total number of horses and mules procured for field service was 228,000. At the same time the horses captured from the Boers, as reported by Kitchener, were in the aggregate 89,705, while about 25,000 had been commandeered.

It is not only the "remount scandal" that has caused so much adverse comment in England. Reckless buying seems to have been the program in all departments. The bill for stores alone is now $90,000,000, and the demands from the front are still not satisfied. The ironware dealers, whose goods were needed in the shape of tools, wire and ordnance utensils, have made fortunes by the war, while the provision men have amassed competencies in a short time. The transport service is again under fire, and the charge is made that the admiralty has chartered ships to carry troops when the regular army transports were available. While, of course, some of these charges made by the pence faction are exaggerated, sufficient is known to show that looters in and out of office are fattening on the predicament of the ministry and not alone in the line of remounts.

This seems to be a fateful year for the "minstrel man." Three or four have already passed to the other side; and another is reported to be dying. Their quips and cranks were enjoyed by many thousands of people, and, in all, they did the world more good than harm.

Every week or so some person starts a rumor that Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock is about to resign. But Mr. Hitchcock declines to turn the rumor into fact and will probably stay at the head of the department as long as Mr. Roosevelt remains as president.

Charles Howells, of Chicago, wore a straw hat one day last week. William McAvoy followed him and yelled, "Where did you get that hat?" William was arrested and fined $25. But Mr. Howells has discarded his straw hat.

The wife of an Indiana preacher eloped with an ex-convict, but whether she had made a good or bad exchange is a question that cannot be properly decided at this distance.

It is said that a student of the Minnesota state university calls himself the chiropodist of his class, because he has stayed at the foot throughout the term.

A young man in New York who had the consumption is said to have been cured by having the smallpox. But it is hardly probable this cure will become popular.

Suggestion has been made that in view of the circumstances of their acquisition the Danish West Indies should henceforth be called the Perforce Islands.

South American revolutionists who are short of funds may be tempted to imitate the Macedonian revolutionary committee and kidnap one or two missionaries.

Prince Henry is said to have stared in astonishment at the big buildings in New York. But wait until he sees the beer steins in Milwaukee.

Vivid green is to be the fashionable tint this spring, according to a fashion letter. It will be especially appropriate on St. Patrick's day.

Charles M. Schwab is going into the fancy dairy business, and now we may expect a greater butter trust than already exists.

It is called a run on the bank, says the Detroit News, because, if people took time to walk, they would get over their scare.

Maj. Jenkins seems to have put a quietus on that South Carolina scandal by declining to accept the sword.

Recent events would indicate that the Congressional Record may soon need a sporting editor.

Prince Henry is not coming far enough West to see the best part of the United States.

The genuine Flying Dutchman is DeWet.

EFFECT OF THE "MERGER."

Fosston Thirteen Towns: In order to settle disputes and arguments as to the effect of the "railroad merger" (as it is commonly called), up to the present time, as it concerns Fosston and other points along the Great Northern line, the old and new freight rates from Eastern terminal points were obtained from our local agent a few days ago. They show a marked decrease, and if the united corporations continue to work in that direction, the "merger" is a good thing. First-class rates are lowered from 78 to 67 cents per 100 pounds; second-class, from 66 to 57 cents; third class, from 51 to 44; fourth class, from 40 to 34; fifth class, from 32 to 27; A class, from 32 to 27, and class rates between local points are lowered in proportion. Certainly the companies united, the Great Northern and Northern Pacific, can carry their business more economically than if they were entirely separate, and it would appear that our state railroad and warehouse commissioners would be able to "hold them down" if any extortion in the future was attempted. And aside from this, it must be conceded that these two great corporations have been, to all intents and purposes, working together for years past.

THE BLOODTHIRSTY MOOSE.

St. Paul News: A wayfarer in the woods north of Duluth was treed by a savage moose. His leg was bitten off, or something like that, before he escaped.

The protection of the state has been thrown around the moose for years. The animal has been made sacred by law, and busy wardens have seen that it was not harried or harmed.

All a mistake, evidently.

Now the moose, insolent and haughty, well fed and vicious, is going about assaulting innocent squatters and biting off the legs of harmless woodsmen.

Presently the whole northern section of the state will be in a state of terror. Women and children will fly for their lives, pursued by herds of ferocious moose, while the husbands and fathers will fall bravely fighting the vicious beasts.

It is an appalling thought. The state should immediately take the bounty from the wolf and apply it to the moose. Brooldthirsty beasts should not be allowed to roam at large and assault, at will, harmless citizens who are without protection.

Duluth has sounded a warning and it should not go unheeded.

Chatter of The Street

Fred Parsons doesn't usually get caught in a joke. Oftener the shoe is on the other foot. But he was a victim of cruel fate at the Commercial club meeting Friday night, and he can lay up the beginning of his troubles against Don McLennan. He does at any rate.

Nominations were in order for members of the board of directors.

"F. W. Parsons," called out Don from the most distant corner of the council chamber.

There was trouble stored up for Don from that moment, but if Fred had known the course events were to take he would have cheered himself with the consolation that it might turn worse. Before all the suggestions were made, enough names had been proposed three or four times over.

The secretary started to read off the names proposed. He got part way down the list, and then paused. Here was Fred's chance to modestly withdraw name."

"My name has been mentioned, Mr. Chairman," said he, "and I wish to withdraw it from consideration."

The secretary looked puzzled, turned back to the list he had written, looked up still more puzzled, and said:

"I guess I didn't catch Mr. Parson's name."

Whereat there was another and greater laugh on Fred, and the laugh started from the same remote corner from which the joke had had its inception.

* * *

She is a fascinating and gracefully modeled stenographer in a wholesale house down—well, it doesn't matter just where. And he is a dazzling youth with flashing black eyes, good features and such sweet smiling lips that more than this one girl has remarked that she could just—but what she said is not for vulgar ears. Anyway, she saw him one day with a mutual friend. Then she told the mutual friend that the next time she saw the dazzling youth that she was going to bow to him.

Now enters the evil spirit into the story. He has a double. And he and the double are fast friends. Apart they are almost sure to be mistaken for one another. Together the difference can be seen by close observation.

It was the noon hour and the bewitching stenographer was just going back to work. She strolled down Superior street, and all at once there loomed on her horizon the vision that had beautified her dreams and made her forget to strike the shift key for caps in her working hours. It surely was the bewitching man that she had threatened to bow to, and bow she did in her most charming and gracious way. The charming man looked a little bewildered, concluded it was a good thing, and acknowledged the salute.

Ten minutes later, she met two men, and they were both replicas of her manly idol. But she couldn't be seeing double, could she? She looked again. There were surely two of them, but after a prolonged, intense look she realized that one was her idol and the other was very close to him, figuratively as well as literally. She blushed a warm, rosy red as she passed, averted her gaze, and seemed to be undergoing a very intense process of bewilderment.

Whether she has yet found out that she bowed to the wrong man can not be said. And whether she has come to admire the double as vigorously as she did the real article is still another question that has not been solved, at least for publication.

* * *

There is a certain ticket office that is noted for its courteous young men. Their obliging disposition and gracious hospitality is most deftly shown when a pretty young girl steps in to wait for a car. There is nothing that is too good for that young lady—in a most unobstrusive way, of course.

The other day, an especially charming little woman stepped in for protection from the storm while waiting for her car. There was a brisk competition among the courteous young men for first honors. She could have had a private car, a whole train, or even if she had a longing to own the system it would have been wrapped up in a package and handed to her by any one of the chevaliers. When she went out the unanimous impression in that office was that she was just about the sweetest girl that ever happened. All took pains to learn who she was. Finally one of them succeeded. He found that she was the wife of a most fortunate business man, and then there was mourning among the courtesy factory and the flag was placed at half mast for thirty days.

Several ladies have remarked upon the very busy and preoccupied way the young men have acquired of late, so different from the bright, interested manner they used to wear. They may be able to trace up the cause.

MIRTHFUL REMARKS.

Chicago Tribune: Querist—Doing any slumming these days?

Pslnnick—Oh, yes; occasionally I read a modern society novel.

Detroit Free Press: Brown—Jones is borrowing a good deal of trouble, I guess.

Smith—Well, let him have all he wants; he'll never pay it back.

Somerville Journal: How much money can a man lay up walking to save car fares and smoking a 15-cent cigar every time he walks?

Philadelphia Press: "Rounder has written a rather clever little book, "Don'ts for Club Men."

"Huh! the don'ts don't worry me half as much as the dues."

Puck: Bennett—Did you ever know any one so homely?

Nellpage—Hardly! Why, she is so homely that automobile goggles are actually becoming to her!

New York Sun: First Bulgarian Bandit—The chief has cut the ransom to $1000.

Second Bulgarian Bandit—Yes, his idea is to close out all the missionaries on hand to make room for new stock, I'm told.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "I tell you, we owe a debt of gratitude to the world's wicked women."

"Nonsense. In what way?"

"How could the modern dramatic author do business without them?"

Brooklyn Eagle: "Why, I didn't know you had weak eyes Mortimer!" exclaimed his very best girl.

"I haven't," returned Mortimer, earnestly. "I have come to ask your father for your hand tonight, and it is a state's prison offense to strike a person wearing glasses in the eye."

Chicago Post: "The chimney is smoking," he said.

"Yes," she retorted; "that's the effect of bad example. Usually the chimney has consideration enough to do its smoking outdoors."

Thus it came about that he finished his cigar on the back porch.

Comparatively Slight.

Philadelphia Record: Partial statistics of defalcation and embezzlement in the United States and Canada during 1901 show that about $7,800,000 went astray in this criminal fashion. Considering the temptations that beset custodians of other people's money, the wonder grows that the percentage of loss should be so slight as compared with the enormous aggregate of the country's financial transactions.

The Search For Clara

By Frank H. Sweet.

(Copyright, 1902, by W. R. Hearst).

A blazing day and a dainty white envelope lying on the sidewalk east of the Casino arch, at Narragansett Pier. The young man coming leisurely toward it is gazing out to sea, and in his dreamy, appreciative eyes is something of the speculation of the artist calculating perspective and distance.

As he nears the arch he glances up to note the time. The two hands of the clock are pointing directly upward, as though in clasped entreaty to the vertical sun. The young man follows the custom of the place and takes out his watch to compare time. As he does so he notices the white square at his feet.

Robert Leighton, Artist,
Ecole de l'Art,
Rue St. Hilaire,
Paris.

With a quick movement he rescues the envelope from its position.

"Strange," he says, wonderingly; and, oblivious of the curious people who are passing him on the sidewalk, he reads the superscription again and yet again, his face growing more puzzled and incredulous with each perusal.

"It is certainly meant for me," he says, at last, "but how in the name of all that is inscrutable did it happen to be lying here? It was evidently on its way to the postoffice, for it is not postmarked; and it is just as evident that the writer is somewhere in this interesting little town. I wonder who it can be? I did not know that I had an acquaintance in all New England, and certainly not one who knew my Paris address. I was sympathizing with myself on my being a stranger in my own land, and lo and behold! here I am publicly displayed on the sidewalk of this enterprising resort in less than two hours after my arrival! Well, c'est pour moi, so I will open it."

He stands aside and raises his hat as two ladies pass. He does not know them by name, but they were in the same Pullman from Kingston, and one of them had bowed in acknowledgment of his services in raising a car window. He waits until they have gone by, and then follows as far as the shadow of the arch. A small boy whirls around the corner with an armful of newspapers, and he buys one mechanically and thrust it into his pocket. When the sidewalk is again clear he takes out a penknife and opens the envelope.

The letter is brief but does not go far to solve the mystery:

"Narragansett Pier, July 1, 1901.

'Cousin Robert Leighton—Your uncle directed in his will that all his paintings and curios should be forwarded to you. I did not know your address or would have written before. Please let me know how to send. Cordially,

"Your Cousin, CLARA."

"The interest deepens," he thinks, as he folds the letter and carefully places it in an inside pocket. "Who is Cousin Clara? Which of my uncles is it who has made me custodian of his paintings? It cannot be Uncle Charles, for he has boys of his own and would scarcely bequeath his treasures away from them. Uncle Will and Uncle Tom are both sea captains, and would hardly know a painting from a chromo, and, besides I saw them in Liverpool only a few weeks ago. I wonder if it can be the old East Indian whom Aunt Helen married? He never saw me, but I was always a sort of favorite with Aunt Helen. Perhaps she communicated some of her liking to him. But where does Cousin Clara come in, and how did she get my address?" His face grows more perplexed as he shakes his hand in confessed inability to solve the problem.

It is a hopeless muddle, he tells himself with sudden irritation, and he will forget the whole matter. But in spite of all his efforts he cannot throw the letter from his mind. As he crosses Exchange place he glances sharply at the different faces, and on the bench he finds himself watching the young ladies and wondering which of them may be Cousin Clara, and if she has missed the letter. He has half a mind to return to the arch and keep watch.

Instead of standing apart, as is his custom, he seeks the largest and most talkative group and, skillfully absorbs himself into it. He is a good conversationalist and a sympathetic listener, and the coterie cordially accepts him. Now and then fresh material is added to the gossip, as new arrivals take the places of those who fall away. He listens attentively to the introductions and tries to catch each name.

At last he hears some one say "Clara," and he thinks his quest is to be rewarded; but to his disgust the owner of the name is a dumpy little girl of 10, and he turns away in vexation. Of course, he tells himself impatiently, there are probably a hundred Claras in the place.

The host has called out an unusually large number of bathers, and the tents scattered along the beach, and the chairs in front of the bath houses are all filled with good-natured spectators. He walks back and forth under the awnings with curious interest. The scene is characteristically American, and he has been away from home long enough to feel a keen zest in its novelty.

Presently a young lady coming down the plank steps drops her handkerchief, and he hands it to her with a slight bow. As he does he looks into the same brown eyes that had thanked him that morning in the Pullman.

When he returns to the hotel for lunch an hour later he finds the same eyes on the opposite side of the table, and they are so pleasant to look into that he cannot forbear a second glance, and is rewarded by a look of recognition.

He has never been much of a society man, but time drags heavily after a few days, and he is glad when a new acquaintance introduces Miss Stanton. She is very beautiful and unusually bright and well-informed, attributes which he knows how to appreciate. He begins to join her in walks to the beach and to the castle, and along the rocks. After a time he discovers that she also is an artist, and has had pictures approved by the critics.

He had intended to stay a week at Narragansett Pier, but the week becomes two; then the stay is allowed to lengthen out indefinitely. He has not forgotten the letter and Cousin Clara, but all his investigations have proved fruitless. He does not know her name, or whether she is young, old, rich or poor, or even if she exists at all. Sometimes he is inclined to think her a myth, or that she remained at the Pier just long enough to lose the letter any mystify him. He canvasses the hotels and cottages in a quiet way, and makes it a point to interview all the Claras he can find. He searches for them even in his dreams, occasionally, and he awakes in the morning with the grim determination of taking the first train to Kingston. But the brown eyes still meet his across the table, and he thinks better of it and remains.

One day he finds a letter in his mail that looks familiar. It has been forwarded from Paris and was originally postmarked Narragansett Pier. He breaks the seal and finds it to be an exact duplicate of the one he has in his pocket, with the exception of being dated a few days later.

"Why didn't she sign her full name, or at least give some clew to her identity?" he questions, as he compares the two letters and shakes his head in an exasperated manner.

"She seems to take it for granted that I know who, and what, and where she is, and all about her. Probably she is expecting an answer to her letter by this time. Well, I will collect a few more Claras and analyze them, but I forsee it will be a hopeless job."

The next day he sets himself to work more assiduously than ever to cultivate new acquaintances. He even goes to the daily paper office and has an item put in to the effect that "Robert Leighton, of Paris, is stopping a few weeks at Narragansett Pier." He is persistent in his efforts to get introductions, and if strangely eager to forget all about them after a few minutes' conversation.

One day Miss Stanton expresses surprise at his large circle of acquaintances, and that puts an abrupt end to the search. He is not ambitious of posing as a society man.

In a quiet way Miss Stanton is proving herself to be a very fascinating person. If he does not fully realize his position until near the end of August; then he makes himself suddenly to task. There are but two courses open to him, an abrupt retreat or an unconditional surrender, and only one of them seems feasible. He retreats.

There are few persons in the car the next morning. It is too early in the season, and decidedly too early in the day. But as he settles himself comfortably back in his seat and glances around, he encounters the brown eyes, and is conscious of a sudden thrill of consternation. They give him a look of pleased recognition and he crosses over and takes a seat beside the owner.

"Going away?" he asks, guiltily.

"Oh, no; only up to Providence. I will return tonight. And you?"

He rises abruptly and places his light baggage in the rack overhead. When he sits down the train is in motion and he tries to keep her attention on the objects outside.

"That is Silver lake," off there," he says, as a broad sheet of water glides into view on the left. "Notice the sturdy little island in the center and the trees just awakening to the possibilities of color.

It is worthy of a frame and a position beside Nozal's Bay of San Michel."

She smiles in pleased assent and gazes at the small lake until intervening trees and rising ground conceal it from view.

"It is charming," she says. "I like the country even this way very much. It seems to be full of pretty surprise and pleasures. I shall most certainly come here again."

"Yes, it is very pleasant. I almost envy the small farmers."

"Envy? You?"

"Envy? You?" she queried incredulously.

"Yes, why not? There is no uncertainty about their work and pleasures. It doesn't matter so much whether a man is rich or poor, so long as all his friends are in the same condition. If I could have my way—"

She gave him a curious look from under her long lashes. He notices it, and laughs constrainedly.

"You must not mind what I say. I feel out of sorts this morning—almost like a criminal running away."

"So? I fancied that something was amiss. She speaks quietly, but there is a trace of sarcasm in her voice. "When you first saw me you started as though I were the sheriff you dreaded."

"You are," he blurted out, desperately. The conductor stops at their seat and he hands him the tickets. After they are punched and returned, he continues, in a low voice: "I have felt like a criminal all the morning, but it seemed the only way. You know what I am leaving?"

"No." A delicate flush is stealing into her face, but she looks at him inquiringly.

"You are very rich and I am very poor."

"Is that all?" The flush deepens, but the look of uncertainty vanishes from the brown eyes. They look straight into his now. "Is that all?" she repeats. "What a coward."

"Miss Stanton!"

"Besides, I think there is a mistake," she continues, hurriedly. "I am not very rich. The Miss Stanton who is reputed to be so enormously wealthy is the one at Rockingham. And, on the other hand, it does not seem to me that an artist who receives a thousand dollars apiece for his pictures is deserving of much sympathy on account of poverty."

"Such sales are very rare. But how did you know? I never told—"

"No; but your uncle Henry paid, that for the Trout Brook' and 'Sunrise' through his agent in Paris."

"Uncle Henry—who?"

"Your Aunt Helen's husband. Didn't you know his name?"

He shakes his head and leans toward her, with an almost incredulous look in his eyes. But at that moment there is a sudden jolting of the train, and a stentorious voice calls out "Wakefield!" Under cover of the confusion he touches her hand.

"And you are Cousin Clara?" with eager inquiry in his voice.

"Yes, by courtesy. Mr. Willard was my guardian, and after Aunt Helen came, I learned to regard her family almost as my own. She often spoke of you, and wanted me to call her Aunt Helen and you Cousin Robert. She was very good to me."

"And you have known me all these weeks and didn't speak. Strange that I should be such an ardent hunter of Claras and not even learned of your first name! How did you obtain my address?"

"By the merest accident. You had changed places so often we lost all trace of you. Even the dealer in Paris could give no information. When I started for Narragansett Pier you and your bequest had about slipped frim my thoughts. You can judge of my surprise when I picked up a bit of pasteboard from the seat and found it was your address. I could only imagine at the time that one of your friends had thrown it away. Now, I think that you dropped it when you raised the car window."

"And you wrote to me as soon as you reached the hotel," he says' wonderingly. "It is very curious, all of it. But why did not you explain things before you met me?"

"I had nothing to explain. I had met several Mr. Leightons before, and did not connect you in any way with Cousin Robert. I never thought of him as being in this country. It was only when you began to talk about Paris the other day that I suspected you identity, but I was not sure until you brought me that little picture yesterday with the initials the same as those on the two Mr. Willard bought. I did not speak then because—because I was waiting for you to discover me."

His hand is inclosing hers now and there is a rapt, exultant look on his face. The train rumbles across a bridge and round a curve, between two yellow banks. She is looking from the window, with a soft tremulous smile on her lips, and after vainly seeking the brown eyes, his own glance goes to the window and wanders across the fields. Long rows of houses glide out from among the trees in the distance, two or three pretty cottages appear on the green slope, then a freight house and platform shut out the view, and the train comes to a slow stop.

It is only when they glide away from the station that the brown eyes come back to his.

"And so you are going away?" she asks, softly.

"Only as far as Providence, I will return tonight."

Fortunes In Land.

American Investments: Nineteen years ago a young Welshman landed in Omaha with an even $40 in his trousers pocket. He now owns, clear of all encumbrance, 20 acres of farm land in Stanton county, Nebraska, for which he has refused $53,200. In this case it happened to be the man behind the steer rather than the hoe that does the business. Such prosperity is enough to spoil almost any country.

HEROES OF THE FIRING LINE

"In those days there were giants in the land * * * men who were of power and renown."

Not Roberts, he of Candahar,
Not Cronje, with his scar-seamed men,
Not any man of noisy war,
Nor noisome man with praiseful pen—
No, no, the hero of the time
Is he who deals not death, but life—
I count this man the coming man,
The resounding glory of God's plan.

The heroes of the firing line?
They housed with God upon the height,
Companioned with the peak, the pine;
They read his open book by night;
They drank his star-distilled perfume
Walled round by room and room and room;
By day they faced the trackless west
And chased the yellow sun to rest.

Such sad, mad marches to the sea!
Such silent sacrifice, such trust!
Three thousand miles of misery,
Three thousand miles of heroes' dust!
But then such stout thews of the few
Who knew the Promised Land, who knew
The cleansing fire and then laid hold
To hammer out God's house of gold!

Hear, hear their thousand cannons roar
Against the knock-kneed mountain gnome,
Where never man set foot before.
Where monsters only have made home!
Hear, hear the treasure house is free,
A stream of gold flows to the sea.
And where a foolish king would rear
A castle, lo, a college here!

Their cities zone the unknown seas.
Their white tents top the mountain crest.
The coward? He trenched not with these,
The weakling? He is laid to rest.
Each man's a man, such a dauntless man
As God wrought not since time began.
His sons are as the sons of Saul
With David's daring, soul of Paul.

Each man a hero, lion each!
Behold what length of limb, what length
Of life, of love, what daring reach;
To deep-hived honeycomb! What strength!
Clean outdoor Adams, virile, clean
As nature in her vernal green;
He hears, hears as a prophet hears
The tuning music of the spheres.
—JOAQUIN MILLER, in Country Life in America.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: A fool and his money are soon married.

Because a man looks unhappy is no proof that he is married.

A woman can forgive herself a great many sins of commission if she has not the sin of omission in not having nice wavy hair.

A man who can't appreciate the good qualities of a rich wife probably would be suspicious of the soundness of a government bond.

Man's point of vie was to his mother-in-law will always be influenced more or less by how much money she has to leave and how many children to leave it to.

Who Jones Is.

Crookston Journal: The Duluth News-Tribune asks, "Who is this Ray W. Jones, of Hennepin, who is being groomed by Ralph Wheelock for lieutenant governor?" His latest "claim" to fame is one preferred by the government for illegally cutting $20,000 or $30,000 worth of timber while logging on the border of the White Earth reservation, and the last heard of him he was in Washington attempting to compromise the matter and get it off the records.

Fire Laughs at Human Skill.

Indianapolis Journal: During January the "devouring element" cost the country over $15,000,000, and yet nobody seems to be able to devise remedies beyond recommending the increase of fire apparatus.

Here They Are!

The New Hats for Spring 1902.



The "FLORODORA," $2.50, $3.00, $3.50.

SPRING DERBYS, $2.00 to $5.00.

If you want a hat that suits you—one that looks as if the maker had you in mind when he made it—come in and let us show it to you. We've almost every kind of a spring hat. Exclusive in every respect save price.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125 and 127 West Superior St.

Williamson & Mendenhall.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.
TUESDAY, Mar 4. Kemper Wagenhals & Kemper present
AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRICAL ORGANIZATION
MODJESKA & JAMES
And An Incomparable Company in
"Henry VIII" With special music by Carl Busch.
MME. MODJESKA as - - QUEEN KATHERINE
MR. JAMES as - - - - CARDINAL WOLSEY
Two Carloads of Special Scenery. Fifty people. The most complete, sumptuous and scholastic production ever shown in this city.
PRICES—Dress Circle, $1.50; Parquet, $1.50 and $1.00; Family Circle, 75c; Balcony, 50c.

STAR LECTURE COURSE,
FIRST M. E. CHURCH.
The Pictorial Story of the Passion Play of Oberammergau
Authorized by Joseph (Christus) Mayr, Burgomaster of Oberammergau.
Motion Pictures and Colored Views.
By JOHN JAY LEWIS.
The apostle of the Passion Play in America, given by Dr. Lewis more than two thousand times to more than two million people.
John R. Bartruff, Expert Operator.
Wednesday Evening, March 5.
Seats on sale at Chamberlain & Taylor's Monday. Price 50 cents.

LULLABY CONCERT
Pilgrim Cong. Church, March 3.
Charming lullabies will be sung in costume by Mrs. Knebel, Justine Shannon Black, Mrs. Berryman, Miss Theodorian Black, Mrs. Berryman, Miss Theodorian Black, Mrs. Berryman, Miss Theodorian

In the Game of Life Hearts are Trump.



"Leading Cards" or "Long Suit"
may get a Trick Now or Then
but Without good Trumps You Can't Win.

When Bobbie Burns sang:

"The heart aye's the part aye

That makes us right or wrang,"

he referred to the mythical seat of the emotions, but the lines are quite applicable to the bundle of muscles that every moment of our lives pumps the blood current throughout our bodies and only entirely rests with that long sleep that knows no waking.

The heart, so small that a cat could eat it at one meal, forcing the blood stream around its current moves approximately about two barrels of blood every hour or nearly six tons of blood each day, averaging more than a beat each second from before the infant draws the first breath to the last sigh of departing life.

When the heart ceases to labor, animation, warmth and life itself soon departs. How expedient then it becomes to keep this faithful slave, that works night and day that we may live, in the best possible condition—that we remove influences that will derange, weaken, or embarrass it.

Real or organic diseases of the heart are always dangerous and frequently fatal. Fortunately most disturbances noticed in and about the heart are functional, usually reflex or sympathetic ills, that will disappear as soon as their exciting cause, which is most frequently stomach trouble, is righted.

Organic or structural heart disease is difficult and many times even impossible to cure, but functional disturbances of a sympathetic or reflex nature are easy to cure. Functional wrongs, which are easy to cure, may if neglected eventually induce organic disease that is both exceedingly dangerous and difficult of cure, therefore the wise will seek early relief for every disturbance they may notice about the heart.

Three-fourths of all cases of disturbed heart function are due to stomach trouble and may be entirely cured by taking Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets after meals.

Branches of the same nerves (the sympathetic and the pneumogastric nerve) go to both heart and stomach and through this nerve supply the two organs are in close proximity. Any unnatural irritation about the stomach may through sympathy by nerve connection produce a reflex disturbance of the heart characterized by either pain, oppression, irregularity, palpitation or fluttering, momentary stopping—the missing of one or more beats, etc.

Another way poor digestion may cause heart disturbances is because the gas due to the fermentation or partially digested food so distends the stomach as to cause pressure on the heart and interfere with its freedom of action. In this condition there may be a sensation of heaviness and oppression, short breath, smothered sensation and weak action of the heart, to which may be added any of the symptoms of sympathetic or reflex nervous disturbances.

Again the products of decomposition, due to insufficient digestion, being absorbed into the blood poison the heart, as indeed they do every other organ they reach.

This shows the wisdom of attending to the stomach whenever heart disturbance is noticed. For this purpose the most convenient, economical and efficient remedy is Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, as they can be obtained at every drug store at 50 cents a box, are easy to carry and take and will effectually correct every form of faulty digestion.

It is time enough to consult a heart specialist when you find Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets haven't removed all the symptoms of heart disturbance you experience. For functional wrongs of the heart you will find, in over seven cases in ten, that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are all the medicine you need.

Dr. Jennison says: "Nine-tenths of the people who apply to me for treatment for various ailments I find on close examination have stomach trouble. For such patients I have but one prescription. I tell them to go to the nearest drug store for a 50-cent box of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets and to take a tablet before and after each meal. So great is my confidence in the preparation that if they do not cure I know of nothing that will."

Dr. Hartzmann states that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets cure dyspepsia and weak stomachs because they digest whatever wholesome food is taken into the stomach. They do not act on the bowels like cathartics, but by digesting the food thoroughly and quickly, giving the stomach a chance to rest and recover its natural strength which it will invariably do after a course of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.



Storage, Packing and Moving — Employ none but experienced men
Responsible for all breakages. Reasonable in prices.
Get estimates before moving.

DULUTH FUEL & TRANSFER COMPANY.



"Do I Catch Your Eye?"

Is a toast used by some people—means, of course, have I your attention? Well, we want you to know about "MOOSE BRAND BEER." It will do you good to know about it, more good to drink it. We supply it in cases of two dozen bottles at your door, if you like. A penny postal will serve for your order.

Duluth Brw'g & Malting Co.
Either 'Phone 241.

HAWAII.

Navy Department Begins Actual Work at Pearl Harbor.

Honolulu, Feb. 21.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—The navy department has begun actual work at Pearl harbor. A large dredger is now being used to deepen the entrance to the harbor.

Kealuekuna bay, a place of interest as the place of the earliest definitely recorded landing of whites on these islands and the scene of the killing of the English explorer, Capt. Cook, has been chosen as the site of the terminus of the Kona-Kau railway, now being built. The road will eventually be extended to the volcano Kilauea, where it will meet a proposed extension of the Hilo railway, completing a circuit of the island of Hawaii. The Merchants' association of Honolulu has adopted resolutions asking the aid of the federal government to put Honolulu in first-class sanitary condition, as was done by the government in the case of Havana and other places in the island of Cuba and the new possessions. The transport Grant arrived here on the 17th after a very rough trip from San Francisco, bad weather delaying her over a day. She left on the 19th, continuing her journey to Manila.

Mme. Genivevе Johnson Bishop, the operatic singer, who arrived by the Selrra to take part in a presentation of "The Mesiah," met with an accident two days after arriving here, breaking her arm in two places. She tripped on an unobserved rise in a sidewalk and fell heavily.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

A BIG TRUST.

Organization of the Corn Products Company Is Completed.

New York, March 3.—Permanent organization of the $80,000,000 Corn Products company, known as the glucose-starch combination, has been effected by the election of the following directors: C. H. Matthiessen, W. J. Calhoun, Joy Morton, Edward Wemple, Norman B. Ream, E. O. Matthiessen, E. T. Bedford, E. V. Hoiget and Benjamin Graham.

The board organized by electing these officers: C. H. Matthiessen, president and chairman of the executive committee; W. J. Calhoun, vice president; Joy Morton, second vice president; Edward Wemple, secretary; Benjamin Graham, treasurer.

There are still o few vacancies in the list of directors.

Mr. Matthiessen, who was chosen president of the new corporation, has been long identified with the glucose-starch trade, and has been president of the Glucose Sugar Refining company several years.

It is believed the former competitive policy will be done away with, and that the trade will be placed on a firm basis.

The underwriting money, amounting to about $4,500,000, which was paid in, will be devoted in part to the purchase of some of the smaller plants, which are not to have their stock exchanged for the stock of the larger company. The working capital of the new company at at outset will be in excess of $5,000,000.

Creamy essence of sweet flowers, healing balsams and milk of plants, describes dainty Satin-Skin Cream. 25c.

THE NEW COUNCIL

Inaugural Meeting Tonight But Organization Will Not Take Place.

Peculiar Provision of the New Charter In This Respect.

Council to Organize March 11---Some Matters to Come Up.

For the first time in Duluth's history a new council will tonight hold its inaugural meeting under an old oranization.

This is one of the "features" of the new charter. It provides that newly elected city officers shall take their seats on the first day of March, but that the council shall not organize till the second Tuesday in March.

This necessitates an extra meeting for organization purposes on March 11. At this meeting, too, the mayor is to make known his appointments in case he decides to make them before knowing the decision of the courts on the election contest.

However, the organization next week will not change anything, but the committees. Vice President Haven, who presides until the organization is perfected, will, in all probability, be elected president of the new council. He is a Republican and represents the South ward.

City Clerk Cheadle will be re-elected without opposition. He will reappoint Axel Zimmerman, deputy city clerk, and John Connelly, stenographer.

The council will also elect a city sealer of weights and measures next week. There are six candidates for this office, but the indications are that it will go to Noble Sampson, who has held the office for the past ten years.

Few new councils have had such important business thrust at them as that which meets tonight for many times. There is the wine room ordinance. The new aldermen resent the action of the old council in leaving that a legacy to them for the very first meeting. Feeling this way about an effort will undoubtedly be made to postpone action on this ordinance for several weeks.

City Clerk Cheadle, at the request of the committee on ordinances and resolutions, has written to the secretary of the League of American Municipalities, asking for general information on the wine room legislation in other cities. The fact that this information is sought for may be of sufficient excuse to postpone acting on the ordinance.

The new council also has the 25-year franchise of the Highland Canal and Power company to act on. This, however, is not likely to come up this evening. It is probable that merely routine business will be handled until after the organization a week from tomorrow night.

The councilmen beginning the new term tonight are:

Marcus B. Cullum, Democrat, from the First ward. He has been out of the council but one year. He succeeds Samuel H. Rothermal, Republican.

In the Second ward Theodore Krumsieg succeeds himself, and will probably retain his old important places on the leading committees. Mr. Krumsieg is a Democrat.

In the Third ward, Joseph Mannheim, a Democrat, comes back to the council after an absence of eight or ten years. He succeeds Jas. L. Cromwell, Republican.

In the Fourth ward Thomas Trevillon succeeds himself for the sixth consecutive time. If he serves the present term out he will have put in twelve years straight in the council. Mr. Trevillion is a Republican.

In the Fifth ward William E. McEwen, Democrat, makes his maiden appearance as an alderman. He succeeds Victor Johnson, Republican.

In the Sixth ward Eric Olson, Republican, is his own successor, as is Alderman Haven, Republican, in the Seventh.

William E. Kern will make his maiden appearance as an alderman from the Eighth. Mr. Kern is a Democrat, and last year he came within three votes of being elected.

The Grip Follows the Snow.

It can be prevented and the worst cases cured in two days by taking Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. E. W. Grove's signature on box.

BUYS A BANK.

Hamilton H. Peyton to Engage In Business at Proctorknott.

Hamilton H. Peyton has bought the private banking and insurance business of Frank Blackmarr at Proctorknott, and will take charge of the business next Wednesday. Mr. Peyton has been in the American Exchange bank, of which his father is president, and in the bank of his brother, B. Murray Peyton, at Superior. His bank will have intimate connections with the American Exchange and large resources for handling business. He has also bought the building in which the bank is located, and will make his home at Proctorknott. Mr. Peyton's experience in Duluth and Superior has been invaluable training for him, and it is considered that he engages in business for himself under the most favorable conditions and with the most hopeful prospects.

JUBILEE

Of the Pope Commemorated In All Catholic Churches.

New York, March 3.—The jubilee of Pope Leo XIII, which began yesterday, will be commemorated in all Catholic churches. Masses in each church will be said today. After the last mass a Te Deum will be sung in thanksgiving for the prolonged conservation of the pope's life and health.

In the evening a meeting will be held under the presidency of Archbishop Corrigan and will be addressed by Bourke Cockran. Plans for the celebration of the pope's jubilee in this country had been generally remanded, but they will now speedily be got under way in conformity with suggestions in a letter received by Cardinal Gibbons from the pope's vicar general.

CHICAGO'S PROGRAM

For the Reception and Entertainment of Prince Henry.

Elaborate Preparations Made With True Western Hospitality.

Will Receive Governor Van Sant on Tuesday Forenoon.

Chicago, March 3.—Prince Henry of Prussia will arrive in Chicago at 6:30 o'clock this evening and will straightway enter upon a round of entertainments as strenuous as Western hospitality can make it. The program follows:

TODAY.

Arrives at union depot 6:30 p. m.
Banquet at Auditorium, 7 p. m.
Choral festival, First regiment armory, 9 p. m.
Grand ball at Auditorium, 10:30 p. m.
Leave ball, 2 a. m.

TOMORROW.

Breakfase (probably privte), 8 a. m.
Time to be spent as prince desires; reception of Governor Van Sant of Minnesota, 9 to 11 a. m.
Lays wreath on Lincoln's statue, 11:30 a. m.
Luncheon at Germania club, 12 noon.
Reception at Germania club, 3 p. m.
Departs for Milwaukee.
Returns 12 midnight.
Leaves for East 12:30 a. m.

Preparations for the entertainment of the prince have been elaborate; precautions for his safety are complete. Hundreds of workmen were busy today, decorating buildings along streets over which the distinguished visitor will pass, and cleaning the pavement, while a small army of skiled artisans were putting the finishing touches on the splendid draperies and symbolic designs in the various halls where he will be entertained. Prince Henry upon his arrival will be presented with the freedom of the city by Mayor Harrison, after which he will be driven through a gauntlet of German-American citizens carrying torches to his apartments in the Auditorium hotel. The suit reserved for the prince contains four rooms, while fifty additional rooms have been set apart for his servants, his military escort and distinguished men in his party. The ball tonight will be the crowning feature of the program. The committee's program allows the prince only six hours sleep tonight, but in addition the time between 9 and 11 a. m. tomorrow has been left open to the visitor's pleasure. It is expected, however, that he will find a few minutes in which to receive Governor Van Sant of Minnesota and a committee who have an address from German-American citizens to present.

According to Professor Cox, the weather forecaster, the temperature tonight will be slightly below the freezing point, but with no rain or snow of any consequence. For tomorrow the weather will bo warmer with showers or snow flurries.

WOULD SMASH THE CLUB.

If members of the "Hay Fever association" would use Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, the club would go to pieces, for it always cures this malady, and Asthma, the kind that baffles the doctors—it wholly drives from the system. Thousands of once-hopeless sufferers from Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis owe their lives and health to it. It conquers Grip, saves little ones from Croup and Whooping Cough and is positively guaranteed for all Throat and Lung troubles. 50c, $1.00. Trial bottles free by W. A. Abbett, druggist.

ACTIVE PART

In Affairs Will Be Taken By King and Queen.

New York, March 3.—Since the period of mourning for Queen Victoria expired, King Edward and Queen Alexandra have shown that it is their intention to take an active part in the affairs of the nation, says a Tribune dispatch from London. West England is eagerly looking forward to a visit from their majesties in the end of this week. On Friday the king and queen will leave Marlborough house for Dartmouth, and his majesty will formally lay the foundation stone for the new naval college there, and the following day they will proceed to Devonport to be present at the launching of the battleship Queen.

The christening ceremonies will, of course, be performed by her majesty. The prince and princess of Wales also will visit West England this week in order to take part in the public ceremonies.

BEWARE

of the Quack Doctor's Remedy, "Indian Root and Herb Mixture," or "Great Hindoo Medical Wonder," for the cure of Blood, Catarrh, Rheumatism and Gout troubles.

MEDERINE

is prepared from the formula of an eminent physician, a regular graduate of Bellevue Hospital Medical College, New York, and compounded by one of the largest pharmaceutical houses in the world. MEDERINE is a guarantee cure for all forms of Blood Diseases, all kinds of Catarrh, Rheumatism and Gout. We guarantee to forfeit One Hundred Dollars for any of these complaints that MEDERINE fails to cure—such is our faith in the remedy, based on cures made.

WHAT THE FIRST BOTTLE DID.

JAMES McGOVERN,
State Oil Inspector, District 61,
West Superior, Wis.

MEDERINE REMEDY CO.

It took only two bottles of MEDERINE to cure me of Rheumatism of the shoulder. The first bottle reduced the pain and swelling and the second cured me. Still it took two more bottles to cleanse my system of the disease.

JAMES McGOVERN.

For Sale on Our Guarantee by

ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

MEDERINE is the only remedy that cures sick Stomachs and Morning Coughing and Vomiting Spells. Catarrh of the Head, Throat and Stomach is the cause. Two bottles does the work. Write for Mederine Journal of Health. It explains everything. MEDERINE REMEDY CO., WEST SUPERIOR, WIS.



W. B. ERECT FORM CORSETS

The first day of wearing gives as much comfort as all other corsets you have worn gave after weeks of use.

They are so beautifully contoured that not a ridge is apparent through your dress; so sensible in construction that not the least strain upon the breast or abdomen is possible. For these reasons W. B. Erect Form Corsets are the world's best. They keep the shoulders back and present the figure in an Erect queenly attitude. There is a Special Erect Form for YOUR particular figure.

Erect Forms 973 and 701 For medium figures. Fairly low busted—medium hip. Sizes 18 to 30. **$1.00.**

Erect Form 974 is like 973, but is made of fine coutil. Sizes 18 to 30. **$1.50.**

Erect Form 959 *Improved*, for average figures. Of French coutil. Sizes 18 to 30. **$2.00.**

Erect Form 966 For developed figures. Low bust and long hip. Sizes 18 to 36. **$3.00.**

Erect Form 962 For stout figures. Long over abdomen and hips. **$2.50.**

Erect Form 970 For medium figures. Made like 973. Of light batiste. In white. Sizes 18 to 30. **$1.00.**

Erect Form 972 In white batiste. Has extreme low "V" bust. Extra long over hips and abdomen. Sizes 18 to 30. **$1.50.**

SPECIAL! The New Long Hip Erect Form

Not only is the corset of good length, but extra pieces at the side case in the hips, producing a perfectly smooth effect. Two models are now ready. For average figures.

Erect Form 711 at $2.00. Erect Form 713 at $4.00.

Your dealer will supply you. If he does not carry the models you desire, mention his name and forward the price direct to

WEINGARTEN BROS., Largest Manufacturers of Corsets in the World
377-379 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

No other Corset can take the place of the W. B. Erect Form. Accept no substitute.

WEIGHTY REASONS

(Continued from page 1.)

iron properties was, and the consequence was that they escaped with a very light assessed valuation. Now everybody knows that they are of great value, and when the St. Louis county board of equalization meets this summer it will raise the assessed valuation of the mines immensely. If that body does not raise it enough, the state board will undoubtedly raise it more, for State Auditor Dunn has promised to see that the mines are assessed for $30,000,000 this year.

That would give a tax of $750,000, and Mr. Jacobson boasts that his law will bring in $600,000.

The proof of the statement that a flat tonnage rate will never raise as much as a valuation tax is simple. There are all grades of ore, with a great divergence in their values. A tonnage rate high enough to produce a revenue of $75,000 would be unconstitutional as to two-thirds of the ores in Minnesota, because it would tax them all out of proportion to the way other properties are taxed. The rate would be proper on the higher grades of ore, but they are a small proportion of the ore deposits of the state, and a tonnage rate that would produce as much revenue as can be made by a valuation tax would never stand in the courts.

And this is leaving out of consideration altogether the question whether any tonnage tax is constitutional at the present time. The members of the tax commission and many other good lawyers say it is not.

Another strong argument against the tonnage tax is its instability. If the mines produced 1,000,000 tons of ore this year, a 5-cent tonnage tax would give $600,000. There is a good demand for iron now, and doubtless the shipments will be large. If they were as large next year the same revenue would result. If on the following year the demand for ore ceased or lessened, the production might drop to 8,000,000 tons, and the tax would only be $200,000.

It would be utterly impossible for the county and its local subdivisions to prepare for such changes as these. The middle of a fiscal year might find their coffers empty, with no way of filling them again, and that would mean the closing of the schools, the suspension of the courts, and a general carnival of crime and ignorance, simply because Jacobson, of Lac Que Parle, pushed through the legislature a pet measure, the only excuse for which was that he or somebody else might gain a temporary aggrandizement.

Still another objection is that if the iron companies fought the tax in the courts they could hold it up for two, three or four years, and in the meantime the county and its municipalities would have no revenue. Ultimately, of course, the money would be forthcoming, but during the wait there would be financial troubles such as no part of Minnesota ever saw before.

The ores in the various mines of St. Louis county are used for various purposes, depending on their composition and the proportions of iron and phosphorus in their make-up. Sometimes there is a particular demand for the ore from a certain mine, and again it may not be needed for a time. If the taxes came from the mines only when they were worked there would be another difficulty in the event of the temporary closing down of the mines from which some of the municipalities of St. Louis county draw their support. The schools of Hibbing, for instance, could only run so long as the mines of that village were operated. When the mines closed down for a greater or less period, stagnation would necessarily follow. When the valuation tax is in effect, the revenue keeps coming, regardless of the operation of the mines.

What is the state's interest in this matter, that there should be such great anxiety to force upon St. Louis county a method of taxation that not one resident of the county has asked for or wants. If the tonnage tax raised $600,000, the state would get about $60,000. That would reduce the state tax that much, of course, but when the reduction is distributed all over the state the share of any one county would be exceedingly small.

The mines should pay their share of taxes. They are not paying their share now. But they never will pay their share under a tonnage tax, that foolish system that has been rejected wherever it has been tried, and that is not now in effect in any state of the Union.

This year's meetings of the county and state boards of equalization will be the first time there has been an opportunity to properly assess the iron mines. Until the ordinary method of taxation has been tried and found wanting, there is no reason for introducing a new system, especially one that will never accomplish the same results as the old one.

It might be suggested that the tax be graded according to the value of the ores. That would be proper, perhaps, were it not for the danger that no ore would be found to come under any rate but the lowest.

St. Louis county, whose interest is as nine to one against all the rest of the state, protests against it. It will be a sacrifice of the interests of one of the most important counties of the state if this vicious system becomes a law.

* * *

It is a favorite pastime of some of the members of the legislature from the southern part of the state to allege that St. Louis county does not pay taxes.

As to promptness, the taxes of St. Louis county have been paid up to 95 per cent and over during the past few years, and there are few counties of the state that can make the same showing.

As to amount, the showing is remarkable.

St. Louis county, with one-twenty-one of the population of the state, pays one-thirteenth of the state tax.

Hennepin county, with one-eighth of the population, pays one-eighth of the state tax.

Ramsey county, with one-tenth of the population, pay one-eleventh of the tax.

The state tax per capita is $1.57.

St. Louis county pays $2.28 per capita; Hennpin county pays $1.88 per capita; Ramsey county pays $1.42 per capita; Rice county pays $1.13 per capita, and Goodhue county pays $1.12 per capita. There is not a county in the state whose per capita state tax equals that of St. Louis county.

Besides that, the state gets revenues from the iron mines and timber of St. Louis county that reduce the state tax. The state gets $5000 a year from the vessel taxes on vessels enrolled at Duluth. There are two railroads in St. Louis county that pay $200,000 a year to the state. Besides these roads the other railroads entering Duluth have immensely valuable terminals, and if the gross earnings taxes on railroads were distributed to the various counties in proportion to the amount of railroad property in each, St. Louis county would get one-fifth.

This is the county that is the object of the spite and venom of certain member of the legislature, and the butt of every legislative dmagogue that would make laurels for himself by passing measures that will not hurt his own communities, but will make noise through the state that he hopes will redound to his advantage.

* * *

"This taxation business is a queer proposition," said a member of the legislature the other day. "It is all right just so you tax the other fellow."

This is a case where St. Louis county is "the other fellow" to all the rest of the state.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

For cuts, burns and bruises DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is unequalled. Draws out the fire, stops the pain, soon heals the wound. Beware of dangerous counterfeits. Sure cure for piles. Max Wirth.

HARBOR BILL.

Its Features Made Public By the House Committee.

Washington, March 3.—The river and harbor bill was completed Saturday and the items made public. Unusual interest attaches to the measure this year, as last year passed without a river and harbor bill. The total carried by the measure completed Saturday is $80,700,000. Of this total $24,000,000 is in cash and $56,700,000 is in continuing contracts, available July 1, 1903. The total is about $2,000,000 more than the bill which was "talked to death" during the final hours of the last congress.

A new departure in this year's bill is the grouping of a number of small rivers and harbors. For instance, four harbors, five rivers and one creek on the eastern shore of Maryland are put into a single group, with $6,000 for the lot. The surveys have not been completed, but among those already inserted in the bill is that of $200,000 for the survey of the proposed deep water channel from Lake Michigan to the Mississippi river, utilizing the Chicago drainage canal, and thence to the gulf.

Authority is given for continuing the lock and dam improvement between the Twin Cities. No appropriation is made available at this time, the balance now available being sufficient to continue work for the next two years.

Assurance is given by the committee that further appropriation will be made when necessary. The sum of $250,000 is appropriated for the reservoirs at the head waters of the Mississippi river, and $400,000 in cash and $1,200,000 for continuing contracts are allowed for that portion of the Mississippi from the mouth of the Missouri river to St. Paul. The committee adopts the project for the improvement of the Wisconsin entrance to the Duluth-Superior harbor. A direct appropriation of $100,000 is made and the diversion from the fund appropriated for the Duluth entrance of $258,000, making a total of $358,000 available for the Superior entrance. The sum of $10,000 is allowed for the Red River of the North in Minnesota. For the Missouri river, above Sioux City, $30,000 is allowed, and on the Missouri, below Sioux City, $50,000 will be expended. The sum of $5000 each is allowed Agate bay and Grand Marais in Minesota and $5000 for the St. Croix river in Minesota and Wisconsin.

A household necessity—Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Heals burns, cuts, wounds of any sort; cures sore throat, croup, catarrh, asthma; never fails.



DISEASES OF MEN

VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, Piles, Fistula, Hydrocele, Cancer, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranted in from 10 to 30 days. Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the Mouth or Throat, Unhealthy Discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by the new remedies with never failing success.

YOUNG MEN Suffering from the effects of indiscretion or excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Consumption, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental worry or overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES All forms of Female Weakness, Debility, Pain in the Back and Loins, Ovarian and Womb Troubles, speedily and permanently cured. Office private; no exposure; consultation free. If in trouble, write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 12 m.

DR. T. J. PIERCE, 5 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

WHEAT IS WEAKER

Market Starts Lower, Has an Upward Turn and Reacts.

Cables Lower, Weather Favorable and Moderate Decrease In Visible.

Flax Trading Light But the Market Shows Strength.

Duluth Board of Trade, March 3.—The wheat market started out lower this morning, sold up sharply but again declined and ruled dull. The opening weakness was due to bearish news, the cables being lower, the weather in the winter wheat region favorable, and the government report showing generally fine conditions for the crops, while the amount of breadstuffs on passage showed an increase of 1,808,000 bus, and the world's shipments were 7,142,000 bus, against 6,881,000 bus last week and 7,275,000 bus last year.

The Liverpool market closed 5d lower. Paris was weaker and Antwerp was ⅝c higher.

The visible supply of wheat showed a decrease of 282,000 bus, as compared with a decrease of 1,021,000 bus the week previous and a decrease of 362,000 bus a year ago. Primary receipts were 560,000 bus, last year, 1,052,893 bus. Shipments, 151,000 bus; last year, 195,600 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour were 288,000 bus.

Corn gave promise of some considerable strength during the morning, but fell off later and closed at a decline of ⅜@¾c. Oats also were weak, closing ¾@⅞c off. The visible supply of corn decreased 496,000 bus, against a decrease of 433,000 bus the previous week and an increase of 1,586,000 bus a year ago. Primary receipts were 490,000 bus, last year 1,189,000 bus. Shipments were 179,500 bus, last year 213,000 bus. The world's shipments of corn were 3,352,000 bus, last week 2,760,000 bus, last year 4,501,000 bus. Clearances were 20,382 bus. The amount on passage increased 480,000 bus.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 476 cars, and at Chicago, 26, a total of 502 cars, against 247 last week and 794 last year.

The Duluth market up to shortly before the noon hour was very quiet, but there was some increase in wheat trading after that, and the volumes for the day was fair. The opening was 5c off at 74⅞c. From that point it sold up to 75¾c within ten minutes and then fell to 75c by 10 o'clock. It rallied to 75⅞c at 11:30 and then declined to the close, which was ⅝c off at 74¾c. Minneapolis declined the same and Chicago ¾c.

The opening of the week brought no change in cash prices, which continued at 1½c under May for No. 1 northern, 4c under for No. 2 and 6c under for No. 3. Sales were 90,000 bus.

Flax was very quiet and despite a weak opening was strong. The market opened 1c off at $1.67, sold quickly to $1.68¾ and held steady until the close. When there was considerable bidding and the market closed at $1.69, an advance of ½c. To arrive sold advanced the same amount and cash 1c. Rye declined 2c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—Cash No. 1 hard, 76¾c; No. 1 northern 73¾c; No. 2 northern, 70¾c; No. 3 spring, 68¾c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 76¾c; No. 1 northern, 73½c; May, 74⅝c; July, 75¾-¾c. Manitoba—No. 1 northern, cash, 71c; May, 73¼c; No. 2 northern, 67¾c. Oats, 42c. Rye, 54c. Barley, 49@56c. Flax, to arrive, $1.67; cash, $1.66; May, $1.69. Corn, 60½c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 188; last year, 101; corn, 1; oats, 1; barley, 1; flax, 12.

Receipts—Wheat, 129,882 bu; barley, 2542; flax, 6912.

Shipments: Wheat, 000 bu; flax 4416.

Close, wheat, March, 73¾c; May, 76@¼c; July, 76⅝@¾c; September, 75⅝c. Corn, March, 39½c; May, 61¼@⅜c; July, 60@⅝c; September, 58¾c. December, 47½c. Oats, March, 42⅝c; May, 44½c; July, 35⅛c; September, 30¼c. Pork, March, $15.10; May, $15.20; July, $15.30. Lard, March, $9.20; May, $9.35; July, $9.45; September, $9.55. Ribs, March, $8.25; May, $8.35; July, $8.47½; September, $8.60. Flax, cash, Northwestern, $1.69; May, $1.69. Rye, March, Dec 54½c; May, 58c; July, 58c. Barley, cash, 58@63c. Timothy, March, $6.40. Clover, March, $8.80. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 81½@83½c; No. 3 red, 79½@80½c; No. 2 hard winter, 75¼@76½c No. 3 hard winter, 75@76c; No. 1 northern spring, 76½@78½c; No. 2 northern spring, 75½@76½c; No. 3 spring, 70@73c. Corn, No. 3, 58¾@59c. Oats, No. 2, 44¼@44½c; No. 3, 43¾@44c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

The weather map this morning shows continued lack of moisture in the Southwest. There is no precipitation this morning in Kansas, Texas or Oklahoma, and there was none yesterday. Temperatures are under freezing in the extreme North. Light snows or rains yesterday from Missouri eastward; cloudy this morning northwest. Clear in Kansas, Texas and Oklahoma. Light rains in Ohio valley.

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Broomhall cables: Total world's shipments of breadstuffs during past week 8,416,000 bus; of that quantity the United Kingdom took 3,328,000 bus.

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W. H. Bartlett, of Chicago: I think corn and oats should be bought on all soft spots. The weather conditions are very unfavorable for any movement. Country roads are impassible and more rain is predicted for tomorrow through the corn belt.

• • •

Harris, Gates & Co., Chicago: A letter from our correspondent at Gallatin, Tenn., says: "The wheat crop in this state is badly damaged. I had hoped these complaints from various parts of our state, and had every reason to believe, were much exaggerated, but after a personal investigation, find it far worse than I had supposed, many fields being wiped out completely. The writer is preparing to plow up a field of this kind, and one thing I can rely upon, Tennessee canot raise over 40 per cent of a normal crop this year."

• • •

Chicago: Both Counselman and Brosseau cabled their Paris correspondents to ascertain what truth there might be in the St. Louis story of a proposed reduction in the French duty on American wheat, and the answers received by both were the same, substantially denials that there had been any consideration of such reduction.

• • •

Harris, Gates & Co., Chicago: A letter from a correspondent at Callender, Tenn., says: "Since the snow has disappeared, and the wheat fields are exposed to view, they present a scene of desolation never before known. It is now certain that all of the middle and late sowing amount to about 75 per cent of the entire crop. The early sowing is injured to some extent, but I think there is enough left, with favorable weather, to make a fair yield."

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A. H. Farnum's Chicago morning gossip: Wheat—The March government report on wheat is favorable. It says the crop as a whole in Kansas and Nebraska is in prime condition. The Southwest got no moisture over Sunday. The shipping demand is rather poor. Speculative interest in the market is not very active, business being restricted and news curtailed by bad wire service.

Corn—Four men sat in this office Saturday afternoon. The aggregate of their sales of corn Saturday was 3,000,000 bus, and, of course, others sold freely. Snow denies having said the government would probably show 300,000,000 bus corn. He apparently expects it will be 400,000,000. On any weak market I advise you to buy corn.

Oats—There are likely to be a good many flurries in the oats market like that on Saturday, and on some of them the market is likely to sell higher

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, March 3.—Close, wheat, May, 81⅞c; July, 81¾c. Corn, May, 66⅝c; July, 65¾c.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, May wheat, 72¾-7⅝c to 72⅝-¾c.
Calls, May wheat, 73⅝c to 73¼c.
Curb, May wheat, 73-⅛c to 73c.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, March 3.—Wheat—Spot firm; 2 red western winter, 6s 1½d; 1 northern spring, 6s 1½d; futures quiet; March, 6s 1½d; May, 6s 1½d; July 6s 1d. Corn—Spot steady; American mixed (new), 5s 2d; American mixed (old), 5s 3d; futures steady; March 5s 1½d; May, 5s 1¾d. The imports of wheat into Liverpool last week were 62,600 quarters from Atlantic ports; none from Pacific ports; 35,000 from other ports. The imports of corn from Atlantic ports last week were 16,100 quarters.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	74⅜B	73¼	76¼-⅜	82⅜
High	75¼	73½	76½-⅝	82⅝
Low	74⅜B	73	76	81⅞-82
Close	74⅜B	73⅛	76-⅛A	81⅞
July—				
Open	76⅛B	74⅜A	76⅝-¾	82⅛-¼
High	76⅛-¼	74⅞	77	82¼
Low	75⅝-¾B	74⅜	76¾	81⅝-⅝
Close	75⅝-¾B	74⅜-½	76⅞-½	81⅝A

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	45¼@4½	61⅜	$15.47
High	45¾	61⅝	15.50
Low	44	61-⅛	15.30
Close	44⅛	61⅛-¼	15.30

GRAIN IN STORE

At Duluth Saturday, March 1, 1902:

	Bushels.
Wheat.	
1 hard	219,749
1 northern	3,858,499
2 northern	3,639,995
3 spring	339,128
No grade	224,648
Rejected	39,684
Special bin	3,911,969
Western	5,949
Afloat	510,748
Total	12,889,970
Increase	817,440
Coarse grains:	
Corn	141,343
Decrease	20,060
Oats	170,163
Increase	8,928
Rye	455,804
Increase	432
Barley	308,074
Increase	5,471
Flax	1,850,294
Increase	81,477

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report the past week the most active one of the season. Buyers were numerous and horses plentiful. North Dakota and Manitoba dealers were especially heavy buyers and the market slow and inactive. All indications are pointing towards a good trade this week. Values:

Drafters extra	$140@200
Drafters, choice	125@140
Drafters, common to good	115@125
Farm mares, extra	120@140
Farm mares, choice	100@120
Farm mares, common to good	60@100

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, March 3.—Cattle—Receipts 17,000, including 500 Texans; 10c to 15c higher. Good to prime steers, $6.00@7.35; poor to medium, $3.50@6.00; stockers and feeders, $2.25@5.00; cows, $1.25@5.00; heifers, $2.25@5.25; canners, $1.25@2.25; bulls, $2.50@4.00; calves, $2.50@6.00. Texans, $4.00@5.75.

Hogs—Receipts today, 25,000; tomorrow, 30,000; left over, 2489; 10c higher. Mixed and butchers, $5.55@6.50; good to choice heavy, $6.40@6.55; rough heavy, $6.10@6.35; light, $5.85@6.20; bulk of sales, $6.10@6.40.

Sheep—Receipts 16,000; sheep stronger; lambs, 10c higher. Good to choice wethers, $4.40@5.35; fair to choice mixed, $3.90@4.60; Western sheep, $4.50@5.75; native lambs, $4.50@6.50; Western lambs, $5.50@6.50.

Saturday: Receipts—Cattle, 255; hogs, 12,288; sheep, 692. Shipments—Cattle, 429; hogs, 2822; sheep, 600.

BROKER INSOLVENT.

Chicago, March 3.—William G. Wasmansdorff, a well-known Chicago stock broker, confessed insolvency in the United States district court today, scheduling $92,489 liabilities.

SMALLER.

Receipts of Grain In February Less Than Last Year.

Grain receipts at Duluth for the month of February showed a decrease of almost 900,000 bus from those of the same month a year ago.

If corn could be eliminated from the list, however, there would be an increase of not far from 2,000,000 bus. The short corn crop of the West last year is responsible for the decrease in February receipts. Wheat increased about one- and one-half million bus. Flax also showed a fine increase, something more than 400,000 bus. The total receipts and shipments for this year and last are as follows, the amounts of course being in bushels:

RECEIPTS.

	1901.	1902.
Wheat	760,561	2,212,648
Corn	2,111,228	525
Oats	85,169	16,929
Rye	21,286	2,375
Barley		36,824
Flax	43,651	469,949
Total	3,021,895	2,739,250

SHIPMENTS.

	1901.	1902.
Wheat	86,004	15,065
Corn	1,673	76,877
Oats	3,639	24,100
Rye	1,344	
Barley		4,794
Flax	23,405	127,577
Total	116,065	248,743

VON GRUM'S SWORD

Was Found at Railroad Depot at Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, March 3.—Chief of Police Dietsch has notified the Prince Henry party of the finding here on Sunday night, at the railroad depot, just after the departure of the visitors' train of a small sword, which seems to be the one that was reported lost at Chattanooga by Lieutenant Commander Von Grumm of the prince's suite.

TO CLOSE CANAL HEARINGS.

Washington, March 3.—The senate committee on interoceanic canals met today and decided to close all hearings this week. Senator Hanna has one or two witnesse who will probably be heard on Wednesday. The sub-committee appointed to investigate the legal questions involved in the Panama canal will report during the week.

GONE TO HONDURAS.

Middlesboro, Ky., March 3.—John Powers, a brother of ex-Secretary of State Powers, and under indictment, charged with conspiracy in the assassination of William Goebel, has gone to Honduras in Central America. Powers has been gone several months, but it was not publically known until today.

"My child is worth millions to me," says Mrs. Mary Bird of Harrisburg, Pa., "yet I would have lost her by croup had I not purchased a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure." One Minute Cough Cure is sure cure for throat and lung troubles. Absolutely safe. Acts immediately. Max Wirth.

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3 Chamber of Commerce Minneapolis, Duluth, Minn., Room A, Torrey Building.

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LOCAL STOCKS, ETC., QUOTED BY

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
BANKERS AND BROKERS.
112 Exchange Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

	Par.	Asked.	Bid.
First National bank	$100		$175
American Exchange bank	100	$135	....
First Nat'l bank, Superior	100	....	96
Calumet-Arizona Copper	10	3½	....
American Shipbuilding, Chicago			
bank, Superior	100	90	....
Leithhead Drug Co	100	....	90
Export O. & P. L. Co	1	.80	....
Zenith Oil Co., pfd	1	.16	....
Blue Grass Oil Co	1	.16	....
Brotherton Iron Co	25	5	4
Penn. Iron & Steel	100	....	....
American Shipbuilding Co	100	....	60
Great Lakes Towing Co	100	....	90
Minnesota Abrasive Co	1	....	....
Cons. Elev. Co. 1st pfd	100	....	103
Cons. Elev. Co 2nd pfd	100	....	95
Cons. Elev. Co. com	100	....	20
Country orders		....	Par.
Duluth Street railway, 5 per cent gold bonds	100	105	....

United States bonds bought and sold.

We also deal in real estate, commercial paper and mortgage loans, and act as agents for non-resident property owners and investors. Correspondence invited.

LAND SCRIP!
Can now supply Forest Reserve and Soldiers' Additionals.
H. W. COFFIN Manhattan Building

DULLNESS IN STOCKS

Gains Were Quite General Early But Were Partly Lost.

The Market Was Inclined to Sag on Profit-Taking.

No Conspicuous Feature In Dealings and Close Was Easy.

New York, March 3.—The opening dealings in stocks were on an unimportant scale and price changes were small and mixed. There was no conspicuous feature in the dealings. Different stocks of the same company in some cases moved in contrary directions.

Large purchases of Tennessee Coal advanced it 2¼ to 70⅞, and stiffened the market. There was a better inquiry for the leading stocks than for some time, and they sold well above Saturday's close. Sugar, Brooklyn Transit and Rock Island gained a point. In the inactive list improvements of a point or more were made by many stocks, including Northwestern, Peoria & Eastern, Consolidated Gas, Colorado Fuel, American Ice, Glucose pfd, trust receipts and Sloss-Sheffield Steel. Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis declined.

Traders took profits in the prominent stocks and prices gave way slightly. The losses were recovered later when Rock Island & Northwestern were pushed up 2½. St. Paul and Baltimore & Ohio then rose about a point. Colorado & Southern and second pfd, Continental Tobacco pfd, Denver & Rio Grande, Lake Erie & Western St. Joseph & Grand Island, Westinghouse Electric, American Grass Twine, Detroit Southern pfd, and the American Cotton Oil stocks advanced from 1 to 2 points and Lackawanna 2¼. Wheeling & Lake Erie second pfd, Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie and Colorado Fuel reacted 1@1½. Bonds were dull and firm.

The market continued to harden and gains reached 1@1¼ in Missouri Pacific, Southern Railway preferred, St. Joe & Grand Island first and second preferred, Canada Southern and Chicago & Eastern Illinois. Northwestern preferred rose 4¼ and jumped 3 points on a single transaction, Minneapolis, St. Paul & Soo preferred and Peoria & Eastern first preferred above a point. The market was dull and the majority of stocks moved narrowly.

The demand for grangers and Pacifics increased considerably and they all reached higher prices. Northwestern rose 3 points in all and St. Paul touched 164. Elsewhere improvements were slight, but the general market showed an undercurrent of strength. Illinois Central and M. & St. L. advanced over a point and some of the minor stocks which had been heavy earlier rallied.

Chicago & Northwestern extended its rise to 5, the preferred 6¼. Rock Island, General Electric, 3¼. Consolidated Gas, Terre Haute, 2; Chicago & Eastern Illinois, 2¾, and Westinghouse Electric, 1¾. There were gains of from 1 to 1¼ in Chicago & Alton, Chicago Great Western in which A. Iowa Central preferred and Glucose trust receipts. The market generally was inclined to sag on profit taking by room traders, Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie preferred lost 3¼; Great Northern preferred, 1¾, and Peoria & Eastern reacted 1¾. The closing was dull and easy, with some of the principal stocks a point below the best.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., room 4, Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close
Amalgamated Copper	70½	69⅝	69¾
Anaconda M. Co.	33	32½	33
Atchison	76	73¾	76½
do pfd	97	96⅞	97
Baltimore & Ohio	106	104⅜	104⅝
Brooklyn Transit	65¼	64	64⅝
Chesapeake & Ohio	46¾	46¼	46⅝
Chicago & Alton	36⅝	36⅜	36⅜
Chicago Great Western	88⅜	87⅛	88
Chicago Great Western, 2d pfd	25	24	24½
Erie common	38¼	37⅜	37⅝
do 1st pfd	68¼	68	68
do 2d pfd	55½	55¼	55¼
Great Northern pfd	184½	183½	183½
Louisville & Nashville	104⅜	103⅞	104⅛
Leather	11½	11½	11½
do pfd	81⅝	81½	81½
Manhattan Con	132¾	131⅞	131⅞
M., St. P. & S. Ste. M.	48⅞	47	47
do pfd	112	108⅜	109½
Missouri Pacific	100½	99⅝	99⅞
New York Central	162⅜	162¼	162⅜
Norfolk & Western	58	57½	57½
Ontario & Western	33½	33¼	33½
Pennsylvania Ry	151	150½	150⅝
Pacific Mail	47	46⅝	46⅞
People Gas	103⅜	100	100¼
Republic Iron & Steel	16⅜	16½	16¾
do pfd	71⅜	71½	71⅝
Reading	55⅞	55¼	55½
do 2d pfd	68	67⅜	68
Rock Island	165	162¼	165
Southern Railway	32⅞	32½	32⅞
do pfd	90⅜	89½	89⅝
Southern Pacific	64⅜	63⅝	64½
Sugar	129⅜	128⅝	128⅝
St. Paul	164	162¼	163½
T. C. & I.	70½	69	69½
Texas Pacific	41	40¾	41
Union Pacific	99⅜	98¾	99¼
do pfd	87½	87⅛	87⅛
U. S. Steel	45¾	43⅝	45⅜
do pfd.	93⅞	94¾	93
Wabash	24	23¾	24
do pfd	43½	43	43⅛
Western Union	90⅞	90½	90⅞
Wisconsin Central	21⅜	21⅛	21⅜
do pfd	43	43	43
Metropolitan	162¾	168	168¾
American Ice	28¾	27¾	27⅞

The total sales were 359,900 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

New York to Paine, Webber & Co.: Wall Street Journal says: "The decrease in Missouri Pacific earnings have begun to attract a little attention mainly because they are somewhat of an exception to the general rule of the times. People who speak for 'insiders,' however, say that these decreases are not important as they reflect mainly bad weather. They lay stress on the very favorable annual report which will shortly be issued by the company. Nevertheless street sentiment on the stock has been somewhat unfavorably affected by its action of late and by the somewhat professional aspect of the trading in it. There has been an impression moreover that inside stock has been coming out in one or two places."

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.—Telegraphic communication between New York and the interior is still very much interrupted and the market is most inactive and featureless. Traders seem to be bearish and look for weak spots in the market, but there is the same absence of selling pressure that has been noticeable for some time past. Long stocks do not seem to be for sale. Earnings of the leading properties continue to be favorable and money continues easy. Apart from some little complaint in the extreme southwest the crop outlook is on the whole fairly good, we see nothing in indications that stocks are not a purchase on the weak spots.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, March 3.—The cotton market opened steady with prices one point lower to a point higher and then eased off several points under realizing by room longs, who did like the appearance of the English market. Receipts at the ports, too, were larger than expected. May dropped back to 8.9 and was even offered at that figure. Then came Wall street and other buying orders which quickly sent the entire list above Saturday's final bids with shorts once more in a very uneasy frame of mind. Trading was fairly active.

At noon the market was very firm and net 5 to 7 points higher, with shorts badly frightened. Leading operators, however, were holding off for some reaction, contending that the rise had been too rapid for the genuine health of the market. Trading was very active on the late foreign rise.

Cotton spot closed quiet, ⅛ highed; middling uplands, 9; middling gulf, 9¼; sales, 29,818 bales.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by W. H. Laidley & Co., Spalding hotel:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	23	23½
Allouez	4	4½
Anaconda	32	32¼
Arcadian	8¼	8¾
Amalgamated	69¾	70
Arnold	75c	$1.00
Ashbed	....	25
Atlantic	30	32
Baltic	46½	46¾
Bingham	24½	25
Phoenix	3¼	4
Calumet & Hecla	600	620
Centennial	17½	18
Copper Range	70½	71½
Cochita	50c	60c
Dominion Coal	89	89½
Elm River	4½	4¾
Franklin	14	14½
Humboldt	....	50
Isle Royale	20½	21½
Mass	20¾	20½
Michigan	11½	12
Mohawk	36¾	37¼
Mayflower	2¼	5
Old Colony	3½	4
Old Dominion	22¾	22⅞
Osceola	75	76½
Parrot	32	33
Quincy	137	145
Rhode Island	3	3¼
Santa Fe	3¾	4
Tamarack	225	235
Tecumseh	....	2
Trimountain	105	110
Utah	24¼	24½
United States	17	17⅜
Victoria	6½	6¾
Winona	1	½
Wolverine	52	53
Washington	85	90
Wyandot	75c	1.25

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, March 3.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 reserve on the deposition of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $175,250,039; gold, $89,481,128; silver, $21,265,649; U. S. notes, $11,334,421; treasury notes of 1890, $157,514; national bank notes, $10,827,129; Total receipts this day, $1,965,439; total receipts this month, $3,380,351; total receipts this year, $63,581,816; total expenditures this day, $1,755,000; total expenditures this month, $3,055,660; total expenditures this year, $322,777,464; deposits in national banks, $114,857,769.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Feb. 3.—Close: Money on call, steady, at 2 to 2½ per cent; closing, 2@2¼ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4@4½ per cent; sterling exchange, firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87⅜@4.87¾ for demand and at $4.83½ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.86 and $4.88½; commercial bills, $4.84@4.84¾; bar silver, 55½c; Mexican dollars, 43¾c. Government bonds, steady; state bonds, inactive.

SUGAR REDUCED.

New York, March 3.—All grades of refined sugar were reduced 5 points today.

IRON MOUNTAIN.

Growing Demand For Low Grade Ore Lands.

Iron Mountain, Mich., March 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—The posting of a notice on Stephenson avenue, warning the police that complaint would be made to Judge Stone unless the laws were enforced in regard to the saloons and the Chicago & Northwestern which they are being conducted, has created quite a stir.

Revival services are being conducted in the Central M. E. church this week by Rev. Wilcox, pastor. These services have been carried on for the last month very successfully.

The present cold snap will be a little encouragement to loggers. Several of the smaller camps broke up during the recent thaw.

The recent purchase of the "Wick" lands in Cascade range has created much talk among the mine men. This fact proves more clearly that these lean ores will soon be in demand. The time is not far distant when men who have iron ore of low grade will find a ready market for it. A man who has a deposit of sellcious ore running above 40 per cent, can get a ready market for what was once counted of little value. Much of this ore is now being purchased. The newer furnaces produce a greater percentage than heretofore of the fine grained ores of the Mesaba range, better results being gotten from them when mixed with the Bessemer grades.

AFFLICTED PATERSON

(Continued From Page 1.)

factories and business houses along the river front will suffer.

Augusta, Ga., March 3.—Three lives were lost in the flood which swept down the Savannah river Saturday and Sunday. Burt Lloyd, a white man, fell from a freight car on a railroad bridge and was swept away. An unknown negro was carried off the trestle and the receding waters today disclosed the body of a negro boy near the foot of Mills street. The water has declined three feet from its highest mark. The city above Marberry street between Canal and the river was covered six inches to six feet.

The north side of Broad street was covered from Hawks Gully to McIntosh street. This includes the principal business district of the city. The water still covers Green, Jones and Reynolds streets. Many mills have been closed since Friday and the river is still too high for them to resume operations. Swamp crops of vegetables are completely ruined.

Chattanooga, Tenn., March 3.—The flood in the Tennessee river has nearly spent its force and the crest will be reached here at 6 o'clock tonight, with a tide of thirty-seven feet, which is four feet above the danger line. The Tennessee and its tributaries above this point are falling steadily.

The danger has not been as great as was anticipated on account of warnings given by the signal service.

Schenectady, N. Y., March 3.—The water in the Mohawk went down several feet yesterday, but rose again during the night and at 10 o'clock was 14.8 feet high.

Parkersburg, W. Va., March 3.—The Ohio river stage here at 8 a. m. today was 38.6 feet and was just creeping up into Ohio and Ann streets. South Parkersburg, Newport and Riverside are partly submerged. Probably a hundred families have been driven from their homes. It is predicted that by night the river will be falling here, having caused little loss. No trains are running on any part of the Ohio river division of the B. & O. The first train from the east since Friday arrived this morning in two sections.

Pittsburg, March 3.—The great flood is gone and the turbulent waters of the Allegheny, Monongahela and Ohio rivers are again within their natural channels. At noon the Allegheny marks registered twenty-four feet, a fall of eight feet four inches from the highest point. All danger is over and the districts affected by the high water are regaining their normal conditions. All the great mills have resumed their operations, or will be running as usual again within the next twenty-four hours.

Harrisburg, March 3.—The Susquehanna river has been gradually falling since midnight and no further damage is anticipated in this locality.

Paterson, N. J., March 3.—In the flooded district of Paterson are dozens of silk mills that must remain idle for the present and some of them for a considerable time to come. The suffering must necessarily be great among the hundreds employed in these establishments, many of them have large families depending upon them for support. There is no doubt that every effort will be made to start the mills as soon as it is possible to do so, but if the buildings are found to be undermined and the plants badly damaged much time must elapse before work can be resumed. The East Jersey Water company is by far the worst sufferer from the flood. The entire filtration plant of the company, the construction of which was almost complete, is wiped out. The contract price for the work was $800,000, all of which is lost to the company. In addition to this much of the intake of the company is destroyed and the probabilities are that in all the loss to the company will amount to a million and a half dollars.

A bridge at Dundee island, near Passaic, N. J., was washed away last night. It was reported that six persons were on the bridge and were drowned, but their names could not be learned.

Richmond, Va., March 3.—The flood in the James river is gradually subsiding and by tonight all inconveniences caused by the high water will have passed.

There has been no great property damage, but the delay to railroad and street car traffic has caused the suspension of a large amount of business.

Atlanta, Ga., March 3.—The train service has been resumed on most lines entering Atlanta, which were crippled during the last few days on account of high water.

PRINCE AT ST. LOUIS

(Continued From Page 1.)

a scroll of parchment, which read as follows:

I behalf of the people of St. Louis, I bid you a hearty welcome to their city. It is our desire that your brief visit with us be as agreeable .. you as it will be to those who have the honor of entertaining you, and that you will carry back to the great country your pleasant recollections of this city by the "Father of Waters."

St. Louis has had changes of fortune and history unusual to cities in this country. During the last 100 years it has been under the dominion of three flags, and has passed in peaceful transition from Spanish to French and from French to American sovereignty.

Situated upon the borderland, between the north and south, and the east and the west, its people are drawn from and are representative of every section of the United States. Indeed, from every quarter of the globe they have come, and especially may you meet here, in large numbers, people from your own land and speaking your own tongue.

From whatever section of this land they may have come, from whatever land beyond our borders, they come today with one accord to join in this welcome, for in your visit to this country they see a manifestation and expression of the sincere friendship which from the beginning has existed between Germany and the United States.

The freedom of this city is yours, hospitality awaits you, and the sole regret of the occasion is that hall must so soon be followed by farewell.

Following this a committee of German veterans, representing the Deutscher landwehr verein, the Deutscher militar verein and the Krieger verein of St. Louis, and the veteranen verein of Springfield, Mo., was presented to the prince. They gave him a beautifully engraved scroll, showing the coats of arms and the national colors of America and Germany intertwined with a German inscription, expressing the hearty good will of the societies named.

Prince Henry responded heartily to the address of his former fellow countrymen. He spoke a word to each member of the committee. While this was going on, the prince turned to Rear Admiral Evans, who stood nearby, and said:

"Most of these fellows served in the same war with me."

A short reception ended the ceremonies at Union station. Then commenced the drive to the St. Louis club. Prince Henry, accompanied by Mayor Wells, Rear Admiral Evans and Dr. Rieloff, the German consul to St. Louis, occupied the first carriage, an open landau, drawn by four black horses.

A platoon of mounted police and a detachment of the Fourth United States cavalry from Jefferson barracks, under the command of Maj. F. A. Edwards, United States army, acted as escort and bodyguard.

The other carriages, bearing the remaining guests and members of the local reception committee, followed in this order:

Carriage 2—His excellency, the German ambassador, Dr. Von Holleben; Hon. David J. Hill, assistant secretary of state; Hon. David R. Francis, chairman local committee.

Carriage 3—His excellency, Vice Admiral Von Tirpitz, Maj. Gen. Henry C. Corbin, United States army; Col. T. A. Bingham, United States army, Gen. John W. Noble.

Carriage 4—His excellency, Adjt. Gen. Von Plessen, his excellency, Vice Admiral Von Eisendecher, Commander W. S. Cowles, United States navy, Judge Amos M. Thayer.

Carriage 5—His excellency, Vice Admiral Baron Von Seckendorff, Rear Admiral Count Von Bauddisin, Judge Elmer B. Adams.

Carriage 6—Capt. Von Muller, aide-de-camp, Commander Von Grumme, Count Quadt-Wykradt-Isny, Hon. Joseph L. Hornsby.

Carriage 7—Commander Von Rebur Paschwitz, Staff Surgeon Dr. Reisch, Aide-de-Camp Lieutenant Commander Schmidt Von Schwind, August Busch.

Carlage 8—Aide-de-Camp Lieutenant Commander Trotha, Aide-de-Camp Lieutenant Commander Von Egidy, Dr. William Taussig, E. C. Mason.

Carlage 9—Brig. Gen. John C. Bates, Lieut. Gen. Leer Wills, Lieut. John McClintock, Daniel Catlin.

Carriage 10—Dr. Matter, Charles W. Knapp, F. W. Lehmann, Robert L. Brookings.

There was a throng walled in by buildings and police lines in the vicinity of the St. Louis club when Prince Henry arrived, and, as at the other points along the route through the city, there were enthusiastic cheers. The club house was decked with flags and long folds of bunting in which the German colors had a prominent place. Lines of police extended from the street to the club house door and out in the avenue stood a squadron of cavalry. As the prince drove up the cavalrymen presented arms and the patrolmen their batons.

The prince was escorted to a dressing room and ten minutes later, with Mayor Wells, led the way to the ball room, where breakfast was served. Mayor Wells presided, with Prince Henry on his right and Ambassador Von Holleben on his left.

After the discussion of an elaborate menu, for which 152 covers had been laid, the president of the United States and the emperor of Germany were toasted. Mayor Wells, in a few words, then presented the freedom of the city and the gold and silver casket containing the address of welcome to Prince Henry, who responded briefly.

At the conclusion of these ceremonies the entire party re-entered their carriages for a drive to the train, which, in the meantime, had been transferred to Forest park.

At 10:40 a. m. the prince's train pulled out for Chicago, with Springfield, Ill., scheduled as the first stopping place.

Eyes and Nose ran Water.—C. G. Archer, of Brewer, Maine, hays: "I have had Catarrh for several years. Water would run from my eyes and nose for days at a time. About four months ago I was induced to try Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, and since using the wonderful remedy I have not had an attack. I would not be without it. It relieves in ten minutes. Sold by Max Wir



TILLMAN

Delivers an Oration Before the Clan Na Gael.

— New York, March 3.—Under the auspices of the Clan Na Gael the 12th anniversary of the birth of Robert Emmett was celebrated last night at the Academy of Music. A large crowd was in attendance. State Senator Victor J. Dowling presided. United States Senator Benjamin R. Tillman of South Carolina delivered the oration.

Resolutions were adopted condemning England's colonial policy; deprecating entangling alliances by the United States with European nations; sympathizing with the Boers; protesting against this government allowing the British government using the United States ports for the fitting out of vessels in which to ship horses and mules, and pledging the people of Ireland hearty support in their struggle for freedom.

Senator Tillman was received with great applause. He said: "I am no orator, and if I have any claim to it, it is because I speak the truth and fight the devil with fire."

"Well," came a voice from the audience, "if you're no orator, you're a good fighter."

A little later he said:

"I was afraid I'd have to postpone my visit because of an incident you all probably recently have read about that occurred to me in Washington, but one of your committee came to Washington and with his Irish eloquence made me promise to be on hand unless I was in jail. Now, here I am, so take a good look at me, or I am going to talk plainly."

The senator then launched into an attack upon England for trampling on the Irish people. "For eight long centuries the Irish have been trampled on and murdered by the English," said he, "and it may not be amiss to here state that bickerings and petty squabbles among Ireland's own sons are been responsible for her condition today. They make grand soldiers for her away from home, but fail to show their qualities in their own behalf."

Suddenly turning from this speech, he said in strenuous tones: "If being a flunky and aping nobility and establishing a system that is akin to England's policy is making Tories of us, then I think we are there at last, or at least the government at Washington has got there. England can squint and shake its thumb at us, say, 'Your work in the Philippines is as bad as ours in the Transvaal.' Why have we got such a government? There's the rub!

"Why do you pass resolutions such as you have tonight and on other occasions and then go out and vote for those who are stifling liberty in Washington? We are losing our love for our institutions and if we continue thus we will go the way of other republics."

Senator Tillman then said the American people were slaves to partyism and could not get along without a "boss" who, he predicted, in time would betray the people.

"They have done it already," cried a voice in the balcony.

"Yes, and they'll do it again," replied the speaker, who was about to say something about this feature of local politics, but he smiled and said, "No, I'll not get personal. But when I get here under different circumstances I'll tell you something which will make you think you are a pretty sort of Americans."

The senator concluded with a short eulogy on Emmett.

Constipation and health never go together. DeWitt's Little Early Risers promote easy action of the bowels without griping or distess. Are safe, sure, gentle, thorough. Purely vegetable. Max Wirth.

GASOLINE ENGINE

Will Die Quicker Than Man In a Vacuum.

Galveston, Texas, March 3.—A gasoline engine will die out quicker than a man in a vacuum. This was demonstrated by Inventor Lake in his experiments with his submarine boat, and with him at the time was James K. T. Meads, who is here attending the completion of the customs launch R. B. Hayley.

Mr. Meads says that Mr. Lake wanted to find out how long the engines would run if the compressed air in the submarine gave out or failed to work. He sealed up the boat perfectly tight and shut off the compresed air. In an incredibly short time, he says, the engine stopped entirely while he and a companion felt no discomfort for some time afterward, the only sensation they experienced being a slight ringing in the ears. When the air was turned on again gradually there was a ringing in the airs, and he believes the ear drums would have been broken had the air been turned on full force at once.

Boys' Flannel Waists.

In sizes—4 to 15 years—at 25c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

SEPARATED

Since Childhood, Louis Meyer Finally Finds Sisters.

Mishawaka, Ind., March 3.—By the death of their father, twenty-seven years ago, Mrs. Rudolph Fechner, of this city, and her brother, Louis Meyer, were separted. The former was then 7 and the latter 9 years of age. After the death of the mother the daughter drifted to this city. She had recollections of a brother, and Meyer recalled that at one time he had a sister, but neither knew the other's whereabouts until some weeks ago. Recently a newspaper article contained the name of Louis Meyer in connection with an important mining deal in Brazil. The Mishawaka woman suspected that this might be her brother, and she at once addressed a letter to him. Yesterday Meyer arrived here and a family reunion followed. Meyer is a wealthy mine owner, while his sister here is in moderate circumstances. The meeting was made more joyful by the arrival of another sister, Mrs. A. Werling, from Fort Wayne, Ind., who had not seen Meyer since the days of childhood.

The celebrated children's "McKay" Waist. For sale by

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Hon. Henry Bishop Perkins, one of Ohio's most prominent and philanthropic citizens, killed himself by hanging in his office adjoining his home in Warren. The body was found shortly before noon by his family, who went to call him to dinner. Illness and the suicide of a favorite son is believed to have made Mr. Perkins temporarily insane.

In a fight between burglars and officers at Mattoon, Ill., Sunday morning, Chief of Police Lyons received wounds that may cause the loss of an arm by amputation and two or three youths whom the police were attempting to capture, were wounded, one of them fatally.

The hamlet of Sprakers, six miles east of Fort Plain, N. Y., has been almost wiped out by the combined forces of water and fire. Sprakers is made up of fifty families, and has been under water for two days. Great masses of ice came down the river and struck the houses, some of which were so shaken that stoves were overturned and the dwellings were burned.

Robbers wrecked the safe in the postoffice, at Marceline, Mo., Sunday morning with dynamite and got away with practically all its contents, which is said to have been a considerable sum. The explosion brought citizens to the scene but not before the robbers had made their escape.

Interesting Facts.

Our heavy discounts on overcoats are recognized as facts. Don't delay your purchasing, as your size may be gone. It is a good investment.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

TO VISIT PRINCE.

Governor Van Sant and Party All Ready.

St. Paul, March 3.—Everything is in readiness for the trip of Governor Van Sant and his party to Chicago to extend the greeting of Minnesota to Prince Henry. The party will occupy a special car leaving St. Paul at 6 o'clock Monday evening and arriving in Chicago the following morning. Breakfast will be taken at the Auditorium hotel, after which the prince will receive the visitors, and will be presented with an address from the citizens of the state, and also one from the German societies. It is not expected there will be any speech-making, unless the prince shall say a few words in accepting the address. The governor will be accompanied by the members of his staff in full uniform and by committees from the German societies.

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

OLD WOMAN AND LOVER

Were Stopped at the Altar By the Bride's Nephew.

A Midnight Flight to Escape Further Family Opposition.

Romantic Experience of a Painter and a Rich Widow.

New York, March 3.—The marriage ceremony stopped by the interruption of the bride's nephew in the fashionable Trinity church, of Boston, a midnight flight to New York to escape further family opposition arrayed to prevent the union by any measures possible, and a wedding successfully achieved in Plymouth church, Brooklyn, was a romantic experience of George E. Cook, a painter of international reputation, and Mrs. Jane Everett Noye. The bride has passed the age of three-score and ten, while her husband is twenty-five years younger.

She is a member of one of the most aristocratic and ancient families of Boston, the Everetts, and is related to such eminent families as the Mathers and Lawrences. She is possessed of great wealth, and has a magnificent home on Newberry street. Her husband has an assured social and professional position and a considerable income, but the union between 70 and 45 was bitterly fought by the son and grandchildren of Mrs. Noye, not only because of the unusual disparity in age, but on the ground that Mr. Cook had used undue influence for the purpose of diverting part of Mrs. Noye's wealth from the heirs among her kinfolk.

This was ridiculed both by the bride and groom, who were seen in New York tonight, and who wished it stated that kindred tastes alone, based on friendship of years, had inspired the match.

Mr. Cook is the third husband of Mrs. Noye, the name of whose first husband was Mould. Mr. Noye died in 1900.

For the last four years Mr. Cook has been abroad, with studios in Sweden. When he returned to this country, several months ago, he renewed an old friendship with Mrs. Noye, which had been continued in correspondence. Their literary and artistic tastes were in common, and Mrs. Noye was greatly interested in his portrait and landscape painting.

In January he went to live in her house, where there were exceptional opportunities for the studio room, quiet and leisure necessary in his professional career. They had then decided to marry. As soon as her family learned of the match hostility was actively shown by her only son, C. E. Mould, who lives in Michigan, and his two young daughters, who are in a boarding school in Boston. Mr. Mould telegraphed to Henry Everett, nephew of Mrs. Noye:

"Use all means, no matter how radical, to prevent this marriage."

Mrs. Noye became so seriously alarmed that she feared the family opposition would go so far as to seek the interference of a lunacy commission. Last week Mr. Cook and his intended bride consulted Rev. E. Winchester Donald, rector of Trinity church, Boston, and asked his advice.

He assured Mrs. Noye that she had the indisputable right to marry whomsoever she pleased, approved her plan, but advised that a marriage not take place without sending notification to her son, Mr. Mould.

On the day before the date of the ceremony the granddaughter, Miss Nelle Mould, called on Rev. Dr. Donald and pleaded with him to use his influence against the union, and was so insistent and wrought up that she became nervously ill. It was not until Tuesday that Mr. Cook and Mrs. Noye together made indefinite plans for the ceremony and fixed the time for 8 o'clock Wednesday afternoon, Rev. Dr. Donald consenting to officiate, and nearly all the invited guests were seated in the front of the church when Mr. Cook led his bride to the altar. She looked ten years younger than her age, and her excitement was that of a happy and contented woman. Both were somewhat nervous, because of the constant fear up to the very last moment that Mrs. Noye might be taken away by some process of law, they were not sure what.

Their fears, however, had not pictured so sensational a scene as that which actually happened. When in the marriage service Dr. Donald reached the sentence which asks "If any one knows why this man and woman should not be joined together let him or she now speak, or forever after hold his peace," the clergyman paused for an instant, as is customary, without expecting any reply to the ancient and formal interrogation. The church was very still. From one of the rear pews a strong voice almost shouted:

"There are good and sufficient reasons why this marriage should not proceed."

From altar and pew, participants and witnesses, turned to see the nephew, Henry Everett, standing with hand pointed toward them, as if about to explain his words. Dr. Donald instantly declared the ceremony postponed, and asked those interested to adjourn with him to the vestry room. Then Mr. Everett made known his objections by opening the family Bible he had brought with him and showing that the age of Mrs. Noye, recorded among the births, was ten years greater than the years given in the marriage certificate obtained by Mr. Cook.

Upon this purely technical ground Mr. Everett rested his case.

Dr. Donald decided to postpone the marriage for several days, after assuring the contracting parties that nothing in the incident or in his decision to delay in any way reflected on their characters or motives.

Mrs. Noye accompanied Mr. Cook to the home of his mother and sister. It had been learned that Mr. Mould, the opposing son, was en route from Michigan, and would reach Boston at 2 o'clock Thursday afternoon. After a long consultation it was decided that the situation justified a hasty flight. Mrs. Noye was afraid that her son would attempt to have her adjudged by law incapable of managing her own affairs. Mr. Cook, whose home is in Norwich, N. Y., was anxious to get in the territory of his own state, where he felt better able to fight the plans of the active opposition. It was a startling way to adopt, and very trying to a woman of Mrs. Noye's years, but she gladly consented to take the midnight train to New York. So late did they make up their minds that there was no time to collect baggage. No one knew of the flight except those in Mr. Cook's household.

On arriving in New York Mr. Cook consulted his friend, John C. Waite, an attorney, on the legal possibilities involved, particularly the abduction proceedings threatened by the bride's relatives if they should leave Boston. Assured that the course of true love was clear of this obstacle, they went to Brooklyn, accompanied by Mr. Waite, who consented to be best man. Rev. Newell Dwight Hillis, pastor of Plymouth Church, expressed his willingness to marry them, and made no reference to the evident disparity of years. Only the necessary witnesses were in church.

After the wedding Mr. and Mrs. Cook returned to New York and took a suit of rooms in a Broadway hotel. As soon as the family misunderstanding begins to clear Mr. Cook will take his bride to the old home of his family in Norwich, N. Y., where his ancestors lived for more than a century.

Mr. Cook has been painting portraits of fashionable and titled ladies in London in recent years, and has a considerable vogue in this field. He was presented at the queen's drawing room by the late Ambassador Bayard. He has written a novel, "A Man in Two Continents," which is to be published, and has in preparation a philosophical work to be called "The Pilgrim of the Twentieth Century."

His paintings have been exhibited in a number of American galleries. Mr. Cook is a distinguished looking man, younger than his years in appearance, and an attractive conversationalist.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

Price 25 Cents | GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE. Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

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The Grip Follows the Snow.

It can be prevented and the worst cases cured in two days by taking Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. E. W. Grove's signature on box.

CURE PROVED FATAL

To Doctor Who Drank His Own Medicine.

St. Louis, March 3.—"We, the jury, find that the deceased, James Ripley, came to his death from an overdose of medicine, manufactured by himself and taken by him to demonstrate to a patient, to whom he was administering, that the medicine was harmless."

The above verdict was rendered by the coroner's jury at East St. Louis, which investigated the death of James Ripley, an aged herb physician of Rush City, who claimed to be immune from all contagious diseases and treated many patients for smallpox and other diseases.

Last Wednesday Ripley was attending Olman Cherry, of East St. Louis and wanted him to take some of his herb remedy, but Cherry was afraid it would poison him.

"Pshaw," said Ripley, "it won't hurt you. I only want you to take a tablespoonful and to show you it is harmless I will drink a pint."

Suiting his action to the word, the doctor drank a pint of the mixture and the patient then took his dose. Cherry recovered from his ailment, but Ripley was seized with convulsions and died.

CANCER

Sufferers from this horrible malady nearly always inherit it—not necessarily from the parents, but may be from some remote ancestor, for Cancer often runs through several generations. This deadly poison may lay dormant in the blood for years, or until you reach middle life, then the first little sore or ulcer makes its appearance—or a swollen gland in the breast, or some other part of the body, gives the first warning.

To cure Cancer thoroughly and permanently all the poisonous virus must be eliminated from the blood—every vestage of it driven out. This S. S. S. does, and is the only medicine that can reach deep-seated, obstinate blood troubles like this. When all the poison has been forced out of the system the Cancer heals, and the disease never returns.

Cancer begins often in a small way, as the following letter from Mrs. Shirer shows:

A small pimple came on my jaw about an inch below the ear on the left side of my face. It gave me no pain or inconvenience, and I should have forgotten about it had it not begun to inflame and itch; it would bleed a little, then scab over, but would not heal. This continued for some time, when my jaw began to swell, becoming very painful. The Cancer began to eat and spread, until it was as large as a half dollar, when I heard of S. S. S. and determined to give it a fair trial, and it was remarkable what a wonderful effect it had from the very beginning; the sore began to heal and after taking a few bottles disappeared entirely. This was two years ago; there are still no signs of the Cancer, and my general health continues good.—MRS. R. SHIRER, La Plata, Mo.



SSS is the greatest of all blood purifiers, and the only one guaranteed purely vegetable. Send for our free book on Cancer, containing valuable and interesting information about this disease, and write our physicians about your case. We make no charge for medical advice.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

THEY BIT ON FAKE

Two Chicago Men Nearly Bought a Lake Near Duluth.

Its Bottom Was Represented as Being Pure Iron Ore.

Swindler Was Made to Disgorge All His Valuables.

Chicago, March 3.—A lake with a bottom of pure iron ore looked attractive to two Chicago men, so they decided to buy it. The lake was a gilded brick.

H. Stimpson Gillette and A. J. Gyse were the men who went so far as to advance $150 in an effort to secure the wonderful lake. Then they "tumbled." The man who promoted the deal, who may as well be called John Smith for lack of a more authentic name, has surrendered his watch, several drafts and some currency to Gillette and Gyse after being threatened with arrest.

Gyse met "Smith" last summer while on a prospecting trip, near Duluth, and was told of a lake hidden away in the timber lands of the Mesaba iron range. "Smith" explained that the land was owned by five heirs living in Vincennes, Ind., who knew nothing of the vast wealth in their possession.

"The bottom of that lake is pure iron ore," said Smith, "and we can buy the property for a song."

Gyse came back to Chicago, told his friend Gillette all about the wonderful bargain, and the two decided to buy the timber land in order to own the bottom of the lake. "Smith" was to negotiate the purchase and receive a third interest when the deal was closed.

"Smith" got exceedingly busy, but most of his energy was spent in drawing on Gillette and Gyse for small amounts of money. Then he disappeared after saying the deal would be closed the following day for $7000.

Friday Gillette saw "Smith" in the office of a friend in the chamber of commerce and learned that he was trying to sell "timber land in Minnesota." Gyse was summoned and "Smith" was made to disgorge all the money and valuables in his possession.

The real name of "Smith" is concealed by both Gillette and Gyse. Gillette is connected with a gold mining company; Gyse has an office in Chamber of Commerce building.

A SURPRISE.

Jury Finds Dr. Burnett Guilty as Accessory to Murder.

Chicago, March 3.—The jury in the case of Dr. Orville S. Burnett, who has been on trial, charged with the murder of Mrs. Charlotte S. Nichol, of Nashville, Tenn., returned a verdict of guilty and recommended that Burnett be sent to the penitentiary for fifteen years. Burnett's attorneys will ask for a new trial. The verdict was a surprise as Judge Baker's instructions to the jury were considered favorable to the defendant. The case was one of the most unusual that has ever been tried in the Cook county criminal court. Burnett, who is a young dentist, was charged with being accessory before and after the fact of the death of Mrs. Nicol, even though it was admitted by the prosecution that Mrs. Nichol had committed suicide. The state endeavored to establish the point that Burnett and Mrs. Nichol agreed to commit suicide together and that the man weakened, allowing the woman to go to her death alone. The defense disputed that there had been any agreement between the two to end their lives together, and asserted that Mrs. Nichol had taken her own life while Burnett was lying intoxicated at her side.

BILLY RICE DEAD.

Another Well Known Minstrel Has Passed Away.

Chicago, Ill., March 3.—Within the last five months four men who won fame as minstrels years ago, have passed away. They were Jack Haverly, Billy West, Billy Emerson and Billy Rice. Rice succumbed Saturday at Hot Springs to an attack of dropsy. He realized that his case was hopeless, and spent his last hours in telling stories of the ups and downs of a burnt-cork artist.

His last words were: "I am down to my last chip, and the Almighty has coppered that. Well, tell my friends that I'm going away back, and they will find me on the end seat."

New York, March 3.—Propped in a chair in St. Mary's hospital in Brooklyn, Neil Bryant, the last of the old time minstrels, awaits death. Within the last few days he has weakened a great deal and his end is expected at any time. News of the death of his four colleagues of years gone by has a saddening effect on Bryant, who is 71 years old.

Great Northern Railway

Popular Homeseekers' and Settlers' Excursions—Three series of cheap rates—Round-trip tickets to all points in Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon, British Columbia, will be sold first and third Tuesdays in March, April and May, at one fare plus $2.00 for the round trip.

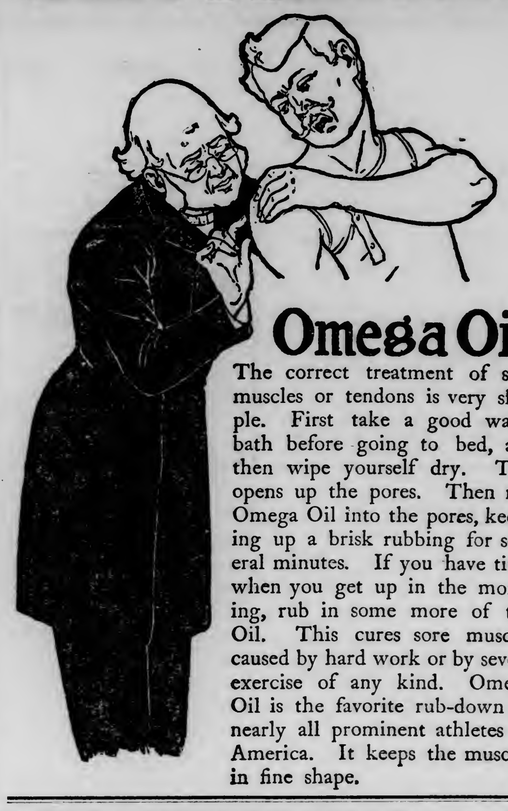
One-way settlers' tickets to points in Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon and British Columbia on sale every day during March and April at rates $15.00 to $25.00 each.

One-way settlers' tickets on sale March 4th, 11th, 18th, 25th and April 1st and 8th, to Minnesota and North Dakota points for only $5.00 each.

These tickets are good on all trains, including the famous Great Northern "Flyer."

This is the best opportunity that has ever been offered to parties who wish to investigate the many advantages offered them in the Great Northwest. Information about the Great Northern country is given by agents of the Great Northern Railway, or those desirous of ascertaining just what opportunities are offered there, can secure full illustrated information in reference to land, climate, crops, rates, etc., by writing to Max Bass, G. I. A., 220 S. Clark St., Chicago, or to F. I. Whitney, G. P. & T. A., St. Paul, Minn., or calling at city ticket office, corner Spalding hotel.

Sore Muscles



Omega Oil

The correct treatment of sore muscles or tendons is very simple. First take a good warm bath before going to bed, and then wipe yourself dry. This opens up the pores. Then rub Omega Oil into the pores, keeping up a brisk rubbing for several minutes. If you have time when you get up in the morning, rub in some more of the Oil. This cures sore muscles caused by hard work or by severe exercise of any kind. Omega Oil is the favorite rub-down of nearly all prominent athletes in America. It keeps the muscles in fine shape. 783

MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS They overcome Weakness, irregularity and omissions, increase vigor and banish "pains of menstruation." They are "LIFE SAVERS" to girls at womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for women equals them. Cannot do harm—life becomes a pleasure. $1.00 PER BOX BY MAIL. Sold by druggists. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by Max Wirth.

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation. Stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. CUPIDENE cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. CUPIDENE strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with Prostatitis. CUPIDENE the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00 by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address DAVOL MEDICINE CO., P. O. Box 2276, San Francisco, Cal.
Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist

Hotel Northern,

208 W. SUPERIOR ST.

Music from 3 to 5 and 7 to 11 p.m. by Northwestern Lady Orchestra.

"Figprune Cereal"

consists of 54 per cent fruit and 46 per cent grain. Makes a highly nutritious and pleasant table beverage for both big and little folks.

ALL GROCERS SELL IT.

Duluth Brass Works,

Manufacturers.

Brass and bronze castings and babbits. Special attention paid to railroad, mill and steamship castings. Also furnish tin, spelter, antimony and lead. We manufacture hot water heaters for wood or coal. We have also a general machine shop, can do repair work or manufacture in iron or brass. Special attention paid to experimental work. Office and works corner Oneota and Ramsey streets, West Duluth.

EVERY WOMAN Sometimes needs a reliable monthly regulating medicine. DR. PEAL'S PENNYROYAL PILLS, Are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. $1.00 per box. MAX WIRTH, Druggist, Duluth

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

MEN NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, failing manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; small weak parts and lost power restored. $1.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 385 West Superior st., Duluth.

PROPOSALS.

Sealed bids are requested for the completion of the waterworks system at the village of Chisholm, Minn. The work consists of the erection of a water tower and tank with connections. A frame pump station, setting in place and connecting with well and main a pump and boiler supplying and laying 100 feet of 8-inch and 150 feet of 6-inch cast iron pipe and backfilling and otherwise completing the laying of 3000 feet of pipe now in place, all in accordance with the plans and specifications now on file in the office of the village recorder.

Particulars of the work to be done may be obtained from the village engineer or the village recorder. Bids will be opened by the council on the evening of March 7, 1902.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

THOS. F. McGILVRAY,
209 First National Bank building, Duluth.
Engineer for the village of Chisholm.
Duluth Evening Herald, Feb-27-28-Mch-1-3-4-5-1902.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, DULUTH, Minn., Feb. 5, 1902. Sealed proposals for dredging in Portage Lake ship canals, Keweenaw Point, Mich., will be received here until noon, March 5, 1902, and then publicly opened. Information on application. D. D. Gaillard, captain, engineers.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, February 17th, 1902.

In the matter of the estate of Louis Petterson, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Mary Petterson, administratrix of the estate of Louis Petterson, deceased, representing among other things, that she has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of her administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court on the 12th day of March, A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the probate office in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., this 17th day of February, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Feb-17-24-Mch-3-1902.

WHEREAS DEFAULT HAS BEEN made in the conditions (to-wit, in the payment of interest amounting to $40 and an installment of the principal amounting to $250, both due January 1st, 1902) of a certain mortgage executed by John O'Connor, mortgagor, to E. P. Fraker, mortgagee, and dated February 16th, 1901, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on February 18th, 1901, at 3:45 o'clock p. m., in Book 156 of mortgages, page 191; and whereas it is provided in said mortgage that in case of default in any of its conditions, to be performed by the said mortgagor, occurring and continuing for the space of ten days, it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee to declare the whole sum secured by said mortgage immediately due and payable and to enforce the payment thereof in like manner as if the whole sum had become due and payable by the terms of the notes and coupons to secure the payment of which said mortgage has been given; and whereas default has continued in the conditions of said mortgage for a greater period than ten days. And whereas the said mortgagee elects to declare and does declare the whole sum secured by said mortgage immediately due and payable; and whereas in accordance with said election, there is claimed to be due and is due on said mortgage the sum of one thousand and fifty-nine dollars and twenty-four cents ($1059.24); and whereas no action, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in said mortgage, to-wit: Lot seven (7), in block twenty-four (24), in Virginia, St. Louis County, Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 15th day of April, 1902, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public sale to the highest bidder for cash to pay said sum of one thousand and fifty-nine dollars and twenty-four cents ($1059.24) and fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated for in said mortgage and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption within one year from date of sale as provided by law.

March 1st, 1902.

E. P. FRAKER,
Mortgagee.

ROGER S. POWELL,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-3-10-17-24-31-April-7-1902.

SOME MEN REGRET THE PAST— OTHERS ADVERTISE And Overcome Present Difficulties

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

SNAP

On East First street, near Eighth avenue east.
Two houses, thoroughly modern; with one lot, $5000; with two lots, $7000.

$2750 Two houses on lot with double frontage. Central.

$1600 House and lot on East Third street; $100 cash, balance monthly.

For sale exclusively by
W. M. PRINDLE & CO.,
First Floor, Lonsdale Building.

WHY Pay Rent or Interest?

When the Home Co-Operative Comp'y
Of Kansas City, Mo.

Will furnish you the money to pay off your mortgage or buy you a home and give you sixteen years and eight months to pay it back at the following monthly payments without interest:

$1000 at $5.35 per month
$2000 at $10.70 per month
$3000 at $16.05 per month

A fund is maintained to carry your contract in case of sickness or out of employment. We are the original and most reliable company of the kind in America and have a copyright and will prosecute any infringements.
Branch Office, 410 Palladio Bldg.

RESIDENCES We have for sale eight of the most desirable, in the fashionable district of the East End. Prices from $5800 to $11,500.

A CORNER 100 by 140 feet. This is the best location of which we know for improvement with flats, double dwellings, or apartments, for an investment. Price low.

FARMS Three well improved, good buildings. Close to the city. Call and see us regarding the above.

Fire insurance written.

Chas. P. Craig & Co,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

$5000 Takes eight-room modern house, east End; hot water heat.

$3500 Takes 11-room modern house; 50-foot lot; in East End.

$11'000 Takes fine 10-room house in finest residence location Terms easy.

A. C. VOLK & CO.,
202 PALLADIO.

FARM LANDS In the northern parts of Minnesota, Wisconsin and Michigan. FINEST GRASS LANDS in the world. Droughts unknown. Immense yields of Timothy, Clover, Grain and Root crops. An ideal stock and farming country. Selling at $2 to $10 per acre.

B. C. CHURCH,
428 W. Superior St. DULUTH, MINN.

Residence Lots, Business Properties, Dock Frontage and Acres
Fo Sale or Lease. All good values.
A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
113 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

Treasury Stock!

We offer our treasury stock in shares of $50.00 each, at par.

We own centrally located improved Property, the net income from which will pay 8 per cent dividend on this stock.

For further information apply to—

Duluth Real Estate Co.
No. 100 Trust Company Bldg.
Franklin J. Puiford, Pres. Calvin F. How, Treas

Six-room house East Third street, with bath, etc..... **$1800**
Eight-room house, London road, hot water heat, bath, hardwood finish, etc..... **$3000**
Fine residence lot, upper side East Superior street..... **$1500**

E. D. Field Co., 204 Exchange Bldg

FOR RENT

2232 West Superior Street, 4-room flat, city water..... **$12.00**
Cosy 4-room flats in the Wieland Flats at moderate prices. Steam heat, bath, city water included
2220 West Second Street, seven rooms..... **$14.00**
Four pleasant rooms at 214 Twenty-eighth avenue west at **$9.00**
Three-room flat at 2132 West Second street, city water..... **$8.00**

Mendenhall & Hoopes
208 First National Bank Bldg. Duluth, Minn

SPLENDID BARGAIN.

Strictly modern ten-room dwelling in best residence district. Lot 75x140.

Wm. C. Sargent & Co.
303 Lonsdale Bldg.

Six per cent Money

Can be had on improved property in sums to suit. Call and see us.

Duluth Abstract Co.,
Room 1, Lonsdale Building.

Money to Loan

On improved city property at 6 per cent. Abstracts furnished

10 PAGES. **DULUTH EVENING HERALD.** 10 PAGES.

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. TUESDAY, MARCH 4, 1902. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

DUNN AND WASHBURN

Argue Strongly Against Ore Tonnage Tax.

Principal Argument Made By J. L. Washburn.

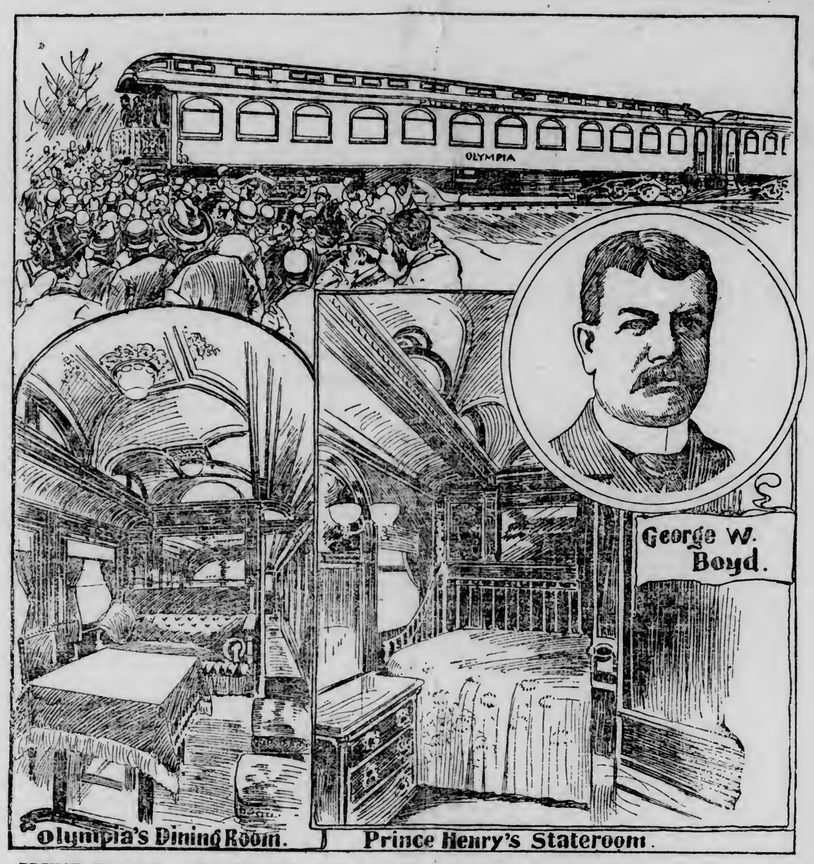
From The Herald
State Capitol Bureau.

St. Paul, March 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—The hope that it will be possible to strike out of the Jacobson bill on its way through the senate the objectional tonnage tax on iron mines seems brighter. In fact, if the bill had been put through the house with due consideration it might have been done there, but such a thing as proper consideration is certainly impossible where a bill of such magnitude as this is shot through a legislative body as though it had been fired from a Mauser rifle. The action of the senate in giving public hearings precluded such a thing as this, and the first hearing, held yesterday afternoon, made an impression that is pretty sure to result in the defeat of the tonnage tax portion of the bill. In fact, it would not be very surprising if the senate tax committee struck out the tonnage tax before reporting the bill back to the senate.

State Auditor Dunn was the first speaker before the senate committee yesterday afternoon, and he opposed the tonnage tax upon solid and substantial grounds. In regard to the whole bill he said what he had been expected to say before the house committee, but what he refrained from saying because of the pleadings of friends of the bill, that was that the tax code was impossible, and that the best thing the legislature could do was to enact the administrative features of the real estate tax law from the code, prepare some constitutional amendments, and go home. There was a burst of applause when he made this statement.

As to the tonnage tax, Mr. Dunn said that he did not know and did not care whether it was unconstitutional or not; he was opposed to it anyway. The mines are assessed too low, but there is ample machinery in the laws for assessing them properly, now that it is

(Continued on Page 7.)



PRINCE HENRY'S CAR OLYMPIA AND ASSISTANT GENERAL PASSENGER AGENT BOYD, WHO HAS CHARGE OF HIS TOUR.

ELABORATE RECEPTION

Accorded Prince Henry By People of Chicago.

A Minnesota Delegation Presents Address.

Chicago, March 4.—The Chicago which Prince Henry of Prussia saw by the glare of many lights upon his arrival was presented to him today by the clearer light of the sun. The welcome he received last night was repeated and emphasized, and he was given further opportunity to enjoy his expressed desire of meeting American citizens at close range. During the day he listened to an address from the Central Bund of St. Paul, placed a wreath on Lincoln monument in Lincoln park, and enjoyed a luncheon and reception at the Germania club.

The presentation of the address by Governor Van Sant was the first detail of the day's official program. The prince received the governor and the committee accompanying him in his private parlor after he had eaten breakfast. The members of the committee were: H. J. Neinsted, president of the Central Bund; O. Kueffner and Franz O. Shulz, vice presidents; H. J. Radburch, secretary; Louis F. Schulz, treasurer; Uwe Schwennson, librarian; Julius Moersch, B. W. Boenisch, F. Erling, A. Hanfdt, and F. Blessen, committeemen. The address follows:

"In the name of the 50,000 residents of German descent in the city of St. Paul, we extend to you a hearty welcome to our new home. Millions of hearts through which German blood pulsates are joined with us today in this greeting to an illustrious scion of the house of Hohenzollern, the representative of the emperor, of the German people and of the German empire. Will your royal highness assure his majesty, your brother, that we ever think of our fatherland with the deepest love, and that we pray to God to unite our old fatherland and our new home in the firm bonds of friendship."

The prince said in response that he would prize the address very highly as another of the expressions of good wishes that had come to him everywhere as the ambassador of his brother, the emperor.

"I will give it to him and I am sure he will be as grateful to the people of Minnesota as I am personally."

The prince then asked Governor Van Sant to present him personally to each of the members of his staff, who in full uniform had stood at attention during the delivery of the address. This was done, and then the governor, laughing in concert with the prince, shook hands with the prince in farewell, saying as he did so: "I will do it for all of you."

By 11 o'clock all those who were to accompany the prince during the day assembled at the Auditorium. Without delay the party entered the carriages awaiting to convey it to Lincoln park and the Germania club. In the carriage with the prince were Mayor Harrison, Rear Admiral Evans and ex-Secretary of War Robert T. Lincoln. Besides the regular staff and special representatives from Washington, others occupying carriages were: Governor Yates, Melville E. Stone, A. J. Earling, Col. E. G. Hall, Harry G. Selfridge, Honore Palmer, Dr. Walther Wever, the imperial German consul at Chicago; Frank Wendt, William Walker, Vice Consul Kaerling, Vice Consul Zoepel, and Frank H. Jones.

In nearly every door and window along the streets where the prince passed were curious faces. Handkerchiefs were waved at him from windows, and the crowds along the streets shouted a greeting. The prince was kept busy touching his cap in response.

Admiral Evans was also the recipient of considerable attention. While decorations lanog the route were not profuse, they were sufficiently in evidence to give the streets a semi-holiday appearance, and there were numerous pictures of the prince in the windows.

A dense crowd numbering thousands was crushed about the statue of the great emancipator when the prince and his entourage came up on the scene. Tightly stretched ropes surrounded the statue to keep back the crowd, and a circle of policemen discouraged the attempts of the venturesome, who would have encroached on the ground reserved for his highness. Amidst profound silence the prince ascended the steps of the stone enclosure and laid at the feet of the image of the martyred president the laurel token of respect. The ceremony lasted but a few moments. The prince and his official party quickly re-entered their carriages and started at a brisk trot for the Germania club, only a short block distant.

It has been carefully planned to make the entertainment of the royal guest at the club the crowning honor of the day. He was to be made to feel at home, despite the formalities with which such functions must be encumbered.

A burst of music from a brass band herlded the prince's coming, and in a few minutes "Prince Henry" of last night was "Unser Heinrich," among an

(Continued on Page 4.)

SIVRIGHT BILL IS DEAD

Measure to Divert All the Taxes From Iron Mines Into the State Treasury Is Indefinitely Postponed.

From The Herald
State Capitol Bureau.

St. Paul, March 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—The danger from the Sivright bill for a constitutional amendment permitting the state to do as it pleases with the tax on iron mines, and authorizing a tonnage tax, is removed. The senate committee on judiciary, to which it was referred, this morning reported it for indefinite postponement after considering it at a meeting held before the session opened. This disposes of this proposition, which is the only one so far introduced along the line from which the theft of the iron mine taxes had been looked for.

* * *

The hearings before the senate tax committee were continued this afternoon and a large delegation from the Mesaba iron range was here to enter a vigorous protest against the enactment of the tonnage tax feature of the Jacobson bill. In the delegation were: M. L. Fay, Mayor Thompson, P. Peterson, Fred Rossum, Harry George, ex-Mayor Palmer, W. H. Eaton and Dudley Freeman, of Virginia, and W. J. Falk, J. C. Poole, James Robb, George Hughes and P. E. Dowling, of Eveleth. These men were to report before the committee on the effect the operation of a tonnage tax would have upon the

(Continued on page 8.)

COLLIDED.

Freight Trains on the Wisconsin Central Come Together.

Glenwood, Wis., March 4.—A rear end collision occurred on a curve about two miles east of Cylon, on the Wisconsin Central, between two freight trains. The caboose of the forward train was cut in two, a part being thrown on either side of the track, the wreckage of which was set on fire by the locomotive. No lives were lost, and the only person injured was the fireman of the rear train, whose hands were quite seriously injured. Traffic was delayed by the collision until the track was cleared of the wreckage.

A FLOUR MILL COMBINE

Portland, Ore., March 4.—The Oregonian today says that the largest industrial consolidation ever undertaken in the Pacific Northwest is being quietly worked into shape in this city and San Francisco.

The enterprise is an amalgamation of the interests of great export flour milling firms of the Pacific coast. No hint has been given as to the capitalization of the proposed consolidation, but it will probably be somewhere in the neighborhood of $10,000,000.

As now outlined, the combination will embrace mills having an annual capacity of over 5,000,000 barrels of flour. The corporations interested in the proposed combine are the Portland Flouring mills, of this city; the Puget Sound Flouring Mills company, of Tacoma; the Centennial mills, of Seattle and Spokane, and the Sherry mills, of Stockton and San Francisco.

These concerns practically control the flour trade of the Orient, their operations extending from Vladivostock and Port Arthur as far south as Singapore.

A GOOD HARD SPANKING

New York, March 4.—Two policemen with broad hands and plenty of strength acted as masters of ceremonies at a public spanking administered to six youthful delinquents in Kearney, N. J., police court. The boys, whose ages ranged from 10 to 12 years, were brought before Recorder Krebs on the charge of opening freight cars and destroying property. Recorder Krebs sentenced each to "a good, hard spanking," as the alternative of a $5 fine. The parents spoke for the boys, and chose the spanking.

Chief of Police Coken selected two able-bodied policemen. Each took a boy and placed him across his knee in the approved position, and an instant later the court room rang with yells. When the round had been completed the youngsters were again arraigned. They were very penitent, and after the court had admonished them against evil doing, they promised to be good in future and were discharged.

ROOT RIVER

In Southern Minnesota Is on Its Annual Rampage.

La Crosse, Wis., March 4.—Root river, a small feeder of the Mississippi river, running through the eastern part of Minnesota near here, is on its annual rampage. The whole country is flooded, roads and bridges have been washed out and much damage done to property. Seven members of the salvation army corps of this city, headed by Capt. M. Ivy, had a thrilling escape from being drowned in the floods last evening. They were driving from this city to Hokah, Minn., to hold a service. The road was covered by water and when they reached a point about a mile from Hokah their vehicle was precipitated down a steep hill into deep water and it was several hours before they could be rescued by a relief party from Hokah who were notified by one of the salvationists who rode one of their horses into town.

CAUSES CONSTERNATION

Chicago, March 4.—President Roosevelt has given the railway managements of the entire country to understand that the interstate commerce and the Sherman laws will be enforced to the letter, says the Record-Herald. The information has been conveyed through the medium of the interstate commerce commission, and it is understood the administration will not favor any amendment to the law until the present laws have been enforced and the result noted.

The Record-Herald asserts that the new order of things has caused consternation among the executive officials of roads centering in Chicago, and all are engaged in the work of cleaning house.

Hurried consultations have resulted in the decision that all associations and organizations, which are in violation of the laws involved, must be done away with, and every effort made to show the commission that the roads purpose handling traffic free of all pools, agreements, or cut rates.

The first move in this direction is the dissolution of the Council Bluffs and Omaha committee, of which George W. Ristine is in charge. It is understood that the Kansas City committee will soon be dissolved.

Unless the commission insists upon it nothing will be done with the Central trunk line committee at present, nor with the various passenger associations, which are in violation of the Sherman law. Similar action will be taken by the lines east of Chicago, and bureaus in the charge of Chairman Tucker will probably be abolished. Railroad officials are not a unit regarding the character of action necessary, but a large number of them believe that all organizations should be done away with. Attention is called to the fact that if everything is to be handled on tariff schedules there will be no use for associations or "statistical" bureaus as some of them are called.

ESTERHAZY IN NEW YORK

The Man Who Wrote the Famous Dreyfus Bordereau Seen and Recognized In a Broadway Restaurant.

New York, March 4.—Maj. Ferdinand Walsin Esterhazy, who confessed that he forged the Dreyfus bordereau, has, according to the Herald, been seen in this city. He is said to have spent two hours in a Broadway restaurant in animated conversation with a young man and woman. Esterhazy was shabbily dressed and his features were extremely thin.

Count Pangeart, of Belgium, who knew Esterhazy in Paris, and two waiters, are the persons claiming to have recognized the man who became notorious in the Dreyfus case. Pangeart was talking French with friends when Esterhazy overheard him and, with his friends, immediately sought a secluded corner. Their movements attracted Pangeart's notice, and he says he immediately recognized Esterhazy, as did the two waiters.

Maj. Esterhazy declined to be a witness in the Dreyfus trial in 1899, and later fled to England, where he confessed to being the author of the bordereau. He declared that he committed the forgery under order of Col. Sandherr and his superior officers. After making the confession Maj. Esterhazy announced his intention of coming to the United States for the purpose of lecturing. Since his flight from France he has lived in obscurity in England.

THE DEADLY TRAP GUN

Marquette, Mich., March 4.—F. E. Cook, a land-looker in the employ of the Wisconsin Chair company, is lying seriously wounded here, the victim of a trap gun. The accident happened near Brevoort lake. Cook was busily engaged in counting trees and did not notice the cord leading to the trigger of the gun until he had brushed against it and discharged the weapon, which presumably had been set for deer.

Eleven buckshot entered the man's right thigh and he lay where he fell for several hours, until discovered by the wife of a homesteader living in the vicinity. This is the third case of a man being shot by a set gun during the past few years.

A homesteader named Rosecrans has been arrested, charged with the crime of setting the gun. The evidence is strong against him.

Cook was brought to Marqutte today and placed in a hospital. His leg is shattered from the knee to the thigh and amputation will probably be necessary.

WHAT KILLED NUSSER?

Chippewa Falls, March 4.—A semi-tragedy has been enacted at Kennan, on the Soo line, that the authorities are unable to clear up and as the victim is one of Kennan's prominent business men, it is attracting considerable attention.

Under peculiar circumstances, Sylvester Nusser, proprietor of a hotel and saloon at Kennan dropped dead in his own bar room on Saturday. In consequence of the peculiarity of his death, two young men named Tony Olin and John Kenear, were arrested on a charge of his death. The young men had been put out of the hotel twice, and in the absence of Mr. Nusser they returned a third time, it is alleged. Mr. Nusser was in a barber shop and when the men reappeared a young son notified him of their presence. As he was in the act of ejecting the pair, he staggered and fell. He was assisted to a chair, where he died. The young men were arrested and their hearing set for today at Phillips. They are charged with manslaughter.

THOUSANDS HOMELESS

New York, March 4.—Flood conditions in the East are reported rapidly improving, although affairs in the Wyoming valley and Northeastern Pennsylvania generally, and along the Hudson, near Albany, are still in bad shape.

Dispatches from Wilkesbarre, Pa., show that more than a score of lives were lost and $5,000,000 worth of property was destroyed in Northeastern Pennsylvania. The danger is over, but the full extent of damage is yet to be seen. Eighteen thousand homeless persons in the Wyoming valley are anxiously watching the backward course of the waters.

The water has receded in Paterson, N. J., so that the danger there practically is over, but there were many daring rescues of persons who had stayed in the flooded houses.

So many mills were damaged that 10,000 operatives are thrown out of work for an indefinite time.

In Passaic six men are reported to have been carried down with a bridge which was washed away. The current was so swift that it was impossible to rescue them. Cities and towns in almost all sections of New York and New England states suffered heavy damage to property and delayed trains was reported.

Not for years have the mails reaching New York, been so delayed as during the last three and a half days.

WAS PRISONER ON GUNBOAT

New York, March 4.—Having been detained on a Columbian rebel gunboat for nearly a month, in spite of repeated protests, Frederick E. Walker, of Pontiac, Mich., has landed here from the steamer Orizaba, from Colon.

Mr. Walker says that he went to South America to look over mining property. He left Panama Jan. 3 on the government schooner San Juan, which carried two soldiers with dispatches for Gen. Castro. The vessel was bound for Agu Dulce, a town on the coast, and got within ten miles of it when the rebel gunboat came along and made all hands prisoners.

TO MEET SCHWAB.

Shaffer Would Renew Agreement With Steel Trust.

New York, March 4.—It is stated that President Shaffer of the Amalgamated Association of Steel and Iron Workers, who is in the city with the members of the executive committee, is here for the purpose of renewing the agreement entered into when the great steel strike was ended six months ago. It is said they will meet President Schwab of the United States Steel corporation today.

Mr. Shaffer, it was learned, may also ask concessions from the steel magnate.

DE WET WOUNDED.

A Report That He Was Shot In Arm.

London, March 4.—A dispatch from Harrismith, Orange River Colony, says that Boer prisoners report that Gen. De Wet was shot in the arm during the recent attempt to break through the blockhouse line held by the New Zealanders, in the vicinity of Harrismith and Vanreenans.

MUST GET THAT $3,500,000.

New York, March 3.—After hearing arguments in the temporary order to prevent the foreclosure of a $15,000,000 mortgage on the property of the United States Flour Milling company, Vice-Chancellor Pitney, in Jersey City, decided that the plant and securities of the company must be sold for not less than $3,500,000. If the reorganization committee objected to the decree, the vice-chancellor said, they could have until Monday next to file objections.

CARBURY DUG HIS WAY OUT

Telluride, Col., March 4.—J. D. Carbury, who was listed among those killed in the snow slide at the Liberty Bell mine last Friday, is alive and well. He was caught in the avalanche, but managed to dig his way out and reach a place of safety. It is thought no more lives will be lost here as the men will not be allowed to venture upon the dangerous hillsides and all mines and mills in the path of expected slides have been deserted. The only mine in the vicinity of Telluride that continues in operation is the Tom Boy. Five hundred men are out of employment.

LEASE REFUSED TO MERRITT

St. Paul, March 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—On advice of the attorney general, the state auditor has refused a mineral lease to Alfred Merritt covering the bottom of Longyear lake, in St. Louis county, on the ground that the lake is public water. Merritt desired to prospect on the bottom of the lake for iron deposits.

ETRURIA'S SHAFT BROKEN

London, March 4.—The British steamer Ottawa, from Philadelphia for London, arrived at Fayal, Azore islands, and reports having sighted the Cunard liner Etruria, in tow of the British steamer William Cliff, 400 miles west of Fayal. The Etruria had lost her propeller.

Another report says the Etruria was picked up when five hundred miles from Fayal, west-northwest to that port. All were well on board the Cunarder, which, according to this report, had her propeller shaft broken. She was otherwise uninjured. Previous to the receipt of the news that the Etruria had been sighted in town, the reinsurance on the Cunard liner at Lloyds today was about 4 guineas per cent. Little business was done at that rate.

UTAH BANKER BOOMED

For the Head of the Interior Department to Succeed Hitchcock, Who Wants to Retire Soon.

From The Herald
Washington Bureau.

Washington, March 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—W. S. McCormick, a banker, of Salt Lake City, is the very latest man suggested as the next secretary of the interior to succeed Ethan Allan Hitchcock, of Missouri, who is said to have indicated to the president his desire to relinquish his office at the earliest convenient time. McCormick, though a banker, is said to be well versed in questions pertaining to public land questions and other matters in general which come under the direct supervision of a man occupying the position of secretary of the interior. He was a delegate from Utah to the Philadelphia convention, which nominated McKinley and Roosevelt, and was a particularly friendly adherent of Theodore Roosevelt for first place on the ticket at that time, and he has since been a warm friend of the president. It is said here today Senators Warren and Clark, of Wyoming, Millard and Dietrich, of Nebraska, Kearns, of Utah, and Bard, of California, are urging the president to invite W. S. McCormick into his cabinet to fill the interior portfolio.

SMALLPOX ON THE MEADE

San Francisco, March 4.—The United States transport Meade, which sailed for Manila on Saturday last, returned last night flying the yellow flag and anchored at the quarantine station. Her return was due to the discovery of a case of smallpox and a case of scarlet fever among the recruits on board.

A. B. Siewert & Co

Hatters and Furnishers.

Our Spring line of Dunlap Hats are here. They are MARVELS OF BEAUTY. Entirely new in Style and Color, in Silk, Derby, Soft and Crush. Our line of Pearl Soft Hats in Fedoras and Tuxedos is handsomer than ever.

A. B. Siewert & Co.

304 West Superior Street.

Announcement To Borrowers:

I am prepared to pass quickly on large and small loans on Duluth Real Estate. Having secured the exclusive agency of a Philadelphia financial institution which has loaned millions of dollars in Duluth during the past twenty years, I am better prepared than ever to close loans promptly at the lowest going rates.

JOHN A. STEPHENSON,

Providence Building.

EXCURSIONS.

Jobbers' Committee Fixes Time In March and April.

The jobbers' committee on merchants' excursions has decided to fix the dates for applying the spring rates so that the excursions to this city and those to the Twin Cities will not interfere with one another. On the contrary, it is believed that by making the periods when the rates are good overlap one another, both excursions will build up the other.

With this in mind, circulars have been prepared fixing the dates as from March 12 to 17 and from April 2 to 7. These circulars will be sent to all merchants in the territory from which the rates will be effective, and will give considerable information about Duluth's commerce.

BURIALS.

Matter Will Come Before the County Board Today.

The county commissioners are in monthly session this afternoon. One of the matters to come up in which considerable interest centers is the cost of burial of people whose deaths are investigated by the coroner or his deputies on ranges. Associate County Attorney Crosby will appear before the board and advocate that the commissioners take the matter up and fix the cost of burials, as well as arrange with the poor board for the burial in city in the same manner and at a cost not to exceed that incurred in the burial of paupers. This cost is $2.40 for adults and $1.20 for infants. He will also suggest to the commissioners that they fix a cost price on the ranges. The commissioners representing the range districts have been investigating the matter since the last meeting of the board, and it is expected will be prepared to act definitely on the matter. As far as coroner case burials in the city are concerned, a plot of ground will probably be set aside at the poor farm by the poor board as a cemetery for these interments. If possible, it will be arranged also for the use of the county poor farm teams in conveying the bodies.

The committee on taxes had a meeting yesterday afternoon and considered many questions that had accumulated for some time past.

Among the recommendations of applications to be granted will be one referring to the proposition of Receiver Silvey of the estate of E. P. Emerson, who offers to pay $75 in settlement in full of the personal property tax claim of $295.33 against the estate. County Attorney McClintock, in communicating the proposition says that the estate is closed up and has paid no dividends to anybody outside of a small dividend to mortgage creditors.

Among the applications for abatements that are recommended to be granted are those of Susan La Magie, Mrs. Belle R. Dunn, William J. Phinn, the Duluth Telephone company, Charles W. Bray, George P. Tvedt, Svode & Talle and the Lakeside Land company.

The committee will also recommend that the commissioners approve John Jeswold's application to the state auditor for an absolute tax deed.

F. C. Laird and others will present a petition asking that towns 57-13 and 57 and 58-12 be added to school district 36.

An application will be received from Hamilton H. Peyton that his Mesaba bank of Proctorknott be made a county depository and qualifying in the sum of $5000. This application and that of the Bank of Chisholm will be considered and quite likely granted.

W. J. Gorman has sent in a protest against a proposed removal of a saloon to a location between two residences at the Stevenson mine location. He complains that a number of young children live in each of the houses referred to, and says that the residents cannot afford to move.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

REGAN BROS. BREAD.

Agency Is to Be Established In Duluth.

B. B. Morris, representing Regan Bros., the largest wholesale bread bakers in the Northwest, is in the city. He will start out Wednesday one of their wagons advertising Regan's famous breads. A lady will call at each house in the city and deliver free a sample of their home-made, whole wheat, malt and potato breads. He will establish agencies in different parts of the city, and the bread can be had fresh each morning right from the Minneapolis bakery through these agents. This bread is guaranteed strictly pure and clear, and the citizens of Duluth can get the same bread as delivered in the Twin Cities.

Mrs. T. E. Bowen

is showing 200 exclusive shirt waist patterns at the Spalding. Duluth and Superior ladies invited.

CONDITION CRITICAL.

Man Was Struck By Piece of Emery Wheel.

St. Paul, March 4.—William Glazer, a wood turner at the factory of the North St. Paul Table company, lies in a critical condition at St. Joseph hospital, the result of injuries received last evening.

The emery wheel at which Glazer was working was going at a fast rate when a piece broke and struck the man over the left eye. The frontal bone was shattered and the effect was a complete concussion of the brain. The physicians believe that unless some of the emery wheel penetrated the fibres covering the brain, the man will recover.

NEW POSTMASTER.

Washington, March 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—J. L. Robertson has been appointed postmaster at Bend, Marshall county, vice Thomas Mack, resigned.

Pabst beer is always pure

Brewed from carefully selected barley and hops—never permitted to leave the brewery until properly aged.

HALDEN RETURNS

County Auditor Is Back After His Trip to Norway.

That Country Feeling a Reaction After Period of Inflation.

Is Entirely Uninformed on Progress of Tax Legislation.

County Auditor Odin Halden has returned from a trip to Trondhjem, Norway, and other important points in the Scandinavian countries. He was absent seven weeks. Mr. Halden was summoned to Norway by cable, his aged mother being seriously ill. He arrived too late to find her alive, but in season for the obsequies, and felt some satisfaction in being able to cheer up and sustain his aged father in his grief at the loss of the life partner of his joys and sorrows. Mr. Halden, the senior, is 89 years of age, and his wife was 84.

Mr. Halden crossed the Atlantic on the White Star line steamers, returning on the big liner, Oceanic. He encountered heavy weather both ways, but especially so in the North sea, and the voyage was anything but one of pleasure.

"Norway and Sweden, like all continental countries, have been suffering from a too enthusiastic ambition to do business on a large scale," said Mr. Halden this morning, "and they are now reaping the harvest of their inflation. The situation is quite analagous to the conditions that existed in this country back in 1898. It is about three or four years since the panic struck the two countries. The cities had been engaged in making public improvements, modernizing public utilities and conveniences, great factories, the capacity of which would not be needed for years to come, were built, much railroad construction done and real estate values went soaring. Then the dream ended, and since then the people have been endeavoring to pull themselves together and get business and credits established on a stable footing. I can see that great progress has been made along this line since I visited those countries two or three years ago. At that time they were in the depths of their despair. Now they are feeling hopeful, business is better and confidence is reasserting itself.

"The large cities in Norway and Sweden—Christiana, for instance, have all the modern improvements that are to be found in Berlin and other continental cities. They have double deck trolley cars, electric lights and all imaginable things that have become such necessities on this side of the water. Christiana has developed wonderfully as a city. Ten or fifteen years ago it seemed to have reached a stationary population of about 125,000. Now it has over 200,000 people, and with the increase in population have come many improvements as a modern city.

"But, while I shall never go back on the fatherland, in that sense or the feeling of affection engendered by the fact that many of one's dear ones live there, I couldn't help realizing that the 'making of an American' in this country is a pretty complete process. I came from Norway to this country twenty-one or twenty-two years ago, and have been back a number of times for visits. Yet back a number of times for visits. Yet when I go there, I can't realize, try as I may, that I was a part of that civilization and not of this. I feel all the time I am there that I am a foreigner, and everything seems to be strange, to belong to another land than that in which I have always lived. There is just as much sentiment for that land and all it holds, but there seems to be a prior claim by another and greaer country, and even the people and their characteristics which used to be so familiar to me now seem strange. One doesn't realize what a complete evolution he is going through until the conclusion is forced upon him by just such observations as this.

"As far as pending tax legislation is concerned, my mind is a blank. I haven't read a word since leaving Duluth about tax legislation. Without expressing a positive opinion on any phase of the matter, I would imagine that I probably won't be called on officially to become very conversant with anything that the legislature has done at its special session. There seems to be more politics than statesmanship in what has gone on this winter."

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS—

Tamarack piling for sale; 400 pieces 12-inch butts, 8-inch top, 20 to 40 feet, at 7 cents F. O. B. Duluth; some 9-inch tops, 11-inch and larger butts, 50 feet, at 9 cents. Bills of fir timber furnished on short notice. JOHN CASHIN,

209 Fifty-fifth Avenue, West Duluth. Telephone 3056.

Allowed to Answer.

Judge Cant has made a formal order allowing Margharetha Berger, Christine Zachmann, Lisette Zachmann and Christine Zilly to file a proposed answer in the Johann Mueller iron land case, and the answer has been placed on record.

The parties referred to represent that they are all related to the late Johann Mueller, whose transfer, without the signature of his alleged wife, of a piece of valuable acreage property is contested by her and others.

Margharetа Berger claims to be a sister of Mueller. The Zachmanns and Christine Zilly claim to be daughters os a sister of Mueller.

They ask to have their rights of relationship considered in their just proportion by the court in the adjudication of the case, and to be subject to such judgment as the court shall order.

Seeks a Settlement.

A proposition will be made to the county commissioners at their meeting this afternoon for the settlement of the criminal case against Theodore Swanson, a saloonkeeper at 605 West Superior street, who is charged by Augusta Hedlund, a domestic, with bastardy. The charge is what is termed a quasi-criminal one. The mother may settle with the defendant, but without the consent of the county commissioners the charge still lies against the defendant, and the commissioners under the law may proceed to prosecute the case to its conclusion.

Swanson has settled with the woman on the basis of a payment of $400 and the monthly payment for six months of $5 a month.

Will Be Rescinded.

The Humane society will hold a special meeting tomorrow afternoon to rescind recently adopted constitutional amendments annexing Carlton, Lake and Cook counties in its jurisdiction. It is found that in this instance the constitution did not follow the humane agent and that consequently the policy of expansion was unconstitutional.

It is probable that local societies will be organized in Carlton and Lake counties to take up the work which had been planned by the local humane society.

PILES CURED WITHOUT THE KNIFE.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. No Cure, No Pay. All druggists are authorized by the manufacturers of Pazo Ointment to refund money where it fails to cure any case of piles, no matter of how long standing. Cures ordinary cases in six days; the worst cases in fourteen days. One application gives ease and rest. Relieves itching instantly. This is a new discovery and is the only pile remedy sold on a positive guarantee, no cure no pay. Price 50c. If your druggist don't keep it in stock send us 50c in stamps and we will forward same by mail. Manufactured by PARIS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Mo., who also manufacture the celebrated cold cure, Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets.

HAS A HARD HEAD.

Billy Splits In Louis Palibittze's Head.

Just because he imagined his father owned a brewery and thirteen saloons, Louis Palibittzke tried to whip an officer on the Bowery last evening.

He selected Officer Pat Tulley for his victim, and taking the officer unawares, he gave an exhibition of some of the fastest in fighting ever seen on the Bowery.

He is an exceptionally large and strong man, and his head was so hurd that when the officer hit him with a leather billy as a last resort of self-protection, the billy split open and Palibittzke never stopped talking. The blow would easily have knocked out an ordinary man.

The prisoner claimed to have $200,000 in his pocket when arrested, but later admitted that it was only $20. He was not aware of this trait of the man's character.

He was sentenced to forty days in the county jail, thirty days for fighting the officer and ten for drunkenness.

Adjudged Insane.

Lauro Braa, of 529 Lake avenue north, was this morning committed by Probate Judge Bonham to the insane hospital at Fergus Falls. The examination disclosed that the woman had become jealous of her husband, who is employed as a night bartender, and accused him of drunkenness and of wanting to poison her. She showed great excitement and anger in her examination. The attack was found to be the first one and its cause could not be traced unless it was due to alcoholic heredity. The husband proved to the satisfaction of the jury that he was guilty of none of the things charged.

Rocky Mountain Tea taken now will keep the whole family well. If it fails, bring it back and get your cash. 35 cts. Ask your druggist.



Ten Years of Blessed Work and Glorious Victories.

Paine's Celery Compound

Has Brought Health and New Life to the Sick and Diseased in Every Part of the Civilized World.

For the last ten years the work of Paine's Celery Compound has been a blessed and cheering one to men and women of every rank in society. In no one case has the great remedy failed to benefit, and where it has been used promptly it has in every case brought a cure.

The blessed results that spring from the use of Paine's Celery Compound are not confined to this land of ours. The great life giving medicine has been sent to every quarter of the civilized world, and has cured the sick, restored the weak and depressed to health and strength, and caused tens of thousands to live who failed to find health in worthless prescriptions, sarsaparillas, nervines, and pills. Paine's Celery Compound has cured when all other remedies failed.

It is to this best of all medicines, Paine's Celery Compound, that we would direct the attention of every man and woman suffering from weakness, general debility, reheumatism, neuralgia, heart trouble, dpspepsia, anemla, blood diseases, liver complaint, and kidney trouble. Thousands of grateful letters have poured in testifying to wonderful and permanent cures.

It is foolish and criminal to delay the use of such a disease banisher when others have so clearly demonstrated its value; when many of your friends and neighbors have been made well by its use. The health giving virtues are so eminently great that the ablest physicians are prescribing Paine's Celery Compound daily for the sick.

If you are weak physically, in the grasp of disease, or simply feeling out-of-sorts, irritable, sleepless, or despondent, try one bottle of Paine's Celery Compound, and note well the magical effects.

Always Ask for Diamond Dyes.

TAKE NO OTHER.

IT CAUSED HIS DEATH

Albert Levine Dies as Result of Fall Last Thursday.

Stumbled and Fell Down Stone Stairs In Union Depot.

Skull Fractured and It Caused Meningitis---Unknown Here.

Hurry cost the life of Albert Levine.

He died at St. Mary's hospital last evening as the result of a fall which occurred in the Union depot last Thursday evening, as he was hurrying to catch the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic train for Iron River.

Mr. Levine heard his train called and picking up his baggage started toward the trainshed very rapidly. Going down the flight of stone steps leading from the general watiting room toward the lunch counter, he slipped and fell.

He was picked up in an unconscious condition and taken to St. Mary's hospital. He lived ninety-six hours after that, but did not regain consciousness.

At the hospital it was discovered that his skull had been fractured, injuring the brain and causing spinal meningitis.

The body of the unfortunate man is at the undertaking rooms of Flood & Horgan and the authorities are puzzled to know what to do. All that is known of the dead man was what could be gleaned from a memorandum book in his pocket at the time of the accident. The information contained in this book is very meagre.

Every possible effort was made to bring the dying man to consciousness long enough to tell something of himself, relatives or friends, but these efforts were without avail.

The body will be kept in the undertaking establishment for several days and then if there is still no trace of family or friends, the burial will occur at Greenwood and at the expense of the county.

PHILIPPINES.

Governor Taft and General Hughes Give Further Information.

Washington, March 4.—The extent of slavery in the Philippines was discussed by Governor Taft before the house insular committee today, in response to questions by members, he said slavery was confined to the Southern Moro islands. The investigation made by Governor Taft and his associates, had brought out that the slaves included men, women and children who were slaves for debt, according to the statements made by the Datos. The slaves could buy their liberty, but until this was done, the conditions ran from generation to generation. The slaves were members of the family and the relation was comparatively mild, if it was impossible to consider any form of slavery as mild. Governor Taft said Datomandi had already abolished slavery by decree. How effective this was could not be stated.

The civil authorities had never recognized slavery in any way he said, and the military had always released slaves. But the slaves did not understand the advantage of liberty and Governor Taft said that if we attempted to end slavery by force, we would probably find the slaves turning their guns against us. The influence of the United States was, however, growing stronger and stronger for the eradication of slavery. Although our wishes had been made known, yet neither the civil nor the military authorities had said slavery must cease or war would be made.

In his testimony before the senate committee on the Philippines today Gen. Hughes related the particulars of the massacre at Balangiga, Samar, last September. He took upon himself the responsibility for the sending of troops to that post and for the selection of the officer who was placed in command.

"I had known him for years," he said. "He was a fine officer and I had every confidence in him."

Gen. Hughes said, however, that he was convinced the disaster was due to overconfidence, and he had since heard that the officer in command had reposed too much trust in the natives while serving in Luzon, but he was not aware of this trait of the man's character.

Speaking of the native soldiers, Gen. Hughes said they generally did well, but should not be trusted except under command of American superiors.

NELSON BILL

For Relief of Mille Lacs Indians Passed.

Washington, March 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—Senator Nelson's bill for relief of the Mille Lacs Chippewa Indians today passed the senate. The bill appropriates $50,000 to pay these Indians for improvements made by them on their reservation, this sum to be paid them upon condition of removal from their present habitations. They will be permitted to take up their residences on the White Earth reservation or on any of the ceded Indian reservations in Minnesota on which allotments are made to the Indians.

WILL EXHIBIT AT ST. LOUIS.

Madison, Wis., March 4.—The State Horticultural Society of Wisconsin has decided to make an exhibit at the Louisiana purchase exposition, St. Louis, in 1903. The society has asked the Wisconsin state world's fair commission for $2500 with which to make the exhibit.

American Pride.

All true Americans are proud of the vast resources, wonderful achievements and constant progressiveness of our great country. In America the spirit of the age is progression and one of the most progressive institutions of the country is the Milwaukee road—its new Pioneer Limited is acknowledged to be the famous train of the world.

I OFFER FOR SALE THE Cheapest East End Lot

On the market, on Second street, near Eighteenth avenue. Other bargains in all parts of Endion.

H. L. BILLSON, TORREY BUILDING, First Floor.

H. A. Hall & Co.

Interior Decorations of the Highest Grade

The interior treatment of a house, so far as its dominant color tones, its decorations, are concerned, is as important from an artistic standpoint as the work of the architects upon its exterior.

We are prepared to undertake the complete decoration of houses anywhere in the United States, placing at the service of our customers our corps of artists and experts. We will, upon request, present a comprehensive scheme for securing the most satisfactory results from a given sum of money. This work may include only the decorator, or it may include all the wood finishing, so as to insure a correct interpretation of any style or period desired.

We submit finished water-color drawings for approval, and insure the highest grade of work and the most correct and effective treatment. Correspondence invited from house owners or architects as to details.

Phone 534. 16 E. Sup. St

AT WEST DULUTH

John Green, formerly of West Duluth now residing in Sault Ste. Marie, Can., left today for his home after a several weeks' visit with his relatives here. Mr. Green is manager for the Soo Lumber company, and is very enthusiastic over the future prospects of his city, which he says is a rival of the American Soo. The future of both cities depends almost entirely on the success of the Clergue enterprises, the immensity of which one can only realize by visiting the two places and seeing the vast work going on.

Mr. Green says that last summer the Canadian Soo grew so fast that houses could not be provided for the people that came there. From every direction people came with their household effects, unloaded them from the cars onto the commons, and then sent for a few loads of lumber to erect a shack over their goods until they could find tents to live in while building their houses. Houses were built at a rapid rate last summer. Men of some means made money fast by speculating in new houses. They would begin building several new houses and sell them all before finished. The Soo Lumber company sold over 9,000,000 feet of lumber for building purposes, in the city.

A great deal of speculation is rife over the amount of business that will be transacted over Clergue's new railway, the Algomah Central road. The road passes through rich mining and timber sections, and these alone are expected to go a long way in adding to the resources of the Canadian town, which is the lower terminal point. The road has been built for the heaviest traffic, the largest rails manufactured being used in the construction of the road. The rails are six inches wide at the bottom, while the upper surface is four inches wide.

SURPRISE PARTY.

Mrs. H. C. Hanson, of Fifty-ninth avenue west, was pleasantly surprised Saturday evening by a number of her friends, the event being in honor of her birthday. Mrs. Hanson was the recipient of a handsome token of remembrance from her friends Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. P. Sorenson, Mr. and Mrs. Peterson, Mr. and Mrs. Christianson, Mr. and Mrs. L. Hanson, Mrs. P. Hanson, Miss R. Christianson, Miss Ida Hanson, Miss Jennie Hanson, Miss Mary Hanson, Miss Cora Sorenson, Matt Sorenson, James Sorenson, C. Christianson, H. Hanson.

BIRTHDAY PARTY.

Yesterday Arthur Oettel, of 318 Sixty-fifth avenue west, celebrated his 12th birthday. In the evening he was the victim of a surprise party, comprised of a number of his young friends, who wished to do honor to the event. The evening was passed with games and music and various social amusements. Those present were: Annie Peterson, Clara Oettel, Sadie Peterson, Alfred Oettel, Harry Peterson, George Highmark, John Berin, Annie Berin, John Manserch, Maud Manserch, Ethel Braselk, Charlie Zeli, Selma Johnson, Willie Oettel.

A PECULIAR ACCIDENT.

Mrs. Gilley was the victim of a peculiar accident this morning. She was found lying on the floor in the hallway leading from her apartments in the Gilley building, on Central avenue. A physician was called and shortly afterward she regained consciousness, apparently little affected by the incident. Mrs. Gilley cannot recollect whether she fainted, fell down the stairs, or how long she had been lying there when discovered.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Rev. R. A. Sanderson, pastor of the Oneota church, who has been residing on Fifty-sixth avenue west for some time past, will very shortly take up residence in Leonidas Merritt's home at the corner of Forty-sixth avenue west and Oenota street. It is understood that Dr. Robert Forbes and family may move into the house left vacant by Rev. Sanderson.

Louis Le Barge returned this morning from Bark bay, Wis., where he has been employed all winter.

Henry Brayden is back from the range.

Edward Sabier has returned from French river.

John Sayan has returned from Cloquet for a short visit. Mr. Sayan reports great activity there in lumber manufacture, and says that the outlook for labor there the coming summer is excellent.

Louis Alger, who has been connected with the firm of Wieland & Wade for some time past, has accepted a position with the Kelley-How Hardware company and will assume his duties tomorrow.

Arnil Spitz pleaded guilty to the charge of assault, preferred by Olof Elstrom, last Saturday, and paid fine and costs, amounting to $10, in Justice Stone's court. Charlie Wooden, who had been imbibing too freely at the flowing bowl, enriched the justice court's receipts by $10 and was released from custody.

J. J. Lauermann left yesterday for a trip on the range.

Children's shoes at Lauermann's.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Waranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth,
R. C. Sweeny, Wm. A. Abbett.

....AN.... INSPECTION

Of our show window this week will convince you that we have a most complete assortment of rubber goods.

We are offering extraordinary values in hot water bags, new models, hot water bottles, fountain syringes, chair and seat cushions, all sizes, fancy pillows, which are excellent when traveling, etc., a full line of surgeons' supplies; everything in rubber goods carried by a first-class drug store.

Our want is to supply you with the best goods, and to provide them at a reasonable price.

S. F. BOYCE, DRUGGIST,

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

Duluth Wholesale Supply Company

114 West Michigan Street.

We sell Groceries direct to hotels restaurants and large consumers at wholesale prices.

For Something Special to Eat try WALL'S Stag Chop House.

Zenith City Dye Works

Practical Dyers and Dry Cleaners. Quick service and work guaranteed.

F. L. RITTEL, Prop.

6 East Superior Street.

Zenith 'phone, 1375. Bell, 645.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink **ANHEUSER-BUSOH AND FITGER'S BEER.** Sold in Duluth at the **IDEAL BEER HALL.**

If you don't feel just right substitute Figprune Cereal for coffee. It's the perfect food beverage.

Figprune Cereal is an agreeable and healthful substitute. Ask your grocer for the new health coffee—Figprune Cereal, a California product.

Dr. EMMA BREINHOLM Graduated Midwife

ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETIC HEALING

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

121 18th Ave. W. Phone 1471

Hotel Northern,

208 W. SUPERIOR ST.

Music from 3 to 5 and 7 to 11 p.m. by Northwestern Lady Orchestra.

Hardwood Flooring ¾x2¼ and ¾x2½

Maple, Oak, Birch, Red Birch.

Plain and Quarter Sawed.

If you want the best manufactured, buy from

C. B. WOODRUFF

LUMBER YARD 819 Garfield Avenue.

$2.50 and $3.50 no more, no less. THE BROCKTON SHOE CO.

RIGHT OFF THE GRIDDLE, AS IT WERE



The hot snappy custom shapes you are looking for. Same as New York custom makers show this season, and the price ($2.50 and $3.50, no more and no less). No better shoe at any price. None nearly so good at the same price. A very smart lot. Run in and see them.

THE BROCKTON SHOE CO. $2.50 and $3.50 no more, no less.

311 West Superior Street. The only exclusive Men's Shoe Store in Duluth

Everyday Prices!

—AT—

O'LEARY'S

CASH GROCERY.

17 East Superior Street.

The Right Price Store.

Prices For Wednesday, Thursday and Friday.

Potatoes per bushel ----- 75c
Strictly Fresh Eggs, doz 25c
Salmon, our regular 2 for 25c Salmon Wednesday, Thursday and Friday—3 cans ---------- 25c
Our regular 18c Salmon—Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday ----- 2 for 25c
This is a snap.
Maple Flavored Syrup, per quart 20c; gallon ----- 70c

TEAS.

Our regular 50c Black Tea Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, per lb ----- 36c
Our regular 40c Green Tea, per lb ---------- 30c
10 bars Kirk's Soap ----- 25c
Crackers by box, per lb -- 6c
Pure Leaf Lard, per lb ---- 11c

DAVIDSON.

Government Brings Suit For Damages Against Vessel Man.

The United States government has begun action against Capt. James Davidson, the millionaire vessel owner, of Bay City, Mich., to recover for damages done to the breakwater extension at Two Harbors, last summer, by the steamer Shenandoah, of the Davidson line, that ran into the breakwater one night and destroyed crib No. 2. The complaint was filed today by Assistant United States District Attorney Frederick N. Dickson, with the clerk of the United States circuit court, in this city.

The complaint recites that during the construction work on the breakwater extension last summer ample warning was given all vesselmen and masters of the progress and character of the work by published accounts; that on the night of June 24, 1901, the outer end of the breakwater extension had a bright white light attached to a mast, sixteen feet above water level, while at the inner end of the extension there was a bright red light suspended from a mast thirty feet above the water level.

It is further alleged that Capt. John McAvoy, master of the Shenandoah, in spite of the warnings given regarding the breakwater, was careless and negligent of his duty, and ran the Shenandoah into the breakwater extension, about seventy-five feet from the inner end, completely demolishing the second crib.

The government alleges that the repair work to the damage done the crib amounted to $4012.50, and asks judgment for that amount. The Shenandoah is a two-masted wooden steamer, and last summer was engaged in the ore trade between West Superior, Wis., and Cleveland, O. The boat was not damaged in the collision.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

Smoke Duluth Herald cigar, 5 cents.

Parlor theater, Vaudeville's latest hits.

The Endion Methodist Church society will be furnished a regular pastor about April 1. The pulpit is being supplied temporarily by Presiding Elder Forbes. The attendance is said to be exceptionally large.

The immortal Lawrence said: "Don't give up the ship." Wise heads won't give their cleaning elsewhere than to Kelly. Prices lowest.

Second papers have been issued to J. W. Barnes, a native of Great Britain, and Victor P. Jutin, a former subject of the king of Sweden.

A judgment for $372.90 against A. W. Bradley has been assigned by A. A. Edwards to Henry M. Bradley.

Judge Cant has ordered judgment that the writ of mandamus against Superintendent R. E. Denfeld, issued on the application of County Superintendent Park, be annulled. The court's decision in the matter in favor of Superintendent Denfeld was noted some weeks ago.

There was a small but dangerous fire this morning in an apartment house at 218 West Fourth street. The blaze was under the roof and upper floor and very difficult to get at, but the firemen soon had it under control. The loss was slight.

In Masonic Temple last evening Harry Nesbitt, of the Palestine lodge, was presented with a very handsome past master's jewel. The presentation was made by W. E. Covey, of Minneapolis.

William Flett, of 716 South Twenty-third avenue east, was arrested and acquitted on a charge of cruelty to animals, in police court this morning. Mr. Flett was arrested sometime ago on a warrant sworn out by Humane Officer Withrow.

Three saloon keepers were arrested for assault yesterday. Andrew Johnson and Dan Petersen were fined $5 and $10 respectively for swatting a man that criticized their free lunch. M. Monson said he did not assault Ole Johnson, and the case will be heard later.

Judge Dibell will convene the March term of district court tomorrow morning. He will have seventy-seven cases to assign and hear motions on. The other two judges will as soon as possible take up the civil calendar in rooms Nos. 2 and 3.

Parlor theater. Great big show.

Frerker Bros. & Co. have incorporated to do a wholesale and retail liquor business with a capital of $50,000. The incorporators are Frank H. Frerker and Theodore G. Frerker, of Duluth; Julius Kessler, of Chicago; J. H. Becker, of Duluth, and Michael Bessner, of Atlantic Mine, Mich. A. N. McGindley is the company's attorney.

W. M. Abrahamson, of the Hub Clothing store, returned today from the Eastern markets, where he purchased an entire new stock for the Hub, which he now controls and has had enrolled among the union stores of Duluth.

Regan Bros., of Minneapolis, have placed a wagon in Duluth for the daily distribution of their famous breads.

Miss Moning, formerly with Panton & White, is now located at No. 5 West Superior street, where she will be pleased to see her old patrons and others interested in fine millinery.

Amil Swanstrom and Ernest Andrews, two boys only 16 years of age, were arrested this afternoon on complaint of Peter Larson, who charges them with stealing two bantam chickens.

MINNESOTA MEN

In List of Appointments Made By President.

Washington, March 4.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate:

Army—Christian A. Bach, Minnesota, first lieutenant, cavalry; Jos. L. Sanford, of Virginia, assistant surgeon, United States volunteers, with rank of captain; Edward T. Gibson, of Minnesota, surgeon, United States volunteers, with rank of captain.

TAMARO DEAD.

New York, March 4.—Joseph Tamaro, an operatic singer of note, is dead from Bright's disease at his home in Brooklyn.

BOTH PLEAD GUILTY.

Grand Rapids, Mich., March 4.—Ex-City Attorney Lant K. Salsbury and Stilson V. MacLeod pleaded guilty in the United States circuit court this afternoon to a charge of violating the United States banking laws.

Our March Clearing Sale...

Will continue until the 15th of this month. Every article in this store will be sold at a big discount, and you can save money by purchasing your Furniture, Carpets, Rugs, Lace Curtains, Portieres, Stoves, etc., of us. We will not undertake to enumerate and picture off a few odds and ends, but every article in our store is included in this sale. We have the finest line of Ingrain Carpets shown in this city. We also have a large display of Rugs and an exceptionally fine line of Lace Curtains that are going to be sold very cheap. We also have the finest line of Go-Carts and Baby Carriages shown in this city. Everything included in this sale.

Terms Cash or Credit.

Bayha & Co.,

24-26 East Superior Street, East of Lake Ave.

LOOK FOR BIG WIRE SIGN ON ROOF.

IT MAY GO TO HILL

Report That Great Northern May Acquire Sims Logging Road.

Would Be For Purpose of Going to the Boundary.

Known to Be Looking Toward Extension In That Direction.

Rumors are current that the Sims logging road is about to change hands. It would not be surprising to railroad men to learn any day that James J. Hill had decided to extend the Great Northern system to the international boundary. It is known that he has figured on reaching the boundary from the Eastern Minnesota for almost two years, and has only been awaiting a propitious opportunity for carrying out his plans. Consequently, those that are on the inside would not be amazed to find that the Sims road had passed into the hands of Mr. Hill, either now or in the near future.

The Sims road extends northerly from a junction with the Eastern Minnesota at Deer River. It runs through an exceptionally promising country, considered with regard to future agricultural possibilities, and is about the right distance from other lines running northward to provide sufficient territory for each.

It is known that Mr. Hill considered the advisability of extending from Virginia or some Mesaba range point to the boundary, but it is understood that he abandoned this idea when he found that ore traffic was developing so rapidly as to make it advisable to add to the territory tributary to this branch of the Eastern Minnesota.

It is argued by some that if Mr. Hill is to reach the boundary before other lines gobble up a good share of the traffic resulting from the favorable location of towns along the route he will have to begin soon. The extension of the Walker logging road from Bemidji and the building of the Duluth, Virginia and Rainy Lake roads are considered to threaten his position in this respect.

It has been reported that Mr. Hill was back of the Duluth, Virginia & Rainy Lake road, a report that seemed quite logical in view of Mr. Hill's tendency to be back of new projects and the fact that the new line connected with his road at Virginia. It is learned, however, that Mr. Hill has no interest, whatever, in the Cook & Turish road, unless he has acquired it very recently. Moreover, it has not been decided as yet whether the new line will have closest traffic relations with the Eastern Minnesota or Missabe roads, and connections have been made with both.

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Don't Know it.

How To Find Out.

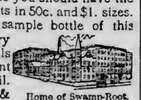
Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains your linen it is evidence of kidney trouble; too frequent desire to pass it or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.



What to Do.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in 50c. and $1. sizes.

You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful discovery and a book that tells more about it, both sent absolutely free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.



Home of Swamp-Root.

RAILROAD MATTERS.

Heavy Lumber Shipments By Rail Are Reported.

Shipments of lumber by rail are reported very heavy just now by the railroads centering here. The Duluth roads are still chary about letting very many of their cars go off their own systems, but they are able to get more foreign cars, and consequently the movement is considerably freer than it was. A great deal of lumber is being consigned to New York, Baltimore, Philadelphia and Pennsylvania points, or at least a great deal as compared with past winter shipments by rail. The Northern Pacific and Milwaukee are still bringing in a good many stock cars for carrying lumber.

The South Shore has just put a new dining car on its limited passenger train. It will run between Duluth and Thomaston, going out on No. 8, eastbound, in the evening, and returning on No. 7, westbound, in the morning.

BELONGS HERE.

Young Duluthian Who Turns Up In Minneapolis.

One of the Minneapolis papers says that C. M. Stocking, who is in charge of the Union City Mission, is much concerned over the whereabout of a boy about 16 years of age, who applied for food and shelter at the mission last Monday and then disappeared. The boy gave the name of James Cavanaugh and claimed that his residence was Duluth, but inquiry developed that his right name was Peter Showze and that he was a former inmate of the state reformatory. Young Showze claimed to have been an A. D. T. messenger in this city.

Inquiry at the local A. D. T. office today shows that there was such a youth employed there for about two weeks and was discharged. He afterward went to Superior and the last heard from him was that he had started for Minneapolis. The lad has a father residing somewhere on Ninth street in this city, who is employed at one of the local coal docks. The name is not given in the directory. The local officials of the A. D. T. hardly think that any harm has befallen the boy, that he appeared fully competent to take care of himself.

40c--Rates Reduced

We touch our competitors in a tender spot when we make a REASONABLE RATE. Ask them if they have reduced the rates to Chicago and other points as they have to St. Paul and Minneapolis; if not, why not?

Our rates to all points are reasonable. To St. Paul and Minneapolis from 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. 40 cents for three minutes' talk, and 10c for each additional minute. From 6 p. m. to 8 a. m. 25c for three minutes and 5c for each additional minute. Ask your operator for rates to other points.

ZENITH CITY TELEPHONE CO

TIME FIXED.

National Guardsmen's Exposition to Open on March 31.

With a burst of gorgeous electrical effects Duluth's miniature world's exposition will be opened to the public on the evening of March 31.

The executive committee of National Guardsmen held a meeting last evening in the Armory and decided that the exposition should run from March 31 to April 12.

The iron range roads are preparing for two big excursions—one for the opening night and another for April 8.

The project bids fair to be a great success. The $5000 spent in getting up this exposition in miniature has been spent to good advantage. Most of the buildings are now ready to be set up, and the exhibits are practically complete and arranged for.

At the meeting last night enthusiastic reports were made. The transportation officials that have been let in to the mystic inner circle of preparation say that they had no idea that such an affair could be arranged, and feel sure that it will receive a most generous patronage when the public realizes the beauty and general attractiveness of the fair.

It is expected that 30,000 people will visit the exposition during the two weeks that it is open. In view of the fact that the entire show can be seen for a quarter, the managers of the affair are very confident of breaking all records for crowds.

The work of setting up the various exposition buildings cannot begin before March 17, and it will take fully two weeks to get everything in place.

FIGHTING IN COLOMBIA.

Washington, March 4.—A report from United States Minister Hart at Bogota in substance states that 5000 of the best soldiers in Colombia had reinforced the government troops near Bogota. Fighting had continued for some days, but reliable details had not been received.

ALLEN-HARRIS.

The wedding of Miss Clara E. Allen and Edward H. Harris, both of Princeton, Ill., will be celebrated tomorrow at high noon at the residence of Principal Charles A. Smith, of the high school, at Hunter's Park. The bride-to-be is a member of Principal Smith's family, having lived with them since childhood. She was a teacher for several years in the public schools of Princeton, where she was well known in social circles.

Mr. Harris, the prospective groom, is the proprietor of a large hardware establishment in that city and a popular young man in society. He has been in this city about a week. Rev. R. A. Montgomery, of the Glen Avon Presbyterian church, will perform the ceremony.

After the wedding the bride and groom will leave for Chicago for a few days before going to Princeton, where they will make their home.

Mrs. Lucy H. Smith and her daughter, Fannie R. Smith, who have been visiting with C. A. Smith since last October, will also return to Princeton, their home, tomorrow.

CLAN STEWART No. 50, O. S. C.

Regular meeting of the Clan tonight at 8 p. m. prompt. Clansmen are requested to be present to discuss the advisability of engaging Scotland's greatest singer, Jessie Niven McLachlan. MALCOLM McDONALD, Secretary.

WILL TAKE FULL TIME

Republicans Will Not Hurry Hearing of the Contest.

The Case Will Not Come Up Before March 15.

Both Sides Now Admit That Result Will Be Very Close.

It is now definitely settled that the mayoralty contest litigation will open in the district court on March 15.

Today the Democrats gave up all hope of getting the Republicans to stipulate for a trail at an earlier date.

It was decided to force the issue and it is not possible to force it till a week from next Saturday when the district court convenes in special term.

In pursuance of this policy the notice of trial was served on Mayor Hugo this afternoon. It is the formal legal notice to appear in court for the hearing of the case on the date mentioned.

Interest in the mayoralty contest is scarcely on the wane. The betting stage has been reached and the Republicans are offering even money that Hugo will be declared elected by at least two plurality.

The Democrats do not appear to be so confident, though in several instances they have taken money on the two plurality proposition.

The claims of thirteen for Hugo made the day after the recount was finished are heard no more and for that matter so is the claim of thirty plurality made for Truelsen.

The strong partisans seem to have given up the idea of throwing out several precincts and concluded to let the courts pass on the 129 challenged ballots first.

There is an unconfirmed report that the Democrats have made a new discovery which will at least give Truelsen four votes or a net gain of four. Those on the inside are keeping very quiet, however, not caring to let the opposition get a line on their plan of battle before going into court.

STATE READING CIRCLE.

Supt. Park Attends Meeting at St. Paul.

A. T. Park, county superintendent of schools, returned yesterday from St. Paul, where he attended a meeting of the state reading circle board. Mr. Park was elected vice president of the board. One of the important steps taken by the board was the adoption of certain books for the reading circle work among the state teachers this year, and for which a credit is to be given them on their certificates. The books adopted are: "Government in State and Nation," by James and Sanford; "Science and History of Education," by Shoupser; "The Art of Teaching," by White.

The members of the reading circle board were organized into a state advisory board, and their further duty is to inspect the latest books bearing on the subject of teaching, with a view of recommending to the teaching public the best publications.

CHANGES

Made In Engineering Department of Northern Pacific.

St. Paul, March 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—The engineering department of the Northern Pacific has been completely reorganized by Chief Engineer W. L. Darling, the changes dating from March 1. J. Q. Jamieson is placed in Tacoma, as division engineer, in charge of engineering on all lines west of and including Ellensburg station.

F. S. Darling is made division engineer at St. Paul, in charge of engineering on all lines east of the Missouri river, vice J. S. Bratager, transferred.

W. C. Smith is division engineer with headquarters at Livingston, Mont., and is placed in charge of engineering on all lines between the Missouri river and Butte and Helena, including Butte station, but not Helena.

B. F. Palmer is made division engineer at Spokane and will have jurisdiction over all engineering between Butte and Helena and Ellensburg, Wyo., including Helena, but not Butte or Ellensburg.

Assistant engineers will rise to division engineers and the latter to be chief engineer.

Special Meeting

Of the Duluth Humane Society will be held at the office of the society, room 201, Duluth Trust company building, Duluth, Minnesota, on Wednesday, the 5th day of March, 1902, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of rescinding the action of the society taken at the last annual meeting thereof, in attempting to amend article II, of the constitution of the society.

By order of the executive committee.
HUNTINGTON W. MERCHANT, Secretary.
Duluth, Minn., Feb. 19, 1902.

LESS ICE

Indicates an Early Opening of Navigation.

Detroit, March 4.—According to the first report for 1902 on the condition of the ice in the great lakes issued today by the local office of the weather bureau, there is much less ice in the lakes at present than at this time last year, indicating an early opening of navigation.

RECEIVED BY POPE.

Rome, March 4.—The pope received in audience Mgr. J. M. Farley, coadjutor bishop of New York.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Oriental Rugs.....

Much Below Regular Values.

Come tomorrow or any day this week and compare kinds and prices with any you have seen—there'll be no question in your mind as to which store will sell you your rugs. We have hundreds of magnificent rich and rare pieces—and we have very large assortments of the cheaper sorts.

We Offer Tomorrow—



Twenty-five Persian rugs known as "Hamidans" in sizes averaging from 2½ feet by 5 feet to 3 feet by 6 that are usually sold at from $8.50 to $10, at—each $5.90

About twenty-five fine pieces consisting of Shirvans, Belouchistans, Kazaks, Carabaughs, etc., that usually sell at from $18 to $25 each, at ---------- $11.75

We also name special prices on rich and rare pieces in sizes running from 3½ feet by 6 feet to 4½x10 feet, in fine Persians, Mousils and various other rich antique pieces running from $25.00 to $100

And offer a special lot usually sold at $32.50, $35, $37.50, $40 and $42.50 at —each ---------- $25.00

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

PERSONALS.

A. B. Siewert left yesterday for Chicago, accompanied by C. La Dow, of Albany, N. Y.

J. E. Lewis and W. Harris left yesterday for St. Paul, and from there they will go to Southern California. They have been employed by the Northern Pacific railroad, Mr. Harris having been with it for eight years. They will join the Southern Pacific road and make their homes in the West.

L. P. Totman and wife left last evening for a month's visit with friends at their old home, Fairfield, Me.

Miss Anna Smith, of Hibbing, is spending a few days here. She is at the McKay.

J. P. Cook, Marcus W. Bates, J. H. LaVaque, J. D. Holmes and C. P. Cleland went to Minneapolis over the Eastern today to attend a meeting of the state G. A. R.

James Borgo, of Bessemer, is one of the McKay's guests.

Mr. and Mrs. Lon Merritt and son and daughter have gone to Lexington, Neb. They left over the Eastern this afternoon.

Capt. A. Bourana came down from Two Harbors this morning and is at the McKay.

J. H. M. Parker, Canadian land agent, took a party of settlers to Winnipeg today via the Great Northern.

C. H. Hughes went to Grand Forks last night via the Great Northern.

C. H. Hughes went to Grand Forks last night via the Great Northern.

St. Louis of her way to Bemidji for a visit.

D. E. Holston, Jr., left this morning for a trip to Bemidji.

Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Webber, of Boston, arrived at the Spalding this morning for a visit. Mr. Webber will look after business interests here.

James, A. T. and J. C. Pryor, of Houghton, Mich., are guests at the Spalding.

M. M. Gasser has gone to Chicago with Governor Van Sant and staff, of which he is a member holding the rank of major, to participate in the reception of Prince Henry.

John MacLeod, of Minneapolis, is visiting in the city.

S. C. Reynolds departed this afternoon on the Fast Mail for Charleston to attend the exposition.

Ira S. Merrill, of New York, is a guest of his nephew, N. B. Merritt. He was at the St. Louis today.

L. Selleck will leave over the Omaha this afternoon on his return to Georgia.

George Waters expects to go to Chicago this afternoon.

C. M. Erskine, of Cloquet, is stopping at the St. Louis.

Mrs. M. S. Hawkins and son, of Mountain Iron, are at the Spalding.

J. H. Grueger, of Ashland, is a guest at the Spalding.

County Commissioner Patterson returned this morning from St. Paul. He says he heard State Auditor Dunn make his address on the tax bill before the senate committee, and adds that the published reports of the auburn-haired official's comments lacked much of the essence of vigor that percolated the expression of his views.

A. K. Squier, manager of the boys' and children's department at the Great Eastern, accompanied Mr. Burrows to New York.

Miss Murray, of 1632 East First street, left yesterday for New York.

HOTEL FIRE.

Marshalltown, Iowa, March 4.—Fire early this morning destroyed half a block of buildings in the heart of the city, entailing a loss of $75,000, resulting in injuries to several guests and employes of the Tremont hotel, and possibly two deaths.

The missing: Frank Kinzle, bartender, Waterloo, Iowa; unknown woman. The injured: Lulu Stephens, waitress, back severely sprained, internal injuries, serious; Mrs. Bessie Madden, waitress, leg broken; Birdie Myers, waitress, ankle broken; J. H. Jayne, landlord, feet burned; James Kunkle, cook, hands and face burned, serious; George S. Steffe, salesman, Chicago, ankle sprained.

Forty guests at the hotel had little time to escape, as the flames spread rapidly.

The injured girls jumped from the third story to the front balcony, and others jumped to the areaway and escaped uninjured. The fire caught at the base of the elevator in the hotel.

IN CONGRESS.

Washington, March 4.—In the senate, the following bills were passed: To authorize the erection of buildings by the international committee of Young Men's Christian association on military reservations of the United States; appropriating $50,000 for the relief of the Mille Lac Chippewa Indians in Minnesota; authorizing the appointment and retirement of David McMurtrie Gregg as captain in the United States army; to pay Elizabeth Muehlman, widow of Samuel A. Muehlman, $5000 on account of the death of her husband in the collapse of the Fords theater building in Washington; appropriating $15,000 to pay Lincoln W. Tibbets for having saved the cargo of powder of the brig Tornado in 1893; authorizing the St. Clair Terminal Railway company to construct and maintain a bridge across the Monongahela river; authorizing G. B. Brackett, department of agriculture, to accept a decoration tendered to him by the French republic; appropriating $3,000 for a light and fog signal station at Crisps Point, Lake Superior, Mich.; making Great Falls, Mont., a port of entry of the customs district of Montana and Idaho; appropriating $15,000 for relief of Rasmussen & Strehlow, contractors for the government buildings at the Pan-American exposition on account of damage sustained by the cyclonic storm of September, 1900; appropriating $3500 to construct a light house keeper's dwelling on Calumet harbor, Lake Michigan, Ill.; appropriating $1,150,000 to carry out an agreement with the Crow Indians, Montana, and $3000 a year for support and maintenance of the permanent international commission of the congress of navigation and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, March 4.—When the house met today the pending question was on the adoption of the conference report upon the Philippine tariff bill. On a rising division, the vote stood, ayes 66; nays 65. Messrs. McCall (Mass.), Heatwole (Minn.) and Littlefield (Me.) (Republicans,) voted with the Democrats against the adoption of the report. Mr. Payne, majority leader, then demanded the ayes and nays and the roll was called. The report was adopted, 138 to 102. Mr. Littlefield (Rep. Me.), McCall (Rep. Mass.), and Heatwole, (Rep. Minn.), voted with the Democrats against the adoption of this report. The house then went into committee of the whole and resumed the consideration of the bill to classify the rural free delivery service, and place the carriers under the contract system.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Edward H. Harris and Clara E. Allen.
Conrad Erickson and Hildora Hagen.
Edward Stokes and Annie McRae.

BIRTHS.

JACOBSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. George Jacobson, of New Duluth.

HENDRICKSON—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. J. Hendrickson, 1931 Piedmont avenue.

Open day and night. New 'Phone 1358.
FLOOD & HORGAN,
Undertakers and Embalmers,
720 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

HOME GROWN FLOWERS. Floral Designs and Lodge Emblems Wedding Decorations made on short notice. Largest Greenhouses.
EISCHEN BROS. 129 W. Superior St. Both Phones.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

A CLEAR SKIN CAN BE CULTIVATED and the plainest faces grow lovely using Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder. 25c.

Diseases of Men
CURED TO STAY CURED



By our new ***Electro-Medical Treatment,*** which combines all of the curative powers of both medicine and electricity.

Varicocele, Stricture, Nervo-Sexual Debility, Contagious Blood Poison, Rupture, Kidney and Urinary Diseases, Small, Weak Organs, Discharges, Seminal Emissions

and all associate diseases and weaknesses of men, causing pains in kidneys, bladder, abdomen, dizziness, loss of memory, etc., resulting in loss of sexual power, physical suffering, mental distress, gloomy forebodings and feelings of impending danger.

The longest established, most successful and reliable specialist in diseases of men, as medical diplomas, licenses and newspaper records will show.

We Treat Men Only and Cure Them to Stay Cured.

We charge nothing for private counsel and give to each patient a ***Legal Contract*** to hold for our promises. If you cannot call at our office, write your symptoms fully.

CONSULTATION FREE AND CONFIDENTIAL.

Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Progressive Medical Association,

No. 1 West Superior Street, Corner Lake Ave., Duluth, Minn.

HALF PRICE



Sale On Musical Instruments.....

They must go, as we require the room for other goods. Guitars, Violins, Mandolins, Banjos, Zithers, Autoharps. Cases of leather or canvas for all instruments. Metronomes now only $2.50. Mouth organs of the very best make will be sold at a reduced price. Flutes, Fifes, Piccolos. Strings for all instruments. Don't miss this sale. Come early.

CITY GUN STORE R. C. KRUSCHKE, 402 W. Superior St.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk.
Telephone 755, N. Call 4.
Zenith 'Phone 713.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

IN MICHIGAN.

Cause of Mysterious Disappearance of Packages Discovered.

Norway—For a long time small packages have mysteriously disappeared from the depot at Norway. No one could account for them, and the agent had been put to a great deal of trouble by the thefts. The stolen packages contained mostly cigars, tobacco, candy, etc. The other evening a pail of fish disappeared from the platform. The baggage man saw Charles Johnson standing near it, and a few minutes later it had vanished, so had Johnson. The baggageman came to the conclusion that Mr. Johnson was putting in a stock of fish for the Lenten season, so he went to his home, about a mile from town. He asked Johnson for the fish, which was immediately given up. Later the man was arrested and fined $10.

Iron River—Instructions have been received at the Riverton and the Sober mine properties of the Oliver Mining company to take on at once 300 men. These mines, located at Iron River, have been shut down since last summer.

Ironwood—It is the intention of the new Ironwood company to enlarge the present brewery and increase its capacity to 20,000 barrels annually. The capacity of the present plant is 7000. A bottling plant will be built in connection with the brewery next spring.

Residents of the Sixth ward in Ironwood, known as the Norrie location, are circulating a petition to obtain a suspension bridge leading to the city or the alternative of a municipal government of their own. The curious feature is that there is no river, lake, ocean or other body of water separating the residents of the Sixth ward from the rest of the city—only a yawning chasm. The immense caves of the Ashland and Norrie mines have closed the only roads leading to the business part of the city, without the residents of the location take a circultous route about three miles in length.

Iron Mountain—Dr. Nelson, health officer of Iron Mountain, has discovered a case of smallpox at his home of Mrs. C. Meyers, on Ludington street. A little girl aged 6 years has had the disease for three or four weeks, and now a little boy of 3 years is just coming down. During this time many people have been in the place, which is a fruit and confectionery store, and have thus been exposed to the disease.

Manistique—With the car ferry service to Manistique which will be established this season, the town will be brought within sixty or eighty miles of the fruit growing belt of the lower peninsula. It is likely, therefore, that a cold storage plant will be established there and Manistique made a distributing point for the upper peninsula for the lower Michigan fruit. At present Manistique is dependent upon Minneapolis for its fruit supply, and on account of the distance it has to be brought the fruit is usually of inferior quality and the price away up.

NEW POSTMASTERS.

President Sends a List to the Senate.

Washington, Feb. 3.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate. Postmasters: Iowa—Henry Muhs, Alton; Daniel M. Anderson, Albia; Eugene C. Haynes, Centerville; Fred W. Browne, Belleplaine; Theodore E. Hecker, Hampton; Asaph Buck, Keokuk; Josiah D. McVay, Lake City; Thomas W. Summersides, Manchester; Daniel E. Pond, Monticello; Charles M. Marshall, Mouiton; Henry A. Perrin, Monroe; Alfred W. Lee, Ottumwa; Charles J. Adams, Reinbeck; Ephraim G. Swift, State Center; John R. Smull, Jr., Stuart; William D. Lee, Toledo; abniel T. Bower, Traer. Minnesota—John A. Henry, Janesville; John T. Hamner, Madison. Wisconsin—John C. Guthwaite, Depere; Elisha W. Keyes, Madison; William F. Gruetzmacher, Watertown. South Dakota—Calvin K. Neff, Groton.

Mother—Now is the time to have your little ones take Rocky Mountain Tea. Keeps them well all the year. Great medicine for children. 35 cts. Ask your druggist.

PINTON-WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

DULUTH, MINNESOTA

Fresh Peanut Candies

FROM the greatest peanut country in the world—Virginia. There is a big factory in Norfolk, Virginia, that makes a specialty of making all kinds of peanut candies exclusively. This candy is delicious. No better tasting—no purer candies in the market than these:

Iced Chocolate Squares with peanut fillings
Chocolate Squares with peanuts
Peanut Squares
Peanut Tablets
Pink and White Beauties

20c

Salted Peanuts just received from Virginia 25c PER POUND.

Famous McIntosh Chocolate, per lb 50c

Small Boxes, 5c to 10c

SITUATION RELIEVED

Colder Weather Checks the Floods In the East.

Loss at Allentown, Pa., Will Exceed Half Million.

No Communication With Danville, Pa., For a Week.

Albany, March 4.—The flood situation in Albany was much relieved by the breaking of the ice gorge at Stuyvesant which opened a passageway for the ice from the upper Hudson and its tributaries. The water has steadily fallen since daylight. Freezing temperature prevailed over the watershed throughout the night and this greatly checked the flow of the surface water. It is still impossible to operate the trolley lines because of the flooding of the power house. The New York Central is operating under great difficulty and all trains in both directions are many hours late. The Mohawk division has not been open for a week.

Cincinnati, March 4.—The Ohio river flood here reached its crest of 50½ feet and became stationary at 10 o'clock. While it is possible a slight rise may follow, there will be no substantial addition. No ice has reached here and the river is free of driftwood.

Allentown, Pa., March 4.—It is estimated that the loss in this city and vicinity by the recent floods will exceed half a million dollars. Ice floes carried away two large bridges, one at the lower end of the New Jersey Central railway, in this city, the other a private bridge of the Lehigh Iron company. One life was lost in the flood—a farmer, named Snyder,—being drowned in Weisenberg while trying to cross a stream with his team.

Danville, Pa., March 4.—Danville has been practically cut off from all communication by rail with neighboring towns since last Saturday. The river attained a height of 24.9 feet, the highest in thirty-seven years. Nearly half the town is inundated.

Chattanooga, March 4.—Official reports received at the railway headquarters here show that the situation in the flooded districts is improving. The Southern's loss between Morristown and Asheville will aggregate from $200,000 to $250,000 to roadbed and bridges alone. The loss by delayed and annulled trains and cutting off of all passenger and freight traffic since last Thursday, will be large.

DEMAND

Against Turkey Was to Protect Rights of Miss Stone.

Washington, March 4.—It is learned at the state department that the attitude of Mr. Leishmann, the United States minister to Turkey, is likely to be misunderstood owing to the brevity of the cable report that he had preferred a demand upon Turkey in the case of Miss Stone. The understanding here is that any action in that line Mr. Leishmann may have taken is rather in the line of asserting all her rights, rather than an unqualified demand for the punishment of the brigands and a payment of the indemnity given to the brigands.

The same sort of caveat either has been, or will be filed with the Bulgarian government. The legal effect of this action is simply to save her rights against either of these governments or against both of them, pending the conclusion of exhaustive inquiry which the state department is making through its ministers or other agents into Miss Stone's case. When that inquiry is concluded it is expected the department will be in a position to squarely place the responsibility of the kidnaping, and when that is done no time will be lost in pressing the claim both for punishment of the perpetrators of the outrage and for the repayment of the ransom. Meanwhile, acting under instructions of the state department, Mr. Leishmann will prefer no specific claim against either Turkey or Bulgaria .

WIRELESS

Telephony Explained By the Inventor of New System.

New York, March 4.—E. Ducrotet, the French electrical engineer, has made the following statement concerning the system of wireless telephony which he has invented, says a Paris dispatch to the Journal and American.

"The academy of science to which my invention of telephoning without wires has been submitted, acknowledges its value. The transmitter and receiver are much like those in daily use of the ordinary telephone. There is this difference, that a small coil is introduced and the electrical intensity is slightly increased.

"When the instruments are put down deep in the earth, messages can be transmitted over enormous distances. Forests, rivers, mountains, may separate armies, yet they can communicate with each other through the earth by wireless telephony.

"Wireless telephone messages can be transmitted through sea from shore to shore or between ships. The voice is transmitted without the least difficulty and the most delicate articulations reach the ear."

RELIEF FROM CZAR.

St. Petersburg, March 4.—The czar has sent 150,000 roubles for the relief of the victims of the recent earthquake at Shamaka, Trans-Caucasia.

NEW SWIMMING RECORD.

Boston, March 4.—Harry Lemyne, of Brooklyn, made a new world's swimming record at the sportsmen's show last night, covering the sixty yards in 35 1-5 seconds. The world's record was 35¾ seconds and the American 36 seconds.

ABOUT CATARRH CURES.

The Reason Why Inhalers and Local Applications Are Useless.

For many years catarrh was considered to be a local disease and was treated entirely by local remedies, salves, ointments, powders, sprays and inhalers, and nearly all of these gave a temporary relief, but a genuine permanent cure was very rare.



It is true the most annoying symptoms like stoppage of the nose and throat trouble, are purely local, but they are simply symptoms and the real seat of disease is far removed.

Catarrh is a constitutional disease, a blood disorder, complicated usually with disease of the liver and to suppose that local applications of sprays, powders, inhalers, could never reach the real cause of the trouble is ridiculous.

The sensible and successful treatment is to remove the catarrhal poison from the system by regulating the liver and purifying the blood, and this can only be done by an internal remedy, which should consist of antiseptics and remedies to act vigorously on the blood and liver.

The best preparation of this kind which fills all the requirements of a safe constitutional treatment is Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, composed of Blood Root, Red Gum and similar wholesome antiseptics, which are absolutely safe to take into the stomach and which act upon the liver, stomach and mucous membrane.

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets are large, pleasant tasting lozengers to be slowly dissolved in the mouth, thus reaching the mucous membrane and wind-pipe and finally reaching the stomach.

Dr. Edmondson, in speaking of the new treatment for catarrh, says: "I have accomplished the most satisfactory results in all forms of catarrh of the head, throat, bronchial tubes, as well as catarrh of the stomach and liver by using nothing else but Stuart's Catarrh Tablets. I long since threw aside sprays and inhalers as being inconvenient and at the best mere temporary make-shifts.

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets act immediately upon the liver and blood and clear the whole system of catarrhal poison. They are pleasant and very convenient to use, and they are not only the latest, but I believe them to be the best and certainly the safest treatment for any form of catarrh.

All druggists sell Stuart's Catarrh Tablets at 50 cts, for full sized package.

A little book on cause and cure of Catarrh mailed free by addressing the F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

ELABORATE RECEPTION

(Continued From Page 1.)

enthusiastic congregation of German Americans.

Every precaution had been taken for the safety of the royal guest. The club house had been rigidly inspected from basement to garret, and after the inspection, up to the time the prince set foot in the club house, not even members were allowed to enter without special cards of admission. The cavalry escort which had accompanied the prince from the Auditorium drew up in front before the prince alighted from his carriage. A detachment of police restrained the curious crowds, while detectives in citizen's dress were sprinkled about the club to guard against any suspicious characters getting within even shouting distance of the kaiser's brother.

The prince, arm in arm with Dr. Wever, the German consul in Chicago, was met at the threshold of the club house by Gustav F. Fischer, president of the club, and the following members of the club's reception committee: Gustav Schmeyer, Harry Reubens, Judge Theo Brentano, Edward G. Hall, and Albert F. Madlener. The committee was augmented, however, by members of the board of directors and other prominent members of the club. The broad stairway leading to the reception hall was lined with little girls dressed in white. Some of them shyly spoke to the prince and he nodded pleasantly to them, apparently enjoying the innocent spectacle.

The luncheon was confined to the prince and the immediate party accompanying him from Europe, and assigned to him at Washington. The imperial German consul, Dr. Wever, the two vice consuls, rs. Haerring and Zoepfel, Mayor Harrison, Governor Yates, Robert T. Lincoln, the executive committee, the committee of five, representing the United German societies, and about fifty members of the club, including directors and the reception committee. The guests were standing when the prince and entourage entered. A strirring band, hidden behind palms and ferns, played "Der Wacht am Rhein." Over the windows of the room blue and white satin had been stretched to soften the light. Huge wreaths, from which the colors of both countries represented trailed to the floor, occupied the spaces between the windows. The walls were hidden by rare tapestries, behind which there was a background of white. At the north end of the banquet hall were busts of President Roosevelt and Emperor William, under a triumphal arch made of the colors of the two nations. Above it was the American eagle, and vis-a-vis at the opposite end of the hall, was the eagle of Germany. There were orange trees and cherry vines in abundance and a profusion of the flags of both countries. The whole scheme of decoration was perfect in its harmony, and in its symbolism of the friendship of Germany and the United States.

While the first three courses were being served, the orchestra discoursed soft negro melodies, and strains from the operas by Italian and Spanish authors. At the end of the third course, President Fischer proposed the health of the president of the United States, which was drunk standing. Then the band played "The Star Spangled Banner." The next toast, also proposed by Mr. Fischer, was to the emperor of Germany. This was drunk like the first, and was followed by the playing of "Heil Dir Im Siegerkranz."

During the rendering of both the American and the German patriotic music the guests remained standing. At the end of the fifth course, Harry Rubens delivered the speech of the occasion in proposing the health of the club's distinguished guest. He said:

"It was a day of deepest sorrow, Chicago, young, vigorous Chicago, was shedding bitter tears of grief at the bier of the great president who had broken the shackles of human slavery and adopted the gospel of love as a fundamental principle of political statecraft. Circling around that bier were a number of patriotic Americans of German descent, and they gave poetical expression to the feelings of the nation in German song and German speech. They were the founders of our 'Germania.'

'Today is a day of joy. A German prince honors the memory of the immortal martyr and adorns his monument of bronze with the fragrant flowers of springtime. And, we of the Germania, rejoice that the modest tribute paid at the bier to the great Lincoln by the muses of German lore and art is now accentuated with all the brilliancy befitting the occasion by another expression of the tender homage of the entire German nation through a prince of the royal blood.

"We rejoice because it is our delightful privilege to receive the illustrious representative of the German nation in this house, which has been dedicated by American citizens of German descent as a temple for the enshrining of the most sacred heritage of our fatherland, German culture and German thought as they find expression in speech, song and art. In this spirit we are assembled today.

"Welcome, many times welcome, German prince, in this German home, far from your native heath, on the shores of the great lake whose waters kiss the outstretching prairie lands of the far West. When your royal highness returns to your emperor and people we pray you to take to them the assurance of our everlasting appreciation of the friendship of your people for ours, so notably evidenced by your visit to the land of our adoption.

"We are true to our allegiance to the United States. Long before and ever since Lincoln's time we have been devoted to and have defended with our lives the stars and stripes. But another tie, the tie of kinship, links our hearts with those of your people. "Gladly we twine our German hands.

In the double tie of our old and new lands;
And over the ocean without end
Leal souls loving greeting send
While each new gleam we proudly hail
In the starry banner high unfurled,
Tender memories never fail
To spin a bridge to our older world.

"Gentlemen, I now propose that we rise and drink the health of our illustrous guest, his royal highness, Prince Henry of Prussia."

When the luncheon was finished, President Fischer escorted the prince to the elaborately decorated ball room where the prince received those who had taken luncheon with him. President Fischer stood at his right, while members of his staff and a committee of the club were ranged behind him.

It was during this reception that one of the most pleasing incidents of the day took place. PresidentFischer,on behalf of the ladies of the club,presented the prince with a magnificent vase to be given his wife, the Princess Irene. The prince thanked the women in behalf of the princess, declaring that no incident of his visit had pleased him more, and that he was sure the princess, his wife, would cherish it always among her treasures. The vase was of gold and cut glass, and was two feet high.

MILWAUKEE

Is All Ready to Entertain the Prince.

Milwaukee, March 4.—Prince Henry of Prussia is due to arrive in Milwaukee at 4 o'clock this afternoon, to remain six hours. Considerable of a program has been arranged. He will be escorted in a carriage through the principal business and residence sections of the city, review 1000 German war veterans who passed through two wars in the fatherland, attend a public reception at the exposition building, witness a fire run and be the guest of honor at a banquet at the Hotel Pfister to be given by the citizens of Milwaukee. The city has a holiday appearance. German flags are floating from many buildings today. On the city hall the United States and German flags float side by side. The decorations at the exposition building, where the public reception is to be held, are lavish. The greatest display of decorations is in the line of electric arches, the effect of which will be shown at nightfall when the current will be turned on. The arches span the street every 100 feet, and have been erected from the court of honor on Grand avenue and Eleventh street clear through to the lake on Wisconsin street. At the banquet tonight toasts will be drunk to the president of the United States, the emperor of Germany and Prince Henry of Prussia. The first two will be drunk in silence, the last being responded to by Prince Henry.

Silk Headquarters at the Head of the Lakes.

Freimuth's

Mail Orders Cheerfully Filled. Send for Samples.

Exclusive Wash Fabrics

IT MAKES the writer wish he were a poet or an artist to be able to convey to some adequate word picture of the textile beauties that are to be seen in the newly enlarged wash goods section—truly the loom artists never did more gorgeous work—nor the makers more close and economical calculating than this season—the fabrics are glorious—the designs simply exquisite and best of all the cost has been kept down till the very choicest is within reach of a slender purse. Take these hints and come down tomorrow—don't delay—for the best patterns always go first and most of them cannot be duplicated; and then think of the satisfaction of having your wash gowns and wists all made up and ready for use when the real wearing time does come.

69c Silk Swiss — 45 inches wide, charming silk embroidered patterns standing out in bold relief from solid color Etamine grounds.

58c Mouseline de Bal—27 inches wide—sheer, fine sole grounds with large floral figures—quaint and fetching designs.

25c Swiss Plumetis—30 inches wide, tambour feather stitching on sheer fine muslin grounds—also large floral figures between lattice stripes.

58c Mousseline de Soie—thin, sheer soie grounds with 1½ inch lace stripes—in solid colors only—maize linen, turquoise—27 inches wide.

50c Tourquay Novelties--thick, soft, silky in appearance—it's mercerized in the thread and will retain its luster after laundering—come in delightful colors with broad stripes of white.

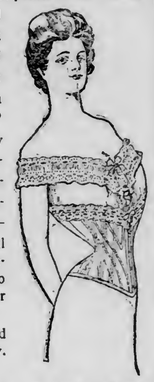
42c Embroidered Swisses—small pretty figures and neat stripe patterns—black and white, light blue and white, pink and white, natural and white, etc., will make lovely summer gowns—42c and 50c a yard.

35c—Marvelle Leno—a filmy lace-like texture enriched with brocade stripe designs from highly mercerized threads—as silky and rich in appearance as if made of real silk.

25c—Irish Dimities—you all know the quality—it's famous in this section as the best possible for the money, and the patrons. Ladies that know, tell us they never saw prettier ones in colors and designs than these. 50 styles at 25c a yard.

LaPremiere Corsets

THE finest and most beautiful corsets in the world are the French models—and yet to the average American figure they are uncomfortable and unsatisfactory—in many cases even when made to order. It has taken Yankee wit and money to overcome this. Brains to adapt the best points of the French to suit the American figure—and money to hire the skill and art that are necessary to the construction of a perfect corset. And as a result of years of effort behold it—La Premiere — the finest "French" American made Corset. The new "Straight Front LaPremiere" Corset is a triumph of grace and common sense. Whaleboned throughout, French gored and bias cut—they conform perfectly to physical requirements—giving erect, graceful poise to the figure and allows no interference with breathing or digestion.



"LaPremiere" Corsets are sold in Duluth by us exclusively. Prices, a pair—

$2.75, $3.50, and $4.50.

In our up-to-date corset department we have an experienced and most competent fitter, who will gladly fit to your figure any corset over $2.00 in price. This insures all the service and comfort of the made to order article at half its cost.

THE DAKOTAS.

Leo Winsberg Has Been Convicted of Shooting Sol Levison.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Deadwood—Leo Winsberg has been convicted of attempting to kill, by shooting, and will receive his sentence March 7. Winsberg shot Sol Levinson in the latter's pawnbroker's office, Dec. 4, 1901, over business difficulties. His attorney at first announced his intention to enter the plea of insanity, and wanted time to send to Germany for depositions. He abandoned this plan, and undertook to establish self-defense.

The Deadwood mineral palace has been sold by the Society of Black Hills pioneers, and is to be torn down and removed, to make room for the new hotel. The palace was conceived by the pioneers in connection with their twenty-fifth reunion in Deadwood last summer. It was a marked success, and at the close of the carnival it was allowed to remain, the pioneers hoping it could eventually be made permanent. It contains an excellent collection of the most valuable ores and minerals to be found in the Black Hills. Many of these will be shipped to the St. Louis exposition.

Sioux Falls—The state organizer for the Prohibition alliance, E. D. Hanson, of this city, is engaged in making a thorough canvass of South Dakota for the purpose of organizing alliances to take the place of Prohibition clubs. He says the Prohibition party intends to keep up the work until it is strong enough to control legislation in South Dakota.

Spearfish—Mrs. William Mercer died, aged 72 years. She had a son in Lead and a daughter at Hulett, Wyo.

Rapid City—Mrs. Dora E. Richmond, wife of Irving Richmond, and a daughter of W. M. Blair, died after a short illness.

Parker—A. C. Nelson was sentenced to five years and two months' imprisonment for forging the name of Theodore Rix to a note for $350.

Lead—Deputy Marshal John Belding brought in Hancock Cut Cut and Harry Charging Eagle from Rosebud agency on a charge of horse stealing.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Langdon—Sheriff Pinkerton discovered that an attempt was under way to break jail by William Cook and Frank Carter, being held on the charge of running blind pigs in South Langdon. The room outside the steel cages in which the prisoners are allowed to remain during the daytime, is walled in with brick, which separates the basement of the courthouse from the engine-room. Several bricks had been removed, and during the hours of the night, had it not been for the discovery of the sheriff, these two men, with five others confined within the jail, would have escaped. All prisoners are now confined to their cells and the jail proper will be strengthened.

Bismarck—Business men here have practically arranged to comply with the conditions named by the Soo road for building into Bismarck this year. Right-of-way and property necessary for other improvements to the value of $25,000 to $30,000 has been arranged for. It is believed the Soo's entrance into Bismarck this year is now assured.

Fargo—The case against John Holzer, a former bartender in John Haas' saloon in Moorhead, is on in justice court again. Holzer was first arraigned on the charge of assisting Haas in beating Ida Johnson, a Third street landlady. The jury acquitted him and he was then tried on the charge of assaulting Officer Ackerman, tearing the latter's star from his coat and forcibly taking away his club. The jury was out twenty-one hours and brought in a disagreement. The trial was resumed Monday morning. The assault occurred in January and Holzer's leg was broken by a shot from Ackerman's revolver.

After bringing his train successfully to the end of his trip, Conductor Segar of the Soo line, from Enderlin to Portal, dropped dead at the latter place as he stepped from the car.

Devils Lake—The action of Judge Owen in refusing naturalization papers to an applicant who was unable to speak the English language after a 6-year residence, seems to be generally indorsed by the press.

Ellendale—The success of the plan to have the Whitestone battlefield in Dickey county set aside as a small national park seems assured. Register Valentine of the Fargo land office has received an order to withhold from entry the section which includes the battlefield.

SWEDISH PATRIOTISM.

Broad-Gauge Program of the National Federation.

Stockholm, March 4.—The national federation with great enthusiasm adopted its first general program. It proposes to strengthen national defense by large grants to voluntary rifle associations and by making the army a democratic and popular institution. It will endeavor to conserve the union with Norway by seeking a friendly solution of all disputes between the two countries.

Other clauses in the program advocate the proper housing of workingmen in towns and aim at providing small holdings for agricultural laborers, thus raising the productivity of Swedish labor; the passing of a modern law of land tenure, the granting of old age and invalid pensions and the arbitration of labor disputes.

The federation will also seek to promote popular education by means of more public lectures, libraries and higher elementary schools. It will adopt large measures of temperance reform, and will endeavor to reorganize judicial procedure.

During the present session of parliament the Liberals will concentrate their efforts on franchise and taxation reform. The contributions to the federation will take the form of one day's income a year from each subscriber. Sufficient funds are already on hand for the work of the party.

Stop that Head Cold in 10 Minutes—or it will develop into chronic catarrh. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder stops cold in the head in ten minutes, and relieves most acute and deep-seated catarrh after one application. Cures quickly and permanently. "I have used Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder with most results. It is a great remedy, and I never cease recommending it." John E. Dell, Paulding, O. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—23.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP IS SURE

Cures all Throat and Lung Affections. Get the genuine. Refuse substitutes.

Salvation Oil cures Rheumatism. 15 & 25 cts.

We have it The size, color, shape and very latest up-to-date **Stationery** TO SEE IT IS TO BUY IT!

CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR.

Let Us Save You Money!

On Motors, Dynamos, Engines, Wiring, Lamps, Gas, Electric and Combination Fixtures and electric repairing. Estimates furnished.

J. H. McLAUGHLIN & CO.,
Electric Contractors.
Room 1 Palladio Bldg. Zenith 'Phone 753, Bell 636-4.

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Peachey & Lounsberry, Printers.

After

Severe Sickness



We are recommending Vinol with most excellent results—it is just the tonic, strength and flesh builder that people need after a severe illness—the Grippe or a Fever.

A Prominent Physician Cured by Vinol.

"Your Statement in regard to Vinol as a tonic has proved true in my case. I was run down from overwork and not having fully recovered from a long siege of Grippe found myself in a very debilitated condition, when Vinol was suggested to me. I am perfectly well and able to attend to my work. I have recommended it to many of my patients with the best results."—M. A. JENKS, M. D., 87 North Main Street, Pawtucket, R. I.

How Vinol Cured Frank Cloyd's Son.

"My son had a bad attack of Grippe which left him with a cough at night, could not sleep and no appetite. He took one bottle of Vinol and now is able to sleep and eat well. Vinol is the best medicine I ever saw."—FRANK CLOYD, 229 East Main St., Benton Harbor, Mich.

We want every one in this place to know more about our Vinol, how it cures and what it cures. Certainly the greatest tonic and rebuilder we have ever sold. We, therefore, cordially invite any one interested to call upon us, and we want all to bear in mind that we will gladly refund to any one who is not satisfied with the action of Vinol, every cent they paid for it.

S. F. BOYCE, Druggist.

NURSERY COMPANY

Thomas E. Hill, Failing to Interest Outsiders, Forms One Himself.

Will Endeavor to Interest Duluthians In Beautifying the City.

Believes That Fine Industry In This Line Can Be Established.

After several months of unsuccessful effort to get some of the nursery men of the Northwest to establish a nursery farm in this city, Secretary Thomas E. Hill, of the Duluth Improvement association, has formed a company and will launch out in the nursery business on a large scale the coming year.

The plan contemplates the handling of all sorts of shade trees, ornamental shrubs, plants, flowers and special attention is paid to fruit growing in this section of the state. The company has in view the establishment of a nursery farm in some locality convenient to the city and, in time, will build a seed house.

Mr. Hill says that he believes the enterprise an important one and for the good of the city. The company formed has made arrangements to handle from one of the largest western nurseries hardy Minnesota grown trees, fruit trees, shrubs, plants, vines, etc.

The idea is not only to establish the practice of beautifying the property, but the company will give free of charge careful instruction in the best methods of caring for the trees and plants, how to eradicate and prevent diseases and how to secure the best results from the fruit trees.

Mr. Hill said that it is the purpose of himself and associates to aid in covering the city with well-kept lawns, so ornamented with trees and flowers as to make the city attractive and beautiful. He says the Duluth Improvement association for the past two years has been preaching the idea of beautifying the city and now Thomas E. Hill & Company will endeavor to practice what has been preached.

Attention is to be given to the matter of fruit growing for it is believed that previous experiments and the displays from Northern Minnesota at the various fairs have demonstrated fully the great possibilities of St. Louis county as a fruit growing section. The nursery company will not only furnish the young trees and plants, but will even lay out the grounds and tell patrons what to plant. The first delivery of trees is to be made the latter part of April. The territory of the new agency will embrace not only Duluth and St. Louis county, but will take in the whole Northwest, including Northern Wisconsin, as far east as Ashland.

Tonight

Just before retiring, if your liver is sluggish, out of tune and you feel dull, bilious, constipated, take a dose of

Hood's Pills

And you'll be all right in the morning.

F. M. ZELLER.

Sketch of Former Duluthian That Is of Much Interest.

The following article from the Philadelphia Journal of Commerce will be read with more or less interest by Duluth people who knew Mr. Zeller when he was a resident of this city:

"In selecting the members of the Pennsylvania state commission to the South Carolina Interstate and West Indian exposition, Governor Stone has wisely chosen representative and distinguished business men, and his selection of Messrs. Darlington, Gazzam and Zeller as the civilian members from Philadelphia is particularly complimentary to the Quaker City.

Frank M. Zeller is a pleasing selection on account of his eminent fitness for the various important duties in maintaining the honor and dignity of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and his appointment is a tribute to the energetic, young business men of his native city. Mr. Zeller is a well-known man of affairs and is identified with the successful management of various enterprises. He is associated with Messrs. Mitchell Harrison, George H. Frazier and others in the ownership and management of the Continental Manufacturing company whose extensive white lead works have just been completed near Lansdowne, Delaware County, Pa. He is also managing director in the Pennsylvania Iron & Steel company which has extensive iron mines on the Mesaba iron range in Minnesota, one of their mines having been recently leased to interests identified with the Consolidated Lake Superior company. He is the president of the A. & C. H. R. R. Co., and is largely interested in the Pocahontas coal fields in West Virginia, the Isle Royale Copper company, and the Calumet mines on the north shore of Lake Superior.

"He was born in Philadelphia in 1863, and is sixth in direct descent from Hartman Zeller, a scion of a noble and powerful family of the Austrian Tyrol, who settled in Philadelphia in 1711. His paternal grandfather, the late Walter Finlay, Esq., K. C. M. P., of Edinburgh, was one of the largest West Indian planters as well as a distinguished lawyer in the British West Indies, being attorney general under Governor Grant at Nassau, N. P. Bahamas. His ancestors fought through the Colonial, Indian and both wars with Great Britain. Fort Zeller on the outskirts of Lebanon county being one of the places of refuge against Indian outbreaks in colonial times. He is a graduate of the Central high school and a member of the famous "79" class, which is noted for the many distinguished men it has produced.

"Mr. Zeller was associated with Messrs. Henry, Bayard & Co. in the development of the lumber industry in Northwestern Pennsylvania. His interest in timber led him to Minnesota, where, in connection with timber purchases he became, in 1890, one of the pioneers on the Mesaba iron range, being associated with Messrs. Merritt, Oliver, Bacon, Hibbing and others in the development of that range until it had become the greatest producer of Bessemer ores in the known world. He is a member of the American Institute of Mining Engineers, and as a delegate to the international congress of engineers which was convened in London, Eng., in July of 1900, he was entertained by his relative, Sir Robert Finlay, his majesty's solicitor general, and was among the Americans that were presented and dined with the late queen at Windsor Castle.

"Mr. Zeller was prominently mentioned and recommended by the National Association of Manufacturers, as a proper appointment by President McKinley to the important post of consul at Hamburg, Germany. He is a proficient German scholar and has been an extensive traveler in this country and Europe. He is a brother of E. A. Zeller, Jr., Esq., the manager of the raw sugar department of the Franklin sugar refinery of this city. Mr. Zeller is a member of no clubs, but devotes his holidays to travel and hunting in remote and inaccessible regions. He is a close student of French-Canadian legendary lore, and is happiest with his gun, camera, canoe and Chippewa guides in the country between Lake Superior and Hudson's bay."

WILL GIVE A HEARING

Expression of Public Opinion on Wine Room Ordinance Invited.

Ordinance Committee Set Friday Afternoon as the Time.

Meeting of the Council Largely Devoted to Routine Matters.

The council last night:

Recommitted the wine room ordinance to ordinance committee.

Received offer of new location for free employment bureau.

Rented surplus space in market hall to Duluth Van company.

Received a complaint about West End parochial school children.

Received report reimbursing Policeman Link for perjury defense.

Received report recommeding Davis scheme for naming streets.

The inaugural meeting of the new council was distinguished for its utter lack of distinguishing features.

The new aldermen settled down to work like veterans on the routine work before them. Alderman McEwen, of the Fifth ward, was obliged to miss his first meeting on account of sickness.

The fact that the anti-ante room ordinance was left a legacy for the first meeting of the new council drew quite a crowd, but the ordinance was recommitted to the committee on ordinances and resolutions for further consideration.

The committee will hold an open meeting in the city hall next Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock and invites those in favor of the ordinance and those against it to attend and take part in the discussion. The members of the committee are Alderman Neff, Alderman Moor and Alderman Barnes.

It is probable that this open meeting of the committee will have important bearing on the final action of the council. If it is found that the public takes little interest in the ordinance the consideration of the ordinance will be governed accordingly.

It is thought that by Friday the city clerk will have received letters explaining the success or failure of similar ordinances in other cities.

* * *

The talk of moving the free labor bureau from the Amory building to a more central, convenient and generally desirable location, brought up by a proposition from William Craig to rent the city a store room at 208 South Lake avenue, to be used for employment bureau purposes. The rental would be $25 a month. The labor bureau commissioners and the city property committee will consider it.

* * *

A number of West End people residing in the vicinity of Twentieth avenue west and Third street, complained about the action of certain students attending a parochial school. No specific charges were preferred and the matter was referred to the police department.

* * *

City Engineer Patton, to whom was referred the suggestion of having names of streets and avenue moulded in cement sidewalk corner stones, reported that the scheme was without objection either as to feasibility or financial consideration. The matter was referred to the sidewalk committee.

The idea was suggested by Attorney T. J. Davis. He proposes that contractors be prohibited from molding their names in the cement walks, which is now done for advertising purposes. In place of the name of the contractor the name of the street and avenue would be impressed in the stone so that he that runs, walks or crawls may read.

* * *

The committee on claims submitted a report and resolution reimbursing Patrolman John Link in the sum of $80 for expenses incurred in defending himself against an indictment of the grand jury for perjury last fall. Under the rules appropriating money the matter went over for one week.

* * *

The Duluth Van and Storage company submitted a bid of $55 a month for surplus space in the market hall of the Armory building. There was some opposition at first as members of the National Guard companies expect to use a portion of this floor space for an opera house during the presentation of the world's exposition in miniature next month. The national guardsmen, however, made satisfactory arrangements with the bidders and the proposition was accepted.

* * *

The condemnation of an alleyway twenty feet wide was ordered between Fifteenth and Sixteenth avenues west and midway between Superior and First streets.

* * *

Alderman Haven presented a resolution adding new comittees to the list of standing committees. The one to be known as "the committee on harbors, docks and ferries," and the other "the committee on railroad, telegraph and telephone lines."

GET MAD

When Friends Tell the Truth.

Many people become coffee topers before they realize it, and would be angry if thus described even by a close friend.

It will pay anyone to examine carefully into whether or not coffee has gained the mastery over them. A coffee toper may suspect that his or her ails come from coffee drinking, but they will invariably charge the disease to some other cause, for right down in the heart they realize that it would be practically impossible to give up coffee, so they hope against hope that it does not hurt them, but it goes on with its work just the same and the result is complete collapse and nervous prostration, lasting sometimes for years, unless the poison that causes the disease is discontinued.

There are hundreds of thousands of illustrations of the truth of this statement.

Any person addicted to coffee can make the change from common coffee to Postum Food Coffee without trouble provided the Postum is properly prepared so as to bring out the color, flavor and food value. It has a rich black brown color and changes to the golden brown when good cream is added.

The change will work wonders in any one whose nervous system or stomach has been unbalanced or disturbed by coffee.

You Can't Feel Sick

UNLESS YOU ARE SICK, AND YOU CAN'T BE SICK IF YOU TAKE PROPER CARE OF YOURSELF.

Proper care demands Smith's Green Mountain Renovator.

Taking proper care of yourself simply means keeping the blood pure and the stomach, liver and kidneys working along in their regular, normal way.

If you neglect yourself when you see you are not exactly right, your blood gets full of the impurities which would otherwise pass out of your system, and there is trouble in store for you.

You seem to have all sorts of things the matter when the simple fact is that your blood is making all the trouble because you don't take the pains to keep it pure and strong.

You ought to follow the sensible example of the sons and daughters of Vermont! At home they take Smith's Green Mountain Renovator—and have been taking it for many years. When they go away, they send back home for it. They don't run any risks—they *know* it will cure them. They won't have to send back home any longer. People with money have taken hold of this medicine and are introducing it everywhere through agents who they know will give it to the people in the same condition it comes to them and not attempt to substitute other things for it.

We have the sole agency here, and we want you to try it.

If it doesn't give you prompt and sure relief, you can just come in and tell us and get all your money back.

S. F. BOYCE
SOLE AGENT.

RESENTS THE YARN.

Story Told at Bar Banquet Causes Libel Suit.

An echo of the recent banquet at the West Superior hotel by the members of the Douglas County Bar association has been heard. Judge Danielson, who has sometimes officiated at the municipal court bench during the absence of Judge Hailly, alleges that Attorney Frank A. Ross of West Superior, during the entertainment, told a real mean story about the judge, so much so that the latter has sued for libel in the sum of $10,000.

Judge Danielson failed to see anything funny about Attorney Ross' story, but, on the contrary, he says that the details were not true, and that it is damaging to his character, making him out as guilty of unprofessional conduct.

Yesterday papers of retainer were circulated among the members of the Douglas County Bar association, and about thirty lawyers have signed for the defense. The story that caused the trouble had to do with the service of a writ of replevin for two children. The story concerned Judge Danielson, Attorney H. V. Gard and Constable Freadrich.

Counterfeit Gold.

Few persons know that the gold used in color printing and on picture frames is made from a composition powder of bronze and spelter, and not from pure gold leaf, but which, however, gives the same effect. There is another article that is very much imitated, and that is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Spurious dealers often refill the bottles, and thus give them the same appearance as the original, but unless they have our Private Stamp unbroken over fuse all such imitations. The genuine Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has an unequalled record of cures of stomach complaints back of it, such as dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, biliousness, nervousness, insomnia and malaria, fever and ague.

Missionary Society.

The Woman's Missionary societies of Lester Park M. E. church will meet with Mrs. Samuel Gilbert on Wednesday afternoon, at 2 o'clock. The program is as follows:

Devotional exercises .. ..
Mrs. W. S. Albertson.
Business, Home .. ..
Mrs. J. W. Powell, Jr.
Business, Foreign .. ..
Mrs. Pinkerton.
"History of Thank Offering" .. ..
Mrs. Brooks.
"Women of Italy" .. ..
Mrs. Grey.
"Crandon Hall" .. ..
Mrs. Schenck.
"Gold and Incense" .. ..
Mrs. Congden.
"Thanksgiving Ame" .. ..
Mrs. Powell.
"A Story Without an Ending" .....
Mrs. Hollister.
"The Reading Circle" .. ..
Mrs. J. J. Le Tourneau.

The Bishops' Club.

The Bishop's club will meet this evening at 7:45 o'clock and the subject will be "Ravenna." The program is as follows:

Religious reading .. ..
Miss Gertrude Knauf.
"History of Revenue: Tomb of Dante" .. ..
Mrs. Thomas.
"Art and Architecture" .. ..
Miss Lydia Poirier.
Reading from "Dante' .. ..
Miss Winnifred Killoran.
Current events .. ..
Mrs. Corcoran.
Reading—Selected .. ..
Miss Anna Knauf.

AMUSEMENTS.

MODJESKA AND JAMES.

Tonight at the Lyceum Madame Modjeska and Louis James will present "Henry VIII." With Madame Modjeska as Queen Katherine and Mr. James as Cardinal Wolsey the present production of the great historical play should outrank any that have been offered since the days of Booth, Barret and Modjeska. Both characters suggest forcibly enough the very players who are to portray them, and their rendering of the majestic lines will doubtless be chronicled in later years as the best examples of dramatic genius that the present period has afforded.

We make all kinds of Floral Designs...

Store Opens at 8:30—closes at 5:30.

PANTON WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
DULUTH, MINNESOTA

Our Floral Designs are Artistic—Lowest Prices...

CUT FLOWERS.

IT'S MUCH cheaper to buy Flowers here than from the exclusive florist. Our flowers are as fine as grow, sent fresh from the largest green-houses in the West. We get first choice from every picking. We accept and sell nothing but first-class flowers. You can get them as fresh and select by telephoning or sending by mail as you can by coming in person. Flower prices will go much higher in a few days, owing to the forthcoming Easter business. These prices for tomorrow—

Choice American Beauty Roses, per dozen	$3.00
Meteor Roses, per doz	$1.00
Brides' Roses, doz	$1.00
Bridesmaid Roses, doz	75c
Choice Carnations	50c
Lilly of the Valley, doz	50c
Violets, bunch	35c
Common Fern, doz	10c
Maiden Hair Fern, doz	25c
Smilax, string	35c
Daffodils, doz	50c



Do you know about the Fern Ball?

This novelty from Japan is a house fern. The center is moss-covered with fern roots in a very ingenious manner, looking like a ball of small roots twisted together. After watering they start into life and in a short time are covered with a mass of beautiful green foliage. If desired they may be allowed to dry up, which is very convenient when a person goes on a summer vacation—they may be started again by simply watering as before—price, each..... 45c

At our Flower Department.

We give splendid satisfaction in making Floral Designs—A competent florist makes designs for funerals, parties, weddings, lodges, etc. Prices most moderate.

SEND US YOUR MAIL ORDERS FOR FLOWERS.

SIZZLING INVESTIGATION.

Baker Orphanage Supporter Talks to Chief Troyer.

Probably the warmest conversation that ever went through a telephone transmitter took place about 5 o'clock last evening over the Cloquet line.

From one point on the line Mrs. M. H. Mueller, solicitor for the "Baker Orphanage," called up police headquarters and asked for Chief Troyer.

With the air of a person positively seeking information she asked the chief why he was circulating unfavorable reports about the "orphanage," and before he had an opportunity to make reply began telling what she would do to him if she were Baker.

The chief replied very strenuously and was told to shut up as he was not paying for the use of the 'phone in this particular instance. Finally something like this could have been heard by other persons on the same line:

"Huh! Say, if I were your wife I'd get a divorce from you in twenty-four hours."

"Huh! If you were my wife I would certainly insist on your getting one."

It seems that Mrs. Mueller was out soliciting and met a number of people that refused to contribute to the "cause" on account of the unfavorable reports emanating from the local police.

The Passion Play.

Tomorrow evening John Jay Lewis will lecture at the First Methodist church on the Star Lecture course on "The Passion play of Oberammergau."

Several weak imitations of the Passion play are presented in Bohemia, Austria and Switzerland, but that of Oberammergau is the only true and authoritative presentation of the "Passion of the Christus." From generation to generation the peasants have lived simply to prepare themselves to take part in the great drama. In a like manner, for years Mr. Lewis has identified himself so closely with the Passion play that it has become his very life to give the story. Each year has witnessed a growing interest and a larger attendance upon his recitals. During the summer of 1900 Mr. Lewis again visited Oberammergau, and, while guest of Joseph Mayr, witnessed three representations of the Passion play.



"The square peg in the round hole" figuratively expresses the use of means unsuited to the desired end. A great many people who have been cured of dyspepsia and other diseases of the stomach and its allied organs of digestion and nutrition by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery say: "We tried many medicines with only temporary benefit. It was not until we began the use of 'Golden Medical Discovery' that we found a complete and lasting cure."

It is undoubtedly true that Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery holds the record for the perfect and permanent cure of indigestion and other diseases of the stomach and associated organs of digestion and nutrition. It is not a palliative. It cures the cause of disease and builds up the body with solid healthy flesh, not flabby fat.

"It is with pleasure that I tell you what Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and 'Pellets' have done for me," writes Mrs. T. M. Palmer, of Pecde, Kaufman Co., Texas. "Two years ago I was taken with stomach and bowel trouble. Everything I ate would put me in distress. I lived two weeks on milk and even that gave me pain. I felt as though I would starve to death. Three doctors attended me—one said I had dyspepsia, two said catarrh of the stomach and bowels. They attended me (one at a time) for one year. I stopped taking their medicine and tried other patent medicine; got no better, and I grew so weak and nervous my heart would flutter. I could not do any kind of work. Now I can do my house work very well; *am gaining in flesh and strength*, and can eat anything I want."

Accept no substitute for Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent *free* on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Send 21 one cent stamps for the paper covered book, or 31 stamps for the cloth bound volume. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

BRILLIANT.

Lullaby Concert a Conspicuous Success In Every Way.

The audience at the lullaby concert given by the Friends in Council at Pilgrim Congregational church last evening overran the pews in the auditorium of the church, filled up all the extra seats that could be provided and occupied pretty well all the available standing room. It was a brilliant audience, attracted by a brilliant program. And the audience was no less generous in its approval of those who contributed to the entertainment than it had been in its patronage. It had been decided, owing to the several appearances of each entertainer, not to respond to encores, and the rule was rigidly applied until the audience would have no more of it.

Miss Clara Hector gave direct opposites in character in her "Virgin's Lullaby," and later in an American darkey lullaby, the one verging on the classic, the other essentially humorous. The darkey song was sung in character make-up and costume, and the audience would permit no refusal of its demand for an encore.

Mrs. Knebel's appearance in an Oriental court costume to sing 'Gene Field's "Little Pigeon Eyes," set to Music by DeKoven, was received with much amusement, and the song was sung in a particularly sweet manner. Another song, translated from the German, and typical of Teutonic lyric sentiment, was sung in charming style, and the lullaby from Jocelyn by Godard, completed a trio of selections, each differing widely from the other in style and character.

Mrs. d'Autremont's recitations were especially popular.

"Mam's Little Boy" was so realistic that an encore was demanded and a Scottish folk song was given in response. "For the Slumber Island" afforded the audience a better opportunity for enjoying Mrs. d'Autremont's effective and beautiful control of tone, enunciation and gesture, for there was more of sentiment and less of "character" than in the first two numbers, but all were well chosen in order to reveal the range and diversity of Mrs. d'Autremont's exceptional talent in this direction.

Mrs. Black's Irish character lullaby, "Husheen," was a most popular number, for it showed a warmth of tone that brought out the great beauties of the very pretty song. Her costume also was quite effective. Mrs. Black also substituted for Mrs. Berryman, who could not be present on account of illness.

The closing number was "Pinsuti's "Good Night, Good Night, Beloved," sung with exceptional charm by Mrs. Knebel, Mrs. Black, Mr. Black and Mr. Weeks. Miss Simonds was an effective accompanist for all of the numbers. A wooden cradle, said to be the first made in Duluth, contributed much to the scenic atmosphere of the songs.

Ministers Meet.

The ministers of Duluth and Superior held their semi-annual gathering yesterday in the parlors of the West Superior hotel. About thirty ministers were present at the conference. Rev. J. W. Patton, of the Cumming Avenue Methodist church, read a paper entitled "The Church and Municipal Problems." This was followed by a general discussion. A lunch was served the ministers after the session.

Getting Toward Close.

The Graves-Manley Agency contest in the Duluth Curling club is getting down toward the end. There are only five or six games to be played now. W. E. Magner and R. J. McLeod are in the semi-finals. Ron Smith and C. F. McDonald are to play and the winner will pass into the semi-finals, and Donald Morrison and Ralph Bradley will play, the winner passing into the semi-finals. Last evening there was one game, the score being as follows:

E. F. Burg,	J. E. Catlin,
William Schupp,	F. A. Brewer,
F. W. Hargreaves,	C. C. Clark,
C. A. Duncan—8.	Ron Smith—13.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

August Schmidt, aged 50 years, who resides north of Centura, Wis., committed suicide by hanging himself in a granary. He leaves a family. No cause is attributed for the act, unless he was brooding over the trouble of his brother at Burkhardt, who two months ago attempted to murder his wife and kill himself. Mr. Schmidt was a well-to-do farmer.

Ed Brahnerd, of Monona county, Iowa, was murdered and robbed of $2000. He was on his way to Woodbine, Iowa, to buy a farm, and had the money with him to pay for it. His remains were found on the Northwestern railroad right-of-way in Harrison county. Brahnerd's mother lives in Missouri Valley, Iowa. There is no clue at present to the identity of the murderers.

John Stolgren, 237 Cedar street, Minneapolis, was found nearly dead at his home Monday with his throat cut. He has also a severe cut on the right shoulder. Mrs. Stolgren says her husband was wounded during the scuffle with her for possession of a razor with which, she says, he intended killing her.

The consul general of Venezuela has received a cablegram announcing that Gen. Castra had assumed the constitutional presidency of Venezuela.

Benny Yanger, of Chicago, and "Kid" Broad, of Cleveland, fought six rounds to a draw Monday night at the American club, Chicago. Yanger was in trouble during the last round and Referee Hogan's decision hissed. The fight was fast from the outset.

Mrs. Ida Lauder, widow of William Lauder, placed a revolver to her breast at Omatha, Monday, fired and died. Mrs. Lauder's husband was killed about a year ago by ex-Policeman Louis Godola, and it is rumored Godola was about to receive a pardon. Brooding over this is thought to have caused her to commit suicide.

The supreme court at Helena has affirmed the decision of the lower court in the famous Towner gambling case of Butte making gambling a misdemeanor in the state.

The bodies of May Kelley and Florence McGrath were found buried beneath a mass of wreckage in the collapsed Cleveland Baking company's building Monday evening. They were badly crushed. Judge Babcock has instructed the grand jury to make an investigation of the disaster for the purpose of fixing the responsibility.

Ferdinand de Rouin, of Escanaba, a patient in the Northern Michigan insane asylum, disappeared Nov. 2 last and all efforts to trace him were futile. Monday his body was discovered by a boy floating in the reservoir at the head of the asylum. His pockets were filled with stones.

The board of control of the National Endowment Rank of the Knights of Pythias has issued a statement showing the affairs of the endowment rank are now being rapidly straightened out by President Neal. The statement shows that on July 1, 1901, the unpaid accounts amounted to $359,500 and that at the end of December they had been reduced to $248,500.

IN CONSTANT MISERY

Relief Comes at Last to a Duluth Citizen.

AFTER YEARS AND YEARS OF CONSTANT MISERY FROM BACKACHE AND THE MANY ANNOYING COMPLICATIONS THAT ACCOMPANY SICK KIDNEYS, A CITIZEN OF DULUTH FINDS RELIEF AND CURE. THE PUBLIC STATEMENT WHICH FOLLOWS WILL HELP MANY A READER.

Mrs. E. Jackson, of 23, First avenue east, says: "I had kidney complaint for eight or ten years and during that time endured suffering that I can scarcely describe. I had heavy bearing down pains through the small of my back and in the kidneys. The least cold or over-exertion always affected me, and for days at a time I have been so bad that I could hardly get around. I could not rest at night and had to brace my back by placing a pillow beneath it. The secretions from the kidneys were highly colored, distressing and annoying, I also suffered from severe throbbing pains through the temples, especially when I first arose in the morning. The least exertion used me up, and I felt generally run down. I was advised to try Doan's Kidney Pills, procured a box at W. A. Abbett's drug store and used them. I never had anything to do me so much good.

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn company, Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name Doan's and take no other.

THE EVENING HERALD

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Bldg., 220 W. Superior St.

Duluth Printing & Publishing Company.

Telephone Calls: { Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, one ring.

10c a Week

EVERY EVENING DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

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One month	.45
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It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both OLD and NEW addresses.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), March 4.—The low pressure area central Monday morning over the eastern slopes of the Rocky mountains has moved to middle gulf states. Pressures are also low over North Pacific and North Atlantic states. High pressures and colder temperatures prevail in the Northwest and Southwest. It is somewhat warmer in gulf states and over British Columbia. Light falls of snow or rain occurred during the past twenty-four hours over the lower Mississippi valley, elsewhere the precipitation was rather scattered. High winds occurred during last night over Western Texas and New Mexico.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	36	Memphis	50
Battleford	0	Miles City	18
Bismarck	-2	Milwaukee	36
Boston	22	Minnedosa	2
Buffalo	18	Modena	16
Calgary	12	Montgomery	46
Charleston	46	Moorhead	16
Chicago	26	New Orleans	52
Cincinnati	30	New York	34
Davenport	24	North Platte	24
Denver	20	Oklahoma	40
Detroit	24	Omaha	28
Dodge City	28	Pittsburg	28
Duluth	18	Port Arthur	2
El Paso	54	Portland	50
Escanaba	14	Prince Albert	-6
Galveston	60	Qu'Appelle	14
Green Bay	18	Rapid City	16
Havre	18	San Francisco	44
Helena	24	Santa Fe	18
Houghton	4	Shreveport	56
Huron	14	Spokane	30
Jacksonville	46	St. Louis	32
Kamloops	26	St. Paul	16
Kansas City	28	Sault Ste. Marie	20
Knoxville	36	Swift Current	12
La Crosse	18	Washington	30
Lander	4	Williston	0
Los Angeles	44	Winnemucca	18
Marquette	20	Winnipeg	2
Medicine Hat	16		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Fair tonight and Wednesday; colder tonight; fresh and possibly brisk northerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON, Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, March 4.—Forecast until 7 p. m. Wednesday: Wisconsin and Minnesota—Fair tonight and Wednesday; colder tonight; northerly winds. The Dakotas—Fair tonight and Wednesday; warmer Wednesday.

The Production of Gold.

Reports from every gold producing country in the world furnish a notable statement which may be studied with interest by the students of economic questions. The growth of the yield of gold in the five leading sections of the world, Australia, Africa, America, Europe and Asia, during the decade, 1891-1900, has been nothing short of extraordinary. Taking them in their order, it is found that in 1891 Australasia produced 1,480,376 ounces of gold, valued at £6,288,238, and in 1900 3,563,123 ounces, valued at £15,135,206. Africa has risen from 710,295 ounces, worth £2,017,015, in 1891, to 3,708,550, of the value of £15,753,768, in 1899. The year 1900 is excluded for obvious reasons. America gives the remarkable advance in the decade from 2,150,267 ounces to 6,104,844 ounces, worth £9,133,499 and £28,931,729, respectively. Europe moves up from 1,254,648 ounces, valued at £5,329,406, to 1,340,116 ounces and £5,692,451 in value, respectively, and Asia from 396,381 ounces and £1,638,19 value to 892,305 ounces and £3,790,270. The grand total shows that, while in 1891 5,991,877 ounces were produced, in 1900 the aggregate was 12,370,154 ounces. Even these figures do not show the actual progress, as the 1900 record was affected by the compulsory closing of the Rand mines. A more accurate comparison, in the circumstances, would be with 1899, when the total yield was 14,900,145 ounces. America easily leads in the value of gold production and holds her supremacy in that line as in almost everything.

The Betting Evil In England.

The so-called "betting evil" of England has become so pronounced and ruinous to certain classes, that the royal commission, recently appointed to consider the matter, and provide some remedy, is in a quandry as to what course to pursue. It is the object of the commission to devise a scheme either to put a stop to betting entirely or else to legalize and in a measure restrict it by licensing the layers of odds under certain conditions. This task is a difficult one, for the main object is to make it hard for the lower orders, but easy for the rich to bet on their fancy, and class legislation is somewhat out of date at the present day. The bishop of Hereford, who is a member of the commission, is very radical in his views and should they be adopted it will not only be a misdemeanor to make a bet in any form, but also for any newspaper to publish information that may be construed as an incentive to betting. This means that no entries for races to be decided in the future can be printed, and that while the bare result of a contest may be published after its decision, no account of any speculation it may have provoked must appear. This course is bitterly opposed by the press, both sporting and secular, though one influential London paper has already announced its intention of publishing nothing whatever in the future with regard to racing. Researches by the commission have already taken a wide scope. One of the star witnesses for the bishop's side of the question was Sir Albert de Rutzen, probably the best-known police justice in London. He testified to the large number of unfortunates of both sexes that had appeared before him whose downfall could be directly traced to their indulging in betting, and though adriotly examined, refused to admit there was any remedy for the evil, except the radical one of suppressing all racing news. His almost equally well-known colleague, Horace Smith, who has been a stipendiary magistrate in the metropolitan district for fourteen years, admitted that although betting was often advanced as an excuse for peculation by prisoners brought before him, in nine cases out of ten he found the allegation false. The prevailing opinion in well-informed circles is that the committee will report a bill legalizing bookmaking on race courses, and at certain specified clubs, but imposing severe penalties on those who presume to lay the odds without the necessary permit. The commission will find that making laws to prevent betting and preventing the wagers are two widely different things. All the restrictions in the world will not prevent it, although its publicity may be curtailed to a large extent. The fascination in all games of chance is too deeply imbued in certain classes to be disturbed oy fear of punishment for such an offense.

BEAUTIFYING A CITY.

"Everything goes to show," says the Buffalo News, "that wealthy men and women of the city have resolved to do many things to add to the beauty of the city." The Buffalo paper goes on to mention names and circumstances—of local rich men and women, and the things that they are doing or going to do to beautify that city. If this is being done in a city which has already been beautified in many ways, this work having been done during the preparations for the Pan-American exposition, why should not attention also be given to the subject by a city that has heretofore done practically nothing in that line? Duluth comes under the latter heading, and it is time to do something in the beautifying line.

Nature has given Duluth a rugged exterior, but there are many features of beauty that could be utilized to make an exceedingly attractive city. In the erection of business and residence dwellings the artistic should not be lost sight of. The grounds also should be made attractive. How many dwellings there are now that present a poor appearance because of the unsightliness of the grounds surrounding them. Cultivate and utilize beauty, harmony, adaptation—of soil, climate, color, products, everything. If everybody would half try, we could have one of the most beautiful cities in the United States within a few years, and would not that fact, known the world around, be of great value? Think it over, and then act.

It should not be forgotten that it takes something besides banks, and manufactories and wholesale houses, important as these are, to make a modern twentieth century city.

THE SECURITIES COMPANY.

The denial by President James J. Hill of the report that the Northern Securities company intends to leave this country and secure a Canadian charter would not have been necessary had not the story been industriously circulated by the newspapers that have been assisting the political campaign of Governor Van Sant and the efforts of Wall street speculators to "bear" the market on Northwest railroad stocks. There is not a single good reason why the Securities company should make any change in its plans, because of legal proceedings begun or about to be started, to test its legality. The suit begun by Governor Van Sant, and suddenly ended by the emphatic refusal of the federal supreme court to entertain it, was nothing but a cheap political trick. The people's money is being wasted on these proceedings in an effort by the governor to revive his waning political fortunes, and the farce will probably be kept up until every cent of the $25,000 appropriated by the legislature has been expended.

The proceedings that will be instituted by the attorney general of the United States to test the legality of the Securities company, the allegation being that it is in violation of the so-called Sherman anti-trust law, will be pushed with all possible speed, so that the legal status of the company may be determined at an early date by the highest court in the land. The officials of the Northern Securities company profess to have no doubt of the outcome. They are confident that the company will be sustained, as in no sense a violation of the anti-trust law, and having no fear of the outcome, it is absurd to suppose they would abandon their American incorporation for a Canadian charter. It is stated that Attorney General Knox will base his case upon the decisions of the supreme court in the case of the Trans-Mississippi Freight association in 1897, and in the case of the Joint Traffic association in 1898. An article in the New York Journal of Commerce probably states the views of the legal friends of the Northern Securities company in New York. Its view is that the case of the government was much stronger in both the instances above mentioned than it appears to be in the matter of the Northern Securities company; "for in both of the decided cases a combination had confessedly been made directly among various interstate carriers looking expressly to the regulation of rates and traffic and a restraint of trade between the states." It points out that in contradistinction from such combinations the Northern Securities company is an independent corporation which does not propose to engage and has no power to engage in any manner or in any degree in interstate commerce. It is authorized simply to buy and sell corporate bonds and other securities, and also to buy and sell stocks, "and while owner of such stock to exercise all the rights, powers and privileges of ownership, including the right to vote thereon." Upon this point the Journal of Commerce says:

"Evidently there is nothing here which confers upon the company any right to engage in interstate commerce, and if, in the transaction of its authorized business, it shall become possessed of stocks in competing companies, this is no more than might happen in the case of any individual or in the case of any other corporation having power to purchase corporate stocks. The various interstate railroads are still in existence, still subject to the management of their own officers, and still amenable to the law if they effect or attempt any combinations forbidden by the statute. The anti-trust law is a penal statute, and, as such, will be most strictly construed in favor of the accused. Those corporations, if any, which have combined or conspired in derogation of it are liable to its penalties, but a mere stockholder, individual or corporate, never has been held to be so liable. The language of the supreme court, speaking through Mr. Justice Peckham in one of the notable cases arising under this very statute, would seem to be in point. In rendering the court's decision in the Addyston pipe case, the justice said that the act was intended to cover only those transactions which 'directly and substantially, and not merely indirectly, remotely, incidentally and collaterally, or as mere incident to other and innocent purposes, regulate to a greater or less degree commerce among the states.'"

This decision has a direct bearing upon the contention that the control by the Northern Securities company of a majority of the stock of the Great Northern and the Northern Pacific would be, in effect, a combination of the two roads. The case seems to be covered by Justice Peckham's language, because the result would come about "indirectly, remotely, incidentally and collaterally, as a mere incident to other and innocent purposes." In view of these facts, it does not seem probable that Attorney General Knox's suit will result adversely to the Securities company.

GERMANY'S ATTITUDE.

Not long ago a large proportion of the navy department of the United States and some others were confident that the next war of great powers would be between this country and Germany; a gigantic struggle for commercial and territorial supremacy. Today, however, this feeling is largely changed and the visit of Prince Henry has much to do with the altered conditions. There is a well-grounded belief that before the prince turns homeward he will have given positive assurances to the president, or to Secretary of State Hay, that Germany has no colonial aspirations in the Western hemisphere and that she will not question at any time in the future the right of this government to enforce the Monroe doctrine. There are indications that the whole attitude of Germany toward the United States has changed and that from now on she will endeavor to cultivate the friendliest relations with Uncle Sam.

The first step in this direction was taken a month or six weeks ago, when Germany laid before the state department her plans for forcing Venezuela to pay a just debt due to German citizens. At that time Germany asked if such action would be objectionable to our government and was informed that it would not be as long as permanent occupation was not taken of any portion of Venezuelan soil. That was a tacit acknowledgment by Germany of the principles of the Monroe doctrine and created quite a commotion in diplomatic circles. It is now believed that Prince Henry comes to give personal and more explicit assurances that Germany has no plans for colonial acquisitions in Central or South America and that the only way she will appear in those quarters as a rival of the United States will be in the contest for commercial supremacy. It is further believed that Germany will henceforth direct her attentions to China and, possibly, to Africa, so far as securing additional colonies is concerned.

These altered relations between the two countries are most desirable and everything should be done to further the friendly feeling which has become so apparent.

So much influence has been brought to bear on the naval committee in opposition to building warships at the navy yard that it seems doubtful if a favorable report can be secured on the straight-out proposition. For that reason a compromise has been suggested and will receive consideration. It has been suggested that an experiment be authorized in the bill, by which a small cruiser will be built at a navy yard and a similar vessel built at the plant of a private contractor, close tab to be kept on the items of cost and time of construction so that absolutely reliable data can be secured on these important matters. If it is found that the comparison is favorable to the navy yards, there can then be no good objection to dividing up the work of building warships between the government and private navy yards.

Canadians may be expected not to appreciate this anecdote of Lord Dufferin, related by T. P. O'Connor: "Lord Dufferin always said the happiest years of his long official life were those spent in Calcutta. He revelled in the sunshine. A friend one day expostulated with him for his reckless exposure of himself to the weather. 'Well, you see,' said the viceroy, 'they've always sent me to cold places. They sent me as viceroy to Canada, where one must live two-thirds of the year in buffalo furs. They sent me to hibernate like a bear. So when they ordered me to India I rubbed my hands and said to myself, 'Now, I can hang myself up to dry.'"

If Mr. Frye erred in his ruling that the South Carolina senators could not vote on the Philippine tariff bill, then the question arises whether the vote taken on it was valid. A doubt cast upon the validity of the bill's passage might lead to importers' suits against the government, and the possible overthrow of the law by the supreme court. Thus the question becomes an important one for the best lawyers on the Republican side, says the Springfield Republican.

When a foreigner can handle our slang accurately he is Americanized to a greater extent than some Americans. Minister Wu, intelligent and clever as he is, got a little twisted the other day in New York in his argument with Mayor Phelan of San Francisco over Chinese exclusion. He told him to "go 'way back off the earth and sit down," which expression seems to have been the amalgamation of an old and new slang phrase.

The unanimous adoption of one of Mr. Hoar's amendments modifying the sedition law in the Philippines, and the adoption of another by a majority vote, vindicates very much that has been said in criticism of the statutes framed by the Philippine commission. Throughout the debate on the subject the administration senators were clearly at a loss to present a satisfactory defense of certain parts of the law.

A "yawning chasm" seems to be developing in the Republican party of Illinois. An Illinois correspondent of the St. Louis Globe Democrat points to it very seriously as the great political fact of the day in the politics of the state. Governor Yates is called a "governorette" by Senator Mason, to signify his opinion of so small a man. The governor's idea of Mason has not been offered for publication.

Page Morris, in fighting the lowering of the sugar tariff for the benefit of the Cubans, charges that all the sentiment in favor of reciprocity with Cuba is the result of literature sent out by the sugar trust. Does he mean to imply that President Roosevelt and Governor General Wood favor reciprocity for Cuba because it will benefit the sugar trust?

Congressman Morris professes to be awfully concerned about the beet sugar industry being ruined by Cuban reciprocity, because it would reduce the price of sugar, but has he no regard for the interests of the thousands of consumers of sugar who live in his district, which does not contain a beet sugar factory?

Says the Washington Post: "We wish the statesmen could find some new reasons to give their constituents for returning them to congress. The old ones have become so terribly monotonous." And so have some of the alleged statesmen.

So far Prince Henry has failed to express an opinion on the great question of who won the battle of Santiago. But he probably is willing to accept the verdict of his friend Dewey.

He is a mean man who started the story that American girls are marrying British noblemen in order to be able to attend the coronation.

If that Canadian member of parliament annexes the United States, he must be prepared to take the Philippine problem also.

The next time there is to be a fight in the senate, Senator Mason should farm out the kinetoscope privileges.

The worst fears are now realized. Miss Stone is coming to America to go upon the lecture platform.

LINES TO A LAUGH.

Chicago oPst: "Of course you intend that your son shall go through college."

"That's my intention. If he doesn't get through my bank account first."

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Somerville Journal: He—I can trace my descent from William the Conqueror. She—The evil men do lives after them.

-:-:-

New York Sun: "Is it winter or summer in South Africa now?" asked Mrs. Darley.

"It seems to me that it is Dewet season," replied Mr. Darley.

-:-:-

Philadelphia Press: Lushley—This is my youngest boy.

Friend—Ah! Is this the celebrated baby you've been talking about so much?

Lushley—Of course, he was celebrated. Every baby that arrives at our house is. Trust me for that.

-:-:-

Washington Star: "You say your airship is a success."

"I do," answered the inventor.

"But it never flies any distance worth mentioning."

"Of course not. It is too valuable an invention to be allowed off the earth very long at a time."

-:-:-

Chicago Tribune: "At the present price of eggs," said the guest at the restaurant, "how can you serve a steak and an egg for 25 cents?"

"Well," replied the waiter, lowering his voice, "we lose on the egg, of course, but we make it up on the steak."

Which the guest discovered a few minutes later to be true.

-:-:-

Harper's Bazar: "A man has just dropped dead in the ready-made clothing department," said a new clerk in the big department store, running up excitedly to the floorwalker.

"Have him taken to the cemetery-lot department with the undertaking annex, fourteenth floor front," he replied briskly.

Boys and Girls.

My dearest, sweetest, Mary Lou:
I'm coming over to play with you;
I'll bring my doll that's dressed in blue,
And then I'll tell you what we'll do,
When I come over to play with you.
I am, your little playmate,
Sue.

My darling, dearest, sweetest Sue:
Be sure to bring your boy-doll, too.
Come over in hurry—do!
Affectionately,
Mary Lou.

Dear Hugh:
I'm coming over to play with you;
All the fellows are coming, too,
In haste.
"You Know Who."

Dear Bobs:
Bring your bat and ball, and racket, too.
And whistle, so I'll know it's you.
Hugh.
—LAWRENCE SUTHERLAND in St. Nicholas.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: The women who denounce the torture of binding the feet of Chinese girls haven't a word to say about tight-lacing.

In any well-regulated household the chief personages in their order of importance are the cook, the baby and the baby's puppy dog.

A girl who likes to walk five miles a day may not be admired for the height of her instep, but she is likely to have strapping, fine children.

Arrange to have a woman catch you admiring her photograph as if you did not know she was around and you have arranged to catch her admiring you.

The real value of a family physician is that a woman thinks nothing is the matter with one of the children he can make her believe what she knows already.

Dimensions of a Rake-Off.

Philadelphia Ledger: The figures show that the average cost of the 19,935 horses and mules purchased for the United States army during the last four years was $58.90, while the British agents during the Boer war have purchased more than three times as many animals in this country and paid for them an average of $159. It is asserted, also, that animals rejected by the American purchasing agents were readily accepted by the British. It is none of our business, but one would think the English would feel sensitive about such reports.

Keeping Up the Record.

Chicago Post: We are properly elated over the news from across the water that London was duly impressed by the number and munificence of the presents at the Whitney-Hay nuptials. We believe that with steady persistence we may capture the world's record in this line.

Chatter of The Street

A little incident displaying the gratitude of a woodsman for a little turn done him by a former comrade in one of the Northern Minnesota logging camps, happened on a street car the other day, although in this case the incident happened to be one of those of mistaken identity and misplaced confidence.

As the car was leaving the Bowery, a woodsman who had recently come to the city, and who was "togged" out in "store clothes," with a white collar, got aboard and sat down near the rear door. Suddenly he started and began eyeing the conductor very closely. Finally the woodsman came back to the rear platform and extending his hand to the conductor he began in a hearty voice:

"Vell, how are you? Ay tank you ban leave the country. Ay not see you so long."

The conductor smiled and said the pleasure of meeting again was mutual, although he could not place his new found friend.

After a few minutes jollying, the woodsman, to the amusement of the passengers, and the mystification of the conductor, exclaimed:

"You tank Ay never going to pay you that fafty cents Ay got of you?"

By this time the conductor had recovered from his surprise and was ready to take all that was coming to him, so he remarked:

"Oh, yes, I expected to get it sometime, but the fact is that it was so long ago that I forgot all about it."

"Vell, ay tank ay pay you now," and he handed over a sliver dollar. "That fafty cents did me awful lot of good. Ay was boosted and you gave me fafty cents. Ay never forget you." and the big fellow almost wept to show his gratitude. Neither would he take back any change, but observed that the conductor should buy himself a drink and a good cigar with the rest of the money.

Presently the conductor went up in front to collect a fare and the passengers who had been appreciating the transaction began to jolly the woodsman.

"That conductor is a pretty good fellow," said one.

"You bet he ban good fellar, but he was awful lazy in the woods. Ay never said word, but foreman found out and fired him. He good fellar though. Ay never forget fafty cents he gave me when ay was boosted," and the grateful fellow got off the car, after shaking hands again with the man he thought had befriended him. The conductor is now speculating on the scene that will occur if the woodsman ever runs across the man that really did lend him the fifty cents and the latter should demand it.

HUSBAND SUSPECTED.

Man Shot While Playing Cards With Woman.

Prince Albert, N. W. T., March 4.—Albert Grachak was shot and instantly killed late last evening. He was playing cards with Mrs. Walaschoik in his house. The woman was living with the deceased, and her husband has been arrested, it being suspected that he committed the deed.

The shot was fired through the window and struck the victim in the head. Walaschoik has been landed in Prince Albert jail. All interested parties are Poles and moved here from the United States last fall.

MARINE INDUSTRIES

On a Large Scale Planned For Manitowoc.

Manitowoc, Wis., March 4.—It has been learned on the best of authority that the Ship Owners Dry Dock company, of Chicao, has absorbed the drydock and property of the H. B. & G. B. Burger, which was recently offered to representatives of the ship owners company a little here, and that Manitowoc is at last to have one of the largest drydocks and shipyard plants on the great lakes.

It is also stated that in connection with the drydock another large marine industry will be added and although under separate ownership, will work in conjunction with the drydock company.

The two plants will, when in full operation, give employment to 1000 men.

UNIQUE IOWA CASE.

Prisoner on Parole Returns to State's Prison.

Des Moines, Iowa, March 4.—Fred Bradley, sentenced in November, 1900, by the district court of Linn county to two years at Anamosa for forgery and released on parole last Christmas, was taken back to the penitentiary yesterday at his own request to serve out his sentence.

The case is one unique in the prison annals of Iowa. After being released, Bradley was given permission to go to Clinton, where influential friends had secured for him a good position with the North-Western road. Soon after going to Clinton, he wrote Governor Cummins that unless he could be granted a full pardon he desired to return to the penitentiary, saying: "I have had all the parole business I want."

Not having sufficient money to get back to Cedar Rapids, he made a demand on those at Cedar Rapids who had befriended him for a sufficient sum to return. "If I am not given this money," he declared, "I will walk back from Clinton to Cedar Rapids."

Governor Cummins, on receiving Bradley's strange request, did not take immediate action, but wrote to his friends at Cedar Rapids. Among the latter, the most influential, in fact, was the man whose name Bradley had forged. The paroled man's friends were at a loss to know what to do for a time, thinking he must be insane. They, however, furnished him transportation from Clinton to Cedar Rapids, and on his return there contemplated having his sanity tested. They were convinced, however, it was not necessary; that Bradley was sane, and that his real purpose in making the demand on the governor was to compel the use of influence to get him—— pardon. They became convinced that Bradley was thoroughly bad, and advised the governor to this effect. They countenanced his return to Anamosa and Governor Cummins acted accordingly.

CALVE'S FATHER DEAD.

New York, March 4.—Mme. Calve, who is singing in grand opera in this city, has been notified of the death of her father at Milan, Southern France, from pneumonia.

SUBSIDY FROM ITALY.

New York, March 4.—At its annual meeting here, the Society for the protection of Italian immigrants received word through the Italian consul general of a subsidy of $2000 from the home government and promises of further aid as needed.

Rose Petal Philosophy

By Dolly Gray.

(Copyright, 1902, by W. R. Hearst.)

Berta Hamilton had brought her several trunks and her dazzling personality into the Randall household for an indefinite sojourn. She was counting quite as fully upon the contents of the former as she was upon the charms of the latter to win for her the coveted homage of that household's head.

Miss Hamilton had not yet forgiven Wallace Randall for falling in love with Lucie Hayden. Not that she herself would have been willing to consider him for a husband. She had as yet found no man who met the requirements of her fastidious taste, and Randall would undoubtedly have been refused had he proposed to her instead of to her placidly pretty friend. In truth, it had not been the mere fact of his marriage to Lucie that had hurt so much as the sight of his absolute devotion to the girl in the very face of her own indisputable fascinations.

The realization that Randall had never really come under the spell of her beauty was an aggravating memory that rankled and stung and kept alive within her the determination that he should yet know the sweet despair of loving her.

The opportunity for her onslaught was late in arriving. Three years passed before circumstances made it possible for her to visit her friends in their far California home.

Miss Hamilton, however, found the delay to be most propitious. The glamor of wedded happiness would certainly have departed ere this, and the monotony of a colorless domestic existence would render him eager for diversion. It would be only manlike should he welcome her advent with delighted relief. Thus she reasoned.

These plans and purposes, however, although shaped in the dim secrecy of Berta's hidden consciousness, were not so definite as to receive her sanction in the white glare of full recognition.

Women of Berta Hamilton's type are seldom really aware of their own intentions. If faced with an accusation of their designs they shrink in horror from the mere suggestion of such base heartlessness. They do not deliberately set out to create havoc. They do not premeditate murder. They are simply so determined to possess the admiration of all mankind that they are willing to risk even disaster in the winning of that adoration.

One of the first things to disconcert Miss Hamilton upon her arrival was the fact that Lucie had matured into a really handsome woman. She displayed none of those evidences of deterioration which, in Berta's estimation, were the inevitable accompaniments of a contented married life.

Mrs. Randall had "kept up" amazingly in the all-important matter of dress. She wore her hair becomingly. She had interests outside of her home, yet she made it the center of her motives.

In place of the dully, submissive domestic creature whom Berta's lively imagination had created, she found a thoroughly attractive and magnetic woman, whose life glowed with purpose and power.

In spite of the fact that Lucie Randall's year-old son claimed much of her time and devotion, she managed to spare a sufficiency for her husband, who, to all appearances, was still head over heels in love with her.

Berta, however, smiled in the seclusion of her own room, and prepared to wait with the assurance born of former experience.

"Variety is the spice of life," she murmured complacently, as, on the second evening of her visit, she donned a clinging dinner gown of Nile green, with a filmy network of creamy lace offering an apology for yoke and sleeves.

Her friend's husband showed but a polite interest in the vision of peachy loveliness that faced him at the table.

Wallace Randall was one of those rare men who know how to meet women of Berta Hamilton's type. His clear perceptions penetrated at once the shoddy mask that hid the real intentions of his wife's friend, and his fine nature repelled her advances, regardless of their subtley.

Randall realized clearly, as so few men do, that a flirtation of this sort, no matter how harmless seemingly, is a humiliation to the wife; that it places her, for the time being, at least, under the foot of the other woman, no matter how inferior the latter may really be.

He understood Berta thoroughly and meant that she should know it.

As days passed and Berta perceived that the husband's absorption in household affairs continued unabated, she became aware of a fretful impatience.

Really, he was growing absolutely ridiculous. It was absurd the way he wasted time fussing and playing with that ugly little infant. And as for his great show of affection for Lucie—pshaw! It was becoming a bore. Of course, such a display of ardor could not be anything but pretense.

"He is fighting against my influence," she concluded at length. "He thinks it his duty. Well, his will may be strong, but so is mine. A little tact, perhaps a bit of deft flattery, will betray the vulnerable spot in his armor of pretense. I have yet to meet the man who can prove my Waterloo."

It was on a balmy afternoon not long afterward that Berta, entering from the garden, came upon Wallace as he sat alone in the library. She wore a simple white dress, and her arms were heaped with roses. There was something so childlike, so utterly artless and unaffected in her quiet, gentle greeting that he felt a sudden sense of having perhaps misjudged this woman.

She sat down beside him in a sweet, natural little way, quite as a child would have done, the roses still in her arms.

What a picture she made! Randall's artistic sensibilities could not but admit this fact. Nor did he grudge the admission. There was something different in Berta's attitude today, a subtle change that made her presence welcome.

They sat and talked for a while of the old times. She was warm in her praise of Lucie and spoke tenderly of the old friendship. Then she mentioned her joy at having found her friend so happily wedded.

"I always felt that you two would make harmony in a home, Wallace, but I did not dream of such complete blessedness as this. I think I never saw two people so perfectly at one in their sympathies and ideas."

She sighed and gazed pensively out at the sunshine, while her abstracted fingers pulled a rose to pieces.

Wallace watched in a sort of puzzled wonder. She was indeed baffling in her present mood. He offered her a glass of water from a side table, but she, instead of drinking it at once, sat regarding the crystal liquid with a wistful reflectiveness.

"See, Wallace," she cried at length, "it is full—brim full—a symbol of your own life, your cup of happiness. And yet"—she smiled suddenly, almost in childish triumph—"it is not too full to bear yet an added bit of beauty."

She held forth the glass and lightly dropped upon its brimming surface the petal of a rose.

"See!" she said again, "it does not yet overflow."

From under drooping lids she watched him furtively, and prepared to play her highest card. There was no mistaking the intentness of his gaze.

"Wallace," she breathed, softly, "you are so true, so noble, so splendid at heart, that a woman would deem herself happy if only to be the rosleaf on the brimming cup of your life's contentment."

Wallace Randall started, like a man who had been dreaming. He had received an ugly shock. After all, he had not misjudged her.

Berta, her eyes still lowered, flicked the rose petal from the glass brim and drank. Then her shy glance sought his face. She saw a sneering smile of amusement beneath his up-curving mustache and knew in a flash that she had lost.

"You are too kind," he said, with elaborate courtesy. His amusement quivered into a half-laugh.

"After all," he observed, banteringly, "the pretty rose petal was out of place. Apparently it was not necessary to your enjoyment of the drink. A dainty thing, I grant you, but none the less a superfluity."

She met his gaze unflinchingly and bestowed upon him her divinest smile. She understood him perfectly. However, it was well to be gracious, even in defeat.

Miss Hamilton was packing her trunks in the seclusion of her room. "I never could bear him, anyway," she said to her reflected image. After all, there is something of the boor in —— make-up. He suits Lucie well enough, no doubt, but as for me——

She drifted into a musing train of thought, while she went on packing. Of course, there would be future triumphs, and they would compensate.

AT THE HOTELS

"What do they want of a canal from Lake Michigan to the Mississippi, with rail rates as low as they are today?" echoed a traveling man from Joliet, Ill., who is stopping at the Spalding. "Well, I'll tell you why. This theory about low railroad rates is very pretty, and it's pretty nearly right. But I imagine that if the owners of tonnage on the lakes were to conclude that the railroads had gotten the science of cheap carrying down to such a fine point that their commercial mission were ended, you would find rail freights appreciating a little, just as you find freight rates from Duluth to the seaoard a little higher in winter than in summer.

"That same theory is worked out on the old Illinois and Mississippi canal, which it is proposed to supplant with a ship canal at government expense. This old canal is state property, and though it is undersized, antiquated, and all that, it saves shippers living along it considerable money in freights in the course of a season. As soon as the canal season closes, though there is brisk competition between the Alton, Rock Island and Big Four roads for traffic at various points along the route of the waterway, freights immediately rise about 15 or 20 per cent.

"Considerable traffic is carried along this canal, particularly in the line of grain. The locks are 14 feet wide at the bottom and 18 feet at the top, which makes it necessary for the canal boats to carry all of their loads below decks, and there are numerous other obstacles to economical carrying of freight, but the people that live along it wouldn't do without it for anything in the world.

"This in part explains the earnestness of Illinois in asking for an appropriation in the river and harbor bill for building a deep draft ship canal from the terminus of the Chicago drainage canal at Lockport to the Mississippi. The local traffic between the points that could be affected by the canal is very heavy, particularly eastbound, and if vessels could load at the Chicago river straight into the Mississippi, a lot of traffic that now goes abroad by way of the Gulf of Mexico would come around by the lakes. The people of Illinois will have that canal if determination will get it."

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E. J. Farrell came down from Grand Rapids last evening, and is at the St. Louis.

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H. Jarchow, who is connected with one of the Mesaba mining companies, is at the McKay.

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H. F. McLane advance representative of the "Mamselle Hawkins" company, is at the Spalding.

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James A. Robb, the Eveleth merchant and lumberman, is at the St. Louis.

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Postoffice Inspector George H. Drake, of Minneapolis, is at the McKay.

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John S. Snapp, formerly of Duluth, now a member of the legal department of the Great Northern, is at the Spalding.

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D. W. Freeman, of Virginia, is one of the St. Louis' guests.

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C. D. Nuttson, W. W. Spencer, St. Paul; M. H. Barron, Stillwater; H. C. Sachse, St. Paul; R. H. Proctor, Minneapolis; James Thompson, Moscow, Wis.; O. L. Blodgett, Cincinnati; J. V. Wilde, La Crosse; Z. H. Hutchinson, Muscatine, Iowa, and J. B. Bradenbach, Detroit, are at the St. Louis.

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F. E. Laird, Minneapolis; Charles R. Oaten, Minneapolis; George H. Drake, Minneapolis; A. T. Bailey, Cleveland; O. A. Weinberg, Wausau; L. E. Adels, Chicago, and John W. Woodhill, Two Harbors, are at the McKay.

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E. M. Platt, Chicago; G. S. Ternold, F. A. Chapman, St. Paul; William Seckels, New York; William B. Leach, Minneapolis; Ben Abrahams, Milwaukee; W. D. Willard, Mankato; C. N. Hastings, Minneapolis; E. S. Abbott, Minneapolis, and E. M. Valentine, Chicago, are at the Spalding.

WHALEBACK DAMAGED.

Fire In Barge 109 Discovered Just In Time.

A fire did about $500 damage to whaleback barge No. 109, at the shipyards, last evening, between 9 and 10 o'clock. The blaze was below the hatches and is supposed to have started from a match thrown down by some of the workmen employed during the afternoon. The smoke was seen coming out of the hatches by people living on Connor's Point, and the alarm turned in. The damage was confined to the woodwork of the interior. The danger from fire is greatest now from the fact that the big lake carriers are packed in close in the shipyards, frozen in the ice, and in every little blaze hundreds of thousands of dollars in property is endangered.

Transferring Passengers.

This morning the interstate car passengers began transferring at the Lamborn avenue bridge, and for a period of about two weeks travel between Duluth and West Superior will be inconvenienced on account of the bridge. The work of putting in the new abutment has necessitated a partial swinging of the bridge, and only foot passengers may cross. Team traffic must either be over the ice or around on Connor's Point, over Fifth street, Superior.

Range People Go Down.

A large delegation of range people left last evening for St. Paul to appear before the senate in opposition to the tonnage tax on iron ore. They are confident that the passage of the measure will mean a serious set-back for the development of the iron deposits of the country. Those who went down were: Mayor A. N. Thompson, M. L. Fay, M. C. Palmer, W. H. Eaton, Fred Rawson, Harry George, John Peterson and Dudley Freeman, of Virginia; P. E. Dowling, J. A. Robb, J. C. Poole, J. W. Faulk and George Hughes, of Eveleth, and E. J. Farrel, of Grand Rapids.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.
TUESDAY, Mar 4, Wagenhals & Kemper present
AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRICAL ORGANIZATION
MODJESKA & JAMES
And An Incomparable Company in
"Henry VIII" With special music by Carl Busch.
MME. MODJESKA as - - QUEEN KATHERINE
MR. JAMES as - - - - CARDINAL WOLSEY
Two Carloads of Special Scenery. Fifty people. The most complete, sumptuous and scholastic production ever shown in this city.
PRICES—Dress Circle, $1.50; Parquet, $1.50 and $1.00; Family Circle 75c; Balcony, 50c

STAR LECTURE COURSE,
FIRST M. E. CHURCH.
The Pictorial Story of the Passion Play of Oberammergau
Authorized by Joseph (Christus) Mayr, Burgomaster of Oberammergau.
Motion Pictures and Colored Views.
By JOHN JAY LEWIS,
The apostle of the Passion Play in America, given by Dr. Lewis more than two thousand times to more than two million people.
John R. Bartruff, Expert Operator.
Wednesday Evening, March 5.
Seats on sale at Chamberlain & Taylor's Monday. Price 50 cents.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC



CANDY CATHARTIC

..... CASCARETS taste good. Eat them like candy. They remove any bad taste in the mouth, leaving the breath sweet and perfumed. It is a real pleasure to take them instead of nauseating liquids or cannon-ball pills.

PURELY VEGETABLE

..... CASCARETS are purely vegetable and contain no mercurial or other mineral poison. They are made of the latest remedies discovered and are a scientific combination never before put together in any form.

ANTISEPTIC LAXATIVE

..... CASCARETS are antiseptic. That means they stop undigested food from souring in the stomach, prevent fermentation in the bowels and kill disease germs of any kind that breed and feed in the system.

LIVER STIMULANT

..... CASCARETS tone the stomach and bowels and stimulate the lazy liver, making it work. They strengthen the bowels and put them into vigorous healthy condition, making their action easy and natural.

BOON FOR MOTHERS

..... CASCARETS increase the flow of milk in nursing mothers. A tablet eaten by the mother makes her milk mildly purgative and has a mild but certain effect on the baby, the only safe laxative for the babe-in-arms.

PLEASE THE CHILDREN

..... CASCARETS are liked by the children. They taste good and do good, stop wind-colic and cramps, and kill and drive off worms and all kinds of parasites that live in the bowels of the growing child.

CURE GUARANTEED

..... CASCARETS taken patiently, persistently, are guaranteed to cure any case of constipation, no matter how old and obstinate, or purchase money will be cheerfully refunded by your own druggist.

HEALTH FOR 10 CENTS

..... CASCARETS are sold by all druggists for 10c, 25c, 50c a box, according to size. A 10c box will prove their merit and put you on the right road to perfect and permanent health. Don't risk delay.

Don't judge **CASCARETS** by other medicines you have tried. They are new, unlike anything else that's sold, and infinitely superior. Try a ten-cent box today, if not pleased get your money back! Larger boxes, 25c or 50c. Sample and booklet mailed free. Address 537

CCC The only genuine. Beware of Imitations!

STERLING REMEDY CO., CHICAGO; MONTREAL, CAN.; NEW YORK.

CHICAGO'S WELCOME

To Prince Henry Was a Most Brilliant Occasion.

Streets Ablaze With Red Fire and Electric Lights.

Banquet, Festival and Ball Features of the Night.

Chicago, March 4.—A glare of red fire that could be seen for miles, the blaze of hundreds of torches, the sparkle of myriads of electric lights and the cheers of thousands of people made up the first taste of Chicago's hospitality that was given Prince Henry of Prussia upon his arrival in this city last evening. His train arrived at the depot of the Chicago & Alton railroad at 6:30 o'clock, and from there, after he had been formally welcomed by Mayor Harrison and the members of the general reception committee, Prince Henry rode through streets packed with a dense multitude, whose cheers compelled the distinguished visitor to bow continually right and left.

No more flattering welcome could have been extended and visitor, and it came not so much from the officials of the city as from its citizens. Every building along the line of his route from the depot to the Auditorium hotel was gaily decked with bunting, the prevailing scheme being the American and German flags intertwined, with the black eagle of Prussia over all. Many of the buildings had in their fronts elaborate devices made up of hundreds of electric lights. There were "Welcomes" by the dozens, there were eagles and flags, there were strings of gay-colored lights almost without number. No hint of the electric light decorations was given to the prince until after his carriage had rolled over Jackson boulevard bridge and was descending the gentle slope that leads toward Michigan avenue. Then, almost in the same second, the lights were turned on, and what had been, but one second before, a lane between dark, towering buildings was an avenue of dazzling light.

After being welcomed by Mayor Harrison, carriages were taken to the Auditorium, a feature of the procession from the depot to the hotel was the great number of veteran German soldiers who lined the streets and who went fairly wild in their efforts to show their devotion to the prince. They had among them by far the greater number of the torches that were seen along the avenue, and when the line of carriages had passed the old soldiers fell into line behind them and took up the line of march to the hotel. They constituted the only guard given to the prince during his march from the depot.

A banquet was served almost immediately on arrival at the hotel. There were nine tables, and including Prince Henry and his suite, 157 people were seated. There were but three toasts offered, the first being by E. Willis Rice, who proposed the health of Prince Henry. It was drank amid loud cheers, and before one-third of the guests, who had risen en masse to drink his health, had sunk into their seats, the prince was on his feet. "I propose the health of the president of the United States," he called, in ringing tones, and up came the banqueters, once more the health of the prince was drained in hearty fashion. Mayor Harrison then rose from his seat. "Long live the emperor of Germany," he called, holding his glass high. Once more came the cheers, all the guests waving their napkins wildly. Prince Henry then made a short response, expressing regret that he could not pay a tribute of respect to the last resting place of Abraham Lincoln—a citizen of Illinois.

The prince lingered for a short time in informal conversation with the members of the entertainment committee, and then retired to his room to prepare for the next feature of the program, which was the visit to the armory, where the citizens of Chicago had arranged a choral festival in his honor.

It was shortly after 8 o'clock when the prince and his suite entered their carriages at the Auditorium hotel for their drive to the armory. The drive was almost an even mile in length, straight up Michigan avenue, and for the entire distance the sidewalks were lined as closely as possible with thousands that burst upon seeing the prince. A roar of cheers greeted him as he left the hotel, and from there until he passed within the doors of the armory there was one continuous shout, which was eclipsed in volume only when he entered the armory, where 6000 people, most of them born in the Fatherland, or descendants of those who had been, were gathered to meet him. Bands were playing with frantic energy, and the great chorus of hundreds of voices were singing in honor of the prince as he entered, but their efforts availed them nothing. The cheers of the multitude drowned all else, and for fully five minutes there was nothing but one great roar of voices.

As the prince entered the hall, the great orchestra of more than one hundred pieces burst forth in the national anthem of Germany. While this was being played the prince and his suite were escorted to the balcony on the second floor that had been reserved for them. The anthem concluded there was another outburst of cheers from the grand throng within the walls that was re-echoed by the immense crowd outside.

At the far end of the hall, directly under the box occupied by Prince Henry, was a large pistform upon which were seated the members of the great chorus, under the direction of Gustav Ehrhorn.

As soon as he thought the time had come in which the voices of his chorus could be heard above the great cheers, Conductor Ehrhorn waved his baton. With one voice the chorus started in on "The True German Heart," and a splendid program was then carried out.

It was shortly after 10 o'clock when the prince and the members of his suite arose from their seats and escorted by the members of the committee, left the balcony for their carringes. Notwithstanding the lateness of the hour, the crowd, number at least 50,000 people, was still in waiting on the outside, and the reappearance of the prince was greeted with the same cheers that had marked his arrival at the hall. Bowing to the right and left as he entered his carriage, the prince, in five minutes after leaving the balcony in the Armory, was on his way to the Auditorium hotel, to take his part in the great ball arranged in his honor.

The chief event of the stay of the prince in Chicago was the grand ball held in the Auditorium. It was perhaps the most magnificent social event ever witnessed in this city, surpassing even the great ball given in honor of Admiral Dewey two years ago.

As son as all the distinguished visitors had been presented to the ladies selected for their escort, the prince took Mrs. Harrison to the head of the line, and immediately began to promenade around the ball room, stopping when he reached the front of the royal box.

The prince entered his box, escorting Mrs. Harrison to the seat of honor beside him, and watched the dancing of several hundred couple with interest. Until nearly midnight the prince remained in his box, exchanging pleasant words with all who came to meet him, then going to supper. Here, at the request of the prince, all formality was laid aside, and for fully an hour before he retired to his apartment he met and spoke to several hundred people.

SHAMROCK II

Offered to Post to Race Against the Columbia.

New York, March 4.—C. W. Post, who offered to charter Shamrock II, in order to race her against the Columbia, the Shamrock to have an American and the Columbia an English crew, has received a letter from Sir Thomas Lipton saying, in part:

"I will not accept a charter of Shamrock II as you so kindly offer, but I will let you have the use of her during the coming season without charge on the condition that you fit her out in racing trim and pay all expenses for the racing season.

"I do not wish to discourage you, but I feel certain that the Columbia would lick you.

"I am faithfully yours,

"THOMAS J. LIPTON."

Blotched, rough, red, tender skin, smoothed to satin softness, using Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder, 25c.

TEETH WITHOUT PLATES



MODERN DENTISTRY.

We Do As We Advertise.

We can make to fit a full set of the BEST teeth for $10, and no extra charge for extracting.

Gold Filling, up from $1.50
Silver Filling, up from 75c
Gold Crown, 22-k ..... $7.00 | Porcelain crowns $5.00

Consultation Free and All Work Warranted. Open Sundays, 10 to 12.

Johnson & Kaake, NESARA BLOCK, 409 West Superior Street. Zenith Phone 108.

GREATEST GOLD RUSH

Since the Days of '49 In California Being Predicted.

New Gold Camp Looming Up on the Western Horizon.

Thunder Mountain In Idaho---The Wonderful Dewey Mine.

Ho for Thunder Mountain!

Alaska's laurels seem in danger, and the golden Klondike may be crowded onto a back seat.

A new gold camp is looming up on the Western horizon. It threatens to eclipse Cripple Creek. Weighty opinions are expressed that it will be the scene of the greatest gold rush since the days of '49 in California.

But where in thunder is Thunder Mountain?

I cannot say from personal observation and experience. I have been doing a good bit of reading, however, and also carrying on something of a correspondence with those who know whereof they speak. If you will promise not to get the gold fever, I'll undertake to tell you something of the sensational place.

Open your atlas, if you have one, or take Rand & McNally's 15-cent map of Idaho. First, locate Idaho county. Next, find the point where longitude 115 degrees 10 inches west crosses latitude 45 degrees 15 inches north. There you will see the designation of a mountain peak with the name "Vinegar Hill."

Vinegar Hill is Thunder Mountain.

In Thunder Mountain is the Dewey mine. It is a mine that, instead of making a hole in the ground, makes one in the sky, and a big one, too, for Thunder Mountain is fully 8000 feet high.

The stories of the wealth and richness of the Dewey mine make a report of a Cripple Creek mine read, in comparison, as tamely as a weather report. You can drift into the property at almost any point and in any direction and strike pay ore. Values run from $3000 to $3000 a ton. Reliable engineers declare that today the ore in sight is worth $200,000,000. Be that as it may, it is well understood that the owner would not take $10,000,000 for the property.

This bonanza embraces only eleven government mining claims. It was sold by Caswell Brothers to Col. Dewey. I do not know just who Col. Dewey is, but he evidently is an enterprising chap with a long bank account. He is building railroads all his own out in Idaho, and I have an impression that he has other substantial mining interests.

Development work commenced on the wonderful Dewey mine nearly a year and a half ago. A 10-stamp mill was taken in last fall and was ready for the initial run last month. Before this, undoubtedly a bit of "cleaning up" has taken place. The superintendent states that he will soon pay for the mine, mill and all development work with those 10 stamps.

Originally the Dewey mine was thought to be low grade, something like the Alaska-Treadwell, the Homestake of the Black Hills, the Olive, Alice A. or the Hammond Reef, in Western Ontario. In the course of development, however, a pay streak, four feet wide, was encountered that averages $1000 a ton in gold.

If the ten stamps treat only three tons each per day, the bullion value will be close to $20,000 a day, or about $9,000,000 a year.

How's that for an investment that has, up to date, cost within $150,000?

It is reported that, as soon as possible, Col. Dewey will instal an 100-stamp mill on the property. Suppose his entire body of ore, 300 feet wide, averages $10 a ton, instead of $1000, in the rich pay streak. He will still have a pretty soft snap.

Col. Dewey does not show a disposition to "hog" things in and around Thunder Mountain. He evidently believes that enough is as good as a feast. Some of the other fellows have wiggled in onto the ground floor and promise to become multi-millionaires.

Caswell Brothers, the original owners of the Dewey, have other things just as good, it is claimed. They have refused $100,000 for the Sunnyside mine.

Jennings Brothers, of Pittsburgh, paid $150,000 for the Taylor & Eby group. The values run high, and twenty men are employed this winter on development work. As soon as travel opens, it is reported that a 200-stamp mill will be taken in for that property, although that, to me, sounds rather "fishy."

The Apex and Burr Oak claims were sold to Messrs. John L. Greenlee & Co., of Pittsburgh. Values in that ore run from $16 to $1000 a ton. Heavy development will soon begin and a large mill is projected.

Other Pittsburg capitalists secured the Hawley-Puckett group for $100,000. There is a whole mountain of ore on those claims with a general average of $5 a ton. The Longfellow group cost the owner $120,000, and he promises to open up his property on a large scale.

At first glance, this does not appear to be a poor man's camp. Unless all men are liars, there are good properties close to Thunder mountain that can be had for a tenth, or less, of what the foregoing properties cost the present owners. Then it must be remembered that there are as good fish in the sea as ever were caught. For all I know, too, there may be good placer ground in this district. Anyway, there is plenty of promising ground and the field is broad. Already, rich ore has been located thirty miles from the Dewey mine.

Thunder mountain is in unsurveyed public domain and within the jurisdiction of the Hailey land office. It is in the only hib tract of unexplored land in the United States. Although traversed in a general way for years by trappers and a few hardy prospectors, it is about as little known as Central America.

This region embraces about 12,000 square miles, or one-seventh of Idaho. It is as large as Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut combined. If I understand things, Thunder mountain mining district proper, as organized, takes in about 600 square miles, of this vast region. Thunder mountain mining district is bounded on the north by Big creek, on the east by the Middle fork, on the south by a branch of the South fork of the Salmon river and Indian creek, on the west by Quartz creek. (See map.)

This is the most mountainous region imaginable. "Pike-Mac," a noted Colorado writer, says there are no long ranges with valleys between, as in Colorado, for example—just gulches and canons between the mountains to carry off the water.

As an illustration of the topography, take a piece of quartz, studded with crystals half an inch or so long, as thickly as they can stand. The mountains in this region are just like that.

Colorado mountains have a north-south axis and were thrown into long ranges by an east-west force, in the contraction of the earth's crust. This Central Idaho region of papillary mountains was produced by a coniluxion of north-south and east-west forces in the contraction of the earth which resulted, not in mountain ranges, but in an unaccountable number of detached mountains. Many of these, if not all, were volcanoes and many of them are still perfect cones. There were, in that time, probably not less than 1000 volcanoes, which accounts for their lack of great size. Mt. Estes, on the southern edge of the field, has a height of 11,000 feet.

Anyone who has seen the volcanic field in Siskiyou county, California, north of Mt. Shasta, has a good idea of what this Idaho field is like.

The general level of the country is high and the climate, consequently, rigorous. The snows fall deep and lie late, owing to a good deal of timber and the northern slopes of the mountains. Once opened with roads, it will be an easy country in which to live.

Water and power are limitless. Streams are numerous, of good volume and flow the whole year. The region is the source and maintenance of many of the largest rivers in Idaho.

Neither the geology nor the mineralogy of the Thunder mountain district have yet been fully and definitely generalized. It certainly is a center of great volcanic disturbance and creation. One prospector says that the whole country seems to be an immense porphry belt, nearly all of which carries free gold. The free milling zone, so far as determined, is fully ten miles wide and twenty miles long. In addition to that, there is a region 100 miles square, valuable in gold and copper. It is thought there is little or no basalt capping which should make it an easy country in which to prospect.

Just now, the snow is several feet deep all over that country and a prospector could do nothing if he went in. Besides the dangers and hardships of getting in, there would be no food, except what he toted in with him, when once he got there. Some of those in there when the trails closed in December, because of lack of food and employment, have had to come out since, on snow shoes.

Duluth people have no idea of the excitement and interest this wonderful new camp is arousing in the Inter-mountain states. Even the far East is getting excited over it. The papers of Denver, Salt Lake City, Spokane and all the smaller cities, are loaded with Thunder mountain news and boom stuff. Even the New York papers are loading their columns with it. When you remember what the newspapers did for the Klondike, then look out for exciting times in Thunder mountain this summer.

Salt Lake people, in particular, have great faith in the merits of the district. Col. D. E. Burley, general passenger and ticket agent of the Oregon Short Line, had three experts last season. He declares with great earnestness that it is going to prove the greatest gold field California and expresses the opinion that 20,000 people will be in there by July of the present year. Col. Burley has nothing to sell and, being a man of experience, his opinion should have weight.

There is a belief that diamonds exist in the Thunder mountain district. That opinion is fathered by Robert Bell, a prominent mining expert, familiar with the placer fields of Northern Idaho. He has found that country rich in monazite, a heavy mineral of high value, frequently if not always, an accompaniment of diamonds. It takes a trained eye to distinguish diamond pebbles, but the American prospector is quick and apt in learning. That skill once acquired, and the diamonds found, then what a rush by my countrymen.

To reach Thunder mountain, half a dozen routes may be taken. Every town anywhere near a trail headed that way, tries to make the great outside world think that it is on the only route. Like the little grafters that used to infest the Crane lake route to Rainy Lake, they wish to sell the rushing gold-hunters food, shelter and transportation.

Approaching the new district from Montana points, it is said that the best way is to leave the railroad at Red Rock, Mont., and run to Yellow Jacket via Salmon City Leesburg and Blackbird. (See map.) This routes is said to be open all winter and approaches closer to Thunder mountain than any other wagon road. The distance from the end of the road, is only 38 miles over a good mountain trail via Mormon Ranch and then up Mackay creek.

Mackay Route—Yellow Jacket can also be approached via Mackay, the present terminus of the Salmon River railway, thence to Chehalis, 57 miles, and to Yellow Jacket or Singleer, 69 miles, thence by good trail from either point, 38 miles. Total distance from Mackay to Thunder Mountain, 155 miles.

Ketchum Route—The wagon road between Ketchum and Bear valley offers an approach to Thunder Mountain via Galena, Sawtooth valley, Stanley basin and Cape Horn. This road is a good one and never gets very muddy, but the Sawtooth summit must be crossed at an elevation of 8000 feet. The Ketchum people are, however, looking for a route via Marble Creek which, if secured, will give them quite a prestige.

Boise Route—This follows the state wagon road to Bear valley via Idaho City. The distance from Boise to Bear valley is 99 miles, thence 75 miles of pack trail to Thunder Mountain. (See map.)

Weiser Route—The distance from Weiser to Thunder Mountain is 200 miles via Council, the terminus of the P. & I. N. Ry., thence 60 miles by stage to Salmon Meadows, 20 miles conveyance from Meadows via Payette lakes, Secesh creek and Resort, 60 miles, and then by pack trail across South Fork of Salmon river to Thunder Mountain, 50 miles. This route has the lowest elevations of any.

Grangerville Route—Starting from the Northern Pacific terminus on the south fork of the Clearwater, near Grangerville, Idaho, the state wagon road connects with Warren's and Weiser routes at Burgdorf's Hot Springs and Resort, via Florence and French Creek, leaving Buffalo Hump about ten miles to the east. This is a great summer road and, from the terminus of the Northern Pacific railway to Thunder Mountain, is about 175 miles.

It is expected that all the trails and roads on the several routes, will be open by May 1. The early birds will start long before that, however. Col. Burley, in a letter to me says: "It is probable you could make the trip much before April 1." The Brown Transportation company at Grangerville, advertises to accept passengers and freight, via that route, after Feb. 15.

Already the townsite man has started his work. Near the Dewey mine, the townsite of Roosevelt has been laid out on a 60-acre tract. It is said to be about the only fit place for a town for miles. Several cabins have been erected, and a government postoffice established. W. L. Cuddy is postmaster and a special mail service has been ordered from Warren. The mail now goes in part of that district by snow shoes.

Roosevelt lots are selling already from $100 to $750 each. It promises to be a warm town next summer. It undoubtedly will me a typical Western camp, wild and wooly. Those who do not care to prospect or dig gold, can start some enterprise of a commercial nature.

JOHN L. MORRISON.

It's in the Brew.



BLATZ BEER

MILWAUKEE

appeals at once to lovers of the beverage as a most extraordinary brew. There's that indescribable goodness characteristic of "BLATZ"—and it never varies.

Try it and you'll say so too.

BLATZ MALT-VIVINE. (Non-intoxicant) Tonic. Druggists or direct.

VAL BLATZ BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE DULUTH BRANCH, Tel. 62.

DUNN AND WASHBURN

(Continued From Page 1.)

known for the first time something of what they are worth. He did not care if the tax was 5 cents or 50 cents except that he favored equal taxation, and the tonnage tax would not produce equal taxation, nor would it produce as much revenue as the direct method of taxation would produce. Even if the local officers show favoritism toward the mine owners, the state board has plenty of power to make their assessments right. An owner of a non-producing mine might favor a tonnage tax because he could let his mine lie idle and not be compelled to pay any taxes upon it. St. Louis county is part of the state, and there are some good people there, though the members of the legislature might dispute that point. The people of that county are entitled to the same consideration as the people of any other county. Yet if hard times came on and the mines did not operate, the people would get no taxes from them. A Minneapolis paper said that might be true, but that it would make no difference. That is an improper sentiment, for the citizents of St. Louis county are entitled to consideration. More taxes can be raised by a direct tax than by a tonnage tax. If the mines are assessed at $30,000,000 the taxes would amount to $900,000 at 3 per cent. Equal taxes are required by the constitution, and this proposed tax is not equal. Under it, timber worth $100,000 would be taxed for $2000, while ore worth $1 per ton and amounting to 100,000 tons would be taxed for $6000. He had no apology to make for offering his opinions on this subject, for if he had opinions he would offer them wherever and whenever he pleased. He thought if the legislature enacted the real estate administrative feature of the tax code, it would have earned its pay.

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J. L. Washburn was the next speaker, and he opened by an agrument to show that the tonnage tax is unconstitutional because it is repugnent to the constitution and has been so decided by the courts; because it is not authorized by the 1895 amendments to the constitution, under which it was drawn; because it is repungant to the principles of common justice and lays the ax to the roots of government. Aside from the legal question, he opposed the bill because the taxation it proposes is upon an unequal, unjust and unenduring basis; because the people of Duluth fear that when once adopted the old injustice of appropriation by the state will be revived; because if the proposed misappropriation of the revenues is maintained, the local revenues will be uncertain and fluctuating, so that at times local government will be left without support; because the method proposed is a failure and has been universally abandoned; because the present method of taxation is more efficient and capable of producing a certain and sufficient revenue without injustice of inequality; because it militates against the independent miners of low grades of ore, against mining on state lands, and against local manufacture of iron ore by taxing the low grade ores that must be manufactured here, if any, so they cannot be handled; because it creates unmerited injustice against the taxpayers of the most profitable sub-division of the state, and sets the hand of government against large and important interests that are profitable to the state and to its citizens; because it is believed that the legislature will be void and will result in delay and failure in collecting the taxes that should be and which otherwise could be collected, and result in consequent injury and lack of needed revenues for the support of the institutions of the county.

In reference to the state appropriating the tax, Mr. Washburn apologized for his frankness, but said that Duluth had reason to fear such action from past legislation and from the manner in which this bill had been rushed through the house into the senate, as though it were a chunk through a pneumatic tube. He said that Duluth had not ceased to hope for the time when this iron will be manufactured in Minnesota, and the state has done something towards this by agreeing to rebate the royalty on ore from state lands manufactured within the state. This ore is low grade, however, and the tax would tend to would prevent its use and defeat any hope of establishing manufactures here. The iron ranges run 125 miles or thereabouts east and west, and they include five little cities and many villages. The steel trust owns a greater portion of the ore, and it has ore to last it 100 years to come. The mines it owns are not all operated at once, but some mines are always idle. If the tonnage tax went through, the town depending on these mines for their livelihood and most of their taxes would have their revenues stopped whenever the mines closed down. He had been told that the steel trust was doing nothing regarding this bill. He did not know if this was true, but if it was it might easily be because it was satisfied of its unconstitutionality, and was content to sit back and fight the law when it comes into effect. The bill is clearly unconstitutional, and the result of its passage will be that not $1 of taxes will be paid under it. He believed the action of the senate would justify the wisdom of having two branches of the legislature, and he believed that if the house had the bill again its action would be different.

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Alfred Merritt was called upon, but he said he had no interest in the matter. The railroad rates are so high that an independent mine owner cannot do business, therefore he did not care how he was taxed.

County Commissioner Berdie said that St. Louis county had bonded itself $400,000 for roads to reach the ranges. It was keeping up its schools, and the range townships are bonded from $5000 to $25,000 each. All they wanted was to be left alone. The assessing officers are not in the power of the gigantic and corrupt steel trust, and when the county board of equalization meets this summer it will raise the mine assessments up where they ought to be.

George H. Crossby said that he was interested in Itasca county iron lands, wherein there are deposits of low grade ores. If the tax proposed goes into effect he would not be able to sell his property or do anything with it.

Mr. Washburn made the principal argument, and he did it energetically, reasonably, logically, eloquently, and, therefore, effectively. His talk did a good deal toward killing the tonnage tax, and yesterday afternoon the hope that it would be killed was very strong.

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The house yesterday afternoon passed two more tax bills, and did it in short opposition. Both bills are out of the Pefected tax code, both were introduced by Mr. Anderson, of Winona, and both went through without opposition to speak of, only two votes being cast against each. The first one was a bill providing an inheritance tax. It calls for a tax upon all gifts and inheritances in excess of $1000, and upon the excess only. The rate is 1 per cent upon the inheritaonces of near relatives, and 5 per cent upon those of others.

The other bill includes the administrative features of the real estate taxation proposed by the tax commission. There was no opposition to it during the consideration of the tax code, and it is generally looked upon as being a vast improvement upon the present law. State Auditor Dunn has said repeatedly that if the legislature passed this and some constitutional amendments and went home, it would go home covered with glory. The provisions of the tax code were adopted with some very minor amendments.

• • •

The senate tax committee will have further hearings on the tonnage tax and other features of the Jacobson bill this afternoon. Some of the public service corporations of the smaller cities are objecting, claiming that it will make them pay from 8 to 60 per cent upon their gross earnings if the public service corporation tax feature goes into effect.

• • •

Mr. Pope, of Kanabec county, yesterday afternoon introduced in the house a bill creating a state school of mines in St. Louis county, and appropriating $100,000 to start it. This is J. Adam Bede's pet scheme, and it is understood that the bill was introduced at his request. It was referred to the committee on the reception of bills, which will probably report it for indefinite postponement on the ground that it is general in its nature. An attempt will be made to get it past that decision, but the outlook is not very hopeful. The bill provides that the school shall be governed by three directors, consisting of the state geologist, the state superintendent of public instruction and a member from St. Louis county. Geology, mineralogy, chemistry, mining and mining engineering are to be in the school's course of study.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

TOO GREAT EXPENSE

Not the Reason.

It is not because Pyramid Pile Cure is so expensive that many people decline to give it a trial, but because they find it too great a tax on their credulity to believe that the published letters bearing testimony to the merit of this remedy are genuine and bona fide; especially to those who have suffered the suffering incident to piles is it incredible that anyone who has been afflicted twenty-five and thirty years with the worst forms of protruding and bleeding piles should be cured by the application of a simple remedy, when their physician has assured them that the only relief is in a surgical operation. This is rightfully viewed with dread by all those afflicted, as it means at the least a great shock to the nervous system with more than a possibility of utter collapse and death; in the majority of cases, too, there is a return of the complaint, owing to the fact that the cause is not removed.

The proprietors of Pyramid Pile Cure agree to forfeit $1000 to anyone who will show a single published testimonial to be not genuine and unsolicited; this latter feature is most gratifying, inasmuch as these letters are written solely out of gratitude, and with the hope that those who are afflicted as the writers have been may learn that relief is at hand, at a comparatively trifling expense. Pyramid Pile Cure is for sale by druggists at 50 cents a package, or will be mailed by the makers to any address upon receipt of price.

Mr. William Lichtenwalter, head of the largest printing house in Canton, Ohio, says: "It is with the utmost pleasure and satisfaction that I can say I believe I am cured of protruding and bleeding piles, after suffering more than twenty-five years. I have been in bed for two weeks at a time. I have not suffered in the least for over a year, and I used only three fifty-cent boxes of Pyramid Pile Cure. I advise every person suffering with this distressing and painful complaint to give this remedy a trial. I have every confidence in it." Write the Pyramid Drug company, Marshall, Mich., for their book on the causes and cure of piles.

New Building—
New Equipment—
Modern in every particular—

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One block from Union Depot. Convenient to all parts of Duluth. RATES—$2.00 and $2.50 per day.



THE BEST ON EARTH IS Miller "THE BEST"

MILWAUKEE BEER

It's made on purpose to be the best. Bottled at the Brewery.

FRED MILLER BREWING CO., Milwaukee, Wis.

E. C. HAUSER, Agent. Both 'phones 47 Railroad Street.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, DULUTH, Minn., Feb. 5, 1902. Sealed proposals for dredging in Portage Lake ship canals, Keweenaw Point, Mich., will be received here until noon, March 5, 1902, and then publicly opened. Information on application. D. D. Gaillard, captain, engineers.

Proposals for net beef and flour.—U. S. Indian school service, Vermilion Lake school, Tower, Minnesota, March 1, 1902. Sealed proposals endorsed "Proposals for Beef and Flour," (as the case may be), and addressed to the undersigned at Tower, Minnesota, will be received at this school until two o'clock p. m., of March 29, 1902, for furnishing and delivering at this school as required during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1902, about fourteen thousand pounds beef, net, and fourteen thousand pounds flour, as per specifications and instructions to bidders to be had upon application to the undersigned. For further information apply to Oliver H. Gates, superintendent.
Duluth Evening Herald March-4-6-8-11-13-15-18-20-22-1902.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF WILL.—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.
In Probate Court, Special Term, February 10th, 1902.
In the Matter of the Estate of Nikolai Olson, Deceased:
Whereas, an instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of Nikolai Olson, deceased, late of said county, has been delivered to this court;
And whereas, Adolph Salveson has filed therewith his petition, representing, among other things, that said Nicolai Olson died in said county, on the 8th day of October, 1901, testate, and that said petitioner is the executor named in said last will and testament, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be issued hereon to Adolph Salveson.

• • •

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this court, at the probate office in the city of Duluth, in said county, on the 12th day of March, A. D. 1902, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument;
And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.
Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 10th day of February, A. D. 1902.
By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Feb-18-25-March-4-1902.

ORDER TO HEAR PETITION FOR LICENSE TO SELL LAND OF MINOR.—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.
In Probate Court, Special Term, February 24th, 1902.
In the matter of the guardianship of Louise Henry Harrison, Minor:
On reading and filing the petition of Lucy Gray Harrison, guardian of said minor, representing among other things, that the said ward is seized of certain real estate in the said county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and that for the benefit of said ward the same should be sold, and praying for license to sell the same and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, from said petition, that for the benefit of said ward said real estate should be sold:
It is ordered, that all persons interested in the said estate, appear before this court on the 19th day of March, A. D. 1902, at ten o'clock a. m., at the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, then and there to show cause, (if any may be) why license should not be granted for the sale of said real estate, according to the prayer of said petition.
And it is further ordered, that this order shall be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.
Dated at Duluth, the 24th day of February, A. D. 1902.
By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate
(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn).
Duluth Evening Herald, Feb-25-Mch-4-11-1902.

MORTGAGE SALE.—
Default has been made in the payment of eight hundred fourteen and 40-100 dollars ($814.40) which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Andrew J. Taylor and Evva Taylor, his wife, mortgagors, to James McLaury, mortgagee, bearing date March 2, 1898, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on March 3, 1898, at 4 o'clock p. m. in Book 125 of mortgages, on page 23.
Said mortgage and the debt secured thereby, were duly assigned in writing April 9, 1897, by Mary McLaury, administratrix of the estate of said James McLaury, deceased, to T. B. Wilson, treasurer of No. 9 Church, and which assignment was duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on April 22, 1897, in Book 147 of mortgages, page 41.
Said mortgage and the debt secured thereby were duly assigned in writing by said T. B. Wilson, treasurer of No. 9 Church, to the undersigned William B. Forster, June 1st, 1900, and which assignment was duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, February 19, 1902, in Book 159 of mortgages, page 35.
Notice is given, that said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises which are situated in St. Louis County, Minnesota, and described as follows:
Lot one hundred eighty-three (183) of block forty-one (41), Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof.
Said sale will be made by the sheriff of said county at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, on the 9th day of April, 1902, at the front door of the county court house of said county, at 10 o'clock a. m., to pay said debt of eight hundred fourteen and 40-100 dollars ($814.40), and fifty dollars ($50.00) attorney's fees, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale.
Dated Duluth, Minn., Feb'y 19, 1902.
WILLIAM B. FORSTER,
Assignee of Mortgage.
S. T. & WM. HARRISON,
Attorneys for Assignee of Mortgage,
Rooms 48-51 Torrey Bldg.,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, Feb-25-March-4-11-18-25-April-1-1902.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATRIX.—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.
In Probate Court, Special Term, Feb. 24th, 1902.
In the matter of the estate of Axel W. Peterson, deceased:
On receiving and filing the petition of Hilda S. Peterson of the county of St. Louis, Minnesota, representing among other things, that Axel W. Peterson, late of the county of St. Louis, in the state of Minnesota, on the 21st day of January, A. D. 1902, at the county of St. Louis, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is the widow of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to Hilda S. Peterson granted;
It is ordered, That said petition be heard before said court on the 19th day of March, A. D. 1902, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county.
Ordered further, That notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county.
Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 24th day of February, A. D. 1902.
By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—Feb-25-Mar-4-11-1902.

PROPOSALS.

Sealed bids are requested for the completion of the waterworks system at the village of Chisholm, Minn. The work consists of the erection of a water tower and tank with connections. A frame pump station, setting in place and connecting with well and main a pump and boiler supplied and laying 100 feet of 8-inch and 150 feet of 6-inch cast iron pipe and backfilling and otherwise completing the laying of 5000 feet of pipe now in place, all in accordance with the plans and specifications now on file in the office of the village recorder.
Particulars of the work to be done may be obtained from the village engineer or the village recorder. Bids will be opened by the council on the evening of March 7, 1902.
The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.
THOS. F. McGILVRAY,
209 First National Bank building, Duluth.
Engineer for the village of Chisholm.
Duluth Evening Herald, Feb-27-28-Mch-1-2-4-5-1902.

LITTLE CHANGE

Wheat Started Lower and Kept Within Narrow Range.

Crop Conditions Were Fine and the Cables Weak.

Flax Very Dull, Sells Higher, and Closes Without Change.

Duluth Board of Trade, March 4.—The wheat market started out at a small decline this morning and ruled dull within a narrow range. The opening decline was due to fine conditions for the growing wheat, lower cables and poor cash demand. After the opening the market stiffened up somewhat, but throughout the morning it was sluggish.

The Liverpool market closed without change as also did Antwerp, and Paris was 1c higher.

Bradstreet's report of the world's visible showed a decrease of 352,000 bus, against a decrease of 2,041,000 bus the previous week, and 320,000 bus last year. Primary receipts of wheat were 462,000 bus; last year, 235,000 bus. Shipments, 151,000 bus; last year, 242,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 120,000 bus.

Corn was stronger in the Chicago market, closing at an advance of 3c. Oats also stiffened up a trifle, closing 1c up. Primary receipts of corn were 284,000 bus; last year, 960,000 bus. Shipments, 280,000 bus; last year, 253,000 bus. Clearances were 70,000 bus.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 289 cars, and at Chicago, 47, a total of 336 cars, against 474 last week and 382 last year.

There was very light trading in wheat on the Duluth board, and the range of fluctuations up to 11:30 was only 3c. The opening was 1c off at 74¾c bid, but there were no sales at that price. It sold up to 74¾c at 10 o'clock, at 74¾-⅞c at 10:30, and then advanced to 74⅞-75c at 12:45, and closed at 74⅞-75c. This was practically yesterday's close. Minneapolis closed without change and Chicago was ⅛c higher.

Cash wheat continued to bring 1½c under for No 1 northern, 4c under for No. 2 and 6c under for No. 3. Sales were active, aggregating 75,000 bus.

The flax market was even quieter than the wheat. It opened unchanged at $1.69 and sold at $1.69¼, and lated at $1.70, but failed to hold the advance and closed unchanged at $1.69. To arrive seed declined 1c. Corn advanced 1c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—Cash, No. 1 hard, 76½c; No. 1 northern, 75¾c; No. 2 northern, 75¾c; No. 3 spring, 68¾c. To arrive, 75¾c; No. 1 northern, 73¼c; May, 74⅞-75c; July, 75¾c; Manitoba, No. 1 northern, cash, 75c; May, 75¾c; No. 2 northern, 68c. Oats, 42c. Rye, 54c. Barley, 49@58c. Flax, to arrive, 1.69½; cash, $1.69; May, $1.69. Corn, 6le.

Cars inspected: Wheat, 143; last year, 83; oats, 2; flax, 15.

Receipts—Wheat, 135,649 bus; barley, 2764; flax, 7153. Shipments—Corn, 5179; flax, 11,135.

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WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES.
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES TUESDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 4 cars.....$0.76¼
No. 1 northern, 29,000 bus.....75¾
No. 1 northern, 5000 bus.....75⅞
No. 1 northern, 3 cars.....75⅞
No. 1 northern, 2 cars.....75½
No. 2 northern, 1 car.....74¼
No. 2 northern, 4 cars.....73⅝
No. 2 northern, 1 car.....74⅛
No. 2 northern, 1 car.....73¾
No. 2 northern, 4 cars.....71
No. 3 spring, 1 car.....69¼
No. 3 spring, 3 cars.....69
No. 3 spring, 2 cars.....68½
Rejected, 1 car.....67¼
No grade, 2 cars.....67⅜
Oats, 2 cars.....49

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Seasonable Conditions Ho'd Wheat Bearish at Opening.

Chicago, March 4.—Seasonable conditions in general, with the exception of little moisture in the Southwestern wheat lands, held wheat somewhat bearish at the opening. Cables were lower, the weather was favorable and cash demand was reported poor. There was no early feature worthy of special note in the trade. Commission houses bought a little and the locals for a time sold. All told the situation was about normal. May opened ¼@⅜c to a shade lower at 75⅝c to 76c. Later the crowd began favoring the long side somewhat, and May sold a shade above yesterday's close at 76¼c. Local receipts were 47 cars, 3 of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 289 cars, making a total for the three points of 336 cars, against 474 last week and 382 a year ago.

Wheat continued dull throughout the session, though May was offered but scantily at the lower prices and held up to 76¾@⅞c. The close was steady, May ⅝@⅞c up at 76⅝@⅞c.

May corn started ⅜@½c to a shade lower at 60⅝c to 61¼c on lower cables. Speculative trade was very light early and country purchases were small. There was some covering and with the wheat steadiness, May sold up to 61¼@⅜c. Receipts were 152 cars.

Corn ruled dull late, but the tone improved on covering and a small demand until May touched 62c. The close was firm, May ⅝c up at 61⅜@⅝c.

Trade was limited in oats and prices were lighter early in sympathy with other grains. There was no excitement in May and July options were in better demand than the nearer futures. May opened ½c lower at 44c, sold to 44½c and steadied around 44¼c. Receipts, 107 cars.

Provisions had a slightly improved tone on the lighter receipts of hogs at the yards. Trade was slow and July options were improving in demand. Commission houses bought a little and packers sold. May pork opened unchanged at $15.30 and sold to $15.33½; May lard, 2½c higher at $9.37½ and sold to $9.37½@9.40, and May ribs unchanged at $8.35 and gained 1½c.

Close: Wheat—March, 74c; May, 76¼@¼c; July, 76⅝c; September, 76⅞c. Corn—March, 59¾c; May, 61⅜@⅝c; July, 61¼c; September, 59¼c. Oats—March 45c; May, 44⅝c; July, 35½@⅝c; September, 30½c. Pork—March, $15.10; May, $15.30; July, $15.50. Lard—March, $9.20; May, $9.35¾, 9.37½; July, $9.47½@9.50; September, $9.60. Ribs—March, $8.25; May, $8.35; July $8.47½; Septmeber, $8.60. Flax—Cash Northwestern, $1.69½; May, $1.70¼. Rye—March, 57c; May, 58c; July 58c. Barley—Cash, 56@62c. Timothy—March, $6.40. Clover—March, $3.80. Cash wheat—No. 2 red, 81@83c; 3 red, 78@81c; 2 hard winter, 75@76c; 3 hard winter, 74½@75c; 1 northern spring, 76@77c; 2 northern spring, 75@76c; 3 spring, 70@74½c. Corn—No. 3, 58¼@59c. Oats—No. 2, 44½@45c; 3, 43½@44c.

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CHAS. E. WHEELER, Manager, 'Phone 1172.

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GRAIN GOSSIP.

The weather map this morning shows seasonable conditions. The only criticism is that Kansas and Oklahoma are still without precipitation. There was a trace of snow at Concordia at 7 a. m. and it was snowing. There is a trace at Fort Worth. There are light rains in Arkansas and in Tennessee. Partly cloudy in extreme Northwest; snow flurries in Dakotas and Minnesota and in Nebraska and Iowa.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—	74½B	72⅞-73B	76¾-76	82
Open	74⅝-75	73¼	76¼-⅜	82¼-¼
High	74⅝-75	73¼	76¼-⅜	82¼-¼
Low	74½B	72⅞	74¾-⅞	81¾-⅞
Close	74⅝-75B	73¼	76⅜-¾A	82¼
July—	73¾B	71¾	76¼-¾	81¾A
Open	73⅝	71½-⅝	76⅜	82
High	73⅝	71½-⅝	76⅜-¾	81¾
Low	73⅝B	71¼-½	76⅛-¼	81⅜
Close	73⅝B	71½	76⅜B	81⅞B

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	44	60¾-61	$15.30
High	44½	62	15.37
Low	43⅞	60¾	15.30
Close	44⅜	60¾-⅞	15.30

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, March 4.—Wheat—Spot No. 1 northern spring, firm, 6s 11½d; No. 2 red Western winter, steady, 6s 8d; No. 1 California, no stock; futures, steady; March, 6s 13½d; May, 6s 1½d. Corn—Spot, quiet; American mixed new, 6s 1½d. American mixed old, 5s 2½d; futures, quiet; March, 5s 11¾d; May, 5s 11½d.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, March 4.—Close: Wheat—May, 82c; July, 81⅞c. Corn—May, 66⅞c; July, 66c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, March 4.—Close: Wheat—May, 73⅝c; July, 74½c. On track—No. 1 hard, 74⅝c; 1 northern, 73¼c; 2 northern, 71⅝c.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, May wheat, 73c bid.
Calls, May wheat, 73¼c bid.
Curb, May wheat, 73⅛c bid.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

Chicago, March 4.—The wheat market ruled dull but steady within a range of ½c per bus. After opening lower, later rallied on dry weather in the Southwest and in sympathy with the strength in corn. The close was quiet, ⅝c per bus higher than last night. Liverpool reported their market as opening lower but closing firmer; prices unchanged from yesterday. Continental markets were irregular, some higher and some lower. There was a fairly good demand for cash wheat here by local millers, but the export demand at the seaboard was very quiet. Trade was rather light all day, and mostly all of a local professional character, although there was some good buying early for the Southwest. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 15 cars.

The corn market, after opening lower, later in the day sharply rallied on covering by shorts as well as good buying for long account on very light country offerings. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 85 cars. Trade was large all day and the close was firm, 3c per bus higher than last night. Foreign markets were quiet. Liverpool closed ¼d lower for the day. Country offerings were extremely light; cash demand fairly good. The general situation is strong and we look for prices to go still higher.

There was a fairly large trade in oats today and the market ruled quiet within a narrow range. Generally followed the course of corn. The close was firm, May ¼c, July ⅝c higher than last night. Country offerings were very light, practically nothing; cash demand rather quiet. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 90 cars.

Provisions opened a trifle higher on light receipts of hogs but later on selling by lard dealers declined and closed the market weak. The shortage in hogs is explained by floods and bad roads but the cars passing Galesburg today indicate very heavy run and this probably caused selling by packers and others. Strength in corn usually helps on this market but had no effect today. Holders are getting tired with this steady sinking and would not be surprised any moment to see a bad break. Carrying charges are spreading and no large amount could be carried at present rates. Hogs closed weak, 5c lower. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 40,000 hogs.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, March 4.—Cattle—Receipts, 400 head, including 200 Texans; steady; good to prime steers, $5.50@7.15; poor to medium, $4.00@5.50; stockers and feeders, $2.25@5.00; cows, $1.25@5.30; heifers, $2.50@6.50; canners, $1.25@2.25; bulls, $2.50@4.65; calves, $2.50@8.00; Texas fed steers, $4.50@5.55. Hogs—Receipts today, 19,000 head; tomorrow, 25,000; left over, 4229; weak; mixed and butchers, $5.90@6.50; good to choice heavy, $6.35@6.52½; rough heavy, $6.15@6.30; light, $5.85@6.20; bulk of sales, $6.10@6.35. Sheep—Receipts, 13,000 head; sheep, weak; lambs, strong; good to choice wethers, $4.75@5.25; fair to choice mixed, $3.90@4.60; Western sheep, $4.60@6.15; native lambs, $4.75@6.50; Western lambs, $5.50@6.50. Yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 16,450; hogs, 25,850; sheep, 14,774. Shipments—Cattle, 2251; hogs, 7403; sheep, 246.

SANTOS-DUMONT

Will Furnish Attraction at the Coronation Festivities.

London, March 4.—M. Santos-Dumont, the aeronaut, arrived in this city today. During the course of an interview he said he hoped to add to the attractions of the coronation festivities by making ascents here. It is said he will make a tour of St. Paul's cathedral, as he did of the Eiffel tour. He will afterwards go to New York where he will give exhibitions.

PUT AND CALL

Trade In Illinois Will Now Be Permanently Abandoned.

Chicago, March 4.—The decision of the United States supreme court upholding the state of Illinois law against puts and calls is freely commented upon by members of the board of trade.

A. V. Booth, the member who loses his case, says: "It appears to be all off with privilege trading in Illinois, though it is still legal in Wisconsin, Minnesota, Missouri and New York. The larger markets in all these states have a 'put' and 'call' trade. The only thing now is for some interested parties to take steps to have the Illinois law repealed. Whether this will be done or not I cannot say. Certainly there will be no trading of this character in Illinois, where the penalty runs up to $1000, with imprisonment from one to five years."

Vice President Adams of the board of trade was glad the constitutionality of the law had been passed on and upheld. "So far as I know," he said, "the board of trade would not oppose the repeal of the law against 'puts' and 'calls,' but so long as it is on the books the members of the board must observe it."

Prior to the campaign against privileges made by President Warren of the board of trade two years ago, says the Tribune, the violation of the Illinois law, which for a number of years had been a dead letter on the statute books, was open and general. When the board of trade made a rule against it, so far as its own membership was concerned, a plan for transferring trading to Milwaukee was devised. The base, however, remained in Chicago, though gradually the business fell into a disrepute which materially restricted its volume. There was a disilke on the part of a majority of the membership to evade the Illinois law or the rules of the board of trade, by sending the orders to Milwaukee and having them executed there, for which reason the practice fell off until now the volume of put and call business originating here, according to Mr. Booth, is comparatively small.

SIVRIGHT BILL IS DEAD

(Continued from page 1.)

local communities of St. Louis county.

* * *

The senate this morning declined to take up Senator Halvorson's bill making the state board of railroad and warehouse commissioners appointive again instead of elective. Mr. Halvorson, who is from Lac Qui Parle, made a strong plea that his bill be given consideration and charged that the present board is inefficient. Senator Ryder, of Polk county, said that the same charges were made against the board when it was appointive. When the committee on reception of bills had the bill it reported it for indefinite postponement, and the senate laid the report on the table. This morning Senator Halvorson got it taken from the table by a vote of 31 to 29, but he was unable to get the senate to reject the committee's recommendation, so the bill was indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Alford's house bill taking the Duluth school district out of the primary election law was passed by the senate. It has now gone through both bodies.

* * *

In the house this morning, Senator Schaller's bill exempting cities of 10,000 inhabitants and under from the operation of the primary election law so far as their city and school elections are concerned, was passed. The bill has now been through both houses, and it is up to the governor.

Mr. Bury's bill permitting Lake county to bond itself to build a jail was passed under suspension of rules.

A bill classifying the Faribault school for the deaf and blind, so as to include it among the educational institutions of the state instead of the criminal and defective institutions, was passed.

The appropriation committee reported a bill appropriating $20,000 to pay wolf bounties for indefinite postponement, but its author, Mr. Plowman, of Otter Tail, got it placed on general orders and it will probably pass.

The house has yet to agree upon a set of constitutional amendments, and it was made a special order for this afternoon.

The house killed the Wallace bill to make the railroad and warehouse commission appointive. The reception committee reported the bill for indefinite postponement and the report was accepted. This disposes of this proposition finally. The Umland bill making cities over 15,000 take care of their own smallpox cases without relief from the county was referred to the committee on towns and counties.

Sherman Smith tried to have the bill making an appropriaton of $11,550 for the public examiners officers passed under suspension of rules.

J. F. Jacobson objected. It was afterwards called up and passed.

W. B. Anderson had the constitutional amendment bill made a special order at 2 p. m.

The bill appropriating $705.08 to pay county auditors for services in elaborating a system of public accounts was passed.

Itasca members asked that Senator McCarthy's bill, confirming leases of mining land in that county be passed.

J. G. Jacobson objected on the ground that the leases exempted the land from the payment of taxes, and hence they would work an injustice to the county and the state. The bill was referred to the judiciary committee for an investigation of the legal effect. After recess Sherman Smith's bill for a constitutional convention came up on its calendar, and the judiciary committees constitutional amendment bill was considered as a special order.

* * *

C. D. Allen, of Fillmore county, has prepared a resolution which he intends presenting in the house of representatives before it adjourns today. It provides that the time for final adjournment of the legislature be fixed for next Saturday.

* * *

A measure long looked for appeared in the house. It provides for Minnesota exhibits at the Louisiana purchase exposition in St. Louis next year. An appropriation of $150,000 is made for the purpose. The governor is authorized to appoint an exposition board of three members to serve without salary, and have expenses paid only to the extent of $500 each. The board has power to appoint a superintendent, who will be bonded and will have charge of the exhibit. Not more than $20,000 of the appropriation may be expended in salaries. Mr. Dunn, who was in the speaker's chair, sent the bill to the steering committee.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS.

New Haven, March 4.—The national convention of Knights of Columbus began here today. Supreme Knight Edward L. Hearn of South Farmingham, Mass., presiding.

DECLINE IN STOCKS

Fractional Gains Early But Downward Movement Set In.

Probability of Gold Exports Was a Bearish Factor.

The Closing Was Active And Easy At the Lowest.

New York, March 4.—The majority of stocks showed moderate fractional gains in the opening prices, but there were enough small losses to make an irregular tone. Northwest rose 2 points on last transactions, and Sugar declined a sharp fraction. Dealings were on a small scale throughout. Northwestern increased its rise to 3¼ and the preferred gained 1. Other stocks meanwhile had been neglected, but steady until liquidation in Manhattan induced selling all around. Manhattan fell 1⅜; Rock Island, 1⅛; Consolidated Gas, 1⅜; Northwestern, 2, and St. Paul, Missouri Pacific, Reading, Amalgamated Copper and other specialties large fractions. Peoria & Eastern advanced 1⅛. The reaction was unchanged at 11 o'clock.

The downward movement continued until Pennsylvania had sold slightly below yesterday's close and Tennessee Coal a point. Prices all around recovered a trifle, but Manhattan was feverish around 113. Business was small and largely concentrated in a few railroads and specialties. The leaders ceased off again towards noon, when Missouri Pacific fell to below 99 on announcement of gold engagements and Missouri Pacific's large decrease in net earnings for January. Bonds were dull and steady. The market was semi-stagnant and spotty in the noon hour. Northwestern rallied to the highest.

Traders were indisposed to do much in the market owing to the probability of large gold exports this week and a stiffer call money rate. Prices worked downward to about the forenoon low level, but such losses exceeded fractions in a few important stocks. The growing requirements upon cash-reserves which are developing, gained fresh influence in the final hour and prices melted away to the lowest of the day. Many of the coalers, high priced specialties and leading railroads fell to 1 to 2 points under last night. The closing was active and easy at the lowest.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., room A Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close
Amalgamated Copper	70⅛	68¾	68⅝
Anaconda, M. Co.	32½	32	32
Atchison	75⅜	75⅛	75¼
do pfd	96⅝	96⅜	96⅜
Baltimore & Ohio	103¼	104¼	104¼
Brooklyn Transit	64⅞	63¾	63½
Chesapeake & Ohio	46¼	45½	45½
Chicago & Alton	36¾	35¾	35¾
Col. Fuel and Iron	88	86½	86½
Chicago Great Western	24½	23⅞	23⅞
Erie common	37⅞	37⅛	37⅛
do 1st pfd	68	67¾	67¾
do 2d pfd	55	54⅝	54⅝
Louisville & Nashville	104	103¾	103½
Leather	11½	11½	11½
do pfd	84½	84½	84½
Manhattan Con.	132⅜	130⅝	131
M. St. P. & S. Ste. M.	47½	47	47
Missouri Pacific	99⅞	98⅜	98½
New York Central	162½	162	162
Norfolk & Western	57¾	57⅛	57¼
Ontario & Western	33¼	33	33
Pennsylvania Ry	151⅜	150¾	150⅞
Pacific Mail	47	46	46
People's Gas	100	99¾	99¾
Republic Iron & Steel	16⅝	16⅛	16⅛
do pfd	71⅞	71½	71½
Reading	56⅝	54	54¼
do 1st pfd	81	80½	80½
do 2nd pfd	68	67⅜	69¼
Rock Island	163¼	163¼	163½
Southern Ry.	33	32½	32⅝
do pfd	94⅜	95¼	96½
Southern Pacific	64⅝	63⅜	63¾
Smelter	47½	46⅞	46⅞
Sugar Refinery	126⅜	126⅜	126⅜
St. Paul	163⅜	162⅜	162⅜
T. C. & I.	68	68	68¼
Texas Pacific	40¼	39¼	39¼
Union Pacific	99⅝	98⅞	99
do pfd	87⅝	87⅜	87½
U. S. Steel	43½	43	43
do pfd	96¾	94¾	94⅝
Wabash	24⅛	23½	23½
do pfd	43¼	42½	42¾
Western Union	91	90⅝	90⅝
Wisconsin Central	21¼	20⅝	20⅝
do pfd	42¾	42¼	42¼
Metropolitan	168¼	167	167
American Ice	28	27¾	27¾

The total sales were 883,700 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Waldorf to W. H. Laidley & Co.: What with the flood damage reports, probable further gold exports, and the outlook for tight money, bears and even bulls express surprise at the decidedly strong undertone of the market. But in financial circles and among prominent operators, this strength is regarded simply as a reflection of conditions that warrant the purchase of stocks of merit on all bear drives. Buyers may have to hold for a while, observers say, and they may see a loss on their deals before they get profit, but barring accident the sequel to current manipulation and accumulation will be activity in speculation and a rise that is expected to start before the end of March.

It is pointed out that aside from uncertainty always present at this season about money and the crop situation, nearly every material development favors the holder of securities and this is particularly true of these just at hand. The increase in January exports and the heavy gain in the Union Pacific railroad net earnings for the same period, together with large increase in bank clearings, for the day, furnish such indisputable evidence of sustained prosperity that the bull operators find it difficult to restrain themselves from an aggressiveness that is only deferred for the time being by technical market consideration.

The favorable position of iron is to be added to the foregoing list of the encouraging influences, as the fact that railroads on the opening of navigation a few weeks hence will [illegible] another great volume of business in [illegible]t. The severe winter has thinned the [illegible]ves of merchants, which means vast distribution of goods the rest of the year. Apropos of iron and steel, there is good authority for the statement that within the past month powerful banking interests have accumulated 130,000 shares of United States Steel preferred. There is still plenty of confidence in the theory that both common and preferred are being bought by strong people having in view an upward movement from here in the spring, the basis for this movement is the assurance of another year of large earnings.

* * *

Dow, Jones & Co. to Paine, Webber & The narrowness of the market was to some extent due to rumors that money was likely to harden considerably in the near future. It was though that there had been pool liquidation all around but particularly in C. F. & I. and T. C. & I. the market all day had been too narrow to take stocks in any quantity and selling orders withdrawn. It was also said that there was pool realizing in B. R. T. London bought about 8000 shares, including B. & O., Atchison and Union Pacific. Traders did not like the selling in Missouri Pacific and Manhattan, which looked as if it came from the inside.

* * *

Davis to B. E. Baker & Co.: The market looks to me as though it would sell off. Some expect $4,000,000 or $5,000,000 gold to go out this week. I believe in buying Sugar on any break.

* * *

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Weber & Co.: Stocks have ruled weak. The pressure appears to be mostly from professional operators. Keene is said to be a seller. London was a buyer today of Baltimore & Ohio, Union Pacific and Atchison. Estimated that about $5,000,000 gold will be exported this week. With so many magnates away from the market we think values are apt to drag some lower.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by W. H. Laidley & Co., Spalding hotel:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	22¾	23¼
Allouez	3¾	4
Anaconda	32	32¼
Arcadian	5½	5¾
Amalgamated	68½	68¾
Arnold	1	1¼
Ashbed	...	25
Atlantic	30	31
Baltic	46	46¼
Bingham	22¾	24¾
Phoenix	3½	4
National	1½	2
Calumet and Hecla	600	610
Centennial	16½	16¾
Copper Range	68	69
Cochiti	50c	75c
Dominion Coal	99	100
Elm River	2½	4
Franklin	14¼	14½
Humbo'dt	...	50
Isle Royale	20¼	21
Mass	18½	19
Michigan	11¼	11¾
Mohawk	37	...
Mayflower	2¾	3
Old Colony	3¾	4
Old Dominion	22	22¾
Osceola	73	74
Parrot	21½	22
Quincy	139	140
Rhode Island	3	3¼
Santa Fe	3¼	3¾
Tamarack	220	230
Tecumseh	...	2
Trimountain	105	110
Utah	23	23¼
United States	17¾	17⅞
Victoria	5½	6
Winona	1¾	2¼
Wolverine	52	53
Washington	15	50
Wyandot	75c	$1.25

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: We get the following from a well-posted source: "Demand for copper on account of recent storms is enormous and outlook very fine. In addition there are some important matters pending which will probably be settled before many days."

* * *

Boston to W. H. Laidley & Co.: The output of the Franklin mine in February was 329 tons against 240 last year.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, March 4.—Cotton opened steady with prices 2 to 5 points higher in response to very firm Liverpool cables and on very light receipts at the ports. Trading was very active all the early session with shorts feverish buyers of the near months.

Spot quiet; quiet; middling uplands, 9; middling gulf, 9¼. Sales, 4612 bales. Futures closed barely steady. March, 8.82; April, 8.81; May, 8.80; June, 8.70; July, 8.72; August, 8.57; September, 8.72; October, 8.68; November, 8.00.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, March 4.—Today's statement of the treasury balance in the general fund excluding the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $174,698,073; gold, $89,729,561; silver, $20,668,108; United States notes, $11,572,360; treasury notes of 1890, $94,777; national bank notes, $10,811,644; total receipts this day, $1,943,766; total receipts this month, $5,324,117; total receipts this year, $37,825,583; total expenditures this day, $1,445,000; total expenditures this month, $4,780,000; total expenditures this year, $324,522,464; deposits in national banks, $114,579,536.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, March 4.—Close: Money on call, steady, 2@2½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 4@4¾ per cent; sterling exchange easier, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87@4.87¼ for demand, and at $4.85¼@4¼ for 60 days; posted rates, $4.89@4.89½; commercial bills, $4.84@4.84½. Bar silver, 56c. Mexican dollars, 43¾c. Government bonds, firm; state bonds inactive; railroad bonds steady.

ATTACK

On Northern Securities Company Made In New Jersey.

Trenton, N. J., March 4.—Senator Gebhardt (Dem.), of Hunterdon, introduced a bill in the senate today to repeal and dissolve the charter and corporate existence of the Northern Securities company. The bill has a long preamble in which it is stated among other things that the company was organized to enable the Northern Pacific, and the Great Northern to violate the laws of several states and interfere with their revenues, and also to destroy the competition in passenger and freight rates, that existed between those railroads. The preamble goes on to say that the organization has aroused great public indignation and that the governor of Minnesota has commenced and instituted suit to prevent the consummation of the illegal and injurious purposes sought to be accomplished by the formation of the Securities company. The bill was referred to the committee on corporations.

MUTUAL

Insurance Companies In Annual Session at St. Paul.

St. Paul, March 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—The annual meeting of the National Association of Co-operative Mutual Insurance Companies opened here today.

President W. D. Forbes, Des Moines, Iowa, called the meeting to order. J. Adam Bede, for the governor, delivered an address of welcome. Mayor Smith spoke for the city of St. Paul. President H. A. Boardman, of the Commercial club, extended the hospitalities of the club to the delegates. G. L. Roberts, of Chattanooga, Tenn., expressed the thanks and appreciation of the welcome so generously tendered.

The address of President Forbes outlined the phenomenal growth of mutual insurance companies in the United States. The president appointed the following committee on credentials: I. B. Yates, Madella; J. H. Caseber, Blue Springs, Neb., and H. A. Wiley, of Kewanna, Ind.

The Best Mail
Service in the world is furnished by our government. The present arrangement of the United States government for the transportation of mail matter, from the Atlantic to the Pacific coast in less than four days, is not paralleled in any other part of the world. This, also, is a very striking commentary on the excellent condition and splendid management of the American railroads. A large amount of mail passing between the Atlantic and Pacific is carried through the Twin Cities, necessitating exceptionally fast service between those points and Chicago. The Milwaukee road was years ago selected by the United States government as the official fast mail line to and from the Northwest, and is the road to which the business public looks for its mail facilities.

BANK STATEMENTS

REPORT OF THE CONDITION —OF THE— First National Bank OF DULUTH,

At Duluth, in the state of Minnesota, at the close of business Feb. 25th, 1902.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$3,799,870 18
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		8,803 86
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		110,000 00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		100,000 00
Stocks, securities, etc.		3,750 00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		175,000 00
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		155,543 77
Due from state banks and bankers		138,031 58
Due from approved reserve agents		780,504 08
Internal revenue stamps		2,349 99
Checks and other cash items		2,752 25
Exchanges for clearing house		24,196 42
Notes of other national banks		31,555 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		1,550 61
Lawful money reserve in bank viz:		
Specie	$325,039 75	
Legal tender notes	30,795 00	355,834 75
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent circulation)		5,500 00
Total		$5,689,133 16

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 500,000 00
Surplus fund		250,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		236,198 18
National bank notes outstanding		102,500 00
Due to other national banks	$ 239,552 31	
Due to state banks and bankers	279,333 90	
Dividends unpaid	481 50	
Individual deposits subject to check	3,094,133 89	
Demand certificates of deposit	72,971 24	
Time certificates of deposit	637,460 98	
Certified checks	19,447 61	
Cashier's checks outstanding	135,581 06	
U. S. deposits	93,580 40	
Deposits of U. S. disbursing officers	6,419 60	
		4,579,367 49
Reserved for taxes		12,886 74
Premiums received		18,175 75
Total		$5,689,133 16

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis—ss.

I, John H. Dight, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JOHN H. DIGHT, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 4th day of March, 1902.

W. J. JOHNSON, Notary Public, St. Louis Co., Minn. (Notarial Seal.)

Correct—Attest:
A. L. ORDEAN,
A. M. MARSHALL,
A. D. THOMSON,
Directors.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT an application has been made to me by Olaus Toming, under the provisions of Chapter 42, General Statutes of 1878, and acts amendatory thereof, for a deed to so much of lots seventy-one (71) and seventy-three (73), West Perry street, in that part of Duluth, formerly called Portland, St. Louis county, Minnesota, as lies within the limits of lot eight (8), block one hundred twenty-six (126), in Portland division of Duluth, in St. Louis county, Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof. Said application will be heard before me at the court house, in the City of Duluth, in said county, upon Saturday, the 29th day of March, A. D. 1902, at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at which time and place all persons claiming such portions of said lots, or any right, title or interest in them or any of them, are hereby summoned and required to attend to establish their right to receive a deed to the portions of said lots above described, or to make any objection they may have to the granting of said application.

And it is ordered that notice of such application and hearing be given to all parties in interest by the publication hereof in the Duluth Evening Herald, once in each week for three successive weeks before said day of hearing.

HOMER B. DIBELL, Judge of the District Court of the Eleventh Judicial District of Minnesota.

Dated March 3, A. D., 1902.

Duluth Evening Herald March 4-11-18, 1902.

SUBSIDIES

Discussed at Chamber of Commerce Meeting In London.

London, March 4.—In his presidential address at the annual meeting of the Associations of Chambers of Commerce of the United Kingdom today, Lord Averbury (better known as Sir John Lubbock) admitted there were disquieting features, but he said there was no necessity for despondency in regard to British commerce.

Speaking of subsidies, Lord Avebury said that while French schooner owners enjoyed substantial advantages, on the other hand, they had been burdened by bounties, subsidies and protection given to beet sugar, wheat, textiles, coal, meats, etc. If the British ship owners were not bountied they, at any rate were not burdened with contributions to bolster up other trades.

As to the ship subsidy bill before the United States congress, Lord Avebury did not anticipate that the non-maritime states would remain passive and see nine million dollars in bounty go to the maritime states without protest.

The doubts he had expressed last year as to the validity of German commerce were fully justified. Germany's complicated system of bounties had led to more and more intricate embarrassments. In the speaker's opinion, the best thing the British government could do for commerce was to let it alone. The sheet-anchor of the commercial world was the favored nation clause and he trusted the government would



Rev. Marguerite St. Omer Briggs, 35 Mount Calm Street, Detroit, Michigan, Lecturer for the W. C. T. U., recommends Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—My professional work has for the past twenty years brought me into hundreds of homes of sickness, and I have had plenty of opportunity to witness the sufferings of wives and mothers who from want, ignorance or carelessness, are slowly but surely being dragged to death, principally with female weakness and irregularities of the sex. I believe you will be pleased to know that **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** has cured more women than any other agency that has come under my notice. Hundreds of women owe their life and health to you to-day, and, therefore, I can conscientiously advise sick women to try it."—MARGUERITE ST. OMER BRIGGS.

$5000 FORFEIT IF THE ABOVE LETTER IS NOT GENUINE.

When women are troubled with irregular or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhœa, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, flatulence, general debility, indigestion, and nervous prostration, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** at once removes such troubles.

No other medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement. No other medicine has such a record of cures of female troubles. Refuse to buy any other medicine.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

TRIGGS IN DILEMMA

Baby Year Old and Papa Cannot Find a Name.

Giant at Upsetting Idols a Pigmy In This Ordeal.

Great Men's Names Disliked By the Noted Professor.

Chicago, March 4.—Professor Oscar L. Triggs is in a dilemma. He has a son and heir who is fifty-two full weeks old, and he doesn't know what to name him.

Professor Triggs has searched through the libraries of the university of Chicago and has received no acceptable suggestion. The names of the ancients are too complicated; those of the modern too trivial. In all of them, perhaps, the professor has detected a taint of doggerel.

So important has the question become to Professor Triggs that he asked 150 of the members of his college fraternity, who gathered at Kinsley's the other night for their annual banquet, if they could offer any suggestions.

Professor Trigs was down on the program to speak on "Important Questions," and to him the most important was the naming of that baby.

"To the old men here," said Mr. Triggs, with a chuckle, 'my dilemma is one that they have felt and can appreciate. To the young men it may be given as a warning. This really is an important question. I want you to aid me in solving it. To get you to do this I will state my position. Each week of the fifty-two has brought up a new name, and from my experience—this being my first offense—I have formed three cardinal principles.

"The first is that it is not wise to name a child after its father. There may come a time when it will be inconvenient for both father and son. Then, too, I do not believe in that word 'junior.' It is awkward. My name is harsh. It is too Germanic, and means truth, so I am related to that great virtue. The papers do not seem to take kindly to that name of mine, and some even go so far as to add a 'er' to it that is not pleasing. For these reasons I decided that the boy ought to have some other name, and yet I do not believe in naming it after any other great man.

"As to my second principle. To name a child after a great man is rather hard on the child. Think of all those who are carrying about the name of George Washington and of Theodore Roosevelt. They have too many associations and are a burden.

"We did think we would name the boy Julian, but one of the professors at the university, when told about it, remarked: 'O, yes; Julian, the apostate.' That settled it. There are no apostates in the Triggs family. Then we chose Randolph, and this same friend remarked: 'O, yes, John Randolph, of Roanoke.' That settled it. Randolph Triggs would never do.

"And now for the third principle. The name must be euphonius. We tried Edmund, after the new president of the Northwestern university, but to get away from the great man dilemma we changed the spelling to Edmond. Yet the great man difficulty was too great and we gave that up.

"We thought that as Triggs was pure Germanic we would make the entire name Germanic, and I asked my brother-in-law in Iowa for a list of names. He sent on fifty or more pure Norwegian names, among them being Thor, Thorwald, Thorsten, Knut, Olaf and Sven. We tried Thorwald and then Thorsten, but they did not please, and we had to give them up. Thorwald Triggs or Thorsten Triggs! They would not do!

"We have tried many names—more than I have time to tell—but we have not made a choice. Now, this is an important question. It must be settled. If by any chance you have a suggestion I wish you would give it to me, so that when we next meet I can name the boy. He is worthy of a fine name, but it must be in accord with my three principles."

As Professor Triggs sat down to the song, "He's a Jolly Good Fellow," one of the members rose and said: "I have a suggestion. We are gathered to do honor to the founder of this organization, Judge Moore, of West Virginia. Name him Moore Triggs, professor."

Mr. Triggs shook his head. The name did not accord with his three principles.

Besides, it was suggestive of occasions for further perplexity.

MURPHY MISSING.

Postmaster at Fairbanks Undoubtedly Has Suicided.

Sullivan, Ind., March 4.—David A. Murphy, postmaster and one of the leading citizens of Fairbanks, is missing. Murphy left his home last Wednesday with postal funds which he was to deposit with the postmaster at Terre Haute and also took a load of produce to that city. A letter was received by Murphy's wife last Friday. It was written by Murphy and dated Terre Haute, Feb. 27. In part it said:

"The certificate of deposit from the postmaster at Terre Haute will come to Fairbanks by mail Saturday. If you find my body, please give it a decent burial in a plain casket. My mind has not been right for several months and you will never see me again alive. Murphy has always borne an excellent reputation.

Convince yourself that Ely's Cream Balm deserves all that has been said of it as a means of quick relief and final cure in obstinate cases of nasal catarrh and hay fever. A trial size costs but ten cents. Full size, 50 cents. Sold by all druggists or mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren Street, New York.

Mt. Olive, Ark., May 17, 1901.

Messrs. Ely Bros.:—Please send me one bottle of Cream Balm, family size. I think it is the best medicine for Catarrh in the world. Very respectfully, J. M. Scholtz.

BABY'S VOICE

Is the joy of the household, for without it no happiness can be complete. How sweet the picture of mother and babe, angels smile at and commend the thoughts and aspirations of the mother bending over the cradle. The ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, however, is so full of danger and suffering that she looks forward to the hour when she shall feel the exquisite thrill of motherhood with indescribable dread and fear. Every woman should know that the danger, pain and horror of child-birth can be entirely avoided by the use of **Mother's Friend,** a scientific liniment for external use only, which toughens and renders pliable all the parts, and assists nature in its sublime work. By its aid thousands of women have passed this great crisis in perfect safety and without pain. Sold at $1.00 per bottle by druggists. Our book of priceless value to all women sent free. Address

MOTHER'S FRIEND

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

GROWTH IS SHOWN

In the Outward Movement of United States Manufactures.

Figures For January Show a Gain of Nearly $2,000,000.

Report By the Geological Survey on the Coal Fields.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, March 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—The export figures for the month of January and the seven months ending with January, 1902, just completed by the treasury bureau of statistics, show an improvement in the outward movement of manufactures. In the month of January, 1902, the exports of manufactures amounted to $34,412,992, against $32,654,035 in January, 1901, and are the largest shown in any January, except 1900, when the total was $35,586,940. Compared with January, 1901, it will be seen that the figures show a gain of nearly $2,000,000 in the exports of manufactures. For the seven months ending with January the exports of manufactures are about $13,-000,000 less than those for the corresponding period of the fiscal year 1901. Indeed manufactures for the month of January show greater evidence of activity in the export trade than any other class of our exports, being the only great class of exports which shows an increase in January, 1902, over January, 1901. Agricultural exports in January, 1902, fall $8,600,000 below those of January last, while products of the mines, forests and fisheries are in January, 1902, slightly below those of January, 1901, while manufactures, as above indicated, are nearly $2,000,-000 greater than those of January, 1901.

In the three great articles in which manufactures had shown a decline during the past year—illuminating oil, copper manufactures and manufactures of iron and steel—there is a decided improvement, especially in illuminating oil and copper. The January exports of illuminating oil are $4,579,970, against $3,986,019 in January, 1901; and for the seven months ending with aJnuary are $33,774,156, against $31,166,759 in the seven months ending with January, 1901, and $33,239,556 in the corresponding months ending with January, 1900, thus exceeding the highest preceding record in the value of exports of mineral oil during the period under consideration.

In copper manufactures the exports of January are valued at $2,925,622, against $3,790,364 in January last year. The quantity exported has very largely increased, the total number of pounds of copper ingots alone (which form the bulk of copper manufactures) being in January, 1902, 32,085,041 pounds, against 22,270,039 pounds in January, 1901, and 28,389,422 in January, 1900. For the seven months, however, the exports of copper manufacturers are still about $9,000,000 below those of the corresponding seven months of the preceding fiscal years. It will be observed that the quantity of copper exported has greatly increased, though the value shows a comparatively slight increase. The only item of importance in the list of manufactures exported which still shows a reduction is that of iron and steel, which falls in January about a million and a half dollars below the figures of January, 1901, being in January, 1902, $8,088,868, against $9,610,552 in January, 1901, and $10,218,628 in January, 1900. For the seven months the total exports of iron and steel manufactures were valued at $67,390,128, against $73,616,467 for the seven months ending with January, 1901, and $66,504,511 for the corresponding seven months of the fiscal year, 1900.

The continued activity of the American manufacturer, which is shown in the steady outward movement of all manufactures except in the one class above noted, is further illustrated by a remarkable increase in the importations of manufacturers' materials. The bureau of statistics classifies the importations into five great groups: foodstuffs, raw materials for use in manufacturing, material partly or wholly manufactured for use in manufacturing, finished manufactures and luxuries. In these five great divisions the chief increase is in manufacturers' materials. They show in the single month of January an increase of $17,570,000 and in the seven months ending with January an increase of $50,000,000 compared with thee orresponding periods of the preceding fiscal year. The total increase in importations during the seven months ending with January is $67,000,000, of which $50,000,000 is in manufacturers' materials.

The following table shows the imports and exports by great classes in the month of January, 1902, compared with January, 1901.

	January. 1901	1902.
Imports.		
Food and live animals.	$ 16,718,443	$ 16,273,453
Crude manufacturers' materials partially manufactured or wholly manufactured materials for manufacturers' use.	6,411,688	6,886,590
Finished manufact'res	11,709,259	12,910,391
Luxuries, etc	11,301,404	12,921,235
Total imports	$ 69,397,080	$ 79,138,192
Exports.		
Agricultural products.	$ 82,365,242	$ 84,477,950
Manufactures	32,654,035	43,412,992
Forest products	3,383,575	3,328,087
Fisheries' products...	656,301	477,719
Fisheries' products ..	656,301	477,719
Miscellaneous	505,310	756,651
Total domestic exports	$133,375,575	$126,366,310
Foreign exports	2,950,026	2,770,134
Total exports	$136,325,601	$129,136,134

The third part of the twenty-second annual report, 1900-1901, of the United States geological survey, dealing with coal, oil and cement, is now passing through the press. The volume in the answer to many requests made to the geological survey for information concerning the coal supply of the country, and is based on geographic, geologic and trade relations. The introductory part, by Dr. Charles Willard Hayes, geologist, discusses briefly the distribution, development, production and markets of the coal fields of the United States.

The total coal areas foot up some 280,-397 square miles, exclusive of Alaska, and exclusive, also, of vast areas of lignite coal not strictly comparable with the higher grade anthracite and bituminous coals. Of this total area approximately 55 per cent is probably productive. The rank of states in production differs greatly from their rank in coal area. Thus Pennsylvania, ranking seventh in coal area, was easily first in production in 1900, with a little over 132,000,000 short tons out of a total production of about 241,000,000 tons. The same thing is true of the Northern Appalachian field as a whole, which, third in area, ranks first in tonnage and value of of product, a result due to proximity to market, suitability of coal to fuel requirements, and relative quantity of workable coal per square mile of productive area. The anthracite field consists of several long, narrow basins in Eastern Pennsylvania. Several small basins of Triassic rocks in the Piedmont region of Virginia and North Carolina, containing an aggregate of about 1000 square miles, are coal bearing.

The Appalachian field, subdivided into northern and southern, extends from Northern Pennsylvania 850 miles to Central Alabama, embracing portions of nine states, and containing approximately 70,800 square miles, of which about 75 per cent contains workable coal. The Northern Interior field lies wholly within the state of Michigan, with an area of approximately 11,000 square miles. The Eastern Interior field, lying in Indiana, Illinois and Kentucky, has an area of 53,000 square miles. It is estimated that about 55 per cent of this area is productive. The Western Interior and Southwestern fields form a practically continuous belt of coal measure rocks, extending from Northern Iowa southwestward 880 miles to Central Texas, and embracing an area of 94,000 square miles. The Rocky Mountain fields extend from the Canadian border southeastward some 1200 miles, with a maximum breadth of 500 miles, and aggregate 43,610 square miles. The San Carlos field, El Paso county, Texas, and the Eagle Pass field, extending from Uvalde county, Texas, seventy-five miles to the Rio Grande and across into Mexico, properly belong to the Rocky Mountain field. The Pacific coast coal fields have a total area of about 1000 square miles, with the most important deposits in Washington, a few deposits in extreme Western Oregon, and in Central and Southern California.

The lignite coal deposits, which are not treated of in this series of papers, embrace about 56,000 square miles in Montana, the Dakotas and Wyoming; and then, in an area of about equal extent, they run in a narrow belt from the Georgia-Alabama line nearly to the Mississippi, and then west of the Mississippi in a broader belt, from Little Rock southwestward through Arkansas, Louisiana and Texas.

The Appalachian field presents certain well-marked types of coal which, for particular purposes, are regarded as standard. The coal of the Connellsville district of the Pittsburg bed is the standard for coking coal, as the Pocahontas coal of West Virginia is the standard for steam coal. The Northern Interior field of Michigan contains only bituminous coal, a fair steaming fuel. In the Eastern Interior field, the largest part is a soft bituminous fairly good steam coal; then there is the block coal in Indiana; and also numerous small areas of cannel coal, valuable for gas making and for domestic purposes, in Kentucky. The coal of the Western Interior fields is fairly uniform in composition, and makes a fair steaming fuel. In the Southwestern Interior field the coal varies from a soft bituminous in Northern Texas to semi-anthracite in Arkansas. In the Rocky Mountain and Pacific fields the coal varies from lignite to anthracite. Owing to location and character of coal the Northern Appalachian field controls the coal trade of the Eastern states, sending its coal to tcls seaboard by the trunk-line railroads. It competes with the interior coal fields to the west by way of the great lakes and the trunk-line railroads, and to the south by way of the Ohio river. The Southern Appalachian field supplies the South Atlantic and Gulf states as far west as the Mississippi, and Dr. Hayes thinks this field will in time support a large export trade to Central and South American ports, and, after the isthmian canal is built, to Pacific coast ports also. The markets for the coal of the Northern and Eastern Interior fields are chiefly within their own limits, and they are in more or less of competition with the Appalachian coal and with the natural gas of Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky. The Western Interior coal field supplies its own markets and those toward the north and west, where it must compete with the Rocky Mountain fields. The Southwestern Interior field has but little competition except from fuel oil in a large territory toward the south and west. Practically all the coal fuel used by the Southern transcontinental railroads, as well as the Texas roads, comes from the North Texas and Indian Territory fields. Considering the entire region between the Appalachian coal field and the Rocky Mountain fields, there is observed a general movement of the coal westward, a tendency due chiefly to the higher grade of the Eastern coals, but also in part to the generally lower westward railroad freights and to the ease of westward water transportation. The region west of the one-hundredth meridian, about half the area of the United States, Alaska excepted, contains less than 20 per cent of the coal fields. The development of the coal resources of Alaska is as yet in the experimental stage. Practically all the information at present available concerning these Alaskan coal fields is summarized by Mr. Brooks in his paper, which should form an invaluable aid in future prospecting and development.

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DRAMATIC CEREMONY

Two Soldiers For Philippines Leave Their Wives Behind.

Barely Find Time to Give Them a Parting Embrace.

One Wedded on Rear Platform as the Train Starts.

Chicago, March 4.—Two minutes before his departure from Fort Sheridan for the Philippines Corporal Charles Johnson of Company I, Twenty-ninth Infantry, was married to Miss Bessie Wilson.

The ceremony was performed by Father E. J. Vattmann, chaplain of the post, who stood on the rear platform of the last car of the first three Chicago and Northwestern trains which transported the soldiers from the fort. The chaplain concluded the ceremony as the train was pulling away from the station, and Johnson barely had time to embrace his bride and climbed aboard the second section of the train, on which his company was carried.

The incident, while the most dramatic, was one of several that marked the departure of the Second and Third battalions of the Twenty-ninth for service in the Orient. Only a short time before Father Vattmann had officiated at the marriage of Sergeant E. F. Smith and Miss Bessie St. Clair.

The ceremonies were performed amid the cheers and tears of more than a thousand soldiers and as many spectators who congregated about the guardhouse just previous to the departure of the first section at 11 o'clock. The troops were moved in three trains of fifteen coaches each, and Father Vattmann was with the commissioned staff on the first.

Early in the morning Sergeant Smith had notified the chaplain that he would require his services, and shortly after 10 o'clock, as the officers, the band, and companies E and F were boarding the train, the soldier and Miss St. Clair were married.

Corporal Johnson and Sergeant Smith were fast friends. When Smith confided to his chum at daybreak that he was to be married before he left the post the corporal was possessed of the idea of making sure of his bride also and left posthaste for Chicago, where he secured a license. Miss Wilson, whose home is on the north shore, but is employed in Chicago, was visited next, her consent to the ceremony secured, and the couple took the first train for Fort Sheridan.

The sweethearts arrived not a moment too soon. Johnson summoned Father Vattmann, showed him the marriage license, and asked him to hasten the ceremony. While the engineer was testing the air, the conductor was calling "All aboard," and the officers were giving their last orders, the chaplain began reciting the shortest ritual he knew. His blessing was bestowed as the train was rounding a curve on its way to the coast.

While Johnson and his bride had been facing the chaplain the wives of the officers had made up a purse for the bride, who was to be left behind. Mrs. T. F. Forbes, wife of the lieutenant colonel commanding the regiment, contributed $20 to the fund, and others contributed $30 more. This sum was swelled by contributions of the members of the regiment.

"Three cheers for Mrs. Johnson," shouted one of the infantrymen as the bell rang and the engine puffed nervously. The cheers were given with a "tiger." The occupants of the train waved handkerchiefs. The corporal kissed the bride, and a moment later half the world was being placed between the soldier and his wife.

Not in years has the movement of troops from Fort Sheridan for active service been more spectacular. To the members of the Twenty-ninth regiment it was like leaving home as well as country. They were assembled at Fort Sheridan a year ago, and during the long stay there formed friendships which will not be forgotten soon.

The second and their battalions were formed in front of the quarters at 10:30 o'clock, and addressed briefly by Colonel Forbes. Then, to a stirring quickstep, Companies E and F boarded the first train.

The order to march was preceded by an animated scene. Wives, mothers, sweethearts assembled at the post early in the morning. There were few of the soldiers who failed to say a tender farewell.

On the ridge just north of the guardhouse two privates of Company G took leave of their mothers and sisters, and many soldiers and citizens paused in their own leavetaking to say a sympathetic word to the tearful group.

The naturally buoyant spirits of the soldiers could not be surpressed, however, and cheers were mingled with tears, as the men received orders to board the trains. Members of the Ninth and Twenty-first batteries, which were left behind, were grouped about the infantrymen, and their cheering was not mixed with envy. The last train left at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

Attached to each train was a hospital car for the measles patients. Thirty of those who were most severely ill with the malady were left behind, and saw the departure of their comrades from the windows of the hospital.

The spirit with which the troops left for service is shown by the fact that on the eve of their departure there were only two desertions. After the last train had left the station two guns and knapsacks lay on the parade ground with no one to claim them.

The Twenty-ninth regiment was assembled just a year ago. The First battalion, which has been at Columbus (O.) barracks, will meet the Second and Third battalions at the Presido and will sail on the transport Meade on March 1.

Private Compartment

Cars on railroad trains are a comparatively recent creation—each room as complete and cozy as the daintiest apartment in a hotel. The private compartment cars operated on the Pioneer Limited of "The Milwaukee" are unusually massive and the berths are higher, wider and longer than those of any other road. These cars are happily adapted for ladies and families. Invalids find them a positive boon.

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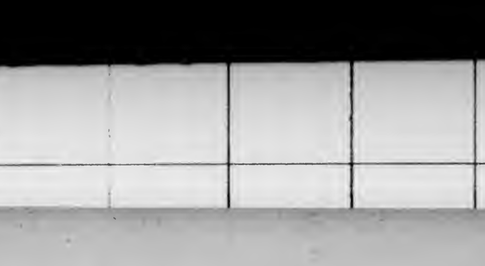
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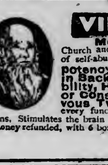
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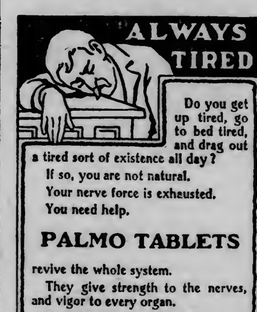
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216 West Superior Street.

Best Bargains!

20 Dwelling houses and lots on Duluth Heights will be sold within the next 60 days at prices and upon terms within the reach of anyone to secure his own home. The following is an example.

$475 $50 cash, balance $10 per month at 6 per cent interest, buys a well built five-room house in splendid condition and fine lot, on improved street. At Duluth Heights is a fine place to live and only twenty minutes' ride from the very center of the city. Come soon and have first pick.

If you think your landlord is overcharging for your place of residence you can rent a four to eight-room house in good condition on Duluth Heights for $4.50 to $7.00 per month.

OTHER BARGAINS.

$1150 Buys eight-room house with good cellar, city water and fine lot near Thirty-ninth avenue west, one block from street car. Best terms.

$1150 Buys good eight-room house and lot near London Road and Twenty-second avenue east.

Have a number of fine five-acre tracts of land for gardening back of Woodland Park, about one mile from the street car line, that will be sold cheap.

Alfred Kjellin,

306 Burrows Building.

ATTENTION!

INVESTORS

Large or Small.

I have for sale for a limited time only a small block of the treasury stock—FULL PAID AND NON-ASSESSABLE—in the German-American Consolidated Gold Mining company of Colorado, upon which semi-annual dividends are guaranteed. Here is a "sure thing" snap. First come, first served. For full particulars call on or address.

M. KAISER,

106 Palladio Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

Zenith 'phone 12. Bell 'phone 616-2.

FOR SALE!

Seven-room house in East End—good location—all modern conveniences—hot water heat. Price..... **$4000**

Pulford, How & Co

100 Trust Company Building.

The Smoothest Way to Get a Home.

The following parties are getting a home on the easiest plan offered by any one in the city.

They will tell you that it beats paying rent.

Charles TenBrook,	Ole Swenson,
J. and W. Frink,	O. C. Lomelin,
F. J. and E. Spetz,	Ira W. Smith,
John Forsberg,	Robert Lee Brown,
Thomas Larson,	George Todd,
Charles Stevens,	Mrs. Annie Nielsen,
H. S. Merry,	R. J. Gundry,
Mrs. Annie Stokes,	Charles T. Fancett,
John A. Bauers,	Peter Holten,
Martin Nelson,	Fred K. Jewett,
Jacob Svorzeckski,	Gottlieb Gunther,
Ernest Willie,	E. J. Sonnenberg,
J. H. B. Smith,	J. S. Osborne,
Charles Peterson,	E. E. Blair,
J. B. Flack,	Peter O'Brien,
John Sundquist,	Louis Wick,
Adam Sandquist,	H. L. Smith,
M. P. Welch.	and others.

Fifty more properties to select from, on easy terms and low valuations.

A $1000 house will be sold for $100 cash, $500 to be paid at the end of five years, with 6 per cent interest, and $400 to be paid with a monthly payment of $9.40 in forty-eight months to pay the principal and interest.

Office No. 2, First avenue west, in Hunter block.

CHAN SMITH, Secretary.

FOR SALE.

Houses and lots in all parts of the city.

5 per cent interest on deferred payments.

R. M. NEWPORT, 302 Lonsdale Bldg

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE.

8 modern East End Houses

6 modern Central Houses

4 modern Central Double Houses.

Low Prices. Easy Terms.

N. J. UPHAM CO.,

400 Burrows Building.

HOUSE WANTED.

We have client who desires to purchase a modern nine or ten-room dwelling. East End preferred.

FARM LANDS.

We have cheapest tract of farm lands in St. Louis county for sale.

Cheap house in West End. For sale by

A. W. Taussig & Co.

305 Providence Building.

First Street

Central business property very cheap for quick sale.

Vacant and improved properties in East End at low prices.

GEORGE RUPLEY,

513 Board of Trade.

$900 House and lot near Twenty-eighth avenue west; city water; street graded; good chance to get a home.

$1650 Six-room house; lot 25x140 feet; Second street, near Twenty-first avenue west.

$1200 Farm of 80 acres, well improved; buildings, etc.; choice land; no stones; near Duluth.

Cheap lots in the West End.

T. G. VAUGHN,

Phone 789. 401 Lonsdale Bldg.

A Six Room House for

$700.

Another for

$600.

Located near Endion depot. Nothing so cheap in the East End.

G.G. Dickerman & Co

Trust Co. Building.

Endion Lots

Each a 50-foot lot.

$500 and street assessments for a Third street lot.

$500 each and street assessments for two Second street lots.

$500 and street assessments for a Jefferson street lot.

$500 and street assessments for a London road lot.

If rents are too high buy and build. All are bargains.

Richardson & Day,

Exchange Building.

FOR SALE—FARM LANDS.

CARLTON COUNTY, MINN.—$200 WILL buy 40 acres good land, easily cleared; $650 will buy 80 acres right on railroad, with fine stream through; $1300 will buy quarter section on railroad and enough hardwood on land to pay cost of clearing; $6 per acre will buy one of the best sections in Carlton county, with lot of valuable timber on, only $2 per acre cash, balance on time at 6 per cent.

ST. LOUIS COUNTY, MINN.—$500 WILL buy 40 acres near Pike lake, covered with hardwood, which will pay cost of land; $50 per acre will buy 10 acres in 19-50-14, within city limits; $10 per acre will buy a half section four miles from city limits, with considerable hardwood; $240 will buy 40 acres ten miles from city, three miles from railroad; 4000 acres in southern part of county at $3 per acre.

DOUGLAS COUNTY, WIS.—$750 WILL buy 78 acres on Northern Pacific railroad ten miles from West Superior, lays level and easily cleared; $2.50 per acre for 320 acres about twenty miles south of West Superior; 1320 acres fifteen miles south of Superior, on railroad, at $3 per acre; 240 acres good land on Omaha railroad, near Hawthorne, at $5.50 per acre, easy terms.

NORTHERN MICHIGAN—160 ACRES close to railroad, considerable hardwood, $2.50 per acre; 160 acres, with large amount of hemlock, cedar and maple, $5 per acre, wood will pay profit besides paying for land.

GUARANTY FARM LAND CO.,

428 West Superior Street, Duluth.

Here's a Snap!

We have a lot on Huron street that can be bought at much less than its real value. We have a good cottage in same locality that can be moved to above lot at little expense and thus an excellent home may be had at a very small price. Investigate it.

GEO. H. CROSBY,

106 Providence Bldg.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

RESIDENCES We have for sale eight of the most desirable, in the fashionable district of the East End. Prices from $5000 to $11,500.

A CORNER 100 by 140 feet. This is the best location of which we know for improvement with flats, double dwellings, or apartments, for an investment. Price low.

FARMS Three well improved, good buildings. Close to the city. Call and see us regarding the above.

Fire insurance written.

Chas. P. Craig & Co,

Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,

103 Herald Building.

$5000 Takes eight-room modern house, east End; hot water heat.

$3500 Takes 11-room modern house; 50-foot lot; in East End.

$11 000 Takes fine 10-room house in finest residence location Terms easy.

A. C. VOLK & CO.,

202 PALLADIO.

Residence Lots, Business Properties, Dock Frontage and Acres

For Sale or Lease. All good values.

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.

Bankers and Brokers.

112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

$4500 Nine-room modern house, first class repair, new heating plant, fire place, two toilet rooms, stationary wash tubs, storm and screen windows, big corner lot, west front. Three blocks from this office. No car fares. Easy terms.

T. W. WAHL & Co

201 Exchange Bldg.

A Good Bargain.

8 room house, 50 foot lot, located No. 123 E. Third St, can be handled for $850.00 cash. Communicate with C. T. Seymour, 603, W. 1st St. New 'Phone 814.

Treasury Stock!

We offer our treasury stock in shares of $50.00 each, at par.

We own centrally located improved property, the net income from which will pay 8 per cent dividend on this stock.

For further information apply to—

Duluth Real Estate Co.

No. 100 Trust Company Bldg.

Franklin J. Pulford, Pres. Calvin F. How, Treas

SPLENDID BARGAIN.

Strictly modern ten-room dwelling in best residence district. Lot 75x140.

Wm. C. Sargent & Co.

303 Lonsdale Bldg.

WHY Pay Rent or Interest ?

When the Home Co-Operative Comp'y

Of Kansas City, Mo.

Will furnish you the money to pay off your mortgage or buy you a home and give you sixteen years and eight months to pay it back at the following monthly payments without interest:

$1000 at $5.35 per month

$2000 at $10.70 per month

$3000 at $16.05 per month

A fund is maintained to carry your contract in case of sickness or out of employment. We are the original and most reliable company of the kind in America and have a copyright and will prosecute any infringements.

Branch Office, 410 Palladio Bldg.

Lakeside Bargains.

Prices in Lakeside are already advancing. We have a few snaps in good homes and cheap lots left. Call and let us show them to you. Now is the time to buy.

GEO. H. CROSBY,

106 Providence Building.

A BARGAIN!

House and lot, fronting on Grand Avenue, near Elinor Street. The house contains 7 rooms and bath room—has city water connection and all necessary plumbing. The streets are permanently improved and the house was repaired and painted during the past summer.

R. B. KNOX & CO

1 Exchange Building.

$7500 For a 12 room house—hardwood finish, hot water heat, barn—lot 50x140—Best location in E. end.

$3000 For a good 9-room house in the East End.

A business property in Range town netting 25 per cent in rents. Price $3200.

200 acres fine level land one mile from Carlton for $8.00 an acre.

D. W. SCOTT,

19 Mesaba Block.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

1510 Jefferson street, seven-room house, bath, cellar, stone foundation, furnace, electric light; can be bought cheap.

A tract of land near the pumping station on the lake shore, lays good; can be bought cheap.

Thirty lots on Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth avenues west; any size lot from $200 a lot and upwards. Easy terms.

110 East Fifth street, house on the alley; will pay a good profit on the investment. Price, $1000.

A lot on upper side of Superior street, near Fifth avenue east—price **$2000**

A couple of flats to rent in West Duluth.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.,

H. H. Hanford, Mngr. 605 Palladio Bldg.

ENDION HOMES.

We have the best list of Endion houses and lots offered in the city. Let us show you something nice in this choice district at a moderate price.

GEO. H. CROSBY,

106 Providence Bldg.

DO YOU PAY RENT?

Why not OWN your home and PAY LESS THAN RENT. THE NATIONAL HOME-SEEKERS' ASSOCIATION will buy any home you choose on following payments:

A $1000 home, $ 5.50 per month.

A $2000 home $11.00 per month.

A $3000 home $16.50 per month.

These are direct payments on principal. NO INTEREST. No large down payment. Call and have this explained. Office open till 8:30 evenings, 417 Torrey building. Correspondents enclose 2c stamp.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—BEDROOM SET; GOOD AS new; very cheap. Address U, Herald.

FOR SALE—A CANDYMAKER'S FURnace, 8x8 slab and kettle, cheap. 416 Second avenue east.

OUR THREE MARTYRED PRESIdents in natural tint 16 by 20. Mailed in tube, 20 cents. H. H. DeJournette, Detroit, (G. D.) Mich.

A CAR LOAD OR FRESH MILCH COWS will arrive March 6, at Evan Johnson's 2608 Helm street. Will exchange for beef cattle.

GLEN AVON LOTS CHEAP; LOTS that will be reached by extension of gas and water this summer. A. R. Macfarlane & Co., 112 Exchange building.

FOR SALE—CHOICE WHITE WYANdotte hens and some barred Plymouth Rocks and White Wyandotte eggs for hatching. Call or address Robert Metcalf, Duluth Heights.

FOR SALE — LUNCH COUNTER, stools, tables, ice boxes, contents of Anchor restaurant, cheap. Enquire of S. Sellick.

$155 PIANO UPRIGHT, ELEGANT case, fine tone, used six months; cost $350. I need the cash, as I am leaving the city. Room 4, Metropolitan block.

Horses!! Horses!!

Large assortment of general purpose horses constantly on hand, including farm mares, drivers and delivery horses. Call and see us before going elsewhere.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,

Horse Market opposite P.O. Duluth, Minn.

PIANOS UPRIGHTS, NEW AND second-hand, all kinds, one-half price for ten days; $75 and $100; monthly payments. Open evenings. George W. Tietz, 34 West First street.

S. M. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED with a car load of fresh milch cows and will sell and exchange for fat cattle. 1219 East Seventh street.

$300 FOR 80-ACRE FARM WITH HOUSE and furniture. $300 for 120-acre farm with good house. We both buy and sell farm or cut-over timber lands. State Trust company, 506 Providence building, Duluth.

FOR SALE—LOCOMOTIVES, STEAM shovels, cars and rails, for construction or logging. Write for our 1902 catalogue. M. Mitsukun Company, Detroit, Mich.

L. HAMMEL CO. ALWAYS HAVE ON hand the best logging horses in the city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

SAWMILL FOR SALE—LOCATED AT Minong, Wis.; capacity 20,000 to 25,000 in ten hours; complete outfit; part payment accepted and terms on balance. Apply No. 10 Mesaba block.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

HERB REMEDIES.

FOR ALL IMPURE BLOOD DISORders, tumors and cancers cured without the knife; inexpensive home treatment. No office charges. The Herbaqueen company, 319 First avenue east.

DRESSMAKING.

AND PLAIN sewing; fit and style guaranteed. 616 E. 4th St. Basement flat.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

IF YOU WANT A GUARANTEED INvestment paying 40 per cent, call or write. William Kaiser, 106 Palladio building. Both 'phones.

LOST.

LOST—FEB. 26, PURSE, MARKED COMpliments of C. U. Samuelson. Finder will be rewarded by returning same to Herald office.

LOST—BLACK MUFF BETWEEN Fifteenth and Nineteenth avenues east; notify James McCue, 924 East Third street.

SAND AND GRAVEL.

GOOD BUILDING SAND AND GRAVel, cheap at Fortieth avenue west. For permits apply to C. H. Martz, at board of public works.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, one who can cook; first-class wages. 416 West Second stret.

WANTED—TWO EXPERIENCED DINingroom girls. Hotel McKay.

WANTED—GOOD DINING-ROOM GIRL at once at Palmer House.

WANTED—GIRL TO TAKE CARE OF baby and help with housework. 308 Fourteenth avenue east.

WANTED—FIVE GIRLS AT WEST Duluth Shirt factory tomorrow morning.

WANTED — MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN for housework. Apply 16 Seventh avenue west.

WANTED—DISHWASHER AT THE Midland, 810 West Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1513 Jefferson street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 228 Second avenue west.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 217 East Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework at 107 Park terrace.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1317 East Second street.

WANTED—KITCHEN AND DINING room girl, at 627 West Superior street.

WANTED—NURSE MAID; GOOD wages; reference required. Call 2327 East First street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Good wages paid. 2 Chester terrace.

WANTED—COMPETENT NURSE GIRL. Must have good references. Apply 20 Twelfth avenue east.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at 316 East Second street.

MALE HELP—WANTED

WANTED—YOUNG MAN HAVING EXperience to run passenger elevator. Spalding hotel.

TAILOR WANTED AT ONCE; GOOD coatmaker. W. J. Wood, Hibbing, Minn.

WANTED—YOUNG MEN BETWEEN 18 and 25 years of age for clerical work. First National bank of Duluth.

AN ENERGETIC YOUNG MAN 21 OR over. Not afraid of work. American Express.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED MAN FOR laundry work. Apply 104 Providence building.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Last thirty days of special offer. Can earn scholarship, board, tools and transportation. Great demand for graduates during spring rush. Short time required. Write today. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—AGENTS.

FEMINOLOGY BEST SUBSCRIPtion book printed convocations of the century. Write for terms. C. L. Dressler & Co., 2208 Gladys avenue, Chicago.

LAUNCHES!

Pearson Boat Construction Co.,

Send for Prices. DULUTH, MINN

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

DRESSMAKER WISHES WORK IN family. Address 732 East Third street.

WANTED—POSITION AS WOMAN cook. Address W 46, Herald.

A WOMAN WANTS TO TAKE HOME A few ladies' or gentlemen's washing and do the mending if necessary. Please call or address Mrs. Selma Anderson, 32 Tenth avenue west.

GIRL WANTS A GOOD PLACE TO DO general housework in good family. Address 1308 West First street.

STEADY YOUNG MAN WOULD LIKE a position in a grocery store. Experienced and references furnished. Address W 33, Herald.

YOUNG MAN OF 29 WANTS A POSItion in office; best of references given. Address W. K., 111 East Fourth street.

YOUNG GIRL WOULD LIKE A PLACE to care for children; would like to stay home nights. Address P 47, care Herald.

SITUATION WANTED BY YOUNG man, 18 years old, strong, honest and willing to work. Can furnish references. T 32, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WASHING TO TAKE home or will go out by the day. 1130 East Sixth street.

AN EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER wants a few more ladies to sew for by the day. Address Miss Shermerhorn, 605 West First street.

STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING.

All kinds accurately and promptly done. Old Phone 544, Zenith 831. Jessie L. Cooley—Lydia T. Grieser. 307 First National Bank Building.

PERSONAL.

PATENTS—PROTECT YOUR IDEAS. No allowance. No fee. Consultation free. Est. 1864. Milo B. Stevens & Co., 614 Eleventh street, Washington.

DIME SOCIAL, MARCH 5, 230 WEST Second street.

ANY AND ALL PERSONS HAVING collaterals on which loans have been made, must redeem same within thirty days from first insertion of this notice. Feb. 25, 1902. Standard Jewelry & Loan company, 324 West Superior street.

FARM LANDS.

SECURE A HOMESTEAD IN NORTH Dakota before it is too late. For information, digest of the homestead law, etc., mail $1.00 to the Great Northern Locating company, Dept. B., Devils Lake, N. D. Plat of the Devils Lake Indian reservation, which is about to be opened up, $1.00. Write today.

PICTURE FRAMING.

GET YOUR PICTURES AND PICTURE frames at Hoffman's, 211 East Superior street.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—MODERN 8-ROOM HOUSE, furnished, for the summer. T 56, Herald.

A FEW SMALL HOUSES, CENTRALLY located, rent reasonable. A. R. Macfarlane & Co., 112 Exchange building.

TWO LADIES WILL RENT PART OF house furnished to married couple. W 34, Herald.

FOR RENT — HOUSE, CORNER Forty-first avenue west and Grand avenue, one block from street car; modern. G. L. Robbins, 3729 Traverse street, West Duluth.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS with bath. 6 Mason flats.

FURNISHED ROOM. 221 EAST THIRD street.

FOR RENT — FOUR FURNISHED rooms. 420 Third avenue east.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS. 16 EAST Tenth street.

NEAT NICELY FURNISHED ROOM with bath. Rent reasonable. 234 Mesaba avenue.

STORE FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STORES NOS. 522 AND 524 West Superior street. Lane McGregor & Co., 6 Exchange.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—TWO FLATS NO 310 AND 312 West Fifth street. Modern, new and nice. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOM UPPER flat, bath, electric light. 1412 Jefferson street. Inquire of J. B. Middlecoff, 415 Providence building. Telephone 940.

BOARD OFFERED.

FOR RENT—ROOM WITH BOARD. 823 East Third street.

BOARD AND ROOMS; BATH, ETC. 120 First avenue west.

FURNISHED ROOMS AND BOARD. 32 West Second street.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD AND ROOM WANTED, PREferably in private family, by man and wife; references if desired. Address P 49, Herald.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 1, 1902. Work, First degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock. next meeting March 10, 1902. Work, First degree. Clyde W. Stillman, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 12, 1902. Work Royal Arch degree. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 7:30 p. m. Next conclave March 4, 1902. Work, election of officers. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS. ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL NO. 2, meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west at 8 p. m. Jack Hultquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES—Duluth Aerie No. 79, meets every Thursday at 8 p. m. in Kalamazoo block. Special election postponed until Thursday, March 6. J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets every Thursday of the month at Great Eastern hall. William Cleugh, sachem; S. C. Murphy, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 68, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m., at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street, N. G. Halloway, sachem; A. M. Johnson, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, WE-KE-ME-WUP TRIBE, NO. 17, meets every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior St. C. E. Armstead, sachem; T. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. March feast, P. H. B. C. B. H. S., Tuesday, March 4, 1902. G. H. Nichols, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS — DIAMOND lodge, No. 45, K. of P., meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Monday, Dec. 2. Work in the third rank. L. B. Allen, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of R. S.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2205, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A.; William Tunell, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Business confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg, Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 705-5.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 237 MAIN STREET, West Superior, Wis. Phone 4359-3.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

MRS. HANSON—MIDWIFE—

Female complaints. Private hospital, 413 Seventh avenue east. 'Phone 1225.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES, 10c copy. Hankenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

IMPORT OF 1901, 75c A BOTTLE, AT C. J. Tufte's drug store.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED — CHEAP SECOND-HAND standing desk. 322 Providence building.

WE ARE IN THE MARKET FOR horses and will pay best prices. L. Hammel Co., Third avenue east and First street, Duluth.

WAITED TO BUY—SECOND-HAND light buggy, cheap. Telephone 3369.

WANT TO BUY — SECOND-HAND store fixtures, containing counter and show cases. Address Juten & Carlson, Sparta, Minn.

WANTED—TO BUY, IRON SAFE. Address A. Hirsch, Board of Trade building.

PARTY WITH MONEY DESIRES TO invest in paying established business and take active interest. Address D., Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY, SECOND HAND motor, about one horse power. M. Henricksen, jeweler.

WANTED—TO BUY, A COCKER SPANiel pup, four weeks old. Duluth Cigar company.

Horses Wanted.

LUMBERMEN AND CONTRACTORS—Notice—We are in the market at all times to purchase your horses if you have no further use for them and will pay highest cash price for the same. Call or address, BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN, Sale Stable opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn.

JOHNSON NICKEL MINING COMpany stock wanted; state price and quantity. Address P. O. box 290, city.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv..	Duluth..	Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m	Ar..	Proctor..	Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar.	Iron Jctn.	Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar..	Wolf...	Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar.	Virginia.	Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar..	Eveleth..	Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar..	Sparta...	Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar.	Biwabik.	Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar.	Mtn. Iron.	Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar.	Hibbing	Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	A.M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	7:30
11:28	7:25	Ar.....Virginia.....Lv	8:05	3:30
11:30	7:30	Ar.....Eveleth.....Lv	8:00	3:30
12:20	7:58	Ar.....Ely.....Lv	7:25	2:50
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

(GREAT NORTHERN SYSTEM.)

Leave		Arrive
† 1:25 p.m.	St. Paul	† 1:55 p.m.
† 11:10 p.m.	Minneapolis	† 6:10 p.m.
* 7:55 a.m.	Cass Lake, Grand Works Mantan., Pacific Coast Hibbing, Swan River and the Iron Range.	* 6:43 p.m.
† 3:00 p.m.		† 11:58 a.m.

* Daily † Daily Except Sunday.

Sleeper ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
*9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 55 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee	*10 05 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 12:25 a m
b 8:00 a m	" "	b 6:15 p m
a 7:10 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express North Coast Limited	a 7:55 a m
b 4:0 a m		a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL	a 6:30 a m
a 4:55 p m	MINNEAPOLIS	b 5:10 p m
a 11:10 p m		a 9:10 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.

Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railw'y

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Blk. 'Phone 44

All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot.

*5:45 p. m. Lv—BOSTON LIMITED—Ar. *9:55 a. m.

All points East.

†8:35 a. m Lv——LOCAL——Ar †2:25 p. m.

Marquette & Cooper Country.

D aily. † Except Sunday

HISTORICAL

12 PAGES. **DULUTH EVENING HERALD.** 12 PAGES.

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. WEDNESDAY, MARCH 5, 1902. TWO CENTS.

AGAINST THE BILL

Senate Committee Rejects Jacobson Bill.

Unanimous Against the Ore Tonnage Tax.

From The Herald
State Capitol Bureau.

St. Paul, March 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—The senate committee on taxes and tax laws this morning delivered a body blow to the Jacobson bill by reporting it for indefinite postponement. This was done by a vote of 9 to 4, and the minority, consisting of Senators McGill, Snyder, Miller and Grindeland, offered a substitute recommendation, placing the bill on general orders. Even the minority report had little balm for the movers of the Jacobson bill. It admitted that the bill was unjust and drastic, but the minority thought it could be amended into some sort of shape, and therefore they opposed the idea of indefinitely postponing it. As to the tonnage tax on iron mines, the committee was unanimously in favor of striking that out, and if the proposition reaches the senate the vote will be almost unanimous against the proposition to impose on St. Louis county a system of taxation that she does not want.

The plan was that the senate should go ahead with the discussion on the committee report until a vote was reached, but the debate grew so fevered that this was found impossible. When the noon recess was taken it seemed very probable that the majority report of the committee would be concurred in this afternoon and the bill indefinitely postponed.

Senator McGill, chairman of the senate tax committee, submitted the report of the majority of the committee, recommending the bill for indefinite postponement.

Senator Daugherty moved the adoption of the report.

Senator Snyder of Hennepin offered the report of the minority of the committee, recommending that the bill be placed on general orders, because the minority members were of the opinion that while the bill as it stood did not provide a fair method of taxing iron mines and franchises, it could be amended so as to be fair. Mr. Snyder moved that the minority report be substituted for the majority report, and that it be adopted, and this precipitated the fight on the bill. Mr. Snyder said that the committee was a unit on striking out the tonnage tax provisions of the bill, but its members differed on some other points. Personally he wanted the tax commission left if nothing else was done.

Senator Young of Swift spoke for the minority report. He said the senate would be practically unanimous in striking out the tonnage tax, the friends and enemies of the bill agreeing on that subject. Nobody wanted to assess franchises at their full value, and the bill would not have that result. Indeed a provision could be added to the bill in set terms that would cause franchises to be valued in the same proportion as other property. He said that the failure of the legislature to provide proper taxation for corporations would mean the defeat of the Republican party in the state. He appealed to the Republicans of the senate to save the bill.

Senator Sherman, of Ramsey, said the bill is so bad it could not be amended. The house disposed of the tax code and then sent in a piece of it that, taken by itself, was five-fold more drastic than the original code. The bill would make a tax of $962,000 on the Twin City street railway system, and would confiscate the earnings of many corporations.

Senator McCarthy, of Itasca, made

(Continued on Page 10.)

TONNAGE TAX IS DEAD

No Chance of the Proposition to Impose a Tonnage Tax on Iron Ore Getting Through the Senate.

From The Herald
State Capitol Bureau.

St. Paul, March 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—When the senate tax committee adjourned yesterday afternoon to 10 o'clock this morning, after concluding its hearings on the Jacobson bill, the tonnage tax on iron ore did not stand the remotest chance of getting through. So unjust and unfair and unsatisfactory had its provisions been proven to be that even the most strenuous advocates of the Jacobson bill, men that would have rushed it through the house in an hour if they could when it first reached the senate, conceded that the tonnage tax had no standing before the senate and ought to be stricken out. There was a good hope that the committee itself might go so far as to amend the Jacobson bill before reporting it back to the house by striking out the tonnage tax.

* * *

The bill itself is not having any too easy sledding, by any means. The indications have been that it would pass, and they are still tending that way, but the current is not so strongly in favor of the measure as it was. Some are impatient of the capital that has been made by Jacobson of his pushing the bill through the house. Others have become convinced by the arguments of representatives of the public service corporations that the bill, taken of itself and without the rest of the tax code around it, singles out these corporations for an unjust and confiscatory tax. Still others hardly see any necessity for the expense of having a permanent tax commission when its usefulness and powers are somewhat doubtful.

* * *

Representatives of large interests that are being threatened with greatly increased taxes by the bill were heard before the tax committee yesterday afternoon. The delegation from the iron range was here ready to talk if it was necessary, but from the statements made by members of the committee and the senate generally, it was deemed unnecessary that any further representations be made on the tonnage tax feature, so they did not speak. Practically all of the large public service corporations of the Twin Cities were represented by attorneys or officers, and they made strong arguments against the franchise taxation feature of the bill. They showed that to carry out the law as it stood would mean a tax of 20 to 50 per cent on their earnings, and that this could not be borne. Senator Snyder, of Hennepin county, had an amendment to offer by which it would be provided that the franchises should be assessed in the same proportion as other property is assessed, but it was

(Continued on Page 2.)

MORE STORMS IN EAST

Heavy Snow, Sleet and Rain Is Again Delaying Traffic and Causing Much Inconvenience In Many Cities.

New York, March 5.—Another snow storm which threatens to do much damage started at 4 o'clock this morning, and at 8 a. m., two inches had fallen. The snow was wet and heavy and caused much inconvenience and considerable delay to traffic on elevated and surface lines. On the river the weather was so thick that ferries were unable to run more than half speed. The snow was accompanied by a moderate wind. The temperature was not low, however, the thermometer standing at 29 degrees at 9 a. m.

Washington, March 5.—A combined storm of wind, snow, rain and sleet prevailed here last night and part of today and threatened for a time to assume serious proportions.

York, Pa., March 5.—The heaviest snow storm of the season set in here last night, and the ground is now covered to a depth of 12 inches. All trains on the Frederick division of the Pennsylvania road have been abandoned. Other roads are running trains, but all are late.

Parkersburg, W. Va., March 5.—The central and western portions of the state are covered this morning, with a heavy snow fall, amounting here to over six inches and in other places east of here to as much as ten inches. It is still snowing. If the snow continues falling and goes off suddenly alarm would be caused among residents of the lowlands in the Ohio valley.

Baltimore, March 5.—A heavy snow storm set in here last night and later turned to sleet and rain, which is predicted to continue tomorrow. The trolley lines are suffering to some extent.

Huntington, W. Va., March 5.—A snow storm has been raging in Southern West Virginia for twenty-four hours. In the Ohio valley snow is fourteen inches deep. In the mountainous districts it is twenty to thirty inches deep. All street car traffic is suspended in Ohio river towns. Railway traffic is greatly impeded.

Pittsburg, March 5.—The heaviest snow storm of the winter set in about last midnight and at noon today is still snowing. It is now seven inches deep and the indications are for continued snow today and tomorrow. Street car traffic is almost at a standstill in both Pittsburg and Allegheny. Railroad traffic is also greatly impeded.

The storm following the flood has created a heavy demand on the Allegheny department of charities and the officials had great difficulty in supplying the sufferers with coal and provisions.

THE JURY PRAYED

How Verdict In Kentucky Murder Case Was Reached.

Robert Randolph Was Convicted of Killing John Ford.

The Jury Finally Agreed on Eighteen Years' Sentence.

Chicago, March 5.—The verdict sentencing Robert Randolph to the penitentiary for eighteen years for killing John Ford was reached by the jury after fervent prayer, says the Chronicle's Hopkinsville, Ky., special.

When the jurors retired to their room the foreman said: "Gentlemen, this is a serious case we have to decide. A man's life may be forfeited by our decision. How many Christians are among us?"

Nine men raised their hands. "Will one of you pray?" asked the foreman.

One of the oldest jurors said he would do his best. All knelt and a most earnest and impressive prayer was offered.

Balloting was then begun. Several jurors were in favor of a life sentence and others for terms as short as eight years. The jury finally agreed on eighteen years.

A LAWSUIT

Will Result From Taxing Colorado Property In Iowa.

Council Bluffs, Iowa, March 5.—City Assessor Everest has included in his assessment roll the property of the Portland Mining company, with headquarters in this city, and its property holdings are in Colorado. The Iowa code makes a provision for taxing corporations having their principal place of business within the state. The recent Burns-Doyle suit for possession of $1,000,000 of stock in the Portland company, the assessor says, formed a basis for calculations on the value of its property, and he placed it at $9,000,000. The action of the city is expected to precipitate a lawsuit.

TAKES STUMP.

Kansas Young Woman Is Assisting Her Father's Campaign.

Chicago, March 5.—The correspondent of the Tribune at Louisville, Ky., says:

Miss Lotta Greenup, of Paducah, has taken the stump with her father in his campaign for the Democratic nomination for member of congress from this district. Mr. Greenup is a music dealer and Miss Lotta an accomplished musician. During her father's tours of the district, she plays the violin and sings before the audiences which he addresses. The South has seen nothing like it since Bob Taylor's fiddling tour of Tennessee.

RESCUERS

Will Attempt to Make Way to Ingram Basin.

Telluride, Col., March 5.—A rescue party has been organized here to attempt to get to Ingram Basin, where seven men were known to be working when the slide occurred. Ingram Basin is one of the most dangerous places in winter in the San Juan country. It is above timber line and the peaks are high and precipitous, while the valley is narrow. Many believe that all the men have perished in a slide or that while they were at work in the tunnel, their bunkhouse, filled with provisions has been buried beneath tons of snow. With their snow shoes lost it would be impossible for them to get down as the snow is from 5 to 8 feet deep. If this is the case then they perished for lack of food and shelter. The body of John R. Powell, who perished in the slide last Friday, has been found.

Parties are at work opening the trails in order to reach the places where it is known that the bodies are buried.

O'RELL TO SETTLE DOWN.

Will Become Writer For the Paris Figaro.

New York, March 5.—Paul Blouett, better known as Max O'Rell, the French journalist and lecturer, has so far recovered from his recent serious illness that he will sail for Europe next week to assume the position of the leading editorial writer for the Figaro, of Paris, and for the first time in many years expects to settle down there.

M. Blouett came to this country four months ago to deliver a course of 100 lectures. He delivered six and then broke down in health. He was operated upon for intestinal trouble, and it was not until Feb. 10 that he was able to leave the hospital.

AFTER CANDY FACTORIES.

Chicago, March 5.—Edward Corbin, representing a law firm with offices in New York and Chicago, according to a special to the Inter-Ocean, accompanied by a representative of a New York trust company who represents the financial end of the deal, was in St. Louis the last few days negotiations for options on the candy factories there with a view to merging them into a candy trust with a capital of $5,000,000.



MRS. CORNELIUS VANDERBILT, JR., WHO WILL ENTERTAIN PRINCE HENRY MARCH 9.

YOUNG Mrs. Vanderbilt scored a decided social triumph when she secured Prince Henry for her dinner of March 9. This is the only private dinner the prince will attend, those by the president and various organizations being of an official character. Mrs. Vanderbilt was Miss Grace Wilson, and her marriage to Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr., was bitterly opposed by the late Cornelius Vanderbilt, Sr.

BROOKHOUSE FOR REID

American Representative to the Coronation Will Pay $20,000 For Rent of a London House For Six Weeks.

New York, March 5.—It now appears certain, says a London dispatch to the Herald, that Whitelaw Reid, of the American delegation at the coronation ceremonies, will take Brookhouse in Park Lane for his stay in London during the coronation. It is the residence of Lord Tweedmouth and it is stated that Mr. Reid will pay $20,000 for six weeks. Everybody is surprised to think Lord Tweedmouth would care to let his house for such a period, considering his important position in the Liberal party, and it was anticipated that Lady Tweedmouth would give several very important parties during the season.

Brookhouse is one of the finest places in Park Lane, with a splendid view over Hyde Park.

SALSBURY SENTENCED

Gets Two Years In Detroit House of Correction, Former Cashier MacLeod Receiving the Same Punishment.

Grand Rapids, Mich., March 5.—Ex-City Attorney Lant K. Salsbury and Stilson V. MacLeod were this morning sentenced by Judge Wenty in the United States circuit court. Both pleaded guilty yesterday to the violation of the banking laws in connection with carrying a fraudulent check at the old National bank of which MacLeod was formerly a teller. Salsbury was given two years at the Detroit house of correction, the limit in his case. MacLeod was given the same, although his position as an officer of the bank made the penalty for him more severe. Salsbury is also under indictment by the Cook county grand jury, Chicago, for the alleged embezzlement of a large sum from the Bartons, two Omaha millionaires. He was recently convicted in the superior court of this city of attempted bribery in connection with the municipal water supply scandal and is awaiting the action of the supreme court on that case.

CARRY NO PASSENGERS

Street Cars Are Being Run at Long Intervals at Norfolk, Va., Under the Protection of the Troops.

Norfolk, Va., March 5.—Street cars guarded by troops are running at long intervals here today, but no passengers are being carried. Four additional companies of the Seventy-first infantry have been ordered out, and this will place the entire command in the field, two battalions being already in service. The strikers were busy last night barricading the tracks, but this morning the obstructions were removed by the troops. At midnight the soldiers were called upon to disperse a mob at Church and Charlotte streets. Bayonets were used, but it is not known there were any casualties. W. B. Rudolph, Thomas Murray and Samuel Ayers, white, and Tom Jenkins, colored, were arrested before daylight this morning for tying up street car traffic at the corner of Church and Holt streets. An officer of the company stated that an attempt at dynamiting the tracks had been made, but the police denied this. The Suffolk military company arrived this afternoon, and on the same train were fifteen strike-breakers from Knoxville. These men were taken to the barn by troops. The arrival of the imported men intensified the feeling, and the situation grows graver as the day advances.

MRS. DALY OWNER OF A BANK

Butte, March 5.—A special to the Miner from Great Falls says negotiations were concluded late last night whereby Mrs. Margaret Daly becomes the owner of the First National bank, whose financial condition was jeopardized by Cashier Henry Matteson, who embezzled $170,000. Mr. Daly will pay an assessment of 60 per cent levied by the United States comptroller to cover the defalcation of the erring cashier. Matterson's shortage was made good out of the money handed over by Mrs. Daly. John D. Redmond will be president and John G. Moroney, who was formerly state bank examiner, will be cashier of the institution.

The bank has a capitalization of $200,000 and Mrs. Daly has purchased 70 per cent of the stock.

PRINCE WAS VERY TIRED

Slept Soundly While Toledo Bands Played.

Too Fatigued For Any Informal Receptions.

Cleveland, March 5.—Prince Henry was too tired to appear for any of the receptions informally tendered to him by the cities through which he passed early today in Northwestern Ohio, until his arrival in Cleveland at 9:10. He retired last night quite fatigued after a day that had made many demands upon him, and slept through until late this morning. His train, which left Milwaukee at 10:10 o'clock last night, was transferred at Chicago shortly after midnight to the tracks of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern, and left at once for Cleveland, Buffalo and Niagara.

The people of Toledo were anxious to greet the prince, and nearly 2000 of them were at the depot at 6:20 o'clock, when the special came in and stopped. They had a band and two big bouquets, and were all ready to extend the hospitable hand. They had telegraphed to the prince asking for a chance to meet him, but the telegram had miscarried and the prince was sleeping, unconscious of the reception.

The band awakened him, but it was too late then to get up. The bouquets were thrown aboard, and later in the morning the trainmen presented them to the prince. There was another crowd at Sandusky, but the prince had gotten asleep again and did not come out. He has stood his rapid, trying, swing through the country much better than many of his escorts and is well and strong.

He was tired last night, but the long refreshing sleep which he got completely restored him. There has been some apprehension aboard the train about a possible delay in New York on account of the floods, and it has been practically decided that if the train cannot be put through on the routes mapped out for it, without extended

(Continued on Page 10.)

TO PRAY FOR POTTER

Woman's Christian Temperance Union Will Offer Prayer That Bishop's Views on the Saloons May Be Changed.

New York, March 5.—Bishop Henry C. Potter will be the subject of special prayers tomorrow by the Woman's Christian Temperance union of Newark, N. J. The occasion will be the monthly all day prayer meeting and the reason for his being singled out as the object of prayer is the recent expression of his views on the Sunday saloon closing question, in a speech at Mt. Clair, N. J.

That Bishop Potter may see the temperance and Sunday saloon question in a different light will be the burden of supplications in his benalf. The announcement of the meeting says: "Bishop Potter's opinion of the temperance cause and the drunkard will be discussed and the bishop prayed for most earnestly."

OTHER VESSELS LOST

Additional Wreckage Other Than That From the Ill-Fated Condor Has Been Found Along the Vancouver Coast.

Victoria, B. C., March 5.—The steamer Queen City, which returned last evening from a trip along the west coast of Vancouver island, brings reports which go to prove that more than one vessel met with disaster during the recent gales. In the finding of the boom of the ill-fated sloop-of-war, Condor, on Long Beach, further evidence is produced to show that the vessel went to the bottom in the December storm. Further north the officers learned of other wreckage coming ashore, presumably from a sealing schooner, there being pieces of canvas and sealing boats. The Rand had reached port on the west coast and was spoken by the Queen City. Her captain reported that he had been in a blow off the Oregon coast and that his deck had been swept clear. This was too far south for the canvas and boats to be washed ashore on the Vancouver island coast so that those found on the beach must have come from another schooner. The officers of the Rand report having seen a lot of wreckage off the Columbia river, but this may have been from the little schooner R. I. Morse, which was blown up after her crew had been rescued. Other sealers arriving on the coast report having encountered severe weather. In fact, it was so bad that the season is an utter failure and the sealing combine will suffer heavy losses, as, besides getting no skins, almost every schooner will reuqire repairs.

ARMS FOR INSURGENTS

Vessel Flying German Flag Recently Landed Fourteen Hundred Mauser Rifles on the Coast of Batangas.

Victoria, B. C., March 5.—The Manila American, copies of which have just been received, says it has very good reasons for believing that recently a vessel flying the German flag landed Mauser rifles on the coast of Batangas for the use of the insurgents. It is said the shipment comprised seventy cases, or about 1400 rifles, with ammunition. The vessel was seen hovering about the coast of Mindoro for several days, finally dropping up to Batangas, almost within cannon shot of Manila, and later disappeared. About the same time a cargo of arms was landed. The destination of these weapons, the American says, can be readily imagined. The rifles can be bought in Germany and Japan for something like $13 Mexican, and they readily command $50 gold on being delivered to the insurgents.

In view of the existence of numerous recruiting stations in the district of Manila itself, the American believes these importations are serious.

RICH STRIKE IN KLONDIKE

Vancouver, March 5.—A special dispatch from Dawson tells of one of the richest finds reported for a year in the Klondike.

Richard Butler, owner of Discovery claim, on Bear creek, was about to abandon his property when he discovered an old bedrock, many feet below the first one, from which he took out $15,000 in one day. One pan of earth alone washed out $600 in gold. Other claims are now being prospected for this bedrock.

MONSTER GRANITE PILLAR

New York, March 5.—A monster pillar of granite—the largest solid piece of stone ever quarried for building purposes—will be swung into its place today sixty feet above the ground on the half completed Hall of Records, at Chambers and Center streets.

It is more than 36 feet long, 4 feet wide and two feet thick and required nearly three months to quarry. Thirty-one other stone pillars to be put in the building will be even larger. Each of the stones will cost $5000.

Crochet Quilts.

Soiled quilts from our regular stock, that must be sold. A little soap and water makes them as good as ever. A money-saving opportunity. Profits ignored.

The New Store
HENDREN & TALLANT CO

Wash Silks.

Not the half cotton kind, that is usually sold at the price, but a pure silk. Good range of patterns and colorings. This unusual quality at **25 cents** the yard.

Laces! Embroideries!!
Dainty, durable, half price.

English Torchon Laces—The biggest lace value The New Store has ever shown; 6 yards in a piece. Thursday, a piece **15c**

English Torchon Laces—an entire new lot of spring laces—excellent patterns, good qualities—yard ..... **5c and 3½c**

Embroideries—By purchasing the entire line of the jobber we secured them at very low prices—widths up to 8 in. Handsome and durable edges ..... **8c, 6c and 5c**

Linens! Domestics!
Money-saving reductions Thursday.

Standard Calicos—Blues, browns, tans, pinks—neat patterns—very desirable for wrappers or children's dresses—Thursday, a yard **4c**

Cotton Crash—Our regular 5c quality—twilled and honey comb—just the thing for tea towels—Thursday's price, a yard **3½c**

India Linons—Fine sheer quality—a cloth that will surprise you for the price we ask for it—best value we ever offered—Thursday's price, a yard **10c**

Skirts! Corsets!! Petticoats!!!
Values Worthy of Consideration.

Corsets—Broken sizes in Corsets from our regular stock, different styles—sold them at 50c, 75c and $1—Thursday your choice **25c**

Petticoats—Black mercerized Petticoats, good quality of cloth, three ruffles edged with cording—sold regularly at $1.75—at **$1.19**

Thursday Walking Skirt Special—We bought the last several dozen the manufacturer had, hence the price—a skirt that is well finished and hangs perfect—greys, blues and browns—a $5.00 Skirt—Thursday **$3.98**

Mercerized Petticoats—black only; deep accordian pleated flounce—excellent number at $1.25 .. **79c**

$5 for your choice of any 27-inch coat in the house. A few in broken sizes remain—mostly black—were $10, $12.50 and $20—choice of the lot while they last at **$5.00**

Toilet Articles!!
Necessities Lowly Priced.

Imperial Fountain Syringe, 2-quart, 75c quality, Thursday **58c**

Imperial Hot-water Bottles, 2 quarts; $1.25 quality, Thursday **98c**

Pozzoni's Face Powder, time-tried quality; 25c size, Thursday **19c**

Bay Rum Soap, 3 cakes in a box, Thursday, the box **15c**

Mennen's Talcum Powder, Thursday, the box **12½c**

Beulah Perfume, an extra value, liberal quantity; in neat bottles, with glass stopper, all odors, only **10c**

Ribbon Newness!
High Qualities Popularly Priced.

Satin Taffeta Ribbons—the popular ribbon for 1902. All colors. We stake our ribbon reputation on this number:

No.	5,	7,	9,	12,	16,	22,	40,	80.
Price,	8c,	10c,	12c,	15c,	18c,	22c,	25c,	35c.

Wash Taffeta Ribbons—A superior quality at a popular price. Nothing equals it. We invite comparison.

No.	5,	7c,	9c,	12,	16,	22,	40,
Price,	5c,	7c,	8c,	10c,	12c,	15c,	20c

No. 1½ Linen Back Velvet Ribbon—special price, a piece **12½c**

No. 1¾ Linen Back Velvet Ribbon—our special price, a piece **15c**

Carpet and Drapery Dept
MARCH CLEARANCE SALE.

Every piece of goods in our Carpet and Drapery Department from one-quarter to one-half less than regular price. The Old Cash Price Tickets are still on the goods—you can plainly see the discount we give.

25 TO 50 PER CENT DISCOUNT
—OFF OF ALL—

Carpets, Rugs, Matting, Linoleum, Oil Cloths, Lace Curtains, Draperies, Upholstery, Silkaline, Silks and Window Shades.

IRON AND BRASS BEDS.

$3.00 Beds for ... **$2.25**	$10.00 Beds for ... **$7.25**	$16.50 Beds for **$12.25**
$3.50 Beds for ... **$2.48**	$11.00 Beds for ... **$8.25**	$17.50 Beds for **$13.00**
$4.00 Beds for ... **$2.95**	$12.00 Beds for ... **$8.50**	$20.00 Beds for **$14.00**
$4.00 Beds for ... **$3.00**	$12.00 Beds for ... **$8.85**	$22.50 Beds for **$16.25**
$5.50 Beds for ... **$ 4.15**	$12.50 Beds for ... **$9.25**	$25.00 Beds for **$18.00**
$6.00 Beds for ... **$4.50**	$15.00 Beds for **$10.50**	$25.00 Beds for **$18.25**
$7.00 Beds for ... **$5.25**	$16.25 Beds for **$12.00**	$30.00 Beds for **$21.25**
$9.00 Beds for ... **$6.75**		

BOAT CLUB REMOVAL.

Plans Looking Toward It Are Being Furthered.

The Duluth Boat club is actively working on the plan to change the location of its club house to Minnesota Point below the canal. The chances for doing this are now brighter than ever. The club has several offers of sites and has the money to purchase. Bids will soon be received for the purchase or removal of the club house which is now located on railroad property on the Seventh avenue slip. If the club should find it of advantage to sell the present building, it will do so, and if it can be removed to better advantage than selling that will be done.

The sites on Park Point which the club is considering are between the canal and the life saving station.

Charge Not Sustained.

To the Editor of The Herald:

About a week ago I was arrested on complaint of Humane Officer Withrow for abusing my horses. In the News Tribune Humane Officer Withrow stated that I owned a pair of broken down horses, which were used in toting cord wood into the city, and that when my horses would not go fast enough I stabbed them with a 2-inch brad. Yesterday the case came to trial and I was discharged. Veterinary Surgeon J. D. Forsythe said on the stand that my horses are in first-class condition and that no brad had been used on them. When brought to testify, Withrow stated that he had not seen me hauling wood (which is not my business, by the way), he had not seen me stab my horses with the brad, nor had his witnesses seen me do it.

WILLIAM FLETT.

Duluth, March 5.

Graves-Manley Event.

Another game was played last evening in the Graves-Manley Agency event. Donald Morrison defeated R. D. Bradley 19 to 17. This puts Morrison in the semi-finals against R. J. MacLeod. Tonight C. F. Macdonald will play Ron Smith and the winner of the game will pass into the semi-finals against W. E. Magner. The score of the game last evening was as follows:

E. E. Johnson,	A. Haig,
J. T. Hickman,	F. Farmer,
F. A. Currier,	C. Tvedt,
D. Morrison, 19.	R. D. Bradley, 17.

WE NEED MONEY

And therefore, down goes the price of Furs.

⅓ OFF ON ALL MADE-UP FURS.

Otter Sacques—were $180—now ...	**$120**
Persian Lamb Sacques—mink trimmed collar and wide facing—made and lined in best manner—were $165—now ...	**$105**
Astrachan Sacques—were $45—now ...	**$30**
Astrachan Sacques—were $60—now ...	**$40**
Otter Sacques—were $150—now ...	**$100**
Marten Scarfs—were $15—now ...	**$10**
Marten Scarfs—long double—were $11—now ...	**$14**
Marten Scarfs—were $12—now ...	**$8**
Marten Scarfs—were $9—now ...	**$6**

Over 300 Scarfs of all kinds to select from.

H. G. GROSS, M'F'G FURRIER,

106 West Superior Street.

DULUTH NORMAL

Will In All Probability Be Opened on Sept. 1.

Three Members of the Faculty Officially Appointed.

Dr. Kline, Professor Strong and Miss Sophie Pendergast.

St. Paul, March 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—The chances are that the Duluth normal school will open Sept. 1, when the other normal schools open, but the state normal board, which held its regular meeting yesterday at the state capitol, does not care to go on record as saying that it will.

"I do not believe in fixing any more dates for the opening of the Duluth school. We have done that several times already, and the school has not yet opened. The safest course is to let events decide." So said President Akeny at yesterday's meeting. President Bohannon, of the Duluth school, announced that he had selected three members of the Duluth faculty and he would like the board to officially approve the appointments, as the instructors would hardly be willing to reject other offers unless their Duluth positions were made somewhat secure to them.

Superintendent Olsen suggested that the persons in question be elected, with the understanding that they draw their pay from the time of the school's opening, which Mr. Bohannon agreed to. The board then officially appointed Dr. L. W. Kline, Professor H. E. Strong and Miss Sophie M. Pendergast as members of the Duluth faculty. Mr. Bohannon told the board that if the school opened in September $18,000 would be available for all expenses for the year, $5000 of which would pay incidental expenses, leaving between $12,000 and $13,000 for instructors.

None of the board members could give any idea as to the progress the board of control was making in letting contracts for the furnishing of the Duluth building. President Akeny said he had heard no rumors of unusual activity on the board of control's part in the matter, and Director Phelps declared his belief that the board of control was taking more leisure than was warrantable and did not care when the Duluth school was opened.

BEGIN SOON.

Eastern Minnesota Will Commence Ore Hauling This Month.

In line with the Eastern Minnesota company's announcement that it will largely increase its ore business the coming season, comes the announcement that the company will begin hauling ore to its dock at Allouez bay the latter part of this month. This is a much earlier date for ore hauling to the head of the lakes docks than has been attempted in past years and goes to show that the Eastern Minnesota company will avail itself of every opportunity in the increase of the amount of ore handled.

It is the plan of the management to fill every pocket of the dock at Allouez bay before the boats begin running. The old dock has a capacity of about 100,000 tons. The new ore cars and engines ordered have not arrived, but it is expected that they will be here before the hauling is well under way in the spring.

Yesterday Whitney Bros., of Superior, the firm that has the sub-contract for putting in the piling for the Eastern's dock extension, doubled its crew at Allouez bay and the work will be pushed along day and night until the new dock is completed. The extension will have 100 pockets. The repair work on the engines and ore cars is also being rushed at the company's shops in West Superior and every available machinist is being hired in the effort to have the rolling equipment ready to begin the season's ore hauling at the earliest opportunity.

Cold Damp Feet Won't Give You a Cold

If you will take in time Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. E. W. Grove's signature on box.

FOR SMITH.

Movement For Minneapolis Lumberman For Governor.

Duluth Republicans who have been in St. Paul during the past week report that there is a strong undercurrent of sentiment among members of the party who are opposed to the nomination of Van Sant in favor of C. A. Smith, the wealthy Minneapolis lumberman, as the candidate for governor.

This feeling is said to exist among those that are opposed to Van Sant on personal grounds, as well as those who believe that it would be bad policy on purely theoretical grounds to renominate the governor. One reason that is urged for the nomination of Mr. Smith is that he is a friend of former Governor Lind, and it is claimed that if Smith were named by the Republicans Mr. Lind would be pretty sure not to accept the Democratic nomination against him.

It is recalled that Lind when governor, after offering the United States senatorship to succeed Cushman K. Davis to Judge Collins, tendered the office to Mr. Smith, and it was generally recognized at the time that it was because of the governor's friendship for Mr. Smith that this was done. Mr. Smith declined the tender because the appointment coming from a Democratic governor might compromise him. He has never been a seeker for office, though he has always been a large contributor to Republican campaign funds and an active private in the ranks of the party.

These are some of the considerations that Republicans who have returned from the center of politics say are weighing largely with the men who are planning to choose the next Republican candidate for governor.

Ice Bothered the Ferry.

Passengers that crossed on the ferry Estelle, to the Point yesterday, report some very exciting trips. The ice was running in from the lake and the usually open water at the bay entrance to the canal was pretty well filled with big pieces of ice that greatly hindered the ferry service. One passenger declares that the Estelle, on one trip, ran part way on top of her dock at the Point landing, her bow being lifted out of the water by the pressure of the ice floes.

WOMEN ARE ESPECIALLY LIABLE TO COLDS.

Colds Invariably Result In Catarrh Which Sets Up a Host of Distressing Diseases.

PE-RU-NA BOTH PREVENTS AND CURES A COLD—READ PROOF.



Miss Ella Pittaway, No. 35 Primrose Avenue, Ottawa, Ont., writes:

"I cannot speak too highly of Peruna as a medicine of special value during the inclement weather. I was subject to catarrh of the head and throat until I tried Peruna, and now find that a few doses taken in time invariably cures me, and also that it acts as a special preventive of throat difficulties. "It keeps me in fine health, and I value its qualities very much."

MISS ELLA PITTAWAY.

Miss Lizzie Brady, No. 47 Hoyt street, Brooklyn, N. Y., writes:

"I desire to speak in the highest terms of Peruna, the medicine which I believe is entitled to more praise than any other, and to the confidence and good will of every woman in America. Last winter I caught a severe cold, which settled all over me and as I at first paid but little attention to it, I soon found that it had a strong grip on me which no medicine could cast off. I became weak and irritable, I felt nervous and mentally and physically exhausted.

"I relished nothing I could eat, and medicine only exhausted me. In my trouble I read in the paper of Peruna, I sent for a bottle and it proved a God send to me. I improved slowly but surely, and in less than two months perfect health was restored to me."

LIZZY BRADY.

CATCHING COLD.

How Prevented—How Cured—By the Renowned Medical Author and Physician, Dr. Hartman.

There is no fact of medical science better established than that a teaspoonful of Peruna before each meal during the winter season will absolutely protect a person from catching cold. Now if this is true (and there is no doubt of it,) thousands of lives would be saved, and tens of thousands of cases of chronic catarrh prevented, by this simple precaution within reach of everyone.

After a cold has been contracted a teaspoonful of Peruna every hour will shortly cure it leaving no trace of it behind. After chronic catarrh has become established, or the first stages of consumption have been reached, it will take much longer to effect a cure. It seems strange that as well known and as well established as these facts are that anyone should neglect to profit by them, and yet no doubt there are many who pay little or no attention to them, and go on catching cold, acquiring chronic catarrh and consumption.

Mrs. Mary E. Sampson, West Derry, Rockingham County, N. H., writes.

"I had terrible headaches, both ears run and I was nervous all the time, also had trouble each month, was deaf in one ear for thirty years. I took six bottles of Peruna and one of Manalin, and am happy to say that it is the best medicine that I ever used. I am not so nervous, my appetite is good, everything I can agrees with me, and I am feeling better in every way. Since I took the second bottle of Peruna, my ears ceased to run. I think Peruna is Godsend to women and a blessing to suffering humanity."

MARY E. SAMPSON.

A Senator's Wife.

Mrs. Verona E. Roach, wife of United States Senator Roach, from North Dakota, writes:

"I can cheerfully recommend Peruna. Indeed, I know of no other remedy as good. It is a grand tonic, and many of my friends have used it for catarrh with good results."

VERONA E. ROACH,
Larimore, N. D.

Peruna can be purchased for $1.00 per bottle at all first class drug stores.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pelased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of the Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

ROTTEN ICE.

Reckless Drivers Encountering It on the Bay.

In spite of the warnings that have been given regarding the rotten condition of the ice in the bay, some of the teamsters between Duluth and Superior continue to tempt fate rather than take the bridge route.

Shortly after 8 o'clock yesterday morning a team attached to a sleigh had a narrow escape from drowning close to the interstate bridge. The rig had driven under the bridge and on a point just off the St. Paul & Western coal dock, the ice suddenly gave way under both horses and they were submerged to their heads. They would have gone clear under had not the harness attached to the sleigh offered them some support.

One of the interstate cars in charge of Conductor Alger and Motorman Sutherland, was standing on the bridge close to the scene of the accident, the car containing one or two passengers. All heard the crash as the horses went through the ice and heard the cries of the driver for help. Motorman Sutherland, quickly to the top of the car and cut off the trolley rope while Conductor Alger and two other men slid down a pole to the ice. The rope was thrown down and looped about the horses' heads while more help was summoned from the coal dock. One man crawled out on the tongue of the sleigh and freed the horses from the harness while another man, who evidently had taken horses out of the bay before directed that the nooses be drawn tight about the animals' throats to choke them for a few minutes. Their breath shut off the horses bloated quickly and rose in the water. One at a time they were pushed under quickly by the men, then as they came to the top, all hands gave a strong pull on the rope and the horse slid out on solid ice.

This method is said to be the best devised for getting horses out of the water where the adjoining ice will bear them up and the work can be accomplished more quickly and easily than by searching for heavy timbers to pry them out.

The driver of the rig that went through the ice yesterday morning refused to give his name or divulge the name of the owner of the team.

TO CURE GRIP IN TWO DAYS.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine removes the cause. E. W. Grove's signature on every box.

SUCCEEDS TORRENS.

New Superintendent Selected For Brainerd's Schools.

Brainerd, Minn., March 5.—The board of education has elected Professor T. H. Hartley, of Eden Falls, Mich., superintendent of the city schools, to succeed Professor J. L. Torrens. Mr. Hartley taught once before in the city schools and was very well liked, and it is thought all trouble in the schools will be settled by this action of the board.

FOR PEET BEDS.

Allegan, Mich., March 5.—H. T. Marsh, of Allegan county, has sold to Count Carl Kleinstuck, 300 acres of land in Martin township, which the count intends putting into peet beds. This will be an entirely new industry for this country.

"I owe my whole life to Burdock Blood Bitters. Scrofulous sores covered my body. I seemed beyond cure. B. B. B. has made me a perfectly well woman." Mrs. Charles Hutton, Berville, Mich.

TONNAGE TAX DEAD

(Continued From Page 1.)

claimed that it could not be patched up this way. It was also claimed that the assessing officers would be easy and not enforce the law to the letter, but this claim was disposed of by the attorneys as weak and illogical. Furthermore, one of them showed that the threat of such a tax would scare capital away, even if it was not pushed. The arguments along these lines had marked effect, and after the hearing one senator said to another: "Say, I am beginning to believe this isn't such a good bill as Jake said it was."

Meanwhile the house was up against a hard proposition in the constitutional amendments which are expected from the legislature. The set presented by the house judiciary committee came up yesterday afternoon, and it was discussed until adjournment time without a vote being taken. Mr. Alley, of Wright county, offered a set of amendments to the proposed constitutional amendments that precipitated an argument for and against a wide-open policy on tax legislation. The amendments submitted by the majority of the judiciary committee bind the legislature to an equal tax on all property based on a cash valuation except in two instances. These are on mortgages, which are to be taxed at not more than 25 per cent of the income from them, and on public service corporations' franchises, which are to be assessed on the gross earnings of the companies, the rates to be graded and fixed by the legislature, and the taxes to be divided as other taxes are apportioned. The Alley amendments, representing the sentiment of the majority of the judiciary committee, simply require that taxes on the same classes of property shall be equal, and leave the whole subject of taxation open to be handled by the legislature as it sees fit. Under this system the legislature could place different taxes on every class of property in the state if it saw fit. From the trend of the argument it seemed probable that the Alley amendments would be adopted, and that the constitutional amendments in that form would be passed. If they are, there will be another fight in the senate upon them, and it may be several days before this point is settled.

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W. W. Dunn, of Ramsey county, led the fight for the committee set of amendments, and the minority substitute was championed by Jacobson, James A. Peterson, C. W. Armstrong and others. The friends of the wide-open policy said that there was little difference between the committee's amendments and the present constitution, and if passed they would not open the way for the tax reform that is needed in the state. The advocates of the majority report argued that it was dangerous to leave the subject at the mercy of legislatures, and that the best way to do was to bind legislation, and let in classes of property that should be excepted from the general rule by enumerating them in the constitution, as the majority report did with mortgages and franchises. Otherwise, they feared, the people would be afraid of the amendments and vote them down.

• • •

Sherman Smith's bill for a constitutional convention failed of passage in the house yesterday afternoon. It got sixty-eight affirmative votes and there were twenty-nine negative votes. Under the constitution the bill requires two-thirds of either body for passage, or eighty votes in the house. Mr. Smith voted against his own bill when he saw how the vote was going, in order that he might move for reconsideration. He moved a reconsideration later, and when this carried he got the bill placed at the head of the house calendar for consideration today.

• • •

Mr. Allen, of Fillmore county, tried to get a resolution in yesterday afternoon fixing Saturday as the date for the adjournment of the legislature, but Mr. Roberts, of Hennepin county, objected, and the resolution did not get in. This is the first attempt that has been made to fix a time for adjournment.

• • •

The money is all gone, however, and adjournment must come soon. There is about enough left of the original appropriation of $40,000 to last through today, and the legislature will doubtless have to make another appropriation in a day or two.

• • •

Mr. Burry's bill permitting Lake county to bond itself for a jail, went through the house yesterday afternoon, and Lake county will probably have a new jail this summer. The law as it stood permitted counties to bond themselves for court houses, but not for jails, and Mr. Burry had it amended so as to include jails.

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The flurry of action that enabled Mr. Jacobson, of Lac Qui Parle, to rush his tax bill through the house in less than three hours and a half last week, is spent, and the reaction that has followed may injure rather than help the astute gladiator of the house. The feeling that they have been duped so permeates the members of the house, that they will be rather suspicious of Mr. Jacobson for the balance of the session, and he could not push another bill through like that during the balance of the session. If the senate cuts out the tonnage tax from the Jacobson bill, the house will undoubtedly concur in the amendment.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

Ladies' Spring Suits



New, nobby Spring Suits in all colors. The latest style cut and fit guaranteed. If not quite ready, why not come in and make your selection (a small payment down secures it) and have it laid away for you. Our terms are so reasonable that there is no reason why you should go without a suit—

$12, $16, $18, $20, $25

Walking Skirts.

Those Short Skirts are nothing else than a genuine blessing to the average woman. These are just the thing for sloppy days. A small investment will secure a lot of comfort.....**$4, $5, $6, $8, $10, $12**

A Small Payment Down and Balance Weekly.

Gately Supply Co.

Open Saturday till 10:30. 8 East Superior Street. Open Saturday till 10:30.

HANAN SHOES

for Women who want the Best.



The Hanan Shoe is the one worn and endorsed by the fashionable world and is sold in Duluth only by

M. S. Burrows

Fine Footwear for Men, and Women.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Samuel E. Boorham and Anna M. Blair.
Blebobre Chapert and Josephine Peterson.
William Miller and Adella Maggard.
Edward H. Harris and Clara E. Allen.

Open day and night. New 'Phone 1358.
FLOOD & HORGAN,
Undertakers and Embalmers,
730 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

HOME GROWN FLOWERS, Floral Designs and Lodge Emblems. Wedding Decorations made on short notice. Largest Greenhouses. FISCHEN BROS, 129 W. Superior St. Both Phones.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

NOT STICKY, GREASY, GUMMY OR disagreeable, but perfuming, exquisitely dainty, describes Satin-Skin Cream. 25c.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 21 East Sup. St.

Smoke Duluth Herald cigar 5 cents.

Parlor theater. Vaudeville's latest hits.

Prince Henry will have only one regret—that he won't be enabled to get his wardrobe cleaned at Kelly's.

Elks. Thursday night—Consideration of committee reports. Important.

The Duluth commandery No. 18, Knights Templars, elected the following officers last night: W. B. Patton, eminent commander; Jesse Norton, generalissimo; John T. Black, captain general; J. D. Titcomb, senior warden; G. A. Eaton, junior warden; Cook Ely, prelate; J. B. Johnson, treasurer; A. LeRicheux, recorder.

The Bennett news stand has moved into new quarters at 212 West Superior street, taking the building formerly occupied by the Duluth Van company.

George H. and Katherine Gamble have sold to the Mashek Lumber company for $600, the pine timber on tracts of land owned by them in section 23-56-17, sections 1 and 2-55-18, 25-56-18, 31-56-18 and 36-56-18.

A. Fitger and Percy S. Ameke have leased from William A. and Grace Henderson, the easterly half of lot 107, block 17, Duluth Proper, Third division, for twenty years from March 1, 1902. The lessees undertake to erect a two-story brick building to cost at least $3000, and to pay $500 a year for the first five years, $750 during the second five years; $800 for a third period and $1000 during the forthwith period.

Lisi Kotha's marriage was contracted in Utah, and it was not attended with bright promises, for less than a year afterward her husband William, according to her complaint abandoned her, and she has known nothing of his whereabouts since. The marriage was solemnized in the village of Scofield, Carbon county, in the Mormon state. She asks the district court to grant her an absolute divorce. D. M. Devore is her attorney.

H. A. Dancer as referee has filed a report in district court that he has sold to J. L. Washburn lots 3 and 4, block 13; lots 2, 3 and 4, block 11-52-14, containing 150¾ acres, for $1500. The property was involved in a suit begun by Rollin A. Steward et ux against the Security Investment company.

Information of insanity against Charles Ericson, of this city, has been filed with Judge Bonham, by County Physician Graham. The examination will be held tomorrow morning.

A. C. Wead, of Negaunee, Mich., deputy organizer of the National Protective Legion, a fraternal society, arrived in the city this morning to look after the interests of a lodge of 157 members that was instituted here about eight months ago. Mr. Wead, who is stopping at 509½ West Michigan street, has not yet been able to find any of the members.

Parlor theater. Great big show.

Something new in photography. New ground floor. Studio 223 West Second street.

Dinner will be served by the ladies at the First M. E. church, Thursday, March 6, from 5:30 to 7:15 p. m.

Miss Della Maggard and William Miller were married last evening at the home of the bride, 528 West First street. The ceremony was performed by Rev. S. P. Long.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. J. H. Upham and Mr. and Mrs. T. J. C. Fagg have returned from a trip through the South.

Miss Helen McKay left this morning for Tacoma for a visit.

William F. Draper, Mrs. Draper and daughter left this morning for Spokane, where he will engage in the lumber business. Mr. Draper until recently was secretary of the Scott-Graff Lumber company.

A. Kane, of Hibbing, is a guest at the St. Louis.

F. B. Poole, of Cloquet, is at the Spalding.

W. S. Taylor came up from Appleton this morning. He is at the Spalding.

H. C. Bailey, northern passenger agent of the Louisville & Nashville, is in town today.

Louis Rouchleau will leave over the Omaha this afternoon for California.

Thomas Walters, of Ishpeming, arrived at the Spalding this morning.

E. O. Dalzell, the Cloquet lumberman, is in town today.

J. S. Smith goes to Chicago this afternoon on the Fast Mail.

Mrs. A. D. Thomson went to St. Paul today via the Eastern.

Hugh Riley, Charles Carlson and W. E. Pearce are a trio of Hibbing men who are at the St. Louis.

C. S. Pollock returned this morning from a trip through the eastern part of his district. He had intended to go to Chicago, but it is reported that a check was put to his expanding tendencies.

C. A. Parker will leave over the Northern Pacific tonight for Fargo.

John T. Jones arrived at the St. Louis this morning from Iron Mountain. He is accompanied by Mrs. Jones.

F. W. Norton will leave over the South Shore this evening for Houghton.

L. T. Powell is in St. Paul attending a banquet of the Southern society of the Twin Cities.

ALLEN-HARRIS.

A quiet wedding occurred today at high noon at the residence of Principal Charles A. Smith of the high school, 21 Hunter's Park. The contracting parties were Miss Clara E. Allen, who has grown up in Mr. Smith's family in Princeton, Ill., and Edward D. Harris, a leading hardware merchant of the same place.

The ceremony was performed under a bower of green decorated with scarlet geraniums. The bride wore a gown of pearl gray crepe de chine, trimmed with white lace and silk applique and carried a bunch of bride's roses. The attendants as maids of honor were the little daughters of Principal and Mrs. Smith, Misses Della and Katharine, neatly clad in white mulle.

Rev. R. A. Montgomery of the Glen Avon Presbyterian church performed the ceremony. The only guests were Mrs. Fanny R. Smith and daughter, Miss Lucy, of Princeton, Ill., who have been spending the winter with Mr. and Mrs. Smith, and Mrs. Montgomery, wife of the officiating clergyman.

After the ceremony an elaborate dinner was served, and the bridal party left on the afternoon train for Chicago, where they will stay a short time and then proceed to Princeton, Ill., where they will make their future home.

London, March 5.—Leonard Lewisohn, the New York banker, died of pneumonia today, at the residence of his son-in-law, Charles Henry, in this city.

RETIRES.

Miss Florence A. Coffin, senior clerk in the registry department of the United States land office, in this city, has tendered her resignation, to take effect March 1. She will remain and fulfil the duties of the position until her successor is appointed. Miss Coffin withdraws from the government office to enter the business of her brother, H. W. Coffin, dealer in timber lands, whose office is in the Manhattan building.

BIDS ARE LARGE

The proposals for dredging in the Portage lake canal, Keweenaw Point, Michigan, were opened by Capt. D. D. Gaillard, United States engineer, this afternoon. The amount of money available for the improvement is about $44,000 and the amount proposed to be expended on the work is about $40,000. All of the bids exceeded these amounts. The lowest bid for the work was $45,470, by James Pryor, of Houghton, Mich., and the highest bid was for $75,060, by the J. P. & J. A. Smith company, of Cleveland, Ohio. The range of prices for the work in the five districts was from 10 cents to 19 cents per cubic yard. Capt. Gaillard will forward the bids to Washington, with his recommendations, where the award will be made.

The other bids were as follows:

Buffalo Dredging company, of Buffalo, N. Y., $70,480; Duluth Dredge & Dock company, $48,030; Samuel O. Dixon, Milwaukee, Wis, $71,750.

A feature somewhat unusual with the opening here of bids for United States government work, was the presence on the ground of representatives of outside companies, the Buffalo Dredging company, the L. P. & J. A. Smith company and the James Pryor company.

BUYING STONE HERE.

William Jennings Bryan has reciprocated the interest that has been taken locally in his presidentia, campaigns by buying stone here for a handsome new home which he is buildign in Lincoln, Neb. The stone is now being shipped.

Mr. Bryan is said to have been greatly charmed on the occasion of his frequent visits to uiuth with the architectural effects obtained here by the use of Lake Superior brown stone. Consequently, when his newspaper enterprise had attained such profitable proportions that he felt able to build a new home, he called for designs that would include Duluth stone. Several carloads will be required.

Enterprising Manufacturers.

The Duluth Cigar company have now got a man working in the window of Lundberg & Stone making clear Havana cigars, and offering $100 forfeit on every one proven not clear Havana.

TOO MANY OF THEM

Range Saloonkeepers Are Organized to Fight Blind Pigs.

Their Census Shows Existence of 475 on the Ranges.

Cannot Stand the Competition and Propose to Fight Them.

The illegal liquor business is flourishing in St. Louis county.

In the iron range towns and villages there are 475 "blind pigs," as compared with 240 licensed saloons.

The illicit liquor sellers are becoming so numerous that the range saloon men have organized to protect legitimate business, and as the result of this organization and the information obtained through it, the grand jury may take up the campaign against unlicensed places.

The census of "blind pig" establishments was taken by the Mesaba and Vermilion range detective bureau, which has headquarters in Virginia.

The bureau was organized by the 240 licensed saloon keepers to protect themselves against the encroachments of these unlicensed.

The illegal liquor sellers not only outnumber the regular saloon men by a ratio of two to one, but they escape paying the $500 required of all towns and villages under 10,000 population. This enables them to sell good brands of liquor cheaper than the regular saloon proprietors.

It is further said that the "blind pig" operators do not hesitate to sell very poisonous and bad whisky at rates charged ordinarily for the very best grades.

For some time past the Mesaba and Vermilion range detective bureau has been collecting evidence against the illegal liquor men, and now it not only has the 475 joints located, but it is said it is in a position to give very damaging testimony against some of the most promising and poular "joints."

The officers of the Mesaba and Vermilion range detective bureau are D. C. Christopher, secretary and treasurer; W. D. Bestow, chief and collector, and C. J. Lupy, attorney.

A prominent saloon man from Virginia was in the city today and when he heard that the grand jury was in session said that he hoped most sincerely that they would take up the illicit saloon business.

"The iron range towns are getting a bad name through these blind pig joints," said he, "and the thing has reached such a stage that a decent saloonkeeper cannot do a strictly legitimate business and make expenses when thrown into competition with these dives.

"They are open at all hours of the day and night. Gambling and women are their strong suits. The saloon men that pay the $500 license may endeavor to keep orderly places, but if the other places increase as they have recently it will be impossible for us to make a living if we have to do it honestly.

"Another thing—the blind piggers manage to get locations close to the mines or the lumber camps—locations which could not be obtained for saloon purposes if there was anything open about the deal. In this way they pull away trade from the men that are paying the county for protection in that line of business.

"County Attorney McClintock has at various times made a good fight against the blind piggers, and for which he has made some strong enemies among the toughest class of citizens in the county. He has been doing good work and all that we ask is that the grand jury help him out a little."

Boys' Flannel Waists.

In sizes—4 to 15 years—at 25c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50. C. W. ERICSON, The Clothier.

BELONGED HERE

Dr. Sewell, of Two Harbors, says that the Duluth health authorities have no ground for complaint about the smallpox patient driven in from Two Harbors to this city last Friday.

He says that the patient's name is John Holmquist and that he contracted the smallpox in O'Brien's lumber camp in St. Louis county and that he should never have been considered a Lake county patient.

Dr. Sewell further says that St. Louis county is no more a dumping ground for Lake county smallpox cases than Lake county is for St. Louis county.

Frequently patients that should be cared for in one county are cared for by another but as the exchange is about even very little attention is paid to it.

The local authorities when acquainted with Dr. Sewell's explanation, said that they did not see that it altered the case any. It is further claimed locally that the case of smallpox developed in a private contract hospital and not in the lumber camp.

As to the patient's suffering during his 45-mile drive through the blizzard, Dr. Sewell says that Holmquist was warmly wrapped in blankets and "in a covered ambulance and did not suffer any more than he would have under ordinary circumstances.

IN CONGRESS.

Washington, March 5.—At the conclusion of routine business in the senate today, consideration was begun of the bill making appropriations for legislative, executive and judicial expenses. This is the second of the big supply bills of the government to be taken up by the senate. The reading of the bill was concluded at 2 p. m., all the committee amendments having been agreed to without debate. The bill was passed without division.

In the house, the conference report of the pension appropriation bill was called up. After a brief debate the report was adopted. The senate amendments to the bill to extend the time for the redemption of internal stamps were disagreed to, and the bill was sent to conference.

The house then resumed consideration of the bill to classify the rural free delivery service and place the carriers under the contract system.

Philadelphia, March 5.—Congressman R. K. Polk, of the Seventeenth Pennsylvania district, died suddenly in this city last night, of paralysis. Mr. Polk, who had been a sufferer from the affliction for sometime came here last Monday from Washington for treatment. Yesterday afternoon he went to a massage parlor for treatment and died in the establishment.

"Children and Fools"



This is particularly applicable in cases where persons seriously troubled from the effects of coffee drinking and who take up Postum Food Coffee in its place, attempt to make the new beverage with a little hot water and two or three minutes' boiling. That sort of a "lick and a promise" produces a drink that is simply exasperating. It is flat and tasteless, whereas the person who will boil the Postum fully fifteen minutes after the actual bubbling and boiling begins, will have a beverage that is something.

There is a point between twelve and fifteen minutes of boiling, when the character of Postum is changed, the food value is extracted and the delicious flavor which much resembles the milder and more expensive grades of Java coffe is produced.

A lady in Salem, Ore., says: "Whenever I drank coffee at night, I always passed a restless, wakeful night. Extreme nervousness and a weak stomach have followed me ever since I have been using coffee. Finally I got into such a state that my dyspepsia took the form of spasms and heart weakness.

"I suffered intensely, and when a physician was called, he inquired, among other things, if I drank coffee and insisted that I leave it off. I did so and took up tea, which I found almost as bad. Finally husband brought home a package of Postum, and we tried it (strictly according to directions, for we believe in the adage that 'Children and fools judge of a thing half done.')

"The new coffee was delicious and from that day until now (which is a year) it has been our only drink at meals. My dyspepsia, spasms, etc., are things of the past. My husband had suffered some years past with bilious headaches and indigestion, but during the past year, on Postum Food Coffee, he has entirely recovered his health and gained much in weight. Our friends frequently comment on our improved appearance and change in complexion." Name of writer supplied by Postum company, Battle Creek, Mich.

Silberstein & Bondy Co. | *Silberstein & Bondy Co.*



Early Spring openings continue

Snow storms and snappy cold days may come, but they can't stop the steady onward march of Easter, less than four weeks from now, will see the fashionable world in all its glory of dress, and during the four weeks needles will fly and brains will busily work out the dresses—not only for spring, but for summer.

Once more we say that we are ready with everything—materials, silks, dress goods, trimmings, etc.

HINTS OF THE NEW STYLES:

Les Modes Pompadour, revived in Paris because of the exquisite costumes worn in the play, "Madame de Pompadour," which is now running there, seem to give the best idea we have had so far of what styles in general will be. The sleeves seem to be the part of the dress most affected by this epoch.

Some of the prettiest dresses that we have are made of tucks, and one which surpasses all the rest is made of layers of Liberty satin and exquisite white embroidery. All of the waists fit in the back, and all of them blouse in front. Some have yokes (under revers) of heavy and rich laces. Some are made entirely of lace squares, or lace squares next squares of embroidered lawn. Others are made of tucks running in a thousand different ways, yet fitting the form and blousing in front.

The skirts are as a rule plain. They may have flounces or may be without flounces; but something, either embroidery or lace in incrustations of some sort, breaks the length of the skirt just below the knee; once, twice and three times. Some of the skirts are finished at the bottom with old-fashioned quillings.

The prettiest sleeves are fancy—all the sleeves are fancy, nearly. One is tucked about three inches from the shoulder in the back and then slashed, opening over pleated chiffon, which is appliqued with exquisite lace, and falls in a puff to the cuff, which is deep and rather close-fitting. The outer sleeve is tucked all over; the under sleeve is tucked, too.

Where lace is used on the dress and the bodice finished at the waist with a sash (the sash being not wider than five inches and of very soft crushable satin-faced ribbon), the ends of the sash are finished with the lace used on the gown.

Box pleats are very much used indeed, particularly on the lower flounce of skirts; but the rippling flounce is lighter and, perhaps, prettier. All of the dress goods have in them an adaptability necessary for such dresses. Voiles, veilings and camel's hair grenadines are very much seen in the prettiest models, and in the cotton dress goods everything that is soft and beautiful is used.

SILKS.

The old-fashioned striped taffetas are back, and the prettiest little gowns in the world are made of them. They are not tailor-made suits, but dresses incrusted with lace, and with straps of broadcloth—just the reverse of last year's styles.

Blouse waists are going to be a tremendous feature this spring, and are made of either silks, such as those with white centers and plaid borders, or of lace and silk combined; or of cotton stuffs, sheer and exquisite. Many of them are wonders of tucks.

There never were such practical silks and such exquisite designs—designs that flash out at you from under the design your eye first sees; silks that keep surprising you—that make you look for the hidden beauty rather than for the surface beauty; and the dress goods are every whit as exquisite in their way.

New Corsets.

Spring Arrivals.

When you consider that the corset is the actual foundation of the clothes you put on, that on its cut and spring and fit depend the good or bad looks of everything you wear, it is remarkable that even more women don't wear fine ones.

More and more are wearing finer all the time. Plenty of women who were content with $1 corsets three years ago are wearing $3 and $4 corsets now, and find it pays—for expensive Corsets wear better than inexpensive, several times over.

We consider the "REDFERN" one of the finest models made. The work is done in this country by French workpeople, who were brought to this country by the "Redfern" company, and are made from the finest materials that can be got—but that isn't all. The corsets themselves are full of fine lines, and have that illusive something which makes all the difference between a fine Corset and a Corset that isn't fine. Redferns—$2.50, $3.50, $4.00, $5.00 and $6.00.

We also have the best models in "La Veda" Corsets, which are exact copies of high-priced French Corsets. Some people who have worn "La Vedas" won't have any others.

Then, in the popular-priced Corsets we show the best models, in the following well-known makes:

The "AMERICAN LADY." We believe it to be the best popular-priced corset on the market; the newest models—$1.00, $1.50 and $2.50.

R. & G. Corsets—New spring models, at $1.00, $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50.

W. B. Corsets—New spring models—$1.00 to $2.50.

Warner's "Rust Proof"—New Spring models, $1.00 to $2.50.

Silk Waists

For Spring.

The trend of spring fashions seems to be toward soft, clinging things, and in silks this means Liberty Satin, Peau de Cygne, Peau de Sole and Louisine.

But Taffeta is still very popular for silk waists, as a glance over the new arrivals will soon tell you.

One of the prettiest Spring ideas is of Black or colored Taffeta, with good-sized silk loops, of half-crescent shape, running across the front—$6.75.

Another is of Peau de Sole, with self-colored embroidery running down each side of the vest front—$6.75. Both of these have the Gibson back.

Another very pretty style is of white Peau de Cygne, with self-colored dots all over the waist and the yoke trimmed with narrow embroidery, which gives it a very effective appearance—$8.75.

These are but three styles out of possibly thirty. Nearly all colors, $3.90 to $18.00.

Women's Tailored Suits.

We're ready for spring. Suits heavy enough to put on today, or light enough for summer. Both weights are here.

But the tailor-made suits are fancy this spring. Most of the skirts have ruffles or flounces; and where the flounce is deep in the back, dropping in front, very often a panel runs straight down the front to the hem, the flounce stopping to the right and left of the panel.

The jackets are blouse and Eton effects generally, and some are lined with delicate colors or white, so that they can be worn over evening waists.

It is only fair to say that towards Easter we shall be extremely busy with alterations, so that the earlier you can buy your Easter Suit, the better for all concerned.

At $15.00—There is a little suit of Etamine with double-breasted blouse jacket—taffeta lined; the skirt has seven gores and graduated flounce.

At $21.50—A very pretty suit of Etamine cloth, with an Eton jacket. The jacket and skirt are trimmed with bands of Moire, and a band of Moire runs around the jacket and sleeves; the skirt has seven gores, with a graduated flounce, tan and grey.

At $25.00—A splendid quality black Cheviot Suit, neatly tailored—all silk lined, jacket and skirt and fits perfectly.

The "GIBSON SUIT" bids fair to be a great success. You must see it to know how beautiful it is—$28.50 and $50.00.

Women's Spring Jackets—All the jackets are short, which is most convenient, and right in line with the little blouse jackets that often form the basques and bodices of dresses this spring.

Covert Cloth is one of the favorite materials, though whipeord is used a good deal; and tan and mode are the best colors. The shoulders are all broad; some of them are padded to make them look square. The sleeves are plain. Some have cuffs of velvet which turn back, and others are simply stitched at the wrist.

Nearly all have linings to match the cloth, though a few come in changeable silks or white. White is very good because it can be worn over the most delicate bodice, and these delicate bodices are going to be a great feature this spring. Nearly all have pockets; nearly all have horn buttons; some have cloth collars and some have velvet collars. Many of them carry the seam up through the dart over the shoulder and down the back.

Prices—$7.00, $10.50, $12.00 and up to $22.50.

Spring Styles for Girls—Tailor-made Suits for little girls were something of an experiment last year, and not always successful, either. But this year makers have done their best to keep the styles youthful and girlish, yet strictly tailor-made.

One of the best things we know of for older girls is our new $10 suit of Broadcloth. The flare skirt is lined with percaline, the jacket has a shallow yoke in the back and strapped seams. Ages 10, 12 and 14.

Dress Goods and Silks....

The New Materials—The stamp of fashion seems to favor the soft, clinging materials, and the finer and more exquisite the weave the more popular it becomes. Just now the Voiles, Etamines and Grenadines seem to supersede all others. The Voiles, coming in all the delicate as well as the darker shadings—pastelle blue, rose, tan, French grey, etc.—being the most desirable and yet the most substantial fabrics, are being bought largely, a favorite being a new "panne" cloth, something like a broadcloth, but with a much finer surface. It comes in tan, dark blue, French grey and brown.

Next in demand are the Venetians and Broadcloths, in all of which the light shadings are most in demand. Taken altogether the dress goods of this season are more lovely than ever and show an elegance in finer effects far beyond any preceding season.

In the Silk Section—The new Satin Liberty is superseding all others, both in style and richness of coloring; then again the patterns are neater and smaller in design than last season. The finer grades show fine seeded effect beneath the usual two-toned design. They will be worn a great deal more this season than in any preceding year, the handsome appearance and softness of texture and coloring making them a suitable material for all dress garments. The wash silks are in greater demand, the finer colorings shown this season making them almost as desirable as taffetas; then, again, though better than last year in both appearance and quality, the price is not increased.

NEW MOIRE SILKS—Everyone who is at all posted on the new modes for spring is aware that these silks are to be worn extensively by the ultra fashionable set. The demand is evidently larger than the supply, as they are at present very scarce. Our Mr. Silberstein, who is at present in the East, was fortunate in securing for us a beautiful line, which we have lately opened and put on sale. The colors are in reseda greens, light blues, hello mais, Alpine blue, white, cream and black. They are in an elegant quality of the Antique Velour and are priced very reasonably—at $1.50 a yard. In the blacks they will be very popular for skirts, and the colors and whites will be largely used for waists and garnitures.

New Plain Dress Goods.

Some of the plain stuffs, the exact opposite of the Paris novelties, are here and ready to be looked at. The novelties are for five people out of a hundred. These are for the other ninety-five.

WOOL PEAU DE SOIE—Colors old rose, castor, brown, blue and garnet—85c the yard.

52-INCH MELTONS—For tailor-made suits; grays, blues, tans and browns, melange effects—$1.00 the yd.

HOP-SACKINGS—Melange effects—very stylish—in light grays, blues and castors—$1.00 the yard.

CANVAS CLOTHS—Stylish and serviceable, for suits or skirts—navy, brown and castor—$1.50 the yard.

PLAIN ETAMINES—All fancy and staple shades—$1.00, $1.25, $1.50 and $2.00 the yard.

FRENCH PRUNELLAS—In several handsome qualities—special attention is called to a line at $1.35 in garnet, tan, brown, navy and castor.

HEAVY SKIRTINGS—The best assortment at the head of the lakes—4c to $2.75 the yard.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

DEATH OF A HERMIT

Body Found In Secluded Cabin Where Life Was Spent.

Eccentric Nancy Handy Probably a Victim to Starvation.

Dog, Chickens and Pig Were Her Only Companions.

Cincinnati, March 5.—In a squalid hut, which nestles among the hills of Franklin county, Indiana, an old woman died the other day, alone, friendless and unattended. Her death is now being investigated by the officials of that county, because of certain circumstances connected with it.

The name of the unfortunate old woman was Nancy Handy, and she was practically a woman hermit. Her cabin was built of logs in the pioneer days of that section, which is but a few miles northwest of Harrison, this county. She was a rosy-cheeked lass when she first crossed the threshold of the hut, and in it she spent the remainder of her life.

The cabin squats on a hillside, and is surrounded by a few acres of ground, which furnished the old woman the actual necessities of life.

She was not desirous of receiving company, and held herself aloof from her neighbors. The latter were kindly disposed and hospitable, but she would accept no favors from them. With her own hands she tilled the soil, chopped her wood and attended to other duties. Occasionally she would visit the village of Harrison, and these occurrences were red-letter days in her existence. Her sole companions were a dog, two or three chickens and a pig. The dog and the chickens occupied the cabin with her, and the pig was sometimes received with hospitality into the cabin. Nancy Handy was a queer character, and no one can tell what caused her to adopt this lonely mode of life. She was fearless, and as far as known was never troubled by any person on evil bent, although it was current talk in the vicinity that the cabin sheltered a hoard of money. The winter was a hard one on the old woman. Her store of provisions ran low, and she had great trouble in making both ends meet. Last Monday the old woman disappeared. Neighbors thought she had abandoned the cabin at last and had gone to live with relatives, where a welcome would certainly be vouchsafed her.

Three days passed, and then the neighborhood was aroused. It had been learned that the old woman had not gone to live with relatives. The prosaic community had a mystery to solve.

A search for her was made, and then it was suggested that the house be entered. This was done last Thursday, and the fears of the searchers were realized. On the filthy bed was lying the emaciated form of the old woman. There was a smile upon her lips. In the open fireplace in one end of the room were lying some charred embers of wood. There was no fresh fuel lying near. The room was in disorder. Under the bed upon which rested the corpse was the half-starved dog. It growled and showed its teeth when approached. Walking about the room were the chickens. Appearances indicated the death of the strange old woman had been caused by starvation, but even when suffering for food she had made no effort to appease her hunger by killing the chickens which had been her friends. There were no marks of violence about the body, but nevertheless the cause of her demise will be fully investigated.

HILL NOT IN IT.

Knows Nothing of Trans-Continental Railway.

New York, March 5.—James J. Hill, president of the Northern Securities company, is quoted by the Journal of Commerce as saying he knows nothing of the new trans-continental railway line with a Pacific terminal at Eureka, Cal. The plans of the line were given out here some time ago by Lord Thurlow, of England, and recently at Chicago. Mr. Hill is further quoted as having said that so far as he was concerned there was nothing in the report; that he did not even recall where the Eureka terminal was, and that he had no negotiations of any kind with Lord Thurlow or George H. Proctor.

The Oldest and Best.

S. S. S. is a combination of roots and herbs of great curative powers, and when taken into the circulation searches out and removes all manner of poisons from the blood, without the least shock or harm to the system. On the contrary, the general health begins to improve from the first dose, for S. S. S. is not only a blood purifier, but an excellent tonic, and strengthens and builds up the constitution while purging the blood of impurities. S. S. S. cures all diseases of a blood poison origin, Cancer, Scrofula, Rheumatism, Chronic Sores and Ulcers, Eczema, Psoriasis, Salt Rheum, Herpes and similar troubles, and is an infallible cure and the only antidote for that most horrible disease, Contagious Blood Poison.

A record of nearly fifty years of successful cures is a record to be proud of. S. S. S. is more popular today than ever. It numbers its friends by the thousands. Our medical correspondence is larger than ever in the history of the medicine. Many write to thank us for the great good S. S. S. has done them, while others are seeking advice about their cases. All letters receive prompt and careful attention. Our physicians have made a life-long study of Blood and Skin Diseases, and better understand such cases than the ordinary practitioner who makes a specialty of no one disease.

SSS We are doing great good to suffering humanity through our consulting department, and invite you to write us if you have any blood or skin trouble. We make no charge whatever for this service.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

A Snap in—

Women's Wool Waists.

A small lot of broken sizes in Women's all wool Tricot Waists to be closed out Thursday. Latest styles, plain back, tucked front, Bishop sleeves, full blouse with stock collars in light and medium colorings. These waists actually sold for $1.50. We must sell the last of them—Thursday—choice... 89c

89c

Special Sale on

Embroideries and Laces.

At 10c—Choice Nainsook Embroideries, 3 to 9 inches wide and worth up to 20c per yard—choice Thursday per yard **10c**

At 5c—Val. and Torchon Laces—widths from 2½ to 5 inches, new pretty patterns—actual values 8c to 12c a yard—choice Thursday—per yard **5c**

SILK HEADQUARTERS AT THE HEAD OF THE LAKES

Freimuth's

GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

Soap Sale—Drug Dept.

Castile Soap—White or Olive Oil—full ¼-lb cakes, worth 10c cake—6 cakes for 25c or each.. **5c**

Kirk's Toilet Soap—Daintily scented Russian Rose, Lily or Lilac, 3 cakes in box, worth 15c, at **10c**

Kirk's Witch Hazel Soap—Very fine for hands or toilet, finely scented—Thursday 6 cakes for 25c, or per cake **5c**

Kid Gloves for Women.

2-clasp Suede Gloves, in all the stylish shades, all sizes, as good a glove as can be bought in the city of Duluth for $1—Thursday's special—a pair.. **89c**

New Spring DRESS GOODS.

An attractive showing that includes the new Spring Fabrics in black and all the correct colorings and effects. Prices in every instance unusually low for the high grade qualities represented. These for Thursday:

Venetian Cloth, 50 inches wide—large assortments of the new and stylish colorings for dressy tailor-made suits—a yard..... **$1.50**

Egypta Etamine, 46 inches wide—very thin and sheer, exquisite colorings, bought to sell for $1.00; Thursday, per yard **89c**

London Twine Etamine, 44 inches wide—we guarantee this cloth to give best satisfaction and wear; exact copy of the $3.00 and $4.00 fabrics—per yard **$1.25**

Natty Wool Waistings—Our showing of the new Wool Waistings excites the admiration of all; including the new Pompadour stripe so much wanted just now—a yard **75c**

Great Sale of HOSIERY For Thursday.

Children's 15c and 18c quality Ribbed Hose, fast black, natural heel and toe—Thursday per pair—only **12½c**

Children's Wool Hosiery—Natural heel and toe, ribbed top, all sizes up to 8½—regular 20c and 22c values—Thursday—per pair **13c**

Women's Wool Hosiery—Natural merino heel and toe, ribbed top, well worth 20c—Thursday per pair only **15c**

Women's Fancy Lace Lisle Hosiery—In plain and fancy colors, small neat designs—the lot is small and would be regularly sold at 35c per pair—our our every-day price has been 25c a pair—to close this lot Thursday at **15c**

Women's Silk Fleeced Hosiery—This assortment includes lace lisle and plain cotton stockings, Hermsdorf dye—high spliced heels and toes—double sole—some ribbed tops—absolutely the best value ever offered—Thursday, per pair **25c**

Handsome Silks

FOULARD SILKS—Many exclusive styles and weaves ready for your choosing. We cannot too strongly impress upon you the necessity of an early selection. In many cases the quantity is limited to only one dress pattern of a kind, so that designs are quite exclusive. You cannot afford to make your purchases before inspecting this handsome collection.



Handsome Foulard Silks—24 inches wide, rich satin finish, exceedingly beautiful designs, all the new and stylish colorings—a yard—only **79c**

Fine Quality Foulard Silks—Large variety of exclusive and stylish designs, rich, soft finish, for street and evening wear—a yard—only **$1.25**

Colored Taffetas—19 inches wide, all pure silks, nice assortment of colors—a yard—Thursday—only **50c**

Black Taffeta—22-inch, "wear guaranteed" woven in the selvedge of every yard. Well worth $1.19 a yard—Thursday **95c**

Black Taffeta—19 inches wide, the quality usually sold at 59c—Thursday—a yard—only **48c**

Beautiful Peau de Cygne—The most fashionable of all plain Dress Fabrics this season. Complete line of all new colors and black **$1.00**

Sale of Muslin Underw'r Thursday.

Just two sample items that show you should buy all your Muslin Underwear here.

50c Corset Covers—Made with V, square or round yoke, from good cambric and trimmed with insertion, embroidery or lace, full front or tight styles—each.... **35c**

Women's Nightgowns—Tastily trimmed in lace, hemstitching or embroidery—such gowns are usually sold at $1.00 in most stores **88c**

Children's Silk Bonnets at Less Than Half.

They must go Thursday to make room for the new goods. Divided into two lots as follows—

Lot 1—Pretty Silk Bonnets—Originally sold for 50c, 75c and as high as $1—a dozen different colors to choose from—while they last Thursday **25c**

Lot 2—Children's Handsome Silk Bonnets, silk and fur trimmed, various colors—prettily made, formerly sold for $1.25 and $1.50—Thursday, each..... **49c**

WASH DRESS GOODS.

A magnificent showing of beautiful Wash Fabrics here Thursday. With our enlarged space the stocks are larger so are the assortments. Better make your selections early while choosing is easy. Helpful Hints for Thursday.

Dress Percales—36 inches wide, dark colors, 50 different designs, a splendid wearing fabric, always 10c a yard, Thursday a yard..... **7½c**

32-inch Madras Gingham—Entirely new, positively fast, of castors, greens, ox-blood, pinks, blues, lavender, white and black, a very special leader a yard **15c**

India Dimities—a solid case, 50 distinct new patterns and no two alike, pretty neat scroll designs, beautiful combinations of colorings in stripes, jacquard effects, etc. These were bought to sell at 22c a yard, Thursday a yard **15c**

Standard Apron Ginghams in all sizes, broken and even checks, in blues, browns and blacks made by standard makers and have splendid wearing qualities—Thursday a yard **5c**

KNIT UNDERWEAR Surprises.

Wool fine mixed wool Union Suits, famous 'Harvard Mills" make, medium weight, silk tape and crochet finish, button down front, all sizes, regularly sold at $2.25 a suit and actually the best value ever offered at per suit **$1.69**

Women's High-Grade Union Suits "The Dorothy" made by Ypsilanti mills, recognized as the best in the country, seldom, if ever you get a chance to buy these fine goods at a cut price—all sizes—always sold at $3 00 a suits. Thursday per suit **$2.19**

Women's Vests and Pants, Ypsilanti made, medium weights; fine wool mixed garments, regular prices $1.50 and $1.25, choice of all sizes Thursday per garment **98c**

Extra Special in Children's Underwear—Children's camels' hair Vests, Pants and Drawers, mostly large sizes, odds and ends of higher priced goods, values in this lot up to 75c—final clearance price Thursday per garment **25c**

SHOE SPECIALS FOR THURSDAY

These shoes are extremely stylish, exceptionally well made, and thoroughly reliable to the smallest detail. These extraordinary offerings are for Thursday—



Women's $3.50 Shoes—In fine French and vici kid, new shapes and styles with heavy mannish soles and military heels, Shoes of fine appearance and good service—Thursday—per pair **$2.50**

Misses' $3.00 Patent Leather Shoes—Spring heels, full extension soles, reliable workmanship, the handsomest Misses' shoe in Duluth—Thursday—special—a pair.. **$2.50**

Misses' Dongola Shoes—Full extension soles and patent leather tip spring heels—new clean fresh goods, worth easily $2.50—Thursday—a pair **$2.00**

Boys' Box Calf Shoes—Full mannish extension sole, heavily stitched, new and stylish shapes—a fine strong school shoe for the boy that is hard on his shoes—Thursday..... **$1.00**

Youths' $1.25 Shoes—Heavy box calf—wide extension, thick, heavy sole. Best $1.25 school shoe ever offered—Thursday, a pair..... **90c**

Children's Kid Shoes—sizes 5 to 8½—good quality, soft sole, 35c and 50c values on sale Thursday at—per pair..... **29c**

Special Rubber Values—All kinds, all shapes and styles—in the high grade qualities only—per pair, Thursday..... **38c**

THURSDAY'S LIST OF BARGAINS IN OUR BIG DAYLIGHT BASEMENT.

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS.

These few items indicate in a measure how great the savings are. There are scores of others.



Ball Bearing Egg Beaters—Other stores ask 19c for these—our price..... **12c**

Square Dinner Pails, always sold for 35c, for.... 27c

Mrs. Vrooman's Sink Strainers—blue enameled, worth 25c—Thursday 18c

Wide Shelf Paper, with fancy border, worth 5c package—Thursday, 2 packages for..... 5c

Glass Oil Cans with tin top, worth 30c—special.. 23c

Matches—500 in box, always sold for 5c—special.. 3c

Iron Handles for Mrs. Pott's Sad Irons—each..... 5c



Granite Wash Basins—Worth 25c—special **19c**

STAPLE CHINA AND GLASSWARE.



Dinner Sets—100 pieces, handsomely decorated—assorted colorings—imported to sell at $10—Thursday, a set.. **$6.48**

Fancy Decorated Lamps—Large full size, Banquet or Parlor Lamp—finely decorated—should be sold for $1.48—Thursday **98c**

Fine Thin Blown Tumblers—New designs—variety of assorted patterns, usually $1 a dozen—Thursday—per dozen..... **69c**

Crystal Wine Glasses—Plain, the kind that sells at 48c a dozen—Thursday..... **2c**



Cups and Saucers—Plain white—imported to sell at 10c—on sale Thursday at the special price of..... **5c**

TRAMP BOY

Befriended By a Good Woman Returns as a Preacher.

Kokomo, Ind., March 5.—The scriptural injunction to "turn no one away, lest unaware you entertain an angel," has been literally verified in the case of Rev. Rachel Middleton, of this city, and a poor ragged tramp. Fifteen years ago a lad 16 years of age knocked at her back door and asked for food and shelter. The kind-hearted lady gave him both. She became deeply interested in the boy, who told her that he had run away from a good Presbyterian home at Zanesville, Ohio. He gave his name as that of George Miller. He remained at the home of Mrs. Middleton for several weeks, attended a revival meeting at the Friends' church and was "converted." Then he told Mrs. Middleton that he had told her a falsehood regarding his name; that his true name was Aulder Larzelene.

He became a changed young man, but soon left the home of the kind-hearted Quaker lady, and for fifteen years he has not been heard of and was almost forgotten until Friday night a well-dressed gentleman in the garb of a clergyman called at the home of Mrs. Middleton and introduced himself as Rev. Aulder Larzelene, of Canada. It proved to be the return of the tramp of fifteen years ago. The meeting was a joyful one. After his conversion the young man wandered into Canada, worked his way through a theological school and became a leading minister in the Friends' church.

Saturday and Sunday was quarterly meeting at the old church in Russiaville, and Rev. Larzelene preached two profound sermons, which created a great sensation in the neighborhood to which he came as a ragged tramp fifteen years ago. Rev. Lagrelene will be the guest of the good lady who turned the course of his life by kind treatment for several days before returning to his home at Toronto, Canada.

HILL'S SHIPS

May Fly Foreign Flag Owing to Navigation Laws.

New York, March 5.—It is reported in shipping circles, according to the Journal of Commerce, that it is the intention of the Great Northern Steamship company (Great Northern railway) to place under a foreign flag its two steamers now building for the Oriental trade at the Eastern shipbuilding yards, New London, Conn. Much interest has naturally been caused by the report, as these two steamers when completed will be the largest vessels in point of tonnage, displacement and carrying capacity in the world. They will be about 21,000 tons register and 38,000 tons load displacement to the deep load line.

Investigation shows, says the paper mentioned, that while the report may not be declared entirely correct, there is much substantial basis for it. The facts are that competition in the Orient is so keen and is constantly becoming keener, that J. J. Hill and his friends feel the need of securing every advantage possible. Preference leans, apparently, toward the German flag, owing to Germany's advantageous navigation laws.

Mr. Hill's objections to the American flag are said not to be based on the question of expense or high wages, but on the lack of protection to shipowners. The German laws give the captain the most effective control of the crew.

DIAMONDS

Bought By Morgan For New York Museum.

New York, March 5.—A special cable dispatch from Paris says: A leading jeweler of Paris tells the following story about J. Pierpont Morgan:

"Mr. Morgan had seen two magnificent diamonds in the jeweler's shop, and wanted to present them to the New York Museum of Natural History for its collection of precious stones, but he thought the price ($8000) extortionate. A few days later, however, being in London, Mr. Morgan wrote to the jeweler to send the diamonds to him for a second examination, which was done. When a week the jeweler received another letter from Mr. Morgan accompanying a small box, heavily sealed. The letter read:

"'The stones are really perfect. I would like to buy them, but think your price abnormal. That's why I send them back. If you can let me have them for $6000 telegraph, at the same time returning, duly insured, without troubling about breaking the seals, in order to save time.'

"The jeweler decided not to reduce the price, and opened the box. The diamonds were not there, but instead he found Mr. Morgan's check for $8000, with this brief note: 'I'll take them anyhow; send receipts.'"

A household necessity—Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Heals burns, cuts, wounds of any sort; cures sore throat, croup, catarrh, asthma; never fails.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents. Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

FACES

Of Aged Man and Wife Appear on Bedstead.

Anderson, Ind., March 5.—Hundreds of people flocked to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Morgan Rittenour, seven miles southeast of this city. On the headboard of an old cherry bedstead that has been a family heirloom were the outlines of two faces, which relatives and acquaintances declared were distinct features of Mr. and Mrs. Elias Rittenour, the parents of the several Rittenour families. Morgan Rittenour stated that his wife called his attention to the portraits on the bedstead about a month ago. They investigated, and, inasmuch as the pictures were plainly visible in the darkness as well as in the light, they have accepted the belief that the portraits are spirits' pictures of the aged grandfather and grandmother, who passed away several years ago.

When a relative called and saw the pictures inquiry was made as to who painted them, but they are not painted, it seems. The surface of the cherry piece of furniture is smooth and of the "spirit" pictures cannot be erased. A penknife was used on the spirit pictures of the aged man, and when a half inch of the surface was cut away the picture still remained, it is said, and was apparently solid through the furniture. Mr. and Mrs. Peter Rector, Mr. and Mrs. John Howard, Mr. and Mrs. Joe Rector, Robert Clark and other well-known residents of that community were among the callers at the Rittenour homestead today, and they all declared the reflection or pictures on the bedstead were undoubtedly pictures of Elias Rittenour and wife. It was on this bed that Mr. and Mrs. Rittenour died, and the bedstead has been setting in a room not used. Since the spirit pictures have appeared on it, the family is more or less disturbed, but refused to sell the bedstead for any price. The "spirit" pictures are to be examined by scientists, painters and photographers.

CREDENTIALS PRESENTED.

Washington, March 4.—Senor Don Juan Walker De Martinez, who succeeds the late Senor Vicuna as Chilean minister at Washington, presented his credentials to President Roosevelt today. The ceremony was marked by an unusual warmth of expression as in line with the extremely cordial reception accorded by the Chilean government to the personnel of the battleship Iowa, when she docked at Talecupano recently.

FIRST BOAT

Of Season Reaches Chicago From the East Shore.

Chicago, March 5.—The first boat to reach Chicago from the east shore this spring was the Edward Buckley, which has just arrived from Manistee. She has a cargo of 1000 tons of salt. It is said the early opening of navigation at Chicago is due to the efforts of the salt trust in getting its product to the market with as little delay as possible. It is expected that several others of the steam large fleet will shortly enter the salt trade on Lake Michigan, but the big fellows whose business takes them to the lower lakes will have to wait for some weeks before southerly winds open up a passage for them through the Straits of Mackinac. The Buckley reported but little trouble in getting through the ice floes on the way over.

RIOTERS WERE SHOT.

London, March 4.—It is announced in a special dispatch from Madrid that a number of miners arrested for participation on the recent riots at Barcelona were shot at Fort Mount Juich this morning.

APPROPRIATION LOST.

Annapolis, Md., March 4.—The Maryland house of delegates today defeated by a vote of 69 to 7 the bill authorizing an appropriation of $100,000 for a state exhibit at the St. Louis exposition, thus making it almost certain that Maryland will have no exhibit at all.

SAILS FOR COLON.

Washington, March 4.—The navy department was informed today of the departure of Rear Admiral Higginson aboard his flagship, the Kearsarge, accompanied by the battleships Alabama, Massachusetts and Indiana from Clenfuegos, Cuba, for Colon, on the isthmus of Panama.

LAW IS REPEALED.

Columbus, O., March 4.—The house of representatives today passed the Devault bill to repeal the corrupt practices act in buying votes at elections known as the Garfield law, by a vote of 69 to 25.

A Splendid Assortment!

Of "Young Men's" suits—sizes ages 15 to 19 years. The latest up to date styles, perfect fitters, popular prices—$4.00, $5.00, $7.00, $8.00, $10.00, $12.00 and $15.0.

C. W. ERICSON, The Clothier.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway

Resumes dining car service. Beginning Friday, March 8, the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway will resume their dining car service on trains 7 and 8 in and out of Duluth, serving dinner on No. 8, leaving Duluth at 5:45 p. m. daily, and breakfast on No. 7, arriving Duluth 9:55 a. m.

IN MICHIGAN.

Man Has Plan For Keeping Channels Free of Ice.

Menominee — Winter navigation through the ice will be possible in a short time, even in the coldest kind of weather, if what P. D. Forsythe, of this city, says is true. He has a plan which will keep a wide channel clear of ice in Green bay or any other place. He will not divulge his secret, as he thinks there is a fortune in it for him. He offered it to the Ann Arbor Railroad company last fall for use on Green bay, if the company would put up $50 guarantee. After some correspondence the matter was dropped. Mr. Forsythe says that if the Ann Arbor people do not take it up he will offer it to some other company, or, perhaps, to the Russian government. He says he made the discovery last winter. He noticed a place where the ice had not formed, and studied over it for a long time until now. He asserts he is able to keep any channel free.

The rate war which is being waged by the two stage lines which run across Green bay between this place and Sturgeon Bay, is becoming quite interesting. The price, which was formerly $1.50, was reduced by one to 25 cents, and the other line offered to take passengers across free of charge and give them a dinner at the best restaurant in Sturgeon Bay.

Escanaba—Andrew Berquish, a farmer living near here, died Sunday from drinking boiling water. For years he has made it a practice to eat and drink everything right from the stove, and this habit was the cause of his death.

Jay Gibbs, of Escanaba, a conductor who has grown gray in the service of the Chicago & Northwestern railroad, has retired and will pass the remaining days of his life in a well-earned rest. A week ago Mr. Gibbs celebrated his seventieth birthday by taking his train to Metropolitan and back and received as a birthday present from the railroad company for which he has worked so faithfully a notice that on March 1 his service would no longer be required and that his name will be placed on the pension roll. Mr. Gibbs has been working in the train service for thirty-four years.

Marquette—Pardons have been denied by the state advisory board in the cases of Peter Bons, George McCoy, Ezra Bliss, John Gardner, John R. Franks, Jasse Letzen and Samuel Peterson. Testimony was heard from twenty-five convicts, but no final action was taken in any of the cases, except those above mentioned.

L'Anse—It is understood that the Edward Hines Lumber company, of Chicago, has about completed lumbering in the vicinity of L'Anse and will remove camp equipage and logging outfit to Ashland, Wis. The Hines company has conducted loging operations in the vicinity of L'Anse for the past three winters.

REPORT DENIED.

No Complaint Made Against Maud Gonne's Speeches.

Paris, March 5.—The officials of the foreign office and of the British embassy here unite in denying the truth of the report, circulated in the United States yesterday, that Miss Maud Gonne had aroused the British colony by her revolutionary speeches and that the British ambassador, Sir Edmund J. Monson, had made formal complaint against her utterances, claiming they were treasonable.

SENT FREE TO MEN

Free Trial Package of This New Discovery Mailed to Every Man Sending Name and Address—Quickly Restores Strength and Vigor.

Free trial packages of a most remarkable remedy are being mailed to all who will write the State Medical Institute. They cured so many men who had bat-



A. E. ROBINSON, M.D., C.M. Medical Director.

tled for years against the mental and physical suffering of lost manhood that the Institute has decided to distribute free trial packages to all who write. It is a home treatment and all men who suffer with any form of sexual weakness resulting from youthful folly premature loss of strength and memory, weak back, varicocele, or emaciation of parts can now cure themselves at home.

The remedy has a peculiarly grateful effect of warmth and seems to act direct to the desired location, giving strength and development just where it is needed. It cures all the ills and troubles that come from years of misuse of the natural functions and has been an absolute success in all cases. A request to the State Medical Institute, 656 Elektron building, Ft. Wayne, Ind., stating that you desire one of their free trial packages will be complied with promptly. The Institute is desirous of reaching that great class of men who are unable to leave home to be treated and the free sample will enable them to see how easy it is to be cured of sexual weakness when the proper remedies are employed. The Institute makes no restrictions. Any man who writes will be sent a free sample, carefully sealed in plain package so that its recipient need have no fear of embarrassement or publicity. Readers are requested to write without delay.

Diseases of Men
CURED TO STAY CURED



By our new ***Electro-Medical Treatment,*** which combines all of the curative powers of both medicine and electricity.

Varicocele, Stricture, Nervo-Sexual Debility, Contagious Blood Poison, Rupture, Kidney and Urinary Diseases, Small, Weak Organs, Discharges, Seminal Emissions

and all associate diseases and weaknesses of men, causing pains in kidneys, bladder, abdomen, dizziness, loss of memory, etc., resulting in loss of sexual power, physical suffering, mental distress, gloomy forebodings and feelings of impending danger.

The longest established, most successful and reliable specialist in diseases of men, as medical diplomas, licenses and newspaper records will show.

We Treat Men Only and Cure Them to Stay Cured.

We charge nothing for private counsel and give to each patient a ***Legal Contract*** to hold for our promises. If you cannot call at our office, write your symptoms fully.

CONSULTATION FREE AND CONFIDENTIAL.

Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Progressive Medical Association,

No. 1 West Superior Street, Corner Lake Ave., Duluth, Minn.

FOR NEW BUILDING

Commissioner Kugler to Bring Up New Court House Scheme.

Examiner Agatin's Pay Temporarily Fixed at $20 a Title.

Contract Is Let For Burying Dead In Coroner's Cases.

Commissioner Kugler's announcement of his intention to launch a $300,000 court house building scheme, the fixing of Examiner of Titles Agatin's remuneration and the reduction of the cost of burial of dead investigated by the coroner were the principal matters that came before the county board yesterday.

The court house project was sprung by Commissioner Kugler in the informal discussion that usually starts off the sessions of the board. He gave notice that he would introduce a resolution at the next monthly meeting of the commissioners providing for a special election with the purpose of voting on the issue of $300,000 in bonds for the purpose.

Mr. Crosby brought up the question of temporarily fixing the remuneration of Examiner of Titles Agatin. Mr. Crosby said in Hennepin county the remuneration had been fixed at $15 per examination. This, he considered, insufficient, as a temporary reward, inasmuch as the average examination would require a day to a day and a half's time. Some titles would require a week's time to examine. It was finally decided to fix the amount at $20 per title for one month, in the belief that the operation of the law would develop better what the remuneration should be.

Quite unexpectedly, a bid was received from C. J. Stewart covering the cost of going after the bodies of persons, whose deaths have been investigated by the coroner, preparing them for burial, furnishing the coffins and grave in Forest Hill, conveying the bodies to the cemetery and interment. It has been costing from $15 to $20, usually $17.50, for burials of these cases in the city. Mr. Stewart offered to do the whole job for $10, and his bid was accepted. W. C. Barrett's bid of $12 for the same work at Hibbing was also accepted.

G. A. Fernold of the legal department of the Northern Paific railway, appeared before the board with a proposition to compromise the taxes of the road's riparian property to the west of Rice's Point. Under the gross earnings tax law, it was explained, the property could not be taxed if vacant or used for railway purposes. In this instance, the water rights had been leased to several lumber concerns in connection with traffic contracts at a nominal rental—$20 in each case.

Mr. Crosby explained that the company had opposed the payment of the taxes in the courts and thus far he had been defeated in seeking to collect the taxes for 1898 and 1899. However, he had intended to have the property reassessed for those years on different descriptions. But Mr. Fernald had offered to settle for the two years mentioned on a valuation of $250 an acre and one-half of that valuation in 1901. It appears that during last year the property was not under lease all of the time. It also appeared that the lessees and not the company were to pay the taxes.

The board agreed to accept the compromise, which will bring in about $600 in taxes.

Assistant County Attorney Crosby brought up the matter of a controversy between Receiver Petre and J. E. Cooley, former secretary of the St. Louis Count Agricultural society, regarding the latter's collection of the rental for the county building on the state fair grounds. The sum involved was $250 and covered four years' rental.

The discussion revealed that Mr. Cooley had made an annual exhibit for the county in this building. It was inferred that the money received for rental had been expended in making this exhibit.

Finally, Mr. Gale, who appeared, was asked what interest Mr. Petre as receiver had in the matter, and the discussion developed that he had supposed the rental could be used as assets of the County Agriculturay society. The commissioners decided that if the building were to be rented it should only be on the commissioners' authorization. Mr. Crosby was instructed to investigate Mr. Cooley's accounts in the matter.

Mr. Berdie's resolution appropriating $500 for improving the Fond du Lac cut-off road brought out a sharp "no" from Commissioner Patterson, but was adopted.

The reading of some deputy fire warden's claims aroused Commissioner Kugler. He thought there should be some check on these bills. It appeared from Mr. Crosby's information that the state fire warden has the power to appoint fire wardens as he chooses and the county must pay two-thirds of the bills, provided the claims are based on not more than ten days' work in fighting fires and five days in posting notices. Some of these bills were for more than that number of days' work. The illegal time was disallowed and the bills allowed, against Mr. Kugler's vote.

The returns of the election whereby Eveleth decided to incorporate as a city were canvassed and showed 100 affirmative votes and 50 negatives. The board fixed April 1 as the date for holding the first election of officers, and appointed the following election officials: District No. 1, D. Foto, W. D. Ellsworth and James E. Klintworth; Second district, J. A. Robb, P. Peterson and F. O. Talboys; Third district, A. G. Kingston, M. Pretner and A. C. Osborne.

The Bank of Chisholm and the Mesaba bank, of Proctorknott, were designated as county depositories in the sums of $5000 each. April 4 was set for hearing petitions for forming new school districts and for receiving bids for furnishing road tools for the county. Samuel Ralph was granted a license to sell liquor in the town of Duluth. This license was protested against by the Alger-Smith company and other lumber concerns doing logging near by, and was granted 4 to 3.

A number of tax matters were disposed of. John Jenswold, Jr., and L. P. Gall were given absolute titles as prayed for. The following applications for abatement were granted: L. R. Martin, Barbara Haberstedt, Martin Bros., John S. Kenna and the Midland company. Compromises were authorized with Fredin & Wilson, J. D. Holmes, N. A. and H. G. Gearhart and A. S. Wilson.

Dr. Rood's bill of $180 for the care of smallpox patients at Hibbing was held up because it was not in due form, and because the commissioners desired to investigate it.

The settlement arranged of the Hedlund bastardy case was approved by the board.

Spring Humors of the Blood

Come to a large majority of people.

Probably 75 per cent. of these are cured every year by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and we hope by this advertisement to get the other 25 per cent. to take this great Spring Medicine.

It will sharpen your appetite, cure all stomach troubles, relieve that tired feeling.

Its strength as a blood purifier is demonstrated by its marvelous cures of

Scrofula	Salt Rheum
Scald Head	Boils, Pimples
All Kinds of Humor	Psoriasis
Blood Poisoning	Rhoumatism
Catarrh	Malaria, Etc.

All of which are prevalent now.

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

Will do you a wonderful amount of good. Be sure to get Hood's.

Retail Clerks Meet.

The regular meeting of the Retail Clerks' union was held last night. The early closing movement received further consideration. The largest stores that signed the early closing agreement are meeting all its requirements, though one or two of the smaller house threaten to break over the agreement to catch the woodsmen's trade.

Finds Oil Will Burn.

As the result of examining the interior of an oil tank with a candle M. J. Dillon was slightly burned yesterday.

Mr. Dillon is a driver for the Standard Oil company and lives at 2313 West First street. A piece of wood inside the tank interfered with the flow of the oil and the driver made his investigations with the above results.

Garfield Club Banquet.

The annual banquet of the Garfield Republican club will be held at the Spalding hotel on the evening of March 25.

The attendance is to be limited to 300 and it is said that already 223 tickets have been placed with the members of the club.

Prominent Republicans invited are: Governor S. R. Van Sant, Congressman Page Morris, Senator Beveridge, Congressman J. T. McCleary, Senator Knute Nelson, Senator Moses E. Clapp, Lieutenant Governor Lydon A. Smith, Attorney General W. B. Douglas, Senator H. F. Stevens, St. Paul; M. J. Dowling, Renville; F. B. Wright, Frank B. Nye, W. H. Boutelle, Minneapolis.

"I was troubled for seven years with my stomach," says B. Demick, Somerville, Ind. "I could get nothing to help me until I tried Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. I have taken a few bottles and am entirely well." Kodol Dyspepsia Cure cures all stomach troubles. Max Wirth.

IS COMING TO DULUTH

William Penn & Company of Superior to Move Headquarters Here.

Will Be Located on Railroad Property on Bay Front.

Permanent Site to Be Secured Later---Employ Fifty Men.

The William Penn & Co. cut stone works, of West Superior, will move to Duluth. This information is authentic. It comes directly from the office of the company, and refutes the statements recently made by the Superior papers that the company had no intention of making a change of location.

The company has leased a temporary site of the Northern Pacific Railway company, on Seventh avenue west and Railroad street, and will erect sheds there and carry on its work until a permanent site has been secured. Negotiations are already under way with different parties for the permanent site. It is expected that the plant will be moved over here by the close of the present week.

Some weeks ago it was reported that William Penn & Co. had secured a site at West Duluth and would move to that portion of the city its West Superior industry, but negotiations did not materialize, and it was supposed that the company had given up the idea of moving.

Although the main office and plant of the cut stone company will be in this city, a branch works will be maintained at the company's location on Tower bay slip, West Superior. Forty-three men are employed there now, and this force will be retained. The company will begin operations this side with a force of about fifty men, and hope to increase the number of workmen as the business becomes established and the contracts in view for the product of the concern are closed.

William Penn & Co. is a firm that has been established in West Superior for a number of years, and the past years have been marked with a steadily increasing business. This company already has several of the large cut stone contracts at Northwestern points, including the Wolvin building now being constructed at the corner of Third avenue west and First street in this city. The cut stone works is now working on this contract. A number of other large contracts are expected to be closed within the next few weeks.

Besides the company that is moving over from West Superior, there are several other cut stone concerns that have started up in this city within the last few years, and the industry bids fair to entirely revive here. Up to the year 1892 the cut stone industry was among the important concerns of Duluth and several hundred men were employed. Various causes brought about a decline in the industry. The present large building operations all over the Northwest are said to be most favorable to the cut stone industry, and the business continues to pick up.

Entertains For Comrades.

Company A entertained last evening in honor of William A. Melby and C. H. Carhart, who recently returned from the Philippines.

The entertainment started with an indoor baseball game between the veterans of the Spanish-American company and the present company. The present company A won by a score of 15 to 12. The game was followed by an informal dancing party.

The Passion Play.

Interest in the lecture of John Jay Lewis this evening at the First Methodist church on "The Passion Play of Oberammergau" is keen. More is known now of the great play given every decade at the little German village than used to be a few years ago and the story of the origin of the custom of giving the play and the description of the play itself are fascinating to the highest degree. Mr. Lewis is said to be eminently fitted to present the story of the play and the people that give it. He will illustrate his talk with views of the play and moving pictures of life in the village.

THE BURROWS REGENT SHOE FOR WOMEN.



Best in the world for the price, $3.50. You pay $5.00 in the regular shoe stores for a shoe not near as good. Why not save $1.50 this spring and buy The Burrows Regent Shoe. Sold by

M. S. BURROWS.

Other Ladies' and Misses' Shoes at $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50.

We are the acknowledged style headquarters at the head of the lakes.

PANTON-WHITE COMPANY THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINNESOTA.

This store sells only that class of merchandise that inspires confidence in the sellers.

Thoughts of Spring Clothes Are Uppermost In the Feminine Mind.

"What to wear," although the all absorbing question, is no longer a perplexing one. We have simplified the answer to a nicety. Our representatives have been at Fashion's Court learning direct from first hands all about the proper modes and fabrics. The choicest and most exclusive fashions have been garnered with a lavishness heretofore unprecedented. That care and precision, which is the badge of intelligent experience, has guided every move. The styles this spring are most fascinating. One does not need be a keen observer to be forcibly impressed with the fact that here are an abundance of exclusive style ideas that outside of the Glass Block are not to be found west of Chicago. The most beautiful and bewitching of new spring merchandise is pouring in, and it is being taken away so rapidly that we fear we will be sold out of many of the choicest things long before the spring season is over.

After visiting the store and viewing the myriads of new spring things, you'll say with thousands of others, that the Glass Block is the most progressive, up-to-date and liberal store in Duluth. Those who are not seeking fine goods, but are "shopping" for good values, will find us, as usual, giving the most and best of everything for your money.

Bargain Counter 1.

Ch'dren's dress goods

Buying dress goods for the children has always been a hard problem for the average mother. It has been difficult to get something dressy, durable and appropriate. We have overcome this difficulty. We are the agents for a mill that makes a specialty of this class of dress goods. We will make a grand display of children's wool dress goods tomorrow on this counter. Anything on the counter, at, per yard..... 25c

Bargain Counter 2.

Sale ribbon remnants

Satin and gros grain ribbons, in all colors, from 3 to 5 inches in width, worth up to 25c per yard, special at..... 13⅓c

Wash Ribbons, in plain and fancies, worth from 25c to 35c a yard; special at..... 15c

Hair Ribbons, in plain and fancies, worth from 8c to 10c a yard; special at..... 5c

Bargain Counter 3.

New white goods

Grand display of the new white goods—all the new materials—mercerized Madras—Dimities—open work Piques—embroidered Swisses—many new fabric ideas never before shown—prices—

25c to 75c

Bargain Counter 4.

Wash goods sale.

Prices are going "sky-high" on Wash Goods. It is with difficulty that we get enough of many lines. Here are two very special assortments that were bought early, hence the low prices:

25c figured Sateens, in navy and black, per yd..... 15c

10c Ginghams, solid colors—stripes, plaids and checks— per yard..... 7c

Room-size Rugs at Special Prices

ON ACCOUNT of the enormous demand for large rugs to take the place of carpets we have taken every short length of carpet and border that we do not intend to duplicate and made them up into useful size rugs. We show only desirable stylish patterns—the best productions of foremost looms—in qualities of carpets second to none. The rugs are thoroughly well made, and are finished, sized, and stretched ready to lay on your floor. We invite every family who reads this advertisement to visit the carpet department and examine these values, which are certainly extraordinary.

Axminster Rug, 11-6 x 10-6, fawn color ground with soft tones of blue and pink; regular value $30.00, special price..... $19.75

Moquette Rug, 12-9 x 8-3, a beautiful effect in fawns, and tans, regular value $26 50—special price only..... $16.75

Wilton Velvet Rug, 12-9 x 11-3, a magnificent rug in the popular wood colors—worth $32.00—for only..... $17.50

All-wool Extra Super Art Squares, woven in one piece, fringed at ends, in all the desirable sizes—

3 x 2	$4.75	3 x 2½	$5.75
3 x 3	$6 75	3 x 3½	$7.75
3 x 4			$8.75

Wilton Velvet Rug, 12-3 x 8-3, rich two-tone green ground, with Empire design, worth $29.50—special price..... $17.75

Wilton Velvet Rug, 9 x 6, Bokhara design and coloring, regular $14.75—for..... $8.50

Extra Axminster Rug, 10-6 x 8-3, a green ground with exquisite design, in delicate pink and gold shades, value $25.50, for..... $15.75

Axminster Rug, 10-6 x 8-3, green ground, Oriental design, worth $25.00—for..... $15.75

Axminster Rug, 8-6 x 8-3, crimson ground, all over design, in gold, worth $21.00, for..... $8.50

Men's Hose, Gloves, Shirts

MOST MEN are particular about the fit, style, and quality of their furnishings. In order to gratify their sense of comfort, they often allow the high-priced exclusive furnisher to impose upon them in a way positively detrimental to their finances. They are made to believe that because they are paying higher prices they are getting better goods. No need of paying anything but Glass Block prices for your furnishings. Come Thursday for these:



Men's Heavy Cotton Half Hose, 88 needle, seamless knit, special..... 10c
3 pairs for 25c.

Men's Fine Cashmere Half Hose, fancy stripes—a regular 35c quality for..... 19c

Men's Mocha Gloves, Adler make— the new Easter styles, pique seams—tans and greys—a regular $1.50 glove for..... 98c

Men's Fancy Dress Shirts, made of fine woven madras—detached cuffs, open front and back, good $1.50 values—Thursday leader at..... 98c

Men's fine silk fleeced Underwear--shirts and drawers—a special spring weight suitable for immediate and summer wear—our $1.00 grade Thursday for..... 79c

Sale Ladies' Underwear.

Note the great economy in these four special items. You'll appreciate the savings more after examining the articles themselves.

Broken lines of Ladies' Vests and Pants--regular $1.50 values—will be snapped up quickly Thursday at..... 75c

Ladies' fine worsted plated ribbed knit vests and pants, colors red and black and pink and blue, reg $1.50 values to be sold Thursday at $1.19

Ladies' fleeced lined hose, spliced heel and toes, good 17c values Thursday at..... 10c

Misses' and Boys' fleeced lined Shirts and Pants and Drawers, special value at..... 25c

Special Glove Offerings.

YOU never saw this Glove Department so well prepared for spring business at the beginning of March. Our early preparedness is effecting a wonderful trade increase. Here are the best glove values in America—



Ladies' 2-clasp Kid Gloves, in all the new spring colors—greys, tans, modes, reds, browns, black, white, with self or colored embroidered backs—gusseted fingers—100 dozen in the lot—the best glove ever offered at the price—tomorrow at..... 89c

Fownes' new Pique Dagmar Gloves, two- clasp—all colors and new evening shades — biscuits and whites..... $1.50

Walking Gloves, Ireland Bros.' make, one clasp, English tan shades only—fashionable and serviceable—an excellent value at the price—on sale at..... $1.00

Children's Single Wool Mittens, black, always sell at 8c a pair— closing the last of a large lot Thursday at..... 5c

Towels, Table Cloth, Napkins

INDEED a royal bargain treat to every housewife that appreciates real economy. The Linen Department is enjoying a business heretofore unprecedented, being crowded daily. Ask for these bargains tomorrow, and you will be well repaid for your slight trouble.



Huck-a-back Towels, full bleached—hemstitched; cheap at 25c—a special bargain at 19c each—per dozen, only..... $2.25

Turkish Towels, bleached, 20 x 45 inch — cheap at 18c—a special at 12½c each—per dozen—only..... $1.50

18-inch Russia Crash for Kitchen use, soft finish, worth 8c per yard—on sale at the special price of..... 5½c

Turkey Red Table Cloths—also green—fast colors —worth $1.25 each; our special price—only..... 85c

68-inch Damask, cream, all linen, soft finish, worth 65c, special at..... 39c

3-4 Napkins, bleached, all linen— fast selvedge, assorted patterns—worth $2 50 — special, per dozen..... $1.98

3-4 Napkins, fine satin Damask, all linen, all new patterns, regular price $4.50 a dozen, special at..... $3.50

Beautiful Silks; Dress Goods

A charming variety of new silks and wool goods that are meeting with warm approval. Nearly every hour of the day people tell us we have the finest array to be found in Duluth. We would like to know what you think about it.

Silks.

Handsome corded wash silks, every conceivable shade—25c, 48c, 59c, and..... 69c

Black Corded Taffetas, an elegant quality for 89c—special price for..... 69c

Beautiful Novelties in all the leading spring shades for waists, our exclusive designs, per yard 75c, 89c, $1.00 and $1.25. Satin Foulards, surpassing anything ever shown in this line for quality and style..... 75c

Dress Goods.

44-inch Voiles, beautiful silky, sheer fabrics, black, Paris gray, navy, cadet, brown and tan, at..... $1.98

46 inch Minstrel-- A most popular fabric for Spring and Summer—reseda, black, navy, castor and grey—per yard..... $1.25

This is to be a great black goods season—these goods are popular—price only 98c—46-in crepes, 44-in etamine, 50-in cheviots, 50-in storm serges, 50-in whipcords, 46-in prunellas.

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AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Bldg., 229 W. Superior St.

Duluth Printing & Publishing Company.

Telephone Calls: Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, one ring.

10c a Week

EVERY EVENING DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

Single copy, daily	.02
One month	.45
Three months (in advance)	$1.30
Six months (in advance)	$2.60
One year (in advance)	$5.00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter

WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
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THE WEATHER.

Abilene	46	Memphis	50
Battleford	0	Miles City	18
Bismarck	-2	Milwaukee	36
Boston	22	Minnedosa	2
Buffalo	18	Modena	16
Calgary	12	Montgomery	46
Charleston	44	Moorhead	18
Chicago	26	New Orleans	50
Cincinnati	30	New York	34
Davenport	24	North Platte	24
Denver	50	Oklahoma	50
Detroit	24	Omaha	28
Dodge City	28	Pittsburg	28
Duluth	18	Port Arthur	2
El Paso	54	Portland	40
Escanaba	28	Prince Albert	-6
Galveston	60	Qu'Appelle	14
Green Bay	18	Rapid City	36
Havre	18	San Francisco	54
Helena	24	Santa Fe	18
Houghton	4	Shreveport	50
Huron	14	Spokane	50
Jacksonville	46	St. Louis	32
Kamloops	36	St. Paul	28
Kansas City	28	Sault Ste. Marie	0
Knoxville	36	Swift Current	16
La Crosse	18	Washington	40
Lander	4	Williston	0
Los Angeles	44	Winnemucca	18
Marquette	20	Winnipeg	2

Medicine Hat ... 18

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), March 5.—Temperatures have risen and are rather mild throughout the Northwest, and it is colder over most Southern states. The barometer is high over the Southwest and low over north Pacific and south Atlantic coast districts. An area of high pressure is developing north of Alberta. Light to heavy falls of snow or rain occurred over Oregon, Washington, the Ohio and lower Mississippi valleys, south Atlantic and eastern Gulf states, with high winds over most districts south from the Ohio valley.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	28	Medicine Hat	22
Bismarck	14	Memphis	52
Boston	28	Miles City	30
Buffalo	22	Milwaukee	30
Calgary	16	Minnedosa	8
Charleston	56	Modena	18
Chicago	30	Montgomery	56
Cincinnati	32	Moorhead	18
Davenport	26	New Orleans	42
Denver	32	New York	30
Detroit	24	North Platte	24
Dodge City	40	Oklahoma	52
Duluth	18	Omaha	22
Edmonton	2	Pittsburg	26
El Paso	38	Port Arthur	2
Escanaba	18	Portland	40
Galveston	42	Rapid City	30
Green Bay	20	San Francisco	44
Havre	34	Santa Fe	18
Helena	28	Shreveport	54
Houghton	4	Spokane	36
Huron	16	St. Louis	28
Jacksonville	56	St. Paul	22
Kamloops	30	Sault Ste. Marie	12
Kansas City	36	Swift Current	18
La Crosse	22	Washington	32
Lander	20	Williston	22
Los Angeles	44	Winnemucca	26
Marquette	30	Winnipeg	14

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vincinity: Generally fair tonight and Thursday. Probably colder Thursday afternoon or night. Fresh and brisk southerly to westerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, March 5.—Forecast till 7 a. m. Thursday: Wisconsin—Fair tonight and Thursday. Variable winds.

Minnesota: Fair tonight and Thursday. Probably colder Thursday and northwest portion tonight. Brisk sou...west to west winds.

The Dakotas: Fair tonight and Thursday. Colder Thursday.

The Case of Tillman and McLaurin.

While the punishment of Senators Tillman and McLaurin may have seemed totally inadequate to the offense of those who worthies, the senate was placed in a peculiar position. Practically the only alternative was expulsion and it would have been impossibility to have secured a two-thirds vote of the members necessary to accomplish that end. By the original ruling of Senator Frye erasing their names from the vote of the senate, while in contempt, the senate ran pretty squarely against the fifth article of the constitution of the United States. Since that is so often misquoted and more often misunderstood, the parts of it affecting this case may well be repeated. "The congress, whenever two-thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this constitution. * * * provided that no amendment which may be made prior to the year of one thousand eight hundred and eight shall in any manner affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article; and that no state, without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the senate." The press of the country generally seems to be falling in line with the idea that the senate may expel if it wants to; that it may censure or reprimand or admonish all that it pleases; that it must not deprive any stave, without its consent, of its equal suffrage there. The difficulties in the way of doing anything else probably account for the fact that there are today no precedents available for contempt proceedings on suspensions from the United States senate. There have been expulsions from the senate and there have been resignations to avoid expulsion and there will probably be more, but it is evident that the offense of a senator must be sufficient to secure a two-thirds vote of that august body before such action can be taken.

A Stupendous Undertaking.

St. Louis intends to have everything ready and in waiting for the opening day of the big exposition, which is set for May 1, 1903, and it is sincerely to be hoped that she will meet with no disappointments. The undertaking is a vast one, but the people of the big Missouri city are enterprising and fully realize what they have undertaken. They are hard at work already and considerable progress has been made. Since Jan. 1 contracts have been entered into which involve the expenditure of $2,000,000. These contracts include the sewer system for the fair, the changing of the course of the River des Peres, the erection of two of the largest buildings in the group of exhibit palaces, and the construction of the immense power plant. By the terms of these contracts the buildings are to be turned over to the exposition company before Oct. 15, 1902, and the power plant is to be in perfect running order by April 1, 1903, a month before the day set for the opening of the fair. The contract for the erection of the third of the exhibit palaces will be let this week, and it will require the completion of the building in seven months. Contracts for five other exhibit buildings will be let at intervals of a week or ten days apart, and in each case the stipulation will be for the completion of the building in seven months. The exhibit palaces will cover 160,000 more square feet of space than those of the Chicago exposition, and the contracts will require that the latest of them be completed before Jan. 1, 1903. All the plans of the exposition company contemplate the throwing open of the fair to the world at the stipulated date. The contractors feel confident that they can do the work in the time allotted in their stipulations. There is a penalty, at the rate of $500 a day, attaching to any delay in the performance of the contract by the stated time. Bids proffering better terms at a longer time in which to complete the contracts have been thrown aside without attention. Half of the $5,000,000 popular subscription to the capital stock has been called. The city government of St. Louis has been called on to furnish its $5,000,000 of bonds, and arrangements are being made for their issue. With the experience of other expositions to guide them and with the ability that is already apparent in the executive department of the company, it is believed that the fair will be successfully opened to the world on the day set, May 1, 1903.

THE HAPPY MEAN.

Andrew Carnegie, who may be presumed to know all about it, gives the world the assurance that it is a great advantage to a man to be born poor, and a disgrace to die rich. If this be true what a host of people there are with great advantages and how few are likely to run the risk of being disgraced when they die.

Dr. Felix Adler gives a new and saner turn to the thought expressed by Mr. Carnegie by observing that it is a "misfortune to live poor." Among the evils of poverty, Dr. Adler mentions the following:

1. "Inefficient nutrition," leaving the body a prey to disease and causing "dreadful mortality" among the children of the tenements.

2. "Care"—anxiety for the future, the uncertainty of existence. "It is this care that comes to the poor man and sits at his table—that comes at night and places hot coals under his pillow and prevents him from sleeping."

3. The crushing of mental activity and growth in young men and women of talent and even of genius, from lack of means of education and development.

If these are the evils of poverty, then it is no advantage to be born poor. Children bred in an atmosphere of want, fear, squalor and death are at a distinct disadvantage, notwithstanding Mr. Carnegie's confident assertion to the contrary. The happy mean is the ideal in this as in all other things. Nothing too much, nothing too little. The prayer of Agur, "Give me neither poverty nor riches," still rings true. The person with sufficient for all his wants, and not burdened by the cares and anxieties incident to the investment of great wealth is the really fortunate individual.

THE DISPENSARY SYSTEM.

The dispensary law of South Carolina is the subject of an interesting article in Leslie's by Senator Tillman, who compares the law of his state with the license laws and prohibition laws of other states. It is shown that in prohibition Kansas, with a population very nearly that of South Carolina, there are 2727 government licenses for retailing liquor, or one to 595 of population. In Maine, with about half of South Carolina's population, there are 1191 licenses, or one to 585 of population. In South Carolina there are 446 licenses, or one to 3005 persons. Government licenses are not authority to sell liquor. They are merely evidence that the retailer's tax has been paid. But, of course, it is a legitimate inference that the possession of such license means its use. Senator Tillman remarks that he thinks it is anomalous that the government should issue licenses in states where the sale of liquor is prohibited by state law. Of the 446 persons who have paid the government license in South Carolina, only ninety-four are authorized dispensers under the state law. The other 352 are illicit dealers, a majority of whom are in the one city of Charleston.

The dispensary system of South Carolina restricts the right of manufacture or sale of liquor to the state, which, through a board of directors, purchases the liquor under competitive bids. The liquor is analyzed by the state chemist to se that it is pure. There is a central depot at Columbia, where the liquor is bottled. The largest quantity put up is four gallons and the smallest a half pint. The bulk is in pints and quarts. Everything is kept in stock for which there is demand, and all the liquors are labeled "South Carolina Dispensary." There are ninety-four dispensers appointed by county boards of control, and they must be men not addicted to the use of liquor as a beverage. Counties have local option and there are two that have no dispensaries, but it is noted that in these "dry" counties there is as much drunkenness as in the other counties.

In the dispensaries the price list is conspicuously posted. The place of sale is a plain room with a counter. The purchaser must fill out a slip giving his age and residence, and this is kept on file, the purpose being to account for every drop of liquor that the dispensary handles. When the purchaser gets his package he must leave the dispensary without opening it. No one is allowed to drink on the premises. There is no credit system. The profit of the dispensary goes half to the county, the other half to the town, the state getting its profits on the prices charged to the local dispenser. The net profits of state, county and town for eleven months ending with December, 1900, were $523,342. The state's profits go to the common school fund.

Senator Tillman sums up what he thinks are the advantages of the syestm. (1) That liquor is the only article of commerce in general use that is consumed at the time and place of its purchase. It is safe to say, he thinks, that three-fourths of the liquor is thus consumed. The dispensary law will allow nothing of this. A purchaser after buying must go elsewhere to consume it. (2) The element of personal profit, which is at the root of the saloon evil, is destroyed by the dispensary system, as the dispensers receive salaries and have no interest in fostering the trade. (3) Treating is destroyed, which (the senator thinks) is a great help toward sobriety. (4) The dispensary is open only from 8 o'clock in the morning to sundown. The testimony of unbiased judges is that in South Carolina drunkenness has been reduced 50 per cent to 75 per cent, since the dispensary system went into effect. The law, Senator Tillman says, has been subjected to a series of bitter contests, but it has always triumphed, and he thinks it is safe to say that it is a fixture in South Carolina.

PASSING OF BARMAIDS.

The old-fashioned English barmaids are to be banished from the inns of the ancient city of Calcutta, according to a recent report. After April 1 males only will wait upon customers who buy the cup that cheers and sometimes inebriates. This is a radical change, and it is not due to a wave of reform. Barmaids are not to be banished because the British think the public house is no place for them. The announced reason is that the Bengalese government has decided to make an effort to arrest among the natives the decline of respect for English people, as such. That respect has been lessened by the presence of the barmaids. Britain has ruled India somewhat more mildly than the rough-shod cavaliers and Christians of Spain at first ruled Mexico, Peru and Central America—yet on much the same theory or assumption—that, in this case, the Britisher is a "sahib," a superior being, whom other people among whom he comes must bow down to and serve, if not worship.

The whole process of "civilization," whether carried on by Portuguese or Spaniards in the "new world," by British in India or South Africa and various islands, by Germans or Danes or Dutch, or now by Americans in the Philippine archipelago, is largely founded on the theory, the assumption, of natural superiority, and on the principle, if so it may be called, that might makes right.

Perhaps all this is best, necessary, justifiable, but, as the Portland Telegram says, there has been a good deal of undue boasting about it; for much of this enforced "civilization," or attempts thereat, has been conceived in greed and fraud, and brought forth in hypocrisy and iniquity. It has almost invariably resulted disastrously to the weaker peoples, and generally to the stronger ones, finally, also. Let us hope that we will do better than the British, Spaniards, Portuguese and French have done.

Accepting as true the proposition that Germany will abandon all schemes of colonization in this hemisphere, the fact that German trade activity in Central and South America will be greatly increased must be borne in mind. Up to this time our government has looked with more or less suspicion on every movement that the kaiser has made in Mexico, Venezuela, Chili, Brazil and the other South American republics. The building up of large German colonies in Venezuela has been a source of special irritation to this government, and much speculation has been indulged in as to the reason that immigration to that place was encouraged by the Berlin authorities. But with a declaration from Germany that she has no desire to acquire territory in this hemisphere, there will no longer be any question about her commercial efforts in South America. This is a matter of much importance to our merchants, for the duty of securing those markets for the United States will now devolve upon them. The energy and persistence with which Germany is wont to push her wares into foreign lands are well known to our manufacturers and exporters, and they will have to exert all their industry to keep ahead in the competition.

The statistics of trade collected by the treasury department shows that the prosperity of the country during 1901 was due in very large measure to the great wheat harvest of last fall. The exports of manufactured goods were much smaller than during the previous year, owing, no doubt, to the hard times in Europe, but owing to heavy exports of wheat and flour, the aggregate sales of the country to foreign nations were almost equal to those of the year before and the balance of trade in our favor was the second largest in history.

Apropos of the rivalry between Canada and Australia in the matter of literary prestige, the Montreal Star says that the United States absorbs so many Canadian literary works that it is hard to say just what the writers of the Dominion have accomplished. The late James De Mille's novels were all published in this country, and other instances are cited; but it is idle to say that works of merit by Canadian authors will not be credited to Canada merely because they happen not to be published in the Dominion.

Jacobson's tax bill is traveling over a rocky road now.

An Indiana woman bases a divorce suit on the ground that she has received a divine command to separate from her husband because he refuses to become perfectly holy, as she claims to be. If the husband is not too good for this world, without being totally sanctified, he will make no defense to the suit, but rather help it to a favorable conclusion.

If a concession of 20 per cent be granted on Cuban sugar the present tariff will be reduced from 1.68½ cents a pound to 1.34 cents. The difference between the two prices is supposed to go to the Cuban planter. Why not take off another 20 per cent for the benefit of the American consumer?

When Mr. Carnegie's gift of $10,000,000 in steel trust bonds becomes firmly invested in Washington, the trust will be reasonably safe from any national legislation having a tendency to lessen the value of its securities. Messrs. Carnegie and Morgan are far-seeing gentlemen.

The ore tonnage tax scheme appears to be pretty well laid out. The injustice and lack of wisdom involved in the idea was quickly perceived by the senators.

A wealthy Syracuse, N. Y., woman left half her estate to a lawyer. And the other half will probably be absorbed by other lawyers fighting the will.

Enough Filipino generals have been killed since the "unpleasantness" began to make a good-sized army. And the supply is not exhausted.

Scientists have discovered that there are billions of microbes in Washington, D. C. There are quite a number in the halls of congress.

J. Pierpont Morgan says the end of prosperity is not in sight. Mr. Morgan ought to be good authority on the subject.

The sultan of Turkey is reported as favoring the Zionist movement. Perhaps he wants to borrow some money.

Do you know that our trade with Germany is only surpassed by our trade with Great Britain?

Miss Stone's mother believes her daughter is entitled to a rest. So is the public.

THE LAST PHASE.

St. Paul Review: The decision of the Washington court in the merger case seems to have acted as a sedative upon the anti-merger press. It has quieted the Minneapolis dailies very considerably, and the rant against evolution has been stilled. They are beginning to see that all that glistens is not gold.

This phase of the matter is especially marked by interviews from the counsel in the case on the part of the state. Attorney General Douglas says:

"Of course this decision will in no way interfere with the state's prosecution of the Northern Securities company."

Intentionally, no doubt, his meaning is left high in the air. If the decision does not interfere with the plans of the anti-merger following, it will be difficult for most people to grasp itse effect. On the other hand if it does not play hob with the push behind the litigation, it is most difficult to make out why so much turmoil was created at the outset, why the telegraph wires were made hot calling him to duty at his office at the solicitation of the governor in order to protect the honor of the state. If there is no honor to be protected the time were better spent in another direction.

It is an interview with associate counsel in the case that is at least frank if not at the same time truthful. When Senator Wilson who quit the state and went to Fargo in boom times and then quit Fargo and went to Minneapolis, says that the law is not an exact science, he states the truth. He is on the other hand frank, when he gives utterance to the following:

"I cannot say that I am surprised at the decision of the supreme court in the merger case. At no time did I believe the court would take jurisdiction, if it could avoid it."

This interview divulged a peculiar condition of affairs. It proves in slang parlance that Governor Van Sant and Attorney General Douglas and counsel for the state don't know where they are at. It also proves that Senator Wilson and Gen. Douglas were only too willing to shift the burden of the presentation of the case upon shoulders whose foolhardiness has been called intrepidity. The willing horse draws more than half the burden, and the state was agreeably assumed in this case because clear discernment has been mistaken for spectacular rashness. The end has been most fortunate. Though a big hole may be made by the O. K. of the executive in a contingent fund, the state makes money in the prompt shutting off of further litigation.

The march down hill has been begun. The hopes of the anti-merger crowd are buoyed with the announcement that the federal authorities will cut into the game. The Review doubts it. And in the meantime they will chant the refrain to tune set by the doughty leader that we find indicted by the playwright:

"If so soon to be done for,
Why was I begun for?"

AMUSEMENTS.

MODJESKA-JAMES.

For forty-one years Helena Mojeska has been a conspicuous figure on the dramatic stage. From the time of making her debut in 1861 in a small theater in Poland her progress was steady and most flattering. Who shall say that the climax has been reached? Although nearly 60 years of age, Mme. Modjeska shows not the slightest failing of her wonderful powers. In fact she appeared to better advantage as Katherine in "Henry VIII" at the Lyceum last evening than on her last appearance in this city. To her remarkable personality coupled with an artistic ability, manifest in numberless ways, the great success of Mme. Modjeska is due. It is in Shakespeare's plays that Modjeska is seen at her best. Her conception of the meaning of the author and her wonderful genius in the interpretation of the roles enables her to give to the stage a production of these master works which is artistic from every standpoint. Her Katherine of last evening was suberb. It was perfect and a treat that was most thoroughly enjoyed by the large audience present.

The Cardinal Wolsey of Louis James was a masterly impersonation and revealed traits in that sterling actor never brought out before. He has shown himself on numerous occasions to be a versatile actor, and his work of last evening added much to the laurels which he had already won. The part of Wolsey is one of the most difficult of all of Shakespeare's characters, and the true fidelity shown by Mr. James doubly stamps him as an actor of great merit in the legistimate.

The production was most completely staged and handsomely costumed. Wagenhals & Kemper have done well by their stars and have equipped their company with every essential detail calculated to add to an artistic performance. The different scenes were revelations of scenic completeness.

The supporting company was selected especially for the production of "Henry VIII" and it is an excellent one. Norman Hackett was especially well suited to the title role. He possesses that quick, passionate impetuosity associated with the Henry of Shakespeare, reads well and acts with a full appreciation of the role. The Duke of Buckingham of Thomas Cooke was also deserving of full measure of praise. In fact every one presented his or her part in a manner that left nothing to be desired. Not a blemish marred the production which was certainly deserving of the highest praise.

SMUGGLED JEWELS

May Be Gems Lately Stolen at Brussels.

New York, March 5.—Many diamond merchants and government inspectors have expressed belief that some of the stories of large diamond robberies at Burssels and tales of the thieves having fled to America are connected with the recent heavy seizures at this port of smuggled jewels. By proving stolen property, they say, the gems can be saved from confiscation.

The Lady Of the Photograph

By Angela Morgan.

(Copyright, 1902, by W. R. Hearst.)

Chapman first saw her on an elevated railroad car. There was nothing at all unusual in the circumstance, yet to him it seemed freighted with romance.

He had been reading the morning paper assiduously ever since he boarded the car and had been only dreamily aware of the fact that fresh passengers entered at each station.

Glancing up carelessly as he finished one section of the paper, his eyes fixed themselves aimlessly upon the small panel mirror that divided the window at his left.

Suddenly his indifference vanished. A startled intentness held his gaze riveted to the mirdor, for there he beheld the reflection of a wonderfully witching face. Such a face! There was a strange fascination, an irresistible charm about it that thrilled his imagination with an indelinable joy.

Then the truth broke upon him that this face correspondingly glowed to that of the radiant ideal which, ever since boyhood, his dreamy fancy had unconsciously cherished.

The revelation flashed up him just as the reflected eyes turned and met his fully in the mirror.

How long Chapman might have sat gazing into their amber depths had not the owner quickly averted them may not be determined.

His next impulse, of course, was to turn and view the young woman herself. She sat diagonally across from him, two seats ahead. Without staring he saw that the mirror had told no lies. As a reality she was fully as captivating as her image had appeared.

He observed her trim blue tailor suit and her walking hat of gray, but was prevented from taking further notes by the sound of the guard's voice calling his station. It was a rude awakening to the harshness of fate.

All day the memory of the experience haunted him. He could not banish from his mind the recollection of that full glance deep into those long-lashed amber eyes.

It was three months later that Chapman, entering a telegraph station, saw a young woman in blue standing at one of the desks preparing to send a dispatch.

Her head was lowered and he could not as yet perceive her features, but a swift hope held him breathless, as, stationed near her, he took up a blank and pretended a deep interest in the message he was sending.

She raised her head—Chapman's pen ceased writing and clattered to the floor. It was she of the amber eyes!

He picked up the pen and continued his blind scribbling. Just how his message was worded he never knew. His attention followed another channel. He noticed that the girl wrote and crumpled several blanks before she finally completed a dispatch that suited her. He saw her finally deliver it to the clerk, pay for it and return to the desk where her muff and small parcels lay. Then, before he could realize it, she had gathered up her belongings and was leaving the station.

With a pang of helpless regret he gazed after her. Then his eyes caught a glimpse of something left among the telegraph blanks—something that she must have forgotten. It was a large yellow envelope. Chapman possessed himself of it without delay and hastened to the door. But the blue suit and gray walking hat were nowhere in sight.

Chapman returned to the desk and stood meditating. The envelope bore no address whatever. There was a card of some sort inside—possibly a photograph. His eager fingers tore away the covering. Hope leaped within him again, for gazing into his were the pictured eyes he had learned to know so well.

Her likeness—hers! And in his very possession. The joy of it went to his heart, prevented further calculations for the moment. Then the real significance of the situation dawned upon him.

This was the coveted clew vouchsafed him by a benignant destiny. Given this shining link he could follow the golden chain that led to the fulfillment of his heart's desire.

In one second's time Chapman had mentally surmounted the difficulty of discovering the young woman's address; had presented the photograph; had made her acquaintance and was fairly launched upon a most delightful courtship.

Then his common sense asserted itself. By what miraculous means were all these things to be accomplished?

He examined the photograph and perceived that a name was on the back—a name scarcely discernable in the dark gray coloring of the cardboard. Marion. He repeated it under his breath.

Yes, but Marion who, Marion what? He chafed at the inadequacy of the information. Then a sudden idea gleamed upon his perplexed brain. There were the crumpled telegraph blanks!

He lost no time in unfolding and reading. The sight of several half-finished sentences, but no address of any kind rewarded his presumption.

He sighed impatiently, put the photograph in his pocket and departed. Various ideas suggested themselves as he absently threaded his way through the busy streets. He would interview the photographer. He would advertise in the lost and found columns of the newspapers. He would leave no stone unturned in his determination to pursue this matter to the end.

However, it was one thing to plan success and another to achieve it. His repeated efforts to follow up the clew proved utterly futile. Weeks and months went by and yet he had discovered nothing further concerning the fair girl whose photograph had accidentally fallen into his possession. Yet he did not despair.

The fact of having in his keeping the photograph of this radiantly charming girl—this girl whom he loved already with a devotion—seemed a sign, a sure promise to him of ultimate triumph.

It was one year later that Chapman, running across a former chum of his who had recently married and moved to the city, accepted an invitation to dine at his home on the following Sunday.

As he sat out for his friend's residence, he wondered musingly what sort of a woman he had chosen for his life-mate. Frank Eldridge had been a fellow of exacting tastes. Chapman smiled a little as he recollected the numerous discussions they had often indulged in concering womankind.

As he waited in the small reception room, his appreciative eyes took in the dainty beauty of the decorations. Then all suddenly his glance halted. A framed photograph stood upon the mantel—a photograph that startled him into abrupt attention. He stood gazing upon it in stunned incredulity. There was no mistaking those features. The likeness was an exact duplicate of the picture in his possession!

Before he could recover from his shock, the voice of Eldridge sounded at the door. "Hello, Chapman, old fellow! Glad to see you."

Perhaps the host wondered at the abstracted response that greeted him. An awful idea was bearing down upon Chapman's brain—an idea that benumbed him with its dread significance.

"Mrs. Eldridge will soon be down," pursued his friend, cheerfully. Then, at the sound of soft foot falls, "Here she is now."

A young woman with amber eyes and soft brown hair had entered the room. Before Chapman's despairing gaze a lofty air castle of one year's building tumbled into ruins.

How he ever got through with that dismal dinner he could not have told. How he managed to maintain his equanimity and muster up an exaggerated amiability was incomprehensible to him when he afterwards reflected upon it.

Gradually, however, he grew rational enough to berate himself mentally for a consummate simpleton. Why had he ever dared to entertain such wild hopes, in the first place? Did anything in this life ever turn out as human beings hoped? Did dreams ever count for anything? Bah! He had been a fool.

He drifted into a cynical train of thought, the while he struggled to keep up an interest in his hostess' lively chat. After all, even she was a disappointment, or else she had changed greatly in a year. Her face lacked the witchery he had seen in it at first. Really, her eyes were not quite the same. Could it be possible that his imagination had cheated him to this extent. He grew dully submissive to the inevitable.

The lights were turned on and music was suggested. Chapman nodded with a heavy acquiescence. What was it his hostess was saying.

"I am expecting my sister over this evening. Marion is quite musical and likes to entertain."

Marion! The name darted like a meteor through the gloom of Chapman's reflections.

"Your sister?" he repeated almost gaspingly.

"Yes, my twin sister. The resemblance is very striking. ePople atre always—"

A ring of the doorbell interrupted her. Some one was being announced. Chapman dared not even breathe. His head whirled. He raised his eyes as the portieres parted.

There stood the lady of the photograph!

"Famous For Low Prices."

STACK & CO.

Taffeta Silk Shirt Waist Sale, at

$2.98!

Better for the money than was ever before shown in Duluth. We have them in the following colors—black, old rose, lavender, cardinal, turquoise blue, pink, light blue, tan, mode, etc.—all sizes from 32 to 44.



Worth $4.50 at—

$2.98

Special Taffeta Silk Waist, body and sleeves lined, thirty rows of tucking in front, nine rows of tucking in back, new shape Bishop sleeves with six rows of tucking—an artistic Shirt waist at the lowest price ever named.

Dress Skirts, Walking Skirts, Wrappers, Etc., at Special Prices.

AT THE HOTELS

"There's a man that is worth a million," said a bystander in the Spalding rotunda this morning, "and he is still working as hard as he did when he wasn't worth that many cents. Moreover, he seems to thrive under the strain." The gentleman referred to was Dr. D. F. Brooks, who controls a large part of the Brooks-Scanlon lumber interests.

* * *

F. S. Colvin, of Biwabik, who is getting out a large quantity of pulpwood for an Erie paper mill company and will ship it from Two Harbors the coming summer, is at the St. Louis.

* * *

A. A. Holliday, a general merchant at Milton, N. D., is here to buy spring goods in this market. He is stopping at the McKay.

* * *

"I haven't heard anything about additional train service over our road between Duluth and the West," said Traffic Manager Broughton, of the Eastern Minnesota at the Slapding this morning. "Ultimately, additional passenger service will probably be put on, but I haven't learned that another train is to be put on soon between Duluth and Grand Forks or Crookston."

* * *

Maj. C. Wilson, of Bemidji, is at the St. Louis on his way home from St. Paul.

* * *

H. M. Bracken, Minneapolis; L. A. Moore, St. Paul; S. J. Warner, Minneapolis; Edward Lycett, St. Paul; Andrew Davis, Kenosha; H. C. alley, M. F. Rothschild, Chicago; W. C. Willard, Mankato; Charles H. Pearce, Belvidere, Ill., and M. K. Field, St. Paul, are at the Spalding.

* * *

W. W. Browne, Biwabik; J. T. Girard, Deer River; W. F. Sims, Grand Rapids; R. J. Davis, Minneapolis; Mrs. Bork, Hinckley, and Mrs. W. J. Holden and Mrs. B. Enright, of Biwabik, are among the guests at the McKay.

* * *

C. J. Burger, South Omaha; Leonard J. DeLong, Appleton; William F. Bockning, Minneapolis; K. P. Hogan, Kenrick; C. M. Ecskine, Cloquet; George W. McCloskey, St. Paul; D. McLeod, Deer River; Alnon Smith, Herman, Barnum, and Thomas Ives, Guttenberg, Iowa, are at the St. Louis.

THE DAKOTAS

Young Man Got Out of Jail With a Poker.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Chamberlain—Robert Ames, the young fellow who is held at Oacoma on the charge of having murdered Frank Handley, a rancher, on New Year's day, made a desperate effort to escape. He heated a poker and burned a hole through the wooden wall below one of the windows. When this was large enough to admit a saw, which in the opinion of the sheriff, had been passed in to him by an outside friend, he proceeded to cut a hole large enough for him to pass through. He then stole a horse belonging to the sheriff and struck out. The horse, however, was an outlaw, and without bridle was practically useless to Ames, so that he made slow progress, and Sunday afternoon he was overtaken by Sheriff Van Horne's deputies on Bull creek, in Gregory county. He was immediately returned to Oacoma.

Pierre—The idea that the range country is yet "free and easy" received a severe jar lately at the little town of Leslie on Cheyenne river. A saloon man decided that it would be a good location for a saloon, being in the heart of the range country, and proceeded to get out logs for the erection of a building. But he found the residents of that section would not stand for any such action, and later decided he did not care to try it. The logs are now being used as firewood.

Geddes—An old man by the name of Ressl was attacked and almost killed by a bull. His presence of mind and a jackknife saved him from instant death. A physician and a lawyer were summoned, the former to attend his injuries and the latter to draw up a will. He would not permit the doctor to examine him until he had first made his will, not because of any apprehension of the doctor's treatment, but from a desire to adjust his financial affairs first.

Bath—Gilborne Bros., of Aberdeen, have completed a 2-inch artesian well, 500 feet deep for Wenz Bros., the first artesian well in this township and considered the best small-bore well in the country. Reduced to an inch and a quarter it is flowing 125 barrels an hour and it is estimated that if opened to its full capacity it would be over 175 barrels. While the pressure cannot be accurately tested for several weeks, it is estimated at 120 pounds to the square inch, which would develop three horse-power. The water is perfectly clear, very soft and has a temperature of 70 degrees.

Sherman—A Special election will soon be held for the purpose of voting upon the question of license. Thus far the town has not had a saloon.

Pierre—The supreme court has granted the writ of error in the case of William Vincent, found guilty of "cattle rustling" in Charles Mix county. This will stop execution of the sentence until the case is heard by the supreme court.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Bismarck—A term of United States court convened in this city Tuesday morning, Judge Amidon presiding, and several hundred witnesses and attaches of the court are present. Both the grand and petit juries are in attendance.

G. E. Farnsworth was arraigned for horse stealing on the Standing Rock reservation, and took till Wednesday to plead to the charge of cutting timber on the government land. George Petch and Gust Silberg were arraigned, charged with cutting timer, and pleaded guilty, and were fined $3 each, in view of the small amount of wood cut, and lack of intention to commit a crime.

The case against Mark Murphy, charged with the embezzlement of customs funds at Portal, is set for trial at this term, which will probably last several weeks. A hundred more witnesses from Grand Forks are expected to arrive tonight.

Fargo—W. B. Dawley, of Fergus Falls, who was one of the three victims of the Great Northern wreck at Blanchard, had allowed his insurance policy of $3000 to lapse Feb. 21. There was a saving clause in the policy permitting thirty days extension of time, which has been regarded as permissable where the insured was in good health. The friends of Dawley tendered the payment of the premium here under that clause. The local agent accepted it and much interest is aroused as to what action the company will take.

Jamestown—Diphtheria is on the increase and it is thought best to close the public schools for the present.

Alfred Steele was elected county commissioner to fill the place made vacant by the death of C. R. Flint.

THE VICE OF NAGGING

Clouds the happiness of the home, but a nagging woman often needs help. She may be so nervous and run down in health that trifles annoy her. If she is melancholy, excitable, troubled with loss of appetite, headache, sleeplessness, constipation or fainting and dizzy spells, she needs Electric Bitters, the most wonderful remedy for ailing women. Thousands of sufferers from female troubles, nervous troubles, backache and weak kidneys have used it, and become healthy and happy. Try it. Only 50c. W. A. Abbett, druggist, guarantees satisfaction.

PIANOS....

Steinway
Knabe
Kranich & Bach
Ivers & Pond

Choice Instruments.

Every one. Some particular one may be your favorite.

If so, we will be happy to show it to you and your friends. If without especial preference, may we not acquaint you with the excellencies of the entire list?

Catalogs mailed upon application. Low prices and easy terms.

DULUTH MUSIC CO

Largest Piano House at the Head of the Lakes.

Sole Agts. for Steinway and Knabe Pianos

Cor. Superior St. and Lake Ave.

Open Saturday Evenings.

AMUSEMENTS.

STAR LECTURE COURSE,
FIRST M. E. CHURCH.

The Pictorial Story of the Passion Play of Oberammergau

Authorized by Joseph (Christus) Mayr, Burgomaster of Oberammergau.

Motion Pictures and Colored Views.

By JOHN JAY LEWIS.

The apostle of the Passion Play in America, given by Dr. Lewis more than two thousand times in more than two million people.

John R. Bartruff, Expert Operator.

Wednesday Evening, March 5.

Seats on sale at Chamberlain & Taylor's Monday. Price 50 cents.

New Shoes **PHILLIPS** Latest Styles

218 West Superior Street.

Our New Spring Line of Ladies' Laird, Schober & Co.'s, Harry Gray's and the "Princess" line of Fine Shoes and Oxfords are arriving daily. Stetson's, Strong & Garfield, Schaub Bros.'s and many others' make of FINE SHOES are being placed on sale—NEW STYLES AND THE BEST.

SPECIALS FOR THURSDAY

Ladies' Storm Rubbers—first quality— **39c**

Men's Storm Rubbers **29c**

Misses' Sandal Rubbers **25c**

Men's Storm Rubbers—per pair— **65c**

Men's $4.00 Box Calf Welt Sole Shoes —per pair— **$2.98**

Men's $5.00 double deck Shoes—swell, new goods—Thursday, Friday and Saturday— **$3.50**

Ladies' $4.00 Box Enamel—swell, new shoes—welt sole— **$2.69**

LYCEUM IS SOLD

Big Theater and Office Building Bought By Southwestern Man.

John Hoatson, of Augustine, Fla., Paid $500,000 For It.

E. Z. Williams May Abandon Management of the Theater.

Negotiations that have been progressing since last spring were concluded last evening whereby the title of the Lyceum building passed this morning from E. Z. Williams to John Hoatson, of St. Augustine, Fla. Mr. Hoatson left yesterday before the deal was concluded. The consideration is a little over $500,000.

Little & Nolte, who conducted the negotiations for Mr. Hoatson, will manage the building though temporarily at least Mr. Williams will continue to manage the theater. The latter has other plans, however, which will probably result in his abandoning the management. He may go into the theatrical business on a more extensive scale, or he may go to Honolulu, where he already has extensive interests.

The Lyceum buildings was erected about twelve years ago. A. M. Miller, who built it put into it the best of everything that money could buy. The theater, while excelled by many less costly houses, in point of mere ostensible beauty, is considered to be one of the best in the world. Few theaters anywhere are so thoroughly built or so generously equipped in the auditorium or at the back of the theater. The building was erected at a time when materials were even higher than they are now, and before the new style of steel construction was placed in use, so that its cost at the time is hardly a fair basis for comparison with the selling price today.

Under the terms of the deed, the purchaser undertakes to fulfill such obligations as Mr. Williams may have made in the form of leases. While leases are not closed in either case, it is known that the South Shore road has practically closed a deal for thirty offices on the fourth floor of the building, and that the formal closing of the deal awaits only the signing of the papers.

Mr. Hoatson, the purchaser, owns no other property here, nor as far as known in the Northwest. He came here, looked over the city and its prospects as a point for investment, and, selecting the Lyceum as the one that should be the most valuable piece of property here, began negotiations for its acquisition. He believed that the growth of the city during the next few years is going to be so rapid that the building will become a fine-paying piece of property. It is considered that the confidence he has shown is particularly encouraging to the local real estate situation.

The description of the property transferred is given in the deed filed this morning as follows: The westerly half of lot 75, and all of lots 77 and 79, West Superior street, First division, also that part of government lot 5, section 27-50-14 lying easterly of Fifth avenue west and north of Superior street. All leases are transferred, as well as all rentals due to date, and all personal property of whatever nature except personal.

THE SCOTTISH RITE

bodies will work the Twenty-Seventh Degree, **Thursday Evening,** March 6th, at 7:30 p. m.

J. E. COOLEY, Sec'y.

A Mining Lease.

A mining lease running to W. J. Olcott and covering an undivided one-half of the s½ of the nw¼ of section 4, 58-17, was filed in the register of deeds office this morning. The lessors are Frank W. Higgins and wife, of Olean, N. Y.; Clara A. H. Smith and husband, of Angelica, N. Y.; Giles Gilbert and wife, of Duluth. The lease runs for fifty years. The royalty is fixed at 15 cents a ton for the half interest owned by the grantors, or 30 cents a ton to the owners of all interests in the fee. The minimum is 50,000 tons a year. The lease is dated Dec. 9, 1901. The property involved is situated in the section just northwest of the city of Virginia.

The Minnesota Iron company has leased from the C. M. Hill Lumber company, William S. Conklin and the Munro Iron company the nw¼ of the ne¼ of section 8, 57-17 for the purpose of depositing strippings from nearby mining properties. The consideration is an agreement to pay the taxes on the property.

Bothered the Cars.

Shortly before 6 o'clock last evening a big blast was touched off at the Point of Rocks, and several hundred tons of rock tumbled into the road at Thirteenth avenue west. The falling rock struck against the heavy barrier constructed of timber and rock to keep falling material off the street railway tracks, and moved it toward the track a few inches. Last night when it was attempted to run the double truck cars to the Twenty-sixth avenue west car barn, the first one trying to run by the barrier had a handle torn off. It was found necessary to remove the handles from every large car before they could be taken past the Point of Rocks. Today the timber has been trimmed down until the cars can run clear again.

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine **Laxative Bromo-Quinine** Tablets the remedy that **cures a cold in one day.**

NOW COME ON.

Examiner Agatin Ready For the Inspection of Titles.

Examiner of Titles Agatin is ready for owners of property to bring in their titles for his official inspection, preparatory to registration under the Torrens law system. The blanks are all completed, and everything is ready except the record books, which will be forthcoming shortly.

The applications have to be made to the clerk of the court, according to the provisions of the law, and Clerk Johnson has a large supply of blanks awaiting intending customers in the clear title line. The matter is then passed along to the examiner, and finally after being passed on by the court is placed on record in the register of deeds office.

NOTICE.

The Duluth Boat Club will receive bids for moving its club house from present location to its site across the canal.

Bids are also requested for the purchasing of the building as it now stands.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids. Apply,

H. S. PATTERSON,
Boat Builder, Foot of 6th Ave. W.

Missionary Society.

The regular meeting of the Woman's Foreign Missionary society will be held in the parlors of the First Methodist Episcopal church Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock. After the business session the following program will be given:

Letters from Miss Wilma Rouse and others.....

Report of the thirty-second session of the general executive committee held in Philadelphia, Oct. 30 to Nov. 6, 1901.....
Mrs. J. B. Scovell.
Miss Kezia Bennett.

A Large Line of medium priced oak dressers and cheffoniers enables us to quote the following prices—

Dressers.

$17.50 values for $14.00.
19.00 values for 15.20.
22.50 values for 18.00.
25.00 values for 20.00.

Chiffoniers.

$ 8.00 values for $ 6.40.
11.50 values for 9.20.
13.50 values for 10.80.
17.00 values for 13.60.

Complete House Furnishings on Very Easy Terms. Credit to All.

Roll Top Desks....



Inexpensive but still has all the appliances necessary to the busy office man. Desk is four feet long, made of polished oak. Has double pedestals, and drawer beneath writing bed. One pedestal has book drawers, the other pedestal has cash drawer with Yale lock and letter files—Interior of desk has 6 pigeon hole boxes—complete desk only..... **$22.50**

Reduced prices on Hat Racks offer a chance not to be missed—

HAT RACKS.

$10.00 values for $ 8.00.
12.50 values for 10.00.
19.00 values for 15.20.
21.00 values for 16.80.
22.50 values for 18.00.
25.00 values for 20.00.

We Carried over from last year a number of Go-carts. We now want to sell every one in order to put in a fresh stock. Hence this reduction.

Fancy Go-carts.

$ 4.25 value for $ 2.98.
6.35 value for 3.68
6.50 value for 4.55.
9.50 value for 6.65.
12.00 value for 8.40.
14.00 value for 9.80.
16.50 value for 11.55.

The G. C. Steele Co., Duluth, Minn.

THE COST OF POWER

Rates of Highland Canal Company Compared With Other Places.

Cheaper Than Niagara, Hartford, Montana and Minneapolis Power.

Some Pacific Coast Plants Only Ones That Approach It.

The enormous advantage that the fulfillment of the plans of the Highland Canal and Power company will be to Duluth and Superior is not fully realized, except by power users. The cost of the proposed development is so low, compared with other big power plants of the country, as to enable the company to make very favorable rates and to give manufacturers at the head of the lakes distinct advantages.

The prices for electric power in large quantities, as by the schedule adopted by the Duluth company for the two cities at the head of Lake Superior, range from $20 to $35 per horse power per year, or from ½ cent to 2½ cents per horse power per hour. This is the power delivered at the meters of consumers at their factories or mills, and compares with other large power rates throughout the United States about as follows, according to the figures that are furnished by the various companies themselves:

The Niagara power is, perhaps, the most important, certainly the best-known installation of water power converted into electricity in the United States. The schedule of prices by the Cataract Power and Conduit company, which is the concern distributing this power in Buffalo, range as follows: For one horse power per year of 300 days of ten hours each, $23.17 to $53.71; for one horse power per year of 365 days of twenty-four hours each, $50.77 to $140.65, the exact figure in each case depending upon the amount of power used and the conditions of service.

Of the great California electric power installations, that of the Bay Counties' Power company is of chief importance. Its rates average $35 per horse power per year. The power derived from the famous Snoqualmie falls, near Tacoma, varies from $20 to $35 per horse power per year, which is the same as the Duluth power. Power derived from water and delivered at Hartford, Conn., and the enormous powers generated at Helena and Butte, Mont., sell at $50 per year per horse power.

The General Electric company is taking 5000 electric horse power from the Hudson River Water Power company, for which it pays $22.50 per horse power per year of 300 days.

The Journal of the Franklin institute, of Philadelphia, gives the average of costs of electric power for the United Kingdom as 4 cents per horse power per hour, and compares this with the figures of average for the United States, which, it states, are from 2¼ to 5¾ cents per horse power per hour.

To get nearer home, and to a city whose development has been wonderfully aided within the knowledge of Duluth people by water power, the figures for Minneapolis are decidedly instructive. There the supply is limited and the lowest rates given represent a few contracts made in the early days. These contracts are now worth very large bonuses, and have been sold at high prices. The present rates are $20 to $27 per horse power per year for the water alone, always conditional on there being sufficient surplus water after the original contracts have been cared for. This Minneapolis power is sold under a different agreement than elsewhere, and the power user, after he has paid his $20 to $27 per year, must install and operate his power plant at his own expense. He must also supplement the water power plant that he has put in by an additional steam plant, for no power user there is safe in depending for his supply of power on water during the whole year. As a matter of fact the cost of power in such a combined steam and hydraulic plant is estimated at about $40 per year per horse power. This is about what it is considered by experts that the large flour mills of Minneapolis are paying for power at the present time.

Now power users at the head of Lake Superior use steam alone. The benefits they will have in the introduction of such power as the Highland company agrees to furnish are surprisingly large. The cost of steam power, including all items, such as wages, oil, waste, supplies, repairs, interest, depreciation, taxes, insurance, etc., and with coal at $3 a ton, which is considerably less than first class steam coal can now be had for, ranges from $35 to $60 per year per horse power, on the 300-day, 10-hour service, and from $45 to $100 for the 365-day, 24-hours service, all costs depending very much on the size of the plant and the condition of service. The lower prices given for this steam power apply only to very large plants with first class equipment, and operated most efficiently.

With the completion of the Highland Power company's plant, Duluth and Superior will have the best and cheapest power possible, which, in connection with favorable transportation facilities and abundance of raw materials, combine to make this point the most natural and advantageous manufacturing and milling center of the Northwest.

Handsome Equipment.

Edward Maney, who is back from a visit at Marquette, says that the new train equipment that the South Shore road will place in commission May 1 or June 1 will make one of the handsomest passenger trains running into Duluth. The cars in external appearance greatly resemble the Lake Superior Limited equipment. All the new cars, except the sleepers, are now lying on sidings in the depot yard at Marquette. The sleepers are not yet completed. New diners will also probably be added to the trains.

Publish a Paper.

The Institute Echoes is the title of a very interesting monthly publication that made its appearance from the Sacred Heart Institute of this city. The object of the magazine is to promote a high literary spirit among the students. It will serve also as a bond between the alumni and their Alma Mater, chronicling the success of the former and giving the important happenings at the latter. F. Lyon is the editor-in-chief, and Miss Stella Miller and Miss Margaret Sweeney are the associate editors.

A Wonderful Medicine.

Beecham's Pills

FOR ALL

Bilious and Nervous Disorders,

Sick Headache, Constipation, Wind and Pains in Stomach, Impaired Digestion, Disordered Liver and Female Ailments.

PREPARED ONLY BY THE PROPRIETOR,
Thomas Beecham, St. Helens, Eng., and 365 Canal St., New York.
Sold by all Druggists in United States.
In boxes, 10c. and 25c.

COURT OPENS

March Term Is Under Way---Grand Jury Charged.

The March term of district court was convened this morning by Judge Dibell, the grand jury sworn and charged and the civil calendar called. H. A. Wing was chosen foreman of the grand jury, making no special mention of any particular line of investigation. The jurors retired at once to take up the work that County Attorney McClintock had outlined for them.

Judge Dibell then turned his attention to the civil calendar, on which eighty-two cases had been placed. A sumary of the situation after preliminary motions had been heard and disposed of shows that twenty-eight cases have been assigned for trial by jury and nineteen will be heard by the court. Twenty divorce cases will go to trial, beginning tomorrow, seven cases were continued, eight stricken from the calendar or dismissed, and the balance are pending on motions made this morning, but taken under advisement.

The following cases were set for trial tomorrow: 10, 11, 17, 18, 20, 21, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77.

BEGGARS.

Police Are Now Troubled With Their Annual Nuisance.

The police department now has the annual beggar nuisance to deal with.

Incidentally the department has before it a more perplexing problem than the ordinary suppression of crime.

Every year when the woodsmen begin coming in from the lumber camps, with plenty of money, the professional beggars turn up from all quarters.

There is not a philanthropist on earth that is half as generous as the average woodsman with a little money. Some philanthropists are afraid they will die rich, while the woodsmen seem to fear that they will live rich.

The beggars know this and some of them make as high as $5 or $10 a day just begging money.

The police scare ordinary criminals away by threats of imprisonment, but not the begging fraternity. They would as soon spend thirty days in the county jail as they would a quarter in a Bowery saloon.

The more thrifty beggars save out enough money to take care of them in case of trouble, but as a rule, as soon as one of them makes a flurry touch he hurries to a saloon and spends the money.

The police have puzzled their heads over this begging problem for years and the only solution that seems to meet the case is the use of a whipping post and this is prohibited by law.

Some sort of bodily punishment seems to be about the only thing that has any terror for them.

A peculiar case same to the attention of the police yesterday. One of these beggars had been reaping a harvest for the past week. He absorbed so much liquor that he knew the best thing for him would be an arrest and a couple of weeks in jail. He begged several officers to arrest him and finally committed an act that required arrest. He was sentenced to sixty days at hard labor this morning and that kind of gave him a surprise, but he remarked that it would certainly be warm weather when he got out and he did not care much any way.

BLIZZARD AT CHILLOCOTHE.

Chillocothe, Ohio, March 5.—A blizzard is raging here and twelve inches of snow has fallen in the last eight hours. Street car traffic is tied up and wires are down.

BODY OF CASE FOUND.

Battle Creek, Mich., March 5.The remains of Abner Case, of Bath, N. Y., who was burned to death in the Adventist sanitarium here Feb. 18, were found today by workmen who were excavating in the ruins.

A HEARTY SOLDIER

Worked on New Rations.

One of Uncle Sam's army boys got a lift with Grape-Nuts. A private at Fort Harrison, Mont., named Orlando Miller, says: "When I was all run down with dyspepsia and got so I weighed only 121 pounds a friend recommended that I take Grape-Nuts Food.

This was last spring and I followed the advice. I have steadily improved. Gradually lost my stomach trouble, until I have gained my strength and health. I am now weighing 156½ pounds. Any one in my regiment, Eighth regulars, can verify these facts."

Johnson & Moe,

The West End Big Department Store.

The Keynote of Success

is dependable quallty, coupled with fair prices—a combination which customers are always sure of finding here. Note these money saving offerings for tomorrow:

Wash Goods Bargains.

30-inch New Scotch Lawns, dark and light, dainty patterns, 8c quality. Tomorrow special—yard **4½c**

Fine Zephyr Ginghams in dainty silk and blue stripes, checks and plaids; for Children's Dresses, Aprons, etc.; regular 10c sort. Tomorrow at, only..... **6½c**

32-inch Imported Scotch Zephyr Ginghams, very choice patterns, in mercerized stripe and corded effects, beautiful styles for waists. Our 25c kind. Tomorrow at..... **20c**

New Wool Suitings, New Wool Skirtings, New Waisting Cloth.

30-inch Novelty stripe Waisting Cloth, regular 25c and 39c kind. Tomorrow, your choice... **19c**

30-in. fine Novelty Wool Stripe Waisting Cloth, regular 58c kind. Tomorrow, special..... **39c**

30-inch fine Mohair Waisting Cloth, in novelty, mercerized stripe, 75c quality. Tomorrow at— **68c**

We show a magnificent new line of Imported fine Suitings in all the latest weaves and colorings, at—

58c, 68c, 88c, 98c, $1.25, $1.48 and up.

EXTRA SPECIAL.

Wool Skirting Bargains.

30-in. plain and stripe wool Melton Cloth in leading shades for Walking Skirts; our leader at 48c. Tomorrow, special, a yard **33c**

54-in. new plain and chalk line wool Skirtings; regular price $1.25. Tomorrow, special, a yard— **95c**

Fine Wool Venetian Cloth

40-in. all-wool Venetian Cloth in all the leading spring shades for tailor-made suits; a bargain at 60c. Tomorrow only..... **48c**



New Arrivals In Our Cloak Department.

Ladies' Tailor-Made Suits—

Ladies' Walking Skirts—

Ladies' Dress Skirts—

Ladies' Tailored Suits, made in brown—blue, and black—fine wool serge and cheviot Jackets—all silk lined, in Blouse, Eton and Norfolk styles—unmatchable values at—

$18, $22.50 and $25

Ladies' Walking Skirts, fine brown, greys, tans and black Broadcloth and fine Meltons, flounce skirts, stitched and strap trimmed, handsomely tailored, at—

$3.98, $5.98, $7.50, $10 & $12

Ladies' Dress Skirts, in fine Broadcloth, serge and cheviots, elegantly tailored, at—

$4.50, $5, $6.50, $7.50 and up

IN OUR MODEL CASH GROCERY DEPT.

Special for Thursday, March 6.

Strictly Fresh Eggs, per doz..... 23c
Burbank Potatoes, per bu..... 75c
Fancy Patent Flour, 98-lb sack..$2.00
Baking Chocolate, ½-lb cakes..... 16c
Baking Chocolate, ¼-lb cakes..... 8c
Roses Cocoa, ½-lb cans, regular price 30c, per can..... 25c
Cocoanut, in bulk, per lb..... 15c
Mince Meat, in bulk, per lb..... 7c
Sour Pickles, per doz..... 5c
Chow Chow, per quart..... 15c
Farina, in bulk, per lb..... 4c
Sago and Tapioca, per lb..... 5c
Fancy California Prunes, per lb.... 5c
Macaroni, in bulk, per lb..... 5c
Full Cream Cheese, per lb..... 12½c
Table Pears, per can..... 10c
Choice Table Peaches, per can..12½c
10 bars good Laundry Soap..... 25c
Family White Fish, per lb..... 5c
Cod Fish, per lb..... 5c
Salt Trout, per lb..... 6c
Salt Salmon, per lb..... 8c
Choice Salmon, in cans..... 10c

AT WEST DULUTH

A resident at Seventy-first avenue west and Grand avenue this morning said that he knew of from twenty to forty people that have signified their intention of building homes in that vicinity as soon as the street railway is extended that far on Grand venue. In view of this promising condition, the residents out on Grand avenue are very hopeful that something may be done very soon in the way of extending the street railway even out to the new park purchased by the park board last year.

As no notice of appeal was filed by the street railway company in the matter of the West Third street and Grand avenue extension of the line, it is taken to mean that the company expects to comply with the order of the court and construct the required trackage. This requirement calls for a track on Grand avenue only to Sixty-first avenue west, ten blocks short of the desired terminal point from the view of the Grand avenue residents. It is possible that by the time the construction work begins an effort will be made by the different interests to pull together and show the street railway company actual inducements for the extension of its line the other ten blocks.

CARD OF THANKS.

I wish to express my heartfelt thanks and appreciation to all friends, and particularly the Independent Order of Foresters, 797, and K. O. T. M., in sharing with me in the loss of my beloved husband.

MRS. JOHN CRAIG AND FAMILY.

ACTIVE IN BUILDING.

There will be very active building operations in West Duluth this spring and summer. The contractors report numerous deals already for new homes, and others are still pending. There is said to be quite a demand among renters for five and six-room cottages, but no contracts have yet been let for that class of buildings.

TO MOVE BUILDING.

Harry Sawyer, the contractor, has been given the contract to move the several store buildings now occupying the site at the corner of Central avenue and Ramsey street, where Wieland & Wade's new hardware building will be erected. The buildings are to be moved next week and will occupy a frontage on Central avenue, just north of J. A. Scott's office. Moving permits will be obtained from the city council, as the buildings are to be moved within the fire limits.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Mrs. Gilley, who received injuries in falling down stairs yesterday, is improving. She is still quite lame from the effects of the fall.

Miss Angie Gilley has returned from the range.

John Meckla, formerly a West Duluth grocer, returned this morning from Split Rock.

Adolph Supernault has returned from an extended visit at Split Rock.

Mrs. George Eastman left this morning for her home in Eau Claire, after a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Hagerty, of the Tremont house.

Peter O'Donnell came down from the range this morning for a short visit.

J. C. Murphy returned this morning from his claim, near Two Harbors, Minn. Mr. Murphy will take a team with him on his return, to do some clearing on the claim.

Miss Ida Sears has returned from a two weeks' visit in the Chicago markets in the interest of the Hendricks Dry Goods company.

The regular meeting of the West Duluth branch of the W. C. T. U. will take place tomorrow.

The Asbury auxiliary of the W. F. M. S. will hold its regular meeting and give an afternoon social at the home of Mrs. Forbes, corner of Fifty-seventh avenue west and Cody street, Friday afternoon, at 2:30 o'clock. A pleasing program of reading and music will be rendered and refreshments will be served.

Children's shoes at Lauermann's.

FILIATRAULT, UNDERTAKER.

Funeral director and embalmer. Parlor next to Bank, West Duluth. Open day and night. New 'phone 3003. Picture frames. Work guaranteed.

Tonight!

Poverty Carnival at the West Duluth Covered Rink. Lanner's Band. Excellent ice. Admission 25c.

IS NOT THROUGH YET.

M. S. Burrows Appeals Case to Supreme Court.

M. S. Burrows has appealed to the supreme court from the decision of the district court sustaining the Western Union Telegraph company in refusing to pay a check issued by the latter. The telegraph company gave a check for an amount of money ordered by wire to be paid to a person unknown to the company. The person to whom it was given endorsed the check in the name of the party to whom it was drawn and got it cashed at Mr. Burrows' store. Subsequently, the telegraph company discovered that the man to whom it gave the check was not the right party and ordered the bank not to pay the check.

TAKEN TO NEW ORLEANS.

New Orleans, March 5.—Ed Batson, of Spikard, Mo., who is charged with the murder of the six members of the Earl family near Welsh, La., was conveyed across Louisiana in safety last night by Sheriff Perkins and safely landed in the parish prison here. He will stay in New Orleans until his trial is called.

North, South, East and West

ELECTRO SILVER POLISH SILICON

is proclaimed the Best.

Used everywhere. Sold everywhere.

"SILICON," 80 Cliff Street, New York.

COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS



Special Sale of

ORIENTAL RUGS

This means every Oriental Rug in the store and includes an exceedingly large shipment received last week. If you are looking for something in this line this is an excellent time to purchase.

Every Oriental Rug in the store up to $7.75 (19 pieces) ---------- for $3.85

All Oriental Rugs ranging in price between $8 and $10.50 ---------- for $6.75

All Oriental Rugs ranging from $11 to $15.50 ---------- for $9.50

All other Oriental Rugs—including over 40 complete room sizes—in Persians, Bokharas, Kandahars, Cashmeres, Axaras—

20 PER CENT DISCOUNT

SPECIAL SALE OF

Lace Curtains!

Thursday we place on sale 50 pairs Ruffled Net Curtains—6 different styles—worth up to $4.00 a pair—

$2.00 PER PAIR

This price for Thursday Only.

French & Bassett DULUTH, MINN.

LAND SOLD.

Block In Assinaboa Goes to St. Cloud Party.

Clear Lake, Minn., March 5.—The Schwab Land company has sold a block of land of fifteen sections in Assinaboa province, Canada, to a prominent business man of St. Cloud. It is estimated that 2500 acres of improved land has changed ownership in this vicinity in the last year.

LEWISHON IS DYING.

New York, March 5.—Leonard Lewisohn, well known as one of the largest operators in copper in this country, is believed to be dying in London, says the Herald. He sailed Feb. 18 for an extended stay in Europe for the benefit of his health. At his home here it is now stated that he caught cold while sightseeing in London, and this had developed into pneumonia.

A SUICIDE.

James Peterson of Madelia Takes His Life.

Madelia, Minn., March 5.—James Peterson, aged 50, committed suicide by taking carbolic acid. He was found in his barn. He leaves a widow and three children. He was insured for $2000 in the A. O. U. W.

VESSEL WAS CAPSIZED.

Vancouver, B. C., March 5.—A small schooner rigged vessel was towed into Vancouver harbor last night with the bodies of two unknown men lashed to it. The vessel had been overturned by the storm Monday night, and was picked up early yesterday in the gulf.

Constipation and health never go together. DeWitt's Little Early Risers promote easy action of the bowels without griping or distress. Are safe, sure, gentle, thorough. Purely vegetable. Max Wirth.



Storage, Packing and Moving — Employ none but experienced men Responsible for all breakages. Reasonable in prices. Get estimates before moving.

DULUTH FUEL & TRANSFER COMPANY.



"Do I Catch Your Eye?"

Is a toast used by some people—means, of course, have I your attention? Well, we want you to know about "MOOSE BRAND BEER." It will do you good to know about it, more good to drink it. We supply it in cases of two dozen bottles at your door, if you like. A penny postal will serve for your order.

Duluth Brw'g & Malting Co.

Either 'Phone 241

PASSING OF BOOTH

Founder of the Firm of A. Booth & Co. Is Dead.

Gain Control of Fish Trade of the Great Lakes.

Retired From Active Business Over Twenty Years Ago.

Chicago, March 5.—Alfred Booth, who founded the firm of A. Booth & Co., in the fish trade, died at his residence here today. For two weeks the patient's arteries have been gradually hardening, and last night it became practically certain that the end was near. The decedent was born in England 74 years ago, and came to Chicago in 1850. The year after the great fire, Mr. Booth began to extend his business, and soon gained control of the fish trade of the great lakes. In 1880 Mr. Booth retired from active business, leaving his affairs in the hands of his sons, Alfred E. and W. Vernon Booth. In 1898 the firm became a corporation (A. Booth & Co.) with a capital of $5,500,000.

The firm of A. Booth & Co. many years ago established branch houses at various points on Lake Superior, the chief one being at Duluth, and engaged extensively in the fish trade on that lake, running several steamers in connection with the business.

PRESIDENT

Not Satisfied With Census Bill Passed By Congress.

Washington, March 5.—President Roosevelt hesitates to sign the bill creating a permanent census bureau, submitted to him, and it is possible he may veto it. His objection is that after providing all the details for creating a permanent census bureau, the bill places the entire present force of the bureau within the classified civil service, making them eligible for appointment at any time within a year in any government department without further examination. These clerks were appointed after a perfunctory examination, but without any regard to the provisions of the civil service law. Senators and representatives who have constituents employed in the census bureau eagerly supported the senate amendment which places them all in the classified service, and of course are anxious that the president shall sign the bill as it stands, but he appears to be in no hurry to do so.

The census office force has been largely reduced in the last few months, but it numbers now about 2000. Something like half of this number will be needed in the permanent bureau, and the president and nobody else objects to having them protected by the rules of the civil service, but he thinks it hardly fair to put the remaining thousand on the eligible list, to the exclusion of those persons all over the United States who have been taking the examinations with the hope of getting government appointments in the regular way.

When the bill now before the president was considered in the senate Senator Lodge offered an amendment providing that only such of the present employes as are to be retained in the permanent bureau should be placed in the classified service, but his amendment received but little support, the senators on both sides of the chamber showing remarkable activity in supporting the provision for placing the entire temporary force on the eligible list.

The president is favorable to the bill except as regards this one provision, and it is possible that he will hold the measure for a few days and that in the meanwhile the employes who are not to be appointed into the permanent bureau will be discharged. This would meet the president's objection to the bill as it now stands, as only those employes are to go on the eligible list who shall be on the rolls when the bill becomes a law.

A BIG MORTGAGE

Given By the Milwaukee Gas Company.

Milwaukee, March 5.—The Milwaukee Gas company has filed with the register of deeds a first mortgage and deed of trust on all the property and franchises of the company. The mortgage is to cover an issue of $10,000,000 bonds maturing May 1, 1927, and bearing 4 per cent interest from May 1, 1902. Of the issue $6,000,000 will be delivered to the company at once, $100,000 to be used to take up the bonds issued for the erection of the new offices of the company on Wisconsin street and the remainder to be used in future extensions of the plant. The mortgage is executed to the Central Trust company of New York.

ELECTION AT SEATTLE.

Mayor Hughes Probably Re-Elected By Small Plurality.

Seattle, March 5.—Owing to the fact that there was much scratching and that the vote cast was very heavy, the returns of yesterday's municipal elections had not been counted at 8 o'clock this morning, but indications at this hour were that Mayor Hughes had been re-elected by a plurality of 500. Two years ago the mayor was elected by 1500.

The balance of the Republican ticket was elected by a good majority.

Interesting Facts.

Our heavy discounts on overcoats are recognized as facts. Don't delay your purchasing, as your size may be gone. It is a good investment.

C. W. ERICSON, The Clothier.

Spring Wretchedness, Misery, and Suffering Permanently Banished When You Use

Paine's Celery Compound

A Cured and Grateful Farmer's Wife Declares that Paine's Celery Compound Almost Raised Her From the Grave.

A few words to weak, broken down, nervous, and sick women at this time, and the perusal of Mrs. Shepherd's letter will, we trust, kindle hope and inspire fresh confidence in many a home where some loved mother, wife, or daughter is hovering between life and death. At this season, thousands are nearing the grave; all can be saved by the prompt use of Paine's Celery Compound. Mrs. Virginia Shepherd, Powellton, W. Va., writes as follows:

"I had been sick for eight years, and no tongue can tell what I suffered. I would have spells of nervous headache when I would keep my bed for five and six days, and could not raise my head off the pillows. Then I would get numb all over, and they would have to rub and work over me to keep me alive, and I would have sinking spells and palpitation of the heart, but thanks to Paine's Celery Compound, and I cannot praise it enough, I have not had a headache for six weeks, a thing I could not say before in eight years. Your Compound has almost raised me from the grave, as I had given up all hopes of this life until my husband read one of your pamphlets. After I had been using it I felt better than I had for three years."

Diamond Dyes are the simplest dyes made. A child can use them.

CINCINNATI

Appropriately Celebrates the Centennial of Its Incorporation.

Cincinnati, March 5.—The centennial of the incorporation of Cincinnati was celebrated today by appropriate exercises by the municipal authorities, the chamber of commerce and other organizations. On orders from the war department at Washington, a salute of twenty-one guns was fired at noon from the batteries at Fort Thomas, situated seven miles from the city, on the Kentucky heights, and at the city hall, in the afternoon, addresses were made by Mayor Fleishmann, Gen. Michael Ryan, of the board of trade, and others. The celebration concludes with a banquet tonight in the cahmber of commerce, with President M. E. Ingalls as toastmaster.

CORONATION

Services at Westminster Abbey Will Be Somewhat Shortened.

New York, March 5.—Details of the coronation are gradually coming up, says the London correspondent of the Tribune, and nearly all the essential points will be decided before the departure of the king for Paris and the Riviera. Great efforts have been made to shorten the service at Westminster abbey. If the ecclesiastical authorities were allowed to have their way the service would occupy five or six hours, with an official requirement that the spectators be in their places an hour or two in advance. The litany will certainly be dropped, and the musical portion of the service will probably be curtailed.

Other changes are proposed, but there is a tendency to magnify the importance of every detail. The abbey service and the royal drive through the Metropolis are the only fixtures. The day for the naval review has not been announced, nor that of the gala night at Covent Garden, nor the day's functions at the Buckingham palace. The garden party at Tatfield may occur on the Saturday after the coronation services. The king's health is reported to be excellent.

COUNTERFEITERS.

The Last of the Goldman Gang Arrested.

New York, March 5.—On a charge of counterfeiting, John Fanning and John Morrisey have been arrested. The police claim they are the last of the Goldman gang. Goldman, who posed as a commission merchant and had a good reputation as a business man, was arrested several months ago as the chief of a gang of burglars. He was convicted. The two men just arrested are said to have been caught in the act of manufacturing spurious coins.

HEAR FROM BALDWIN.

Letters From Franz Josef Land Reach Denmark.

Copenhagen, March 5.—Letters dated from Franz Josef Land, Aug. 17, have been received here from the Danes who accompanied the Baldwin-Ziegler Arctic expedition. The vessels arrived at Franz Joseph Land after trying experiences with all well on board. The American intended to winter at Franz Josef Land and then proceed northward until stopped by the ice, when the party on board of her would start towards the north pole. Mr. Baldwin hoped that the America would reach 30 degrees north.

FILED ARTICLES.

Eastern Syndicate Controls 'Frisco Street Railroads.

San Francisco, March 5.—Under the name of the United Railroads of San Francisco, the syndicate which has obtained control of the principal street car lines of this city, has filed articles of incorporation with the county clerk. The capital is $40,000,000, divided into 400,000 shares. The corporation is controlled in the East and the incorporation is merely a formality to give the company a legal right in California.

Wait for the Big Removal Sale

Of Fine Up-to-date Shoes For Men, Women and Children. Watch for our ad.

The Famous Shoe Store

111 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

ARBITRARY

Action of Railroad Company Is to Be Investigated.

St. Paul, March 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—The railroad and warehouse commission will go to New Ulm today to investigate the necessity for putting in a side track at Tracy. The railroad company arbitrarily removed a side track which approached an elevator in Tracy. The owner of the elevator asked to have the railroad restore the track, which the railroad refusing to do, the owner then asked the company to designate some location where he could put his elevator so as to be near the track of the railroad. His request was again denied, and the owner of the elevator sent a petition to the railroad commission. The commission will take the testimony of witnesses.

WOULD SMASH THE CLUB.

If members of the "Hay Fever association" would use Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, the club would go to pieces, for it always cures this malady, and Asthma, the kind that baffles the doctors—it wholly drives from the system. Thousands of once-hopeless sufferers from Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis owe their lives and health to it. It conquers Grip, saves little ones from Croup and Whooping Cough and is positively guaranteed for all Throat and Lung troubles, 50c, $1.00. Trial bottles free by W. A. Abbett, druggist.

The celebrated children's "McKay" Waist. For sale by C. W. ERICSON, The Clothier.

WEST WAS RICH.

Estate Estimated at Half a Million Dollars.

New York, March 5.—According to the will of William H. West, the well known minstrel who died recently in Chicago, practically all his personal property and one-third of his real estate are to go to his widow, Emma C. West. The will has just been filed for probate.

Of the real estate two-thirds is to be divided among his brother, Robert R. Flynn, of Syracuse; his step-brother, John J. Fitzgerald, of Auburn, and his sister, Margaret E. Peabody, of Auburn.

A clause in the will provides for carrying on a theatrical enterprise in which West was interested. The estate is estimated at $500,000.

THE STARVATION PLAN

Of Treating Dyspepsia and Stomach Troubles is Useless and Unscientific.

The almost certain failure of the starvation cure for dyspepsia has been proven time and again, but even now a course of dieting is generally the first thing recommended for a case of indigestion or any stomach trouble.



Many people with weak digestion, as well as some physicians, consider the first step to take in attempting to cure indigestion is to restrict the diet, either by selecting certain foods and rejecting others or to cut down the amount of food eaten to barely enough to keep soul and body together, in other words the starvation plan is by many supposed to be the first essential.

All this is radically wrong. It is foolish and unscientific to recommend dieting to a man already suffering from starvation because indigestion itself starves every organ, nerve and fibre in the body.

What people with poor digestion most need is abundant nutrition, plenty of good, wholesome, properly cooked food, and something to assist the weak stomach to digest it.

This is exactly the purpose for which Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are adapted and the true reason why they cure the worst cases of stomach trouble.

Eat a sufficient amount of wholesome food and after each meal take one or two of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets to promptly digest it.

In this way the system is nourished and the overworked stomach rested, because the tablets will digest the food whether the stomach works or not, one grain of the active digestive principle in Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets being sufficient to digest 3000 grains of meat, eggs or other albuminous food.

Dr. Haroldson and Dr. Redwell recommended these tablets in all cases of defective digestion because the pepsin and diastase in them are absolutely free from animal matter and other impurities, and being pleasnt to the taste are as safe and harmless for the child as for the adult.

All drug stores sell this excellent preparation, and the daily use of them after meals will be of great benefit, not only as an immediate relief but to permanently build up and invigorate the digestive organs.

REVOLUTION

At Shabats, Servia, Was of Very Short Duration.

Belgrade, Servia, March 5.—An extraordinary attempt to start a revolution was made this morning at the fontier town of Shabats, by a raid under the leadership of Alavantics, a relative of Prince Karageorgevich, the pretender to the Servian throne. The only result that Alavantics was killed and his adherents were arrested.

Alavantics, with a handful of followers, arrived at Shabats from Mitrowicz, wearing the uniform of a general in the Servian army, and called to the fontier guard to follow him. The latter, not suspecting that anything was wrong, accompanied the supposed general to the town hall, where Alavantics ordered the men of the fire department to join him. This motely procession proceeded to the gendarme barracks, where Alavantics paruded the gendarmes. Two of the latter, however, whose suspicions were arounsed, escaped and appraised their commander, Capt. Nikolics. The latter, when he arrived on the scene, called on Alavantics to produce some document as authority for his actions, whereupon the would-be revolutionist leader fired a revolver at Capt. Nikolics, and slightly wounded him. Nikolics promptly shot and killed Alavantics, whose followers were then arrested.

GOOD HAUL.

Burglars Rob Montgomery, Ind., Bank of $10,000.

Washington, Ind., March 5.—The First National bank, of Montgomery, eight miles east of this city, was burglarized last night, the vault blown by dynamite and $10,000 in cash and bonds stolen. Citizens heard five distinct explosions, but feared to attack the robbers, who had each a rifle. The robbers escaped on a handcar. The loss is covered by insurance.

RUSSIAN SPIES.

Their Presence In Norway Creating Excitement.

Christiania, March 5.—Alarm again prevails in Norway over the presence in the country of large numbers of wandering Russian spies in the guise of sawsharpeners. A Russian general staff officer was recognized at Kongsvinger Monday while pretending to seek work. He speedily disappeared.

Barrister Sahlberg, of Christiania, arrested in Paris at the instance of the Norwegian government on a charge of embezzlement, has been found guilty of offering his services to the Russian government in the capacity of a spy. Incriminating documents were discovered in Sahlberg's house. The country's apprehensive distrust of the attitude of the czar's government cannot be exaggerated.

MAY ASK MORE.

Masters and Pilots Discuss 1902 Wage Scale.

The local masters and pilots' organization held a meeting last evening for the purpose of discussing the coming season's wage scale.

The minimum scale last year was $100 to $125 according to the size of vessels. During the coming season there is a possibility that a minimum scale of $120 and $135 may be asked.

The wage matter may be taken up by the protective board at its meeting in Detroit next week. B. F. Howard will represent the Duluth masters and pilots at this meeting. Another meeting of the local organization will be called later in the week.

MANY SOLDIERS

Waiting For Transports to Sail For Manila.

San Francisco, March 5.—The transport Hancock, to sail March 15 for Manila, will carry the headquarters and the first battalion of the Tenth infantry, recently ordered from Fort Crook. In the transport will also sail 150 marines and six officers. Marines to the number of 250 with the proper number of officers, are also scheduled to sail on the transports leaving April 1 and 15. The Twenty-ninth infantry, which was brought from the East a few days ago, with the expectation of being sent out in the Hancock, is still here and its disposition is uncertain.

FAILED TO APPEAR.

Thompson Neglected to Show Up For Trial.

Crookston, Minn., March 5.—The trial of W. E. Harper and Henry Thompson on the charge of robbery at the Great Northern depot about ten days ago, was held in justice court yesterday. Harper was bound over to the grand jury in the sum of $500. Thompson, who was released Saturday night on bail, failed to appear for trial.

AN INCOME

Of $10,000 a Year Provided For Lord Francis Hope.

New York, March 5.—Lord Francis Hope, who has managed to spend $3,000,000 since coming of age, has just assured himself an income for the rest of his life, says the London correspondent of the Herald, by turning over all his property and expectations to a life insurance company, which guarantees him an income of $10,000 a year for life.

His principal asset is Deepdene, a beautiful estate, now leased to the widow of Lord William Beresford. Deepdene, although heavily mortgaged, is valuable and with careful management can be made to pay off by degrees the indebtedness.

Lord Francis is now at Brighton, where he is recovering from the amputation of his foot, performed some time ago. He is to be fitted with an artificial foot next month.

GOING TO CUBA.

New York, March 5.—Miss Alice Roosevelt, accompanied by Mrs. Harriet Blaine Beale, will, it is reported, leave Washington Sunday night for Florida, and will sail Tuesday from Port Tampa for Havana. They go to visit Governor General and Mrs. Wood, and will remain in Cuba two or three weeks.

The Latest Fad In Boys' Suits.

The "Russian" Blouse Suits, in different shades. Bring your little son to C. W. ERICSON, The Clothier.

Gas on the Stomach

Is quickly relieved by Herba Cura, nature's best remedy for dyspepsia.

Not only this, but it has a dozen other virtues that entitle it to your consideration.

Packed in neat red boxes and sold for one dollar by the best druggists.

EDISON THE WIZARD.

Wishes to announce that his latest discovery in the phonograph reproducer, and the new Moulded records, something just out, has the natural tone of voice, and the sweet musical tone of the instrumental records are something wonderful. Call and hear it. Mail orders given prompt attention

B. F. HATHAWAY, Local Agent

202 Trust Building.

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PATENTS!

Mason, Fenwick & Lawrence, James T. Watson.

Washington, D. C. Established 1865.

ALLOWANCE GUARANTEED If we report favorably on a preliminary examination as to patentable novelty. Valuable book on patents FREE. Send for it.

Palladio Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

For Something Special to Eat try WALL'S Stag Chop House.

Zenith City Dye Works

Practical Dyers and Dry Cleaners. Quick service and work guaranteed.

F. L. RITTEL, Prop.

6 East Superior Street.

Zenith 'phone, 1375. Bell, 645.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink

ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.

Sold in Duluth at the

IDEAL BEER HALL.

Hotel Northern,

208 W. SUPERIOR ST.

Music from 3 to 5 and 7 to 11 p.m. by Northwestern Lady Orchestra.

Hardwood Flooring ⅝x2¼ and ⅞x2

Maple, Oak, Birch, Red Birch.

Plain and Quarter Sawed.

If you want the best manufactured, buy from

C. B. WOODRUFF

LUMBER YARD 819 Garfield Avenue.

"Let the GOLD DUST twins do your work."



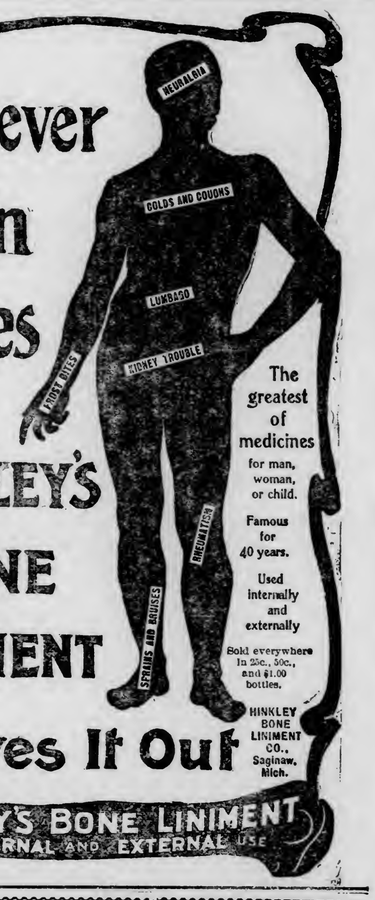
More clothes are rubbed out than worn out.

GOLD DUST

will spare your back and save your clothes. Better and far more economical than soap and other Washing Powders.

Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago, New York, Boston, St. Louis.—Makers of OVAL FAIRY SOAP.

Wherever Pain Lodges HINKLEY'S BONE LINIMENT Drives It Out



The greatest of medicines for man, woman, or child.

Famous for 40 years.

Used internally and externally

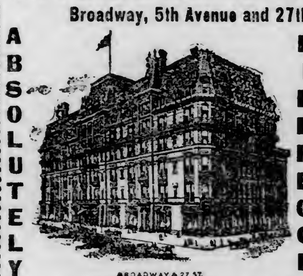
Sold everywhere in 25c., 50c., and $1.00 bottles.

HINKLEY BONE LINIMENT CO., Saginaw, Mich.

HINKLEY'S BONE LINIMENT FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE

HOTEL VICTORIA

Broadway, 5th Avenue and 27th Street, NEW YORK.



ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF

In the center of the shopping district.

A Modern First-class Hotel. Complete in all its appointments. Furnishings and decorations entirely new throughout. Accommodations for 500 guests. 150 suites with baths. Hot and cold water and telephone in every room. Cuisine unexcelled.

EUROPEAN PLAN.

GEORGE W. SWEENEY, Proprietor.

TO SHIELD A WOMAN

He Is Serving a Term of Imprisonment.

Burlington, Vt., March 5.—William Seeley, a laborer, 42 years old, is practically serving a term of life imprisonment in the county jail because he refuses to tell the name of a woman who gave him liquor on July 4 of last year. He declares he will stay in jail for life rather than tell.

Seeley was arrested on the night of July 4 for being intoxicated. Before City Judge Hawkins the next day he pleaded guilty of drunkenness. On being asked who gave him the liquor he refused to tell. Judge Hawkins sent him to jail in contempt of court and declared he should stay in jail until he told. Seeley has, therefore, been in jail nearly eight months.

Seeley says that should he turn informer it would cause no end of trouble, as the person who gave him the liquor in question was a woman who is and has been near and dear to him, and that it would be the height of ingratitude to divulge her name and thus bring her into court.

Judge Hawkins, asked for his reasons for keeping Seeley in jail so long, said: "Seeley was impertinent, and when asked the direct question about where and of whom he procured his liquor he declined to answer. His failure to answer placed him in contempt. I remanded him to jail, telling him that when he got ready to disclose I would attend to his case. This is the second time he has done this thing by me, and I have got tired of it."

Prof. Robinson, over Big Duluth, expert teacher mandolin, banjo, guitar.

Splendid Service.

The American people nowadays demand more for their money than ever before. This was realized by the Milwaukee road when it established its new celebrated Pioneer Limited service—the famous trains of the world—daily between the Twin Cities, Milwaukee and Chicago. In addition, the Milwaukee runs from St. Paul and Minneapolis three other handsome passenger trains to Chicago each day.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

WORK OF LEO XIII

Twenty-Four Years of Ceaseless Activity By the Pope.

What He Has Done For the Church and Humanity.

The Roman Question Has Been His Serious Obstacle.

St. Louis, March 5.—The Rome correspondent of the Globe-Democrat writes under date of Feb. 7, as follows:

On March 3 Leo XIII will celebrate the twenty-fourth anniversary of his coronation, and all Christendom will join in commemorating the date by the solemnity of the papal jubilee. Twenty-five years is the usual measure of a long life of labor. History later will decide what rank Leo XIII shall take among the gerat popes. There are four classes of popes: The saints, the learned men, the reformers, the statesmen—St. Pius V, Gregory VII, Innocent III, Sixtus V. The papacy has known glories as immaculate, lights as brilliant, powers as fruitful, influences as strongly pervading. It has never had a pope of gifts so universal.

Coming at the meeting point of two periods, at the parting of the roads of a civilization whose lights and shadows date from the council of Trent to the council of the vatican, and also at the dawn of a period whose interests he wishes to turn toward a higher life, Leo XIII is the universal pope. He is the "director" in all domains; there lie his distinctive character, his originality and his greatness. As a diplomat he has brought about a new situation, which begins with the death of Pius IX, when almost all states held aloof from the holy see and the church, and which ends with Catholicism at present in a prominent place. The czar and the Lutheran pope have representatives accredited to the holy see; Mr. Gladstone sent Mr. Errington to the vatican, and if Great Britain has not yet established official relations with Rome, sympathy has taken the place of prejudice in that country and collaboration is substituted for open hostility.

In the United States the beneficent conduct of the holy father in the matter of Cahenslyism, the establishment of the apostolic delegation at Washington, the amphictyonic attitude of the pope during the discussion of the Faribault case, his moderating co-operation in the Philippines, the personal interest that Leo XIII takes in the glorious development of American destinies, are all facts that denote perceptible progress. In Canada, for the first time he has instituted an apostolic delegation. In Mexico he has prepared a plan of agreement the success of which would be a guarantee for the regeneration of that country. Through his reforms and through the national congress of Latin America he has caused these republics, weary of a long period of sterility and decadence, to bloom once more.

In Spain he has held up a throne that was crumbling and institutions that, save for him, would have been replaced either by a hazardous Carlist government or by a federation that would have broken up the nation. In all the continents outside of Europe he has planted establishments. In the far East he has created seminaries for native priests; in the Levant he has practiced the policy of keeping the churches in contact for the purpose of building up again the cradle of the gospels. Germany is already indebted to him for fifteen years of peace, thanks to which German Catholicism can little by little bring its intellectual, administrative and social activity up to the level of its political and parliamentary power.

This makes a sheaf of diplomatic triumphs. The fact that the jubilees coincides in time with the evil plight of France's internal affairs will sadden somewhat the pope's heart and will dim, perhaps, the brilliancy of the festivals. Systematic detractors may even find ground for attack in that unfortunate coincidence, but wrongly. The French anarchy is the result neither of the general policy of the holy see nor of the "raillement." History some day will define strictly the responsibility for it. If it had not been for the Dreyfus affair, which the combined anti-clerical forces brought into being, the policy of "raillement" would have manifested its benefits on French soil, particularly, if all Conservatives had tried to carry out Leo XIII's ideas. If the storm has not broken down the dikes nor heaped up greater destruction, France owes it to the foresight, the magnanimity, the majesty and the patience of the holy father. The Roman policy has produced a state of mind against which the hostile alliance has proved impotent.

Leo XIII has applied the principle of a policy adapted to the facts into all fields. His idea has been to subject the varied contingencies of our times to immutable principles, to adapt old methods of work to new needs, to increase the traditional patrimony by the addition and increase of safe conquests, to point out the agreement of Christianity with whatever is right, true and good in progress; in short, to enable the church to fulfill its beneficial mission in accordance with the demands of the century.

He triumphs in philosophy, where he brings about the amalgamation of the old schools with the intellectual movement of our times. In history, where, alone among the sovereigns, with a generous and bold hand he throws open the vatican archives, giving new life to the science and demonstrating the papacy's good wishes for the propagation of truth. In Biblical studies, where, through the commission lately appointed, he takes into the ancient organism of intellectual life the new treasures of criticism. In ecclesiastical science, where he raises clerical education to the level of present demands through the zeal in rejuvenating methods. In political economy, where he brings about the agreement of the principles of justice, fraternity and love with the movement for reform. And so in all other things.

The same policy is seen in every field. His ministry and his reign embody in an illuminating synthesis the two necessary elements of life; stability, or, in other words, tradition, and progress; that is to say, motion. Such is the seal that history imprints on Leo XIII's brow; such is the monument of perennial bronze of his pontificate. The spirit of renewal, the steadiness of purpose have placed on his head a nimbus that cannot be obscured. From these proceed the almost universal sympathy with him, the dazzling ascendency of the papacy and the church, and, on the other hand, as a recoil, the insurrectionary movement in France, in Austria and elsewhere against the attitude and amphictyonic action of the holy father.

The French anti-clericals first were startled by the democratic socialism preached by Rome and by the policy of adhesion to the established government. With their ideas of the opportunism and their desire to gain the preponderance on the continent, they united their forces against the Roman movement, whence the new birth of civilization was to proceed in the fullness of order, of well doing and of equilibrium. Thus are to be explained also the currents of revolt in other countries. It is the mobilization of hostile armies under the command of ambitious forces against the papal ideas and accomplished objects. Light brings with it shadow.

Nevertheless, Leo XIII has met with a lamentable obstacle, whose fatal influence has, perhaps, lessened his general usefulness. It is the Roman question, the dissension between Italy and the papacy. This picketing under the eye of a watchful enemy has not allowed him to renovate the foreign policy of the church or to adapt it to modern conditions. That is the source of the difficulties which the application of his ideas has so often encountered. Between his teaching and its application the difference is often pretty great. Men have not always served him well, and the mechanism sometimes was not such as to allow the execution of his orders. So his ideas have not followed the regular course; they have shone in the firmament like fixed stars, whose light will later reach beyond the horizon and every frontier.

Mother—Now is the time to have your little ones take Rocky Mountain Tea. Keeps them well all the year. Great medicine for children. 35 cts. Ask your druggist.

BABCOCK-MILLER.

Duluth Telegraph Operator Married at Cass Lake.

Cass Lake, Minn., March 5.—Almond Alwind Babcock and Miss Martha Miller were married at the home of the bride's parents in this city, on Sunday morning. Rev. J. Brabner Smith, pastor of the local M. E. church, performed the ceremony, Herschel Weir acting as best man and Miss Helga Hanson being bridesmaid. Only a few of the personal friends and members of the bride's family were present at the ceremony. A sumptuous wedding dinner was served after the marriage was solemnized. The bride has been a resident of Cass Lake during the past two years, and was one of the leading young society ladies of the community and was highly connected. The groom was for a year operator at the Great Northern depot here, and is now serving in a like capacity on the Duluth board of trade. The newly-married couple departed for Duluth and will make the Zenith City their home. A large number of the friends of the couple were at the depot and, amid a shower of rice, wished them the best of luck at their new home.

For cuts, burns and bruises DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is unequalled. Draws out the fire, stops the pain, soon heals the wound. Beware of dangerous counterfeits. Sure cure for piles. Max Wirth.

SCHWAB RE-ELECTED.

Continued as President of the Steel Trust.

New York, March 5.—The directors of the United States Steel Corporation met yesterday and re-elected President Schwab and all the other officers whose terms expired. Percival Roberts, Jr., resigned his membership in the executive committee. His resignation was accepted, but a successor was not named. He did not resign from the board of directors.

Mr. Roberts was president of the American Bridge company when it was merged in the United States Steel Corporation. He represented a total capitalization of $20,000,000. The Herald prints an interview with Mr. Roberts, in which he is quoted as saying: "I have not agreed with Mr. Schwab for some time regarding certain features of the policy which Mr. Schwab supports."

CABLE FLASHES.

The Duke of Bedford has been appointed a knight of the Order of the Garter, vice Earl Fitzwilliam, who died Feb. 20, and the Marquis of Waterford has been appointed a knight of the Order of St. Patrick, vice the Marquis of Dufferin, who died Feb. 12.

The tariff committee of the reichstag raised the duty on barley malt from 5 marks 25 pfennigs, to 10 marks 25 pfennigs. On other kinds of malt the duty was raised from 9 marks to 11 marks.

It is reported that the projected visit to Ireland of King Edward has been abandoned on account of, it is understood, the aggressive action of the United Irish league.

A single case of the plague has been reported in Melbourne, Victoria. It was traced to a steamer from Sydney. There have been forty-six plague cases at Sydney since the outbreak there of which fourteen have proven fatal.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Hidden in a building at Tamaroa, Ill., formerly occupied by two brothers, Alf and Charles Froelich as a saloon, $3823 has been found stored away in an old tin can. Of the money $3000 was in gold. The find was made by Frank Sanford, a half brother of the Froelichs.

News of the death of J. C. Houghton, president of the National Life Insurance company of Montpelier, was received in a cablegram from Naples, Italy. Mr. Houghton had been ill and was on a Mediterranean voyage for his health.

The officers of the imperial yacht Hohenzollern were entertained Tuesday by the Liederkranz society and the Arion society at the former's hall. The occasion was called a "social evening." There was a program of vaudeville specialties and refreshments.

The Louisville Ministerial association has appointed a committee of ministers to confer with the Louisville Undertakers' Association and Officers of Cemeteries in an effort to do away with Sunday funerals.

A mail bag containing invoices and checks of the American Steel Hoop company, amounting to $20,000, which had been left at the Lake Shore station to be sent out, was found in a box car in the Lake Shore yards, at Youngstown, Ohio. The letters had been opened and the checks taken, but payment has been stopped.

The will of the late John B. Sherman, founder of the Union Stock Yards, has been filed in the probate court. The testament disposes of personal property valued at $1,250,000 and realty amounting to $750,000. After providing an annuity for his widow and other relatives the remainder of the estate is left in trust for the two children of the testator—Margaret S. Burnham, of Evanston, Ill., and John J. Sherman, of Mount Clemens, Mich.

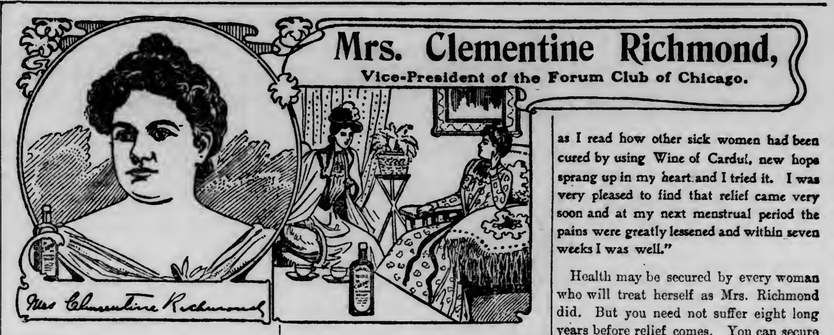
Alfred Booth, president of the A. Booth Packing company, is critically ill. Mr. Booth's illness began a year ago, and of late he has been steadily growing weaker.

George McFadden, of New York, and "Joe" Gans, of Baltimore, have been matched, twenty-five rounds at 133 pounds, March 27, before the Eureka Athletic club of Baltimore.

Mrs. Carrie Kearney was arrested at Oswego, Kans., charged with aiding prisoners in the county jail to make a plot to escape. It is alleged that she gave a pistol to Will Geary, in jail for burglary, and Dr. G. A. Calhoun, who will shortly begin sentence for the murder of his wife. The plot was discovered and Mrs. Kearney was arrested.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Cures a Cough or Cold at once. Conquers Croup, Whooping-Cough, Bronchitis, Grippe and Consumption. Quick, sure results. Dr. Bull's Pills cure Constipation. 50 pills 10c.



Mrs. Clementine Richmond,

Vice-President of the Forum Club of Chicago.

EVER since the days when people believed somewhere on the earth there existed a fountain of eternal youth, every branch of science has been developed in the endeavor to prolong human life. In this way the means have been discovered and put into practical use whereby thousands of lives, which would have otherwise been lost, have been saved. Today the practice of medicine is almost an exact science. Controlling fevers, destroying the germs of infectious disease while they are in the blood, deadening the nerves by anæsthetics and producing respiration by artificial means, all go to show what control science has over the human functions.

Upon the same exact scientific demonstration the greatest specific for woman, Wine of Cardui, has been developed and more than a million complete cures bear testimony to its worth. There is no mystery about Wine of Cardui. It is a simple and natural emmenagogue which brings strength and health to sick and suffering women by regulating the disordered menses which nine times out of ten cause their trouble. With the menses appearing regularly health returns, the drains cease and the blood is put in perfect order.

Mrs. Clementine Richmond, of Chicago, Ill., after suffering eight years with ulceration of the womb got relief by taking Wine of Cardui. This medicine stopped the drains and relieved the blood of the poison that was in her system and could not escape. Correct menstrual habits cleanse the blood, but irregular menses both weaken and poison it. Wine of Cardui cured Mrs. Richmond's troubles by regulating menstruation. She says:

"As a specific for female troubles Wine of Cardui is certainly a superior medicine. I suffered for eight years with ulceration of the womb and although my family physician prescribed different remedies, and I used a number of douches and washes. I seemed only to get worse and finally gave up in despair and decided that health would never be mine again. Fortunately this spring one of your little books was left at my door and as I read how other sick women had been cured by using Wine of Cardui, new hope sprang up in my heart and I tried it. I was very pleased to find that relief came very soon and at my next menstrual period the pains were greatly lessened and within seven weeks I was well."

Health may be secured by every woman who will treat herself as Mrs. Richmond did. But you need not suffer eight long years before relief comes. You can secure it this week. Continued suffering makes the disease chronic and harder to cure. The women who write of these happy cures are women who act—who when they are convinced go directly to their druggist and get the medicine and take it. No one has ever been cured by putting off treatment. Are your menses irregular? Are they painful? If they are, you cannot afford to let this trouble run on a day longer. Wine of Cardui is the treatment you need. Any woman who has ever taken it will tell you that. If you think your case needs advice, write a letter to The Ladies' Advisory Department, The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn., and a letter of advice will be sent you. If you begin taking Wine of Cardui today, you will feel the improvement in a very few days. Thedford's Black-Draught, its companion medicine, helps greatly in effecting a cure by regulating the bowels which are frequently constipated in cases of female trouble. Go to your druggist and secure a $1.00 bottle of Wine of Cardui—Now.

WINE OF CARDUI RELIEVES ALL "FEMALE ILLS".

OLD LETTER

From Abraham Lincoln Found In Pile of Rubbish.

New York, March 5.—Soiled and faded, torn and frayed, a letter written by Abraham Lincoln a few months before his assassination has been found in some rubbish and papers on Broadway near the postoffice. It reads as follows:

"Executive Mansion, Washington, Nov. 21, 1864.—To Mrs. Bixby, Boston, Mass:—I have been shown in the file of the war department a statement of the adjutant-general of Massachusetts that you are the mother of five sons, who have died gloriously on the field of battle.

"I feel how weak and fruitless must be any word of mine which should attempt to beguile you from the grief of a loss so overwhelming. But I cannot refrain from tendering you the consolation that may be found in the thanks of the republic they died to save. I pray that our heavenly Father may assuage the anguish of your bereavement and leave only the cherished memory of loved and lost and the solemn pride that must be yours to have laid so costly a sacrifice upon the altar of freedom.

"Yours very sincerely and respectfully,
"A. LINCOLN."

SABIN

Says Movement Against the Merger Is Largely Political.

Tacomah, Wash., March 5.—Former Senator D. M. Sabin, of Minnesota, has been in the city for a day or two inspecting the St. Paul and Tacoma mill plant.

That the agitation now being felt in Minnesota against the merger is largely political in its purposes, is the opinion of the senator. According to Mr. Sabin, the legislature is powerless to do anything which would prove at all effective in the way of preventing the consolidation of the roads which is aimed at and partly effected by the merger. This being the case there is no apparent reason why so much can be the end accomplish no good and might do harm.

So far as the business interests of the state of Minnesota are concerned, there is little or no opposition to the merger. Rather there is a feeling that it will accomplish good results along certain lines which have not been accomplished under separate ownership and control. Mr. Sabin said:

"Among the business interests of Minnesota there is no criticism of the merger and no feeling of opposition to the plans of the railroad managers. In fact, the feeling is general that the whole campaign of opposition which has been fomented and agitated with so much energy is for political purposes purely and simply, and, more than that, can accomplish nothing toward the ends which it professes to have in mind.

"The legislature is apparently without the power to prevent the consolidation and will probably not undertake it. Few men in politics have the stamina to stand out against the determined course of the state administration, despite the fact that there is little prospect that any good result can be accomplished by the continuance of the agitation."

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured.

With local applications, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in the country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, price 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

PLANNING CAMPAIGN.

Republicans Getting Ready For Next Election.

Washington, March 5.—Next Monday night the Republicans of the house will meet to plan for the 1902 congressional campaign and elect an executive committee, which in turn will elect a chairman to succeed Representative Babcock. It is understood to be the general desire of Republican members, in view of Babcock's splendid record as chairman of the congressional committee, to continue him in that place, but Babcock's friends say that under the circumstances he could not consistently accept another election.

The Democrats hope that the Fifty-eighth congress to be chosen next November, will be Democratic, as shown in late gossip that Representative Richardson of Tennessee, the minority leader, is anxious to be chosen chairman of the Democratic congressional committee. It is assumed that he would have no use for the place unless there were a good chance for victory.

Hives are a terrible torture to the little folks, and to some older ones. Easily cured. Doan's Ointment never fails. Instant relief, permanent cure. At any drug store, 50 cents.

Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Cure Coughs, Sore Throat, Hoarseness.

Nothing excels this simple remedy.

YOUR CHILD should have warm drink—"Figprune Cereal"

Duluth Brass Works,

Manufacturers.

Brass and bronze castings and babbits. Special attention paid to railroad, mill and steamship castings. Also furnish tin, spelter, antimony and lead. We manufacture hot water heaters for wood or coal. We have also a general machine shop, can do repair work or manufacture in iron or brass. Special attention paid to experimental work. Office and works corner Oneota and Ramsey streets, West Duluth.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.
In Probate Court, Special Term, February 25th, 1902.
In the Matter of the Estate of Henry Parkinson Sharp, Deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Edgar W. Markell, administrator with the will annexed of the estate of Henry Parkinson Sharp, deceased, representing among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on the 19th day of March, A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the office of the probate judge, at the court house in Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, this 25th day of February, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Feb-26-March-5-12-1902.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER JUDGMENT FORECLOSURE—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
The Duluth Brewing & Malting Company, a Corporation, Plaintiff,
vs.
Charles O. Bystrom, Carolina Bystrom, P. W. Sture and and Bank of Ely, a Corporation, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, That under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 25th day of February, 1902, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, sheriff of said St. Louis County, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Friday the 11th day of April, 1902, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: All that tract of parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot ten (10) in block six (6) of Fall Lake, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof.

Such sale will be subject to the dower right of the above named Carolina Bystrom, wife of defendant Charles O. Bystrom.

Dated February 26, 1902.
WM. C. SARGENT,
Sheriff of St. Louis County.
By V. A. DASH,
Deputy.

BALDWIN & BALDWIN,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
Duluth Evening Herald—Feb-26-Mar-5-12-19-26—April-2—1902.



DISEASES OF MEN

VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, Piles, Fistula, Hydrocele, Cancer, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranted in from 10 to 30 days. Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the Mouth or Throat, Unhealthy Discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by the new remedies with never failing success.

YOUNG MEN Suffering from the effects of indiscretion or excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Consumption, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental worry or overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES All forms of Female Weakness, Debility, Pain in the Back and Loins, Ovarian and Womb Troubles, speedily and permanently cured. Office private; no exposure; consultation free. If in trouble, write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 12 m.

DR. T. J. PIERCE, 5 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

BROU'S INJECTION.

A PERMANENT CURE

of the most obstinate cases of Gonorrhea and Gleet, guaranted in from 3 to 6 days; no other treatment required. Sold by all druggists.

WOMEN FEMALE BEANS great monthly regulator; strongest, best, safest; contain Ergot, Tansy, Pennyroyal; not a single failure; longest, most obstinate cases relieved in a few days; $2.00 at B. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth

MARKET HIGHER

Wheat Started at Slight Decline But Became Firmer.

Trading In Futures Was Livelier on the Duluth Board.

Flax Was Stronger and the Market More Active.

Duluth Board of Trade, March 5.—Wheat started out at a slight decline this morning, but a bullish feeling began to make itself evident and prices advanced, falling off later. The cables were barely firm. There were more crop damage reports and clear weather continued in the Southwest where moisture is needed. On the other hand there was a poor export demand. Trading was light throughout the day and the range of fluctuations narrow.

The Liverpool market closed ½d higher. Antwerp was unchanged and Paris ½@¾c higher.

Primary receipts of wheat were 405,000 bus, last year 997,000 bus. Shipments 151,000 bus, last year 248,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 411,000 bus.

Corn in the Chicago market was higher advancing ⅝c. Oats fell off ⅛@¼c. Primary receipts of corn were 311,000 bus, last year 578,000 bus. Shipments 271,000 bus, last year 558,000 bus. Clearances were 56,000 bus.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 215 cars, and at Chicago 37, a total of 252 cars, against 562 last week and 332 last year.

Trading in wheat on the Duluth board was somewhat livelier today than yesterday and the market was stronger. The opening was unchanged at ⅛c bid, but the first sale was at 75c at 9:35. It continued up to 75¾c at 10:35, sold at 75¼c at 11:25, at 75¼c at 11:50 and then fell off again closing at 75c. This was an advance of 1c. Chicago advanced ⅝@¾c and Minneapolis 1c.

Cash wheat sold at 1½c under May for No. 1 northern, 4c under for No. 2 and 6c under on No. 3. Duluth and Minneapolis were paying about the same price for No. 1 northern this morning. Sales were 50,000 bus.

Flax was stronger and the market a little more active than yesterday. It opened unchanged at $1.69 bid, but was not traded in under $1.70 and sold up to $1.70½. It then fell to $1.70¼ and then advanced to $1.71 and closed there.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—Cash, No. 1 hard, 76½c; No. 1 northern, 73½c; No. 2 northern 71c; No. 3 spring, 69c; to arrive, No. 1 hard, 76½c; No. 1 northern, 73½c; May, 75c; July, 75¼c; Minneapolis No. 1 northern, cash, 71½c; May, 73½c; No. 2 northern, 68½c. Oats, 42c; rye, 54c; barley, 49@58c; flax to arrive $1.68½; cash, $1.68; May, $1.71. Corn, 61c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 121; last year, 39; oats, 1; flax, 12.

Receipts—Wheat, 169,813; flax, 4511.

Shipments—Wheat, 1000; flax, 6805.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO

McCarthy Bros. & Co.

Grain Commission Merchants.

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES.

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES WEDNESDAY.

No. 1 hard wheat, 1 car	$0.76½
No. 1 hard, 1 car	¾
No. 1 northern, 9 cars	73½
No. 1 northern, 5 cars	73¾
No. 1 northern, 7000 bus	73¾
No. 1 northern, 1 car	74
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	71¼
No. 2 northern, 4 cars	71
No. 2 northern, 2 cars at ⅛c off	71½
No. 2 northern, 3 cars	71½
No. 2 northern, 1 car	71⅝
No. 3 spring, 1 car	69½
No. 3 spring, 1 car	69⅝
No. 3 spring, 1 car	69½
Rye, 1 car	54½
Barley, 1 car	58

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Trade In Grains Opened Dull and Steady.

Chicago, March 5.—Trade in all grains opened dull and steady today. May wheat started a shade lower to unchanged at 70⅞c to 70¼@¼c, and the market soon resolved itself early into a scalping affair. Cables were barely firm, the outside markets were up a trifle and the Standard said was a little better than the selling. Crop damage reports continued to come in from time to time and the Southwest was still clear, and clear weather was predicted in that section. These factors influenced a slightly bullish feeling, though the very poor export demand, as indicated by the seaboard taking only 3 loads yesterday, kept prices haggling very closely. May reached 70¼@⅜c and then hung steady. Local receipts were 37 cars, 5 of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 213 cars, making a total for the three points of 250 cars against 562 last week and 332 a year ago.

Crop damage reports set the Southwest to buying wheat. St. Louis advanced 1c for May and the pit here strengthened on the influence. May touched 70⅝c. Liquidation late turned the market again and May sold off to 70⅜c, closing barely firm, ⅛@¼c up at 70⅝c.

Larger receipts than estimated in corn had little effect today. Bullish sentiment followed buying by the local crowd and, though trade was exceedingly dull early, prices improved a little. As one trader put it, "the market indicated that it took corn to break corn," and as offerings were small, the market held well. May opened a shade lower to a shade higher at 61¾ to 61⅝c, sold up to 62⅛c and steadied around 62. Receipts, 119 cars.

There was some bulling of corn by professional and may at one time touched 62½c. Dullness and liquidation, however, brought a reaction and May closed somewhat firm, ⅛@⅜c higher at 61⅞@62c.

The tone in oats was firm. May opened ⅛c lower at 44¾c and eased to 44⅜@44½c on large receipts, but that option was wanted and as there was no urgent sale and commission houses bought, May advanced to 44⅝c and steadied with corn. Trade was slow. Receipts were 106 cars.

Larger receipts and lower prices for hogs at the yards depressed provisions at the opening and caused some selling. Offerings were not excessive, however, and the low prices started buying by packers which lifted prices to yesterday's closing figures and steadied the market. May pork opened 5s lower at $15.25 and reacted to $15.50; May lard 2½@5c lower at $8.32½ and sold at $8.30@8.31½, and May ribs 2½c down at $8.32½ and gained 2½c.

Close: Wheat—March, 74¼c; May, 70⅝c; July, 76⅜c; September, 76¼c. Corn—March, 60c; May, 61⅞@62c; July, 61¼@62c; September, 61¼c; December, 48¼c. Oats—March, 43c; May, 44⅜@44¼c; July, 35¼c; September, 30½c. Pork—March, $14.90; May, $15.10; July, $15.30. Lard—March, $8.12½; May, $8.27½; July, $8.40; September, $8.52½. Ribs—March, $8.30; September, $8.42½. Flax—Southwestern, $1.71; Southwestern, $1.66; May, $1.71. Rye—March, 56¾c; May, 58c; July, 53c. Barley—Cash, 48@62c. Timothy—March, $6.30. Clover—March, $8.80. Cash wheat—No. 2 red, 81½@81½c; No. 3 red, 78½@81½c; No. 2 hard winter, 76@76½c; No. 3 hard winter, 74@76c; No. 1 northern spring, 76¾@78½c; No. 2 northern spring, 75½c; No. 3 spring, 72½@76c. Corn—No. 3, 59½@c. Oats—No. 2, 44½@46c; No. 3, 44@44c.

Main Office—312-314-316 Endicott Bldg., St. Paul. Local Office—306 West Superior St.

A. J. CUMMINGS, Dealer in..... **Grain, Stocks and Provisions.**

Instantaneous service. Stocks carried on one point margin and upwards. Grain one point and upwards. Minimum trade stocks—10 shares. Wheat 1000 bushels. Stocks carried without interest. Our little book of information will teach you how to speculate in grain and provision futures.

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BANKERS AND BROKERS.

112 Exchange Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

	—Per Share— Par.	Asked.	Bid.
First National bank	$100	$175	
American Exchange bank	100	$135	....
First Nat'l bank, Superior	100	....	96
Calumet-Arizona Copper	10	31½	....
Anglo-American Copper	1	12½c	....
Northwestern National bank, Superior	100	90	....
Leithhead Drug Co	100	....	85
Export O. & P. L. Co	1	1½c	....
Blue Grass Oil Co	1	16c	....
Zenith Oil Co	1	16c	....
Brotherton Iron Co	25	5	4
Cons. Elec. Co. 1st pfd	100	....	103
Cons. Elec. Co 2nd pfd	100	....	99
Cons. Elec. Co. com	100	....	30
County orders			Par.

United States bonds bought and sold.

We also deal in real estate, commercial paper and mortgage loans, and act as agents for non-resident property owners and investors. Correspondence invited.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Kansas City wires—A member of our board who was in Hutchinson, Kan., yesterday said the 400 delegates there were unanimous in saying the wheat crop was damaged from 25 to 50 per cent. These delegates were all from Kansas and Oklahoma.

* * *

The weather map this morning shows clear in the Southwest, Kansas, Texas and Oklahoma. There are heavy rains in Tennessee and Ohio. It is generally clear elsewhere. Temperatures are about normal for March. Clear weather indicated generally.

* * *

A. H. Farnum, of Chicago—Corn is firm and we will buy on bulges. Some of the big men have bought freely and the market will have the benefit of their influence. Would sell corn for a turn now.

* * *

A. H. Farnum's Chicago morning gossip: Wheat—The Southwest is still dry. The thermometer in Texas, Oklahoma and Kansas this morning is from 44 to 72. The cash demand here and at the seaboard is a little disappointing. Don't look for much change in price today.

Corn—Advices indicate that the receipts are going to be very light here. A good many speculators will be inclined to be careful in their trading until after the government report is out on March 10. The buying that advanced the price yesterday was entirely local and based on light receipts.

* * *

It was reported yesterday that the government report on farm reserves next Monday would make the corn in farmers' hands about 33 per cent. That would be the smallest percentage for a number of many years, and figuring the crop at 1,360,000,000 bus would mean 450,000,000 bus left on the farm.

* * *

W. H. Laidley, Chicago—Richardson & Co. have reports on the winter wheat crop from five points in Missouri showing an increase of 10 to 100 per cent in the acreage. They report a little damage but indicate that the general condition of fields is good. Thirteen reports from the leading wheat sections of Kansas gives light damage in few sections but a majority say there is no damage except to soft wheat. Some say wheat was never in better condition, but others that it is too early to boom the market with crop scare reports. Late sown wheat is all right. Never heard so few damage reports. Burton, Kan., farmers, who are holding their wheat think growing wheat ruined. Those who buy to feed stocks, think the condition was never better.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, March 5.—Spot wheat steady and unchanged. Futures, quiet. May, 6s 5d; July, 6s 1d. Corn, spot steady. American mixed new, 5s 1½d; old, 5s 2½d. Futures, dull. March, 5s 1¼d; May, 5s 1½d.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, March 5.—Close: Wheat, May, 82¼c; July, 82¼c. Corn, May, 67c; July, 66c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, March 5.—Close: Wheat, May, 73¾c; July, 74¾@¾c. On track, No. 1 hard, 75¾c; No. 1 northern, 73¾c; No. 2 northern, 71¾@72¾c.

MARKET REPORT.

Received every day by H. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

Chicago, March 5.—There was a larger trade in wheat today and the market during the greater part of the session ruled firm owing to light receipts at Northwest points. Continued dry weather in the South and bad crop reports from Kansas, Oklahoma, Tennessee and Texas. Towards the close there was free realizing as well as selling by bears which caused a setback in prices. Market, however, closed fairly steady, ½c to ¼c per bus higher than yesterday. Foreign markets were generally steady. Liverpool closed ¼d higher for the day. Continental markets were also higher. There was a fairly good demand for cash wheat here by local millers and the seaboard reported a moderate business done there for export. There are a great many complaints coming in from the winter wheat belt and if this dry weather continues in the South much longer prices will go materially higher and considering that we are now in the season of crop scares we think the safest side to work on is to buy on the weak spots. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 30 cars.

There was a large and active trade in corn today and the market during the greater part of the day ruled strong on good buying by local bulls as well as by shorts owing to the very light country offerings, but towards the close, however, was fairly firm, ½@¾c per bus higher than last night. Foreign markets generally quiet. Liverpool closed unchanged for the day. Country offerings were practically nothing. Cash demand fairly good. After the recent advance today's reaction at the close was only natural and on any further break we advise buying. The general situation is strong and we firmly believe in much higher prices. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 110 cars.

There was a fairly large trade in oats today and the market generally followed the course of wheat and corn. After advancing early, later in the day sold off and closed quiet. Country offerings were light, cash demand fairly good. We see nothing in the situation to change our opinion and believe oats are a purchase around present prices, especially the July option and also September option. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 70 cars.

Provisions opened weak on decline in hogs. The market was given some support, but offerings from holders became heavy and we had a bad break, closing the lowest point yet on pork and ribs. The selling today was of such volume as to suggest the idea that the important holders and the bulwarks of trade were the ones unloading besides the outsiders who went on stop loss orders. Receipts of hogs are getting larger and it is fair to presume they will increase both on account of recent advance and delayed hogs. It looks to us as of we were certainly going to get complete liquidation of every article on the list and do not think the grain strength can have effect to stop it. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 40,000 hogs.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, May wheat, 75¼c bid.
Calls, May wheat, 73½@¾c.
Curb, May wheat, 73⅜@½c.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	73¾B	73¼	70⅛@¼	82¼
High	75¾	73⅝	70⅝@¾	82⅝@½
Low	73¾B	73¼	70⅛	72½
Close	75B	73⅞	70⅝A	82¼A
July—				
Open	76A	74½B	76½@¾	81⅞B
High	76¼	74⅞@75	77⅛@¼	83⅜
Low	75¾	74¼	76¼	82⅛@82
Close	76⅛	74⅝@¾	76¾B	82¼B

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats.	Corn.	Pork.
	May.	May.	May.
Open	44½	61¾@61⅞	$15.35
High	44⅞	62½	15.35
Low	44	61⅝	$15.10
Close	44⅜@¼B	61⅞@62	$15.10

CITY FUNDS.

Nearly Quarter of Million Dollars on Hand March 1.

The monthly financial statement for February, issued today by City Treasurer Voss, shows a cash balance of $247,293.90 in all municipal funds.

The permanent improvement revolving fund has the largest balance—$69,784.89. The smallest balance is in the park fund—only $185.99.

The statements is as follows:

INTEREST FUND.

Balance on hand, Feb. 1, 1902	$ 15,777 37
Disbursements for the month	6,055 00
Balance March 1, 1902	$ 9,742 37

SINKING FUND.

Balance on hand, Feb. 1, 1902	$ 60,327 21
Receipts for the month	1,663 19
	61,990 40
Disbursements for the month	177 30
Balance, March 1, 1902	$ 61,813 10

FIRE DEPARTMENT FUND.

Balance on hand, Feb. 1, 1902	$ 8,362 86
Receipts for the month	15,271 87
	23,634 73
Disbursements for the month	7,582 65
Balance, March 1, 1902	$ 16,052 08

POLICE DEPARTMENT FUND.

Balance on hand Feb. 1, 1902	$ 7,370 19
Disbursements for the month	3,732 61
Balance March 1, 1902	$ 3,637 68

LIGHT FUND.

Balance on hand Feb. 1, 1902	$ 4,490 92
Disbursements for the month	1,772 17
Balance for March 1, 1902	$ 2,718 75

WATER FUND.

Balance on hand Feb. 1, 1902	$ 8,044 50
Balance March 1, 1902	$ 8,044 50

PUBLIC WORKS FUND.

Balance on hand Feb. 1, 1902	$ 2,625 64
Receipts for the month	3,196 33
	$ 5,821 97
Disbursements for the month	4,044 27
Balance March 1, 1902	$ 1,777 70

HEALTH DEPARTMENT FUND.

Balance on hand Feb. 1, 1902	$ 3,027 59
Disbursements for the month	510 16
Balance March 1, 1902	$ 2,517 43

MUNICIPAL COURT FUND.

Balance on hand Feb. 1, 1902	$ 546 13
Receipts for the month	5,000 00
	$ 5,546 13
Disbursements for the month	1,021 13
Balance March 1, 1902	$ 4,524 00

SALARY FUND.

Balance on hand Feb. 1, 1902	$ 4,318 63
Receipts for the month	5,000 00
	$ 9,318 63
Disbursements for the month	2,766 43
Balance March 1, 1902	$ 6,552 20

PRINTING AND SUPPLY FUND.

Balance on hand Feb. 1, 1902	$ 7,108 00
Disbursements for the month	894 00
Balance March, 1, 1902	$ 6,209 00

LIBRARY FUND.

Balance on hand Feb. 1	$ 2,991 00
Receipts for the month	15 10
	$ 3,006 10
Disbursements for the month	1,779 96
Balance March 1, 1902	$ 1,226 14

PARK FUND.

Balance on hand Feb. 1, 1902	$ 255 99
Disbursements for the month	70 00
Balance March 1, 1902	$ 185 99

WATER AND LIGHT PLANT FUND.

Balance on hand Feb. 1, 1902	$ 21,372 35
Receipts for the month	11,949 10
	$ 33,021 55
Disbursements for the month	9,251 43
Balance March 1, 1902	$ 23,770 12

PERMANENT IMPROVEMENT FUND.

Balance on hand Feb. 1, 1902	$ 15,338 83
Disbursements for the month	1,219 73
Balance March 1, 1902	$ 14,119 10

GENERAL FUND.

Balance on hand Feb. 1, 1902	$ 36,107 70
Receipts for the month	9,476 21
	$ 45,583 91
Disbursements for the month	31,026 96
Balance March 1, 1902	$ 14,557 95

PERMANENT IMPROVEMENT REVOLVING FUND.

Balance on hand Feb. 1, 1902	$ 67,369 64
Receipts for the month	2,519 35
	$ 69,888 99
Disbursements for the month	104 10
Balance March 1, 1902	$ 69,784 89
Total cash on hand in all funds	$247,293 90

DEPOSITED.

First National bank	$114,224 52
American Exchange bank	132,788 18
Cash and checks in safe	281 20
	$247,293 90

The total sales were 528,300 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Waldorf to W. H. Laidley & Co.—Market news continues to reflect the waiting attitude large operators and substantial financial interests. For the immediate future sentiment indicates a traders' movement, with purchases in order on soft spots in Pennsylvania, Louisville & Nashville, Southern Pacific, Reading and United States Steel. There is no disputing the fact that the net earnings reported this week have stiffened the backbone of the bulls. What they go to prove is the soundness of the contention that owing to the greater diversity of tonnage as compared with former years and enormous expenditures to effect economies, short crops are not the calamity they were a decade ago. The January statement of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy is a case in point. It's increase of nearly $400,000 in gross earnings and over $200,000 in net earnings is a revelation, coming as it does on top of what was possibly the lightest corn crop of which there is any record and covering a period in which grain deliveries were phenomenally light.

It is results like these which combine to counteract the bearish influence of gold exports and apprehension as to money. It seems certain at this writing that this week's shipments of the yellow metal will exceed $5,000,000, yet this outlook gives little concern. It is, however, the other reason for which the money market is being closely watched.

Commenting on the days' operations, specialists in the active stocks say the Standard still people sold over 5000 shares of Missouri Pacific and were also sellers of other railway shares in moderate quantities.

Friends of William Rockefeller and H. H. Rogers say they are bearish on the situation and prospects and are good sellers of stocks on the market's strong days. They are believed to have sold St. Paul on the knowledge that the dividend to be declared March 13, will be unchanged and the fact that much St. Paul has been bought by people who anticipate an increase.

Developments special to certain stocks are likely to affect the latter adversely. Among such is People's Gas. Insiders are much disturbed over the pending suit

Delightful Relief From Catarrh.—Here is one of a thousand such testimonies. The Rev. A. D. Buckley, of Buffalo, says: "I wish all to know what a blessing Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder is in a case of catarrh. I was troubled with this disease for years, but the first time I used this remedy, it gave most delightful relief. I now regard myself entirely cured after using it for two months." Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—24.

DULLNESS IN STOCKS

Market Was Weak Early But Became a Little Firmer.

Undertone In the Main Was Better Than of Late.

Reactions of a Point or Over Near the Closing.

New York, March 5.—The opening market was under light pressure, but declines were generally restricted to small fractions. The coalers showed some special weakness and a number of inactive stocks scored sharp losses. Of these Chicago Great Western B, Lake Erie & Western and Chicago & Northwestern were down 1½ to 1½.

Prices did not recede much further, although Missouri Pacific and Consolidated Gas lost a point. When the selling slackened the market hardened but did not recover fully. Sugar and Metropolitan sold fractionally above last night. Amalgamated Copper was heavy on the rumored death of a leader in the copper trade. Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville declined ¾ and Pressed Steel Car 1. St. Louis & San Francisco, American Cotton Oil and United States rubber, preferred rose 1 to 1¾.

There were conflicting movements in some of the important stocks which kept the general market feverish durring the second hour. The undertone in the main was better but there was liquidation in Missouri Pacific, Amalgamated and United States Steel stocks. Complete recoveries were made by some of the inactive stock, which were weak earlier. Bonds were easier and dull aside from Wabash debentures B's which dropped 1 per cent on heavy sales.

Northwestern on unusually large dealings rose 6 points. The general market hardened only slightly in sympathy. American Bicycle preferred lost 1, Northwestern preferred 2 and recovered it. Intense dullness followed the culmination of the rise in the previous active specialties but there was no impairment of their strength and the usually active stocks also held well. Great Northern preferred declined 3 and Iowa Central gained 1 and American Linseed preferred 2.

The market continued to advance but moderately, except in specialties. The high level had been maintained in all cases and where advances had been large the reactions ran to a point or over. The closing was dull and irregular.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., room A Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close
Am. Copper	68⅝	67¾	68⅜
Anaconda M. Co.	32¼	32	32¼
Atchison, T. & S. F.	75½	74¾	75½
do pfd	96¾	96¼	96¼
Baltimore & Ohio	104⅞	103⅞	104⅜
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	63⅜	62	63⅜
Chesapeake & Ohio	45½	45⅜	45½
Chicago & Alton	36⅛	35½	35⅞
Col. F. & I.	88¾	86¼	88
Chi. Great Western, com.	24¼	23⅝	24¼
Erie, com	37¾	36¾	37
do 1st pfd	68	67⅜	67½
do 2nd pfd	54½	54¼	54½
Great Northern pfd	183	182½	183
Louisville & Nashville	103⅝	103¼	103⅝
Leather	11⅜	11¼	11¼
do pfd	81½	81½	81½
Manhattan Con	131⅞	130⅞	131⅛
M., St. P. & S. Ste. M.	47⅛	46¾	47
do pfd	110	109	110
Missouri Pacific	98⅞	97½	98¾
New York Central	162⅝	161½	162⅝
Norfolk & Western	57¼	57	57
do pfd	91	91	91
Ontario & Western	33¼	33	33
Pennsylvania	150⅜	150	150½
Pacific Mail	45½	45¼	45½
People's Gas	99⅝	99½	99½
Republic Iron and Steel	16⅜	16¼	16¼
do pfd	71⅝	71⅜	71⅜
Reading	54¾	53⅝	54¾
do 1st pfd	80¼	80	80
do 2d pfd	66¼	65⅝	66¼
Rock Island	163⅛	163	163¼
Southern Ry.	32⅛	32¼	32⅛
do pfd	95¾	95	95½
Southern Pacific	64¼	63⅝	63⅝
Smelter	40⅝	40⅜	40⅜
do pfd	98½	98⅜	98½
Sugar Refinery	127⅞	126⅝	127
St. Paul	163⅜	162	163⅛
T. C. & I.	69⅝	68	68⅜
Texas Pacific	39½	39¼	39½
Union Pacific	99¼	98⅝	99
do pfd	87	86¾	86¾
U. S. Steel	43	42⅝	42⅞
do pfd	94⅞	94⅝	94⅝
Wabash	24	23⅝	24
do pfd	42¼	42¼	42¼
Western Union	86⅝	86¼	86¼
Wisconsin Central	20¼	20¼	20¼
do pfd	42⅜	42	42⅜
American Ice	27⅜	27⅛	27⅛
Metropolitan	167½	166¾	167½

The total sales were 528,300 shares.

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Developments special to certain stocks are likely to affect the latter adversely. Among such is People's Gas. Insiders are much disturbed over the pending suit of the city of Chicago against the People's Gas company involving the legality of the latter's purchase of the Ogden Gas company. There is a shrewd suspicion that a large amount of insiders who have quietly unloaded large lines in the past few months fearing an adverse outcome in this case as also in the matter of the franchise tax and the 75 cents gas ordinance.

* * *

Town Topics: In view of the large engagements of gold for export already made, the great damage done by the recent storm, the absence of some of the most prominent operators from Wall street and the expected early departure of others, together with the continued unsatisfactory wire service and the talk of damage to winter wheat, we see no reason to look for a bull market at the present time and the best that can be expected is a professional trading market in which moderate profits should be taken on either account. Prices should be lower today and the market dull because of the storm, but a recovery is due tomorrow and it will be advisable to buy stocks for a quick turn on any further recession.

* * *

Ridgely to Edwards, Wood & Co.: The market held up pretty well in the face of gold announced for export, and extremely bad Missouri Pacific statement. It must be confessed that the bulls don't seem to have much in their favor. This is surprising to the general sentiment of the street. But there are a few good old rules that whenever everything appears to favor lower levels and bad news continues to come in and people are bearish, while the market still fluctuates over a narrow range, the next pronounced move will be upward. Don't sell stocks when the market gets dull after a decline. Of course, if the market gets active on the down grade, that is another matter. Atchison common is earning 10 per cent up to 12 per cent, Baltimore & Ohio, 15 per cent. Any of these stocks should prove good investments and in all probability will sell 15 to 30 points above current levels. In my judgment the market is a purchase on weak spots.

* * *

Dominick: Rumors of disagreement in the board of directors of the United States Steel corporation affect that stock unfavorably. We are looking for unfavorable news on Reading and the coalers on account of the heavy selling of these shares yesterday.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by W. H. Laidley & Co., Spalding hotel:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	2¼	22
Allouez	¾	4
Anaconda	32⅜	32¼
Arcadian	¾	⅞
Amalgamated	68⅜	69½
Arnold	....	25
Ashbed	....	30
Atlantic	29½	46¼
Baltic	45⅝	24½
Bingham	23½	4
Phoenix	3½	2
National	1½	600
Calumet & Hecla	595	17¼
Centennial	16¾	70
Copper Range	69	102
Dominion Coal	101	3⅞
Elm River	3½	14½
Franklin	14	50
Humboldt	....	21
Isle Royale	20½	18½
Kearsarge	18½	11½
Michigan	10½	35½
Mohawk	35	4
Old Colony	3½	22
Old Dominion	22½	74½
Osceola	73½	32
Parrot	31½	140
Quincy	130	3½
Rhode Island	2¾	3⅝
Santa Fe	3¼	210
Tamarack	207	2
Tecumseh	....	110
Tri-Mountain	....	23½
Utah	23½	17½
United States	17¼	5⅝
Victoria	5¼	2
Winona	1⅝	52
Wolverine	51	50
Washington	15	$1.25
Wyandot	75c	

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, March 5.—The treasury statement balance exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $177,425,406. Gold, $91,365,222. Silver, $29,829,420. United States notes, $11,542,220. Treasury notes of 1890, $84,638. National bank notes, $10,407,119. Total receipts this day, $1,873,871. Total receipts this month, $7,196,988. Total receipts this year, $30,604,841. Total expenditures this day, $1,605,000. Total expenditures this month $6,385,180. Total expenditures this year $326,127,461. Deposits in national banks, $114,826,887.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, March 5.—Money on call steady at 2@3 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4⅝ per cent; sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87¾ for demand and at $4.85¼ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.86 and $4.88½; commercial bills, $4.84¾@4.85¾; bar silver, 54¾c; Mexican dollars, 43¾c. Government bonds firmer; state bonds inactive; railroad bonds irregular.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, March 5.—The cotton market opened firm to 5 points higher on a bad scare of shorts and heavy foreign buying. Liverpool opened lower but immediately advanced. Following this call the local market was very strong. May advanced to 8.80 and July to 8.84.

Cotton spot closed quiet, 15c higher; middling uplands, 9¾c; middling gulf, 9¾c; sales, 1105 bales. Cotton futures, closed firm. March 8.88; April, 8.96; May, 8.88; June, 8.84; July, 8.87; August, 8.72; September, $42; October, 820; November, 810.

PRINCE WAS VERY TIRED

(Continued From Page 1.)

delay, it will be transferred to one of the Southern lines.

Thousands of people forced their way through the gates at the Union station when the train bearing the prince and his party arrived in this city.

Rear Admiral Evans was the first person to appear on the car platform. He was cheered wildly by the crowd, most of whom recognized him.

In the absence of Mayor Johnson, Acting Mayor Beacon appeared at the side of Prince Henry's car and was invited to enter. Mr. Beacon informed Prince Henry that the people of Cleveland were very much disappointed in not being able to have the honor of his presence here for a longer period. He said that the city was made up largely of German-Americans, all of whom would have been enthusiastically in favor of giving him a reception. Prince Henry expressed his gratitude for the kind words, and said he regretted that a longer stop had not been arranged. Mr. Beacon, at the request of the crowd, urged him to appear on the platform and make a brief address.

AGAINST THE BILL

(Continued From Page 1.)

an earnest, impassioned and eloquent plea for the bill on the ground that its defeat means defeat for the Republican party, which, he said, had been committed to tax reform by the action of the legislature last winter in creating the tax commission. He spoke as though he were convinced that the bill would be postponed, and he read ruin for Republicanism in the action that he expected. He said the people would repudiate the action of the legislature in an emphatic manner.

When the debate began a motion to take a recess was defeated, but the controversy covered so much time that it became necessary to continue the debate until this afternoon. Senator Ives started to speak before the recess was taken, but did not go far enough to indicate his stand. He said, however, that he would not treat the matter on political lines.

* * *

The tax committee also reported a recommendation that Senator Daly's bill taxing grain in elevators be indefinitely postponed, but this portion of the report was not reached this morning.

Senator Baldwin introduced a bill fixing fees for physicians who act on probate court juries examing insane patients at $7.50 each instead of $3, and mileage at 15 cents, as it is at present.

Senator Barker introduced a bill putting the measurement and grading of cordwood slabs, etc., shipped into cities of over 50,000 inhabitants into the hands of the surveyors general of logs and lumber. A bill appropriating $705 to pay a commission of auditors and treasurers for their services in drafting a system of checking between the auditors' and treasurers' officers during John Lind's term was passed. County Auditor Halden was one of the commission.

Mr. Bury's bill permitting Lake county to bond itself for a jail was passed.

Senator Miller

Save your Cremo 5 Cent Cigar Bands for Presents

Cremo Cigar BANDS and Old Virginia Cheroot WRAPPERS may be assorted

with TAGS from "STAR," "HORSE SHOE," "STANDARD NAVY," "SPEAR HEAD," "DRUMMOND" NATURAL LEAF, "GOOD LUCK," "BOOT JACK," "PIPER HEIDSIECK," "NOBBY SPUN ROLL," "J. T.," "OLD HONESTY," "MASTER WORKMAN," "JOLLY TAR," "SICKLE," "BRANDY WINE," "CROSS BOW," "OLD PEACH AND HONEY," "RAZOR," "E. RICE, GREENVILLE," "TENNESSEE CROSSTIE," "PLANET," "NEPTUNE," "OLE VARGINY," and TRADE MARK STICKERS from "FIVE BROTHERS" Pipe Smoking Tobacco, in securing these presents, ONE TAG being equal to TWO CREMO CIGAR BANDS or TWO OLD VIRGINIA CHEROOT WRAPPERS.



The above illustrations represent the presents to be given for

Cremo Cigar Bands and Old Virginia Cheroot Wrappers

WRITE YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS PLAINLY on outside of package containing BANDS or WRAPPERS, and forward them by registered mail, or express prepaid. Be sure to have your package securely wrapped and properly marked, so that it will not be lost in transit. Send bands or wrappers and requests for presents (also requests for catalogues) to C. Hy. Brown, 4241 Folsom Avenue, St. Louis, Mo.

OUR NEW ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE of presents for 1902 includes many articles not shown above. It contains the most attractive list of presents ever offered for bands and wrappers, and will be sent by mail on receipt of postage—two cents.
Our offer of presents for bands and wrappers will expire November 30, 1902.

American Cigar Company

SIX HOURS FOR HENRY

Milwaukee Did Herself Proud In That Brief Period.

A Most Enthusiastic Reception Given to the Prince.

Banquet at Pfister the Feature of the Entertainment.

Milwaukee, March 5.—Milwaukee was host to Prince Henry, of Prussia, for six hours last evening, and gave him a reception that was highly enthusiastic, and entertainment that was unique. His special train came at 4 o'clock, and at 10 was away again on the long run to Niagara and New England. The intervening time was all given over to the reception and entertainment of the royal visitor. It began with a drive through the business and residential districts, in review before a crowd that numbered 200,000. Then there was a public reception, at which Governor Robert La Follette and Mayor David S. Rose voiced the official welcomes, and the united singing societies raised their voices in mighty chorus. There was also a splendid illumination, and a thrilling night run of the Milwaukee fire department. Later, there was a banquet, at which the prince met the leading citizens of the city, and state.

The thousands of Germans resident in Milwaukee joined heartily in the welcome of the young prince to whose house they once owed allegiance, and veterans of the German wars gathered from throughout the state to assist in the reception.

The special train bearing the prince and his party ran up from Chicago over the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad, and there was an enormous crowd at the depot awaiting its coming.

There was a cheer when the prince appeared, and another, louder than the first, when he reached his carriage outside the depot grounds. Mayor Rose and Admiral Evans entered his carriage, and, flanked by police and guarded by troopers of the First Wisconsin cavalry, the drive through the city began. Ambassador Von Holleben and Asistant Secretary of State Hill rode in the second carriage, with Capt. Frederick Pabst, chairman of the reception committee. Just outside of the depot, 1000 veterans of the German wars were drawn up. They had come here from Green Bay, Stevens Point, Port Washington, Apleton, Plymouth, Fond du Lac, Racine and other distant points in the state, and they gave the prince a volley of cheers as he passed them. The business streets were blockaded with people, and the police had to fight to keep a driveway clear.

There were 10,000 persons packed in the Exposition building, and it was long before they were sufficiently stilled for Chairman John Johnston to briefly introduce Mayor Rose.

The mayor formally welcomed the prince, after which he gave way to former Congressman P. V. Deuster, who spoke in behalf of the German residents, and in their tongue. Governor La Follette then welcomed the prince to Milwaukee in behalf of the state, and expressed regret at the shortness of his visit. Capt. Emil Court, who also spoke in German, was the last speaker.

The great chorus sang again, and, as the prince arose to leave the hall, the crowd broke into cheers. He touched his cap in salute, and smiled as he turned to leave the stage. The fire run followed the public reception, and it made a spectacle that was both novel and exciting. Thirty-two pieces of apparatus, marshaled by Fire Chief Foley, were raced for a mile at high speed. They ran two abreast and 200 feet apart. Darkness had come, and the engine lights made the picture all the more inspiring. The prince was then driven through illuminated streets to the Hotel Pfister, where the banquet was served.

The dinner lasted about two hours. The decorations of the banquet hall were very elaborate. The principal table, at which the prince sat, was literally covered with Alabama smilax arching gracefully over the place where Prince Henry sat and hung at the ends with roses and carnations. A feature of the banquet decorations was a miniature in flowers of the German yacht Hohenzollern, which was suspended from the center of the hall. Three toasts were proposed, those of the president of the United States and the emperor of Germany being drunk while the orchestra played national airs of the respective countries. These were followed by the toast, "Prince Henry of Prussia." The prince responded as follows:

"Gentlemen: I will occupy your attention for but a very few moments, as I am a trifle hoarse, having lost something in this country, namely, my voice, which I hope, however, to regain.

"It is a pleasure to me to thank you for the hearty welcome you have offered me in this lovely, handsome and sympathetic city of yours, the principal city of Wisconsin, and famous for its thrift and industry.

"I have heard it acknowledged by you as well as by others that the development of Milwaukee is due largely to the German element amongst your citizens, a statement which fills my heart with pride and gladness, inasmuch as I look upon the German element as being one of the strongest ties between Germany and the United States. (Great applause).

"I doubt not that those of German descent will in the future as in the past, be a credit to that country which they proudly call their home. (Applause).

"The merits of the city of Milwaukee are known, its industrial products are recorded—not so, however, with one point which I could not help noticing in passing through the crowd in the streets of the city today—in brief, the charming, sweet and pretty faces belonging to the ever-fair sex—(great applause, cries of 'Well! well! well!' and 'Bravo!')—which are abundant in this city. (Great applause).

"Allow me to drink to the health and prosperity of the lovely city of Milwaukee."

At the conclusion of Prince Henry's remarks, Mayor Rose presented to Prince Henry an elegantly bound album containing photographs of Milwaukee's public buildings and some of the beautiful residences of the city.

Prince Henry left Milwaukee for the East at 10 o'clock on a special train. A large crowd greeted him as he took his farewell.

PUNISHMENT

For Eleven Men Who Sold Liquor to Indians.

Madison, Wis., March 5.—Six men paid fines ranging from $25 to $100, and five were sentenced to jail in the federal court here for carrying whisky onto Odanah reservation, or furnishing the Indians with liquor. The eleven arrests were made by Deputy United States marshals, all the parties having been indicted by the federal grand jury, and all pleaded guilty when arraigned in court.

John McCartey, who runs a saloon between Ashland and the reservation, was the worst offender, several charges being filed against him, and it cost him $100 in fines. Jem McNeal, of Bayfield, and Victor Dubois and Joseph Pritz, of Ashland, paid $50 each; John Cloud and John Roundwin, of Odanah, $25 each; while Albert Glistad, Chris Downey, Albert Martinell, of Ashland, and Mat Hattson and John Green, of Odanah, not having enough money to pay their fines, went to jail for thirty days each.

Rocky Mountain Tea taken now will keep the whole family well. If it fails, bring it back and get your cash. 35 cts. Ask your druggist.

Boys' Knee Pants!

We carry a very large and complete stock of boys' knee pants, sizes 4 to 16 years, at popular prices—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

WILL OF ROUSS.

No Charitable Bequests Were Made By Merchant.

New York, March 5.—The will of Charles Broadway Rouss was filed for probate in the surrogate's office yesterday. The document was executed March 17, 1898. It made no charitable bequests. The will left to Mrs. Charles Broadway Rouss, now dead, the house on Fifth avenue and $5000 yearly. The building in which his business was conducted was left to his two children, Mrs. Virginia Lee and Peter Winchester Rouss. It was stipulated that Mrs. Lee was to get the Fifth avenue house if her mother died. She also gets Mr. Rouss' farm in Jefferson county, Virginia. Mr. Rouss requested that his son, Peter, continue the business on Broadway. William W. Rouss, a brother of the dead millionaire, is made an executor, and he and another receive $100,000 each. The residue of the estate is willed to Peter Winchester Rouss.

WILD WITH PLEASURE

Japs Are Delighted With the Anglo-Japanese Alliance.

Celebrations With Processions In Many of the Cities.

May Send Warship to Edward's Coronation Ceremonies.

Tokio, Japan, Feb. 21, via Victoria, B. C., March 5.—Japan has gone wild with delight over the conclusion of the Anglo-Japanese alliance and is only considering how best to celebrate. Until the ratification everything is in embryo, but some of the communities will not be denied. There has been an elaborate torchlight procession at Tokio, besides the formal interchange of congratulations at a joint meeting held by the two houses of the diet, at which Sir Claude MacDonald, the British minister, was present.

At various towns in Japan special celebrations have already been held, or are in contemplation. The press is brimming over with cheerful forecasts of the result of the "diplomatic union," flags are flying, and altogether young Japan is patting itself on the back. Ex-Minister of Foreign Affairs Kato touched the keynote of popular sentiment the other day when, in a speech touching on the proper methods of receiving the news of the alliance, he said that Japan should accept her position with all dignity. There should be no question of using the opportunity for asking England to aid in the introduction of foreign capital into Japan. Such a course would be like a bridegroom asking his father-in-law for money on the day of the wedding.

It would be fitting, said Mr. Kato, that Japan should signalize the occasion by sending over to the naval review, to be held at Spithead during King Edward's coronation, some representative warship which would be more effective than oratory or cheap champagne in a dark corner of the empire.

The idea of Mr. Kato's has taken hold, and today it is reported that Premier Kastura has obtained the sanction of the emperor to send a first-class battleship and a cruiser to take part in the Spithead naval demonstration.

The chamber of commerce throughout the country are also preparing to send two representative merchants to attend the coronation ceremonies. Another feature this spring will be the joint naval maneuvers by the British and Japanese fleets in the China sea, in honor of the conclusion of the alliance. The British were going to hold maneuvers there anyway, and it is now proposed that their squadron will be reinforced from the Japanese fleet. As it happens, Russia is preparing to hold naval maneuvers in the same region about the same time, and the coincidence has been noted.

Marquis Ito, ex-premier, who has been on a triumphal tour of the world, is expected to arrive at Nagasaki, Japan, on the 26th inst. His return will be made the signal for a marked demonstration of welcome.

Although Marquis Ito was not in London when the treaty was signed, and it is more than rumored that he was half inclined to treat with Russia for an alliance, still popular sentiment ascribes to Marquis Ito the real credit for the conclusion of the convention.

ASK DRUGGIST for 10 CENT TRIAL SIZE.

ELY'S CREAM BALM

Gives Relief at once.

It cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly. It is absorbed. Heals and protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50c.; Trial size 10c.; at Druggists or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

CATARRH



COLD IN HEAD

WILL ACT.

Fullerton Going After Illegal Fishermen on Lake Pepin.

St. Paul, March 5.—Executive Agent Samuel F. Fullerton of the state game and fish commisison is going to march against the men doing illegal fishing on Lake Pepin, with some twenty-five armed deputy wardens at his back.

Mr. Fullerton has received an opinion from Attorney General Hicks of Madison, Wis., to the effect that Minnesota wardens have jurisdiction on Lake Pepin clear to the Wisconsin shore.

This opinion corroborates that of Attorney General W. B. Douglas of this state, so Mr. Fullerton is clothed with full legal authority to proceed, and intends to burn all the shanties on the ice, pull up all the nets in use and burn them and arrest all men who interfere with his operations.

Mr. Fullerton has received a letter from a deputy sheriff residing on the Wisconsin shore of the lake to the effect that Mr. Fullerton and his men will be arrested on sight if they interfere with Wisconsin residents fishing on the Wisconsin side of the lake.

"A dose in time saves lives." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup; nature's remedy for coughs, colds, pulmonary diseases of every sort.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway

Resumes dining car service. Beginning Friday, March 8, the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway will resume their dining car service on trains 7 and 8 in and out of Duluth, serving dinner on No. 8, leaving Duluth at 5:45 p. m. daily, and breakfast on No. 7, arriving Duluth 9:55 a. m.

Rheumatism



Omega Oil If you hit your thumb with a hammer, you rub on some soothing, healing remedy, wrap it up and let Nature do the rest. That's just exactly what you ought to do for Rheumatism. There is no more sense in swallowing medicines for Rheumatism than there is in swallowing medicines for a bruised thumb. Rub your Rheumatism with Omega Oil every night and morning. Nature will do the rest, and between Omega Oil and Nature you will be cured. Keep those strong medicines out of your stomach.

DR. LYON'S **French Periodical Drops**

Strictly vegetable, perfectly harmless, sure to accomplish DESIRED RESULTS. Greatest known female remedy.

CAUTION Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine is put up only in paste-board Carton with fac-simile signature on side of the bottle, thus: John L. Lyon
Send for Circular to WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Sole Agents, Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by Max Wirth.



MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as **Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation.** Stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. **CUPIDENE** cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. **CUPIDENE** strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with **Prostatitis.** **CUPIDENE** the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address **DAVOL MEDICINE CO.**, P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine **Laxative Bromo-Quinine** Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

Houses, Lots, Acreage, Farms

Many opportunities for those who would buy, sell, exchange or rent any kind of Real Estate offered on this page.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

SNAP

On East First street, near Eighth avenue east.
Two houses, thoroughly modern; with one lot, $5000; with two lots, $7000.

$2750 Two houses on lot with double frontage. Central.

$1600 House and lot on East Third street; $100 cash, balance monthly.

For sale exclusively by
W. M. PRINDLE & CO.,
First Floor, Lonsdale Building.

CANADA IS ACTIVE

In Trying to Arrange a Reciprocity Deal With Cuba.

Can Supply Cubans With Flour and Other Necessaries.

Canadians Would Purchase Raw Sugar In Return.

Ottawa, Ont., March 5.—It is admitted here that Canadian agents are in Cuba for the purpose of working up a reciprocity treaty with that country.

After the inauguration of President Palma and negotiation of the treaty binding Cuba to observe the terms of the Platt amendment, Cuba will be free to make commercial arrangements with Canada. Such a deal will be carried on by private agency, and will not be official until an understanding is reached.

The government of Canada has no recognized agents, commercial or otherwise, in Cuba, but a number of prominent Canadians are interested in various Cuban interprises, one of the most important of which is the railway construction initiated and carried on by Sir William Van Horne and his syndicate. Sir William was until his resignation recently the president of the Canadian Pacific railway, and he is now chairman of the board of directors of that company. He is a man of commanding influence in Canada and enjoys the personal friendship of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, prime minister of Canada, and close personal relations with most of the other members of the Canadian cabinet.

Among the influential circle of Canadians operating in Cuba there are several others who, by reason of their political or financial connections or in other ways, are admirably fitted for such a mission.

Canada is in a position to supply Cuba's needs in flour, canned goods, provisions and other products largely in demand there at least as advantageously as the United States can and take Cuba's sugar in return.

Canada's imports of raw sugar already form a large item of her purchases of foreign products, exceeding 299,000,000 pounds last year, of a value of $6,824,882, on which a duty was collected aggregating $2,012,010. Of refined sugars, sirups and molasses Canada was a consumer last year to the extent of over 379,000,000 pounds, valued at $1,088,412, on which $455,794 duty was paid.

There is nothing to restrain Canada from entering into a reciprocity arrangement with Cuba, should both countries so desire. No existing most favored nation treaties are in the way. Until 1898 there were most favored nation treaties between Great Britain and Germany and Belgium, but these were denounced and have ceased to exist since Aug. 1, 1898. Canada's freedom of action is completely unfettered.

It is true that under the present tariff law the operation of the preference of one-third of the duty is continued to Great Britain, and her colonies reciprocating. But parliament has full power to extend the preference to other countries qualifying for it or enter into any fair reciprocal arrangements it might think proper. All that would have to be done would be to revive clause 17 of the tariff of 1897, which provided that when the customs tariff of any country should admit the products of Canada on terms equally favorable, the preferential tariff of that time, 25 per cent, should apply.

One of the cabinet ministers seen on the subject said he much questioned whether the United States would ever permit Cuba to enter into a reciprocity arrangement with Canada.

TRUNK MAKERS STRIKE.

St. Louis, March 5.—As a result of a cut in wages, between 300 and 400 trunk and bag workers, employed in the four leading factories in St. Louis, are out on strike. The men assert that the cut in wages, ranging from 5 cents to $3 according to the work is an attempt by the association to disrupt the union.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE.

$3000 Will buy a good seven-room house and 25x140-foot lot on East Second street. House has bath, toilet, furnace heat, city water. West of Fourteenth avenue east.

$3300 For a centrally located nine-room house, lot 25x100. Has city water, sewer, bath, toilet, cellar. Only five minutes' walk from Torrey building.

PARK POINT LOTS.

We have exclusive sale of some fine lots on Minnesota avenue. If you intend to camp on the Point this year, get your location picked out early, and avoid the rush.

FOR FARM LANDS.

You should see our list before going elsewhere. We have some good bargains to offer you.

FOR RENT.

New modern five-room flat—927 East Fifth street, at..... **$20.00**
New modern five-room flat—2018 West Superior street, at.... **$17.00**
new modern six-room brick house in East End, at..... **$30.00**
No. 921 East First street, nine rooms, modern conveniences.
Five-room flats at Twenty-fourth avenue west and Superior street, at..... **$9 and $10**

FIVE PER CENT MONEY TO LOAN.

STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK.

$6500 One of the best business corners in heart of city. Rents for $80.00. Genuine bargain.

For Rent Modern double house big yard fine home, $40.00 for whole house.

T. W. WAHL & Co
201 Exchange Bldg.

GLEN AVON LOTS CHEAP;
Lots that will be reached by extension of gas and water this summer.

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Magnates Are Arranging Schedules at Detroit Meet.

Detroit, March 5.—The magnates of the American league are in session here today. The adoption of a playing schedule and playing rules for next season, is the principal business before the meeting. When President Johnson called the meeting at 11 o'clock every club in the league except Boston was represented, and Johnson held the proxy for that city. Mr. Killilea, one of the owners of the Boston club, is expected tomorrow.

When the subject of expansion of the American league or a change in the circuit was rought up, President Johnson said: "There will be no change in the American league circuit this year. The matter will not be considered at the meeting, as far as I know, more than formally.

PROFESSOR HARRIS

Will Be Added to Lawrence University Faculty.

St. Paul, March 5—An Appleton, Wis., special to the Dispatch: The faculty of Lawrence university will be augmented next fall by the addition of another new professor, who will fill the chair of constitutional history. The new member is Professor N. Dwight Harris of Chicago, who took the Cobden prize at Yale. He studied for three years at Leipsic and Berlin, and took the degree of Ph. D. at the University of Chicago. He is at present studying at Rome, from whith city he cabled his acceptance. He has had one year's experience as instructor in constitutional history at Northwestern university at Evanston.

SEVERE HARDSHIPS

Were Endured By Prospectors In Idaho.

Salt Lake, March 5.—A special to the Herald from Boise, Idaho, says: A party of prospectors reached here today after a terrible fourteen-days' journey through the snow from the Thunder Mountain district, bringing with them the bodies of Bert Tullis, formerly a resident of Telluride, Col., who was killed in a snow slide at Thunder Mountain a month ago, and two men named Campbell and Sykes who also were victims of a snow slide. The bodies, frozen and wrapped in hides were drawn over the snow of the mountnain passes, the prospectors undergoing almost incredible hardships to bring out the bodies of their dead friends.

$1.00 Per Berth to Chicago Via "The Milwaukee."

During March and April "The Milwaukee" line will operate tourist sleeping cars between the Twin Cities and Chicago twice each week in each direction. Tourist cars will leave the Twin Cities on the Pioneer Limited, every Wednesday and Saturday evenings, arrive Chicago 9:30 the following morning. Rate per double berth, $1.00. Westbound tourist cars will leave Chicago Tuesdays and Fridays.

POSTOFFICE SAFE ROBBED.

Westerville, Ohio, March 5.—The postoffice safe here was blown open by robbers early today who secured from $80 to $120 worth of stamps and several hundred dollars in money. Bloodhounds have been put on the trail.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

RESIDENCES We have for sale eight of the most desirable, in the fashionable district of the East End. Prices from $5500 to $11,500.

A CORNER 100 by 140 feet. This is the best location of which we know for improvement with flats, double dwellings, or apartments, for an investment. Price low.

FARMS Three well improved, good buildings. Close to the city. Call and see us regarding the above.

Fire insurance written.

Chas. P. Craig & Co,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

$5000 Takes eight-room modern house, east End; hot water heat.

$3500 Takes 11-room modern house; 50-foot lot; in East End.

$11 000 Takes fine 10-room house in finest residence location Terms easy.

A. C. VOLK & CO.,
202 PALLADIO.

A Good Bargain.

8 room house, 50 foot lot, located No. 123 E. Third St, can be handled for $850.00 cash. Communicate with C. T. Seymour, 603, W. 1st St. New 'Phone 814.

Six-room house East Third street, with bath, etc..... **$1800**
Eight-room house, London road, hot water heat, bath, hardwood finish, etc..... **$3000**
Fine residence lot, upper side East Superior street..... **$1500**

E. D. Field Co., 204 Exchange Bldg

A Bargain in Acres

160 acres within four miles of city limits at per acre..... **$7.50**
Dwelling In West End, 232, 27th Ave W., on easy terms.. **$900**
Lot on East Fourth St, near 18 Ave East..... **$750**

LITTLE & NOLTE.

WHY Pay Rent or Interest?

When the Home Co-Operative Comp'y Of Kansas City, Mo.

Will furnish you the money to pay off your mortgage or buy you a home and give you sixteen years and eight months to pay it back at the following monthly payments without interest:

$1000 at $5.35 per month
$2000 at $10.70 per month
$3000 at $16.05 per month

A fund is maintained to carry your contract in case of sickness or out of employment. We are the original and most reliable company of the kind in America and have a copyright and will prosecute any infringements.

Branch Office, 410 Palladio Bldg.

FOR SALE—FARM LANDS.

CARLTON COUNTY, MINN.—$200 WILL buy 40 acres good land, easily cleared; $250 will buy 80 acres right on railroad, with fine stream through; $1300 will buy quarter section on railroad and enough hardwood on land to pay cost of clearing; $6 per acre will buy one of the best sections in Carlton county, with lot of valuable timber on, only $2 per acre cash, balance on time at 6 per cent.

ST. LOUIS COUNTY, MINN.—$500 WILL buy 40 acres near Pike lake, covered with hardwood, which will pay cost of land; $50 per acre will buy 10 acres in 19-50-14, within city limits; $10 per acre will buy a half section four miles from city limits, with considerable hardwood; $240 will buy 40 acres ten miles from city, three miles from railroad; 4000 acres in southern part of county at $3 per acre.

DOUGLAS COUNTY, WIS.—$780 WILL buy 78 acres on Northern Pacific railroad ten miles from West Superior, lays level and easily cleared; $2.50 per acre for 320 acres about twenty miles south of West Superior; 1320 acres fifteen miles south of Superior, on railroad, at $3 per acre; 240 acres good land on Omaha railroad, near Hawthorne, at $5.50 per acre, easy terms.

NORTHERN MICHIGAN—160 ACRES close to railroad, considerable hardwood, $2.50 per acre; 160 acres, with large amount of hemlock, cedar and maple, $5 per acre, wood will pay profit besides paying for land.

GUARANTY FARM LAND CO.,
428 West Superior Street, Duluth.

DRESSMAKING.

AND PLAIN sewing; fit and style guaranteed. 616 E. 4th St. Basement flat.

PROPOSALS.

Sealed bids are requested for the completion of the waterworks system at the village of Chisholm, Minn. The work consists of the erection of a water tower and tank with connections. A frame pump station, setting in place and connecting with well and main a pump and boiler supplying and laying 100 feet of 8-inch and 150 feet of 6-inch cast iron pipe and backfilling and otherwise completing the laying of 3000 feet of pipe now in place, all in accordance with the plans and specifications now on file in the office of the village recorder.

Particulars of the work to be done may be obtained from the village engineer or the village recorder. Bids will be opened by the council on the evening of March 7, 1902.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

THOS. F. McGILVRAY,
209 First National Bank building, Duluth.
Engineer for the village of Chisholm.
Duluth Evening Herald, Feb-27-28-Mch-1-3-4-5-1902.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

1510 Jefferson street, seven-room house, bath, cellar, stone foundation, furnace, electric light; can be bought cheap.

A tract of land near the pumping station on the lake shore, lays good; can be bought cheap.

Thirty lots on Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth avenues west; any size lot from $200 a lot and upwards. Easy terms.

110 East Fifth street, house on the alley; will pay a good profit on the investment. Price, $1000.

A lot on upper side of Superior street, near Fifth avenue east—price **$2000**

A couple of flats to rent in West Duluth.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.,
H. H. Hanford, Mngr. 605 Palladio Bldg.

DO YOU PAY RENT?

Why not OWN your home and PAY LESS THAN RENT.

THE NATIONAL HOME-SEEKERS' ASSOCIATION will buy any home you choose on following payments:
A $1000 home, $ 5.50 per month.
A $2000 home $11.00 per month.
A $3000 home $16.50 per month.
These are direct payments on principal. NO INTEREST. No large down payment. Call and have this explained. Office open till 8:30 evenings. 417 Torrey building. Correspondents enclose 2c stamp.

SPLENDID BARGAIN.

Strictly modern ten-room dwelling in best residence district. Lot 75x140.

Wm. C. Sargent & Co.
303 Lonsdale Bldg.

FOR RENT.
Houses,
Stores
Flats.
Mendenhall & Hoopes
208 First National Bank Bldg. Duluth, Minn

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—$65 OAK FOLDING BED, good as new, with mattress; $25. Address X, Y, Z, Herald.

SCREENED, CLEAN AND SHARP AT Glen Avon sand pit for sale at $1 per load of 1½ yards. Get tickets at 112 Exchange building; sand costs more without tickets.

FOR SALE—PIANO—A NEW AND AN old piano very cheap, for sale at 46 West Superior street, room 107.

FOR SALE—A CANDYMAKER'S FURnace, a slab and kettle, cheap. 416 Second avenue east.

A CAR LOAD OR FRESH MILCH COWS will arrive March 6, at Evan Johnson's 2008 Helm street. Will exchange for beef cattle.

FOR SALE—CHOICE WHITE WYANdotte hens and some barred Plymouth Rocks and White Wyandotte eggs for hatching. Call or address Robert Metcalf, Duluth Heights.

Horses!! Horses!!

Large assortment of general purpose horses constantly on hand, including farm mares, drivers and delivery horses. Call and see us before going elsewhere.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Horse Market opposite P.O. Duluth, Minn.

S. M. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED with a car load of fresh milch cows and will sell and exchange for fat cattle. 1219 East Seventh street.

$300 FOR 80-ACRE FARM WITH HOUSE and furniture. $300 for 120-acre farm with good house. We both buy and sell farms or cut-over timber lands. State Trust company, 596 Providence building, Duluth.

FOR SALE—LOCOMOTIVES, STEAM shovels, cars and rails, for construction or logging. Write for our 1902 catalogue. M. Milsnican Company, Detroit, Mich.

L. HAMMEL CO. ALWAYS HAVE ON hand the best logging horses in the city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

SAWMILL FOR SALE—LOCATED AT Minong, Wis.; capacity 20,000 to 25,000 in ten hours; complete outfit; part payment accepted and terms on balance. Apply No. 10 Mesaba block.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies, Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

PERSONAL.

PARTY WITH MONEY DESIRES TO invest in paying established business and take active interest. Address D., Herald.

LADIES! $500 REWARD for a case of cloth nate suppression, any cause; my monthly regulator fails to relieve. Mail, Harmless reg. safe, sure. How long suppressed. DR. JACKSON & CO., P. 989 167 Dearborn, Chicago.

IF EDMUND GOCHER, FORMERLY of Ipswich, in the county of Suffolk, son of the late Charles and Louise Gocher, of the same place, will apply to Messrs. Ford, Lloyd, Bartlett, and Michelmore, solicitors, of 38 Bloomsbury square, London, he will hear of something to his advantage. The said Edmund Gocher was last heard of about eight years ago, and he was then engaged on a vessel plying between Chicago and Duluth. Any person having knowledge of the whereabouts of the said Edmund Gocher, or information as to his death, is requested to communicate with the above-named solicitors. Dated 4th February, 1902. Ford, Lloyd, Bartlett, and Michelmore, 38 Bloomsbury Square, London, England. Duluth Evening Herald, Feb-19-20-March 5-1902.

DIME SOCIAL, MARCH 5, 230 WEST Second street.

ANY AND ALL PERSONS HAVING collaterals on which loans have been made, must redeem same within thirty days from first insertion of this notice. Feb. 25, 1902. Standard Jewelry & Loan company, 324 West Superior street.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

GIRL WANTED, GENERAL HOUSEwork, small family. Apply Thursday, 1510 East Fourth street.

WANTED—YOUNG LADY FOR CONfectionery store. Apply 22½ East Second street.

WANTED — A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework in small family. 1203 East Fourth street.

WANTED — NURSE GIRL. 230 EAST Fourth street.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK; good wages. Apply Mrs. Claypool, 811 Park Place.

WANTED—TWO EXPERIENCED DINingroom girls. Hotel McKay.

WANTED — MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN for housework. Apply 16 Seventh avenue west.

WANTED—DISHWASHER AT THE Midland, 210 West Second street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1513 Jefferson street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 228 Second avenue west.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 217 East Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework at 107 Park terrace.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1317 East Second street.

WANTED—KITCHEN AND DINING room girl, at 627 West Superior street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Good wages paid. 2 Chester terrace.

WANTED—COMPETENT NURSE GIRL. Must have good references. Apply 20 Twelfth avenue east.

STENOGRAPHERS.

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

MALE HELP—WANTED

WANTED—BARBER AT PROVIDENCE building.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO ASSIST painters in their work. Apply 104 Providence building.

WANTED — A GOOD COATMAKER. Apply at once, J. Frank Burrows, 200 Trust building.

WANTED — BOY TO WORK IN DRUG store and make himself useful. Weinman's Pharmacy, 1502 East Superior street.

WANTED—MACHINE HAND TO RUN moulder. Apply Oulett & Baxter, Lake avenue.

TAILOR WANTED AT ONCE; GOOD coatmaker. W. J. Wood, Hibbing, Minn.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Last thirty days of special offer. Can earn scholarship, board, tools and transportation. Great demand for graduates during spring rush. Short time required. Write today. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—AGENTS.

FEMINOLOGY BEST SUBSCRIPtion book proposition of the century. Write for terms. C. L. Dressier & Co., 2203 Gladys avenue, Chicago.

STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING.
All kinds accurately and promptly done. Old Phone 544. Zenith 831. Jessie L. Cooley—Lydia T. Grieser. 307 First National Bank Building.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

COMPETENT NURSE MAID WANTS place. Can give best of references. Address P 59, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS POSITION AS CASHier in store, restaurant or office work. Address P 46, Herald.

AN EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER wants a few more ladies to sew for by the day. Address Miss Shermerhorn, 905 West First street.

WANTED — SITUATION BY YOUNG married man; no bad habits; honest and willing to work; would like to have a steady place. Address Basement, 924 East Sixth street.

DRESSMAKER WISHES WORK IN family. Address 732 East Third street.

WANTED—POSITION AS WOMAN cook. Address W 46, Herald.

A WOMAN WANTS TO TAKE HOME A few ladies' or gentlemen's washing and do the mending if necessary. Please call or address Mrs. Selma Anderson, 32 Tenth avenue west.

GIRL WANTS A GOOD PLACE TO DO general housework in good family. Address 1203 West First street.

STEADY YOUNG MAN WOULD LIKE a position in a grocery store. Experienced and references furnished. Address W 33, Herald.

YOUNG MAN OF 29 WANTS A POSItion in office; best of references given. Address W. K., 111 East Fourth street.

YOUNG GIRL WOULD LIKE A PLACE to care for children; would like to stay home nights. Address P 47, care Herald.

SITUATION WANTED BY YOUNG man, 18 years old, strong, honest and willing to work. Can furnish references. T 32, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WASHING TO TAKE home or will go out by the day. 1130 East Sixth street.

AN EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER wants a few more ladies to sew for by the day. Address Miss Shermerhorn, 905 West First street.

LOST.

LOST—FEB. 26, PURSE, MARKED COMpliments of C. U. Samuelson. Finder will be rewarded by returning same to Herald office.

LOST—BLACK MUFF BETWEEN Fifteenth and Nineteenth avenues east; notify James McCue, 924 East Third street.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

HERB REMEDIES.

FOR ALL IMPURE BLOOD DISORders, tumors and cancers cured without the knife; inexpensive home treatment. No office charges. The Herbaqueen company, 319 First avenue east.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—MODERN 8-ROOM HOUSE, furnished, for the summer. T 56, Herald.

A FEW SMALL HOUSES, CENTRALLY located, rent reasonable. A. R. Macfarlane & Co., 112 Exchange building.

TWO LADIES WILL RENT PART OF house furnished to married couple. W 34, Herald.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FRONT room with electric light and bath. Address to 607 West Third street, city.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS with bath. 6 Mason flats.

FURNISHED ROOM. 221 EAST THIRD street.

FOR RENT — FOUR FURNISHED rooms. 420 Third avenue east.

NEAT NICELY FURNISHED ROOM with bath. Rent reasonable. 234 Mesaba avenue.

STORE FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STORES NOS. 522 AND 624 West Superior street. Lane McGregor & Co., 6 Exchange.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—TWO FLATS NO 310 AND 312 West Fifth street. Modern, new and nice. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOM UPPER flat, bath, electric light. 1412 Jefferson street. Inquire of J. B. Middlecoff, 415 Providence building. Telephone 940.

BOARD OFFERED.

FOR RENT—ROOM WITH BOARD. 823 East Third street.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 17, 1902. Second degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock. next meeting March 10, 1902. Work, First degree. Clyde W. Stilman, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 12, 1902. Work Royal Arch degree. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 7:30 p. m. Next conclave April 1, 1902. Work, installation of officers. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS. ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL NO. 2, meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west at 8 p. m. Jack Hultquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES—Duluth Aerie No. 79, meets every Thursday at 8 p. m. in Kalamazoo block. Special election postponed until Thursday, March 6. J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets every Thursday of the month at Great Eastern hall. William Cleugh, sachem; S. C. Murphy, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 68, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m. at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street, N. G. Halloway, sachem; A. M. Johnson, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, WE-KE-ME-WUF TRIBE, NO. 17, meets every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St. C. E. Armstead, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. March feast, P. B. B. C. B. B. S., Tuesday, March 4, 1902. G. H. Nichols, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS — DIAMOND lodge, No. 45, K. of P., meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Monday, Dec. 2, Work in the third rank. L. B. Allen, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of R. S.

M. W. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A.; William Tunell, clerk.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—TO RENT—TWO POOL tables and fixtures; one billiard table and fixtures; one soda fountain. Give prices by the month. Also want to buy shelving and show cases. Everything must be cheap and in good condition. Address P 60, Herald.

SAND AND GRAVEL.

GOOD BUILDING SAND AND GRAVel, cheap at Fortieth avenue west. For permits apply to C. H. Martz, at board of public works.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Business confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg, Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 705-5.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 237 MAIN STREET, West Superior, Wis. Phone 4358-3.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

MRS. HANSON—MIDWIFE—
Female complaints. Private hospital, 413 Seventh avenue east. 'Phone 1225.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES, 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

IMPORT OF 1901, 75c A BOTTLE. AT C. J. Tufte's drug store.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WE ARE IN THE MARKET FOR horses and will pay best prices. L. Hammel Co., Third avenue east and First street, Duluth.

WAITED TO BUY—SECOND-HAND light buggy, cheap. Telephone 3069.

WANTED—TO BUY, SECOND HAND motor, about one horse power. M. Henricksen, jeweler.

WANTED—TO BUY, A COCKER SPANiel pup, four weeks old. Duluth Cigar company.

Horses Wanted.

LUMBERMEN AND CONTRACTORS—Notice—We are in the market at all times to purchase your horses if you have no further use for them and will pay highest cash price for the same. Call or address, BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN, Sale Stable opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn.

JOHNSON NICKEL MINING COMpany stock wanted; state price and quantity. Address P. O. box 290, city.

PICTURE FRAMING.

GET YOUR PICTURES AND PICTURE frames at Hoffman's, 211 East Superior street.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

IF YOU WANT A GUARANTEED INvestment paying 20 per cent, call or write. William Kaiser, 106 Palladio building. Both 'phones.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.		Lv.. Duluth ..Ar		p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m.		Ar.. Proctor..Lv		p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m.		Ar. Iron Jctn.Lv		p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.		Ar.. Wolf ...Lv		p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.		Ar. Virginia..Lv		p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.		Ar..Eveleth..Lv		p.m.	12:57
10:40 a.m.		Ar.. Sparta...Lv		p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.		Ar. Biwabik..Lv		p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.		Ar. Mtn. Iron.Lv		p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.		Ar. Hibbing .Lv		p.m.	12:27
P.M.	A.M.	STATIONS.	A.M.	P.M.	
7:30	3:15	Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	12:00		7:30
11:25	7:25	Ar..... Virginia Lv	8:05		3:35
11:30	7:30	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	8:00		3:30
12:30	7:55	Ar..... Ely Lv	7:25		2:50
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.		P.M.

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.
(GREAT NORTHERN SYSTEM.)

Leave			Arrive	
† 1:25	p.m.	St. Paul	† 1:55	p.m.
† 11:10	p.m.	Minneapolis	* 6:30	p.m.
* 7:55	a.m.	Cass Lake, Grand Forks Montana, Pacific Coast Hibbing, Swan River and the Iron Range.	* 6:43	p.m.
† 3:00	p.m.		† 11:58	a.m.

* Daily. † Daily Except Sunday.
Sleeper ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
*9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 50 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave			Arrive	
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East		a 11:25 a m	
b 8:00 a m	" "		a 9:55 p m	
a 7:10 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express North Coast Limited		a 7:55 a m	
8:00 a m			a 2:55 p m	
	"DULUTH SHORT LINE."			
Leave			Arrive	
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS		a 6:00 a m	
a 11:55 p m			b 3:10 p m	
a 11:10 p m			a 7:10 p m	

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railw'y

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Blk. 'Phone 44
All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot

*5:45 p. m. Lv—BOSTON LIMITED—Ar. *9:55 a. m.
All points East.

†8:25 a. m. Lv—..... LOCAL .....—Ar. †7:25 p. m.
Marquette & Copper Country.

* Daily. † Except Sunday

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets this remedy that cures a cold in one day.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk.
Telephone 755, N. Call 4.
Zenith 'Phone 713.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

10 PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

10 PAGES.

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. THURSDAY, MARCH 6, 1902. TWO CENTS.

HISTORICAL

GRAIN BILL ALSO DEAD

Senate Puts It Out After Short Discussion.

Halvorson Aims Bill at Ore Freight Rates.

From The Herald
State Capitol Bureau.

St. Paul, March 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—Senator Halvorson, Jacobson's associate from Lac Qui Parle, this morning introduced in the senate a bill cutting down the iron ore freight rates 20 cents a ton. The bill was referred to the reception committee. Coming from the source it does, it is generally considered that the bill is devised throug the mistaken notion prevalent in Lac Qui Parle and elsewhere that the steel trust owns the paving blocks in the city of Duluth as well as everything else in St. Louis county, to punish the delegation from St. Louis county for its help in defeating the Jacobson bill. The bill fixes the minimum rates from the Mesaba range at 60 cents per ton, from Tower to Two Harbors at 70 cents per ton, and from Ely to Two Harbors at 80 cents per ton. The roads are required to carry, unload and load out of the docks into boats all ore at these rates, and this cause will prevent the roads from getting back the reduction out of dock charges. The rates quoted are declared by the bill to be the maximum of reasonable rates, and if any road asks higher ones it is to be deemed to have misused its powers, and the attorney general is required to begin proceedings to forfeit its charter, or to collect a fine of not more than $1000 for each such offense.

The bill to tax grain in elevators, introduced by Senator Daly of Otter Tail was sat upon and killed for the third time. It was introduced three years ago and killed, the performance was repeated last winter, and the same thing happened this winter. The bill was referred to the tax committee and, as stated in these dispatches yesterday, the tax committee voted to report it for indefinite postponement. The committee made its report this morning, and Senator Daly moved to amend the report by having the bill received and placed on general orders. There was a spirited debate upon the proposition, in which Senator Daly stood practically alone.

Senator Daugherty led the attack upon the bill, saying that he hoped the committee report would be adopted. The St. Louis county delegation, he said, has a hard district to represent, as it is located differently from others. It is the state's only shipping port, with a rival city only half a mile away, but in another state, and the delegation often had to object to things that did not injure other portions of the state, but that owing to St. Louis county's location, would be disastrous to her. The Daly bill would close the elevators of Duluth. Every boat that takes a load of grain out of Duluth brings $1200 to the laborers of the city, and if the bill is passed and the grain driven from Duluth to Superior, as it would be, immense sums would be taken from Duluth labor. It would also affect the coal docks, because boats carrying coal up will take it to docks near the elevator where they are to get their grain. The bill would take $1,600,000 from Duluth labor. The senate had always had great consideration, Senator Daugherty said, for St. Louis county. He was glad to acknowledge it, and he hoped the report would be received.

Senator Baldwin made a strong argument against the bill. It simply made elevator companies the collector of taxes from the farmers that shipped the grain, and purported to protect them by giving them a lien on the grain. But by the time the taxes come due the grain has been gone out of the elevators ten months, it has been ground into flour and consumed, and the lien is of no use. Superior is a rival of Duluth with an elevator capacity of 17,500,000 bushels to Duluth's 15,500,000. If Duluth has to pay taxes that Superior does not, Duluth cannot pay as high a price for grain, and the grain will go to Superior. It will then go under Wisconsin inspection and beyond the reach of Minnesota inspection, which the Minnesota farmers, controlling the legislature, have been able to make a splendid piece of machinery for their benefit.

Senator Wilson, of Hennepin, said the bill was utterly impracticable.

Senator Miller, of Rock county, said that it was absurd to consider the bill after the tax code had been defeated. Senator Daly's motion was lost by a vote of 25 to 32, and the bill was indefinitely postponed.

Senator Brower, of Stearns, introduced the long expected bill taking the educational institutions of the state out of the reach of the board of control, but it did not get a very cordial reception in the senate. It is general legislation, and as such the committee on reception of bills, to which it was referred, will have to report it for indefinite postponement. Senator Brower explained this, and asked that the rules be suspended and the bill be placed upon general orders. In order that the time lost by putting the bill through the committee could be saved. His motion was lost by a vote of 37 to 22, the bill not receiving the necessary two-thirds. He then moved that the bill be printed and that the reception committee be instructed to report it back by tomorrow, and this motion was adopted.

(Continued on Page 2.)

AN EYE ON CUBAN TRADE

Merchants of Great Britain Believe Action Is Necessary to Prevent United States From Getting Greatest Part.

New York, March 6.—At a private meeting of members of the associated chambers of commerce of the United Kingdom, who have been holding a conference in London during the past two days, says the Herald's London correspondent, Mr. Cox, a Liverpool merchant, said traders with Cuba asked for the co-operation of the chambers in an effort to obtain favored nation treatment for the trade of Great Britain with Cuba.

England had a direct trade with Cuba of over $10,000,000 in addition to considerable indirect trade through New York and Liverpool. The traders had grounds for believing that there was an intention existing to make a reciprocity treaty with the United States by means of which a concession will be given which may destroy the greater part of the trade.

The meeting agreed that action was necessary and that the chambers of the United Kingdom shall be strongly represented at an interview with Lord Lansdowns, to take place on Tuesday next.

THE CUBAN SITUATION

Chairman Payne of Ways and Means Committee Says There Are Many Misleading Reports In Circulation Concerning Matter.

Washington, March 6. — Chairman Payne of the house ways and means committee today made a statement regarding the Cuban situation in which he reviews the three propositions pending. He also says the majority of Republicans think something ought to be done for Cuba. In the statement he says:

"Many misleading statements as to the attitude of the president, the cabinet and the house Republicans are appearing in the newspapers. I cannot speak of conferences with the president. But I have every assurance that the cabinet is not divided on this question, nor has a majority of the house Republicans committed themselves either to the Morris, the Tawney, or the do-nothing policy."

Mr. Payne also says that to grant a 20 per cent reduction will prevent annexation of Cuba for many years, and annexation will mean free trade. He closes his statement by saying: "To refuse to do anything would put the house in a position of hostility to the president, would cause uncertainty and a feeling of apprehension to the producers of sugar in the states, and would be utterly demoralizing."

It is conceded that nothing will be done at tonight's caucus.

HEALTH OF ARMY EXCELLENT

Washington, March 6.—Surgeon General Sternberg today received the health report of the military division of the Philippines for the month ending Jan. 15 last. The percentage of sick was 6.16 per cent, and the total sick 2534 cases. There were 59 deaths during the month, a decrease of 18, compared with the previous month.

Col. Pope, who made the report just before his death says the smal percentage of the sick and the few deaths are especialy gratifying in view of active military operations of the most arduous character in Samar and Batangas. The situation in regard to bubonic plague is much more favorable than at at the time of the last report. Only three cases of the disease ocurred during the month, one being Harry Dunn, a quartermaster's employe, who died Dec. 27.

BRUTAL CONDUCT

Of Officers of the Marine Corps In Philippines.

Natives Horribly Tortured and Executed Without Any Trial.

Maj. Walker and Lieut. Day to Be Court-martialed.

Manila, March 6.—A court-martial has been ordered to try Maj. Littleton W. T. Walker and Lieut. John H. A. Day of the marine corps, on March 17 next, on a charge of executing natives of the islands of Samar without trial. Some of the circumstances in the case are peculiarly atrocious. One native was tied to a tree and publicly shot in the thigh. The next day the man was shot in the arms. The third day he was shot in the body, and the fourth day the native was killed.

Friends of the two officers attribute their actions to loss of mind, due to the privations which they suffered in the island of Samar.

A RIVAL

To Steel Corporation Will Build Big Plant In Chicago.

Chicago, March 6.—The Grand Crossing Tack company, rival for the big steel corporation, has made plans for the erection of an industrial plant to cost $500,000 on the east side of the Calumet river, between One Hundred and Eighteenth and One Hundred and Twentieth streets. The negotiations for the ground have been completed. The price paid was $125,000 or $2500 an acre.

Contracts for the new plan have already been let. It is to consist of twelve buildings containing floor space of 70,000 square feet. There is to be an open hearth steel department, a rolling mill for manufacture of steel billets and all the accessories. The main building will be 440 feet long and have a width of 90 feet. E. W. Hutchinson, secretary and superintendent of the company, has recently returned from Europe, where he visited the best equipped plants for ideas on modern establishments of the kind.

REJECTED.

Claims of Victims of Maine Explosion Thrown Out.

Washington, March 6.—The Spanish treaty claims commission today handed down a decision against the claimants for deaths and injuries received by officers and seamen in the wreck of the battleship Maine in Havana harbor.

The commission holds that "individual claims of citizens of one nation may arise against the government of another nation for redress of injuries to persons or property which such citizens may have sustained from such government or any of its agents. But such individual claims do not arise in favor of the officers and seamen of a ship-of-war who receive in line of duty injuries to their persons for which a foreign government is responsible. The claim against the foreign government is wholly national and all injuries to such officers and seamen are merged in the national injuries, and they can look only to their own government for such remuneration as it may choose to give them.

"A seaman injured by the explosion which destroyed the battleship Maine in the harbor of Havana, Cuba, on Feb. 15, 1898, had no individual claim against Spain, even if that government was responsible to the United States for the explosion and therefore such a seaman is not entitled to an award in his favor from the Spanish treaty claims commission organized by act of congress of March 2, 1901, to adjudicate all individual claims of citizens of the United States against Spain which the United States released to Spain and agreed to pay by the treaty of peace of Dec. 10, 1898."

The claims so far filed with the commission, which will be affected by this decision, amount to about $2,500,000 which would be increased to $5,000,000 had the decision been favorable to the claimants.

LIVE WIRES

Cause Injury to Six Firemen at Beatrice, Neb.

Beatrice, Neb., March 6.—Six firemen were seriously injured by coming in contact with live electric wires while at work on a fire in the business district. The injured: James Coon, acting chief; George Maxfield, Herbert Palmer, Guy Liddicott, Harry Harper and Arthur Wolke.

Although in a serious condition, it is believed the victims will recover. Chief Coon sustained the most dangerous shock. The property loss amounts to $10,000 and is practically covered by insurance.

THE PRINCE IS AN LL. D.

Honorary Degree Is Conferred By Harvard.

Boston In Raptures Over Its Royal Visitor.

Boston, March 6.—Prince Henry of Prussia's first view of Boston was of a snow-clad city upon which there shone a sun from a clear sky. Hundreds of workmen were busy at daylight clearing the streets through which the prince and his party were to pass and by 8 o'clock the route was in excellent condition, the thoroughfares had been roped off and details of police were at their stations.

The bad storm of yesterday had impaired the decorations, but it did not take long today to restore them, and nearly the entire route through the city was brilliant with color before the prince arrived. German flags of red, white and black predominated in many places over the red, white and blue.

Long before the special train was due crowds began to assemble in the neighborhood of the Great South station and extended along the streets assigned for the passage of the procession.

The mayor, with the city officials, reach South station shortly after 9 a. m.

The First battalion of cavalry, one of the best of Massachusetts' volunteer troops, was drawn up in the station ready for escort. A dozen open carriages were in waiting to convey the prince and his party to hotels, their first stopping place in the city.

Near the carriages a battalion of the Massachusetts naval brigade was drawn up, ready to assume duty as guard of honor as the prince and his cavalry escort appeared. With the detail was a band.

The train was made up of two engines and seven cars and officials of the New York Central, assisted by those of its Boston & Albany branch, were in charge. At the exact moment scheduled, 9:35 a. m., the engines puffed into the long train shed.

Mayor Collins and President Doyle of the board of aldermen and President Dolan of the common council were received by Rear Admiral Evans as soon as the train stopped. The officials were escorted into the car and introduced to Prince Henry.

Col. Bingham, military aid to President Roosevelt, led the way into the big station where the cavalry was lined up at attention. Then followed Rear Admiral Evans, Prince Henry, Assistant Secretary of State Hill, and Mayor Collins. Other members of the party brought up the rear.

Crowds which had come in on local trains, and which filled the waiting rooms, cheered as soon as they caught sight of the party coming from the train. The prince raised his hat in acknowledgment of the greeting.

Several minutes were occupied in escorting the visitors to their carriages. That of the prince was placed at the head of the line. The prince and Admiral Evans, who were in full uniform, were cheered at every step of their short walk to their carriage, and Prince Henry acknowledged the greetings by saluting.

As the line of carriages moved out of the driveway at the end of the station, the immense crowds outside began to cheer, and the procession made its way through the throngs of persons making most hearty demonstrations of welcome.

Each carriage was accompanied by four outriders, and behind that of the prince were three policemen on foot. At the rear of the long line of carriages was a squad of mounted police.

(Continued on page 8.)

A PUGILIST IS DYING

The "Brighton Slasher" Received a Blow In a Fight on Saturday Night From Which He Cannot Recover.

Chicago, March 6.—Samuel Uphouser, known in pugilistic circles as the "Brighton Slasher," is dying at his home in West Twenty-second street, as the result of a knock-out blow he received in a fight at Bricklayers' hall Saturday night. The police are searching for his opponent in the battle, but can only learn that he is known as "Young Choynski," and no one knows where he can be found.

It was in the fourth round of the fight that Uphouser received injuries likely to prove fatal. He had received terrific punishment in the second and third, and in the fourth was sent to the floor, his head striking heavily. He was carried from the ring unconscious and later taken to his home. Since then his condition has been serious, and this morning he was reported to be dying.

BULLET TELLS A TALE

A Flattened Piece of Lead Taken From Skull of Dead Man Goes to Show He Was Murdered.

Chicago, March 6.—Buried almost four years ago as a suicide, John Hussar, formerly a merchant tailor at 1035 West Madison street, is believed now to have been the victim of a murderous bullet. A flattened bullet taken from the skull of the dead man, just exhumed at Rose Hill cemetery, is the bit of evidence which is expected to prove the contention. This will become within a few days the chief factor in a suit at Minneapolis on the issue of which depends the payment of $5000 insurance.

On the afternoon of the day the Americans settled the war at Santiago, John Hussar was found dead in his bed. A bullet hole showed in the right temple and in his right hand lay a revolver. The coroner declared it was a case of suicide. Then the order of Knights of the Maccabees refused to pay a $3000 policy. Now Hussar is alleged to have been the victim of a robber, who entered his home, awakened the victim while he was robbing him and fired the fatal bulet to prevent discovery.

The result of the autopsy held at the grave yesterday includes these contentions:

The flattened bit of lead taken from the skull is held to have been fired from a rim-fire, old-style revolver, the weapon that Hussar owned was a center-fire modern weapon.

The bullet weighed 15 grains less than the bullets taken from the revolver found in the dead man's hand when the body was discovered.

FATALITY IN AN IOWA MINE

La Crosse, Wis., March 6.—News reached here today of a fatal premature mine explosion at Eagle Bench, Iowa, a small mining town near here. Henry Pohlman, aged 24, was instantly killed in the explosion, which occurred near the bottom of the shaft. Two others had a narrow escape from being killed.

HOHN'S EYE KNOCKED OUT

St. Paul, March 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—Henry Hohn, 496 Beacon avenue, had an eye knocked out with a beer bottle in a drunken row about 3 o'clock this morning on Pryor avenue. Hohn was taken to Dr. Cobbs' hospital and the injured optic completely removed.

The Pryor avenue police have made no arrests.

DANES BECOMING MORMONS

Copenhagen, March 6.—The Mormon missionaries propaganda here has become so active that they are distributing literature even within the Danish churches, urging young girls to attend Mormon meetings. Statistics show that one out of every twenty-two Danish emigrants to the United States become Mormons. The clergy in connection with the government are continuing plans to put an end to the proselyting.

SHOCKED TO DEATH

James J. Cusick Dropped Dead at Telephone.

Was Killed By a Current of Electricity.

James J. Cusick was killed by electricity in a peculiar manner last evening. The fatal accident occurred in his home at 603 West First street.

Electric light wires became crossed with the Zenith telephone wires in front of the house. In touching the telephone instrument Mr. Cusick stepped on an iron heating register, grounding the current, which was of sufficient volume to kill him.

Mr. Cusick was employed as bartender in the saloon of Charles Langbridge in the McKay hotel building. He was off duty at 8 o'clock and went directly to his home. The house is also occupied by the family of Charles T. Seymour. The Zenith telephone instrument was located in the hallway for the convenience of both famillies.

During the evening the telephone bell kept ringing at intervals, annoying the two families considerably. The bell rang several times shortly after Mr. Cusick reached his home, and a sister of Mrs. Seymour, thinking it was a call, stepped out in the hall to answer the 'phone. She heard nothing but the buzzing of the instrument and then endeavored to call up the "central" office.

Mr. Cusick heard her calling and, followed by his wife and baby, stepped out into the hallway to offer his assistance. He took down the receiver and called several times for "central," but without success.

Mrs. Cusick and her baby were seated on the lower step of the stairway and the other woman was seated farther up the stairs. Finally Mr. Cusick turned half way around, saying:

"I guess I'll have to go down and call them up from Charlie Langbridge's place and have them shut off the circuit."

He then reached to put up the receiver and fell back. He arose partially and called to his wife and then fell back dead.

Mrs. Cusick and members of the family of Charles T. Seymour sent across the street to fire department headquarters for assistance.

The firemen quickly turned the body over and drew the arms up over the head at full length, and then worked the arms up and down to expell the air in the lungs and start respiration again. Despite efforts were unsuccessful. Dr. D. H. Murray and Dr. S. H. Boyer were at the Cusick home within a few moments after the accident, but saw at a glance that the man was dead.

Dr. Boyer then made his examination. He found Mr. Cusick's feet close to the iron register, which conducts heat from the furnace into the hallway.

This register is below the telephone and about eighteen inches to one side. It looked as if Mr. Cusick had stepped on the register with the telephone receiver still in his hand.

Usually in such cases there is a small burned spot in the palm of the hand. In this case, however, the only burning seemed to be in the eyes. At first glances the eyes looked as if they were bloodshot, but closer examination showed that they were apparently burned almost to a crisp.

The coroner also made inquiries as to Mr. Cusick's health, and despite the fact that his relatives assured him of most robust health, decided to have a post-mortem examination. This examination was conducted this morning by Dr. A. F. Ritchie and Dr. S. M. Stocker at the undertaking establishment of Durkar & Crawford.

The physicians made a most thorough examination and found the brain, heart, lungs and other vital parts of the body in absolutely healthy condition.

The only burn on the exterior or interior of the body was on the eyes, which were seared. They reached their verdict of death by electric shock on the theory of exclusion—that is, all other probable causes of death were excluded by the results of the examination, leaving electric shock the only undisputed cause.

Immediately after the examination, Coroner Boyer signed the death certificate attributing the cause to shock from electricity.

Manager Kitzer of the Zenith Telephone company says that he cannot see how the man could have received a shock sufficient to kill him through the instrument. It shows no sign of having been charged with any large amount of electricity, nor are the mica fuses at the top burned in the slightest degree. Those mica fuses will not stand to exceed one half of one ampere, he says, without burning out. It is not the amount of voltage that kills but the volume. Men have geen killed with 100 volts when the number of amperes was high enough to give the volume.

He says also that had the man been standing in any such position as to ground the current, which he believes impossible, for the register is three feet distant, and had the current been strong enough to kill his body would show burns both at the point where the current entered and on his feet where it went to the ground.

Furthermore, he says the wires to the instrument which were cut do not show any sign of having carried a heavy current, as they certainly would had there been one strong enough to kill. The delicate wiring in the instrument, some of the wires being little larger than double the thickness of a hair, are not injured to the least. He says that had there been current enough to cause the wires to the 'phone to send out a flash when cut, there would not have been a small wire left in the instrument.

Mr. Cusick has lived in Duluth for six years. He was 29 years of age, and was born at Ontonagon, Mich. About two years ago he was married to Miss Eva Le Roy, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. Le Roy, of this city. They have one child, who will be a year old next week.

The dead man is survived by five sisters: Mrs. C. H. Emmons, of Ontonagon, Mich.; Mrs. E. G. Shepherd, of this city; Miss Minnie Cusick, employed in J. K. Stack's department store; Miss Annie Cusick, and Miss Alice Cusick, a dressmaker.

Tomorrow afternoon the body will be removed to the home of H. Le Roy, of 410 First avenue west, and on Saturday morning there will be a funeral service in the Cathedral. The interment will probably be in Ontonagon, but temporarily the body will be placed in a vault at Forest Hill cemetery.

WOMEN ARE INCAPABLE

Of Mastering the Chinese Language Is the Statement Made By Professor of Chinese at Cambridge University In Address.

New York, March 6.—That women are incapable of mastering the Chinese language was a statement made by Herbert E. Giles, professor of Chinese at Cambridge univeristy, England, in an address at Columbia. It was his first lecture in this country, and also the first to be given by the New Dean Lung department of Chinese at Columbia for the establishment of which an unknown person gave $200,000. More than half the audience was composed of women, and this proved rather embarrassing, as some of Professor Giles' remarks were not exactly complimentary. He said, for example, that the Chinese symbol for treachery was woman.

VANDERBILT OBJECTS

To His Personal Property Assessment and Has It Reduced From Two Million Dollars to Ten Thousand.

New York, March 6.—George W. Vanderbilt has appeared before Commissioned Gillespie of the department of taxes and assessments and obtained a reduction of his personal assessment from $2,000,000, which was fixed by the last board, to $10,000.

In applying for this reduction, Mr. Vanderbilt introduced something of an innovation. Instead of pleading non-residence, he told Commissioner Gillespie that, while he was worth all that the assessment called for, his wealth was principally in real estate and in securities, which were either non-taxable, or else are taxed by the state. Without particularizing, he indicated that most of his holdings were in trust companies and kindred corporations, over which the local authorities have no control.

KING HOLDS SECOND LEVEE

London, March 6.—The second levee held by King Edward since his accession to the throne, occurred at St. James' palace today. It was not so largely attended as the first of the king's levees, but it was surrounded by the same elaborate ceremonial. A dense fog marred the function from a spectacular point of view, both within and without the palace. No Americans were presented, but the members of the embassy attended the ceremony.

Our March Clearing Sale...

Will continue until the 15th of this month. Every article in this store will be sold at a big discount, and you can save money by purchasing your Furniture, Carpets, Rugs, Lace Curtains, Portieres, Stoves, etc., of us. We will not undertake to enumerate and picture off a few odds and ends, but every article in our store is included in this sale. We have the finest line of Ingrain Carpets shown in this city. We also have a large display of Rugs and an exceptionally fine line of Lace Curtains that are going to be sold very cheap. We also have the finest line of Go-Carts and Baby Carriages shown in this city. Everything included in this sale.

Terms Cash or Credit.

Bayha & Co.,

24-26 East Superior Street, East of Lake Ave.

LOOK FOR BIG WIRE SIGN ON ROOF.

AT WEST DULUTH

If reports turn out to be true West Duluth will have another new industry in a way identified with the sawmill plants in this part of the city. It is rumored that the John O'Brien Lumber company, of Chicago, has been considering the advisability of locating a planing mill plant on the bay front at this end of the city, and it is further rumored that the company has been negotiating for a site at some point between the Jones sawmill, at Fortieth avenue west, and the Merrill & Ring plant at the upper end of the bay. The rumor cannot be confirmed, for the reason that the John O'Brien Lumber company has no offices in the city at the present time, and other lumbermen, with few exceptions, profess ignorance of such a move.

It is claimed that if the Chicago company finds a site and locates it will move one of its planing mills here from Northern Wisconsin, and that the product of the plant for shipment each year will be in the neighborhood of 65,000,000 feeet. The company, it is said, will buy rough lumber from the other manufacturing concerns here; will also have its own logs cut by contract at the head of the lakes mills, and the lumber planed at the new mill. The John O'Brien Lumber company has already had some lumber cut at the Hubbard & Vincent mill.

Several of the local lumber manufacturers who heard the rumor for the first time this morning do not place much credence in the report, claiming that if the plaining mill proposition had been a paying venture at the head of the lakes in the past, the local concerns that had plaining mills in connection with their sawmill plants would be operating them instead of leasing the plants for other manufacturing purposes, such as box manufacturers and cross arm factories.

West Duluthians that have heard the rumor are hoping that the deal will materialize, for the coming to this part of the city of a plant that would turn out 65,000,000, or even 50,000,000 feet of finished lumber annually would mean the employment of a large force of men that would of necessity reside at this end of the city.

ELY A BUSY PLACE.

James J. Brotherton returned this morning from Ely, where he has been in business the greater part of the winter. He will remain here for about a month's visit. Mr. Brotherton says that the town of Ely is one of the busiest places on the range, and that active building operations are going on there. Many new houses are even now in the process of construction. Since the settlement of the famous section thirty case, Mr. Brotherton says that the range people are looking forward to the development of the iron mining property in the section, and that this will mean the starting of a new town at that point. The town of Winton is enjoying a season of prosperity, and is growing steadily.

DOING GOOD BUSINESS.

Reports of the progress being made by the Duluth Match company since it started up its new plant here a few months ago indicate that the business is in a prosperous condition, and the factory is turning out a large quantity of matches to meet the demands of the trade. Last week the shipments of matches amounted to about five carloads. The new machinery that was mentioned some weeks ago is expected to arrive and be installed within two weeks. This will more than double the capacity of the plant, the output being increased from 600 gross boxes to 1500 gross boxes per day. About 100 girls and some fifty or sixty men and boys are employed at the factory at the present time. Wages are said to average from $1 to 42 cents per day, depending on the proficiency of the operators.

LARGE BANK OF LOGS.

Enough logs have been banked along the bay front at the foot of Forty-fifth avenue west, near the Jones' mill, to permit the building of a temporary railway track out over the water. The logs belong to W. H. Gilbert, and will be cut at the Jones' mill this coming season. The entire contract will be about 30,000,000 feet of logs. The logs banked by rolling from the cars on the terminal tracks have been weighted by weight to the bottom of the bay, and a side track has been built out over them that is several feet higher than the terminal track along the water front. The trainloads of logs are run out on this temporary track, and the logs are rolled off on the ice in the bay. When sufficient logs have been put in by this method, another track will be constructed further out over the bay.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

In accordance with their annual custom, the people of St. James parish are getting ready to celebrate St. Patrick's day, March 17. The prepartions include a concert and entertainment to be given in the evening of March 17. The address will be delivered by Rev. Father Greene, of Grand Forks, Minn. The entertainment will be held in the Great Eastern hall.

The W. C. T. U. meeting held at the home of Mrs. H. H. Phelps this afternoon was largely attended and very interesting in every way. The topic discussed was "The Government of Our Cities." Mrs. Helen Stewart was the leader.

John Ellard has returned from an extended visit on the range.

R. Day returned yesterday from Split Rock.

Henry Braden left today for the hange.

Charles Boerner, the veteran confectioner of Central avenue, is closing up his business in West Duluth preparatory to moving uptown. In about a week Mr. Boerner will open a grocery store at the corner of Lake avenue and First street.

Thomas Brotherton is down from Virginia for a short visit.

William Scanlon has returned to Virginia after a short visit with relatives and friends here.

Leon Le Casse left yesterday on a business trip to Hbbing.

George Woods and Albert Smith will leave this week for a visit at Saginaw, Mich.

Fred Myers is down from Drummond where he has been employed all the winter. He was called as a witness in an assault case that came up in municipal court today.

Word has been received from William Spencer in Billings, Mont., that his father has improved slightly.

There will be baptismal services at the West Duluth Baptist church Sunday evening. There is quite a large class of candidates for baptism.

Mrs. Joseph Hickson is able to be out again after a several weeks' sickness.

Children's shoes at Lauermann's.

A. J. Borgstrom left this morning for a drive to Pike Lake. The sleighing is said to be still in good condition back of the hills.

The West Duluth Commerical club will meet tomorrow evening and it is desired that there be a large attendance. The meeting of last Friday evening was postponed on account of the storm, and there will be much business to dispose of tomorrow evening.

Mrs. W. W. Walker is visiting friends in St. Paul.

John and Albert Meidahl have gone to North Dakota for an extended visit.

NATURE'S BREAKFAST FOOD

Is the purest and most nutritious on the market. On sale at all grocery stores in the city. A percentage of all profits paid to the Children's Home Society of Minnesota, Rev. E. P. Savage, superintendent. Our agents will call at your home to sell you sample packages. Our concern has no connection with the Baker Orphanage or any other fake concerns. References, any wholesale or retail grocer in Duluth. If you want the best goods on the market, ask your grocer for Nature's Breakfast Food.

10c Per Package.

Counterfeit Gold.

Few persons know that the gold used in color printing and on picture frames is made from a composition powder of bronze and spelter, and not from pure gold leaf, but which, however, gives the same effect. There is another article that is very much imitated, and that is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Spurious dealers often refill the bottles, and thus give them the same appearance as the original, but unless they have our Private Stamp unbroken over fuse all such imitations. The genuine Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has an unequalled record of cures of stomach complaints back of it, such as dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, biliousness, nervousness, insomnia and malaria, fever and ague.

TO FERGUS FALLS.

Judge Bonham Finds Henry Ericson Crazy.

"As crazy as a bed bug" was the condition that Probate Judge Bonham imputed to Henry Ericson after the examination of the latter for insanity this morning. Henry will meditate over his imaginary grievances in the Fergus Falls hospital.

The first attack of insanity was suffered about ten days ago. Ericson, who is a laborer, admitted during the examination that he had been drinking pretty hard in December, but none since. He has been in a hospital for a week, and sedatives have been given him but without much effect, for he has grown worse with each succeeding attack.

Ericson complains that his wife is in an insane hospital, and declares that she has been hanged. While in the hospital he tore his bedclothing into shreds and broke a window. He has a brother named Victor Ericson living at Hibbing.

EXPLOSION AT CATSBURG.

Monongahela, Pa., March 6.—A serious explosion occurred at the Catsburg mine, one mile from here, today, and it is feared a number of the men entombed are dead. Only two men escaped.

GETTING PLAYERS

Five New Men Already Engaged For the Coming Season.

Two Pitchers, Two Basemen And An Outfielder Engaged.

All Said to Be Crack Men---No League Is Likely.

Five new players will appear in Duluth uniforms when the ball team reports for practice on May 15.

Manager Van Praagh has been hustling for new material all winter and has already signed two new pitchers, a second and a third baseman and a new outfielder.

He says that they are all exceptionally fast men and one of the infielders played part of last season with the Chicago National league remnants.

The names of these new players are withheld for the present simply as a matter of self-protection against the offers of other Northwestern managers that are out hustling for good material.

Mr. Van Praagh says that while last year's team was a losing venture from a financial standpoint, he believes that during the coming year a clean, fast team will draw a good patronage and is spending much money in an effort to secure the best material possible.

Duluth will not be in any kind of a league next season, despite the fact that constant reports from Aitkin and elsewhere have the league already organized, with the Aitkin team winning the pennant and Duluth giving Superior an awful run for last place.

The league proposition has been worn out and the management has decided to go ahead for the present season with the same system as last year.

A schedule is being arranged that will give Duluth two and three games each week and double-headers on holidays.

The grounds this year will be greatly improved. In fact, it is the present intention of the management to build up one of the finest diamonds in the country out at Oneota park, and a much better street car service to and from the park is in prospect.

A SMASHER.

James McDonald Does Carrie Nation Act on the Bowery.

James McDonald was arrested this afternoon for carrienationizing McKenzie & Donovan's saloon, on the Bowery.

He entered the saloon with a brick in each hand. He hurled one at the head of the bartender, but it smashed a $100 mirror in several thousand pieces.

McDonald and a man amed Campbell had quarreled in the saloon over a game of dice. The former became boisterous and Mr. McKenzie ordered him out.

He returned later and mistaking the bartender for the proprietor threw the brick at him.

McDonald even had the nerve to talk back to Officer John Sass, who arrested him.

DIVORCES.

Six Cases Stricken From the Calendar---Several Are Heard.

Six divorce cases were stricken from the calendar by Judge Dibell this morning. No appearance was made by either of the parties to the proceedings. He also heard and took under advisement the following divorce actions: Forsti vs. Forsti, Swanson vs. Swanson, Storms vs. Storms and Hillman vs. Hillman.

Judge Dibell yesterday afternoon issued an order for a special venire of twenty additional petit jurors.

Before Judge Ensign, in room No. 2, three divorce actions were tried this morning. Benjamin C. Everett was given a divorce on the ground of desertion, but he had other grievances. One of these was that his wife had refused to wash the underclothes of his son. Judgment of divorce was ordered entered.

Anna E. Van Campen testified to a chapter of assaults, one of which was being struck by a pail in the hands of her husband, Anson. Another case heard before Judge Ensign was that of M. C. Miller for divorce from May Miller. Mrs. Miller was celebrated in a police raid one night, when one of the party jumped in her bare feet from the window into snow two feet deep.

Judge Cant disposed of four divorce cases. Mamie A. Warner was given a divorce from F. A. Warner, as were Fannie A. Chook from George W. Shook, and Julia Klein from Frederick Klein. The suit brought by Julia Klein against Frederick Klein was heard, but taken under advisement.

Will Is Probated.

Nils P. Haugen, former congressman from the Twelfth district of Wisconsin, and Otto Rasmussen, of this city, are appointed executors of the will of Amalie Rasmussen, which was admitted to probate in this county by Judge Bonham today. Mrs. Rasmussen lived in Duluth, and was the mother-in-law of former Congressman Haugen. She bequeaths $1000 each to Nels Haugen, Otto Rasmussen and Frederic Rasmussen, the two latter sons. The residue of the estate is divided between her daughters, Liv Nielson, of Chicago, ank Signe Gardner, of Chillicothe, Ill.

CONVOY ENGAGED.

Philadelphia, March 6.—The German steamer Alexandria, of the Hamburg-American line, has been engaged to convoy the emperor's yacht Meteor to Hamburg.

HUGHES APPEALS

From the Close Questioning of Senator Patterson.

Claimed Latter Was Attempting to Dictate Answers.

Lodge Tells Him to Answer His Own Way.

Washington, March 6.—Gen. Hughes gave further testimon before the senate Philippines committee today. Mr. Patterson resumed his questioning, which yesterday led to a sharp colloquy in the committee room between the witness and himself. In an endeavor to establish the fact that the Filipino army had effectively held the Spanish army within its lines in Manilla previous to the arrival of the Americans, Mr. Patterson referred to the surrender of 2000 of the Spanish troops to the insurrectos in July, 1898.

Gen. Hughes said that the incident would only make him believe that the Filipinos had cut off the supplies from the interior. Senator Patterson quoted from a magazine article by Gen. Merritt, published in July, 1899, in which he spoke of the army under Aguinaldo, which he said had been an important factor in the situation which confronted the United States army and which had waged a desultory warfare against the Spanish, shutting in the capital and holding 40,000 prisoners.

"Does that modify your opinion?" asked Mr. Patterson.

"Not at all," said Gen. Hughes, who followed his answer with the question:

"Does he state that these prisoners were soldiers?"

"I presume that he means soldiers," was Senator Patterson's response.

"It was demonstrated that most of the prisoners taken by the Filipinos were not Spanish troops."

Similar questions were objected to and not answered. In answer to a further question by Senator Patterson as to whether the Filipinos would accept independence unless it was accompanied by a protectorate by the United States, Gen. Hughes said that at a conference held by him with representatives of the insurgent army at Manila they would not commit themselves to a proposition of a protectorate by the United States. They first wanted independence, he said, and after that they would arrange for the protectorate, America being considered along with the other powers. The peace and good will, Gen. Hughes declared, which existed in the Philippines outside of Manila from July, 1898, to February, 1899, were due not to the Filipinos but the Spanish padres.

Many questions were pressed by Senator Patterson, and Gen. Hughes finally appealed to the chairman, Senator Lodge, maintaining if he was "bound to answer according to the gentleman's dictations."

Senator Lodge, with much emphasis, replied:

"No, you can answer the question in your own way."

The senator said the committee had no right to dictate to the witness how he should answer.

IS COMING.

Pittsburgers Tell B. Silberstein Iron Will Be Manufactured Here.

B. Silberstein, of the firm of Silberstein & Bondy, has returned from a several weeks' visit in the Eastern wholesale markets. Mr. Silberstein speaks enthusiastically of trade conditions as he found them in the East. The wholesalers told him that their business was phenomenal this season. The retail merchants are finding it a difficult matter to secure the stocks that they desire, as orders are coming in to the wholesale houses so fast. It was feared that some orders could not be filled.

Mr. Silberstein, while in New York city, met many former residents of Duluth, who seemed well satisfied with their prospects in the Empire city, but who still have good words for their former city. They take great interest in matters pertaining to Duluth, and were pleased to learn that the city is in a prosperous condition.

On his return trip, Mr. Silberstein spent several days in Pittsburg, Pa., which he declares is one of the most progressive and prosperous cities of the East. Everybody there seems to be doing well. The big industries are working to their full capacity, the merchants report heavy trade, and the workingmen are enjoying high wages. He was particularly impressed with the excellent condition of the working classes, and says that the big iron industries controlled by Carnegie and others have given their employes an opportunity to make their way in the world, until now some of the men who started in work at Pittsburg without a cent are among the well-to-do people of the city. Mr. Carnegie, says Mr. Silberstein met some of the prominent iron manufacturers, and they assured him that it would only be a question of time before Duluth would be manufacturing the iron ore from the range mines. They said that the big iron mills of the East are working full capacity now to keep up with the demand, but with the increasing trade from the West, and Duluth's proximity to the ore, the city was in every way situated to have iron industries of its own, that it only remains for somebody to make the start, and other manfactures would follow.

From his talk with the iron manufacturers, Mr. Silberstein was impressed that it remains for the next few years to develop Duluth into a second Pittsburg.

Warmth Will Continue.

The weather forecast from the local weather bureau indicates but little change in temperature tonight and tomorrow. There will be increasing cloudiness, with rain or snow possibly, tonight and Friday. The weather map shows lower temperatures over the South Atlantic states and the Northwest, but higher temperatures in the lake region. The area of high pressure central yesterday morning over Texas has moved to the lower Mississippi valley. Light to heavy falls of rain or snow have occurred over the upper Ohio valley, the North Atlantic states, the region north of Montana and the Pacific coast. The minimum temperature recorded at Duluth in the past twenty-four hours was 28 degrees and the maximum was 33 degrees above zero.

15c Spun Glass Dress Linings—usually 25c a yard, in the wanted colors (except black) 36 inches wide—25c quality—tomorrow 15c per yard.

Freimuth's

Fine Taffeta Dress Linings, regular price has been 12c and 15c a yard, 36 inches wide—plain and striped, grey and light colors—tomorrow we make the price on these goods at 5 cents per yard. 5c

Busy Under-price Friday!

ASIDE from the economical advantages that are always strongly in evidence in our special sales—Friday has come to have an added attraction—IT'S THE BEST DAY IN THE WEEK TO "SHOP"—to come and just "look" to your heart's content—To see all the pretty new things and to make up your mind as to what is best to get and where to get it. Of course we think that the "best of everything" is here, but there is no urging you to take our word for it—we're so confident of our goods and our prices that we're willing to leave it entirely to your judgment—so come tomorrow and see the new things—it will pay you—even if you don't buy anything.

10c for Men's 15c Hose in good stripe patterns and bright colors—excellent Lisle finish stocking—worth 15c. Tomorrow, 3 pair for 25c, or 10c a pair.

4½c for 7c Indigo Prints—Just one case for Friday selling—seems foolish to sell them so cheap when the cotton market is advancing—no matter, 4½c Friday.

15c for 25c Automobile Ties the newest—for ladies' wear—are of white lawn—with pretty, plain or fancy colored edges—regular price 25c. For Friday special—15c.

10c for 15c Curtain Swiss—in pretty dots and stripe patterns—36 inches wide—sells everywhere at 15c. In the drapery department tomorrow only 10c a yard.

10c for 15c and 18c Silkolines—26 inches wide—choice variety of beautiful patterns and harmonious colorings. In drapery department, only 10c.

15c for 50c Belts — only a small lot—In center aisle table—good leather and fancy belts that have been 25c, 50c, 75c and $1.00. To close them all out, tomorrow we say choice 15c.

23c for 40c Japanese Sugar and Creamers—large sizes—pretty blue decorations.

2c for 4c Water Tumblers—crystal glass water tumbler, worth 48c a dozen.

Special!

Pillows.

1/3 off on all Pillows—all very attractive designs and beautifully worked—have been used as samples and show pieces and served that purpose—Gibson Pictures—Colonial, Medallion—Cakewalks and other choice subjects—Friday 1-3 off present low prices.

Clocks.

½ off all Clocks To make quick clearance for new goods—we offer any Clock in house (except alarm Clocks) at one-quarter off present low prices—the lot includes handsome Mantel Clocks, Dresden China and Porcelain Clocks, Iron Clocks with top figures, etc.—all are 8-day—standard movements—strike hour and half hours. It's the chance of a year to get good Clocks so cheap.

Jackets.

$5.00 for $12 and $15 Jackets—27-in. long—of fine Kerseys—beautifully lined—have coat and storm collars—just the coat for coming bad weather and to wear clear into spring—styles are good as any new jackets. Think of it, $15,00 and $12.00 Coats at $5.00 each.

25c for Women's 50c Vests and Pants of extra heavy cotton—well fleeced—silk tape and crochet finish—regular 50c quality for Friday at 25c per garment.

35c for Women's Black Gloves—of good Cashmere—in all sizes—just right weight for coming weather—some of famous Kayser double-tiped gloves in lot—50c, 75c and $1.00 values in the lot. Friday at 35c a pair.

69c for 85c Hot Water Bottles—of fine white rubber—2-quart size—best value in town—only 69c. 79c for 3-quart size—regular price 95c. 89c for 4-quart size—regular price $1.05.

50c for choice new Belts—In plain, corded and pleated—silk, moreen and satin—very attractive and stylish—buckles of silver and gold—all new patterns—choice 50c.

69c for $1 W. B. Straight Front Corsets—a number not to be reordered—so close out the $1.00 W. B. Corsets at 69c. Also $1.00 W. C. C., Empress and F. C. Corsets—all excellent goods—at 69c.

95c for $1.25 and $1.50 Slippers—3 strap, 1 strap and common sense styles—high and low heels—fine viel kid stock—kid lined—regular $1.25 and $1.50 goods—splendid value at Friday's price—95c.

38c for 50c Willow Clothes Baskets—family size—good, strong and well made.

10c for 15c Shears, 7 inches long brass bolt nickeled blades and Japanned handles.

HANGED.

Luke Sanders Executed For Murder of Overseer Mullins.

Marion, Ala., March 6.—Luke Sanders was hanged here today at 11:05 for the murder of Road Overseer Mullins last April. The execution took place in the jail corridor, and was witnessed only by the guards, forty in number. Sanders made no reference to his crime in a short address from the gallows.

On April 18, 1899,, Luke Sanders and his brother were members of a gang of negroes, working under the superintendence of Mullins, the murdered man. Some words arose between Mullins and one of the Sanders, and next day the brothers came to their work armed. Another difficulty arose between Tom Sanders and Mullins and a fight ensued in which shots were exchanged, the negro being wounded. The other Sanders, Luke, then drew his revolver and emptied it scontents into the body of Mullins. After the murder there were rumors of lynching, but none occurred, Sanders fled to Arkansas. He was captured, however, and brought to Perry county, where he was hanged today.

A QUAKER BARTENDER.

There is an old suburban inn near Philadelphia kept by a Quaker who, amid the incongruous surroundings of his bar, still clings to the plain language of his faith, says the New York Tribune. Occasionally he even dispenses liquid refreshments with his own hands, and it seems queer to hear his mild voice asking, "What will thee have?" The other day there was a crowd in the bar, and one of the men had already been imbibing too freely. Nevertheless he lined up at the bar with the others and loudly called for whisky. The old man looked at him severely, and remarked: "James, doesn't thee think thee has had enough of the strong stuff? Thee had better take a 'parilla." There was no appeal, and James drank a glass of sarsaparilla.

SOME FAST TRAINS.

"Speaking of boastfulness, born of pride in home," says Hamilton W. Mable, "I was once in a smoking compartment with a man from New York, another from Chicago and a third from New Jersey," says the New York Times. "The New Yorker was boasting of the Empire State express, which he said went so fast that the telegraph poles slipped past seemingly as close together as the teeth of a fine comb.

"'That's nothing,' said the man from Chicago. 'There is a train from my city to Milwaukee. Nothing like it. I started to cross a bridge on the road and heard the train coming. Having great presence of mind, I made a leap in the air, and the train was gone when I came down.'

"'That's a fast train,' said the New Jersey citizen. 'The Jersey Central flyer is equally fast, but makes better time, because it starts fast. My wife was on the platform to bid me goodbye in Jersey City. I opened the window to kiss her, and by the good name of the land of mosquitoes I kissed a strange woman standing on the platform at Newark.'"

Convince yourself that Ely's Cream Balm deserves all that has been said of it as a means of quick relief and final cure in obstinate cases of nasal catarrh and hay fever. A trial size costs but ten cents. Full size, 50 cents. Sold by all druggists or mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren Street, New York.

Mt. Olive, Ark., May 17, 1901.

Messrs. Ely Bros.:—Please send me one bottle of Cream Balm, family size. I think it is the best medicine for Catarrh in the world. Very respectfully, J. M. Scholtz.

GRAIN BILL ALSO DEAD

(Continued From Page 1.)

The bill divests the board of control of authority over the state university, the normal schools and the schools for the deaf and blind.

Senator Hawkins, by request, introduced a bill correcting a mistake in the law creating two more county commissioners for St. Louis county, whereby Commissioner Berdle's district was included in the set of even-numbered districts whose terms expire this year, though his district is odd-numbered. If the bill goes through Mr. Berdle's term will not expire until 1904, when the other odd numbered terms expire.

Senator Ives introduced a bill making the personal property exemptions $200 instead of $100.

The senate refused to make the Anderson bill providing for the collection of real estate taxes a special order.

Senator Potter moved that the bill be made a special order for this afternoon, but Senator Schaller objected because the other day it was insisted that a bill of eighteen pages—the Jacobson bill—be referred to the proper committee, and he did not think a bill of forty pages should be placed on special orders. Mr. Potter withdrew his motion, and the bill will take the regular course. It arrived from the house this morning.

Senator MacCarthy's bill providing for taxation of logs cut in Minnesota and sent into Canada to be sawed, which are now escaping taxation, was passed under suspension of rules.

* * *

The house this morning passed the wide-open set of constitutional amendments.

Mr. Roberts, of Henneph, introduced a substitute which simplified the terms of the amended committee bill, and this was passed by a vote of 65 to 45. The proposition will have trouble in the senate, it is expected.

The house passed Senator McCarthy's bill permitting the Itasca county commissioners to lease a part of the poor farm for iron mining purposes, with an amendment that this should not operate to exempt the property from taxation. Mr. Johnson of Henneph at the request of the governor, introduced a bill amending the law regulating the duties of the public examiner so as to require him to look into the books of a railroad and other corporations paying gross earnings taxes to see that they make proper reports of their earnings.

The house reconsidered its action indefinitely postponing the bill appropriating $150,000 for a Minnesota exhibit at the St. Louis exposition and the bill will be considered later.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

JACOBSON BILL DEAD.

The Senate Voted to Indefinitely Postpone It.

St. Paul, March 6.—The Jacobson bill to tax the franchises of public service corporations and to impose a tonnage tax on iron ore is dead. Late yesterday afternoon the senate, by a vote of 37 to 26, adopted the majority report of the tax committee recommending that the bill be indefinitely postponed. This killed the bill, and it was buried forever by a motion to reconsider being made and defeated, also by a vote of 37 to 26.

The three Duluth senators voted against the bill. Senator Baldwin, who has introduced a franchise measure, voted to place the bill on general orders, in order that it might be amended and the best features of the franchise tax passed. When the minority report was turned down, Senator Baldwin voted for the adoption of the majority report, and then voted against its reconsideration.

ACCEDE TO DEMANDS.

Pittsburg, March 6.—Thirty firms, employing 400 painters, acceded to the men's demands and signed the scale today. Work was at once resumed at the new union station and a number of large buildings in course of erection. The strikers expect more signatures to the scale before evening.

NEW HARDLY WANTS IT.

Washington, March 6.—Considerable pressure is being brought to bear on Harry S. New, of Indianapolis, to accept the first assistant postmaster generalship, but there is said to be very much doubt of his acceptance. Senator Beveridge, of Indiana, conferred with the postmaster general on the matter today. Mr. New bases his reluctance on business and other reasons, but has not yet given a final answer.

DEATH LIST.

Gen. J. William Hoffman Dead at the Age of 79.

Philadelphia, March 6.—Gen. J. William Hoffmann is dead at his home here of congestion of the lungs. He was 79 years old. In 1861 Gen. Hoffmann recruited Company E. of the Twenty-third regiment Pennsylvaala volunteers, and was later appointed lieutenant-colonel of the Fifty-sixth regiment, Pennsylvania volunteers. He assumed command of Gen. Heath's brigade after the latter had been wounded. While in command of the Fifty-sixth, Gen. Hoffman began the battle of Gettysburg. He was breveted brigadier general in August, 1864.

London, March 6.—Benjamin F. Stevens, the bibliographer, died yesterday evening at his residence, The Sheaves Surbiton, Surrey, after an illness which had lasted several years. Mr. Stevens was born in Barnet, Vt., in 1833, and first come to London in 1860. For many years Mr. Stevens had been known throughout Europe as purchasing agent for American libraries.

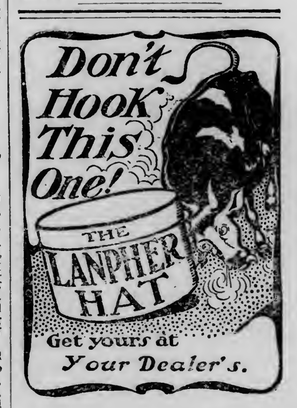
TWO YEARS

For Mrs. Linhoff For Killing Bromley.

Mason City, Iowa, March 6.—Mrs. Mary Linhoff was this morning sentenced to two years' imprisonment for fatally shooting Erward Bromley, Aug. 30, 1901. The shooting was the result of a quarrel between Mr. and Mrs. Bromley on one side and Mr. and Mrs. Linhoff on the other. Mrs. Linhoff alleged she shot Bromley to save her husband's life.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.



For Something Special to Eat try WALL'S Star Chop House.

Zenith City Dye Works

Practical Dyers and Dry Cleaners. Quick service and work guaranteed.

F. L. RITTEL, Prop.

6 East Superior Street.

Zenith 'phone, 1375. Bell, 645.

Hardwood Flooring ¾x2½ and ¾x2

Maple, Oak, Birch, Red Birch, Plain and Quarter Sawed.

If you want the best manufactured, buy from

C. B. WOODRUFF

LUMBER YARD 819 Garfield Avenue.

DEALS IN REALTY

Corner at West Superior Street and Seventh Avenue Sold.

Samuel Loeb Leases Old Bunnell Block Site Near Lake Avenue.

Will Put Up Four-Story Brick Building--- Another Sale.

Real estate matters are becoming more active and the spring bids fair to see considerable doing in that line.

A deal was closed yesterday by which the First National bank of Mankato sells the corner on the upper side of West Superior street, just east of Seventh avenue west, to parties represented by R. M. Hunter for $36,000. The property has a frontage of 100 feet and is improved.

R. A. Torrey, through the Interstate Land and Investment company, and E. P. Alexander, has leased the old Bunnell block site on West Michigan street and Lake avenue to Samuel Loeb. The lease is to run for a term of fifty years. Mr. Loeb is to erect on the property at once a four-story brick building 100 feet square.

The sale of a 25-foot lot on West First street, not far from Third avenue west, has also been closed, but the parties to the deal object to making the matter public now. The price paid was $16,000.

IS IN LUCK.

Only Charge Against Chisholm Recorder Is Petit Larceny.

C. E. Stein, the youthful recorder of the infant village of Chisholm, admitted he was guilty of petty larceny in police court this afternoon.

Mr. Stein is the man that imagined himself wedded to fame when he was simply courting notoriety. He took $160 that should have gone into the Chisholm treasury and escaped to Chicago. His arrest there created a great deal of newspaper gossip because of his sensational plunging for the sake of such a small amount.

He was bound over to the grand jury on the charge of grand larceny, but it was found that he could not be indicted for grand larceny, so he was rearrested in the county jail for petty larceny.

Sixteen saloon keepers of Chisholm gave Mr. Stein $10 each in making application for saloon licenses. They should have paid the money to the treasurer. Mr. Stein took the money and skipped out.

As it had not been paid to the proper village authority, the money did not belong to the village, but to the saloon keepers that paid it. Only two of them cared to prosecute.

At a late hour Stein had not been sentenced, owing to the fact that his attorney, who desired to enter a plea in his behalf, was engaged in another case in district court.

NEXT SUNDAY.

Virginia Road Will Begin Hauling Timber to Minneapolis.

The Duluth, Virginia & Rainy Lake road will begin next Sunday to haul logs on the big contract which the road has with the Scanlon-Gipson company, of Minneapolis. The road already taps the belt of timber which will be hauled to Minneapolis to be sawed. At first forty cars or about a quarter of a million a day will be hauled into Virginia.

The last of the month the road will begin taking out logs for the O'Brien company at Stillwater. This tract is also already tapped by the company's road.

When the necessity appeared for immediate equipment some time ago, Manager Eva is said to have tried to buy flat cars all over the country. He could get no assurances that the rolling stock would be delivered in time to be available for spring hauling. Finally, he decided to build the flats himself. A sawmill has been built at Wild Rice river, about seventeen miles from Virginia, and here the timber for the tops of the cars has been gotten out. The trucks, rods and casting have been assembled from wherever the road was fortunate enough to find a few. This job has been one of the gray-headed kind, but it has finally succeeded, and care are now being turned out at the rate of one a day.

Efforts are still being made to get the steel that the road has awaiting cars at Pittsburg, and it is hoped to have it here shortly. There is 16½ miles of steel laid on the main line and about three and a half on spurs.

Rehashing Old History.

Mrs. Cora Latshaw says that the dispatch sent out by the Associated Press under a New York date purporting to tell of a letter written by Abraham Lincoln which had just been found in a pile of rubbish near the New York postoffice, simply revamps an old story. Mrs. Latshaw refers to the volume printed under the title of "Little Classics," in which she says this letter will be found, printed with almost the identical explanation that appears with it in the dispatch. This little book was printed a number of years ago.

Dr. Bull's
Cures all Throat and Lung Affections.
COUGH SYRUP
Get the genuine. Refuse substitutes.
IS SURE
Salvation Oil cures Rheumatism. 15 & 25 cts.

Dr. Lyon's
PERFECT
Tooth Powder
AN ELEGANT TOILET LUXURY.
Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

Smoke Duluth Herald cigar, 5 cents.

Parlor theater. Vaudeville's latest hits.

Suit to recover $650 has been begun in district court by the Lowell Glen Cemetery association against Edward Z. Williams. Attidavit for the garnishment of Charles P. Leland, as the Commercial Banking company, has been filed and a writ of attachment issued. The suit is brought on a promissory note alleged to have been given by the defendant and W. N. Draper.

Charles Schiller has made application in district court for the discharge of judgment of record against him for $650.82, held by the New Duluth Land company, on the ground that he has passed through bankruptcy proceedings. A. N. McGlindley is his attorney.

When you meet a man wearing a folded hat, don't take him for a "green goods man." He don't know Kelly. Post him.

Don't forget dance given at Hunter hall by Fidelity lodge 165, A. O. U. W., tonight.

Parlor theater. Great big show.

Dinner will be served by the ladies at the First M. E. church, Thursday, March 6, from 5:30 to 7:15 p. m.

The woman's auxiliary of St. Paul's Episcopal church will meet in the basement of the church tomorrow at 2:30 p. m.

William Schurley was today sentenced to twenty days hard labor in the county jail for assaulting his wife. Their unhappy home is located in the Miller block at Eighteenth avenue west and Superior street. Last evening Schurley struck Mrs. Schurley in the face several times.

The woman's auxiliary of St. Paul's Episcopal church will meet tomorrow afternoon in the basement of the church at 3 o'clock for Lenten work.

M. J. Dillon, of the West End, who was burned a couple of days ago by the igniting of oil on the sides of an empty kerosene barrel, is seriously burned. He suffered excruciating pain and is in pitiable condition.

Enterprising Manufacturers
The Duluth Cigar Company has now got a man working in the window of LUNDBERG & STONE, making clear Havana Cigars, and offering $100 forfeit on every one proven not clear Havana. Try one and be convinced.

PERSONALS.

C. G. Mason, of Negaunee, arrived at the Spalding this morning.

J. M. Greaves, Northwestern agent of the Pennsylvania, came up from St. Paul this morning.

C. P. Wilson has gone to Butte, Mont., over the Great Northern.

R. M. Weyerhaeuser and H. C. Hornby are down from Cloquet today.

George A. Boomer, of San Diego, is visiting in the city.

J. W. Wyckoff will leave for the copper country this evening over the South Shore.

J. J. Hibbard and Mrs. Hibbard expect to leave for California the first of the week.

J. H. Teare, of Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., is a guest at the St. Louis.

Capt. M. L. Fay returned today from Minneapolis, where he has been to see his son, who is sick. Miss Fay went down yesterday to attend her brother.

P. H. Marion, of Tower, is at the St. Louis.

J. P. Sims, who owns the Deer River Logging road, is at the St. Louis.

D. W. Freeman returned from St. Paul this morning, en route to his home in Virginia.

Capt. Joseph Kidd returned this morning from a trip to the Soo.

Maj. M. Gasser has returned from Chicago, where he went as a member of the governor's staff to greet Prince Henry. As a result of his mission the Chicago papers printed it "Maj. M. Gasazzer."

General Agent Adson is back from a trip to Marquette.

Prof. Strong, of New York, who is to be one of the faculty of the normal school in Duluth when it opens next fall, is in the city.

Setting of Cases.

Divorce cases for the most part will take up the time of the district court today and tomorrow. Saturday the usual special term will be held. Monday the jury calendar will be taken up, probably by Judges Ensign and Cant. Judge Dibell will preside over the trial of the criminal calendar, on which there are now 16 cases. The settings of civil cases for next week as far as made are as follows:

Monday—6, 15, 24, 26, 27, 28, 29, 31, 32, 33.
Tuesday—34, 36, 38, 41, 44, 48, 50.

MAY MAKE TROUBLE.

Spring Break Up Likely to Damage Road Beds.

Railroad men are looking forward to the breaking up of spring with some apprehension about roadbeds. The effect of frequent recurrences of frost and thaw on roadbeds is expected to leave tracks in bad condition. These extremes of weather produce a great heaving of the track, which not only leave them in dangerous condition for fast time with the passenger trains, but necessitate large outlays for repairs as soon as the weather is settled. It is said that the effect will not be as serious this season as if the frosts following thaws had been more pronounced. But as it is, there will be some careful running over the spots most largely affected as soon as the roadbeds get well softened up.

Will Become Traders.

The Northwestern Independent Farmers' Elevator association proposes to purchase seats on the Duluth board of trade for the purpose of buying and handling grain direct from the farmers, thereby abolishing the middlemen.

A meeting of the association was held in St. Paul yesterday and one of the elevator owners connected with the project says that if the plans can be carried out the farmer will, through the aid of one of these co-operative companies, be able to place his grain on the market and command exactly the same price that the middleman gets for it.

WARRANT FOR BECKER.

St. Louis, March 6.—A bench warrant was issued today by Judge Ryan for the arrest of John H. Becker, city factory inspector, on the charge of bribery.

$1.00 Per Berth to Chicago Via "The Milwaukee."

During March and April "The Milwaukee" line will operate tourist sleeping cars between the Twin Cities and Chicago twice each week in each direction. Tourist cars will leave the Twin Cities on the Pioneer Limited, every Wednesday and Saturday evenings, arrive Chicago 9:20 the following morning. Rate per double berth, $1.00. Westbound tourist cars will leave Chicago Tuesdays and Fridays.

MINE IS BURNING

Many Miners Are Reported Entombed In the Pit.

Two Heavy Explosions Were Cause of the Disaster.

No One Knows How Many Men Were In Gang.

Monongahela, Pa., March 6.—Another explosion occurred shortly before noon in the Catsburg mine and two men were seriously burned. Many other men are reported entombed in the mine, which is burning furiously, and it is feared that all are dead. A rescuing party is trying to fight its way into the mine at this writing, 2:20 o'clock.

From what can be learned, John Hager, a machinist, went into the mine at noon, or shortly before, and placed his safety lamp in one of the room entrances. At least a score of men were with him, and just as Hager put the lamp in the opening a terrific explosion followed. All the men were knocked down by the force of the explosion and many of them rendered insensible. Hager was stunned for a minute, but as soon as he regained consciousness he crawled over the prostrate forms of the men and succeeded in getting to the mouth of the mine. He was followed by James Turnan. Both were horribly burned about the face and hands.

Despite the fact that Hager was suffering intense pain, he crawled back into the mine and tried to rouse the workmen who were piled on the floor, but without success. He then went back to the opening and was taken in charge by a physician. Turnan and he were removed to their homes.

The party was on its way to work when the accident occurred, but no one seems to know how many men were in the gang.

Different reports have reached here, and some of them give the number as low as ten, while others have them up to thirty. The pit opening is a mass of flames, but the rescuing party is trying to battle against it and get in to the imprisoned men.

The Catsburg mine has had several explosions recently. The first of these occurred last week, and since then some smaller ones have occurred, but none of them resulted as seriously as today's. The mine had been boxed up, but was opened today in hopes that the gas had all been pumped out, and all the miners used safety lamps in going in. The gas was too much for the lamps, however, and it is feared that many of the men have either been killed or will be burned to death before the rescuing party can reach them.

The greatest excitement prevails here as many of the miners are well known in this place and many reside here.

Five men are known to be in the mine and they are thought to be dead. They are:

ROBERT HOWEY, married, mine boss, of Catsburg.

JAMES HOWEY, his son, married, road man, of Catsburg.

JOHN GELDEN, mine boss, married, of Catsburg.

ISAAC EASTWOOD, mine boss, married, of Sunnyside.

WILLIAM McFARLAND, boss, driver, married, of Catsburg.

The explosion occurred in entry No. 65, near the face of the main entry. The fire is still raging, but a rescuing party is trying to get in through the rear entrance in the back of the sand house.

NEW COMMISSION HOUSE.

Standard Company to Go On Michigan Street.

Duluth will have another wholesale commission business. Articles of incorporation have been filed with the state department at St. Paul of the Standard Commission company, of Duluth. The incorporators are W. F. Sims, of Grand Rapids, Minn., president; A. L. Miniler, vice president, and A. H. Knutson, of this city, secretary and treasurer. The new commission firm is capitalized at $50,000.

The Standard Commission company expects to open for business by March 15 in the building now occupied by the Duluth Printing and Stationery company, between First and Second avenues west, and fronting on Michigan street.

A. H. Knutson, who recently resigned his position as local manager for the Omaha Packing company, will be manager of the new concern. Mr. Knutson was connected with the packing company for fourteen years and is well known to the wholesalers and retailers at the head of the lakes.

DOES AN INJUSTICE.

Article Evidently Published Under Misapprehension.

The News Tribune reported this morning that a grafter was at work distributing some kind of baby food, representing himself as being an agent of the Children's home.

The matter was evidently not investigated and thereby an injustice was done. A representative of the Nature's Breakfast Food company has been in Duluth for some time leaving samples at residences. In a circular he left with each package was the statement that an arrangement had been made whereby the Children's home, conducted by E. P. Savage, well known throughout Minnesota, would receive a percentage. No representation was ever made that the Duluth Children's home was to receive anything.

The concern is a reputable one, and Duluth wholesale grocery houses are now buying liberally of its goods.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Waranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

S. P. Boyce, Max Wirth,
R. C. Sweeny, Wm. A. Abbett.

KIDNEY AND BLADDER TROUBLES PROMPTLY CURED.
A Sample Bottle Sent FREE By Mail.

Dr. Kilmers' Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, fulfills every wish in promptly curing kidney, bladder and uric acid troubles, rheumatism and pain in the back. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases.

Swamp-Root is not recommended for everything, but if you have kidney, liver, bladder or uric acid trouble you will find it just the remedy you need.

If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in 50-cent and $1 sizes. You may have a sample bottle of this great kidney remedy, Swamp-Root, and a book that tells all about it and its great cures, both sent absolutely free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghampton, N. Y. When writing, mention that you read this generous offer in The Duluth Evening Herald.

AFTER COOK.

Retail Clerks Get After Clothing Man For Keeping Late Hours.

The Retail Clerks' union has declared war on Moses Cook's clothing store.

Last night pickets were stationed along Superior street in the vicinity of the clothing store and members of the union claim that they kept every would-be purchaser out of the store during the evening.

Tomorrow pickets will be kept on duty day and night for the purpose of warning purchasers that Mr. Cook is fighting the union in its campaign for early closing.

Some time ago the union began its campaign in the interest of better hours and ten of the largest clothing stores in the central part of the city signed an agreement to close promptly at 6 o'clock every evening, except Saturday.

Mr. Cook did not sign the agreement, but said he would try the scheme for a week, which he did. When he began opening after hours again representatives of the union called on him and were told that unless they closed up the little shops on the Bowery, the Cook establishment would remain open.

The clerks considered this a declaration of war and have decided to fight it out. Their pickets are instructed to act only in an orderly manner and explain to customers heading for the Cook store that the clothing house is non-union.

Several West End stores have signified their intention of joining the early closing movement. They have done this without solicitation and generally the movement seems to be very popular among the clothing merchants.

WRIGHT

Cables Taft Concerning the Reported Military Reverses.

Washington, March 6.—Governor Taft has received the following cable dispatch from Acting Governor Wright, of the Philippines, in response to inquiries as to recently reported military reverses:

"The facts are: Bell's operations in Laguna drove a band of rebels into Morong, about five miles from Manila in air line. Small band of ladrones driven from Cavite by constabulary joined them. Twenty-five constabulary under a native sergeant attacked them, but on account of having only fifteen rounds of ammunition each, exhausted it and were forced to retire without loss. Assistant Chief Atkinson, of the constabulary, with reinforcements, immediately took charge and drove band, with a loss to the latter, into Laguna. Inhabitants of Rizal province giving information and assisting us as much as possible.

"Florries (governor of province) with municipal police pointing in pursuit. There are not 300 arms in the hands of insurgents and Ladrones in entire Luzon island today. This number reduced early by surrenders, captures or casualties. Constabulary, with aid of Trias (governor of Cavite) and native police, during the last two weeks have routed Ladrone bands existing in Cavite for many years, capturing and receiving by surrender over 100 arms.

"The most important feature is sentiment among inhabitants hostile to Ladrones and insurgents. All other organized provinces quiet. Situation not so good since American occupation and very encouraging notwithstanding persistent attempts to create contrary impression."

Governor Taft presented the dispatch to the house insular committee today.

NOMINATIONS

For the Navy And Also Several Postmasters.

Washington, March 6.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate:

Navy: Commanders, William A. Marshall and Lucien Young; captain, Henry B. Mansfield.

Postmasters: Iowa—F. A. Turner, Avoca; John Bird, Parkersburg. Montana—George W. Irving, Butler; Ada M. Bennett, Miles City. Wisconsin—John M. Reese, Dodgeville; David B. Gosham, Shawano.

DUTY ON POTATOES.

Berlin, March 6.—The tariff committee of the reichstag today passed clauses 16 to 26 of the proposed tariff bill as proposed by the government bill. It was decided to impose a duty of 2½ marks on potatoes from the middle of February to the end of July. Potatoes will be free of duty during the rest of the year.

BASEBALL MATTERS.

Detroit, March 6.—The American league magnates were late in assembling today and it was after 11 o'clock when President Johnson called the meeting to order. The most important business was disposed of yesterday, leaving only the matter of playing rules for next season and a few minor matters for consideration today.

The Evening Herald is the Duluth business man's paper, because it prints the news while it is news—not stuff warmed over for readers next day—and because it reaches him at an hour when he has time to read it, advertisements and all. To advertisers who want to reach business men the moral is obvious.

SENATE CONSIDERS

The Bill For the Protection of the President.

A Number of Speeches Were Made In Opposition.

Hanna Makes Speech In Favor of Shipping Bill.

Washington, March 6.—At the conclusion of routine business in the senate today consideration was begun of the bill providing for the protection of the president of the United States.

Pending discussion of the bill, Mr. Frye (Me.), in charge of the shipping bill, asked unanimous consent that a final vote upon that bill be allowed to be taken on Monday, March 17, at 3 p. m. Without comment the senate agreed to the report.

Mr. Bacon (Ga.), a member of the judiciary committee, then discussed the bill for the protection of the president.

Mr. Depew (N. Y.) pointed out that in the state laws there was no difference between the assassination of the president of the United States and of any other person, and an attempt at assassination was not punishable with death in any state, as the pending bill provided.

Mr. Platt (Conn.) suggested, too, that some states had laws against capital punishment.

Mr. Bacon, continuing, said that the bill involved the right and the propriety of the federal government to enforce a law within a state different from any law on the statute books of the state.

So far as the anarchist was concerned, the death penalty was not a deterrent against the crime of assassination, as the anarchist was willing to sacrifice his own life.

Mr. Hoar (Mass.) interrupted to say that the pending bill was proper, because the assassination or attempted assassination of the president was an interruption of the government, and it was vitally important to the government that such interruptions should not occur.

Mr. Bacon said the bill was practically an enlargement of the law of treason and proposed to make treason of something that under the constitution was not treason.

Mr. Patterson (Col.) agreed with the main purposes of the bill.

Mr. Clay continued his speech on the shipping bill. At the conclusion of Mr. Clay's speech Mr. Hanna, a member of the commerce committee and one of the framers of the pending measure, addressed the senate in support of the bill, and in answer to the speech of Mr. Clay.

Mr. Hanna maintained that the cost of labor was the principal factor of construction, maintenance and operation of ships. The difference, he asserted, between the cost of construction and operation of American and foreign ships simply measured the difference between the efficiency and cost of American labor and foreign labor.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, March 6.—The house today finished the consideration of the bill to classify the rural free delivery service and place the carriers under the contract system. Mr. Boutell (Ill.) made a speech in support of the bill.

THE PATRICK TRIAL.

New York, March 6.—The defense opened today in the trial of A. T. Patrick, who is charged with the murder of William M. Rice. Recorder Goff declined to grant the request of the defense to strike from the records the testimony of Dr. Witthaus, the chemist, and to compel the district attorney to indicate under which ten counts of the indictment he asked a conviction.

AFTER FOSSILS.

A Year's Important Work In a Wyoming Boneyard.

The feature of the season's work in the "Great Wyoming Boneyard," as the famous fossil fields of this section have been facetiously termed, was the finding and removing of an individual brontosaur of immense size. While there were at least three parties in the field, no notable results were accomplished save by that one sent out by the Carnegie Library association of Pittsburg, Pa., in charge of C. W. Gilmore, a graduate of the Wyoming state university, and familiar with his field of operations. Gilmore had three assistants, and the expedition was provided with two teams and wagons and a saddle horse, together with the usual tools and supplies required in the work they were to engage in, says the San Francisco Chronicle.

The party went into camp on Sheep creek, thirty miles north of Medicine Bow station, on the Union Pacific railroad, and began digging on June 24, a little later than these annual expeditions of the Carnegie Library association are usually sent out, but being favored with exceptionally fine weather, they were enabled to complete their task without interruption, and did not break camp until Oct. 19. The quarry, upon which a permanent cabin has been built, was surveyed four years ago by the Carnegie people, who have worked it each summer since it was located, and will continue its exploration next year.

The important discovery of this season was due to the heavy washout caused by a freshet in the spring. This cut a deep gully across the plain and left the sacrum and a few other bones of the brontosaur exposed, so that there was no difficulty whatever in following the lead. The tops of five vertebrae were exposed when the party began digging, the sacrum lying on its side. In fact, the bones were not in position, but were found in heaps. One of these heaps being uncovered, traces of another would be found, so there was a regular line of pointers, which greatly facilitated the search. J. B. Abbott, of Wheatland, Wyo., the photographer of the expedition, worked half the season on the brontosaur remains alone, while the others were employed on a second exposure that had been worked the year before. A great deal of time and much painstaking are required in exhuming the fossil remains of one of these big animals. It is necessary, first, to pick away the dirt and concretion from the bones with an awl. Then each bone is given a coat of glue to harden it, after which a bandage of fine linen, spread over with a light paste, is wrapped around it, and the whole is then bound with a heavier bandage, lined with cement. These precautions are taken to support and protect the bones in transit.

The supreme value of the "find" this year lies in the bones all belonging to one individual brontosaur and in the skeleton being so nearly complete. Fully three-fourths of the bones of this animal were secured, including all of the leg bones but two, almost all of the dorsals and more than one-half of the cervicals. The heaviest bone taken out was the sacrum, estimated to weigh 2000 pounds. When it had been loaded into the wagon it was all a heavy team could do to start and move it over roads as smooth and hard as an asphalt street.

The brontosaur, it may be said for the benefit of non-scientific readers, was an immense beast with a very short body and an exceptionally large and long tail and neck. The animal would measure 75 to 90 feet in length over all, and would have weighed in life from 30 to 50 tons, according to age. The specimen procured by Gilmore must have measured fully 80 feet, and was 18 feet in length. Only one or two larger skeletons have ever been uncovered. One of these is in the bone room of the Wyoming state university, and the other in the museum of a leading Eastern college. The humerus of the Laramie specimen measures just one inch more than that of the fossil exhumed this summer by the Carnegie outfit. The head of the brontosaurus, in proportion to the size of the animal, was very small. The dentition is extremely weak, there being but one row of small round teeth in the upper and lower jaws, showing that the animal must have subsisted on very soft and tender vegetation, probably growing under the water. The brontosaur fed much as the moose of today, on lily pads and rank grasses that flourished in the shallow, muddy waters of lakes and slow-running rivers.

The fossil remains of Gilmore's brontosaur were loaded on board the cars at Medicine Bow. They completely filled a car of 80,000 pounds' capacity, and as the brontosaur carried an amount of flesh in life about equal in wieght to the plaster and cement bandages now on the bones, it is estimated that in life the animal weighed forty tons. When it came to the shipment of the bones a perplexing question arose between the owners and the general freight department of the Union Pacific. The company demanded $1800 for hauling the consignment from Medicine Bow to Pittsburg, on the ground that in case of wreck and partial or total destruction of the skeleton, the damages claimed would be enormous. The railroad company finally proposed terms of compromise, offering to haul the car to Pittsburg free of charge, provided the owners of the bones would give them an absolute release from all responsibility for loss by wreck or fire, which was done.

The first discovery of bones in the Wyoming fossil fields, which have since attained world-wide fame, was made by John L. Allyn, now a carpenter in Laramie, in 1869. Allyn was at that time station agent for the Union Pacific at Como. While prospecting among the hills south of the station he found a part of a caudal vertebrae, which he and others termed a petrified horse's hoof. Professor S. V. Hayden, then United States geologist, accompanied by his party, stopped at Como in the fall of 1869, and Allyn gave him this piece of bone, which later on came into the possession of Professor O. C. Marsh. In 1873-74 Fred Brown, afterward an assistant of Professor Marsh, found a section of vertebrae washed out in a gulch near Como and sent it to Professor Henry of the Smithsonian institute at Washington, where the discovery was made a matter of record. The third discovery was made by Professor W. H. Reed, the distinguished Wyoming paleontologist, March 7, 1877. This consisted of several vertebrae, medium in size, but the quarry could not be located. On March 14 of the same year quarry No. 1, which has prove done of the best quarries ever found, was located, and Professor Reed wrote to Professor Marsh, with the result that on Aug. 15 the first shipment of bones was made from quarry No. 1. The increase of quarries after that was rapid, and on July 1, 1879, the first brontosaur was found at quarry No. 8. This was the most complete skeleton of a dinosaur known at the time of Professor Marsh's death, March 17, 1898.

The bone hunter works after much the same method as the mineral prospector. He, of course, with a knowledge of geology, readily identifies the different strata in which he may expect to find the fossil remains of which he is in search. He accepts and takes advantage of the prospector's adage that a stone never drifts up hill. He therefore commences at the bottom of the hill or bluff, peering along its base for chips or pieces of broken bone, which are always found below a quarry. Having discovered some of these precious fragments, he begins to work up hill, carefully noting each new piece of bone, and when he reaches what he considers the topmost fragment he breaks ground there for his prospect trench. He now burrows into the hillside until he finds the formation solid and in its original condition. These prospect trenches more often lead to disappointment than to success; even when successful the bones may be found imbedded in stone that is too hard to remove, or they may be rotten. Again, if bones are found in position and are good, there will often prove to be but a few left in the bunk, the remainder of the skeleton or skeletons having been eroded away with the earth that covered them. The area over which bones and dust are thus scattered is almost beyond belief. They have contributed to the formation of the soil on the treeless plains between the Rockies and the Missouri river, and doubtless assisted materially in building the delta at the mouth of the Mississippi. Fragments of washed bone have been found in the gravel of the Platte river as far east as Fremont, Neb., a fossil rib three inches long being taken out of the river south of that city.

The bone hunter leads a life of varied experiences and vicissitudes. Today he is in luck and tomorrow he may be away out of it. Today he meets with that which is decidedly amusing and tomorrow with that which is very depressing. On his trips and when prospecting he must carry a small kit of tools, but never may indulge in the luxury of an umbrella—that would be a violation of all the ancient precedents.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

New Walking Skirts....

These are entirely new and every woman should have a separate skirt for "blizzard" days.

Needed for Spring days, when it is damp and muddy under foot. Needed for the pedestrienne who disdains to be trammeled by trailing gown when taking her favorite exercise. Needed for the business woman who can't surrender the use of a hand to hold up her skirts. Needed for the shopper; for women who do not approve of bringing the sweepings of the pavement into their homes.



Sensible women have use for the walking skirt.

These are stylish and well hung. Not every manufacturing tailor is successful in imparting style to the walking skirt. See these:

We offer a splendid suit of pure wool material, beautifully tailored—seven gored and thoroughly shrunk and sponged in three good shades—brown mixed, grey mixed or Oxford and blue mixed, at $5.75—of $7.50 value.

At $7.75—Beautifully tailored skirts seven gored or flounce style of fine, all wool imported Cheviots, with ten rows of stitching at bottom—of ordinary $10 values.

From these prices we have splendid lines in fine coverts, broadcloths, Kerseys, Venetians, etc.—in all of the new spring shades and styles—at $10.75, $12.50, $14.50 and $18.50.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Ole Seglen and Annie Peterson.
Samuel E. Burnham and Anna M. Blair.
Ebboire Chaput and Josephine Peterson.

BIRTHS.

SEDELLE—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. John Sedelle, of Wyoming street.

CALLAHAN—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. John Callahan, 829 East Third street.

HARBO—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Elias P. Harbo, of 31 East Fifth street.

FOSTER—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Foster, 5608 Tioga street.

MORGAN—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. William H. Morgan, 5123 Grand avenue east.

ULRICH—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Carl J. Ulrich, of 4745 London road.

ANDERSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Anderson, 3917 Magellan street.

ANDERSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Otto Anderson, 1913 West Second street.

NELSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Nels Nelson, corner of Sixth street and Thirty-first avenue west.

DENNIS—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. M. S. Dennis, Forty-fifth avenue west and Oneota street.

DOSS—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. James Doss, of South Fifty-sixth avenue west.

CALLAHAN—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Callahan, 607 Fifty-fifth avenue west.

HASLETT—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Ole Haslett, 509 South Sixty-first avenue west.

MORAN—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Ulrick Moran, of Sixty-ninth avenue west and Polk street.

THORPE—A child has been born to Mr. and Mrs. John P. Thorpe, 509 North Sixtieth avenue west.

McDONALD—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. E. McDonald, 3806 Waseca street.

WILSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Wilson, 1922 West Michigan street.

GRANDY—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. John Grandy, 731 East Fifth street.

SWENBY—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. John Swenby, 1022 East Fourth street.

DAHLIN—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Gust Dahlin, 216 West Sixth street.

Open day and night. New 'Phone 1388.
FLOOD & HORGAN.
Undertakers and Embalmers,
730 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

HOME GROWN FLOWERS, Floral Designs and Lodge Emblems Wedding Decorations made on short notice. Largest Greenhouses.
EISCHEN BROS., 109 W. Superior St. Both Phones.

CARD OF THANKS.

MR. AND MRS. JOHN LINGELBACH wish to express their warmest thanks and appreciation to all friends for their beautiful floral designs, kindness and words of sympathy in the death of our beloved and cherished friend Elizabeth Tiede.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

WINDBURN SMARTS, BESIDES TAN isn't pretty. Have a fair face, satin skin using Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder. 25c.

KARVO IS INDICTED

By Grand Jury For Murder In the First Degree.

Charged With Killing Jacob Myllymaki In a Saloon.

Nelson Porter Indicted For Manslaughter In Second Degree.

Murder in the first degree is the indictment returned by the grand jury this morning against Stans Karvo, the Finnish slayer of Jacob Myllymaki, in a lower Lake avenue saloon on Jan. 9. Nelson Porter, charged with the death of John Brown, was indicted for manslaughter in the second degree.

The act for which Karvo is indicted was one of the most fiendish and ferocious, as well as shocking, in the annals of crime in this county. It occurred in Signer & Witti's saloon. Five men were sitting in the saloon. Two men sitting on one side of a table were singing from a Norwegian song book. On the opposite side sat Karvo and his victim, Myllymaki. All at ones, according to the stories told by the witnesses, Karvo arose, seized Myllymaki's head and thrusting it forward against the top of the table, whipped out a knife and plunged it again and again into the back of Myllymaki's neck. The others in the room ran to the assistance of the assaulted man, but Karvo turned upon them with a rush, his knife again in position to strike the onrushers. Myllymaki had been released, when Karvo straightened up to meet the rescuers.

Weakened from the blows and the loss of blood, he got up and made his way as rapidly as he could toward the door. Karvo ran after him and began slashing him across the face and neck. When he finally desisted in his butchery, practically nothing was left of Myllymaki's neck and throat but the spinal column. The defense that is likely to be set up is insanity. Karvo declines to discuss the crime. Once he admitted that he had known Myllymaki for six years. One notable feature of the crime, according to the testimony of the witnesses, was that neither the killer or his victim had been drinking that day.

The crime with the commission of which Nelson Porter is charged is the killing of John Brown in front of Campbell & Doran's saloon on Feb. 16. Brown was a longshoreman. He was in the saloon drinking, when Porter entered to vend his red-hots. The testimony is to the effect that Brown bought a sausage and then refused to pay for it, following up the refusal with a blow. Porter took up the hostilities, which were interrupted by the ejectment of both from the saloon. The fight was renewed on the sidewalk, and Porter knocked Brown down. Brown was taken home, supposedly suffering from a slight injury to his jaw, but died next day. An autopsy proved that his skull had been fractured, supposedly by the fall to the sidewalk.

Two indictments were returned against Charles Morgan for forgery in the second degree. He is charged with forging and passing two checks, purporting to have been issued by the Northern Lumber company. One was made payable to the order of C. E. Bumpus for $31.50 and was seemingly endorsed by Bumpus. The other was for $38, made payable to the order of M. J. Shea and purported to have been endorsed by him.

An indictment was also found against Tony Held for grand larceny in the first degree.

The grand jury is still in session, and it is said will continue to sit until the beginning of next week. It has numerous other criminal cases to investigate. No bill was found against Walter Hazel.

APPEALS.

Several Dissatisfied Range Litigants Come to District Court.

False returns by Justice J. H. Fleming, of Biwabik, are alleged by Attorney W. W. Broune for the defendant in a suit begun by William Martin against Charles L. Verriell, and appealed to the district court. The defendant's attorney claims the justice adjourned the case against the objection of the defendant. It is also alleged that the justice refused to order a complaint prepared, so the defendant might learn the pretended cause of action against him. The justice in his returns claims that Mr. Browne asked for an adjournment. Similar affidavits are filed in the appeal case of William Anderson against the same defendant. The suits are brought to recover amounts alleged to be due for cutting cordwood.

Appeal from justice court for Eveleth has been filed in the case of A. R. Anderson against John Swanson and the Pitt Iron Mining company as garnishee. The appeal is made by the defendant. No complaint or record of judgment has been filed. An appeal has also been filed in a similar action in which Ellen Harvey is plaintiff. The appeals are based on defects in summons and service. John Jenswold, Jr., is defendant's attorney.

An appeal has also been filed by Alfred Lax from judgment ordered against him in justice court for Biwabik. The plaintiff is Matt Soloman. The plaintiff claims that he gave the defendant a village order for $40 to the defendant, who is a saloon keeper, for safe keeping. The defendant insists that he has furnished the plaintiff $13.05 in cash and goods, and sets up a counter claim for the balance alleged to be due. W. W. Browne is plaintiff's attorney.

Shut Down For Repairs.

After sawing steadily during the winter season on contract logs, the Scott-Graff Lumber company will close down its mill at the West End for repairs in about two weeks. The sash and door factory will also be shut down for repairs. The repair work will take about ten days when both factory and mill will be again started for the spring and summer run. The factory has orders ahead to keep it running full capacity for several months. The mill is cutting on the large contract with Richardson & Avery, the logs being hauled to the mill by rail from Two Harbors.

TO CONSIDER TREATY.

Copenhagen, March 6.—The folkething met in executive session today to consider the ratification of the bill providing for the sale of the Danish West Indian islands to the United States.

Cleanliness and Germicidal Precautions Paramount In the brewing of



BLATZ BEER

—MILWAUKEE—

There's not a facility lacking to insure absolute cleanliness during the process. The minutest detail from malt-house to filling-room is rigidly watched in this particular. A fixed rule for over half a century.

BLATZ MALT-VIVINE. (Non-Intoxicant) Tonic. Druggists or direct.

VAL BLATZ BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE
DULUTH BRANCH, TEL. 62.

TO CONSOLIDATE.

Cleveland Companies to Be Under Hanna's Control.

Cleveland, March 6.—The Plaindealer says: Terms have been agreed upon for the consolidation of the Cleveland Electric Railway company and Cleveland City Railway company the two roads to be under the presidency of Senator M. A. Hanna. The consolidation company will include every street car line in the city. Involved in the deal are arrangements for vast improvements, for universal transfers, and in all probability for the sale of six tickets for 25 cents, although this latter detail has not been positively settled upon as yet.

BUY ELEVATORS.

National Elevator Company Has Secured Thirty-Six.

Minneapolis, March 6.—It is reported that the National Elevator company (Van Dusen-Harrington & Co.) has purchased from the St. Paul and Kansas City Elevator company a line of thirty-six grain elevators located between Sioux Falls and Yankton, S. D.; Garretson and Sioux City, Iowa, and between Jackson and O'Neill, Neb. The purchase price is not stated.

STAY GRANTED.

Woodward Will Not Be Hanged March 28.

Casper, Wyo., March 6.—Charles Woodward, convicted of the murder of Sheriff Ricker and sentenced to be hanged on March 28, will be granted a longer time in which to prepare for his trip to the gallows.

Judge Bratt denied the motion of Woodward for a new trial, and the case will be taken to the supreme court next Monday, a stay of sentence being granted for that purpose.

Low Rates West.

Every day via Great Northern railway. Commencing March 1, and daily thereafter during March and April, the Eastern Minnesota and Great Northern railway will make very low one way settlers' rates to all points West, as follows: Butte, Helena, Anaconda, $20; Spokane, $2.50; Seattle ,Tacoma, Everett, Portland, Vancouver and points on the Southern Pacific railway north of Ashland, Oregon, $25. Also low rates to all intermediate points. Stop over privileges allowed on all tickets. For further information call at city ticket office, corner Spalding hotel.

FIRE AT PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Plainfield, N. J., March 6.—Fire destroyed the Babcock building, a five-story brick partly occupied by the postoffice, and two adjoining buildings early this morning. The total loss was $250,000. The mail in the postoffice was saved.

MISS VIRGINIA GRANES

Tells How Hospital Physicians Use and Rely upon Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Twelve years continuous service at the sick bed in some of our prominent hospitals, as well as at private homes, has given me varied experiences with the diseases of women. I have nursed some



MISS VIRGINIA GRANES,
President of Nurses' Association, Watertown, N.Y.

most distressing cases of inflammation and ulceration of the ovaries and womb. I have known that doctors used **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** when everything else failed with their patients. I have advised my patients and friends to use it and have yet to hear of its first failure to cure.

"Four years ago I had failing of the womb from straining in lifting a heavy patient, and knowing of the value of your Compound I began to use it at once, and in six weeks I was well once more, and have had no trouble since. I am most pleased to have had an opportunity to say a few words in praise of your Vegetable Compound, and shall take every occasion to recommend it."—MISS VIRGINIA GRANES.—*$5000 forfeit if above testimonial is not genuine.*

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has stood the test of time, and has cured thousands.

Mrs. Pinkham advises sick women free. Address, Lynn, Mass.

A FIGHT FOR LIFE

Northern Fur Trader Was In the Shadow of Death.

Crawled For Many Miles on His Knees and Hands.

Dog Team Froze During the Night---Awful Experience.

Winnipeg, Man., March 6.—With feet, hands and face frozen and the thermometer 40 to 50 degrees below zero, L. H. P. Lamb, a fur trader, staggered around his sleigh of skins for forty-eight hours on one of the lonely lakes of Northern Saskatchewan to keep from the certain death that would follow if he for a moment allowed himself to give way to the drowsiness that all but overcame him. He now lies in the Winnipeg general hospital hovering between life and death, after one of the most remarkable experiences ever recorded in the vast Northern wilderness.

Lamb is an adventurous young Englishman who came to this country from Leeds ten years ago and established two trading posts in the far North. His principal post is at Moose Lake, where his young wife, the only white woman in a radius of 200 miles, is doubtless keeping anxious vigils awaiting the return of her husband, who left her in high hopes Jan. 20 last to take a sleigh-load of skins to his other post at Cedar Lake, 150 miles distant.

The thermometer registered 42 degrees below zero when he left his post, and on the evening of the first day it dropped to 50. While traveling along a frozen creek bed, his dogs, without warning, pitched into an immense crack caused by the intense frost, and beasts, sleigh and man were engulfed in the cavity. By a superhuman effort Lamb managed to get out and rescue three of his six dogs. The ice-encrusted sleigh was also fished out, and the three dogs were harnessed as speedily as possible and a fresh start was made. Lamb's clothing had by this time frozen to him and was as stiff as boards. It was only by incessant activity, he says, that he prevented himself from freezing to death. Darkness came down upon him as he approached the outlet of Mud lake. Cracks large enough to engulf the entire outfit were numerous, and in the darkness Lamb could not proceed in any direction without danger of being precipitated into the icy waters. There was only one thing to do, and that was to remain where he was all night. To sleep in his wet clothes meant death, and exhausted as he was, Lamb never allowed himself to rest.

For hours he trudged in a circle around his sleigh. Reeling with fatigue at last, he took a moment's rest and leaned against the sleigh. Then in a flash his flagging senses returned. He struggled to his feet and kept up his never-ending walk until dawn broke. There was no wind, otherwise his doom would have been a certainty. The dogs were frozen in their tracks, and Lamb, as soon as it became daylight, struggled on his weary march across the lake towards Cedar Lake post. As his knees and hands were torn by the jagged ice, he must have crawled for many miles before he reached the Indian settlement of Chemawin.

Lamb had been on his feet in the intense cold varying from 40 to 50 degrees for about forty-eight hours, and this, too, without food.

REFERENDUM

Leagues Are to Be Organized In All Cities.

Chicago, March 6.—The Referendum league, of Chicago, announces the formation of a national party for the promotion of the initiative and referendum in all the cities of the United States. The new party will be known as the national non-partisan federation for majority rule. George H. Shibley, the organizer, will travel from city to city organizing referendum leagues. The aim will be to secure the passage in each state of a bill compelling municipalities to recognize petitions signed by 5 per cent of the voters, in order that the question may be voted upon by the people. The launchers of the new party are all officers of the local league.

BAD MAN

Has Been Captured By Officers In New Mexico.

El Paso, Tex., March 6.—George Musgrove, said to be leader of a band of Southwestern desperadoes and a brother of the noted "Black Jack," who was hanged at Clayton, N. M., a year ago, has been captured near Alamagordo, N. M., by Postoffice Inspector C. L. Doran, of Denver, aided by the sheriff's men. Musgrove is wanted in New Mexico for murder, postoffice and train robbery. Among other depredations committed by the gang was the robbery of the postoffice at Fort Sumner, where a half dozen men were held up and a 12-year-old boy was killed.

The robbery of the postoffice caused the federal authorities to take a hand in the chase, and Inspector Doran, after a week's work, succeeded in locating Musgrove, who will be brought here today. The arrest of Musgrove was followed by the capture, near Clifton, Ariz., of Watt Neil, J. Cook and Joseph Roberts, supposed members of the same gang. They were rounded up by Arizona rangers on Blue river, after a hard chase.

FOGS IN THE CHANNEL.

London, March 6.—Dense fogs in the channels are causing numerous minor

Troubles that Lead to Insanity and Suicide Result from a Diseased and Disorganized Nervous System.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

The Great Banisher of Nervousness in all its Forms.

Are you a victim of melancholia, and do you brood from day to day? Does the shriek of the steamwhistle, the rattle of wheels, or the clangor of bells cause you to start and shiver? If this is your condition, be assured your case is extremely critical.

It is fitting that you should investigate your condition at once. If you are sleepless, depressed in spirits, if your mental movements are slow, if you are subject to terrifying hallucinations and an aversion of food, we say with all earnestness, beware of insanity and suicide.

The science of medicine has, thank heaven, furnished a means for the banishment of all the troubles referred to. Paine's Celery Compound is the great restorer and builder of the weakened and shattered nervous system. This marvelous prescription of Professor Edward E. Phelps, M. D., LL. D., begins its work directly on the nerves by bracing them up; it strengthens tissues and muscles; it causes pure life-giving blood to flow freely to every part of the body, carrying health, vigor, joy and happiness into each hour of life. Beware of remedies that have no merit or reputation to commend them, they simply aggravate existing troubles. Ask your druggist for Paine's Celery Compound, the medicine that never disappoints.

Color anything any color
It's easy to dye with diamond dyes
Simple. Durable. Economical.

mishaps to shipping. A Holyhead steamer grounded today and her passengers were landed in the vessel's boats. Railroad and street traffic is impeded.

A COLD DEAL.

The American Ice Company Absorbs the Knickerbocker.

Chicago, March 6.—It is reported, says the Tribune, that the American Ice company, a New Jersey corporation, with a capital stock of $36,379,500, will absorb the Knickerbocker Ice company, of Chicago. The American company has a large business in New York, Philadelphia, Washington, Baltimore, Pittsburg and other Eastern cities. It never has come west of Pennsylvania to do business.

Local representatives of the Knickerbocker Ice company said they had not heard of the matter and were not inclined to believe in its truth, although they admitted that such a transaction might be under way.

The report was that if the American company failed in its efforts to secure the Knickerbocker property, it would establish plants in Chicago and inaugurate a war in the price of ice.

The Knickerbocker company is the largest company in Chicago. It was formed in 1885, and in 1898 absorbed most of the independent concerns. It has a capital stock of $7,000,000 divided into $3,000,000 preferred and $4,000,000 common shares, and has $1,971,000 bonds outstanding.

Please purchase your Groceries tomorrow, March 7th, at **Lundmark & Franson's** (successors to Adam Kirst.) **The ladies of the First Baptist Church will receive a percentage on all cash sales of that day.** Telephone orders will be delivered C. O. D.

OSMAN PASHA SENTENCED.

Constantinople, March 6.—Osman Pasha, a son of the famous Kurdish chief, Bedrahan Pasha, whose trial on the charge of high treason began here Feb. 20, behind closed doors, has been sentenced to death, but the sentence will be commuted to perpetual imprisonment. Gen. Nazmi Pasha, a son-in-law of the former Grand Vizier Ali Pasha, has been arrested.

JULIA LAMONT ILL.

New York, March 6.—Miss Julia Lamont, daughter of Daniel Lamont, former secretary of war, is critically ill with brain fever at her home in this city. Miss Lamont was to have occupied a box with Mrs. Grover Cleveland at the Metropolitan Opera house last Tuesday night, on the occasion of the gala performance in honor of Prince Henry. She was stricken that evening and has, it is reported, steadily grown worse.

ARMED BANDS APPEAR.

Constantinople, March 6.—Consular reports received here from Macedonia confirm the previous announcements of the appearance of armed bands in several districts.

Great Northern Railway

Popular Homeseekers' and Settlers' Excursions—Three series of cheap rates—Round-trip tickets to all points in Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon, British Columbia, will be sold first and third Tuesdays in March, April and May, at one fare plus $2.00 for the round trip.

One-way settlers' tickets to points in Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon and British Columbia on sale every day during March and April at rates $15.00 to $25.00 each.

One-way settlers' tickets on sale March 4th, 11th, 18th, 25th and April 1st and 8th, to Minnesota and North Dakota points for only $6.00 each.

These tickets are good on all trains, including the famous Great Northern "Flyer."

This is the best opportunity that has ever been offered to parties who wish to investigate the many advantages offered them in the Great Northwest. Information about the Great Northern country is given by agents of the Great Northern Railway, or those desirous of ascertaining just what opportunities are offered there, can secure full illustrated information in reference to land, climate, crops, rates, etc., by writing to Max Bass, G. I. A., 220 S. Clark St., Chicago, or to F. I. Whitney, G. P. & T. A., St. Paul, Minn., or calling at city ticket office, corner Spalding hotel.

RECOVERY IS SLOW

Eastern Cities Still Suffering From the Heavy Storms.

The Snow Fall Was Unprecedented In Many Localities.

Trolley and Steam Railway Traffic Very Much Impeded.

Altoona, Pa., March 6.—The city passenger and Logan valley electrical railways are still tied up, snow covering the tracks to such a depth as to require the use of picks and shovels to remove it. A passenger train on the Altoona division of the Pennsylvania railroad was caught in a snow drift near Martinsburg, near here, last night and held thirteen hours. The passengers waded through snow three feet deep to the village, where they found shelter. The train was dug out this morning. The Pennsylvania main line is being gradually opened for freight traffic by hundreds of repair shop hands, who worked all night clearing snow from the automatic switches. Trains of about half the usual tonnage are being made up and some have been sent out this morning. Passenger trains are moving today nearly on schedule time. The bright sun today is helping to remove the drifts and before the end of the day the blockade will be entirely gone.

Pittsburg, March 6.—Pittsburg and Allegheny are slowly recovering from the snow storm of yesterday. Traction lines are again in operation and telephone lines are working, but the railroads are still suffering and trains are all late. The storm was the greatest since 1884, the snowfall in the city being fifteen inches. From all points within a radius of seventy-five miles of Pittsburg come reports of the storm. Fairmount, W. Va., had 15 inches of snow; Johnstown, 12 inches; Greensboro, 13 inches; West Newton, 15 inches, and Freeport, 10 inches.

In the mountains the storm was almost unprecedented. At Somerset there was a snowfall of 29 inches in twenty-four hours, and at Ebensburg, which is near the crest of the Alleghenies, 2 foot of snow has fallen.

The damage was not severe at any place, and the only danger that threatens now is from a flood in case of rain, but this is remote. At Weather Forecaster Ridgeway says that while the volume of snow that fell was very great, another flood is unlikely.

Philadelphia, March 6.—The snowfall which began in the state yesterday morning ceased during the night, and today the weather is bright and clear. Reports from the mountain districts show as much as two feet of snow fell in some districts. As a result, trolley and steam railway traffic is very much impeded, and in some localities abandoned altogether. In the anthracite coal regions many collieries have suspended operations. In Hazelton a condition amounting to a famine is reported. The country roads are impassable and the railroads are blocked, making it almost impossible to get produce to the market. Drifts ten or more feet in height are reported on trolley tracks in many localities.

Chattanooga, March 6.—The Tennessee river has fallen below the danger line and all transportation lines are open. The damage done by the flood has been repaired.

COOPERS

Elect Officers and Adjourn For One Year.

St. Louis, March 6.—The National Coopers' association, which has been in convention here for the last two days, has adjourned. St. Louis was selected for the annual convention, which will begin March 4, 1903. An intermediate meeting will be held in Cincinnati on a date to be settled by the executive committee. The election of officers resulted as follows: President, Max Ritzwoller, Peoria; vice president, J. R. Kelly, Kansas City, Frank Ennessy, Chicago, and J. M. Bayer, Lawrenceburg, Ind.; secretary-treasurer, Walker L. Wellford, Memphis; executive committee, Edward Hidden and George F. Mayor, St. Louis; M. D. Welch, Omaha, Neb.; H. B. Carter, Texarkana, and R. J. Wymond, Aurora, Ind.

CONSTERNATION

Caused Among the Traders In Egg Futures.

New York, March 6.—Consternation has been caused among the bears on the Mercantile exchange by the promulgation of a rule abolishing trading in egg futures. Such a trade has been carried on since the stablishment of the exchange, a bear raid which knocked 8 cents off the prices recently is said to have caused the rule to be promulgated. A numerously signed petition of protest has been sent to the executive committee.

BALL PARK SOLD.

Denver, March 6.—A. B. Beall, of Sioux City, Iowa, has transferred his interest in Broadway park to D. C. Packard, owner of the Denver franchise in the Western Baseball league, and the league games in this city will be played there. A meeting of the Western league will be held in Denver the latter part of next week to fix the schedule.

Low Rates West Every Day Via Great Northern Railway.

Commencing March 1st and daily thereafter during March and April, the Eastern Minnesota and Great Northern railway will make very low one way settlers' rates to all points West, as follows: Butte, Helena, Anaconda, $20; Spokane, $2.50; Seattle, Tacoma, Everett, Portland, Vancouver and all points on the Southern Pacific railway north of Ashland, Ore., $25.00. Also low rates to all intermediate points.



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THE OLD RELIABLE

Duluth Van Co

'Phone 492—Old
'Phone 767—Zenith

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We have it The size, color, shape and very latest up-to-date Stationery TO SEE IT IS TO BUY IT!

CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR.

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Cor. 4th Ave. West and Superior St
Peachey & Lounsberry, Printers.

PEACE

Will Finally Be Brought About Says De Constant.

New York, March 6—Baron D'Estournelle de Constant of the French chamber of deputies and a delegate to the peace conference at The Hague has addressed Columbia students on the results of the 1899 peace conference. Many prominent persons were in the audience.

"The final success of the conference," said Baron de Constant in conclusion is sure, as pioneers in all great movements are attacked, so is the conference pooh-poohed now. The United States and France have won their liberty, and it is now their duty to take another step and win universal peace."

M. Jules Cambon, the French ambassador, followed Baron de Constant with a short address. "A diplomat," said he, "contrary to public opinion, is not a man bowing, scraping and constantly making compliments in the drawing room. Nor is he a scheming villain, but rather an apostle of truth. The countries of Europe tried to avert the Spanish war, and since they could not do that, they tried to shorten it. I consider it one of the greatest episodes of my career that I was instrumental in helping do so."

SEES POPE.

John Wanamaker Was Received at the Vatican.

New York, March 6.—John Wanamaker, of Philadelphia, former postmaster general, was received at the vatican Wednesday, says a World dispatch from Rome, by the pope, together with a delegation of distinguished men of the French church. The interview took place in the consistral hall.

The pope entered in a sedan chair, which was closed on all sides. He was dressed in red robes on entering, but he afterward laid them off and appeared in spotless white.

While receiving the apostolic benediction, Cardinal Richard, of Paris, the leader of the French delegation, stood at the foot of the throne and read an address to the sovereign pontiff, who responded, saying that he was profoundly moved by the visits and salutations.

Leo XIII's reply to the cardinal's address was extempore, spoken with great enthusiasm and vigor, and was distinctly heard throughout the hall.

Cardinal Bislete also gave a short written address to the pope.

IRON TRADE

Seriously Interfered With By Floods and Storms.

New York, March 6.—The Iron Age today says: The floods and storms have been interfering again with both production and consumption at a time when any delay is seriously annoying. They threaten to prolong the shortage of material beyond the spring months, and are making more and more difficult the endeavors of important interests to accumulate finished goods in anticipation of the usual spring trade. The anxiety with reference to the supply of foundry iron for the second half of the year is subsiding somewhat, and some of the sellers have been placing comparatively little iron, after the tremendous February rush. Others, however, have booked some very large orders. Among these we note about 25,000 tons taken by pipe founders, locomotive works, car builders and others, in one important case the deliveries going over the first quarter of next year, and also the sale of 10,000 tons of Bessemer pig by a furnace in the Central West, which usually runs on foundry and mill iron. Of course it is probable that this year's consumption will be considerably larger than the rate of 1900 and 1901, but the fact remains that there is still a reserve in sight larger than the majority in the trade suspect.

GUILTY.

Murray So Pleads to the Charge of Conspiracy.

Chicago, March 6.—In the criminal court today George P. Murray pleaded guilty to the charge of conspiracy to keep a fugitive from justice out of the state and was fined $500 and costs.

Murray was indicted with Alex Sullivan and others for conspiring to keep ex-Bailiff James J. Lynch, under indictment for jury bribing in personal injury cases against the West Chicago Street Railway company, out of the state. Sullivan, who at the time of the alleged jury bribing, was attorney for the traction company, was recently convicted on the testimony of Lynch, who had returned after more than a year in hiding and turned state's evidence. Sullivan's case has been appealed. Murray's connection with the conspiracy case was that he acted as a go-between for Lynch and Sullivan, according to the former's testimony.

HEAD-END

Collision on Allegheny Valley Road Causes Some Damage.

Pittsburg, March 6.—A local passenger train on the Allegheny Valley railway met in head-end collision with a heavy freight train at Edge Cliff, 22 miles north of Pittsburg this morning. Both engines are reported wrecked and the crews saved themselves by jumping. Several trainmen are said to have been slightly hurt. As far as known no passengers were injured. Details of the wreck cannot be learned as the wires are down.

NOTHING BUT CLOTHES.

The Assets of Man Who Failed For $121,176.

Helena, Ark., March 6.—Eugene B. Smith, a lumberman of Earl, Ark., has filed a petition in bankruptcy in the federal court here. Liabilities are scheduled at $121,176, with no assests except the petitioner's wearing apparel.

Actors, Singers, Talkers' —Are all more or less subject to bad throat, hoarseness, tonsilitis and catarrh. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder never disappoints. "I can but proclaim Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder a wonderful medicine for actors, singers and public speakers. Myself and wife have tried everything, but have never found anything to equal this great remedy for quick action; it certainly is a wonder worker."—Al. Emmett Foster, New York City. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—25.

Hotel Northern,

208 W. SUPERIOR ST.

Music from 3 to 5 and 7 to 11 p.m. by Northwestern Lady Orchestra.

SYPHILIS

Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for the same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, sore throat, pimples, copper colored spots, ulcers on any part of the body, hair or eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON that we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians, $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs and 100-page book sent sealed. No branch offices. Use full address as follows:

COOK REMEDY COMPANY,
253 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

MEN NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, failing manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; small weak parts and lost power restored. $1.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 325 West Superior st., Duluth.

Diseases of Men
CURED TO STAY CURED



By our new ***Electro-Medical Treatment,*** which combines all of the curative powers of both medicine and electricity.

Varicocele, Stricture, Nervo-Sexual Debility, Contagious Blood Poison, Rupture, Kidney and Urinary Diseases, Small, Weak Organs, Discharges, Seminal Emissions

and all associate diseases and weaknesses of men, causing pains in kidneys, bladder, abdomen, dizziness, loss of memory, etc., resulting in loss of sexual power, physical suffering, mental distress, gloomy forebodings and feelings of impending danger.

The longest established, most successful and reliable specialist in diseases of men, as medical diplomas, licenses and newspaper records will show.

We Treat Men Only and Cure Them to Stay Cured.

We charge nothing for private counsel and give to each patient a ***Legal Contract*** to hold for our promises. If you cannot call at our office, write your symptoms fully.

CONSULTATION FREE AND CONFIDENTIAL.

Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Progressive Medical Association,

No. 1 West Superior Street, Corner Lake Ave., Duluth, Minn.

REPRODUCED.

Dr. Lewis Presents "The Passion Play" to Duluth People.

There was a large audience at the First Methodist church last evening to hear Dr. John J. Lewis' illustrated lecture on the famous Passion Play at Oberammergau, the little village in the mountains of Bavaria. With the story of the religious drama so faithfully carried out by the peasant actors of the village, the lecturer had a large number of magnificent stereopticon pictures reproducing the most important scenes of the drama. In his introduction were exhibited a number of interesting moving pictures, including the Pioneer Limited Express running at full speed, a scene in one of the large dog kennels in England when the hounds were being fed, a view along the Mississippi river, taken from the rear of a train running at full speed, and various street scenes in the village of Oberammergau, including an exhibition by the volunteer fire department, given especially for Dr. Lewis' benefit.

Dr. Lewis first visited Oberammergau and witnessed the Passion Play in 1890, when he was touring Europe. He returned to this country so impressed with the spectacle that he shortly afterward gave up the pulpit and began lecturing about the play. His friends suggested to him that his enthusiasm might have prejudiced him to overdraw some of the characters in the play, so he returned to Oberammergau in 1900 to witness a second performance and decide whether his impressions were correct. He says that the representation in 1900 was even better than in 1890, and it was during the last visit that he obtained his photographs.

The institution is not of recent date, for the Passion Play was inaugurated in 1633, just a few years after the Pilgrim forefathers landed at Plymouth Rock. The peasants had been playing the drama, but had grown negligent in the matter. They were visited by a terrible plague and vowed that if they were spared they would hereafter perform the Passion Play faithfully every tenth year. This vow they have kept. The village is comprised of 750 inhabitants, and each one has a part in the play. The actors are trained from childhood for their parts, and in a wonderful degree they grow to represent in features the characters they are to impersonate. This was beautifully illustrated by the pictures of Anton Lang, the Christus of 1900, Mary Magdalene, the high priest and others.

His story of the village life of the peasants told of the wonderful effect of the Passion Play on their natures. Nowhere else in the world is there a community where Christian virtues are so apparent. The peasants of Oberammergau practice Christianity. They have no need of courts, for there is never any trouble. They are a stalwart healthy looking people, and their drama has attracted throngs of visitors to their village from every part of the world.

Dr. Lewis says that there were about 500,000 visitors to view the Passion Play of 1900.

THE SCHOOL BOARD.

Routine Matters Only Scheduled For Friday's Meeting.

The monthly meeting of the board of education will be held tomorrow evening. Present indications are that there will be little of great importance that will come up for action. The time is approaching for the annual selection of teachers for the next school year and there may be some discussion of questions connected with this at tomorrow night's meeting, but it is unlikely that anything definite will be done toward making up the personnel of the corps.

Dr. Codding, chairman of the committee on school buildings, says that an investigation has proved that the construction of the Webster school building will not permit of the use of the attic of the building for a gymnasium as desired by the teacher and the ladies of the Twentieth Century club. He thinks, however, that accommodations could be spared in the basement for this purpose. Some action may be taken on this question at the meeting tomorrow night.

To Meet at Sloan Hall.

The regular monthly meeting of the Swedish Christian Sick Benefit society will be held Friday evening at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. The society formerly had its meeting place at the Bethany Lutheran church on Twentieth avenue west and Third street, but owing to the contemplated rebuilding of the church the society had to secure another location. Its meetings were usually held the first Monday in each month, but will hereafter be the first Friday in the month.

The ***Non-Irritating Cathartic***

Easy to take, easy to operate—

Hood's Pills

A bad complexion never gets better of itself. Doctor with Satin-Skin Cream, gaining healthy satin skin. 25c.

TO APPEAL.

Virginia Fire Case to Be Carried to Supreme Court.

Washburn & Bailey, attorneys for the Moon-Kerr Lumber company, are preparing to appeal the suit brought against the company by Ole Halvorson to the supreme court. This is a test case, or is so considered by some, to determine the responsibility of the great fire at Virginia when the city was practically destroyed.

The case was tried in district court, and the plaintiff obtained a verdict of $5250 damages against the lumber company. It was contended that the slab and refuse burner attached to the lumber company's sawmill was in an unsafe condition and that sparks from the burner during a high wind started the conflagration.

The defense took exceptions to the rulings of the court on questions of law that came up on the trial, and it is on the contention that errors of law were made and that the verdict was not sustained by the evidence that the appeal will probably be made.

NOTICE.

The Duluth Boat Club will receive bids for moving its club house from present location to its site across the canal.

Bids are also requested for the purchasing of the building as it now stands.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

Apply,
H. S. PATTERSON,
Boat Builder, Foot of 6th Ave. W.

STIFF FIGHT.

City of Superior Anticipating a Hot Mayoralty Campaign.

Two candidates have already announced themselves in West Superior for the nomination for mayor on the Republican ticket. They are F. S. Parker, present incumbent in office, and Harvey Dietrich, former mayor, whom Mayor Parker defeated for renomination two years ago.

The mayoralty fight in West Superior promises to be as hot as it was in this city, but it is not likely to be as close. The primaries will be held very shortly and delegates elected to attend the Republican city convention, where the candidate for mayor is nominated.

Mayor Parker is making his fight for renomination along the line of his stand against the Land company, and alleged unjust tax settlements, the encouragement of labor unions, efficacy of the free labor employment bureau, a good school system, economy in public affairs, reduced prices for light and water and the elimination from public service of incompetent men.

Ex-Mayor Dietrich's platform is for economy in city government and a straightening out of the bond troubles of the city.

NARROWED DOWN.

Two Games Left In Graves-Manley Contest.

Two games were played last evening at the Duluth Curling club rink in the Graves-Manley Agency contest and the event is now well narrowed. In the semi-finals, R. J. MacLeod defeated Donald Morrison and passed into the finals. C. F. Macdonald defeated Ron Smith and passed into the semi-finals. He will next play W. F. Magner and the winner of that game will play R. J. MacLeod for the prizes. Four fine watch charms will go to the winners of the contest besides the four gold buttons that are held for a year. The scores were as follows:

A. H. Smith,	N. Leach,
F. A. Brewer,	C. F. McBride,
C. C. Clark,	R. H. Draper,
Ron Smith—10.	C. F. Macdonald—11.
G. H. Spencer,	J. E. Catlin,
J. T. Hickman,	Thomas Gibson,
F. A. Currier,	Harry Hurdon,
D. Morrison—9.	R. J. MacLeod—17.

G. H. Letteau won the board of trade butons from Roy Hoople by the following score:

R. J. Davis,	E. E. Johnson,
A. C. Wilcutts,	C. F. Graff,
Frank Cross,	Elmer Whyte,
Roy Hoople—6.	Geo. H. Letteau—12.

NOT HIS PURPOSE

Fred Kugler Denies the Rumor of Court House Scheme.

County Auditor Halden Opposed to Any Action Now.

Better to Keep the Taxes Low at Present.

County Commissioner Kugler's announcement that he will try to have an election called for the purpose of voting on a proposition to issue $300,000 for building a new court house building is received with varied sentiments. It has been reported that the purpose back of this announcement was to purchase the easterly half of the block on which the court house and jail now stand and erect the new building on that site.

Commissioner Kugler this afternoon denied that he had any purpose of the kind. Mr. Kugler claims that he is not a partisan of any location, but he says he realizes that the county should have a new court house, and believes that the times are now prosperous enough for a move to be made in that direction.

Commissioner Patterson declares himself opposed to the calling of a special election for the purpose. He says the proposition can just as well be voted upon at the general election next November, and insists that there is no chance of politics entering into the question. He believes the expense of holding a special election is sufficient to postpone the matter until it can be determined without much additional expense.

County Auditor Halden said this morning that he was opposed to the general proposition of building a new court house at this time.

"We have had only a short breathing spell since the effects of the panic," said Mr. Halden, "and I do not believe it is the part of business prudence to incur such a large obligation at this time. We have had enough examples of the troubles that grow out of the large obligations caused by costly county buildings at Minneapolis and St. Paul, and we should move slowly. If we are to take any steps in this direction, it seems wiser to me to begin the imposition of a levy each year in order to create an accumulating fund for the purpose. Instead of paying interest, we would then be drawing some. I don't believe the situation is so far advanced here now that we can safely and with good judgment add so largely to the taxes as this action would compel. We can get along a little longer without a new building, and the lower we keep our taxes the more outside money we are going to be able to attract here for investment. As yet the interest of outside capital has not been so largely regained as to allow us to increase instead of seeking to reduce the tax rate."

HAS SEVERAL.

Locations Offered For Commercial Club---Steel Building Favored.

The committee on incorporation of the Duluth Commercial club and the committee on location, both of which were appointed at the meeting held last Friday evening at the city hall, held a conference in the Torrey building.

The general provisions of the articles of incorporation were agreed upon, and the charter will be obtained as soon as possible. It was decided to advance the annual dues from $18, as first proposed, to $20 a year. The initiation fee was left at $10.

The committee on location reported several places it had investigated. The location that seemed to appeal most strongly to the committees was the top floor of the new steel building at the corner of First street and Third avenue west. It is thought that arrangements can be made for leasing this entire floor at a rental that will make its acceptance feasible. One thing that was determined upon was that the club should have a corner location, because of the better light that would be afforded.

Any Vermonter Will Tell You

THAT SMITH'S GREEN MOUNTAIN RENOVATOR IS THE MOST WONDERFUL CURE THAT WAS EVER COMPOUNDED.

We are sole agents for it, and heartily recommend it.

Vermont people are known the country over as very cautious and conservative, but if you want to see them get enthusiastic, just mention Smith's Green Mountain Renovator to them. They know what it is, what it is good for and what it will do, because they have kept it right in the house for more than twenty-five years.

Any medicine that these people will buy over and over again and keep on buying notwithstanding the alluring advertising of other medicines, must be the best. This is why we have secured the sole agency of Smith's Green Mountain Renovator and so heartily recommend it to our customers.

Everybody needs a blood purifier, nerve tonic and cure for the diseases of the stomach and other organs—not only in the spring, but occasionally all through the year.

If you want to know how it would feel to have every organ, nerve and muscle of the body strengthened and toned up in the fullest pitch and strength of energy, just give this medicine a trial.

It will either do just what we say it will or you can have your money back.

S. F. BOYCE
SOLE AGENT.

LIVE BIRDS.

Humane Agent Withrow's Report on Gun Club Shooting.

The most important action taken yesterday afternoon at the special meeting of the St. Louis County Humane society was a rescinding of the society's former action including Carlton, Lake and Cook counties within its jurisdiction. The constitution requires that the territorial scope of the society shall be St. Louis county alone. The regular monthly meeting was not held yesterday, for the reason that proper notices had not been sent out, but it will be held later in the week.

Humane Agent Withrow had a report to make regarding the live bird shoot recently held on the ice in St. Louis bay at the West End. Mr. Withrow's observations will show that he has taken a practical view of the matter. He will report that nothing brutal took place; that the wounded birds were immediately killed. He does not, however, endorse the sport, and believes that young boys should be kept away because of a demoralizing effect it might have on them. His conclusion is that the organization has other work to do to look after the welfare of helpless and unfortunate women and children, the protection of dumb animals from cruelty and abuse.

NOT ACTIVE.

The Demand For Coal Is Light at Present Time.

The coal men are gentlemen of greater leisure just now than they would prefer to be. The cost of bituminous coal brought here all rail from the mines has practically shut off the demand for it. Only such orders are coming in as cannot be got along without by the consumers.

The anthracite trade is in almost as bad shape. The exceptionally warm weather of the winter has left many consumers with a good supply in their bins, where as with normal winter weather they would have been large buyers by this time. Those that carry only light supplies and are frequent buyers from time to time have not been obliged to patronize the coal offices very often, and just now they are exceptionally light customers. The result is that the coal market locally is pretty nearly stagnant.

Permits In February.

During the month of February the twenty-four building permits issued by Inspector Robinson represented $95,270 of entirely new construction.

A permit has been issued for $8000 repairs to the Dickerman block, on West Michigan street. This building will be occupied by the Hammond Packing company.

L. M. Hiembaugh today took out a permit for a $2000 frame dwelling, on the west side of Mesaba avenue, opposite Munger terrace. Carl Boren took out a permit for a $1000 dwelling in Highland Park.

PLUNGER PENNED.

William C. Wakefield Relegated to a Reformatory.

East Cambridge, Mass., March 6.—William Curtis Wakefield, the young Farmingham financier who cut such a swath in England a short time ago, has been sentenced to the reformatory at Concord. The sentence is indeterminate. Wakefield attempted to lease one of the oldest estates outside of London, to be used during the coronation for entertaining the American representatives. He obtained entree into the best English society. He brought back a newly-wedded wife, who is said to be the daughter of Admiral Seymour. He was arrested on charges of larceny and perjury in connection with companies he had organized.

FOUND IT.

Coffee Was Doing the Work In Good Style.

Members of the same family are affected differently by coffee drinking. One may feel the effect in a disordered stomach, while another may have no trouble with the stomach so far as known, but have palpitation of the heart and finally organic heart disease, or perhaps in another the kidneys may become affected.

As an illustration, a family in Murphysboro, Ill., reports an experience. Mrs. Cole discovered that the sour stomach and nervous restless nights were caused by coffee drinking. Her mother suffered from nervousness when coffee was used, while the brother of the family became a wreck directly from coffee drinking.

Mrs. Cole in her letter says, referring to her brother, "He went from one physician to another and his case puzzled them all until he had tried eleven different physicians. Some thought he had apoplexy, others locomotor ataxia, some advised operations to relieve the pressure at certain points. Altogether his case became so alarming that we were afraid to leave him alone. He frequently fainted away, and was in a most wretched condition.

"Finally one of the physicians suggested that possibly coffee brought on some of the symptoms, so he was persuaded to give up coffee and begin the use of Postum Food Coffee. Then he began to recover, and day by day the old troubles left. Now he has gotten entirely well, has gained about thirty pounds and is the picture of health. Of course he and his family use Postum regularly. He says he would as soon drink a spoonful of poison as of old-fashioned coffee.

"When we first began to make Postum it was boiled but a few minutes, and none of us liked it, but since we began making it properly by having it boil long enough to bring out the flavor we all consider it superior to the old-fashioned coffee. It is delicious when made right, and that is easy.

"A number of our friends have been cured of various ailments by leaving off coffee and using Postum. With Mrs. ——the coffee caused a smothering sensation, bloating and serious trouble with the heart. She has entirely recovered since changing from common coffee to Postum."

CANNOT GET IRON

Building Projects May Be Delayed Because of Its Scarcity.

Special Sizes Cannot Be Had Much Under Year's Time.

One Duluth Building Plan Is Threatened By the Congestion.

The condition of the iron and steel market at the present time presents a puzzling proposition to every new building enterprise of any magnitude. At least one large building project in Duluth is threatened with postponement unless some way can be found to get the necessary iron, and there are others that may be affected.

All of the steel mills are flooded with orders. Structural steel of special kinds, or as they are called "special bills," can only be had after long delay. A short time ago none of the steel companies would promise anything under six months' time. More recently they extended this period to nine months and even a year's time, and now they will not specify any time further than to say that it will be at least "several" months.

No inducement can be offered which will induce them to push an order ahead of its regular turn. When it was definitely settled that the Wolvin building would be built it was supposed that, as it was to be for the occupancy of the steel trust offices in Duluth, a rush order would be filled for the steel. Not so. It had to take its time just as any other order, and it was filled in its regular course. The result has been a delay of several months more than had been anticipated. All of the steel for this building has been turned out now, however, and there will be no further delay.

The Duluth building project that is meeting the effect of the congestion most seriously is the addition to the Panton & White building. The steel in that is a special bill. The only hope is that the sizes required can be picked up somewhere, and the country is being scoured for that purpose. There is some hope that it can be had, but the amount is considerable, as from sixty to eighty tons will be needed.

Not all buildings into the construction of which iron enters will be held up by this condition, however. Iron of "stock" sizes can be had in a few weeks' time, and architects, knowing the situation of affairs, have provided for iron of the sizes carried in stock wherever that has been possible. This has been done in the case of the P. A. Patrick & Co. building, although not a great deal of iron enters into that, for it will be of the mill construction type. Considerable iron will be used in The Herald building, but it is of stock sizes. It is not anticipated that the St. Louis hotel building will be held up either, for the type of construction is such as not to call for special bill iron.

The situation is a discouraging one for those who contemplate the erection of buildings that require iron, but there is no getting around it. Every mill in the country is rushed.

THE DAKOTAS

Miners and Land Seekers Burned By Powder Explosion.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Mandan—Three miners and two Iowa land seekers were severely burned by an explosion in the coal mine near New Salem Wednesday. Arthur Athington and George M. Clark, of Decorah, Iowa, had gone to see the mine and Athington set off a squib to show Clark how it worked. The fire communicated with some powder stored in the mine and exploded, badly injuring the two visitors and three miners. The hands and faces of all were badly burned and serious results are liable to follow in the case of Clark.

Cooperstown—W. A. Baker, one of Griggs county's respected and prosperous farmers, shot himself through the heart with a shotgun Tuesday, in a fit of temporary insanity. He leaves a wife and two daughters.

Fargo—The establishment of the institute for feeble-minded at Grafton will relieve both the school for the deaf and the state asylum. There are several pupils in the deaf institute who should not be there, but were sent because of the failure of the state to provide a more suitable location. In the state asylum are more than 100 patients who are not insane or troublesome, but are too feeble-minded to get along without care.

Jamestown—A 12-year-old boy named Anderson arrived in Jamestown, having made his way on a freight from Driscoll without ticket or money. On Monday telegrams asking about the lad were received from the boys' father, C. T. Anderson, who lives near Driscoll. Anderson first said to hold the boy and finally a telegram was received telling the authorities to let the lad go where he wanted to. The boy is pleased over the outcome and is looking for a job of herding. He had been to school and in the storm was unable to reach his home. He stayed in the schoolhouse until Saturday, and then fearing he would be whipped by his father, started for Driscoll.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Pierre—This city was excited Thursday morning by the finding of the dead body of Fred Martin lying by the railroad track near the East Side station in this city. The cause of death will probably be revealed in part by a coroner's inquest which is being held this afternoon. While foul play is charged by his relatives, the chances are that the death is due to accident as he was known to be hurrying to the East Side station to catch a train. As he was late he probably attempted to board it as it passed him. The charge of foul play is based on the fact of having had trouble with his brother-in-law yesterday about some property. Martin was loading a car of emigrant goods with which he was to leave for Seattle tomorrow. He leaves a wife and one child.

Aberdeen—At a meeting of the Brown county commissioners it was decided to pay a bounty again on gophers the coming year, but the bounty will be paid only thirty days, from April 10 to May 10. It will be 2 cents for each animal killed, the death being evidenced by the presentation of the tails. It is estimated this will cost the county from $2500 to $3000. Last year some of the townships added a bounty of 2 cents, making 4 cents for each gopher.

J. D. Lavin, grand recorder of the A. O. U. W., has figured up the gains in membership made in the order in South Dakota in the past three months, during which there has been a contest with Iowa, and he finds that 1339 have been added, 725 of whom were admitted during February. This gives the South Dakota jurisdiction a total membership at the beginning of March of 13,613. It is believed that South Dakota has won in the contest by a wide margin, though no report has been received from Iowa.

Sioux Falls—The United States authorities in this city have been advised that a smooth imposter recently visited Brokings and vicinity, representing himself to be a deputy collector of internal revenue. He is said to have visited the proprietors of several "blind pigs," who were doing business without having first secured government licenses, compelling them to pay him sums of money under threats of prosecuting them for violating the internal revenue laws if they did not fork over the cash. Whether the imposter victimized keepers of "blind pigs" in other parts of the state is not known. Efforts to locate him or ascertain his identity have proved fruitless.

GIRL WOMEN.

The general standard of measurement for womanhood is "grown-up-ness." When a girl is emancipated from school and arrives at the dignity of trailing skirts and elaborate hair dressing she is looked upon as a young woman. But nature knows nothing of such standards. When the womanly function is established womanhood is attained according to her standards, and there is need of womanly care and caution. It is girlish ignorance or neglect at this critical time which often results in long years of after misery.



Mothers who perceive the evidences of functional derangement in young girls should promptly have them begin the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It establishes regularity, tranquilizes the nerves and tones up the whole system.

"My troubles started during my girlhood," writes Miss Flora I. Greer, of 107 Howe Street, Akron, O., "but did not prove serious until 1893. From that time I did not see a well day. I suffered at every monthly period with terrible headache, irritation of the spine and pains in my heels. I had soreness through my hips and ovaries all the time and constant backache. One doctor would tell me one thing ailed me, another would say something altogether different, but they only relieved me. I then wrote you and followed your advice. I took five bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, four of 'Golden Medical Discovery' and five vials of 'Pellets.' Have not had a single symptom of my old trouble so far. Can sleep good, work hard, and eat solid and substantial food without distress."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cleanse the bowels and stimulate the sluggish liver.

Remember our Mail Order Department

PANTON WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
DULUTH, MINNESOTA.

Bargain Friday

WE ACTUALLY pay you to come out and trade on Bargain Fridays. We are naming such unusual prices, that you can not resist purchasing. Such sensational pricing makes Friday an event of a busy week.

Fountain Syringe—Albion Fountain Syringe, 3 quart, 6 hard rubber tubes in handsome wood box, regular price $1.50—like cut—Bargain Friday **98c**



MALTED MILK—Regular $1.00 size, Bargain Friday you can buy it here at only— **75c**

Petticoat Sale — At 99c we offer Black Mercerized Satin Underskirts, made with the accordeon pleated flounce and under ruffle—a regular $1.50 value—Bargain Friday— at **98c**

Domet Flannels—Remnants of 27-inch Domet Flannels, extra heavy—worth 10c—Bargain Friday at **5½c**

Women's Shoes — Women's Lace Shoes, new spring goods, patent tips and military heels, all sizes and widths—special Bargain Friday—at **$1.38**

Black Taffeta—19-inch all silk black Taffeta, 50c quality — Bargain Friday only — as many yards as you want at—per yard **39c**

Wall Papers—New Spring Wall Papers—fresh arrivals—thousands of beautiful new patterns—Friday we offer one of the choicest patterns among them, in a dark gold hanging, worth 18c, at the remarkably low price of **12c**

Smyrna Rugs—50 reversible Smyrna Rugs, 30x60 inches, regular $1.25 value—Bargain Friday **95c**

Curtain Scrim—1000 yards Curtain Scrim, 36 inches wide, worth 10c a yard—Bargain Friday only **3c**

Boys' Heavy Weight in Ribbed Cotton Hose, also fleece lined, sizes 6 to 10, excellent value for boys and girls—per pair ..... 29 and **19c**

Notion Department---Improved Hooks and Eyes—sold by us regularly at 3c a card, a good quality—Bargain Friday at **1c**

Pillow Cases—45 x 36 inch Pillow Cases, hemstitched, made by the Defender Manufacturing Co., worth 20c, Bargain Friday at—each **15c**

Boys' Shoes—Little Gents' Mannish shape shoes, in sizes to 12½, extra good wearing shoes—special—Bargain Friday at **$1.15**

Wash Goods—12½c Crepons—our entire line, about 25 pieces, Bargain Friday at—per yard **7c**

Ladies' Kid Gloves—An extra special sale of Ladies' Kid Gloves—two-clasp, broken sizes—some are slightly soiled from handling. These gloves have been selling all along at 69c, 89c and $1.00 per pair — black and colors — marked down tomorrow for the first time to **25c**

Smyrna Rugs—50 reversible Smyrna Rugs—36x72 inches, usual price $1.95, selling Bargain Friday—only **$1.45**

Children's Black Cotton Hose, fleece lined, all sizes—worth 25c—pair **15c**
2 pairs for 25c.

Children's Black Ribbed Wool Hose, all sizes, fast colors, worth 25c—pair **15c**
2 pairs for 25c.

TO ST. PAUL.

W. M. Stephenson of Wisconsin Central Gets Promotion.

General Agent W. M. Stephenson of the Wisconsin Central received a telegram from the general offices late yesterday afternoon offering him the general agency at St. Paul. It was the first intimation that he had received that he had been considered for the place, or that a change had been contemplated. It is said that General Agent Johnson at St. Paul has been transferred to a good position in the operating department.

Mr. Stephenson had been doing business with Duluth shippers since early in the '90s, and was appointed general agent here in 1897. He came to the Wisconsin Central from the Louisville & Nashville. He is especially popular with shippers, and is considered a first class traffic man.

It is believed by railroad men that Traveling Freight Agent Bryan, whose present territory is in Michigan, will succeed Mr. Stephenson here.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink

ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.

Sold in Duluth at the

IDEAL BEER HALL.

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AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

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It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both OLD and NEW addresses.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), March 6.—It is somewhat colder over the South Atlantic states and the Northwest, and warmer in the western lake region. Mild temperatures are the general rule. The high pressure central Wednesday morning over the Texas panhandle has moved to the Lower Mississippi valley. The North Pacific "low" has remained about stationary, but it has developed considerable strength in the past twenty-four hours. Light to heavy falls of rain or snow occurred over the Upper Ohio valley, North Atlantic states, the region north of Montana and over Pacific coast states.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	36	Marquette	28
Battleford	2	Medicine Hat	14
Bismarck	16	Memphis	36
Boston	28	Miles City	24
Buffalo	24	Milwaukee	34
Calgary	6	Minnedosa	2
Charleston	36	Modena	22
Chicago	32	Montgomery	36
Cincinnati	28	Moorhead	22
Davenport	32	New Orleans	42
Denver	30	New York	28
Detroit	26	North Platte	22
Dodge City	28	Oklahoma	32
Duluth	28	Omaha	28
Edmonton	2	Pittsburg	18
El Paso	26	Port Arthur	2
Escanaba	28	Portland	40
Galveston	40	Qu'Appelle	4
Green Bay	30	San Francisco	44
Havre	22	Santa Fe	32
Helena	28	Shreveport	34
Houghton	8	Spokane	36
Huron	24	St. Louis	32
Jacksonville	36	St. Paul	32
Kamloops	30	Sault Ste. Marie	25
Kansas City	36	Swift Current	10
Knoxville	24	Washington	36
La Crosse	24	Williston	10
Lander	18	Winnemucca	32
Los Angeles	46	Winnipeg	4

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Increasing cloudiness with possibly rain or snow tonight and Friday. Slight changes in temperature. Fresh northerly and easterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, March 6.—State forecasts for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. Friday: For Minnesota—Partly cloudy tonight and Friday with possibly rain or snow. Variable winds.

Wisconsin—Partly cloudy tonight and Friday with possibly rain or snow in the north portion.

The Dakotas—Threatening tonight and Friday with probably rain or snow.

The Tariff On Works of Art.

An argument in behalf of the repeal of the tariff on works of art has been sent out by a number of New York artists. The signers include La Farge, Abbey, Chase, Dielman, Blashfield, Coffin, J. G. Brown, Thomas Eakins, J. W. Alexander, J. Alden Weir, Childe Hassam, H. S. Mowbray, Carroll Beckwith. There is no argument on the other side, but there have been heretofore a number of cheap-art corporations which have been able in some mysterious fashion to supply the lack of argument by other considerations potent enough to keep the tariff on, and in fact to get it replaced in that elegant job, the Dingley tariff, after congress had in a fit of decency removed it. The plea of "protection" for real artists was knocked out of court years ago by the unanimous action of painters and sculptors and all concerned, agreeing that they need no protection. The present manifesto of the artists says: "We would willingly see the total abolition of any tax whatever upon the importation of works of art;" but all they now ask for is the placing on the free list "all works of art created fifty years before the date of importation." The Springfield Republican suggests that perhaps the New Jersey importers of fine statuary will object to this.

Is Not "In Restraint of Trade."

There is a well defined opinion on the part of the ablest lawyers that the suit to be filed by Attorney General Knox against the Western Securities company, will not hold good. In other words it will prove ineffective and will finally be dismissed by the supreme court, as was the attempted suit of Minnesota. Among those who are of this opinion are members of the interstate commerce commission. Probably none of the government officials are half as well posted on the details of the big railroad merger controlled by Mr. Hill as are the members of the interstate commerce commission. Messrs. Hill, Harriman, Harris and the other magnates appeared before the commission and answered all questions that were asked of them. No attempt was made to conceal information, and the commissioners met with no refusals to tell of the plans of the syndicate. Consequently every member of the commission obtained all the facts that were wanted, and returned to Washington with a full knowledge of all that was accomplished when the stocks of the Burlington, Great Northern and Northern Pacific were merged into those of the Northern Securities company. The members of the commission who believe the present suit will be fruitless take the position that this case is identical with that of the sugar trust, which the supreme court held did not constitute a violation of the law. They aver that the court will hold that a trust was not formed when the Northern Securities company bought up the three railroads. They think there is a vast difference between the voluntary selling out of one road to a corporation or to an individual, and the joint agreement between a group of railroads to operate together on a trust plan. Consequently they believe that the supreme court, before which the case will eventually come, will order the suit of the attorney general to be dismissed. It has also developed that the Securities company is in possession of about 98 per cent of the Northern Pacific stock, but it owns less than 40 per cent of the Great Northern shares. It cannot therefore be regarded as the directing force in the latter company and cannot be regarded as "in restraint of trade."

GREAT POWER PLANTS.

With single dynamos capable of producing more power than is generated in the entire plants of many of the larger cities, the power plants of the future are destined to be nothing short of miraculous. Development in the manufacture of electric generators has been wonderful in the past few years, and when the Highland Canal and Power company is ready to install its plant in this city, it will be able to utilize machines the like of which were unheard of three or four years ago.

When the project for the development of the power of Niagara falls was undertaken, all previous efforts of electrical engineers were far outdone. It had been found possible at that time to build electric generators which would deliver an output of 1500 horse power, and it was said that possibly it would be practical to increase the size of generators to 2500 horse power. The Niagara Falls Power company undertook building, installing and putting into successful operation dynamos of 5000 horse power size. It was then thought that the limit in development of electric machinery had been reached, at least for this generation. The plant at Niagara, with its mammoth units of energy, was considered one of the industrial wonders of the world, and excited as much interest among visiting scientists from this and other countries as the spectacle of the great Niagara falls itself. There have been a number of immense electrical plants built since then in various parts of the country, and the Niagara plant has been increased in size.

But the enormous generators first built there remained up to a short time ago as the limit of electrical development. Now the Niagara falls plant is about to be outdone. The Niagara Falls Power company, through its affiliated concern, the Canadian Niagara Power company, has undertaken to build a plant on the Canadian side of the falls which will be as far ahead of the present plant as the latter outdistanced all others. In the new plant, which is expected to have an output of 200,000 horse power or more within a few years, it is planned to install electrical generators which will each have a capacity of 10,000 horse power, and contracts have already been let to an American company for building them. These new dynamos are to be the industrial wonder of the day. Each of them is to be capable of producing as much power as is used to run a trans-Atlantic steamer. The company which is to establish a plant in this city will have the advantage of all these improvements and more, for the limit of electrical development has not been reached, and it will be enabled to equip a plant second to none in the world.

THE WORK OF CONGRESS.

The house of representatives at Washinton has made an unusually good record for the three months that it has been in session. The passage of the big money bills is an important factor and five of the measures have already been passed, including the Indian bill, carrying $8,00,000; the urgent deficiency bill, carrying $20,000,000; the legislative bill, carrying $25,000,000, and the diplomatic and consular bill, carrying $2,000,000. Three of these bills, the Indian, pension and legislative, have passed the senate as well as the house and are laws.

Chairman Cannon's committee has four other money bills to frame and present to the house, as follows: The sundry civil, fortifications, District of Columbia and general deficiency. Work is now going on with the sundry civil bill, and after this is out of the way the committee will take up the fortifications and then the District of Columbia bill. The general deficiency will be the last to engage the committee's attention, and when the committee begins to get the items ready for that measure, it is a sure sign that the adjournment of congress is not far off. This is always left till the last days of the session, in order that provision may be made in it for all odds and ends that escaped consideration up to that time.

Several other committees have charge of appropriation measures. The postoffice bill has already been reported and is now on the calendar waiting for a time when it can be considered. It carries a total of $137,000,000. The military committee is working on an appropriation bill for the support of the army during the coming year, and on a similar bill for the maintenance of the military academy. Chairman Burton of the rivers and harbors committee has practically concluded his measure and it will be laid before the house very soon. It will provide for the expenditure of a large sum of money, probably as much as $55,000,000. Chairman Foss of the naval committee has been delayed by various reasons from working steadily on the naval bill, and it will not be reported to the house for probably three weeks or a month. Much important legislation has had to stand aside and give the appropriation bills the right of way. But when it is realized that the house has passed a war tax repeal bill and a tariff bill for the Philippines, in addition to a host of other measures of minor importance, it will be seen that no time has been wasted. Chairman Ray of the judciary committee has several bills of much moment that he is anxious to have taken up as soon as the house can give time to their consideration. Among these is the bill to exclude anarchists from the United States and to provide proper punishment for assaults upon the president.

As a whole the progress made by the house is most satisfactory and the members and Speaker Henderson are to be congratulated.

SHOULD BE STOPPED.

There will be rejoicing by humane people everywhere that the legislature of New York has passed a law prohibiting the so-called sport of pigeon shooting. The law was passed by large majorities in both houses, and it is given out that Governor Odell will sign it.

The action taken by New York should be followed by Minnesota and all the other states in the Union. These pigeon shoots, at which thousands of domesticated birds are killed and maimed, have long been without excuse. The invention of the clay pigeon with its "trap" affords all the practice needed in marksmanship of this character. The slaughter of living birds by the methods used in these shoots only gratifies a morbid taste and shocks the right-thinking members of the community. This victory for humanity in New York should be the signal to put a stop to it everywhere.

A regular meeting of the council of the Minnesota Historical society will be held at the state capitol, St. Paul, next Monday evening, and an interating paper will be presented by the secretary, Warren Upham. It is entitled, "The Second Expedition of Groselliers and Radisson to Minnesota, 1659-60." In his expedition these explorers and traders passed along the south shore of Lake Superior to Chequamegon bay, and thence went south and west into Wisconsin and Minnesota. The localities of their starvation and the later great feast and council with the Sioux are thought to have been near Knife lake in Kanabec county, Minnesota. In their ensuing journey to the Prairie Sioux they probably passed the sites of Minneapolis and St. Paul. After returning to Chequamegon bay, they crossed the west end of Lake Superior to its north shore.

There is much in the way a thing is phrased. Thus Governor Taft said, the other day, in outlining the policy of the government in repressing the natives of the Philippines: "We propose to do all that we can do that is known to civilized nations to put down this war, which is such a great injury to the Philippine people." Put that way, it has really nice sound, says the Springfield Republican. "All that is known to civilized nations." It brings up wireless telegraphy, trolly cars, the X-ray, the quintessence of scientific knowledge. Now, if it had been said, we propose to go just as far as the public opinion of civilized nations will stand, in the way of cruelty and repression, the effect would have been quite spoiled. The water cure, by the way, is not known, officially at least, to civilized nations.

Actors do not often offend in the matter of attire, whatever the shortcomings of the sisters of the stage. However, it is said that the censors of London have interfered with Beerbohm Tree's new play, "Ulysses," and compelled Mr. Tree and some of the "supers," who have been appearing with bare arms and legs, to cover them up. The Montreal Star says that things have come to a pretty pass when a Tree must wear clothing on its limbs.

Miss Augusta Sohmer, of Hackensack, N. J., would not turn away her suitor, whose only crime was that he had lost one leg in the service of his country, and so she ran away with him and married him, though her parents objected to the match. A one-legged hero is better than a two-legged skulk.

Senator Hoar received word the other day that a friend who had been supposed to have appendicitis was suffering not from that ailment but from acute indigestion. That is liable to be about the size of it in many other cases. The appendicitis fad is much overdone.

G. Stanley Hall, president of Clark university, Worcester, Mass., says that the Latin and Green taught in the high school are "baby Latin and Greek" and "sanctified relics." Many educators think likewise.

They say that all Kubelik, the wonderful young violinist, needs to perfect his art is to have his heart broken. He should have extended his trip to Duluth and given the girls here a chance to perform that service.

The gall of the Tennessee photographer who five times asked the patient German prince to change position will be something for Henry to tell about when he describes the Americans to his countrymen.

There are 16,000 famine children of India under the care of American missionaries. This is a noble work, but why does not John Bull carry his own white man's burden?

Another cargo of mules has left New Orleans for South Africa and thus the United States continues to aid the British in their campaign against Boer independence.

Page Morris called on the president yesterday and told him how the Cuban question should be adjusted. And of course that settled it.

The Minnesota legislature should not adjourn without appropriating $150,000 for a state exhibit at the St. Louis exposition.

It is not surprising to learn that Prince Henry is fatigued by his starring tour through the country at a breakneck gait.

When Maj. Gasser returns to Duluth there will be a rush "to shake the hand that shook the hand" of Prince Henry.

And now they are talking of making food from wood. That should have some effect on the bread bills.

When the $80,000,000 starch trust gets down to business there will be a stiffening of prices.

Wireless telegraphy may be established on the great lakes during the coming summer.

Between fire and flood, Paterson, N. J., is having a tough experience this year.

It is evident that Prince Henry is an expert in the courteous art of "jollying."

The March lion seems to be very tame this year.

An Expensive Kicker.

Washington Post: The fastidious St. Louis street car conductor who refused to accept a nickel from a passenger because its fact was worn is proving quite an expensive luxury for his employers. The United States courts may be depended upon to uphold any sort of money Uncle Sam may choose to keep in circulation.

THOUGHTS THAT TICKLE.

Yonkers Statesman: "It seems a bit queer," remarked the Observer of Events and Things, "that it is not until a political meeting is called to order that the disorder really begins."

Detroit Free Press: Polly—Pa, don't you think I will be a success in business life?

Pa—No, Polly, not unless you get a situation where you can boss the boss.

Boston Transcript: Grimes—I wonder Tom should marry a woman several years older than himself.

Uncle George—Oh, that's all right. It won't be long before she is younger than he. There's something peculiar about women's ages.

Washington Star: "I suppose you read a great deal," said the young woman.

"Yes, indeed," answered the young member of congress. "I make it a point to read every one of my own speeches as soon as they come from the typewriter."

Philadelphia Press: Slopay — Hello! Where did you get your new suit?

Snappe—Bought it.

Slopay—O! you needn't be afraid to tell me your tailor's name. I wouldn't go to him.

Snappe—I'm not afraid of that. He does a strictly cash business.

Judge. The Damsel—Oh, Harold, I've been so frightened for you. Papa has bought a great, big, savage bulldog, and—"

The Swain—That's all right, darling; I've bought a dog, too. He will endeavor to keep your father's dog busy while you and I saunter down to the parsonage.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Mrs. Biffler has a new name for her husband. She calls him 'the senior officer of the squadron.' She got the idea from the president's report on the Schley appeal."

"But what does the title mean?"

"Simply that the 'senior officer of the squadron' is a person that nobody thinks of obeying."

BEFORE THE GATE.

They gave the whole long day to idle laughter,
To flirting and jest,
To moods of sobriness as idle, after,
And silence, as idle too as the rest.

But when at least upon their way returning,
Taciturn, late and loath,
Through the broad meadow in the sunset burning
They reached the gate, one fine spell hindered both.

Her heart was troubled with a subtle anguish
Such as but women know.
That wait, and lest love speak or speak not, languish,
And what they would, would rather they would not so;

Till he said—man-like nothing comprehending
Of all the wondrous guile
That women won win themselves with, bending
Eyes of relentless asking on her the while—

"Ah, if beyond this gate the path united
Our steps as far as death,
And I might open it!—" His voice, affrighted
At his own daring, faltered under his breath.

Then she—whom both his faith and fear enchanted
Far beyond words to tell,
Feeling her woman's finest wit had wanted
The art he had that knew to blunder so well—

Slyly drew near, a little step, and mocking
"Shall we not be too late
For tea?" she said, "I'm quite worn out with walking;
Yes, thanks, your arm. And will you—open the gate?"

—WILLIAM DEAN HOWELLS.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Set a woman to catch a woman.

It is better to have wed and been divorced than never to have wed at all.

Saint or devil, you must feel reverence for a woman with a babe on her breast.

The time to retire from business depends not so much on your age as your dollars.

Nothing makes a woman so happy as for you to remember the time when she was a little thing with long, curly hair.

The man who borrows money is like the boy who slides down the banisters; he comes down fast, but it is a slow climb getting up again.

The real meaning of competition is that somebody is after your scalp and you are trying to keep him from getting it.

A man who wouldn't kiss a pretty girl if he got the chance wouldn't take a peep into heaven if somebody left the gates open.

No woman would smuggle unless she were coming back from Europe.

Women will never understand that to a man a woman's gown looks pretty if she does, but that if she doesn't he can't see anything pretty in the gown.

Henry's Busy Days.

They whirl him round the cheering town,
They race him madly up and down;
They lunch him here and gorge him there,
They beer and wine him everywhere.
They sing at him for weary hours,
They trot him under flowery bowers;
From morn 'till night they're on the go,
From noon till night, from show to show.
And when another day is past
No doubt he groans "This cannot last."

—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Her New Perfume.

When Tillie used to cross my path,
Afoot, or riding on a wheel,
Her passing by an aftermath,
A breath o violets, would reveal.

But in her auto, she, tonight,
So fast that it could not be seen.
Rushed by me; and though failed, my sight,
I knew she passed—by gasoline.

—Life.

A native of distant St. Croix

Our New Islands.

Hailed a ship with the cry, "Ship ahoix!
Has U. Sam bought this isle?"
The reply: "I should smile."
Set that native to dancing with joix.

—Philadelphia Press.

Diplomatic Courtesies.

Springfield, Mass., Republican: It is reported that Russia has promptly informed the state department that Americans need not be anxious concerning Manchuria. Just how much this relieves Mr. Hay's feelings may not be known, but it is probably true that all this country may fairly ask for can be had without difficulty, particularly if our government continues to indulge in no threats against the one great power whose military position in Northern and Eastern Asia is impregnable.

Jersey Rises to Reform.

Baltimore American: A bill passed the New Jersey legislature appropriating $10,000 for the extermination of the mosquito. Now it is time for the rest of the country to look on and learn how to accomplish the feat at New Jersey's expense. There are some, however, who have faith that the mosquito will outlive the appropriation.

A Touch of Strenuous Life.

Cleveland Leader: Prince Henry is to be rushed about the country at a pace which may give him only confused notions of America, but will surely impress him with a vivid sense of the high tension in American life.

A Fatal Demonstration.

Washington Post: By losing two officers and ten men and having forty men wounded in a vain effort to bag one Boer private, Gen. Kitchener succeeds admirably in demonstrating why he needs such a large force in South Africa.

Chatter of The Street

A couple of days ago a well dressed man, who was evidently not familiar with the double truck cars on the interstate line, boarded a car in West Superior and came over to Duluth. He seemed to enjoy the ride and watched curiously the opening and shutting of the gates when passengers got on and on the car.

Shortly after the car had reached West Superior street the stranger decided that he wished to leave. Instead of pressing the electric button, or giving the conductor a signal, his gaze wandered about the car till he spied one of the straps hanging from the rail at the top of the car used as a means of support for passengers when standing. The man reached up and gave the strap a little pull. The car did not top and presently he reached up and pulled a little harder. He got uneasy as the car began to slide by block after block and gave the strap several hard yanks.

The conductor had been taking in the situation and made up his mind that the passenger would get hold of the bell rope next time so he took in all the slack and hauled the rope taut. Sure enough, the rope was tried next and for several moments the passenger pulled on the cord, but the car went on.

The conductor began to get nervous when the man fixed his gaze on the bell cord to the register, so he stepped inside the car and asked the passenger what was troubling him, remarking that if he wished to get off it was a wonder he would not signal the conductor instead of trying to tear the car to pieces. The passenger pleaded ignorance of street car customs at the head of the lake and declared: "Why that's the way we do at Ashland."

* * *

H. W. Richardson, local forecaster of the weather bureau, and H. L. Shepherd, of the United States land office, are the only two Duluthians that enjoy the distinction of belonging to a fishing club of Columbus, Ohio, called the "Walton Ikes." The club is made up of some of the prominent people of that city. Occasionally the club gives banquets to which invitations are very much coveted by outsiders. In the vernacular of the organization, Mr. Richardson is officially known as "Soft Foot" and Mr. Shepherd as "Pussy Foot."

Yesterday these gentlemen received invitations to a club spread. The invitations were handsomely engraved and read as follows:

"Fish Ball and Fly lunch, given to Walton Ikes at Schenck's Wigwam, Thursday evening, March 6, Columbus, Ohio."

Neither Mr. Richardson nor Mr. Shepherd was able to leave the city to attend the affair, but Mr. Richardson has responded with a letter of regret, written in the Indian vernacular used by the club.

AT THE HOTELS

"We are looking for quite an extensive building season in all principal Northwestern cities," said Walter Butler, who came up from St. Paul this morning, and is at the Spalding. "In the Twin Cities there will be considerable in the way of building, both in the business and residence districts. No, I hardly think the Northern Pacific has quite decided just what part of its plans it will carry out here this season. Contractors are looking for some news soon, but I doubt if quite as much work will be done this season as the newspapers have reported. The steel market is in much the same condition as it was last season, only a little more serious. However, we expect to get all the steel we shall need for reasonable delivery. We shall have the exterior of the state capitol completed in about thirty days. It is pretty well done now, with the exception of the steps. I don't understand that a contract has been let for the interior, as yet."

* * *

A few days ago "L. C. Kleinert, Deer River," was registered at the McKay. Yesterday J. T. Girard, also of Deer River, arrived at the hotel, and a little later "J. T. Girard and wife, Deer River," appeared on the register. They had been quietly married in the presence of the bride's sister and a few friends. Mr. Girard represents the Duluth Brewing company at Deer River.

* * *

A party of five Koochiching people arrived at the St. Louis this morning. It was composed of J. Cole Daughty, W. E. White, George O. Schlitz, W. B. Neal and J. B. Hudson. They reported that the town up on the border is quite active this winter, largely as the result of extensive lumbering operations in that vicinity and in anticipation of the completion of the Duluth, Virginia & Rainy Lake road this season.

* * *

Somebody gave W. S. Taylor the impression that a cold wave was raging in Duluth before he started up from Appleton, and he came up accoutered with a buffalo coat. If he could run across his informant around the Spalding there might have to be explanations or a meeting according to the code.

* * *

P. A. Smith, of the Rat Portage Lumber company, arrived at the St. Louis this morning.

* * *

H. A. Tuttle, superintendent of the North American Telegraph company, came up from St. Paul this morning, and is at the Spalding.

* * *

W. F. Sims, of Grand Rapids, is at the McKay today. It is said that he will be interested in a new business enterprise soon to be launched in Duluth.

* * *

W. B. McEwen, of Crystal Falls, Mich., is a guest at the Spalding.

* * *

John R. Kellogg, P. F. Kellogg, New York; J. O. Quigg, Deer River; William Colquist, Minneapolis; George P. DeLong, Hudson; J. P. Anderson, St. Paul; Emil Anderson, Hibbing; John Cortes, D. N. Freeman, St. Cloud, and Charles Parmelee, Virginia, are at the St. Louis.

* * *

A. A. Brooks, Eau Claire; H. Kolb, Chippewa Falls; Thomas W. Bell, St. Paul; C. S. Cowles, St. Paul; F. C. Chambers, Minneapolis; Carl Stelton, Ely, and Fred J. Chamberlain, Pullyup, Wash., are at the McKay.

* * *

C. M. Clark, George A. Brown, Chicago; F. E. Showerman, Detroit; George W. Griffith, St. Louis; P. F. Hare, Baltimore; W. R. Cairns, Milwaukee; William O. Van Biarcom, New York; Joel McKee, St. Paul; Charles Lee Massey, Dayton, Ohio; T. J. McDonough, Chicago, and George Haubert, St. Louis, are at the Spalding.

The Price of Promotion.

March Success: If those who are not succeeding in proportion to the amount of effort they exert would examine themselves closely, they would find, as a rule, that their locomotives are off the track. Not realizing where, or what the trouble is, they merely intensify it by putting on more steam, and, the more they put on, the deeper they sink into the mud and the harder it is to move. If they would stop long enough to examine their machinery intelligently and make a thorough investigation of the causes that prevent its working properly, they would probably succeed in getting their locomotives on the right track before they waste all their steam plowing in the sand and mud. Even if they do not discover, until after middle life, the secret of their failure to get on, they may ultimately reach their destination.

Teaching the Filipinos.

Philadelphia Record: Another contingent of 200 teachers, men and women, has been sent to the Philippines to educate the natives in the American fashion. Governor General Taft says that this is the first step in the process of "benevolent assimilation;" but there is reason to fear that it will require a very large constabulary force to drive the truants to school.

Back From The Grave

By Walter B. Graham.

(Copyright, 1902, by W. R. Hearst.)

Although a total stranger to New York I felt that I knew a few things about the city as I stepped from the Twenty-third street ferry and looked around me. I knew that here was the home of the Goddess of Liberty, and the Bowery and Coney Island and a number of other national institutions. But why ponder when I wanted a hotel. I thought of the Astor House, and knowing of none better, I inquired the direction of that famous hostelry and arranged to spend the night there.

It must have been after midnight when I went to my room. In the meantime I had arranged to stay a week at this place, as I thought it might require that much time to secure a suitable rooming place, for I was preparing to enter Columbia university. I was tired. I had come to New York on a day's notice, and had been so busy arranging a few affairs in Washington, where I was temporarily staying, that I had slept little the previous night. The moment my head touched the pillow I was asleep, and I was dead to the world. It must have been 8 o'clock in the morning—the time for which I had arranged to get up—that I heard a call. I started to jump out of bed, but for some reason I could not move. For a moment I thought it was probably a dream—a nightmare. But it seemed too real. Not a muscle would move. My eyes remained closed, and it seemed that I did not even breathe.

I do not know how long I remained in this suspense, hardly daring to think whether I was dreaming or awake, when there came another call. This time the door was tried, but was locked on the inside. Something must be wrong. Help was called. The transom was opened, and I heard a man's voice say: "He's blown out the gas." Perhaps I did, but I think not. However, I seemed to be suffering from its effects. All this time I was doing my utmost to escape from my dilemma. I felt all right with the exception that my motory nerves refused to act. A physician was called and he pronounced me dead since 1 o'clock.

He made no effort to revive me, as hope was long gone. I was in a terrible mental agony. I struggled to produce some slight sign of life. I prayed that some one would strike me or let me fall, and perhaps my lungs would force the gas out and I would breathe. But the greatest of care was taken. Efforts to identify me were fruitless.

I had registered from Washington, which was not my home, and no trace of me could be found there. Unclaimed I was taken to the morgue. It must have been a million years that I was there, it seemed. I had ceased to feel. I could only think. I wonder why I did not go mad. Perhaps I was so.

People came to identify me. I heard them talk, but none knew me. At last came the turn of the undertaker. I knew the preparations that were being made. They were few. I was placed in a long pine box and taxen away. But it seems that the man having the contract for burying the unclaimed dead gets so much per person.

This is not conducive to a lengthy funeral. On the contrary I felt that I was being carried through the streets almost at a gallop. This high rate of speed over the cobblestones shook me from side to side in my narrow box. At times I was almost crushed. But what I had long hoped for came to pass. The gas was being forced from my lungs and I was beginning to breathe.

But by the time we had reached the cemetery I was still too weak to make an outcry. I was lowered into the ground. I reached the bottom of the grave. I could hear the clods of earth rattle above me. Then a dull rumbling and all was silent.

All hope was past!

I was alive. I was growing stronger, but it was only a question of a few hours until I would breathe normally and then suffocate. I was beginning to move about in my narrow prison. I tried to force the lid off. I beat the sides. I was in despair.

I seemed to be dozing away in a last sleep when I heard a scratching above me. Could it be assistance? I hardly dared to hope. Soon the cover of the box was torn off and two hands grasped my shoulders and dragged me out to the open air. I was now thoroughly restored, but hardly able to move as a result of my awful experience. I saw that it was night.

My rescuers, who proved to be medical students, carried me to a closed carriage. I was thrown into a corner and back to town we hurried. I made no sign of life. In the first place I was too weak, and in the second place I was afraid, thinking that my rescuers might do something desperate to me through fright.

This was no place for me. I got up. I put on the janitor's hat, coat and boots, and unbarring a back door found my way to the street through an areaway.

But still I knew no more about the city than on the night of my arrival. Instinctively I thought of the Pilot House. Inquiring the way I hurried thither. It was early in the morning. The dawn was just beginning to appear. As I stepped up to the desk the few people in the lobby looked at me with a strange curiosity. The clerk I had never seen before. I asked him for the keys to room No. —.

The room was already occupied. But I had ordered it for a week, and what date was this? Only five days had elapsed. I told him that I had ordered the room on a certain day, "You are mistaken," he replied, "the man who ordered this room on that day was buried yesterday."

"But I am the man," I returned.

This precipitated a dispute which waxed warmer and warmer. A crowd gathered and efforts were being made to put me out as insane. Then I told my experience as I write it here.

Just as I had finished a bellboy came running to the desk shouting: "There's a man on the top floor who smells gas." At this juncture the hotel detective, who knows human nature like a book, appeared and said: "Tell him the gas is harmless. It's only a man from Chicago talking down here."

Heeding a Costly Lesson.

Buffalo Express: Surely no labor organization so much needs to make arrangements to avoid strikes as does the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers. Therefore, it is gratifying to know that this body has entered into an agreement with one of the large independent steel companies not to strike next summer, even though there should be a dispute as to the wages due. The lesson learned by this body last year should be remembered for a long time.

Enjoying the Pleasures of Life.

Boston Transcript: Notwithstanding his immense strength and his fine health, Sandow does not believe that the chief end of man is to mortify his flesh. On the contrary, he says: "I believe in temperance in all things, but in order to become strong it does not mean that one must forego the common pleasures of life. Personally I always enjoy them." Right upon top of this utterance comes a story from Utica, N. Y., about one John Barlow, of Oak Ridge, who has reached the ripe age of 107 years without ever having had to consult doctor or dentist, notwithstanding that he has drunk liquor and chewed and smoked tobacco nearly all of his life. He has been married four times and is now paying attention to a young widow of 97. Strong men and old men who refuse to square themselves with generally accepted theories are terribly annoying creatures.

High Value of Children.

Louisville Courier-Journal: A Chicago washerwoman who works hard to feed and clothe her small children has refused an offer of $5000 for one of them and says she would refuse $1,000,000. This will probably throw Miss Susan Anthony into another tantrum.

Disrespect For Wills.

Brooklyn Eagle: Another poor fellow is not allowed to leave his property as he wanted to. He and no wife or children and willed his estate to children of his acquaintance. Up rise fifty-four cousins, demanding that the plunder be turned over to them. Up rises not one public officer to urge that the will be respected.

No More Amateurs For Him.

Washington Post: Mr. Tillman is now in that class where he will be able to demand that all comers go off and get a reputation before he will consent to fight again.

....AN....
INSPECTION

Of our show window this week will convince you that we have a most complete assortment of rubber goods.

We are offering extraordinary values in hot water bags, new models, hot water bottles, fountain syringes, chair and seat cushions, all sizes, fancy pillows, which are excellent when traveling, etc., a full line of surgeons' supplies; everything in rubber goods carried by a first-class drug store.

Our want is to supply you with the best goods, and to provide them at a reasonable price.

S. F. BOYCE,
DRUGGIST,
Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

IN MICHIGAN.

Escanaba Man Drank Ammonia Instead of Seltzer Water.

Escanaba—Louis Martin, a Ludington street saloon keeper, has come within an ace of losing his life as a result of drinking ammonia for a "wash." Martin's partner had been cleaning the windows, and by mistake put the bottle of ammonia alongside a bottle of seltzer, hence the dose which nearly had serious consequences. Physicians worked over Martin for some time before affording relief. A similar case is reported from Menominee, where John Barley, while looking for a drink in the dark, drank some liniment. The doctor summoned arrived in time to prevent fatal results.

James Van Orden, a homesteader, residing in Breitung township, has brought the pelts of three wolves and two wild cats to the court house. The bounty is $5 and the skins will bring the hunter $15 more.

Following the recent reform orders to the saloons, the sheriff has now served notice on the gamblers who have been making this city their headquarters that they must forthwith leave town. All slot machines have been suppressed, and the authorities, under instructions from Judge Stone, are determined that no gambling in any form be permitted here.

At the special election the plan to issue $60,000 of bonds for the improvement of city plants and to redeem outstanding bonds was voted down. The plants will revert to the original owners or be sold to the highest bidder.

Menominee—Albert Anderson, employed at a logging camp near Ingalls, while riding in a sleigh, attempted to raise himself from a sitting posture by the aid of a loaded gun, placing his hand over the muzzle. The weapon was discharged, blowing off the thumb and injuring the hand so that amputation will probably be necessary.

George and Bernard Hopp, two boys of Door county, Wis., were recently frightened by what they claim to be a genuine wild man. They were hauling wood at the time and say that suddenly a strange-looking being, covered with long, shaggy hair, appeared before them, and they immediately took to their heels. Others in that part of the country have seen the strange being, and Gottfried Hopp, father of the boys, bears them out in their statements. It is thought that the man may be some demented person who has been wandering in the woods for a long time.

Ironwood—Fifteen aggrieved residents of the city appeared in Justice Johnson's office Wednesday to witness the prosecution of one Thorpe and John C. Spencer, charged with stealing and concealing chickens. It was after an exceptionally heavy haul on the henhouse of Mike Leselyong that he entered complaint and swore out a search warrant. The missing fowls were found in the possession of Spencer, but Thorpe confessed to stealing them. Both were bound over to the next term of circuit court. Spencer runs a second-hand store. There has been much petty thievery of the above nature here lately, and it is surmised a wholesale business has been done in this line, and that Spencer has been the man through whom the fowls have been disposed of. There is evidence against others and more arrests are likely to follow.

DID NOT KISS HER.

Capt. James Says Charges Are Groundless.

Baraboo, Wis., March 6.—David G. James, from whom Mrs. Sarah Staten, of Spring Green, asks $15,000 damages for three kisses, denies the charge point blank. Mr. James avers that the suit was the result of a refusal to pay the Statens a fictitious bill while they were tenants of his farm.

According to the depositions occurrences for which damages are asked were in February, March and April of last year. Nothing was heard of the matter until Dec. 30, 1901, when a settlement was made.

According to Mr. James' statement, a claim for $50 for the board of a shepherd dog and $15 for Mrs. Staten for husking seed corn was presented, neither of which he would allow. The Statens then threatened to proceed against him on the charge of insulting Mrs. Staten. He replied that he had not a dollar for blackmail, but thousands to fight it.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway

Resumes dining car service. Beginning Friday, March 8, the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway will resume their dining car service on trains 7 and 8 in and out of Duluth, serving dinner on No. 8, leaving Duluth at 5:45 p. m. daily, and breakfast on No. 7, arriving Duluth 9:55 a. m.

Pabst beer is always pure

Brewed in a plant as clean as the cleanest home kitchen—always open to your inspection—58,971 visitors last year.



MODERN DENTISTRY.

☞ We Do As We Advertise.

We can make to fit a full set of the BEST teeth for $10, and no extra charge for extracting.

Gold Filling, up from.....$1.50
Silver Filling, up from.....75c
Gold Crown, 22-k.....$7.00 | Porcelain crowns.....$5.00

Consultation Free and All Work Warranted. Open Sundays, 10 to 12.

Johnson & Kaake, MESABA BLOCK, 402 West Superior Street. Zenith Phone 168.

ENDED LIFE.

Cashier of Elkhart, Ill., Bank Blows Out His Brains.

Elkhart, Ill., March 6.—Frank W. Cottle, cashier of the State Bank of Elkhart, whose alleged shortage of $32,000 caused the closing of the bank, blew out his brains yesterday at his residence. Mr. Cottle, who has been suffering with an attack of pleurisy since last Saturday, was lying in his bedroom, when he complained of a burning in the stomach, and asked his son to get him a pitcher of water. Young Cottle was at the pump in the yard when he heard the report of a revolver. Instantly surmising that his father had shot himself, he dashed upstairs and into the room, closely followed by the entire family. Mr. Cottle lay in bed with a terrible hole from a 44-caliber revolver in the left temple and with his brains bespattering the bed and the walls of the room. He had died instantly. Mr. Cottle was 56 years of age and leaves a wife and five sons. He had been cashier of the bank for a number of years.

A FOWL STORY.

Gold Found In Crops of Wisconsin Bipeds.

Chicago, March 6.—Nuggets of old weighing from a quarter of an ounce to one ounce were found in the crops of chickens and ducks in South Water street yesterday. The fowls were shiped from Fifield, Wis., a little town on the Wisconsin Central railway.

The ducks and chickens were received by one of the many commission merchants along South Water street and the discovery of the precious metal was made by his helpers when they slaughtered the fowls.

The commission men express the opinion that there must be gold in considerable quanalties about the bottoms near Fifield. There were three dozen fowls in the lot, and in every one of these one or more particles of gold were discovered, forty-one pieces in all being found. The aggregate weight of the entire amount is six and one-half ounces.

ABOUT CATARRH CURES.

The Reason Why Inhalers and Local Applications Are Useless.

For many years catarrh was considered to be a local disease and was treated entirely by local remedies, salves, ointments, powders, sprays and inhalers, and nearly all of these gave a temporary relief, but a genuine permanent cure was very rare.



It is true the most annoying symptoms, like stoppage of the nose and throat trouble, are purely local, but they are simply symptoms and the real seat of disease is far removed.

Catarrh is a constitutional disease, a blood disorder, complicated usually with disease of the liver and to suppose that local applications of sprays, powders, inhalers, could never reach the real cause of the trouble is ridiculous.

The sensible and successful treatment is to remove the catarrhal poison from the system by regulating the liver and purifying the blood, and this can only be done by an internal remedy, which should consist of antiseptics and remedies to act vigorously on the blood and liver.

The best preparation of this kind which fills all the requirements of a safe constitutional treatment is Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, composed of Blood Root, Red Gum and similar wholesome antiseptics, which are absolutely safe to take into the stomach and which act upon the liver, stomach and mucous membrane.

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets are large, pleasant tasting lozengers to be slowly dissolved in the mouth, thus reaching the mucous membrane and wind-pipe and finally reaching the stomach.

Dr. Edmondson, in speaking of the new treatment for catarrh, says: "I have accomplished the most satisfactory results in all forms of catarrh of the head, throat, bronchial tubes, as well as catarrh of the stomach and liver by using nothing else but Stuart's Catarrh Tablets. I long since threw aside sprays and inhalers as being inconvenient and at the best mere temporary make-shifts.

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets act immediately upon the liver and blood and clear the whole system of catarrhal poison. They are pleasant and very convenient to use, and they are not only the latest, but I believe them to be the best and certainly the safest treatment for any form of catarrh."

All druggists sell Stuart's Catarrh Tablets at 50 cts. for full sized package.

A little book on cause and cure of Catarrh mailed free by addressing the F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

FILIPINOS CHEAP.

Five Sold as Slaves For Sixty Dollars.

Washington, March 6.—The fact that a woman and her baby, two young men and a young woman, were sold as slaves for $40 worth of dry goods and $20 Mexican is brought to light in the records of the court martial of a Moro named Sulug, who was tried by an American military commission at Cottebalo, island of Mindanao, on charges of murder and kidnaping. Sulug, at the head of a band of natives, carried away the party referred to, and sold them. He was acquitted of the charge of murder, and was found guilty of the charge of kidnaping, and sentenced to fourteen years' imprisonment at hard labor. Gen. Davis mitigated the sentence to three years at hard labor.

NEILL ON PROBATION.

Result of Conference With Ruler of Elks.

Minneapolis, March 6.—Peace negotiations between James Neill, the actor, and C. E. Pickett, of Waterloo, Iowa, grand exalted ruler of the Order of Elks, are over for the present, and Mr. Neill may be regarded as having entered upon a period of probation preparatory to his entering the order later.

Mr. Neill several weeks ago, at Spokane, Wash., began to undergo the initiation, but, before he had gone far, became indignant at what he regarded as improper treatment on the part of the team and withdrew, afterward stating that the treatment to which he had been subjected was such as no gentleman would submit to.

This created a storm and since then the matter has been much discussed. Mr. Neill feeling, however, that he had made a mistake, went to Waterloo for a conference with Mr. Pickett. After the conference Mr. Pickett made the following official statement:

"The whole matter was discussed at some length. Mr. Neill evinced regret that the trouble had occurred and by way of extenuation said he had never joined any secret fraternity and therefore the initiatory ceremonies were a surprise to him and of a different character than he had assumed; that on the night of his initiation he was extremely nervous by reason of loss of sleep, hard work and the taking of the initiation in the interval between the matinee and evening performance; that his letter and likewise his subsequent interviews and statements were written and made when he was greatly excited and on the impulse of the moment; that upon reflection and after discussing the matter deliberately with friends, he realized that he had made a serious mistake, and would be glad, in any honorable way, to rectify the same. He expresses the highest regard for the order and a very earnest desire to become a member thereof; that he would gladly retract anything he has stated and make any honorable apology.

"At the conclusion of our interview he was informed by me, in substance, of the law of the order; that he could not apply for membership within six months and that he must then take his chances with the members of the lodge having jurisdiction to receive his application; that the grand exalted ruler had no power in the premises; that the attitude of the order toward him in the future would depend upon his conduct and what was said and done by him by way of rectifying what has already been said and done."

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The bodies of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas McLaughlin and Mrs. Margaret McDermott, all old people, were found in the McLaughlin home at Oconomowoc, Wis., late Wednesday afternoon. A hard coal stove door was open, showing death by asphyxiation. The bodies were badly bloated. Two of the victims were lying on the floor and the other on a bed nearby. Mrs. McDermott was a boarder at the McLaughlin home.

The Chicago Record-Herald says: When Maj.-Gen. Otis retires from the department of the lakes March 24, he will be succeeded by Maj.-Gen. MacArthur, now in command of the department of Colorado. The vacancy caused by the latter's transfer to Chicago will be filled by Brig.-Gen. Funston, who has recently returned from the Philippines.

J. A. Parker, chairman of the national Populist committee, said that the conference of allied parties scheduled for April 2 at Louisville will be held at Memphis on May 1, unless a hall is furnished free at Louisville.

James R. Wood, who drew the capital prize in the government drawing at Lawton, died near Hot Springs, Ark., Wednesday night of heart failure.

William J. Bryan was the guest of the New York Press club Wednesday evening. The occasion was the club's regular monthly smoker. He said that he did not go into newspaper work entirely of his own free will, but was led into it after he had become convinced that his oratory was not sufficiently clear to convince a majority of the people that his ideas were good.

The amalgamation of the Armour Institute of Technology and the Chicago university, which has been several times projected, is now assured. Negotiations between the two institutions are nearly completed and before the end of the first year of co-operation it is expected the school of technology will be worth $5,000,000.

THE WIDOW ARMOUR

Will Marry Valentine of Chicago at New York.

New York, March 6.—Mrs. Philip D. Armour, Jr., widow of the young Chicago millionaire, who died in California, two years ago, will be married this evening in the Hotel Netherland to P. A. Valentine, of the firm of Armour & Co.

It is understood there will be no display about the wedding. Rev. Thaddeus Snively, rector of St. Chrysostoms church, Chicago, will perform the ceremony. Mr. Valentine will take his bride to Europe for a month or two, leaving, it is said, tomorrow, on the steamer Kron Prinz Wilhelm.

The principal guests will be Mrs. Ogden Armour, Mrs. Armour's sister-in-law, and Mrs. Vernon Booth, Mrs. Armour's sister. Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Comes, Mr. and Mrs. George A. Seavens, Jr., Mr and Mrs. John Kenneth Mackenzie, Mr. and Mrs. Leroy Fuller, Mr. and Mrs. John C. Black, Mrs. Truman, Mrs. J. R. Valentine, mother of the bridegroom, and Charles Lester, brother of the bride.

PARTY IS TANGLED

The Republicans Not Yet Agreed on Cuban Reciprocity.

Majority Are Opposed to Payne's Twenty Per Cent Plan.

Mr. Tawney Presents His Proposition to the President.

Washington, March 6.—Speaker Henderson and Representative Cannon of Illinois called at the White House yesterday afternoon and discussed with the president the subject of reciprocity and sentiment thereon in the house.

Active canvassing continued among Republican members preliminary to the third caucus on Cuban reciprocity to be held tonight. The most positive claims were made by those opposed to Representative Payne's 20 per cent reciprocity plan that there was a clear majority against it.

Mr. Payne and his associates did not concede this, however, and expressed the belief that a concession to Cuba ultimately would be granted. It was said in this connection that Speaker Henderson is now favorable to the position taken by the majority on the ways and means committee, and that this would exert much influence in shaping the final outcome.

During the daw several members of the cabinet were called on by Mr. Tawney, of the ways and means committee, who has proposed a substitute for Mr. Payne's 20 per cent reciprocity plan, and Mr. Morris, of Minnesota, who also has proposed a plan differing from that of Mr. Payne. As an outcome of these calls, it was asserted that three members of the cabinet, namely, Postmaster General Payne, Secretary Shaw and Secretary Wilson were hopeful of seeing a solution of the problem which would not endanger any American industry. This was construed in some quarters to show a division in the cabinet, but it was stated by those conversant with the situation that the attitude of the cabinet ministers did not warrant any such construction.

Later in the day Representative Tawney called at the White House and had a conference lasting nearly an hour and a half with the president. At its conclusion Mr. Tawney joined several of his associates who are opposed to the Payne resolution.

It developed that Mr. Tawney told the president there was little or no possibility of adopting the Payne plan by the Republican conference, and that if it was adopted, some forty Republican members would consider themselves bound and would carry the question to the floor of the house, where there would be additional complications, owing to the attitude of Democratic members. The president is understood to have made his proposition quite clear and in so doing is said to have removed several misapprehensions which have been afloat of late. He said he had no intention at present of sending a special message to congress on the subject. The president expressed the most earnest solicitude that a satisfactory adjustment be reached by congress, saying that this was "an inherited problem," meaning it had come to him from the McKinley administration. Furthermore, the president, it is asserted, indicated no positive determination in favor of any particular idea, but rather a desire that congress should deal with the subject according to its best lights.

After hearing Mr. Tawney, his associates expressed the belief that the president would accept the rebate proposition if congress sent it to him. They also were considerably encouraged to hear from Mr. Tawney that the president was not laying down any emphatic ultimatum in favor of the plan as presented by Mr. Payne.

While these conferences were going on at the White House, Chairman Payne and members of the ways and means committee supporting him, were in conference. Later one of the members said that he was confident the Payne reciprocity proposition would command a majority of the Republican members, but that the minority was so large and was so disposed to carry the contest into the house, that Mr. Payne and his friends recognized the seriousness of the situation. However, there was no disposition, he said, to adopt the rebate plan as it was stated that this was merely a repetition of the plan proposed by the head of the beet sugar organization two months ago. Members of the house were informed during the afternoon that several members of the cabinet would confer with the president on the Cuban question, but so far as could be learned at the capitol the only members of the cabinet to call were Postmaster General Payne and Secretary Root and the nature of their conferences were not divulged.

Postmaster General Payne said last night that the conference at the White House was perfectly harmonious and agreeable. He said that it was brought about by the report that the president would send a message to congress expressing his views on the subject. He denied that there was any friction of any kind whatever. The president, he said, in order to get a clear idea of the situation, wanted to hear both sides of the case and to ascertain the real feeling among the Republican members of the house. The president has no intention at this time, he said, of sending any message to congress on the subject.

Representative Cannon, of Illinois, said last night that he had called at the White House this morning on a matter personal to himself, the speaker accompanying him.

"Our going to the White House," said Mr. Cannon, "did not in any way have for its object the urging of the president to delay sending a message to congress, as nothing was thought or said about a message."

Mr. Cannon further stated that the president listened attentively and acquiesced in the wisdom of full consultation.

"In other words," said Mr. Cannon, "while we don't hold conferences at his request or by his permission, the whole interview was a pleasant one, and the president, by his manner in no way suggested or combatted the correctness of the Republicans in the house pursuing the course they were pursuing in the premises."

There was not a single thing, Mr. Cannon further remarked, in the presidents' words or his attitude which in any way reflected on himself or the dignity of the house of representatives.

Cured After 10 Years of Suffering!

MEDERINE

CURES	CURES
All kinds of Blood Diseases, Catarrh Troubles, Rheumatism and Gout.	All forms of Liver Complaint, Chronic Constipation, Malaria, Kidney Diseases.

Eczema of Ten Years Standing.

DUBUQUE, IA.

MEDERINE REMEDY CO.,

GENTLEMEN:—In September, 1900, I began taking MEDERINE for Eczema of ten years' standing, which had almost disfigured my body. I took six bottles, and now there is not a spot on me. It has now been seven months since I quit, but there is not the slightest evidence of a return of the disease. I lose no opportunity to recommend your MEDERINE for Eczema.

(Signed) J. M. DICKINSON.

MEDERINE acts directly on the blood, curing skin and blood diseases, all kinds of catarrh, rheumatism and gout troubles, when other remedies utterly fail to give relief.

For Sale on Our Guarantee by

ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

MEDERINE is the only remedy that cures sick Stomachs and Morning Coughing and Vomiting spells. Catarrh of the Head, Throat and Stomach is the cause. 1 to 3 bottles does the work. Write for Mederine Journal of Health. It explains everything. MEDERINE REMEDY CO., WEST SUPERIOR, WIS.

OBSTACLES

Are Continually Developing In the Isthmian Canal Project.

Washington, March 6.—Every fresh turn in the development of the isthmian canal project discloses a new obstacle. It now appears that the protocols negotiated last spring with Nicaragua and Costa Rica, whereby those countries outline the terms upon which they were prepared to enter into permanent treaties with the United States, conveying the necessary rights for canal construction, are no longer of effect. Conditions have changed since then, and whenever the balance of opinion seems to incline toward the one route or the other of the canal, the government interested in the favored route suddenly hardens its terms, and is disposed to abandon past agreements. Therefore it will be necessary to draw up new protocols, not only for the Panama canal with Colombia, but for the Nicaragua canal with Costa Rica and Nicaragua in pursuance of the state department's policy of placing it within the power of congress to freely choose either route.

FORMAL END

Of the Iron Workers' Strike at San Francisco.

San Francisco, March 6.—After continuing for nine and a half months, the strike of the iron workers of this city begun on May 1 of last year to enforce a demand for a nine-hour day, came to a formal end yesterday. Two-thirds of the unions composing the Iron Trades' council have acted upon a recommendation made by that body, advising that the strike be prosecuted no longer, and have voted to allow their members to return to work. Within the next week between 2000 and 3000 men will be employed. From good authority the intimation comes that the men accepts slight concessions, and complete a temporary settlement on condition that the National Federation will soon adjust the working conditions in the iron trades generally throughout the country.

A kiss of Satin-Skin Powder removes that "shiny look;" replaces unsightliness with beauty. 25c. Leading stores.

ABSOLUTE FAITH.

You Can Depend Upon the Word of This Duluth Citizen.

He has had the experience.

He has thoroughly tested the article.

He has found it as represented.

He has absolute faith in its merit.

Mr. Edward J. Hoppman, of 422 First street west, says: "I was troubled more or less with my kidneys for years and whenever I caught cold or overexerted myself, I had a bad attack of it, so that it was painful for me to get about and my back ached and pained me severely. The action of the kidney secretions was irregular and the secretions were unnatural. I saw Doan's Kidney Pills recommended for such troubles, thought I would try them and procured a box at W. A. Abbett's drug store. They relieved me from the aches and pains right away and regulated the action of the kidneys."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn company, Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

GIGANTIC SWINDLE

Is Recalled By Court Decree Entered at Columbus, Neb.

First and Boldest Confidence Game of Iowa's History.

Two Men Who Established the Town of Preparation.

Sioux City, Iowa, March 6.—Judge Griminson has entered a decree at Columbus, Neb., awarding the $50,000 estate of Guy C. Barnum to his widow, formerly Maria C. Delomel, Galveston, Tex.

The court thus recognized as valid the wedding that took place at Los Angeles, Cal., Dec. 10, 1899. Barnum met the Southern lady in the morning and they were married in the afternoon. The other heirs of Barnum fought the will giving her his property. They claimed the California marriage was not valid—that the Southern woman influenced the old man unduly, but they were overruled. Barnum died last summer.

Barnum a few years ago was worth $100,000. He had been in the legislature. He stood high in Columbus. But his mind failed him. He spent several years in the Nebraska asylum, and when allowed his liberty he roamed the whole country, spending his money right and left, and finally ending with the Los Angeles marriage.

In Southern Monona county, Iowa, where the picturesque Soldier river sweeps proudly about a high, wooded hill, are nestled a half dozen venerable houses, a diminutive store, and a depot. One train stops there each day. The brakeman calls "Preparation." Here, in this memory of a town, was set up the first printing press in Western Iowa; here was printed the first publication west of Des Moines; here was established that wild fanatical dream, the Jehovah Presbytery of Zion. Guy C. Barnum was one of the two men who names the town "Preparation"—for it was here that men were to be groomed for transmission to heaven; it was to be the earthly preparation for the life beyond.

When Joseph Smith, father of the Mormons, was shot in Carthage, Ill., jail that June night in 1844, the Mormon faith was more or less demoralized. Numerous candidates for the mantle of Smith sprang up. Living in St. Louis was a man named Charles B. Thompson. Little more than an adventurer, he was attracted to the Mormon church, as a glorious opportunity for a rare escapade. He became a teacher in the faith. He gathered about him in St. Louis a constantly increasing flock. He enlisted as assistant the services of Guy C. Barnum, then a young man. Thompson possessed a personality of rare hypnotic qualities. Soon he had collected about him a small army of pilgrims.

One night he had a vision. Next morning he announced to his flock that God had appeared to him the night before. "My children," he said, "it is the divine will that we shall journey to the far West, and there set up an earthly kingdom to prepare for the better life beyond."

A few months later some hundred prairie schooners, that had lumbered slowly all the way from St. Louis, carrying some 400 persons, halted at a bend in the Soldier river, where grass and trees grew verdant in fertile soil. Wagons were unloaded, men fell to work hewing logs, and a few weeks later appeared the branch community of the Mormon church that lived and died without winning a place on history's page. This was in 1855.

Thompson had another vision. To his credulous following, he announced the Deity had again appeared to him.

"The divine spirit has appointed me His steward," he said. "I am the steward of God. You are my stewards. As your steward, I must, under the divine will, possess all you possess. Go, then, buy lands and deed them to your steward."

The community, now grown to fully 1200 men, obeyed. They pre-empted two whole townships. They established stores and blacksmith shops and livery barns and hotels. Every dollar of profit was religiously turned over to the steward of God, through Barnum, assistant steward. The community prospered. The men, honest tollers, reaped bountiful crops. And incidentally Thompson enjoyed a $75,000 annual income.

The men were little short of slaves to the unbending will of Thompson. Men and women were sent on the most absurd missions by the steward. One man had gone on a several days' journey to bring back a load of lumber. He was met by a messenger of the steward.

"You must stop where you are; you must journey to Virginia; you must enter the halls of the legislature at Richmond; you must pronounce the curse of the steward of God upon the legislature, because it has said things and done things that reflect upon the steward of God and His divine master."

This was the command. The lumberman obeyed. The messenger took the seat on the wagon and drove back to Preparation. The lumberman, after weeks of laborious toiling, reached the Richmond legislature, pronounced the curse, and journeyed back again to course, and journeyed back again to his Iowa home.

But, by the time the Jehovah Presbytery of Zion had reached its third anniversary the faithful at last began to grumble. The steward was insatiable in his demand for the profits. When the people demanded a share he would have another vision, and play upon their supersition to make way with the money. His absences from the community became more and more frequent. In reality he went back to St. Louis and indulged in the most violent debauches, leaving the community in charge of Barnum. When he returned he would resort to the visional exercise to replete his finances. But his followers found at last the nature of his mysterious pilgrimages. Visions became more and more necessary, and constantly less impressive.

One night in 1860, when the steward and Barnum were gone, the people held an indignation meeting. It was solemnly decided to hang both Thompson and Barnum. The entire community set out for Onawa, to carry out their purpose. Thompson and Barnum had just left Onawa for Preparation. They came near driving straight into the mob. When but a quarter of a mile away from the angry people they were met by a girl who had worked in Thompson's household—a mere slip of a thing.

"Run, run for your lives," she shouted. "They are going to hang you."

The two men needed no second warning. Horses were lashed to a run. The mob caught sight of the fugitives and gave hot chase. When in the shelter of a high hill the horses were loosed from the wagon, and each man mounting a horse, rode like wild men to Onawa, still pursued by the infuriated mob.

"No, I don't believe any one knew they hid themselves," says Judge Advocate Oliver of Onawa, still living. "I know they were kept in my attic for near three weeks. The men from Preparation searched the whole town for them, but could not find them."

One dark night Thompson slank from the Oliver home. A horse and wagon were ready. He took his wife, a peck or two of cash and jewelry, and made quick flight to Fort Dodge. From there he made his way back to St. Louis. He tried to start another colony and failed. Finally he died in Philadelphia, penniless. Barnum went to Nebraska, where he later became a rich and prominent citizen. The under stewards of God, at Preparation, took their half million dollars of property into the courts. There an apportionment was made, but many of the suits went to the Iowa supreme court for final determination.

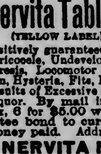
Today there is no one in the decripit little village still bearing the brand of the wild adventure who knows aught of the Jehovah presbytery of Zion, save by tradition. Not a steward lives today in Monona county. They have scattered to the ends of the country. Now that Barnum has passed away, only the name of the town remains to bear witness to the first and boldest confidence game of Iowa's history.

Rocky Mountain Tea taken now will keep the whole family well. If it fails, bring it back and get your cash. 35 cts. Ask your druggist.

NERVITA PILLS

Restore Vitality, Lost Vigor and Manhood

Cure Impotency, Night Emissions, Loss of Memory, all wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion. A nerve tonic and blood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail 50c per box, 6 boxes for $2.50, with our bankable guarantee to cure or refund the money paid. Send for circular and copy of our bankable guarantee bond.



60 PILLS 50 CTS.

Nervita Tablets EXTRA STRENGTH (YELLOW LABEL) Immediate Results

Positively guaranteed cure for Loss of Power, Varicocele, Undeveloped or Shrunken Organs, Paresis, Locomotor Ataxia, Nervous Prostration, Hysteria, Fits, Insanity, Paralysis and the Results of Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor. By mail in plain package, $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00 with our bankable guarantee bond to cure in 30 days or refund money paid. Address

NERVITA MEDICAL CO.,
Clinton & Jackson Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.

Sold in Duluth by S. P. BOYCE, Druggist, 335 West Superior Street.

CONSUMPTIVES LEFT TO DIE.

One Doctor Charges Others With Criminal Negligence and Tells How Consumption Can Be Cured.

Says That Modern Medicine Is Not What It Used to Be, and That Consumption Is no Longer to Be Considered Incurable.

Dr. Yonkerman Will Send a Free Trial Package to All Who Write, so They Can Quickly Cure Themselves In Their Own Home Without Cost.



DR. DERK P. YONKERMAN.

"It is almost criminal the way most doctors treat consumption," said a prominent physician the other day. They give the patient a lot of rubbish intended to relieve their coughs and ease the pains without the least idea of cure. If these doctors would follow the advance made in the treatment of consumption as closely as they do other human ailments, there would be less suffering and not so many premature deaths. We are not living in an age when the cure of diseases formerly considered fatal is looked upon as miraculous.

"The old theory that consumption could never be cured has been routed by the recent discoveries of Dr. Derk P. Yonkerman. Dr. Yonkerman in his experiments followed in the paths of Koch, Lafon, Pasteur and other noted germ authorities. He used their discoveries in the treatment of the tubercle bacillus (consumptive germ). These great scientists found that salts of copper would instantly kill the disease germs, but they did not find a way to introduce this remedy into the human system.

It remained for Dr. Yonkerman to do this. He removes the iron from the blood by replacing it with copper. His experimental tests of this wonderful remedy were so successful that he is now curing those suffering from consumption in all parts of the world, driving out the shadow of death and replacing the gloom with the joy and light of health. He is now treating thousands. Hundreds of sound, healthy persons who were for years suffering consumptives have sent him letters telling of their gratitude. He will send you these testimonials free.

If you have a throat cough, a husky voice, pains in the shoulders and lungs you should not delay for consumption does not relinquish its hold unless you take Tuberculozyne, the new remedy. The longer you wait the harder it will be to cure you.

Write today to Dr. Derk P. Yonkerman, 217 Shakespeare building, Kalamazoo, Michigan, and receive a free trial treatment that will surely lead to your speedy recovery and undying gratitude to the great discoverer of this marvelous remedy. A few trial treatments will convince you that life is worth the living. You can not afford to put this off if you would prolong your days, suffering and be restored to the health that is rightfully yours. Don't fail to write today.

CAUCUS AT SPARTA.

Ticket For Village Officers Placed In Nomination.

Sparta, Minn., March 6.—The citizens' caucus was held in village hall Tuesday evening and the following ticket was nominated: President, Ed McHale; trustees, L. Rubenstein, J. Bordeau and C. M. Campbell; treasurer, Charles Gustafson; recorder, D. M. Mouser; constable, Joseph Holub; justice Joseph Leach.

NEARLY WIPED OUT.

St. Paul, March 5.—A Helena, Mont., special to the Dispatch says: The town of Twin Bridges was nearly wiped out by an incendiary fire this morning.

A LARGE VERDICT.

Zanesville, Ohio, March 5.—The jury in the breach of promise suit of Miss Loretta Roberts, the daughter of a wealthy farmer of this county, against James E. Starkey, county auditor, has returned a verdict for the plaintiff for $13,250. The case was on hearing about one week and the testimony was sensational.

Low Settlers' Rates West.

Via Northwestern line. During March and April the Northwestern line will sell one way settlers' tickets daily at greatly reduced rates to Western and Northwestern points. If contemplating a Western trip this rare opportunity should not be overlooked by any one. Information cheerfully given. For full particulars call or write.

S. A. LOVE, C. T. A.,
405 West Superior Street or Omaha depot, Duluth, Minn.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway

Resumes dining car service. Beginning Friday, March 8, the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway will resume their dining car service on trains 7 and 8 in and out of Duluth, serving dinner on No. 8, leaving Duluth at 5:45 p. m. daily, and breakfast on No. 7, arriving Duluth 9:55 a. m.

"Put on the Figprune, Betsey,
And make it good and stout.
There's no more headache in the cup
Since coffee and I are out."

New Building—
New Equipment—
Modern in every particular—

Hotel McKay

One block from Union Depot. Convenient to all parts of Duluth. RATES—$2.00 and $2.50 per day.

ADVANCE IN WHEAT

Wheat Opened Higher and Held Within a Narrow Range.

Trading In Futures Active on the Duluth Board.

Flax Strong Early In Session But Declined Later.

Duluth Board of Trade, March 6.—The wheat market started out at a slight advance this morning and fluctuated within a narrow range throughout the morning. Cables were steady and the Northwest receipts were comparatively light, but prospects of rain in the Southwest caused some selling. The Ohio state crop report making the condition of winter wheat 92 as compared with 72 in January was taken advantage of by the bulls.

The Liverpool market was ¼d higher. Antwerp was unchanged and there were no markets in France.

Primary receipts of wheat were 400,000 bus; last year, 387,000 bus. Shipments were 88,000 bus; last year, 180,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour were 152,000 bus.

Corn was a little weaker in the Chicago market today declining ¼c. Duluth closed without change. Primary receipts of corn were 720,000 bus; last year, 588,000 bus. Shipments, 208,000 bus; last year, 370,000 bus. Clearances, 5000 bus.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis: 236 cars, and at Chicago 29, a total of 265 cars, against 570 last week and 480 last year.

Trading in wheat was active on the Duluth board, but the market was rather devoid of interest. It opened up, at 75¾c, sold at 75¾c at 9:35, at 75¼c at 10:30, at 75c at 10:50, and at 11:15. It dropped again to 75c at 12:30, sold up to 75¼c at 12:40, reacted to 75¾c at 1 o'clock and closed ¼c up at 75¾c.

Chicago and Minneapolis also advanced.

Cash sales were 50,000 bus, and prices were unchanged, continuing at 1½c under May for No. 1 northern, 4c under for No. 2 and 6c under for No. 3.

Flax trading was light and the market strong, opened 8c off at $1.76½ and sold-ing up to $1.78. After that it fell to $1.74¾ and then rallied to $1.77½. It fell again to $1.73 and closed at $1.76½.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—Cash, No. 1 hard, 78½c; No. 1 northern, 78c; No. 2 northern, 77½c; No. 3 spring, 69½c; to arrive, No. 1 hard, 78½c; No. 1 northern, 78½c; May, 75¾c; July, 76½@76¾c; Minneapolis, No. 1 northern, cash, 72½c; May, 73¾c; No. 2 northern, 69c. Oats, 42c; rye, 54c; barley, 49@55c; flax, cash, $1; to arrive, $1; May, $1.76½; corn, 60c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 93; last year, 55; oats, 1; rye, 2; barley, 1; flax, 2.

Receipts—Wheat, 115,614; barley, 2586; flax, 7798.

Shipments—Flax, 7798.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO

McCarthy Bros. & Co.

Grain Commission Merchants.

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES.

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES THURSDAY.

No. 1 northern, wheat, 22,000 bus ..$0.78¾
No. 1 northern, 2 cars 78¾
No. 1 northern, 1 car 78¾
No. 1 northern, 3 cars 78½
No. 1 northern, 2 cars 78¼
No. 2 northern, 5 cars 78¼
No. 2 northern, 2 cars 77
No. 2 northern, 1 car 77½
No. 2 northern, 2 cars 77½
No. 3 spring, 1 car 69½
Rejected, 1 car 68½
Flax, 1 car, cash 1.68½

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat Dull and Steady, Corn Slightly Bearish.

Chicago, March 6.—Wheat opened dull and steady today. There was little new in the situation to influence speculators one way or the other, though Northwest receipts were still bullishly small. Commission houses were inclined to the buying side, but the local pit crowd sold on prospects of rain in the Southwest. Cables were steady. Early fluctuations were almost nil—May opening unchanged at 76¾c, and haggling between that price and 76¾c. Local receipts were 29 cars, 2 of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 236 cars, making a total for the three points of 265 cars, against 570 last week and 480 last year.

Trading in wheat was active on the Duluth board, but the market was rather devoid of interest. It opened up, at 75¾c, sold at 75¾c at 9:35, at 75¼c at 10:30, at 75c at 10:50, and at 11:15. It dropped again to 75c at 12:30, sold up to 75¼c at 12:40, reacted to 75¾c at 1 o'clock and closed ¼c up at 75¾c.

Chicago and Minneapolis also advanced.

Cash sales were 50,000 bus, and prices were unchanged, continuing at 1½c under May for No. 1 northern, 4c under for No. 2 and 6c under for No. 3.

Flax trading was light and the market strong, opened 8c off at $1.76½ and selling up to $1.78. After that it fell to $1.74¾ and then rallied to $1.77½. It fell again to $1.73 and closed at $1.76½.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—Cash, No. 1 hard, 78½c; No. 1 northern, 78c; No. 2 northern, 77½c; No. 3 spring, 69½c; to arrive, No. 1 hard, 78½c; No. 1 northern, 78½c; May, 75¾c; July, 76½@76¾c; Minneapolis, No. 1 northern, cash, 72½c; May, 73¾c; No. 2 northern, 69c. Oats, 42c; rye, 54c; barley, 49@55c; flax, cash, $1; to arrive, $1; May, $1.76½; corn, 60c.

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Main Office—332-334-336 Endicott Bldg., St. Paul. **A. J. CUMMINGS,** Local Office—106 West Superior St.

Dealer in **Grain, Stocks and Provisions.**

Instantaneous service. Stocks carried on one point margin and upwards. Grain one point and upwards. Minimum trade stocks—10 shares. Wheat 1000 bushels. Stocks carried without interest. Our little book of information will teach you how to speculate in grain and provision futures.

CHAS. E. WHEELER, Manager, 'Phone 1172.

W. H. Laidley & Co.,

428 West Superior Street, (Spalding Hotel).

Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions, Cotton.

Leased wires to New York, Chicago and Boston.

Edwards, Wood & Co.,

Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions,

Private Wire.

MEMBERS { BOARD OF TRADE, Chicago. CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, Minneapolis. A. Manhattan Building, St. Paul. Chamber of Commerce Minneapolis. Duluth, Minn., Room A, Torrey Building.

DULUTH & ARIZONA STOCK.

Treasury Stock offered for a short time

AT 10 CENTS PER SHARE

Office—318 Manhattan Building.

Established 1860.

PAINE, WEBBER & CO.

Bankers and Brokers.

309 West Superior Street.

Members New York and Boston Stock Exchange and Chicago Board of Trade.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

LOCAL STOCKS, ETC., QUOTED BY

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

112 Exchange Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

	—Per Share—	
	Par.	Asked. Bid.
First National bank	$100	.... $175
American Exchange bank	100	$135 ....
First Nat'l bank, Superior	100	....
Calumet-Arizona Copper	10	31½ ....
Anglo-American Copper	1	12½c ....
Northwestern National bank, Superior	100	90 ....
Lethbridge Drug Co	100	....
Export O. & P. L. Co	1	77½c ....
Blue Grass Oil Co	1	16c ....
Zenith Oil Co	1	16c ....
Brotherton Copper Co	25	5 ....
Cons. Elev. Co. 1st pfd	100	 103
Cons. Elev. Co 2nd pfd	100	 99
Cons. Elev. Co. com	100	 30

Country orders ..... Par.

United States bonds bought and sold.

We also deal in real estate, commercial paper and mortgage loans, and act as agents for non-resident property owners and investors. Correspondence invited.

BONDS, ALSO **Mortgages** FOR SALE.

Bearing 5 and 5½ % INTEREST.

W. M. Prindle & Co., First Floor, Lonsdale Bldg

cash, 71c; May, 75¾c; July, 74⅞@75c. On track, No. 1 hard, 75¾c; No. 1 northern, 75¾@78¾c; No. 2 northern, 72¾@75c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, March 6.—Close: Wheat, May, 82⅛c; July, 82⅝c. Corn, May, 67⅛c; July, 66⅛c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	....75B	73⅝-½B	76⅜-½	82⅜
High	....75¼	73⅝-¾	76⅞	82½
Low	75	73¼-⅞	76¼	82⅛-¼
Close	....75¾	73⅝	76⅝A	82½A
July—				
Open	....76B	74⅜B	76¾-⅞	82⅜
High	....76¾	75	77⅛	82½-⅝
Low	76	74⅝	76¾	82⅜
Close	....¾-¼	74⅞-75	77-⅛B	82⅝A

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	....44⅛	62@61⅞	$15.00@15.10
High	....44⅛	62	$15.25
Low	....43⅞-44	61½-⅝	$15.00
Close	....44⅛	61⅝-¾	$15.25

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, May wheat, 73⅜c.
Calls, May wheat, 75¾-7⅞c.
Curb, May wheat, 73⅝c asked.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, March 6.—Wheat, spot No. 2 red Western winter, steady, 6s 1d; No. 1 northern spring, firm, 6s 1½d; No. 1 California; no stocks; futures, steady; March, 6s 1⅝d; May, 6s 2d. Corn—Spot, steady; American mixed, new, 5s 1½d; American mixed old, 5s 2½d; futures, quiet, March, 5s 1½d; May, 5s 1¾d.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

Chicago, March 6.—Wheat ruled very strong all day, with large and active trade. The market closed, May ¾c, July, ⅜c, and September, ½c higher than last night. Trade has been broad on options orderly, and it looks as though we would run into a good bull market and especially if the weather throughout the South keeps dry. There were a great many bad crop reports received today, and the Ohio state report shows a condition of only 92. Movement of wheat in the Northwest continues very light and cash No. 1 northern in Minneapolis sold today on track at 1c over their May. Foreign markets were generally steady. Liverpool closed ¼d higher for the day. Continental markets were generally steady. There was a good demand for cash wheat here by local millers, and a good number of No. 2 spring delivery were reported to have sold over to under May on track. With such light receipts as we are getting it looks as though the millers would be compelled to take wheat out of store before very long. The seaboard reported export demand there rather quiet, but stocks abroad are decreasing and March wheat in Liverpool is selling a 1c per bushel over their May. As we said before we are now in the season of crop scares, and the safest side to work on is the long side; buy on weak spots. The situation throughout the South is getting serious, and unless they get rain very shortly, prices will advance sharply. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 150 cars.

There was a large trade in corn today, and the market ruled nervous within a range of 5c, and closed quiet, ⅛@⅜c lower than last night. The cables were quite bearish, and the crowd pounded the market all day. There is nothing in the situation that we can see to sell short on, as country offerings are very light, practically nothing and cash demand is improving. The foreign markets were steady, Liverpool closed ½d higher for the day. We feel friendly to the market and advise buying on all weak spots. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 115 cars.

The oats market ruled quiet all day, with only a light trade and within a narrow range. The market generally followed the course of corn. Country offerings were very light, while there was quite an improvement in the cash demand, and liberal sales were reported made to go to New England. The domestic demand was also better. The imported demand is an encouraging feature, and we think it has come to stay. We feel friendly to the market and look for higher prices, and advise buying on all weak spots, especially the July otpon. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 100 cars.

Provisions opened very weak on stop loss selling orders, but the market was given support and advanced quickly. Later the market was badly mixed up, but closed stronger after very heavy trade for the day. All interests were at work today and packers were working independent of each other, but generally buying pork and lard and selling ribs. It seems evident that there is a band of strong men who are interested in advancing the market, and we may see higher prices regardless of merit of supply and demand. The markets is in shape to respond quickly—particularly pork—to any aggressive buying, and long grain should also help prices. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 31,000 hogs.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report a continual large attendance of buyers, both from the Twin Cities and from the country, especially from North Dakota. The outlet was the largest of the season and constituted a better grade of horses than has changed hands heretofore this spring. The large arriving consignments is promising to add considerable life to the market tomorrow. Values:

Drafters, extra	$140@200
Drafters, choice	120@140
Drafters, common to good	115@120
Farm mares, extra	120@140
Farm mares, choice	100@120
Farm mares, common to good	75@100

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, March 6.—Cattle—Receipts, 6500 head, including 500 Texans; stronger; good to prime steers, $5.50@6.00; poor to medium, $4.00@5.30; stockers and feeders, $2.25@5.00; cows, $1.25@5.25; heifers, $2.25@5.50; canners, $1.25@2.25; bulls, $2.25@4.50; calves, $2.50@6.50; Texas fed steers, $4.50@5.90. Hogs—Receipts, 35,000 head; tomorrow, 25,000; left over, 4443; shade lower; mixed and butchers, $5.85@6.35; good to choice heavy, $6.25@6.35; rough heavy, $5.90@6.12½; light, $5.75@6.00; bulk of sales, $5.75@6.17½. Sheep—Receipts, 10,000 head; sheep and lambs, steady; good to choice wethers, $4.60@5.25; fair to choice mixed, $3.75@4.50; Western sheep, $4.60@5.25; native lambs, $4.75@6.40; Western lambs, $5.25@6.40. Yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 20,356; hogs, 36,418; sheep, 14,564. Shipments—Cattle, 5139; hogs, 8502; sheep, 1057.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, March 6.—Butter receipts, 4673 packages; steady; state dairy, 20@26c; state creamery, 22½@26c; creamery held, 18@24½c; renovated, 16@21½c; factory, 16@21c. Cheese receipts, 2934 packages; firm; full cream, small early made, fancy colored and white, 12½@13c; full cream large fall made, fancy colored and white, 11½@12¾c. Eggs receipts, 4963 packages; firm; state and Pennsylvania, 29c; Western at mark, 28c; Southern at mark, 27@28c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, March 6.—Butter, firm; creameries, 18@26c; dairies, 18@23c. Cheese, steady, twins, 10¾@11¼c; dairies, 11@11¾c; young Americas, 12c@12¼c. Eggs—Weak, at market, cases returned, 19c.

There Are Ten

Different railroads centering in the Twin Cities. Of these ten six operate between the two towns and Chicago. Of these six there is one particular favorite—one that carries travel largely in excess of the others. It is "The Milwaukee." While it has always been recognized as THE line, its popularity has greatly increased since the inauguration of its Pioneer Limited service. The Pioneer Limited is a beauty bright.

Even the man who says he don't read advertisements goes to a well-advertised store and calls for an advertised article. To "soak in' ads should appear often in The Herald.

SPURT BY PULLMAN

Had Sensational Rise, Gaining Fifteen Points In All.

Market Generally Dull But Had a Good Undertone.

Profit-Taking Caused Recessions and Close Was Irregular.

New York, March 6.—Stocks opened higher all around. The gains were restricted to fractions except in the cases of Des Moines & Fort Dodge, which rose 2 and American Cotton Oil which rose 1½. The large buying of Colorado & Southern stocks continued and they were advanced from ⅜ to ¾. There were large buying orders also for American Car which lifted it nearly a point. Trading was active in many of the railroads and specialties selling between the 20s and the 50s and there was buying also of the high-priced inactive stocks. The market in general was higher but there was but little of importance to the fluctuations in the usual market leaders until the advance elsewhere was well under way. Advances reached from 1 to 3 points in quite a number of stocks and 5½ per cent in several, including Northwestern. Toward 11 o'clock the prominent stocks were taken up and St. Paul, Sugar and New York Central advanced 1 to 1½.

The market became quieter and eased off in spots before noon, but strengthened again when St. Paul rose to 155⅜. Many other inactive stocks were brought into prominence by large gains, including St. Paul preferred, Hocking Valley, Erie second preferred, Illinois Central, Westinghouse Electric first preferred, have sold over 5 under May on track. With such light receipts as we are getting it looks as though the millers would be compelled to take wheat out of store before very long. The seaboard reported export demand there rather quiet, but stocks abroad are decreasing and March wheat in Liverpool is selling a 1c per bushel over their May. As we said before we are now in the season of crop scares, and the safest side to work on is the long side; buy on weak spots. The situation throughout the South is getting serious, and unless they get rain very shortly, prices will advance sharply. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 150 cars.

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Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., room A Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close
Amal. Copper	69¾	67⅞	69¼
Anaconda M. Co.	32½	32⅜	32½
Atchison, T. & S. F.	75⅞	75½	75⅝
do pfd.	96¾	96¼	96¼
Baltimore & Ohio	106⅞	106⅝	106
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	61	60¾	60¾
Chesapeake & Ohio	46⅜	46	46¼
Chicago & Alton	36¼	36	36
Col. F. & I.	98	88	98
Chicago Great West. com.	25⅝	24¾	24⅝
Erie, com.	37⅜	37⅛	37⅜
do 1st pfd.	68¾	68	68
do 2nd pfd.	55½	54⅝	55¼
Great Northern, pfd.	184½	183½	184¼
Louisville & Nashville	104	102⅝	104
Leather	11⅝	11⅜	11⅝
Manhattan Con.	131⅝	131⅛	131¾
M. S. P. & S. Ste. M.	48	47¾	47⅞
do pfd	110½	109¾	109¾
Missouri Pacific	100	99¾	99¾
New York Central	162¼	161¾	162¼
Norfolk & Western	58¾	57½	57½
Ontario & Western	33¼	33	33¼
Pennsylvania	152	150⅝	151⅞
Pacific Mail	46¾	46	46⅝
People's Gas	99⅞	99½	99½
Republic Iron and Steel	16⅞	16½	16⅞
do pfd	72	71½	71⅞
Reading	54⅝	53⅝	54¼
do 1st pfd	80¾	80½	80¾
do 2d pfd	66¾	65¾	66⅝
Rock Island	25¾	25¼	25⅜
Southern Ry	32⅞	32⅜	32⅞
do pfd	95⅞	95⅝	95⅞
Southern Pacific	64⅝	64	64⅝
Smelter	46⅝	46½	46⅝
do pfd	98⅞	98¼	98⅞
Sugar Refinery	123¼	122⅝	123
St. Paul	165¼	163⅞	164⅝
T. C. & I.	70⅝	69⅝	70⅝
Texas Pacific	39⅜	39½	39¾
Union Pacific	99¾	99	99¾
do pfd.	87	86⅝	86⅞
U. S. Steel	43¼	42⅞	43¼
do pfd.	94⅞	94⅝	94⅞
Wabash	24¼	23⅝	24⅛
do pfd	42¾	42¼	42½
Western Union	86⅞	86½	86⅞
Wisconsin Central	21	20½	21
do pfd	42⅞	42¼	42¼
Metropolitan	168	167½	168
American Ice	27⅞	27½	27¾

The total sales were 557,700 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Waldorf to W. H. Laidley & Co.: All signs point to the concerted support of the market by the banking interest which is buying stocks like Pennsylvania, Louisville & Nashville, Baltimore & Ohio, Southern Pacific and Reading, whenever there is any attack upon them. Neither gold exports nor crop scares are likely to change this policy. On the other hand, while monetary uncertainties prevail, these large interests will hardly make any aggressive efforts to advance prices. So the indications are for a trader's market for the present.

The point chiefly dwelt on by operators who contend that the market is on a solid basis is the technical one that in the past six months the absorption of railroad securities by railroad corporations has been on a larger scale than is generally understood. This conclusion is suggested by the annual report of the Pennsylvania company which discloses the fact that the company has increased its holdings of C. & O. 31,300 shares, while of B. & O. it owns 66,000 shares more than it did a year ago.

The theory is that other big stocks have also been added so that stocks are concentrated as never before on the task of supporting the market, rended it very easy. In high financial circles last night it was intimated that it would soon be made plain to the public that the testing of the legality of the Norhern Securites is to be done quickly and, in anticipation of a favorable outcome, the market later in the month will take on increased activity and strength, with the Morgan stocks as leaders.

Commenting on the sudden curtailment of loans, bank officers say it lessens the chances of a very bad bank statement at the end of the week. It is to help this exhibit that the shipments of a large part of the gold engaged for export today has deferred until Saturday. The result is that the gold movement will not be reflected for a week. Meanwhile bond purchases by the government and the reduction of loans by the banks are counted on to carry the latter over the period of possible stringency without any real pinch.

* * *

Pringle to Paine, Webber & Co.: Despite the fact that Charles M. Schwab was re-elected president of the Steel corporation last Tuesday, Wall street is rife with rumors that his tenure of office hangs in the balance and predictions are made that he will soon be forced to retire. It is said that the relations between J. P. Morgan and Mr. Schwab are not pleasant and also that there is excessive friction personally between himself and large holders of the companies securities.

Ridgley to Edwards, Woods & Co.: The bears have been trying to break the market. How great their success will be, I cannot say, so far in spite of their efforts they have had but little success. The market has had three slups in the face from the administration within a month. The first was a threat to collect tax on loans. Next the attorney general moved against the merger. The last to date was yesterday with the declaration against pooling. Considering all the bear talk the market holds up remarkably well. As near us I can find out it is the bears that are selling stocks. The insiders can get all the money they want to buy stocks if there should be a break. A few more days of the market and we will be ready for a general advance.

* * *

Town Topics: The market should do better today on the reduction in the amount of gold to be shipped, the improvement in the weather conditions and the easy money market, but at the same time it will be a purely professional affair and traders will not wait for any sustained rise before taking profits.

Scalp the market for moderate profits especially the long side, the coal stocks, Steels, Southern Pacific, Brooklyn Rapid Transit, Pacific Mail, Denver preferred and St. Paul should do better.

* * *

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market is strong and advancing. During the past month we have almost incessantly called attention to the fact that there were practically no stocks on the market. What little pressure there has been comes from bearish traders selling short. Wherever any investment buying appeared in any stock, the market has reflected it by higher prices for that stock. Stocks have not been for sale. The president's position in regard to the Northern Securities company gave confidence a setback for the moment, but the market is recovering from this. Activity is increasing, buying of stocks is of a non-professional tone and of the market is strong and we think the tendency is higher.

* * *

Mellick to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market today was within again narrow and professional, specialties being dealt in more extensively. Northwestern and General Electric at 1 o'clock started with them for Cambridge.

At Sanders' theater, at Cambridge, the degree of LL. D. was conferred on Prince Henry by Harvard university. President Eliot speaking as follows:

"This occasion is unique. Twice in the history of the university has a special academic exercises been held to confer honor to the president of the United States making a progress through the country; but never before has this democratic university been called together on purpose to do honor to a foreign prince. Weighty reasons must have determined such unprecedented action on the part of this society of scholars.

"These are the reasons: Our students of history know the Teutonic sources, in the ultra spirit of many institutions and public customs which have been transmitted through England to this new England.

"The puritan origin of the university makes us hold in grateful remembrance the heroes of Protestantism—Luther, Melancthon, Erasmus and their kindred spirits—and the German princes who upheld that precious cause through long years of confused alarms and cruel warfare. The puritan governor of Massachusetts had followed anxiously the vicissitudes of the thirty-year war and was in the habit of ordering public thanksgiving to God for "God news from Germany."

"In watching the social and ethnological phenomena of our own times we have seen that the largest contribution which a European people made in the nineteenth century to the population of the United States, came from Germany, and that the German quota was not only the most numerous, but the best educated.

"As university men we fell the immense weight of obligation under which America rests to the technical schools and universities of the German fatherland. From them thousands of eager American students have drawn instruction and inspiration, and taken example. At this moment hundreds of American teachers who call some German university their foster mother, are at work in schools, colleges and universities all the way from this icy seacoast to the hot Philippines.

"Our men of letters and science know well the unparalleled contributions Germany has made since the middle of the nineteenth century to pure knowledge, and also to science applied in the new arts and industries which within fifty years have so marvelously changed the relations of man to nature.

"Our whole people have the profoundest sympathy with the unification of Germany.

"We all believe in a great union of federated states, bound together by a common language, by unrestricted mutual trade, by common currency, mails, means of communication, courts of justice, and institutions of credit and finance, and inspired by a passionate patriotism. Such is the venerable American union such the young German empire.

"We gladly welcome here today, a worthy representative of German greatness, worthy in station, profession and character. We see in him, however, something more than the representative of a superb nationality and an imperial ruler. Universities have long memories. Forty years ago the American union was in deadly peril, and thousands of its young men were bleeding and dying for it. It is credibly reported that at a very critical moment the queen of England said to her prime minister: 'My Lord, you must understand that I shall sign no paper which means war with the United States.'

"The grandson of that illustrious woman is sitting with us here.

"Now, therefore in exercise of authority given me by the president and fellows and the board of overseers and in the favoring presence of the friends here assembled, I am honorary doctor of laws Albert William Henry, Prince of Prussia, and vice admiral, and in the name of this society of scholars, I declare that he is entitled to the rights and privileges pertaining to this degree, and that his name is to be forever borne on its rolls of honorary members.

On behalf of Harvard union, R. C. Bolling made the following address to the prince:

"Your royal highness knows today the welcome of Harvard. It is no mere general welcome from several thousand young men of the United States moved now by an impulse felt through the whole American people. Our welcome is more personal, the welcome of an institution of which your royal highness is an honored guest. The letter of this membership the president and fellows have confirmed. The spirit of such membership the students of Harvard would now impart.

"This spirit has no counterpart in the universities of Germany. It is unlike the spirit of the English universities. Harvard is neither a group of professional and technical schools nor a collection of colleges. The heart of Harvard is her one college, around which gather the schools of the university.

"I said our college spirit had no counterpart in the universities of Germany. It has the spirit of the fighting corps. We are a fighting corps. We fight with shams and intolerance and untruth for truth and tolerance and simplicity. We fight wherever we are until we die, for the honor of Harvard's traditions, with the backing and encouragement of all Harvard men. This is the house of the corps, Harvard's "house of friendship." Here every Harvard man finds fellowship and support. Such is the spirit of the institution to whose membership we welcome your royal highness, Prince Henry."

South Farmington, Mass., March 6.—Prince Henry's special train passed through this place at 8:54, making a stop of about two minutes. The royal visitor was at breakfast when the train reached here, and although there was a great crowd at the station, who cheered him, he did not appear upon the platform. The special train had not been delayed by the floods and washouts in Northern New York, nor by the heavy snow storm which it encountered during the night.

Prince Henry retired shortly before midnight and did not arise until after

THE PRINCE IS AN L.L. D.

(Continued From Page 1.)

At the hotel Somerset a few moments were given the prince and his party to rest. This gave a chance to learn a few details of the journey from Niagara Falls to Boston. The two engines were attached to the train at Buffalo, in anticipation of some trouble on account of the big snow storm.

It appears that the incident at Worcester where the citizens had gathered to greet the prince, only to see the train go rushing through without a stop, resulted from a misunderstanding.

At the Somerset Governor Crane and President C. W. Eliot of Harvard university called on the prince. Governor Crane remained but a few minutes. Shortly after his departure the prince started for the state house, where he was received by the governor, the lieutenant governor and the heads of the military and naval forces and the state departments.

After the formal introductions a short time was spent in conversation. This was interrupted by Sergeant-at-Arms Davis, who announced that the legislature was in joint session to greet the prince. Governor Crane conducted Prince Henry to the hall of the house of representatives. The visitors were received with applause. The prince merely bowed in acknowledgment.

Without further formality the party left the state house, proceeding to the public library, where the prince was to pay his respects to Mayor Collins. Here he received the members of the city government also, and met thirty-five veterans of German wars.

Mayor Collins introduced the veterans. One of them made a cordial address, and the prince replied in German. He expressed delight at seeing the veterans, and shook hands with each of them.

Returning to the Hotel Somerset, Prince Henry received Judge Francis C. Lowell and Henry L. Higginson, representing the corporation of Harvard university, and at 1 o'clock started with them for Cambridge.

At Sanders' theater, at Cambridge, the degree of LL. D. was conferred on Prince Henry by Harvard university. President Eliot speaking as follows:

"This occasion is unique. Twice in the history of the university has a special academic exercises been held to confer honor to the president of the United States making a progress through the country; but never before has this democratic university been called together on purpose to do honor to a foreign prince. Weighty reasons must have determined such unprecedented action on the part of this society of scholars.

"These are the reasons: Our students of history know the Teutonic sources, in the ultra spirit of many institutions and public customs which have been transmitted through England to this new England.

"The puritan origin of the university makes us hold in grateful remembrance the heroes of Protestantism—Luther, Melancthon, Erasmus and their kindred spirits—and the German princes who upheld that precious cause through long years of confused alarms and cruel warfare. The puritan governor of Massachusetts had followed anxiously the vicissitudes of the thirty-year war and was in the habit of ordering public thanksgiving to God for "God news from Germany."

"In watching the social and ethnological phenomena of our own times we have seen that the largest contribution which a European people made in the nineteenth century to the population of the United States, came from Germany, and that the German quota was not only the most numerous, but the best educated.

"As university men we fell the immense weight of obligation under which America rests to the technical schools and universities of the German fatherland. From them thousands of eager American students have drawn instruction and inspiration, and taken example. At this moment hundreds of American teachers who call some German university their foster mother, are at work in schools, colleges and universities all the way from this icy seacoast to the hot Philippines.

"Our men of letters and science know well the unparalleled contributions Germany has made since the middle of the nineteenth century to pure knowledge, and also to science applied in the new arts and industries which within fifty years have so marvelously changed the relations of man to nature.

"Our whole people have the profoundest sympathy with the unification of Germany.

"We all believe in a great union of federated states, bound together by a common language, by unrestricted mutual trade, by common currency, mails, means of communication, courts of justice, and institutions of credit and finance, and inspired by a passionate patriotism. Such is the venerable American union such the young German empire.

"We gladly welcome here today, a worthy representative of German greatness, worthy in station, profession and character. We see in him, however, something more than the representative of a superb nationality and an imperial ruler. Universities have long memories. Forty years ago the American union was in deadly peril, and thousands of its young men were bleeding and dying for it. It is credibly reported that at a very critical moment the queen of England said to her prime minister: 'My Lord, you must understand that I shall sign no paper which means war with the United States.'

"The grandson of that illustrious woman is sitting with us here.

"Now, therefore in exercise of authority given me by the president and fellows and the board of overseers and in the favoring presence of the friends here assembled, I am honorary doctor of laws Albert William Henry, Prince of Prussia, and vice admiral, and in the name of this society of scholars, I declare that he is entitled to the rights and privileges pertaining to this degree, and that his name is to be forever borne on its rolls of honorary members.

On behalf of Harvard union, R. C. Bolling made the following address to the prince:

"Your royal highness knows today the welcome of Harvard. It is no mere general welcome from several thousand young men of the United States moved now by an impulse felt through the whole American people. Our welcome is more personal, the welcome of an institution of which your royal highness is an honored guest. The letter of this membership the president and fellows have confirmed. The spirit of such membership the students of Harvard would now impart.

"This spirit has no counterpart in the universities of Germany. It is unlike the spirit of the English universities. Harvard is neither a group of professional and technical schools nor a collection of colleges. The heart of Harvard is her one college, around which gather the schools of the university.

"I said our college spirit had no counterpart in the universities of Germany. It has the spirit of the fighting corps. We are a fighting corps. We fight with shams and intolerance and untruth for truth and tolerance and simplicity. We fight wherever we are until we die, for the honor of Harvard's traditions, with the backing and encouragement of all Harvard men. This is the house of the corps, Harvard's "house of friendship." Here every Harvard man finds fellowship and support. Such is the spirit of the institution to whose membership we welcome your royal highness, Prince Henry."

South Farmington, Mass., March 6.—Prince Henry's special train passed through this place at 8:54, making a stop of about two minutes. The royal visitor was at breakfast when the train reached here, and although there was a great crowd at the station, who cheered him, he did not appear upon the platform. The special train had not been delayed by the floods and washouts in Northern New York, nor by the heavy snow storm which it encountered during the night.

Prince Henry retired shortly before midnight and did not arise until after 8 o'clock. Worcester was reached at 8:15, but the train did not stop, although the people had expressed a wish to formally greet the prince. The committee had decided not to accept the invitation to stop. The prince did not respond to the welcome at Springfield at 6:30 a. m.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by W. H. Laidley & Co., Spalding hotel:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	22	23
Allouez	4¼	4½
Anaconda	32⅝	33⅛
Arcadian	8⅞	8¾
Amalgamated	69⅛	69¼
Arnold	75	1¼
Atlantic	29	30
Baltic	47½	48
Bingham	24½	25
Phoenix	2¼	2½
National	1½	2
Calumet and Hecla	600	....
Centennial	27⅞	28
Trinity	17	17¼
Copper Range	71	71½
Cochita	45c	75c
Dominion Coal	102¼	103
Elm River	4	4¼
Franklin	13½	14¼
Humboldt	50	75
Isle Royale	20½	21
Mass	19⅝	20
Michigan	11	11½
Mohawk	37½	38
Mayflower	2¾	3
Old Colony	3¾	4
Old Dominion	22	23
Osceola	72	....
Parot	29¾	33
Quincy	138	140
Rhode Island	2¾	3¼
Tecumseh	....	2
Tri-Mountain	100	101
Utah	23½	24
United States	17⅜

Lost Manhood

A Simple Home Treatment Which Never Fails to Restore Full Strength and Vigor of Youth.

SENT FREE TO ALL.



INSURES LOVE AND A HAPPY HOME.

There is no longer any need for men to suffer from lost vitality, night losses, varicocele, etc., when it can be cured almost like magic in the privacy of your own home and restore small weak organs to full strength and vigor of youth by a simple remedy which any man can use. Simply send your name and address to the Dr. Kruno Medical Co., 76 Hull Building, Detroit, Mich., and they will gladly send you the Doctor's full prescription free and everything necessary for a quick and lasting cure.

The following, taken from their daily mail, shows what men say who have taken advantage of this grand free offer:

"Dear Sirs:—Please accept my sincere thanks for yours of recent date. I have given your treatment a thorough test and the benefit has been extraordinary. It has completely braced me up. I am just as vigorous as when a boy and you cannot realize how happy I am."

"Dear Sirs:—Your method worked beautifully. Results were exactly what I needed. Strength and vigor have completely returned and enlargement is entirely satisfactory."

"Dear Sirs:—Yours was received and I had no trouble in making use of the receipt as directed, and can truthfully say it is a boon to weak men."

Don't stop and wonder how they can afford to do all this, but send today; the offer is genuine, and the prescription will be sent by return mail in a perfectly plain envelope absolutely free just as stated. Write today and soon you'll be happy.

OPPOSED

To Ship Subsidy Bill Is Senator Clay of Georgia.

Washington, March 6.—The chief feature of the session of the senate yesterday afternoon was the speec.

Senator Clay of Georgia in opposition to the ship subsidy bill.

Senator Clay began by making it clear that he favors an ocean mail service fully equal if not superior, to the similar service of other nations. It should be obtained, however, he argued, at a just and reasonable price and should not be connected with any subsidy scheme. The feature of the present bill which carried the largest appropriation, was that relative to betterment of the ocean mail service by the establishment of a number of new lines. There was proposed an increased annual expenditure of three million dollars a year, and yet there was nothing from the postal authorities to warrant the assumption that this was necessary or desired.

The present foreign mail system he considered ample and sufficient for present needs, but even if it should not prove to be fully so the existing law gave warrant for any necessary increase. He deprecated a policy which had for its purpose a subsidy to ship owners under the guise of mail pay.

Senator Clay devoted the main portion of his argument, however, to an attack upon the general subsidy feature of the bill, which is separate from the ocean mail feature. He argued that the low rates given by foreign ships against which American ship owners complained, do not at all work to the injury of American exporters, who get the benefit of these low rates. Ocean freights are the cheapest in our history, and the result of these low rates is seen in the great increase in American exports.

There were only three grounds on which the supporters of this bill based their advocacy of a general subsidy. First, that it cost more to build ships in the United States than abroad; second, that the American wage scale is higher and therefore the cost of operating ships under the American flag is greater than under foreign flags; third, that foreign governments subsidize their merchant marine.

Senator Clay quoted a number of authorities to prove that with the better methods prevailing in the ship yards in this country, the cost of construction is no higher than abroad. He contended that Americans can build iron and steel ships as cheaply as they can be built in any country in the world.

With regard to the cost of construction Senator Clay said that the American ship owners can and do obtain their labor in any port at which they touch. The American ship owners make use of the cheapest labor they can obtain. The provision for a certain percentage of the crew to be American will not necessarily result in any material increase in the cost of operation, although an effort, he said, is made to have it so appear. He argued that to plead for the subsidy on the ground that the American laboring man would be benefited by it, was in no sense warranted.

With regard to the claim that the American merchant marine must be subsidized because subsidies are granted by competing governments, Senator Clay undertook to show that neither England nor Germany gives any general subsidy to its merchant marine. Both governments pay for ships which can be converted into auxiliary cruisers, but that is all. Great Britain's payment in this line was but $300,000 a year. He contended that there was no general subsidy of its merchant marine by either of the two governments which are the chief commercial rivals of the United States.

Senator Clay compared the provisions of the present bill with that of the last congress, which had been defeated by the active work of the minority. He recalled the estimate of the commissioner of navigation upon which that former bill was based that it would require $9,000,000 a year to offset the advantages enjoyed by the foreign merchant marine, and compared with that estimate the one from the same official who now says that a subsidy of $1,000,000 a year will effect the same result. The enactment of this bill would not result in any material increase in number of ships flying the American flag.

The senator concluded by declaring that in his opinion the bill is vicious in principle in that it is an effort to aid private business through taxation of the people.

BARGE SAVED.

Cardenas Towed In After Drifting For Twenty-Nine Days.

Newport News, Va., March 6.—The barge Cardenas, which broke adrift from the tug Cuba with the barge Matanzas, on the night of Feb. 2, was towed in here yesterday by the Cuba, which picked her up at Fire island light, the Cardenas having been adrift for twenty-nine days. During that time she went as far as Bermuda, and drifted and sailed over a zig zag course totally at the mercy of the winds. Her last run before making the light was for 130 miles. All of the crew are well and the ship is but little damaged.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS

Supervising Architect Taylor Talks About the Great Demand.

Believes a Commission Should Have Charge of the Matter.

Bailey the Real Leader of Minority In the Senate.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, March 5.—(Special to The Herald.—Some idea of the demands for public buildings which are annually presented to congress can be gathered from a remark made by Supervising Architect Taylor this morning. Mr. Taylor was seen in his office and casually asked:

"What are the prospects for the completion of the duties of your bureau and the ultimate discontinuance of this branch of the treasury department?" Mr. Taylor replied:

"Up to date I have had 365 bills for new public buildings submitted to me for reports upon the necessity for them since this congress assembled in December. This number does not take into account the bills presented for additions to public buildings already constructed. There is one of this latter class," continued Mr. Taylor, "which has been occupied less than a month, and it is entirely too small for the business of the postoffice in the town in which it is located. I refer to the postoffice building in Beaumont, Texas. The postal business of Beaumont has grown so enormously within the past few months that the building, which was adequate for the requirements when designed is now altogether too small for the work which must be done there. By the way, the city—for that's what it is called in Texas—must be a frightfully dirty place, for the last report I have from there indicates that the janitor is obliged to use a hoe to scrape out the mud before he can close the doors at night."

"What do you think of the proposition submitted to congress some years ago by the late Senator Paddock of Nebraska for a general law to provide public buildings in all towns where the postal receipts reach a certain figure?" Mr. Taylor was asked.

"I think," he responded, "that it would be a good thing for congress to authorize a commission, consisting of the postmaster general, the secretary of the interior, the secretary of the treasury and the attorney general, which should have jurisdiction in these matters. The commission should be required to report from year to year to congress which towns ought to be supplied with public buildings. They are the cabinet officers coming into closest contact with the cities of the United States, and are better qualified to judge as to the advisability of providing buildings than any other official could be. I believe that if some such plan as this were adopted it would result in putting up buildings just where they are needed and where the government could save money in the way of rents by erecting buildings."

"Suppose, Mr. Taylor, that all the bills now pending in congress providing for federal structures should be enacted into law, how long would it take you with your present force to build them all?"

"I can only answer that by saying that within the last year twenty-four buildings have been started, and this is ten more than the average."

* * *

The controversy over the breach of decorum on the part of the two senators from South Carolina has brought one fact to the front with a great deal of force. That is that Senator Bailey of Texas, and not Jones of Arkansas, is the real leader of the minority in the upper branch of congress.

Senators Turner of Washington and Patterson of Colorado took a leading part in the debate on Monday, and by their speeches demonstrated more ability as debaters than they were suspected of, but it was Mr. Bailey, of Texas, who attracted the attention of the galleries and incidentally of the country. Mr. Bailey was known as a clear, forceful speaker in the house of representatives, and those who have watched his career in the lower branch of congress were confident that he would make his mark in the senate. They were not surprised, therefore, at his speech on Monday, and still it was not expected that the occasion would arise so soon which would give the young Texan the opportunity to prove that he is peer of any man in that assembly when it comes to stating clearly and forcefully a constitutional point. Some men in Mr. Bailey's position would have grown heated and thereby injured the cause which they advocated. Mr. Bailey did nothing of the kind. He stated his position, and he stated it so clearly, so concisely and so eloquently that he convinced every man who heard it or read it that he was right in his contention. An opportunity of this kind does not come to many men in the course of a lifetime, and when it does, few have the ability to seize it in the manner in which Mr. Bailey did. Bailey of Texas lost the leadership of his party in the house, but he has forced himself in his first year in the senate to the ranking place in the minority.

* * *

Only one incident of the ceremonies attending the visit of Prince Henry of Prussia to the capitol savored at all of royalty. The prince himself appeared to all who met him as a very genial gentleman of democratic proclivities and solid accomplishments. But nevertheless the distinction between the two forms of government was carefully observed by himself and officers and the gentlemen entourage. When Gen. Grosvenor was asked, as chairman of the house committee, to escort the prince-admiral into the house on the occasion of the McKinley memorial, and took charge of the seating of the prince, this came in evidence. Gen. Grosvenor advanced, escorting his royal highness of the house of Hohenzollern up the main aisle of the historic chamber of the representatives of the American people. He seemed to be in some doubt as to the proper location of the prince by precedence. He motioned across the main aisle of the great hall to Ambassador Von Holleben of Germany, who stepped over and took the station indicated by Gen. Grosvenor at the side of the prince. And here the strict rule of precedence of imperial courts for the first and perhaps the only time during the prince' American visit came into evidence. The prince promptly motioned the ambassador to the rear. The ambassador, fully aware of his proper station according to imperial etiquette, had only advanced a step, because he desired not to fail to recognize the authority of the American in charge of the house ceremonies. But Gen. Grosvenor not being posted on the etiquette of such occasions—probably because this was his first experience—really got one of the ablest ambassadors that any country has had at this capital in recent years out of favor for a few seconds with the brother of his imperial lord and master. The point in the case is only this: Precedence is distinction bounded by the custom of the imperial court, and if a break was made it was due wholly to Gen. Grosvenor's unfamiliarity with the forms which are so essential in European courts. Of course, there is no possible danger of the retirement of Baron Von Holleben, but the incident, trifling as it was, sufficed to mark the decided distinction between the forms of a great monarchy and a great republic.

The fact is, of course, that in precedence two Americans could possibly have ranked the prince and one of these does not exist. The vice president of the United States, heir apparent to the presidency, has been merged into the present president, therefore there was but one man who could rank him in any American assembly and that was the president himself.

The prince of Prussia sat in the full uniform of a German admiral, which, by the way, is more effective though less gorgeous than that of an American officer of like rank. The president wore a black coat and waistcoat and a pair of striped gray trousers and in this was conspicuous, for, with the single exception of Secretary Cortelyou, he was the only man in the front row who wore anything but black. In this connection it may be said that the gathering was, perhaps the most somber ever seen in the house of representatives. Of all the guests seated within the hall there were but two men who wore anything but the conventional black.

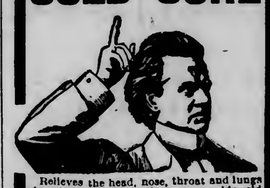
* * *

A great many persons recalled, incident to this occasion, that President McKinley, although himself of far humbler social origin than the present president, was very particular in matters of this kind, and upon all occasions resembling this in character, wore a black broadcloth Prince Albert suit. Yet the present president, in a very democratic manner, sat by the side of Prince Albert's royal grandson in a costume such as an ordinary American gentleman might wear on any afternoon occasion.

* * *

Prince Henry of Prussia has had a great time in the United States. He has been wined and dined every day since his arrival. On Wednesday last he was the guest of honor at no less than three luncheons and dinners. One of the gentlemen of his suite says that the prince enjoyed more the dinner given in his honor by the New York Staats-Zeitung to the press of America, which occurred in the Waldorf-Astoria in New York, than any other like occasion. The prince met on a basis of equality 1200 men who enjoyed his company simply because he was a good fellow and not on account of his royal connection. There was no formality. There was simply a bond of good fellowship, which was appreciated by the brother of the emperor and the spirit of the occasion permeated the atmosphere. There never was such a dinner in the world and it is doubtful if there can ever be another. The Staats-Zeitung is recognized as the greatest paper printed in the German language in this country and the proprietors are entitled to the credit for accomplishing what no other newspaper could possibly have accomplished—namely, the bringing together of journalists from every section, North, South, East and West, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, from the gulf to the Canadian line of more than 1000 men to meet an admiral of the German navy and a prince of the house of Prussia.

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COLD CURE



Relieves the head, nose, throat and lungs almost immediately. Cures new colds, old colds and obstinate colds. It breaks up any kind of a cold in a few hours, and prevents Pneumonia, Bronchitis, Grippe or other disease of throat or lungs.

Munyon's Witch Hazel Soap makes the skin soft as velvet, 15c. Sold everywhere.

Munyon's Inhaler Cures Catarrh.

Send for Guide to Health Book free. New York.

COMPLETE RETURNS.

Mayor of Seattle Has a Majority of 613.

Seattle, March 6.—Complete municipal election returns are as follows: Humes (Rep.), 6609; Goodwin (Dem.), 5996. Humes majority, 613. Ripinger (Rep.) for comptroller and practically all the remainder of the Republican ticket polled a vote of 7851. Steele (Dem.) for comptroller and practically the remainder of the ticket polled 4853.

MINES BILL REJECTED.

London, March 6.—The commons yesterday rejected the second reading of the eight-hours mines bill by a vote of 208 to 207.

POINT OF INTEREST

Develops In Connection With Northern Securities Company.

Owns Only Forty Per Cent of Great Northern Stock.

Therefore Not Amendable to Sherman Anti-Trust Act.

Chicago, March 6.—The Evening Post's New York correspondent says: Announcement of the actual position of the Northern Securities company as outlined in these dispatches yesterday was discussed today in Wall street, where the facts were not known before the closing of the market.

It had been generally presumed that as a matter of course the Northern Securities company, shortly after it was formed, took both the Northern Pacific and the Great Northern Railroad companies by the exchange of large majorities of their capital stocks for the shares of the Northern Securities company. The fact that the company owns only 40 per cent of the stock of the Great Northern, and therefore does not control that road, must make it apparent to every lay mind that, in its present position it is safe against the proposed attack by Attorney General Knox under the Sherman anti-trust act. Not only is it safe, but it is in a position to invite an attack of the nature contemplated, for the trial of the suit, although it will not expose the Northern Securities company to danger, may, and in all probability will, draw from the United States supreme court a full and exhaustive opinion on the question whether the New Jersey corporation has the right to hold control of two competing railroads chartered in another state the laws of which forbid the merging of such line.

If the opinion of the court is favorable the Northern Securities company will go ahead on the lines originally proposed and take over the remainder of the Great Northern stock, or at least increase its holdings to a majority. If the decision is against it the company will remain in its present position, or perhaps increase its minority holding in Great Northern to 40 per cent of the total stock, which would make it necessary for friendly interests to hold only 1 per cent plus one share of the stock to insure the retention of control in proper hands without making the Northern Securities company amenable to the Sherman law, or it may organize under foreign laws—those of Canada or England—to hold control of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific just as it now seeks to do under its New Jersey charter.

Thus it is plain that, whatever may be the developments in the federal suit, the success of the Northern Securities scheme is assurd. And so the determination of the authorities at Washington to test the legality of the proposition in so far as it is a cloud on the financial horizon has disappeared and in its stead there is a strong possibility—many believe a probability—that in its stead will come a rainbow in the form of a decision favorable to carrying out the Northern Securities project on the lines of its original conception.

U. S. WILL NOT

Interfere In the Boer War In Any Way.

Washington, March 5.—Messrs. Wolmarans and Wessels, the Boer representatives who came to this country from Europe for the purpose of conferring with the secretary of state, have achieved their purpose. They were received by Mr. Hay at 11 o'clock this morning. It was distinctly to be understood that the Boers were to be received as private citizens and not in an official capacity. The secretary talked to them freely with this understanding. The principal object of the delegates was to induce the United States government to do something to end the war in South Africa. The secretary heard them attentively and promised to consider their representations and to do whatever he could to ameliorate the conditions in South Africa. But he pointed out that the president was the prime authority in such matters, and he recommended that the Boers see Mr. Roosevelt and ascertain his views. This they agreed to do, and they will be received at the White House in the same unofficial capacity. Later in the day Messrs. Wolmarans and Wessels, accompanied by Dr. Frederick Muller, of the Orange Free State, called at the White House. They were received by President Roosevelt in the library and remained with him about fifteen minutes. They called as private citizens and not in their official capacity as Boer representatives. Mr. Roosevelt listened attentively to what they had to say, and then informed them this government cannot and will not interfere in the struggle.

LUMBER DEALERS

Report a Prosperous Year and Prices Higher.

Chicago, March 5.—Speakers at the tenth annual meeting of the National Wholesale Lumber Dealers' association, held here today, declared that while business in the past year has been prosperous, prices have been unusually high, because of the growing shortage of lumber. President Lippincott, in his annual address, predicts that there will be a further rise in prices of the product unless the supply is replenished.

General Counsel J. J. McKelvey urged action on the forestry question, with a view of providing an abundant supply of lumber for the future.

Mother—Now is the time to have your little ones take Rocky Mountain Tea. Keeps them well all the year. Great medicine for children. 35 cts. Ask your druggist.

Woman's Nightmare

No woman's happiness can be complete without children; it is her nature to love and want them as much so as it is to love the beautiful and pure. The critical ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, however, is so fraught with dread, pain, suffering and danger, that the very thought of it fills her with apprehension and horror. There is no necessity for the reproduction of life to be either painful or dangerous. The use of **Mother's Friend** so prepares the system for the coming event that it is safely passed without any danger. This great and wonderful remedy is always applied externally, and has carried thousands of women through the trying crisis without suffering.

Mother's Friend

Send for free book containing information of priceless value to all expectant mothers.

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.



Storage, Packing and Moving — Employ none but experienced men Responsible for all breakages. Reasonable in prices. Get estimates before moving.

DULUTH FUEL & TRANSFER COMPANY.



VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, Shrunken Organs. Stops Quickness of Discharge. Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate. Restores small, undeveloped organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. Imparts Vigor and potency to every function. Don't get disgusted; a cure is at hand. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. 50 CENTS. Sold by Mormon Pharmacy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

"IF AT FIRST YOU DON'T SUCCEED," TRY

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Dr. EMMA BREINHOLM
Graduated Midwife
ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETIC HEALING
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Bunions, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Wounds, Sprains or Bruises of every description are quickly healed with ***Greene's Infallible Liniment.*** It is a powerful antiseptic and blood poisoning is impossible under its use. In cases of Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Sore Throat or Lame Back it gives instant relief.

Mr. G. F. Moore, Traveling Auditor of the Chicago & Alton R. R., writes:

"I wish to congratulate you on having produced a liniment which in all cases comes up to the merits claimed for it. In my family it has been used with perfectly satisfactory results."

"Greene's Infallible Liniment has done me a world of good. I shall always have a supply on hand for use. —W. A. Lange, ex-fielder, C. B. B. Club."

Price 25c., 50c. and $1.00 per bottle. If your druggist cannot supply you, the makers, J. W. Greene & Co., Chicago, will, to prove its worth, send a large **free sample** in return for this Ad. and 10c. to cover cost of mailing. There is no substitute. Look for this trade mark

GREENE'S INFALLIBLE C. L. LINIMENT

For sale by Schutze Bros., Saddlery; E. L. Toomey, Horseshoer; G. H. Huseby, Harness Dealer; Clemetson Bros., Harness Dealers, West Duluth; James McMartin, Horseshoer; D. D. Mackey, Horseshoer; Heimer Jentoft, Flour and Feed Dealer; S. M. Jensen, Two Harbors, Minn.; and S. F. Boyce and Kenney & Watt, Duluth.

MAX WIRTH, Druggist, Duluth

Jack Spratt could eat no fat,
His wife could eat no lean,
But a bottle of



made everything serene.

Bottled at the Brewery.

Fred Miller Brewing Co., Milwaukee, Wis.
E. C. HAUSER, Agent.
Both 'Phones. 47 Railroad Street

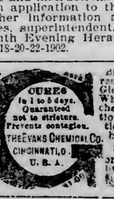
CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.



SAFE. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

Mention this paper.

Proposals for net beef and flour.—U. S. Indian school service, Vermilion Lake school, Tower, Minnesota, March 1, 1902. Sealed proposals endorsed "Proposals for Beef and Flour," (as the case may be), and addressed to the undersigned at Tower, Minnesota, will be received at this school until two o'clock p. m., of March 29, 1902, for furnishing and delivering at this school as required during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1902, about fourteen thousand pounds beef, net, and fourteen thousand pounds flour, as per specifications and instructions to bidders to be had upon application to the undersigned. For further information apply to Oliver H. Gates, superintendent.
Duluth Evening Herald March-4-6-8-11-13-15-18-20-22-1902.



is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, Unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75.



Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

REVIVO

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advice free. Address

ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 16-20 Plymouth Pl., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists.

The Health of a Manly Man



Why will not all men insist upon having it, when it is so easy to get and to keep. Some men are eaten alive by tape-worms, others wander hopelessly for years dying slow deaths from bowel disease.

"After taking two Cascarets, there came on the scene a very unexpected visitor in the shape of a tape-worm eighteen feet long at least, which I am sure caused my bad health for three years."
—Geo. W. Bowles, Baird Miss.

"After taking Cascarets I have had a natural relief without taking medicine of any sort during the past two weeks. This had not occurred for 18 years."
—Chas. E. Penny, 601 Yates Ave., Brooklyn.

"For three years I have been afflicted with diabetes. Since using Cascarets I have found great relief and feel that I must send you my personal recommendation."
—C. R. Lyman 313 West Ave., Buffalo, N. Y.

"I have been using Cascarets for stomach trouble of six years standing. I am cured and recommend them to all who need a remedy."
—Rev. E. M. Chandler, Mill P. O., Mo.

"Cascarets cured me of the piles, with which I had long suffered."
—J. L. Wolleson, Perry, Oklahoma.

"I used Cascarets for insomnia, with which I have been afflicted for twenty years. They gave me immediate relief."—Thos. Gillard, Elgin, Ill.

"Cascarets are the only remedy I have ever used that cause a fine, easy movement of the bowels without impairing the functions of the stomach."
—Chas. S. Campbell, Sunbury, Pennsylvania.

Business as well as social life of today is one of strain and effort, and the struggle for existence in competition makes life a fight day in day out, in which care of body, nerves, blood is more or less neglected. Men wonder what's wrong with them. No man can stand such unnatural conditions unless he counteracts them by using Cascarets Candy Cathartic, causing regularity of body in spite of irregularity of habits. A man who "feels bad" should take Cascarets, find out what's wrong and be cured.

Cascarets

Best for the Bowels. All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N. Y. 109

Houses, Lots, Acreage, Farms —Many opportunities for those who would buy, sell, exchange or rent any kind of Real Estate offered on this page.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE.

8 modern East End Houses
6 modern Central Houses
4 modern Central Double Houses.
Low Prices. Easy Terms.

N. J. UPHAM CO.,
400 Burrows Building.

HOUSE WANTED.

We have client who desires to purchase a modern nine or ten-room dwelling, East End preferred.

FARM LANDS.

We have cheapest tract of farm lands in St. Louis county for sale.

Cheap house in West End. For sale by

A. W. Taussig & Co.
305 Providence Building.

$900 House and lot near Twenty-eighth avenue west; city water; street graded; good chance to get a home.

$1650 Six-room house; lot 25x140 feet; Second street, near Twenty-first avenue west.

$1200 Farm of 80 acres, well improved; buildings, etc.; choice land; no stones; near Duluth.

Cheap lots in the West End.

T. G. VAUGHN,
Phone 789. 401 Lonsdale Bldg.

First Street

Central business property very cheap for quick sale.

Vacant and improved properties in East End at low prices.

GEORGE RUPLEY,
513 Board of Trade.

A Six Room House for
$700.
Another for
$600.
Located near Endion depot. Nothing so cheap in the East End.

G. G. Dickerman & Co
Trust Co. Building.

FOR SALE.

Houses and lots in all parts of the city. 5 per cent interest on deferred payments.

R. M. NEWPORT, 302 Lonsdale Bldg

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

$6500 One of the best business corners in heart of city. Rents for $80.00. Genuine bargain.

For Rent Modern double house big yard fine home, $40.00 for whole house.

T. W. WAHL & Co
201 Exchange Bldg.

GLEN AVON LOTS CHEAP;
Lots that will be reached by extension of gas and water this summer.

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

$900
Will buy a seven-room house, good as new, with stone foundation, in West End. Lot 25x140.

$1800
Will buy a good six-room house on East Fifth street. City water. Lot 25x140.

$1500
Will buy an eight-room house on Third street, near Seventh avenue east. Lot 25x140. City water.

FIVE PER CENT MONEY TO LOAN.

Julius D. Howard & Co
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.
216 West Superior Street.

ATTENTION!
INVESTORS
Large or Small.

I have for sale for a limited time only a small block of the treasury stock—FULL PAID AND NON-ASSESSABLE—in the German-American Consolidated Gold Mining company of Colorado, upon which semi-annual dividends are guaranteed. Here is a "sure thing" snap. First come, first served. For full particulars call on or address.

W. KAISER,
106 Palladio Bldg., Duluth, Minn.
Zenith 'phone 32. Bell 'phone 636-2.

A BARGAIN!

House and lot, fronting on Grand Avenue, near Elinor Street. The house contains 7 rooms and bath room—has city water connection and all necessary plumbing. The streets are permanently improved and the house was repaired and painted during the past summer.

R. B. KNOX & CO
1 Exchange Building.

ESTABLISHED 1869.

INSURANCE AND BONDS.

WE REPRESENT

Aachen & Munich Fire Insurance Co	Germany
Commercial Union Assurance Co., Ltd	London
German-American Insurance Co	New York
Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Co	Germany
Law Union & Crown Fire & Life Insurance Co	London
Liverpool & London & Globe Insurance Co	Liverpool
London & Lancashire Fire Insurance Co	Liverpool
Manchester Fire Assurance Co	Manchester
National Fire Insurance Co	Hartford
Royal Insurance Co	Liverpool
State Fire Insurance Co., Ltd	Liverpool
Sun Insurance Office	London
Union Assurance Society	London
The Fidelity and Casualty Co	New York
Lloyds Plate Glass Insurance Co	New York
National Surety Co	New York
The Employes' Liability Assur. Corp., Ltd	England

The same, old, reliable, reputable companies represented by the same old, reliable, reputable agency. Just a change in the name—that's all. You want the Best—we furnish it.

Manley-McLennan Agency,
Formerly
Graves-Manley Agency,
Torrey Bldg., First Floor. Duluth, Minn.

Our Latest Time Card is Green.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk.
Telephone 755, N. Call 4.
Zenith 'Phone 713.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

RESIDENCES We have for sale eight of the most desirable, in the fashionable district of the East End. Prices from $5500 to $11,500.

A CORNER 100 by 140 feet. This is the best location of which we know for improvement with flats, double dwellings, or apartments, for an investment. Price low.

FARMS Three well improved, good buildings. Close to the city. Call and see us regarding the above. Fire insurance written.

Chas. P. Craig & Co,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

$2200 Takes 8-room house on Fifth street. Cheap.
$2100 Takes 7-room modern house in East End.
$3000 Takes 8-room modern house, corner lot, hot water heat.

A. C. VOLK & CO., 202-203 Palladio

A Good Bargain.

8 room house, 50 foot lot, located No. 123 E. Third st, can be handled for $850.00 cash. Communicate with C. T. Seymour, 603, W. 1st St. New 'Phone 814.

$7500 For a 12 room house—hardwood finish, hot water heat, barn—lot 50x140—Best location in E. end.

$3000 For a good 9-room house in the East End.

A business property in Range town netting 25 per cent in rents. Price $3200.

200 acres fine level land one mile from Carlton for $8.00 an acre.

D. W. SCOTT,
10 Mesaba Block.

FOR SALE—FARM LANDS.

CARLTON COUNTY, MINN.—$200 WILL buy 40 acres good land, easily cleared; $650 will buy 80 acres right on railroad, with fine stream through; $1200 will buy quarter section on railroad and enough hardwood on land to pay cost of clearing; $6 per acre will buy one of the best sections in Carlton county, with lot of valuable timber on, only $2 per acre cash, balance on time at 6 per cent.

ST. LOUIS COUNTY, MINN.—$500 WILL buy 40 acres near Pike lake, covered with hardwood, which will pay cost of land; $50 per acre will buy 10 acres in 19-50-11, within city limits; $10 per acre will buy a half section four miles from city limits, with considerable hardwood; $240 will buy 40 acres ten miles from city, three miles from railroad; 4000 acres in southern part of county at $3 per acre.

DOUGLAS COUNTY, WIS.—$780 WILL buy 78 acres on Northern Pacific railroad ten miles from West Superior, lays level and easily cleared; $2.50 per acre for 320 acres about twenty miles south of West Superior; 1320 acres fifteen miles south of Superior, on railroad, at $3 per acre; 240 acres good land on Omaha railroad, near Hawthorne, at $5.50 per acre, easy terms.

NORTHERN MICHIGAN—160 ACRES close to railroad, considerable hardwood, $2.50 per acre; 100 acres, with large amount of hemlock, cedar and maple, $5 per acre, wood will pay profit besides paying for land.

GUARANTY FARM LAND CO.,
428 West Superior Street, Duluth.

FOR SALE!

Seven-room house in East End—good location—all modern conveniences—hot water heat. Price $4000

Pulford, How & Co
100 Trust Company Building.

Here's a Snap!

We have a lot on Huron street that can be bought at much less than its real value. We have a good cottage in same locality that can be moved to above lot at little expense and thus an excellent home may be had at a very small price. Investigate it.

GEO. H. CROSBY,
106 Providence Bldg.

Endion Lots

Each a 50-foot lot.

$500 and street assessments for a Third street lot.
$500 each and street assessments for two Second street lots.
$500 and street assessments for a Jefferson street lot.
$500 and street assessments for a London road lot.

If rents are too high buy and build. All are bargains.

Richardson & Day,
Exchange Building.

Lakeside Bargains.

Prices in Lakeside are already advancing. We have a few snaps in good homes and cheap lots left. Call and let us show them to you. Now is the time to buy.

GEO. H. CROSBY,
106 Providence Building.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

1510 Jefferson street, seven-room house, bath, cellar, stone foundation, furnace, electric light; can be bought cheap.

A tract of land near the pumping station on the lake shore, lays good; can be bought cheap.

Thirty lots on Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth avenues west; any size lot from $200 a lot and upwards. Easy terms.

110 East Fifth street, house on the alley; will pay a good profit on the investment. Price, $1000.

A lot on upper side of Superior street, near Fifth avenue east— price **$2000**

A couple of flats to rent in West Duluth.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.,
H. H. Hanford, Mngr. 605 Palladio Bldg.

DO YOU PAY RENT?

Why not OWN your home and PAY LESS THAN RENT.

THE NATIONAL HOME-SEEKERS' ASSOCIATION will buy any home you choose on following payments:
A $1000 home, $5.50 per month.
A $2000 home $11.00 per month.
A $3000 home $16.50 per month.
These are direct payments on principal. NO INTEREST. No large down payment. Call and have this explained. Office open till 8:30 evenings, 417 Torrey building. Correspondents enclose 2c stamp.

SPLENDID BARGAIN.

Strictly modern ten-room dwelling in best residence district. Lot 75x140.

Wm. C. Sargent & Co.
503 Lonsdale Bldg.

ENDION HOMES.

We have the best list of Endion houses and lots offered in the city. Let us show you something nice in this choice district at a moderate price.

GEO. H. CROSBY,
106 Providence Bldg.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—A FINE JERSEY COW just calved. 821 Fourth avenue east. J. L. Levine.

FOR SALE—NEW AND AN OLD PIANO very cheap, at 216 West Superior street; room 107.

FOR SALE—ANY PART OF 1000 shares Pennsylvania Iron & Steel company stock; make offer. P 57, Herald.

FOR SALE—$65 OAK FOLDING BED, good as new, with mattress; $25. Address X, Y, Z, Herald.

FOR SALE—A CANDYMAKER'S FURNace, a slab and kettle, cheap. 416 Second avenue east.

A CAR LOAD OR FRESH MILCH COWS will arrive March 6, at Evan Johnson's 2608 Helm street. Will exchange for beef cattle.

FOR SALE—CHOICE WHITE WYANdotte hens and some barred Plymouth Rocks and White Wyandotte eggs for hatching. Call or address Robert Metcalf, Duluth Heights.

Horses!! Horses!!

Large assortment of general purpose horses constantly on hand, including farm mares, drivers and delivery horses. Call and see us before going elsewhere.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Horse Market opposite P.O. Duluth, Minn.

S. M. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED with a car load of fresh milch cows and will sell and exchange for fat cattle. 1219 East Seventh street.

$300 FOR 80-ACRE FARM WITH HOUSE and furniture. $900 for 120-acre farm with good house. We both buy and sell farm or cut-over timber lands. State Trust company, 506 Providence building, Duluth.

FOR SALE—LOCOMOTIVES, STEAM shovels, cars and rails, for construction or logging. Write for our 1902 catalogue. M. Mitsukun Company, Detroit, Mich.

L. HAMMEL CO. ALWAYS HAVE ON hand the best logging horses in the city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 503 Lonsdale building.

SAWMILL FOR SALE—LOCATED AT Minong, Wis.; capacity 20,000 to 25,000 in ten hours; complete outfit; part payment accepted and terms on balance. Apply No. 10 Mesaba block.

LAUNCHES!
Pearson Boat Construction Co.,
Send for Prices. DULUTH, MINN

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

PERSONAL.

PATENTS—PROTECT YOUR IDEAS. No allowance. No fee. Consultation free. Est. 1884. Milo B. Stevens & Co., 614 Eleventh street, Washington.

PARTY WITH MONEY DESIRES TO invest in paying established business and take active interest. Address D., Herald.

LADIES! $500 REWARD for a case of obeth Date suppression, any cause; my monthly regulator fails to relieve. Mail Harmless veg. safe, sure. Howlong-suppressed. Dr. Jackson P. Co., Inc. pap 161 Dearborn, Chicago.

ANY AND ALL PERSONS HAVING collaterals on which loans have been made, must redeem same within thirty days from first insertion of this notice, Feb. 25, 1902. Standard Jewelry & Loan company, 224 West Superior street.

DRESSMAKING.

AND PLAIN sewing; fit and style guaranteed. 616 E. 4th St. Basement flat.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—A GOOD WOMAN TO MAKE her home in family. D 40, Herald.

WANTED—A WIDOW CAPABLE OF taking charge of farm house in North Dakota.

WANTED—DISHWASHER AND DINingroom girl. 210 West Second street.

WANTED—WAIST AND SKIRT MAKers at once. La Ferte, 17 West Superior street.

WANTED — A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework in small family. 1203 East Fourth street.

WANTED — NURSE GIRL. 230 EAST Fourth street.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK; good wages. Apply Mrs. Claypool, 811 Park Place.

WANTED — MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN for housework. Apply 16 Seventh avenue west.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1513 Jefferson street.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 217 East Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework at 107 Park terrace.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1317 East Second street.

WANTED—KITCHEN AND DINING room girl, at 627 West Superior street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Good wages paid. 2 Chester terrace.

WANTED—COMPETENT NURSE GIRL. Must have good references. Apply 20 Twelfth avenue east.

MALE HELP—WANTED

WANTED—MAN TO WORK ON DAIRY and deliver milk. Take Woodland car. Woodland dairy.

WANTED—ELEVATOR BOY AT ST. Louis hotel.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED SCANDInavian hardware clerk. R. R. Forward.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS MEAT CUTter at Gasser's market.

WANTED—BARBER AT PROVIDENCE building.

WANTED—MACHINE HAND TO RUN moulder. Apply Oulett & Baxter, Lake avenue.

TAILOR WANTED AT ONCE; GOOD coatmaker. W. J. Wood, Hibbing, Minn.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Last thirty days of special offer. Can earn scholarship, board, tools and transportation. Great demand for graduates during spring rush. Short time required. Write today. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—AGENTS.

TWO GOOD, LIVE HUSTLERS, AT once to introduce a specialty; city. Apply 313 East Superior street. A. A. Page, manager.

FEMINOLOGY BEST SUBSCRIPtion book proposition of the century. Write for terms. C. L. Dressler & Co., 2203 Gladys avenue, Chicago.

STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING.
All kinds accurately and promptly done. Old Phone 544, Zenith 831. Jessie L. Cooley—Lydia T. Grieser. 307 First National Bank Building.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—POSITION BY EXPERIenced lady stenographer. Can furnish best of references. J 39, Herald.

COMPETENT NURSE MAID WANTS place. Can give best of references. Address P 59, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS POSITION AS CASHier in store, restaurant or office work. Address P 46, Herald.

AN EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER wants a few more ladies to sew for by the day. Address Miss Shermerhorn, 605 West First street.

WANTED — SITUATION BY YOUNG married man; no bad habits; honest and willing to work; would like to have a steady place. Address Basement 924 East Sixth street.

DRESSMAKER WISHES WORK IN family. Address 732 East Third street.

WANTED—POSITION AS WOMAN cook. Address W 46, Herald.

A WOMAN WANTS TO TAKE HOME A few ladies' or gentlemen's washing and do the mending if necessary. Please call or address Mrs. Selma Anderson. 32 Tenth avenue west.

GIRL WANTS A GOOD PLACE TO DO general housework in good family. Address 1208 West First street.

STEADY YOUNG MAN WOULD LIKE a position in a grocery store. Experienced and references furnished. Address W 33, Herald.

YOUNG MAN OF 29 WANTS A POSItion in office; best of references given. Address W. K., 111 East Fourth street.

YOUNG GIRL WOULD LIKE A PLACE to care for children; would like to stay home nights. Address P 47, care Herald.

SITUATION WANTED BY YOUNG man, 18 years old, strong, honest and willing to work. Can furnish references. T 22, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WASHING TO TAKE home or will go out by the day. 1130 East Sixth street.

AN EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER wants a few more ladies to sew for by the day. Address Miss Shermerhorn, 605 West First street.

LOST.

LOST—BITCH FOX TERRIER ANSwering to the name of Trixie. Reward if delivered to 320 East Fourth street.

LOST—BLACK MUFF BETWEEN Fifteenth and Nineteenth avenues east; notify James McCue, 924 East Third street.

SAND AND GRAVEL.

GOOD BUILDING SAND AND GRAVel, cheap at Fortieth avenue west. For permits apply to C. H. Martz, at board of public works.

SCREENED, CLEAN AND SHARP AT Glen Avon sand pit for sale at $1 per load of 1½ yards. Get tickets at 112 Exchange building; sand costs more without tickets.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—MODERN 8-ROOM HOUSE, furnished, for the summer. T 56, Herald.

A FEW SMALL HOUSES, CENTRALLY located, rent reasonable. A. R. Macfarlane & Co., 112 Exchange building.

TWO LADIES WILL RENT PART OF house furnished to married couple. W 34, Herald.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

THREE FURNISHED AND THREE unfurnished rooms. Housekeeping. 626 West Third street.

FURNISHED ROOMS—$1 AND UP PER week, 206 Fifth avenue west.

FOR RENT—THREE FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping, with bath and all modern conveniences. Address 931 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED room; all conveniences. 19 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FOUR FURNISHED rooms, 420 Third avenue east. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS. APPLY 822 West Fifth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FRONT room with electric light and bath. Address to 607 West Third street, city.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS with bath. 6 Mason flats.

FURNISHED ROOM. 221 EAST THIRD street.

NEAT NICELY FURNISHED ROOM with bath. Rent reasonable. 234 Mesaba avenue.

STORE FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STORES NOS. 522 AND 524 West Superior street. Lane McGregor & Co., 6 Exchange.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FIVE ROOM flat for the summer. Ground floor; central and strictly modern. R. S. B., Herald.

EIGHT-ROOM STEAM-HEATED FLAT, gas range, hot and cold water. Ingalls flats, 216 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—TWO FLATS NO 310 AND 312 West Fifth street. Modern, new and nice. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOM UPPER flat, bath, electric light. 1412 Jefferson street. Inquire of J. B. Middlecoff, 415 Providence building. Telephone 940.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 17, 1902. Work, Second degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock. next meeting March 10, 1902. Work, First degree. Clyde W. Stilson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated conventions second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 12, 1902. Work Royal Arch degree. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 7:30 p. m. Next conclave April 1, 1902. Work, Installation of officers. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS. ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL NO. 2, meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west at 8 p. m. Jack Huitquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES—Duluth Aerie No. 79, meets every Thursday at 8 p. m., in Kalamazoo block. Special election postponed until Thursday, March 6. J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets every Thursday of the month at Great Eastern hall. William Cleugh, sachem; S. C. Murphy, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 68, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m., at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. N. G. Halloway, sachem; A. M. Johnson, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, WE-KE-ME-WUP TRIBE, NO. 17, meets every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St. C. E. Armstead, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS. NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. J. H. Nichols, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS — DIAMOND lodge, No. 45, K. of P., meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Monday, Dec. 2, Work in the third rank. L. B. Allen, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of R. S.

M. W. A. Imperial camp, No. 2296, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; I. H. Opperman, W. A.; William Tunell, clerk.

K. O. T. M. KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

HERB REMEDIES.

FOR ALL IMPURE BLOOD DISORders, tumors and cancers cured without the knife; inexpensive home treatment. No office charges. The Herbaqueen company, 319 First avenue east.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Business confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg, Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 313; old, 705-5.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 237 MAIN STREET, West Superior, Wis. Phone 4359-3.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

MRS. HANSON—MIDWIFE—
Female complaints. Private hospital, 413 Seventh avenue east. 'Phone 1225.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

IMPORT OF 1901. 75c A BOTTLE, AT C. J. Tuffe's drug store.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WE ARE IN THE MARKET FOR horses and will pay best prices. L. Hammel Co., Third avenue east and First street, Duluth.

WANTED—TO BUY, SECOND HAND motor, about one horse power. M. Henricksen, jeweler.

WANTED—TO BUY, A COCKER SPANiel pup, four weeks old. Duluth Cigar company.

Horses Wanted.

LUMBERMEN AND CONTRACTORS—Notice—We are in the market at all times to purchase your horses if you have no further use for them and will pay highest cash price for the same. Call or address, BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN, Sale Stable opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn.

JOHNSON NICKEL MINING COMpany stock wanted; state price and quantity. Address P. O. box 230, city.

PICTURE FRAMING.

GET YOUR PICTURES AND PICTURE frames at Hoffman's, 211 East Superior street.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

IF YOU WANT A GUARANTEED INvestment paying 20 per cent, call or write. William Kaiser, 106 Palladio building. Both 'phones.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv	Duluth	Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar	Proctor	Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m	Ar	Iron Jctn	Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar	Wolf	Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar	Virginia	Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar	Eveleth	Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar	Sparta	Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar	Biwabik	Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar	Mtn. Iron	Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar	Hibbing	Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A. M.	P. M.	STATIONS.	P. M.	P. M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	7:30
11:25	7:25	Ar.....Virginia.....Lv	8:08	3:30
11:30	7:30	Ar.....Eveleth.....Lv	8:00	3:30
12:20	7:55	Ar.....Ely.....Lv	7:25	2:50
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.
(G. N. NORTHERN SYSTEM.)

Leave		Arrive	
‡	1:25 p.m.	St. Paul	‡ 1:55 p.m.
‡	11:10 p.m.	Minneapolis	* 6:30 p.m.
*	7:55 a.m.	Cass Lake, Grand Forks Montana, Pacific Coast Hibbing, Swan River and the Iron Range.	* 6:48 p.m.
‡	3:00 p.m.		‡ 11:58 a.m.

* Daily ‡ Daily Except Sunday.
Sleeper ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 50 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee.	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oshosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 9:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:15 a m
b 8:00 a m	" " "	b 6:50 p m
a 7:30 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express North Coast Limited	a 7:55 a m
8:00 a m		a 10:50 p m
	"DULUTH SHORT LINE."	
Leave	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	Arrive
b 9:00 a m		a 6:30 a m
a 3:55 p m		b 4:10 p m
11:30 p m		a 7:10 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior street.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railw'y
City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Blk. 'Phone 44
All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot.

*5:45 p. m. Lv—BOSTON LIMITED—Ar *9:55 a. m. All points East.

†8:15 a. m. Lv—.....LOCAL.....—Ar. 7:25 p. m. Marquette & Copper Country.

D Daily. † Except Sunday

16 PAGES. **DULUTH EVENING HERALD.** 16 PAGES.

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. FRIDAY, MARCH 7, 1902. TWO CENTS.

BOARD OF CONTROL

Will Not Be Disturbed For the Present.

House Votes to Adjourn On Next Tuesday.

From The Herald
State Capitol Bureau.

St. Paul, March 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—The board of control bill introduced in the senate yesterday by Senator Bower of Stearns, taking the educational institutions out of the board's control, received a second defeat this morning, but Mr. Brower did not abandon his fight. The committee on the reception of bills, to which the bill was referred, reported it for indefinite postponement, and Mr. Brower moved that the report be amended so as to have the bill considered. He said that the idea of having the mad man, the criminal and the scholar all under the same supervision was absurd, and had never been heard of in any other state.

Senator Johnson of Nicollet opposed the motion to consider the bill because he was against the whole board of control bill and because this was not the proper time to consider the measure, with only two more working days of the session left.

Senator Benedict, Blue Earth, favored the motion because he was opposed to the whole board of control idea.

Senator Daugherty moved the previous question, and Senator Brower's motion did not get the necessary majority of the senate. When it was seen that the motion was lost, Senator Brower changed his vote in order that he might move a reconsideration. This made the vote 27 to 25 in favor of receiving the bill. The question of adopting the report for the indefinite postponement of the bill, was put over to this afternoon.

Senator Daly introduced this morning a resolution calling upon the board of railroad and warehouse commissioners to look into the question of railroad passenger rates and see if they cannot be lowered. The resolution was passed unanimously. It recites the immense earnings of railroads, shows that substantial reductions have been made in freight rates, but that no general lowering of passenger rates has been made in twenty years. The commission is directed to see if rates cannot be put down to a minimum of 2 cents per mile and a maximum of 2½ cents, and report progress to the next legislature, together with a copy of any order it may have made in the premises.

The Anderson real estate tax bill was made a special order for this afternoon.

Senator Schelbach's bill taxing mortgages against the holder and deducting the amount of the tax from the tax due on the land, was referred back to

(Continued on page 16.)

END IS CLOSE AT HAND

Adjournment of the Extra Session Expected Not Later Than Wednesday---Senate Adopts Amendments to Constitution.

From The Herald
State Capitol Bureau.

St. Paul, March 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—The great extra session of the Minnesota legislature is drawing near a close. The end will come not later than Wednesday of next week, and it may come earlier than that. The day of new matters is past, and all that now remains is to clean up the scattered ends of the session's business and close up shop. Then the members of the legislature will go home to receive the applause of their constituents for the accomplishments of the extraordinary session. Just what those accomplishments are it will be necessary to wait until everything is off the boards to determine. The main things of interest, of course, were the commission's tax code and the Jacobson tax code, junior, both of which are deader than Caesar. From present indications the only fruit of the special session will be the Anderson tax laws, the constitutional amendments which are to be decided upon, though each house has selected a set, and the liberal education in tax matters that the state of Minnesota has furnished to her law-makers at a large expense.

* * *

Both house and senate held sessions yesterday afternoon. In the senate the work was toward cleaning the slate, but in the house a dozen new bills were introduced. Some of these, however, were merely local and curative acts, meritorious measures all, according to the pleadings of their sponsors.

* * *

The main event of the senate session was the adoption of a set of amendments to the constitution embodying the restrictive idea on tax legislation.

(Continued on page 6.)

CENSUS BILL APPROVED

President Has Signed the Act Providing For a Permanent Census Bureau and Issues Instructions to Secretary Hitchcock.

Washington, March 7.—The president has signed the bill creating a permanent census bureau. He has sent the following letter to the secretary of the interior:

White House, Washington, March 6, 1902—Sir: I have signed the act providing for a permanent census bureau. Section two of this act provides that the work pertaining to the twelfth census shall be carried on by the census office under the existing organization until the first day of July, when the permanent census office herein provided for shall be organized by the director of the census. Section five provides that, with your approval, the director of the census may appoint into the permanent census force in two ways: In the first place, from the present employes of the census office, and in the second place, all new appointments to be made in accordance with the civil service law. After any of the present employes of the present census have been appointed upon the permanent bureau they become part of the classified service.

I have been over these two sections very carefully with the attorney general, and their construction seems to be perfectly clear. You will please inform the director of the census that his office will continue to be administered as it has been administered until the first of July. On that day he will, with your permission, appoint such members of the present force under him as will constitute the permanent census force, appointing only so many as are to be permanently employed. After that date all appointments will be made under the regulations of the civil service act. Very truly yours,

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

Hon. E. A. Hitchcock, Secretary of the Interior.

WARDEN MAKES A CAPTURE

St. Paul, March 7.—A Fergus Falls, Minn., special to the Dispatch says: Deputy Game Warden Jones came in from Ten Mile lake this morning, bringing with him Samuel Vaughn, who is charged with illegal fishing. Several parties have been taking wagon loads of fish from the lake and selling them in surrounding towns. Nets and traps were found in abundance, but Vaughn claims they belong to other parties.

SILK DEAL CONSUMMATED

York, Pa., March 7.—The organization of the York Silk Manufacturing company, with a capital of $1,800,000, was consummated at New York yesterday. Included in the new organization are the mills of the Pennsylvania Silk company, Fleetwood and Carlisle Silk company, of Carlisle; York Silk company and Diamond Silk company, of York. The directors of the company are: K. D. Lafan, York, president; M. G. Collins, York, general manager; W. P. Rice, New York; C. H. Dempwolf, W. S. Bond and R. L. Shetter, York.

VAN SANT HAS QUIT

Cannot Proceed Against Northern Securities Company.

Effect of Recent Ruling of the Supreme Court.

Barred From Action In Any Court, State or Federal.

Minneapolis, March 7.—Governor Van Sant's game of politics in regard to the Northern Securities company has struck a snag. This explains why the governor has quit his bombastic talk about pushing the case and why the attorney general has not started proceedings since his complete knockout by the United States supreme court.

The truth of the matter is that the state of Minnesota is barred by the decision of the supreme court from taking action in any court against the Northern Securities company.

This remarkable state of affairs, says the Journal, has been made plain to local attorneys interested in the case, since receiving copies of the court's decision. Its effect is that the state cannot join issues with the corporation, either in the supreme court or circuit court, and as the state courts cannot reach it, the bar is effectual.

As far as the recent suit is concerned, the issue seems to be closed, but for future suits of the sort there is only one way to alter it, and that is by an act of congress expressly granting power to the federal courts to entertain such suits. Such a bill may be introduced at this session.

The court denies jurisdiction on the ground that the Great Northern and Northern Pacific companies are necessary parties to the suit, and that their

(Continued on Page 4.)

MUST WAIT.

Action on Spanish Treaties For Coronation of King.

Washington, March 7.—The new Spanish treaties must wait upon the accession to the throne of the young Spanish king before they can be ratified, owing to internal political conditions in Spain and because of the reluctance of the existing government to assume any responsibility pending the expiration of the regency and the coronation of the king. This event will occur some time in May and as it is expected that a new cabinet and a stronger one will be installed, it is possible the delay in the treaty negotiations will be very brief.

UNSETTLED.

Street Car Strike at Norfolk May Be Arbitrated.

Norfolk, Va., March 7.—The street car strike is yet unsettled. At the conference last night it was decided to arbitrate the matter today.

General Manager Johnson, of the street car company, was closeted with the chamber of commerce committee this morning, but will make no other statement than that the company has appointed no member of the arbitration board. One hundred men were put to work on their arrival from the West today. Cars are still running under military escort and many motormen wear the uniform of the militia. The city is quiet.

SOLOMON'S QUARRIES

Will Be Meeting Place of Free Masons.

Jerusalem, March 7.—The White Star liner Celtic, having on board 800 American tourists, destined for this city, arrived at Jaffa yesterday afternoon. One hundred Free Masons, representing every grand lodge in North America, will hold a meeting at King Solomon's quarries under the auspices of the Royal Solomon mother lodge of Jerusalem.

QUARTERS FOR PRINCE

Are Being Rapidly Arranged on the Drutschland.

New York, March 7.—Skilled artists are busy on the deck of the Deutschland preparing the officers quarters on the bridge of the great liner for the reception and the accommodation of Prince Henry of Prussia, on his return voyage.

The quarters of Capt. Albers and officers are being completely transformed for the use of the prince and his suite.

The Deutschland will sail at 3:30 o'clock on Tuesday afternoon. It is expected the royal passenger will board her at Hoboken.

OBJECT TO CUMBERLAND.

Berlin, March 7.—The government of the duchy of Brunswick has sent to the diet a memorandum definitely charging that the duke of Cumberland is not the sovereign of the country and no one can be its sovereign unless he is a federal prince.

VISITING WASHINGTON.

Washington, March 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Professor McMillan, of the Minnesota state university, is in Washington today and lunched with several members of the Minnesota delegation. Professor McMillan is making a tour of Eastern cities.



PRINCE HENRY'S HEARTY DEMOCRATIC HANDSHAKE.

WRIGHT IS OPTIMISTIC

Acting Governor of Philippines Says That the Insurrection Is Expiring and Will Soon Be Over.

Manila, March 7.—Acting Governor Wright says that the province of Morong and the entire province of Rizal were never more peaceful than they are now and that the recent occurrences were entirely due to the influence of insurrectos, who had been driven from Laguna and Batangas provinces.

The utterances of Senar Ampil, the former presidente of the town of Caintra, Morong, who was recently captured by insurgents and subsequently escaped, are classed by Mr. Wright as being unreliable and as merely the remarks of men half crazed with terror. The action of the band which captured Ampil was largely due to a personal vendetta. The constabulary have already dispersed the band and captured many arms and have completely broken the power of Montalon, the old Ladrone chief, who for years was the terror of the province.

Mr. Wright feels satisfied from conversations which he has had with Gen. Bell and others, that the insurrection is expiring.

POWERS ARE OBSTINATE

Two Refuse to Accept Proposition of United States to Make a Reduction In Claims For Indemnity Against China.

Washington, March 7—Inquiry here discloses the fact that the delay in the distribution of the first installment of the Chinese indemnity, amounting to 1,125,000 taels among the powers grows out of the refusal of certain powers to accept the proposition of the United States looking to the slight pro rata reduction of their claims to bring them within the total which China agreed to pay. The report of the ministers who were considering the consolidation of the claims of the several powers suffering from Boxer aggression, showed these amounted in the aggregate to 462,000,000 taels. Before that total was reached, China had agreed to pay the sum of 450,000,00 taels as compensation in full for all injuries inflicted by the Boxers. Rather than undertake to reopen the negotiations with China with a view of forcing that country to undertake to pay the 12,000,000 taels additional, the United States government proposed to the powers interested that each should scale down its total claim to an amount sufficient to wipe out this small balance of 12,00,000 taels, but as matters stand the proposal has met with strong objection on the part of at least two of the powers.

REBUKES KING EDWARD

An English Clergyman Takes the King to Task For Brewing Beer and Attending Sunday Concerts.

London, March 7.—There was a striking secene in the City Temple yesterday, when, in the course of his sermon, the Rev. Joseph Parker, D. D., the minister, administered a pointed rebuke to King Edward, which was loudly applauded by the congregation. Having alluded to public houses as 'trap doors of hell," Dr. Parker referred to the king's recent brewing of beer while visiting Lord Burton. "Pray for me," said the divine, "that I may speak delicately, loyally. If the king brews beer, what can be wrong in drinking it? What the king does is likely to be imitated by others. His majesty is more than a man and must regard all questions from a kingly point of view. If the king goes to a Sunday concert, as he did recently, he deals a deadly blow to the Englishman's Sunday. The king cannot attend a non-conformist place of worship, but he can go to a Sunday concert."

This remark called forth a cry of "Shame' and Dr. Parker continued: "If the kind, who is the head of the church and defender of the faith, can violate the English Sunday, what can the people do but follow his example? I would rather give a great sum in gold than to be disloyal, but I cannot be disloyal to Christ and it is better that these things should be said."

MUST BE POOR MARKSMEN

Liberty Center, Ohio, March 7.—Last night over 100 shots were exchanged between the citizens of this place and a gang of robbers that were attempting to loot the Citizens' National bank. When the robbers were discovered at work on the bank watchmen gave the alarm, so that many citizens were called out, but not before the robbers learned of the situation and escaped. No one was hurt as the shooting was at long range after the robbers were being chased toward Toledo.

THRILLING TALE TOLD

Of Midnight Collision On An Ocean Steamer.

Passengers of Waesland All Saved But Two.

Liverpool, March 7.—The British steamer Harmonides, from Brazilian ports, which was in collision with and sank the Red Star line steamer Waesland Wednesday night about forty miles southwest of Holyhead, and which was towed to this port early this morning by the tugs sent in search of her, has a great hole in her bows.

One of the rescued passengers of the Waesland, who was on board the Harmonides, said the Waesland was run into amidships in a fog at midnight and sank half an hour afterwards, her boilers bursting as she went down. The report that only two of the passengers of the Waesland, a man and a child, lost their lives, appears to be confirmed. In addition one woman was injured. Owing to the fog some of the Waesland's boats were in the water a couple of hours before they could get alongside the Harmonides.

When the Harmonides arrived here her decks were crowded with half-clad passengers of the Waesland, whose pale and haggard faces told the story of their trying experiences. So hurried was the departure of the passengers from the sinking ship that in some cases they were only covered by blankets, and handkerchiefs were thrown over their heads.

When the disaster occurred Wednesday night, the two vessels were steaming slowly off the coast of the island of Anglesey. The Harmonides crashed head on into the Waesland and backed away, but once again struck the then sinking ship, making a great gap in her side. Though the sea was perfectly smooth, the denseness of the fog added to the terrors of the passengers of the Waesland. The women rushed on deck screaming, but were soon reassured by the officers. The boats were quickly lowered, but the operation resulted in two fatalities. The end of one of the lifeboats slipped from its davit and precipitated the occupants into the sea. A steerage passenger, Edward Dangerfield, of Kansas, struck his head against the boat's fittings and was instantly killed, and Elsie Emmett, 12 years old, the daughter of Rev. A. Emmett, was drowned. The other persons who were in the boat were picked up.

The bravery of the passengers, many of whom were Scandinavian emigrants, was exemplary. Precedence was given to the women and children.

As the last boats were leaving the sinking ship, whose decks were already awash, an explosion announced that her boilers had burst, and forty minutes after the first impact the Waesland gave a mighty lurch and disappeared beneath the waves, sinking about midway between Holyhead and Tuskar light. Nothing was saved except what the passengers and crew wore. The boats containing the passengers were for a time separated, owing to the fog, but eventually they all reached the Harmonies, and the survivors were taken on board, where everything possible was done for their comfort. A pilot boat met the Harmonides off the island of Angelesey, and communicated the news of the disaster to persons ashore with the result that tugs were dispatched to search for the Harmonides, and accompanied the steamer to the port. Her passengers were landed and comfortably housed. They will proceed to Philadelphia Wednesday on board the Red Star line steamer Noordland.

The surviving passengers as a rule escaped with only a few slight bruises.

The Harmonides' stem and bow plates were so torn and twisted that it appeared a marvelous that she escaped sinking. She also has a deep dent in her port side.

An officer of the Waesland, in an interview, gave a graphic description of the accident. He said:

"I saw the whole affair. I was late in turning in, as the night was foggy, and we, naturally, were apprehensive. Practically all the passengers had retired. I was taking a last look at the weather, and in so doing peered over

(Continued on Page 4.)

BODIES ARE RECOVERED

Bruised and Blackened Remains of the Miners Killed In the Catsburg Mine Were Found at Midnight.

Monongahela, Pa., March 7.—The five bodies of the victims of the fire damp explosion at Catsburg mine yesterday, were recovered shortly after midnight and brought out to the main entrance. They were already dead when found by one of the rescuers, and were blackened, burned and bruised almost beyond recognition.

Inspector Henry Louttit stated after coming out of the mine that they had found little or no trace of gas, but had made no tests. He said there was no fire in the main entry, but could not tell the conditions in the other parts of the mine. Mr. Louttit also said that the mine had not been declared safe by him and that the party that had gone in, had been sent to see if they could extinguish the fire. He refused to advance any theory as to how the explosion occurred.

SYSTEMATIC MURDER

Beaumont Police Believe That a Gang Is Responsible For the Killing and Robbery of Several Men of Late.

Beaumont, Tex., March 7.—The finding of the body of C. B. Pearson in the Neches river stripped to his underclothes and his head crushed in, has convinced the local police that a systematic plan of robbery and murder is being conducted by unknown persons in this vicinity. When Pearson was last seen alive he had on a suit of good clothes and between $50 and $100 in cash.

Within three months four bodies, including that of Pearson have been taken from the river and in every case there were evidences of violent death and no valuables were found. In two of the cases the bodies were not identified and were buried by the county

FIENDS MURDER AGED MAN

Butler, Pa., March 7.—Three masked men broke into the house of an aged man named Smith, living at Saxonburg, Pa., last night, and brutally murdered the old man and toasted Mrs. Smith in a fiendish manner. They then ransacked the house and secured $200, and after destroying considerable property about the house, made good their escape.

Mrs. Smith was badly frightened and was unable to leave the house to get the alarm to neighbors until 7 o'clock this morning.

The name of the murdered man is Henry Smith, a wealthy retired farmer. He had been shot through the head and his skull crushed by a blow from some heavy instrument. A bloody ax was found nearby. The furniture was broken and tossed about the house and blood smeared the walls, floors and everything in the house, showing that a terrible struggle for life had been made by the aged victim. A large crowd of indignant neighbors have started in pursuit of the murderers, and they have been traced to Freeport. Smith was over 80 years of age.

ROOT SENDS FOR GOV. WOOD

Washington, March 7.—Secretary Root today ordered Governor Wood at Havana to come to this city at his earliest convenience for the purpose of conferring with the president and secretary of war in regard to the necessary steps to be taken for winding up the affairs of the military government in Cuba and the establishment of the Cuban republic. It is believed that the transfer of government can be effected by May 1. The transfer of government does not necessarily mean, it is said, that the United States will withdraw from the island at that time. The date of the actual transfer of government and the time of the withdrawal of American troops are questions which will be considered in conference with Gen. Wood.



The Great Eastern Duluth

M. S. BURROWS.

Great Hat Purchase

$3.00 and $3.50 Spring Hats For $1.90

Tomorrow morning we commence in our Hat Department the greatest Hat Sale ever inaugurated in the Northwest. We purchased at a great sacrifice the entire Spring 1902 sample lines (about 150 dozen in all), from the largest manufacturer of fine hats in Danbury, Conn. They are comprised of *new spring styles, both soft and stiff*, a great many of which were produced for one of New York's swellest hatters, and sold on Broadway at $3.00 and $3.50.

Fine Hats—Your Choice $1.90

Remember no old out-of-date styles among them. They are the right hats at the right time.

Open Saturday Until 10:30 P. M.

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO The Great Eastern Duluth THE BURROWS STORE. SUPERIOR St. 3rd AVE. W.

M. S. BURROWS.

Men's Trousers

You will need an extra pair

to finish the season. To make them go before the Spring stock arrives we have marked them at these astonishingly low prices:

$1.98 for the choice of all those Pants that were left over from our Men's regular $15.00 Suits. The lowest price for which such Pants are ever sold is from $3.00 to $3.50 each—and to make the offering even more attractive—if possible—we have put in 100 pairs of $3.00 separate Pants with them and place the whole subject to your choice for $1.98.

$2.48 for the choice of all Men's Pants left over from our $18.00 and $20.00 Suits, after the "matching up" process—The actual value of these Pants is from $4.00 to $5.00—but not content with that we have put 100 pairs of $4.00 Pants from our separate Pants stock and subjected them all to your choosing for the small sum of $2.48.

$3.48 takes the choice of all those Pants that were left over from our Men's $22.50 and $25.00 Suits, the actual value of which is from $5.50 to $6.00—to which we have added many pairs of $5.50 qualities from our separate Pants stock—all subject to your choice for $3.48.

APPROPRIATION

Of Chicago City Council Carries $31,669.847.

Chicago, March.—The budget appropriation which has been passed by the city council carries a total of $31,669,847. Of this $10,317,195 is for school purposes; nearly half million for public library, $13,000,000 for corporation purposes and $6,570,410 for water. The balance is applied to sinking fund and interest on bonded indebtedness.

SIGNED BY PRESIDENT.

Washington, March 7.—The president has signed the bill creating a permanent census bureau.

CHOLERA AT MEDINA.

Constantinople, March 7.—Cholera has broken out among the pilgrims at Medina. One hundred and ten deaths from the disease have occurred.

SHIPMENT CANCELLED.

New York, March 7.—Heidelbach, Ickelheim & Co. have cancelled their engagement of $1,000,000 gold for export tomorrow. This reduces the total shipment to $2,300,000.

MANY SOUGHT EMPLOYMENT.

San Francisco, March 7.—Following the settlement of the machinist strike nearly 1000 sought employment with their old firms yesterday, but of that number less than 100 were given positions they vacated last May.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

AGAINST THE WIRES

Campaign May Be Inaugurated Against the Overhead System.

Death of Cusick and Zenith Fire Start an Agitation.

City May Now Have to Recognize the Duluth System.

War against overhead wires may be declared by city officers.

As a result of the destruction of the Zenith Telephone office and the electrocution of James J. Cusack, there is a great deal of very strong talk in favor of underground wires.

Alderman Mannheim of the Third ward is the first of the city officers to come out in favor of the change from the overhead to the underground system.

Yesterday morning, when he heard of the death of Mr. Cusack, caused by a foreign electric current on the telephone wires, he said that Duluth was now of sufficient size to insist upon the safeguards of a modern city.

Mr. Mannheim says that he does not think it would cost the electrical companies any more money to put their wires underground, through the business district of the city, than it would to pay for maintaining the overhead system and paying for damages resulting from it.

Several prominent insurance men say that if the electric wiring was underground the business houses of Duluth would be benefited by lower insurance rates. As it is now an electric light wire is liable to fall across other wires, and either kill or injure some person or set a building on fire.

The city, a great many years ago, let franchises for a conduit system, but the owners of these franchises have never used them. One of them even forgot he held such a franchise till he was reminded of it.

About a year ago the conduit system was talked of, and it was thought for a time that the city would order all telephone and telegraph and electric poles removed from the streets and the wires put in conduits through the business district.

It only resulted in talk, however. At the time the city officers claimed they could not order the Duluth Telephone company's lines underground without acknowledging that it was in existence. The city did not care to recognize it, pending the determination of suits brought to oust it.

Since then the courts have held that the company has a perpetual franchise, and it now looks as though the city would have to acknowledge its existence, or else do without telephone communication in all the municipal offices and courts for the next two months.

As the result of events in the past forty-eight hours, directly attributable to the overhead wire system, it is likely that the city officials will overlook the technicalities in connection with the Duluth Telephone company litigation in order to protect life and property.

Special Tourist Car Service.

VIA NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

During the months of March and April the North-Western line will operate through tourist sleepers to Chicago from the Twin Cities on Wednesdays and Saturdays of each week, in which cars the berth rate will be $1.

Passengers from Duluth leave on Chicago fast mail at 5 p. m., arrive in Chicago at 7 a. m., via the North-Western line only, using free chair car to Eau Claire, where immediate connection is made with the tourist sleeper for Chicago. Full information and tickets at 405 West Superior street.

Two Applications Received.

Two applications for registration under the Torrens land title system were received by the register of deeds, who is ex-officio registrar of titles, this morning. The applications are first filed with the clerk of the court, who certifies to a copy which is passed along to the registrar.

Applicant No. 1 is the name of the first applicant to reach the registrar. She wishes lot No. 4, block 76, Endion division, to be registered. The property is vacant and the assessed valuation is given as $150. An examination fee of $10 has been paid in this case.

The application numbered 1 by the clerk of the court is that of Sarah E. E. Chamberlain, which has previously been mentioned.

Realty Transactions.

A consideration of $390 is named in a warranty deed filed for record with the register of deeds this morning. It conveys from the People's Savings Bank of Providence, R. I., to James H. Constantine the westerly half of lot 27, West First street, Duluth proper, First division.

Robert A. Torrey, of St. Louis, leases to Samuel Loeb, of Duluth, for fifty years lots 9, 10 and 11, block 12, Central division of the city of Duluth. The rental for the first five years is to be $225 per quarter; thereafter the rental shall be based on 5 per cent of the valuation of the property, but the value shall never be computed as less than $27,500. The value may be determined by agreement or arbitration. The lessee pays the taxes. It is agreed that a building not less than three stories high, of brick or brownstone, and to cost not less than $25,000 shall be built on the property.

Live Bird Shoots.

To the Editor of The Herald:

I read with a good deal of satisfaction your very favorable comment on the passing of a law in New York to prohibit live bird pigeon shooting. In another part of the paper I read the views of our local humane agent on the same subject, and as one is so much at variance with the other I would like to know whether the views of the agent embody those of the society or not. If they do, then the notice should have been signed by the secretary or the president of the Duluth Humane society, and if not then I can see no object in the agent expressing the views referred to, which are, I believe, contrary to those taken by the majority of the members. Yours respectfully,

A MEMBER OF THE SOCIETY.

Duluth, March 7.

MAY SUCCED PAUNCEFOTE.

London, March 7—The Yorkshire Post today says it learns that Hon. Alfred Lyttleton is likely to succed Lord Pauncefote as British ambassador at Washington.

IT IS A REAL PLEASURE

For Us to show you our NEW SPRING GOODS in



Ladies' Jackets, Skirts, Petticoats, Waists, Suits,

And our credit system is so reasonable that you don't need to be rich to dress well.

LADIES' SPRING HATS

Have arrived, and it is a good time to pick one out. If not quite ready, it can be laid aside for you. Women admire beautiful Hats for their beauty alone, and for the advantage they are to the toilet. We provide that which is pleasing and becoming to the wearer.

Gately Supply Co.

Open Saturday till 10:30. 8 East Superior Street. Open Saturday till 10:30.

HENRY AT ALBANY

Prince Sees the New York Legislature In Session.

Greatly Pleased With His Visit to the Lawmakers.

Gives Unstinted Praise to the Magnificent Capitol.

Albany, N. Y., March 7.—It was 12:25 o'clock when Prince Henry boarded his train at Boston this morning, and 2:05 o'clock when the train departed for Albany. The prince retired at once. There were no delays anywhere en route and the special was kept several minutes ahead of the schedule arranged for it. There had been a very heavy fall of snow in Massachusetts, but there were no drifts and the tracks were clear. The prince arose at 7:30 o'clock and was at breakfast when his train entered the railroad yards at Albany. He wanted to leave the table at once, but as the train was more than twenty minutes ahead of time a stop was made in the yards, where he finished his meal. The prince was very tired when the Boston reception came to an end, but he seemed quite refreshed when he arose this morning.

It was 8:30 when the special reached the Union depot. The depot grounds had been cleared and the police formed a cordon around the Columbia. Mayor Gauss and George Sard, chairman of the reception committee, were in waiting and were introduced to the prince at once, Ambassador Von Holleben presenting them. Governor Odell was late in arriving, through some misunderstanding as to the time, and the prince and his party waited for him. He arrived about ten minutes later, and in behalf of the state bade the prince welcome. The prince was then shown to a carriage, around which formed the smartly-uniformed riders of Troop B. When the party had all been placed in carriages, a start was made for the city. Broadway was filled with people, and as the carriage bearing the prince emerged from the depot driveway there was a resounding cheer.

Stationed at various points along the route were companies of the New York state militia.

Hundreds of men had been at work all yesterday clearing away the snow from the streets through which the procession passed, and they were in good condition. The buildings along the route presented a brilliant appearance, being decorated with the American and German colors tastefully intertwined. German and American colors were draped over the front of the city hall and the mayor's office, to which the prince was immediately escorted.

Enormous crowds lined the streets and taxed the patience of both the police and National Guardsmen in keeping them back on the sidewalks.

Admission to the city hall and the capitol was by card, but poor judgment had been exercised in issuing them, and in both places the crush was terrific.

When the party entered the city hall they were escorted to the mayor's office and Mayor Charles H. Gauss extended the formal welcome to the city. He said:

"Your Royal Highness: I have the honor, on behalf of the city officials and the common council of Albany, to welcome you to the historic and hospitable capital city of the Empire state.

"I assure you, sir, that the city of Albany feels deeply honored in having this opportunity to add your name to the long list of the personal representatives of the heads of other governments that have paid this city a visit. I welcome you as the personal representative of your brother, William II, the German emperor, who is the head of a people who are on friendly terms with our country.

"We have here in Albany about 25,000 German-Americans. They are of that class of men whom you met in the Middle West; men who, at the time we were threatened with dismemberment, loyally espoused the cause of our states. I also am happy to extend the hand of welcome to you because, as a man, you have endeared yourself to all the American people that you have met.

"As a souvenir of your visit among us I have prepared an illuminated parchment, granting you the freedom of the city, enclosed in its silver case, which I take pleasure in presenting.

"While it is not my purpose to detain you and your party with any extended remarks, knowing that you came to Albany to see and not so much to hear, still I want to call your attention to one fact which, I think, will interest you. When you came out of the railroad station, you set foot on Steuben street, which was called after the former aide de camp of Frederick the Great, who came to America to put our revolutionary army in proper shape, and who did it, thereby making the revolutionary war a success. As you already know, Von Steuben, at our Gen. Washington's suggestion, was made inspector general, with the rank of major general."

The prince thanked the mayor for the gift, and said that he would greatly prize it. The party was then shown the original Dongan charter granted by Governor Dongan 216 years ago. A short time was devoted to introductions, and then carriages were reentered and the party proceeded to the capitol.

Prince Henry and his escort reached the capitol at 9:20 o'clock. They were met at the eastern entrance by Adjt. Gen. Henry and escorted to the executive chamber, where Governor Odell and his staff were waiting to receive the royal visitor.

The reception in the executive chamber was thoroughly informal. Governor Odell had already met the prince at the train, and there was no necessity for introduction. The prince entered with Gen. Fry, and stepping forward, grasped the hand of Governor Odell. He was introduced by the governor to Mrs. B. B. Odell, Mrs. Henry, Mrs. Hall, of Larchmont; Hiram H. Odell, the governor's brother, and the Rt. Rev. William Croswell Doane. Introductions then followed to the members of the governor's staff and the senatorial committee.

There was no set speeches. The distinguished visitor chatted with the governor for a few minutes, expressing great admiration for the beauty of the capitol, and particularly of the executive chamber, which, he said, was one of the most magnificent in the world.

The sword presented by Frederick the Great to George Washington had been taken from the state library and placed on a table in the executive chamber. It was taken out for the prince to examine. He said that it gave him extreme pleasure to see and handle it, and that it should ever be guarded as the gift of one great general to another.

The prince took leave of the governor and his staff and the other ladies and gentlemen present, and was escorted to the senate chamber.

The senate galleries were thronged in anticipation of the visit of the prince. It was 9:40 o'clock when Clerk Whipple announced the royal visitor.

Prince Henry entered with Senator Horace White of Syracuse, son of Ambassador White, the American representative in the German empire. Senator White was chairman of the reception committee of five senators, who followe dwith the prince's retinue. Arriving in front of the senate desk, Prince Henry and his escort remained standing while Lieutenant Governor Woodruff descended from his rostrum and greeted his royal highness. He then escorted the prince to his desk and formally welcomed him in these words:

"It is a high official privilege and a very great personal pleasure to present the senate of the foremost commonwealth of the American republic to his royal highness, Prince Henry of Prussia, whose diplomacy and cordial good fellowship have accomplished a peaceful conquest of the United States equal to any of the historic victories won by the sword of the house of Hohenzollern in the lands beyond the seas."

Prince Henry was given a warm ovation, the senators rising and clapping their hands for half a minute. When the applause had ceased, Prince Henry, smiling and seeming very happy with his reception, said:

"I wish to thank you most heartily for the kind reception met with here. It is one of the many acts of kindness which I have received during my stay in the United States at the hands of your countrymen, and which I am not likely to forget."

The assembly committee were then presented to the prince and escorted him from the senate chamber.

Prince Henry remained but three minutes and a half in the assembly chamber. At 9:422 Clerk Baxter, standing near the south corridor, announced in a loud voice: "His royal highness Prince Henry of Prussia."

Immediately Speaker Nixon brought his gavel down heavily and everybody in the chamber arose. The prince, with Assemblyman Allds at his right and followed by his entire suite and the assembly reception committee, entered. The prince was escorted to the speaker's desk. Speaker Nixon, bowing low to the distinguished guest, said:

"Your royal highness, it is my privilege and pleasure on the present assembly of the Empire state to extend to you a most cordial and kindly greeting. Your visit affords us an especial pleasure, and it indicates to us in a most generous manner the feeling of goodwill and friendship existing upon the part of your nation toward ours. That the same feeling of friendship exists upon our part you can have no better evidence than is indicated to you daily by the grand ovations you are receiving from the American people.

"We also extend through you our especial greeting to your imperial brother, the emperor of the great german nation, and trust you may convey to him a report of interesting and enjoyable experiences here which shall ever remain a pleasant memory.

"Without covering too much of your limited time, I beg to present to you the members of the assembly."

When Speaker Nixon had concluded, the prince, bowing, said:

"I can only repeat to you, gentlemen, what I have said five minutes ago, and it iisl absolutely true what you say of the ovations which I have received during my stay in the United States. I am perfectly aware of the fact that your nations means well with ours, and all I can do is to report to his majesty, the emperor, the kind manner in which I have been received, not only here, but during my stay in the United States. I am deeply grateful for it and am not likely to forget it."

The brief response of the prince was received with applause. When it conclude, the visiting party was escorted from the chamber.

After leaving the assembly chamber, western staircase and was driven slowly to the station. All along the route he was loudly cheered and was kept busy acknowledging the ovations. At the depot the special train was boarded, after farewells had been exchanged and the visitors left at 10:30 over the West Shore for West Point.

TO CURE GRIP IN TWO DAYS.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine removes the cause. E. W. Grove's signature on every box.

SAPPHIRES DISCOVERED.

Butte, Mont., March 7.—A special to the Miner from Fort Benton says great excitement exists over the discovery at Highwood of an extensive deposit of what experts class as sapphires. The stones when cut possess a brilliant line of the character of the Yogo sapphire variety, but more smoky.

Cold Damp Feet Won't Give You a Cold if you will take in time Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. E. W. Grove's signature on box.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER. Sold in Duluth at the IDEAL BEER HALL.

For Something Special to Eat try WALL'S Steak Chop House.

Zenith City Dye Works

Practical Dyers and Dry Cleaners. Quick service and work guaranteed.

F. L. RITTEL, Prop.

6 East Superior Street.

Zenith 'phone, 1376. Bell, 645.

MANY DON'T KNOW.

Lack of Right Food Is the Cause of Sickness.

It is hardly fair to blame the doctor for not curing his patient when the patient attempts to live on food that furnishes the wrong kind of nourishment. When sickness comes on it is a pretty good sign that the food is not keeping the body up. There are thousands of cases where a change in food alone has brought the sick one out into a prime condition of health.

As an illustration: A lady in Riverside, Calif., says, "After ten years of service as a teacher, during which time I suffered three or four attacks of La Grippe, I finally found myself a physical wreck. Medical treatment would help my strength and vitality temporarily, but I would always go back.

Husband and I moved to Callornia in the hopes that this genial clime would restore me. I got better for a little while, but in a few months became so weak and debilitated that we were in despair.

Finally through the influence of a friend I changed my diet and began using Grape-Nuts and Postum Coffee. I used Grape-Nuts at two of my meals each day and have gained 15 pounds in weight and the increase in strength is really wonderful.

I am back to the healthy, good feelings of my girlhood days. I enjoy Postum better than any beverage I have ever used. My friends remark on my improved condition, and I am impelled to write this letter with profound gratitude, hoping that many others may be induced to go and do likewise. I have proved that health is the natural consequence of properly selected food. Please do not use my name, but I will be glad to reply to any inquiries." Name furnished by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

VAN GUARD'S
Fire, Smoke and Water Sale.

VAN GUARD'S
Fire, Smoke and Water Sale.

BEAR IN MIND

That, although we are rapidly placing our large, new stock in our thoroughly remodeled store, we have considerable goods left slightly damaged by Fire, Smoke and Water consisting of Men's Fine Suits in whole and broken lots, Hats and Caps, Furnishing Goods, Shoes, etc., which we are determined to get rid of at prices that are ridiculous. The following items will convince you how much we are in earnest and we only ask you to come in and satisfy yourself that this is a chance that you don't want to miss.

Men's Suits—The suits are in first-class condition—We have about 50 Suits left, in all sizes, colors and qualities Worsteds, Cheviots, Cassimeres, Meltons, etc—We sold these heretofore from $15 to $25 each—to get rid of them—taks your choice at..... **$7.99**

25 Men's Suits—All sizes, well made and in first-class condition—regular price $10.00—your choice..... **$3.99**

100 Coats and Vests—in whole and broken lots, well-made and well-trimmed—good enough for anybody—30c on the dollar.

Pants—all sizes--these are Bargains—50 Pants—usually sold from $2.00 to $3.50 per pair—your choice at..... **79c**

100 Pants—all sizes--well-made, and cut in latest styles—Clay Worsteds, Cheviots and Kenneda Gray, well worth $3, $4 and $5, at. **$1.99**

Overcoats—We have a few left—slightly damaged—a little repairing will fix them all right—at 25c on the dollar.

Lumbermen's Supplies—Consisting of Macinaws, Duck Coats, Reefers, fur lined Coats, and a full assortment of Lumbermen's Rubbers of all descriptions at 40 cents on the dollar.

Shoes—We still have a lot of Men's Shoes left; all sizes, regular price $1.50 to $2.50; to get rid of them we sell them at..... **79c**

Underwear—A small lot of Underwear in broken sizes, well worth from 50c to 75c per garment; take them away at **14½c**

Lot 2—Pure all wool, worth $1.00 to $2.00 per garment; bunched in one lot; your choice per garment..... **48c**

Collars—A full line of 15c Collars; in all sizes and latest styles; not damaged; your choice while they last **7½c**

THE VAN GUARD'S
FIRE, SMOKE AND WATER SALE.
407 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

CORNER STONE

Of Royal Naval College Laid By King.

London, March 7.—King Edward, accompanied by Queen Alexandra, laid the foundation stone of the new royal naval college for cadets at Dartmouth today and thereby, figuratively speaking, scuttled the old training ship Britannia, the Alma Mater of all the present generation of British naval officers. The laying of the foundation stone was accompanied by the usual ceremonies. Their majesties afterward proceeded to Plymouth, where the queen will tomorrow christen the British first-class battleship Queen.

AT WEST POINT.

Prince Henry Inspects Six Companies of Cadets.

West Point, March 7.—Prince Henry reached West Point at 2:10 o'clock. He was met at the station by Col. Mills and the officers of the United States academy, and under a guard of cavalry was escorted to the parade ground. The cadets were paraded on the field and Prince Henry marched down the long line of six companies inspecting them. They then marched in review before him.

PANIC IN FACTORY.

New Orleans, March 7.—A panic occurred this afternoon among the 200 girls in Hornsheim's tobacco factory, resulting from an alarm of fire several squares away. Many were trampled and bruised, Bertha Cantress, 17 years old, is thought to be fatally hurt.

BANK WRECKED.

Nemaha, Neb., March 7.—Burglars early today wrecked the State bank of Nemaha with dynamite, but were frightened away before they secured any plunder. Citizens were aroused by two explosions, but the men had made their escape on a handcar. The building was considerably damaged. Bloodhounds have been put on the track.

PAYMENT REFUSED.

Shanghai, March 7.—The foreign residents of Kobe, Japan, at a mass meeting recently held, decided to refuse payment of the new taxation on property, as a violation of treaties, until the question is definitely settled between the powers and Japan.

ALL SUGAR BOUNTIES

Will Be Abolished as Result of Conference.

Paris, March 7.—In the chamber of deputies today, M. Ribot, the former premier, questioned the government regarding the Brussel's sugar conference. The minister of finance, M. Canalaux, replied that all bounties would be abolished. He believed, from the point of view of the general interests of the country, that a long time had elapsed since such beneficial work had been done. The minister's statement was greeted with cheers.

NOTICE.

The Duluth Boat Club will receive bids for moving its club house from present location to its site across the canal.

Bids are also requested for the purchasing of the building as it now stands.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

Apply,
H. S. PATTERSON,
Boat Builder, Foot of 6th Ave. W.

INDICTMENT IS VALID.

Albany, March 7.—The court of appeals today decided that the indictment found against Police Capt. John D. Herlihy, of New York city, for failing to suppress disorderly houses in his precinct, is a valid one and he mus stand trial.

CABINET MEETING.

Washington, March 7.—The cabinet meeting today was devoted to the consideration of minor administrative details.

CURRY STILL ON STAND.

New York, March 7.—When the trial of Albert T. Patrick, who is accused of the murder of William M. Rice, Dr. Walker Curry was still on the witness stand and Assistant District Attorney Osborne began his cross examination.

FRENCH SHIP BOUNTY BILL.

Paris, March 7.—The senate today passed the ship bounty bill, with a few changes in the text as previously adopted by the chamber of deputies.

STRIKE POSTPONED.

Calais, Department of Gard, France, March 7.—The national congress of French miners today, by a vote of 165 to 98, adopted a resolution to postpone a general strike.

TERRITORY OF JEFFERSON.

Washington, March 7.—The house committee on territories, decided today to report the bill giving the Indian Territory a territorial form of government to be known as the teritory of Jefferson, with a legislature similar to the other territories, a governor and a delegate in congress.

WITNESS IS DEAD.

Cape Town, March 7.—Dr. Scholtz, the principal witness in the case against Princess Radizwill, charged with forgery in connection with notes purporting to have been signed by Cecil Rhodes, has died of pneumonia.

SUSPECTED OF MURDER.

Grand Rapids, Mich., March 7.—A special to the Evening Press from Lowell at 3 p. m. announced that Sheriff Chapman had placed William Klumpp under arrest on suspicion of the murder of his wife, Ada Klumpp.

ICE BEGINS TO MOVE.

La Crosse, Wis., March 7.—The ice in the Mississippi began to move out shortly before noon today. The weather of the past few days had honeycombed it to such an extent that it was believed that it would surely go out today or tomorrow.

ALICE WILL NOT ATTEND.

Washington, March 7.—Miss Alice Roosevelt, daughter of the president, will not attend the coronation of King Edward. While the White House officials decline to discuss the matter, it was stated by those in position to know that the president had decided that she should not go.

CALL THEM TURNIPS.

A well known Philadelphia athlete who has several times won amateur wrestling championships was staying in England recently, where he was the guest of a former Philadelphian, says the Philadelphia Telegraph. The wrestler took a delight in buying fine specimens of vegetables, fruit, etc., and it was seldom he returned from a drive along the Strand or Oxford street without bringing in something special for dinner. He had bought a crab six times bigger than the American variety, had purchased green gages as big as large plums, and had frequently carried home in triumph strawberries the size of walnuts. One day he returned with a package under his arm which he guarded carefully. His host asked him what his latest discovery was and he replied:

"I have at last secured a prize and I bet you have never seen their equal."

"Well, what is it?"

"Radishes, my boy, as big as your fist, and not woozy, either."

"Let me look," replied the host.

The athlete carefully opened the package and with extreme care laid them on the table, saying: "I wish I could show them to some of my Philadelphia friends. They would take a first prize in any show. How do you like them?"

The host looked at them with admiring eyes and slowly remarked:

"Yes, very fine; but we call them turnips in this country."

ONE ON THE COLONEL.

The army and navy club is an unpretentious establishment, but it has an atmosphere of intense reminscence due to the fact that its habitues are mostly retired officers, says the Philadelphia Times. Here is a story told there by a full-fledged colonel:

"When I was a young lieutenant, serving at a post on the plains, our colonel was a genial old gentleman, who considered himself very temperate, yet took his liquor both 'straight' and 'regular.' He never showed the effects. A first sergeant of infantry, named Kelly, was an excellent noncom, but addicted to occasional sprees. One night, while the colonel was in the officers' club the sergeant of the guard entered and told him that Kelly was in the lockup, drunk again. 'Too bad, too bad,' muttered the colonel; I'll go and talk to him myself.' When the colonel reached the guard house Kelly came to the door and stood unsteadily at attention. 'Kelly,' said the colonel, 'why will you persist in getting drunk in this way? It will be your ruin. Why don't you drink as I do?' 'If I drank as you do, colonel,' replied Kelly, 'I'd be dead in a month.'

FRESH HOME-GROWN
Cut Flowers

Received from our green houses daily. Extra large supply for Saturday, on account of the sunny weather, which enables us to cut 3000 carnations, the best in the market, which we will sell as long as they last at..... **25c and 35 PER DOZ**

And will also present each purchaser with a **Bouquet Free of Charge.**

DO NOT MISS IT SATURDAY!

Our display of Flowers for Easter can not be beaten. It will be the best and largest that Duluth has ever had.

Green Houses: Arlington Place. Both 'Phones.

EISCHEN BROS.,

Store: 129 West Superior Street.

Largest and Leading Florists.

FRIGHTFUL ACCIDENT

Many People Lose Their Lives In Texas Railroad Wreck.

Nine Coaches Were Consumed With People In Them.

Many of the Bodies Have Been Completely Cremated.

El Paso, Texas, March 7.—The Galveston, Harrisburg & San Antonio westbound passenger train No. 9, was ditched three miles west of Maxon on the El Paso & Sanderson division at 3 o'clock this morning. Nine coaches and a baggage car were burned. Only one coach escaped and this was occupied by Mr. Ryan and forty New York capitalists. Engineer Mast, a native of St. Louis, and Fireman Harry Bertsch, of El Paso, were killed.

The train is now a smoking heap of ruins. Many bodies were burned. Fifteen dead were reported to have been found at 10 o'clock, but they have not yet been identified. Superintendent Martin with Dr. Turner and a corps of physicians, left at 5 o'clock on a special for the scene of the disaster. Express Messenger Adams was badly scalded and several clerks were injured. Wrecking outfits have been sent from Alpine, Marfa and Marathon, the nearest stations to the wreck. It is reported that some of the injured would have lived had they not been helpless and later burned.

Later reports are to the effect that thirty-eight persons were killed and as many more injured. The wreck was caused by a broken rail. The coaches immediately began burning, and the station agent at Tabor, seven miles away, saw the reflection of the flames and went to the scene as fast as a handcar would take him. On reaching the wreck a wild scene greeted him. Passengers who were able to get out were running hither and thither frantic in their efforts to rescue those who were in the burning cars. It is thought that few passengers in the two day coaches were saved, as both cars piled on top of the baggage and express cars and were the first to catch fire. The Pullman and tourist sleeper passengers were rescued from the flames, and if reports are true none was killed on those cars, although several are reported injured.

But three names of the killed are reported. They are:

ENGINEER A. L. MAST.
FIREMAN HENRY BERT.
EXPRESS MESSENGER ADAMS.

Every other trainman except Conductor Stockwell was injured.

Owing to the fact that the wreck is so far away from a telegraph station, the only reports to reach here are over the Galveston, Harrisburg & San Antonio lines, and the first was the conductor's report to the chief dispatcher. As soon as it was received a wrecking train, with Superintendent Martin and all the available surgeons, hurried to the scene, leaving here at 5:30 with a 7-hour run before them. Surgeons and nurses were also picked up at all waystations.

A still later report says there are sixteen known dead and many injured. Many of the passengers were on their way to California. A few lived here.

The dead trainmen, whose families live here, went down with their engine, which was overturned and covered up with debris of the splintered cars. The first coach was filled with immigrants and nearly all of these perished. Seven other cars were overturned, but a private car attached to the rear end, occupied by a New York capitalist named Ryan, did not leave the track. Conductor Stockwell, who reported the accident, walked seven miles to the telegraph office to war an approaching train and send the news of the disaster to the superintendent's office here.

The wreck occurred at a remote point, 200 miles east of this place, in the rugged mountains. The train jumped the track on a grade two miles in length and was running at a high rate of speed when it struck the curve. Day had not broken and most of the passengers were still asleep.

You Were Cold in the Night,
You say. It was because you did not have

A WALTON BLANKET

—Get one Saturday, Mar. 8,
FREE! With one pound Grand Union Baking Powder at 50c.

Grand Union Tea Company.

SHAW VISITS NEW YORK.

New York, March 7.—Secretary Shaw, of the treasury department, was in this city today. This was his first visit to the financial district since he assumed office. The secretary paid a visit to the subtreasury, where he conferred briefly with Assistant Treasurer Jordan and then went to the custom house, where he was closeted for almost an hour with Collector Bidwell.

EASTERN ARROGANCE.

When the late John M. Palmer was a member of the United States senate from this state he had with him Lena Weber, his granddaughter, a bright little brown-eyed miss, says the Chicago Chronicle. Not long ago Miss Weber, while visiting friends in the East, stopped a few days in Washington, where those who formerly knew her were surprised to find her grown into a tall stately and handsome young woman, strongly suggesting the Gibson girl. One evening she attended a dancing party, and one of the men who were presented to her was a young person who thinks buffaloes still make all the country west of the Mississippi quite uninhabitable. Almost immediately he asked her from what state she came.

"From Illinois," she answered, proudly, for she thinks her own state quite the finest in the Union.

* * *

"Oh, do you live out there?" he asked superciliously. "Isn't it frightful? I was out there three months last year—managing a newspaper, you know. I was in Chicago—fearful town. Such frightful people. Do you know many there?"

Miss Weber responded that she had lately been staying with the family of a certain judge there.

"Impossible people, aren't they?" went on the man. "I really didn't meet but one woman out there who had breeding enough to be received anywhere in the East."

"Indeed!" remarked Miss Weber, "and who was she?"

"Mrs. Potter Palmer."

Miss Weber put on a look of blank surprise.

"Oh," she said, "did you meet her?"—with the two pronouns accented slightly.

CANADA INVITED

To Form Commission to Settle Water Boundaries.

Diplomatic and Consular Appropriation Bill Passes Senate.

Discussion of Bill For Protection of President Continued.

Washington, March 7.—Soon after the senate convened today a joint resolution authorizing the president of the United States to invite the government of Canada to joint in the formation of an international commission to examine and report on the division of the water that are the boundaries of the two countries, was reported favorably from the committee on commerce.

Mr. Hour (Mass.) urged that the measure ought to be considered by the foreign relations committee as it opened "a very important and a very delicate question involving diplomatic procedure.

A resolution offered by Mr. Harris (Kan.) directing the committee on Indian affairs to investigate the matter of the removal of certain Creek Indians from the lands assigned to them and to report by bill or otherwise, was adopted.

The senate agreed to a conference with the house upon the bill providing for the redemption of certain internal revenue stamps and Messrs. Aldrich (R. I.), Platt (Conn.) and Teller (Col.) were named as conferees on the part of the senate.

On motion of Mr. Hale (Ga.) the senate then began consideration of the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill. The bill was read. It carries in round figures $2,000,000 in appropriations.

Mr. Bacon (Ga.) offered an amendment providing that the student interpreters employed in the legations and consulates in China should be selected in a non-partisan manner and they should agree to remain in the service for ten years. The amendment was agreed to. The bill was then passed.

The senate resumed consideration of the bill providing for the protection of the president of the United States. Continuing his speech begun yesterday, Mr. Bacon contended that the enactment of the bill in its present form would be an extension of treason as defined by the authorities. He quoted various writers on law and the constitution in support of his point.

Merely because the crime named in the pending bill was not designated as treason did not change its character. It practically was made treason by the penalty provided and the means resorted to apply the penalty to the criminal. He indicated his belief that such a provision was unconstitutional maintaining that treason had been defined in the constitution only after long and careful debate during which every possible contingency was considered.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, March 7.—Some routine business was transacted at the opening of the session of the house today. The debate upon the bill to classify the rural free delivery and to place the carriers under the contract system then was resumed, an arrangement having been reached by which debate should close with the termination of the session tomorrow.

WHY INDIANS PAINT.

The question why Indians paint their faces so hideously has long puzzled people interested in the habits of the aborigines. The other night the question came up at a club in St. Paul, writes a correspondent of the New York Sun.

A former Indian agent said that he had heard but one legend bearing on the point.

"I was sitting at a campfire one night," said he, "in a village of Jacarilla Apaches listening to the stories and legends that were being told when I propounded the old question again, hardly expecting even the expression of ignorance that hides so many of the thoughts of the Indians.

"To my surprise, however, I received the answer that I least expected. An old fellow who had sat all the evening listening to the stories without changing his attitude, grunted and straightened up as he heard the question. Proceeding with all due solemnity, he told the following legend:

"'Long ago, when men were weak and animals were big and strong, chief of the red men, who lived in these mountains, went out to get a deer, for his people were hungry.

"'After walking all day he saw a deer, and shot at it; but the arrow was turned aside and wounded a mountain lion, which was also after the deer. When the lion felt the sting of the arrow he jumped up and bounded after the man, who ran for his life.

"'He was almost exhausted, and, when he felt his strength giving way, he fell to the ground, calling on the big bear—who, you know, is the grandfather of men—to save him.

"'The big bear heard the call, and saw that to save the man he had to act quickly; so he scratched his feet and sprinkled his blood over the man.

"'Now you must know that no animal will eat of the bear or taste of its blood. So when the lion reached the man he smelled the blood and turned away; but as he did so his foot scraped the face of the man, leaving the marks of his claws on the blood-smeared face.

"'When the man found that he was uninjured, he was so thankful that he left the blood to dry on his face, and never washed it at all, but left it until it peeled off.

"'Where the claws of the lion scraped it off, there were marks that turned brown in the sun, and where the blood stayed on it was lighter. Now all men paint their faces that way with blood, and scrape it off in streaks when they hunt or go to war.'"

BETTER THAN A SPRING MEDICINE

Three or four hours exercise a week, followed by needle or shower bath in the Y.M.C.A. gymnasium will put your blood in perfect condition in a short time and make you enjoy the summer.

Ask your physician if this isn't positively true.

WILL ON HIS SHOE.

A fisherman in a New England town was fatally injured by a rock falling upon him as he was walking at the base of a cliff, says the Detroit Free Press. When found he was dead, but clutched in one hand was one of his shoes, upon which he had written: "To whom it may concern: All my estate, including by deposit in the bank, I leave to my grandson, Walter Mahlon, providing he does not marry before the age of 25; but in case of his marriage before that time the above mentioned to be used for the state for charitable purposes."

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Tailored Suits and Skirts for Spring...

We place before our patrons the following values in Suits and Skirts for tomorrow, in the correct styles and models—



$25.00 Black Cheviot Suits—all silk lined — jacket made in Eton style and trimmed with little bands of moire—it is not the cheap silk, but good heavy quality—and a regular $30 value.

$15.00 Ettimine Suits in black—jacket silk lined and made in blouse style with little skirt effect over hips—seven-gored skirt with graduating flare—lined with good quality percaline.

$21.50 — Greys, tans, blue and black — in fine ettimine cloths — made in the latest style — jackets and skirts trimmed nicely —a swell little suit—and a regular $27.50 value.

New Spring Skirts.

Specials Tomorrow.

$6.75—Made in light grey, all wool Cheviot, five-gored skirt with graduated flounce, trimmed with two rows of satin—new, stylish.

$6.75—Black all wool Cheviot, made with deep flounce, tucked and trimmed with bands of moire.

$9.50—Made in Cheviot and Broadcloth, with graduated flounce and trimmed with bands of taffeta—a perfect fitting garment and worth $11.50.

$10.75—Black Ettimines, trimmed with wide band of moire, and a fine light weight skirt.

$12.50 to $15.00—Fine light weight Cheviots, Broadcloths, Ettimines, Burlap Cloths and all the newest material made in the very latest styles and trimmings.

$19.50—Ettimine, in black—all silk—drop skirt, with box plait—something new and stylish.

Our line of Ettimines, Peau de Sprit, Moire and Silk was never as handsome and as large an assortment—from a pretty silk skirt at $10, to the elaborate garment for theater or party wear at $75. We invite you to come and inspect our line whether you wish to buy or not—as the goods will be carefully shown you.

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

SILLY INFATUATION

Of Women For Notorious Criminals Is Nauseating.

"Sensationalism is responsible," says the chaplain of Reading jail, the most famous prison priest in England, "for the sad fact that the worse some men are the more they attract some women.

"Bad women attract many men, but it is not simply because they are bad. They must be beautiful or clever as well.

"But bad men seem to attract certain hysterical types of women, who come from every class, merely because they are bad. Some of the filthiest, stupidest, stolidest, most uninteresting brutes I have ever known in here," and the chaplain pointed at the soiled four walls of the extensive yard, "have been simply inundated with offers of marriage from unknown sympathizers and admirers. In fact, such is the curious fascination of crime to persons of a certain class that it is almost safe to say that the more brutal and heartless the criminal the better are his matrimonial chances.

"Neil Cream, the famous, or rather infamous, poisoner; Deming, the Australian wife killer; Fauntleroy and many others of the greatest scoundrels of our time might have been married over and over again if justice had not substituted the halter for the altar; and for a woman to commit a crime, if she be at all good-looking, is to awaken tender emotions in many a manly breast.

"A few years ago, when a certain young man of rank was charged with a particularly heartless crime, at least a score of silly women promptly fell head over heels in love with him, and inundated his solicitor with messages of sympathy, offers of financial help and of marriage. Every day of his trial some of them attended the court and exhausted every stratagem to get a word with him, and when he was sentenced to five years' penal servitude, one woman, an absolute stranger to him, fainted in court.

"So infatuated was one of his admirers that she went to live in the neighborhood of the prison where he served his sentence, and was happy if she caught a glimpse of him on his way to the quarries. Whether she married him or not ultimately I cannot say, but it was certainly not her fault if she didn't.

"In another case, which occurred at about the same time, a young and pretty girl was charged with the manslaughter of her child under peculiarly sad conditions. Her case excited wide sympathy, and to my certain knowledge at least a dozen men wrote to make her offers of marriage. After a long trial she was acquitted, and one of her numerous suitors, a man of some wealth and social position, found a home for her, and at the end of six months led her to the altar. This strangely united couple are now living on the continent, and, as I hear from a friend of mine who is English chaplain there, are happy together.

"It is comparatively seldom that this infatuation for a criminal leads to matrimony as promptly as in the case of a clever and notorious French swindler, who was recently brought before a French court on a serious charge. Among his many admirers was a young woman, who fell so violently in love with the prisoner that she declared she would marry him in prison.

"She applied to a magistrate for the requisite permission. 'Is it true that you would like to marry this man?' the magistrate asked. 'Yes, sir,' she answered, 'I love him very much, and it would make us both happy forever.' Permission was given, and the prisoner and his devoted bride were married at the local mayor's office, with four policemen as witnesses. It probably will be some time, however, before they are in a position to enjoy their honeymoon.

"A still more remarkable story comes from America," said the English clergyman. "Some years ago a young and attractive woman was charged with a grave offense, and, although it was found that the crime was committed under influence which the girl was powerless to resist, she was sentenced to a long imprisonment. The judge, whose painful duty it was to inflict this sentence, was so moved by pity for the girl that he frequently visited her in prison, and was so struck by her natural charm, intelligence and modesty that he fell in love with her.

"When her sentence had expired he met her at the prison gates and drove her away in his own carriage to a home he had provided for her, and a few weeks later she became the wife of a man who a few years earlier had been her judge and punisher. This case, which is well known in America, proves that it is not only the young and foolish in whom a criminal can inspire love and loyalty.

"Another case which is within my own knowledge is that of a bank clerk who was charged, about three years ago, with embezzlement. It was proved in evidence that he had committed the crime in order to help a brother who was in financial straits, and fully hoping and intending to replace the money before it was missed. His case excited considerable sympathy at the time, and in none more than in the daughter of the barrister who defended him.

"The young man was sentenced to a merely nominal term of imprisonment, and on his release called at the house of the counsel who had defended him to thank him again for his kind offices. Here he met the girl, who was able to express her deep sympathy with him in his misfortune, and thus commenced an acquaintance which quickly ripened into love.

"A year ago the young people were married with the father's approval, and I understand they are now leading an ideally happy life in Melbourne, where a good opening was found for the young bridegroom."



FIVE DOLLAR SHOES AT $3.50.

QUEER things happen in trade sometimes—and play havoc with the profits of a maker's business—for instance, here's a lot of shoes that were bought to sell at $5. They're made and billed to us as $5 goods, but some careless employe put the wrong stamp on the sole of part of them—the stamp of a less costly shoe and there you are. We make a claim and the maker must stand the loss, and that's exactly how you come to get shoes that are worth $5.00 in any shoe shop in the land tomorrow at $3.50. Here's a hint of what they're like. For the rest you must come and see them.

Women's $5 Shoes $3.50 —of fine patent leather—with soft vici kid top, Louis XVI heel—fine hand turn sole—a beautiful shoe in looks and service—$3.50.

Misses' $2.00 School Shoes $1.50 —of velour calf with extension sole and common sense heel, new sightly spring styles that are worth 50c to $1 a pair more. Why? Because we bought them under price.

Women's Shoes at $4.00 —of fine French kid, with cloth top—solid leather military heels and hand turn sole—in all the latest shapes and styles—a fine shoe in every way and you save a dollar or more on every pair.

Misses' $1.00 and $1.50 Shoes at 75c— of excellent kid—with patent leather tips—in either lace or button styles—these are some of which we haven't all sizes—some $1.50 shoes in the lot—75c

Boy's $2 School Shoes $1.50 —box calf in all the new late shapes, mostly with wide extension sole, solid leather soles and heels, $2.00 is its real value—tomorrow your choice at $1.50 a pair.

Women's 50c Rubbers at 38c —We've had a wonderful business at our rubber sale because the offering was most timely and the savings great—so we will continue it for tomorrow—"a pair of Rubbers may mean a 'pile' of health"—come tomorrow—all sizes and styles—50 qualities at 38 cents.

Freimuth's

Linen Dept.

Extra Values.

12½c Towels at 8c—extra value Huck Towels—sizes 18 x 36, fast color red borders—regular 12½c value.

Linen Doylies 4c—fringed and bordered doylies—slightly mussed and soiled from use on trim, worth 6c and 10c—tomorrow choice 4c each.

60c Ready-Made Sheets 45c—size 81 x 90 inches—made of selected cotton—regular 60c value at 45c.

House Furnishings

Underprice.

Northwest and Velvet Toilet Paper special per roll **8c**

10c Whisk Brooms — small size, at each **7c**

Hardwood Sewing Tables—worth $1.00—tomorrow each **69c**

Heavy Wire Carpet Beaters—worth 25c, each **12c**

The Approved Fashions in Costumes, Skirts and Waists



THE enthusiasm of the garment buyer over the new goods is contagious—and such handsome garments justify such great enthusiasm—one little look about the department will convince you of that—every express is bringing in new styles in Suits, Costumes, Dress Skirts and Silk Waists. These were selected in New York after an exhaustive and thorough investigation as to what was in the market—the styles are absolutely correct — the prices less than you'd expect for such handsome goods—you can go ahead and select your spring garments with full confidence of positive correctness. Don't delay—choose now, and give our fitters all the time needed for necessary alterations—and you'll be fitted perfectly and in ample time for Easter. But if you're not just ready to buy, come and look around anyway—you'll be pleased and interested in some of the things we're showing. For example:

Walking Skirts at $4.98—Made of fine wool Thibet Suiting—with stylish flaring flounce—corded and heavily stitched—in gray, blue, black, brown—It'll puzzle you how it can be made to sell for $4.98.

Black Dress Skirts at $4.50 – Of all wool Black Cheviot—with flaring flounce—trimmed with bands of black taffeta silk—excellent percaline lining—on sale tomorrow at the low price of $4.50 each.

$1.50 Shirt Waists at 89c—If we had all colors and sizes the price remain at $1.50—but we haven't—so we cut it almost in two to make a quick clearing—they're excellent styles — with tucked front—plain back—full at the wrist sleeve—in good light colors, but not every size—our special price, 89c each.

New Wash Dresses at $1.25 — If you were picking out materials and styles you'd probably choose some of these — They're of excellent percale — in pretty light and dark colors—with wide set on flounces—and ruffles over the shoulders—fitted linings —no need of any more bother in home making when these are so cheap

New Cotton Waists at 75c and $1— The first of the new Cotton Shirt Waists are on sale now—Prettier than ever in style and colorings—all the latest fads of fashion are shown and you'll think that home sewing is useless drudgery when you see the colors and designs—our special prices are 50c, 75c and $1.00 each.

Beautiful Silk Waists at $5.00— Splendidly stylish and vastly different from the usual "ready-made" waist— You could almost call them "dressmaker-made," they're so carefully made and finished. Of taffeta and peau de soie—in all the new modes—tricked out with ribbons, tuckings, plaitings, cordings, etc.—come in and see them—prices—$5, $5.75, $6.50, $7.50 and up.

ADVANCE SHOWING OF

NEW TRUNKS and BAGS

BEST QUALITIES. LEAST PRICE.

"NOT A SINGLE Trunk or Bag in the house from last season"—that's the record of a well selected and fairly priced stock—so that now you may choose from the newest stock of trunks in town and be sure to get what you want. The prime requirements in traveling luggage are: strength, durability and sightliness. We embody all of these qualities in our goods and offer them at the least prices possible—such as these—

$4.00 Trunks—$2.98 Good canvas covered Trunks—iron bottom, wide iron bound slat protectors full length of trunk, "Monitor" lock and good catches. Regular $4.00 value—tomorrow $2.98 each.

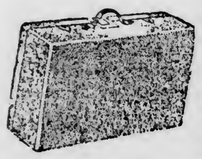
$6.00 Trunks—$4.48 36 inch canvas covered Trunks, flat top, three slat protectors, deep tray and hat box, solid brass lock, steel clamp and iron bound all around; $6.00 is about the usual price, here it's only $4.48.

TRUNKS OF FINE GRADE.

In all wanted shapes, made with an eye for service and good looks; finely finished and trimmed.

Flat top trunks—$6.75, $8.50, $10.50, **and up to $20.00.**
Steamer trunks start at **$4.48.** Bureau trunks start at **$11.48.**
Ladies' skirt trunks start at **$13.48.**
Come in and get posted on trunk styles and our trunk prices.

SUIT CASES, SATCHELS, Etc.



The suit case is undoubtedly the most convenient article of baggage ever invented—handy to carry, and it certainly will hold a great deal—our line is most complete. We offer a broad and ample variety at very low prices.

The cheapest is a 22-inch mauve rubber cloth Suit case—such as is usually $2.25, but is here at **$1.48**—and the best is **$12.50 and $15.00** for elegant cases of selected calf leather with rich quilted satin lining, and between these is a great many styles and prices, but you'd better come in and see the whole lot while it's complete.

GREAT CLEARING SALE DINNERWARE

CHINA and GLASSWARE

"Tell them every item is just about the manufacturers' cost" said the crockery man, as he turned in his "copy"---It's an actual fact he added---as he saw the "Why? look" on the writer's face. "I'm just back from four weeks in New York and find the stock pretty well sold out. These odd sets and pieces must go to make room for what I've bought and I'm willing to let go at a loss of all profit to close them out quick"---So there's the story and now for some prices --Come and share the treat.

20c Decorated Cups and Saucers	10c
75c Platters at each	39c
$1.00 Covered Vegetable Dishes	69c
50c Butter Dishes	25c
25c Spoon Holders	12c½c
10c Plates	5c
15c Oatmeal Bowls	8c
15c Bone Dishes	8c
25c Bakers	12½c
35c Bread Plates	23c

Way Down Prices on Glassware.

A whole table full of Glassware of every sort—only one or two of a kind—and priced for a quick good-bye---thus:

20c Butter Dishes	10c
15c Vases	10c
10c Pressed Glass Vases at	5c
15c Glass Creamers	10c
10c Jelly Stands	5c

Wine Glasses, clarets, goblets, tumblers, etc, worth up to 15c each—at 5c

See the window for sale of 10c articles. On some of them you only save 3c, but on most of them its 5c to 8c saved.

SILK HEADQUARTERS AT THE HEAD OF THE LAKES

Freimuth's

GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.



The BEST $1 SHIRT on Earth.

HERE'S good news for you men folks. We offer you the first choice tomorrow of the best shirts ever sold over a counter for $1.00. Best in point of style, of colors and patterns, of fabric and of make. Best of all at the cost of the ordinary and uninteresting shirt. There are soft and stiff bosom shirts with cuffs attached or detached; in fancy stripes and solid colors, including the much wanted blues, oxbloods, linens and small dot effects. See the show in the avenue windows. Stop a minute and see the stock. You can see them in a jiffy, for they're just inside the door.

Men's 75c fine white shirts 47c—made of heavy muslin, unlaundered, 4-ply bosom, reinforced throughout, double stitched with felled seams and gussets, all sizes and sleeve lengths; short or long bosoms; same shirts sell elsewhere at 75c; tomorrow here ---- **47c**

Men's 50c Suspenders 25c. This is the balance of the lot we put on sale yesterday. Some 30 dozen to start with and only half of it left for you today, so come in early. There are all lengths, and they have patent cast-off, silk ends, fine elastic webs. It's like finding 25c to buy them here, *and what man ever had too many suspenders?*

Men's 75c and $1 Night Robes 50c—Of extra heavy muslin, extra long and full, all sizes, silk embroidery down front.

Men's $2.00 Night Robes at $1.50—Of fine sateen; the newest colors; pinks, blues, etc; cut extra long and full. Bargain! Well, rather.

Men's 15c Sox at only 10c— in fancy colors, good stripe patterns; a splendid stocking and a great value at the price, 10c a pair, 3 pairs 25c.

Men's 25c fine Lisle Hose at 15c—Finest cotton lisle hose in black, brown, fancy embroidered stripes and lace effects, all good fast colors, equal to usual 35c hose, choice tomorrow 15c.

SYSTEM IS WRECKED

Zenith Telephone Company Gets Severe Blow.

Central Office Burned---Sixty Days' Knockout.

Fire has completely wrecked the system of the Zenith City Telephone company.

The service cannot possibly be resumed inside forty days, and probably not for sixty days.

The fire was caused by an electric light wire crossing the telephone wires. The current was carried into the central office on the Third floor of the Lyceum building, and in fifteen minutes the fine telephone apparatus, valued at $20,000, was destroyed.

The fire was discovered at 4 o'clock this morning by the night operator, Miss Alma Patterson. The flames burst in over the wires of the central room and Miss Patterson had barely time to call up fire headquarters and awaken Miss Gertrude Whiting, who was off duty, before the room was filled with flames, dangerous, sputtering electric wires and suffocating fumes of burning insulation.

The sending of a fire call to headquarters by telephone resulted in the usual misunderstanding, and the firemen went to the Palladio building instead of the Lyceum.

Then the flames were discovered bursting through the windows in the rear of the Lyceum, and the firemen sought to reach it by the most direct route, which was up the alley.

Once there, it was impossible to raise ladders on account of the network of wires that covered the telephone office on the third floor.

Despite the delays, however, it would have been impossible to save the valuable electrical equipment of the company, as that all went with a flash the moment the strong foreign current struck the delicate apparatus.

The Lyceum building was demonstrated to be as nearly fire-proof in construction as a building can be. In spite of the exceptionally hot fire that was caused by electricity of sufficient volume to melt copper and iron trimmings, the interior of the room was merely smoked up. The loss to the building is practically nothing.

The company's loss on apparatus is nothing compared with the loss it will sustain on account of its prostrated service during the next two months.

The entire system is as completely disabled as if there was no system at all. It has been estimated that the loss to the company and to business men through the loss of telephone communication will be close to $100,000.

The entire insurance of the Zenith City Telephone company is carried through the Manley-McLennan agency. The loss of $20,000 is partially covered with $17,500 insurance. It is apportioned as follows:

Liverpool & London & Globe	$ 2,000
Aachen & Munich	3,000
Hamburg-Bremen	1,000
Commercial Union	1,500
German-American	1,500
Sun Insurance, of London	1,500
Royal Insurance, of Liverpool	1,500
National, of Hartford	1,500
Merchants' Fire Insurance	1,500
National, of Ireland	2,500
Total	$17,500

At 10 o'clock this morning Superintendent Charles Kritzer had made a thorough examination of the damage and said that long-distance service was not cut off and that communication could be continued through the Lake-side and West Duluth sub-stations. This means that patrons in West Duluth can talk with one another as can the patrons of Lakeside, but they cannot communicate with the business portion of the city.

A meeting of the board of directors was held this morning. The board instructed Mr. Kritzer to rebuild the damaged switchboard with all possible haste.

At this meeting it developed that it would be impossible to get a new switchboard, such as that burned, before next October, and Mr. Kritzer will endeavor to rebuild the old board to be used till the new one can be secured.

After a thorough examination of the old board he said that he thought it possible to rebuild for temporary purposes and within three hours after the burning the work of reconstruction was begun.

The switchboard burned was one of the finest in the country. It had a capacity of 3500 subscribers. About 1700 subscribers are cut off by the burning of the central office apparatus. The company has something like 900 miles of wire in its system.

The fire delays several very important improvements in the system, which were to have been inaugurated immediately. One of the most important of these improvements was the establishing of a sub-station in the East End to improve the facilities in the residence district.

Mr. Kritzer has plans made installing a sub-exchange with 1000 subscriber capacity in the East End within the next month or so.

Some criticism was made because the only fire fighting apparatus in the central room was boxes of sand. This, however, is the case in telephone exchanges the country over. Water is more feared than fire in such places, not only because water does great damage to the electrical equipment, but because it increases the danger from electricity.

The city hall building is completely cut off in its telephone service on account of the Zenith fire.

The city council ordered all the old telephones out of the city hall two years ago, replacing them with Zenith instruments.

The only old telephone is in police headquarters and it had to work overtime today.

CASS LAKE SETTLERS.

They Will Not Be Disturbed Just Now.

Washington, March 7.—Relative to the reported prospective evictions of settlers and squatters on the reservoir lands at the headwaters of the Mississippi, Representative Fletcher said yesterday:

"I do not think there will be any action of this kind for some time, at least. The reason is that the lands have not yet been surveyed and until this is done the department will not know whether the settlers are on reserved lands or not. There is a provision in the river and harbor bill for this survey, which will be made next summer."

ILLEGAL CONVICTION.

Argument In Favor of Pardon For Murderer.

Madison, Wis., March 7.—A hearing was given by Governor LaFollette yesterday in the application for the pardon from state prison of Edward Eckert, sent up for life for the murder of Charles Peterson, near Fort Atkinson, in 1873. Pardon is asked on the ground that Eckert was convicted illegally, the verdict not fixing the degree of guilt. No application for a writ of error was made within the required time, two years, and a pardon is the only remedy now.

All say Satin-Skin Powder is best, because adhesive, invisible, harmless; flesh, white or brunet. 25c.

VAN SANT HAS QUIT

(Continued From Page 1.)

stockholders must be represented in order to do justice. But should they be brought into the case, it would not be a proper case for the supreme court to consider.

The majority stockholders are represented in the case by the Northern Securities company, but the court holds that the rights of the minority stockholders must be protected, and that, therefore, the Great Northern and Northern Pacific companies must be brought into the action.

"It is not sufficient to say," declares the court, "that the attorney general of the governor, or even the legislature of the state, can be conclusively deemed to represent the public intrests in such a controversy as that presented by the bill. Even a state, when she voluntarily becomes a complainant in a court of equity, cannot claim to represent both sides of the controversy. Not only have the stockholders, be they few or many, a right to be heard, through the officers and directors whom they have legally selected to represent them, but the general interests of the public, which might be deeply affected by the decree of the court, are entitled to be heard; and that, when the state is the complainant, in a case like the present, can only be effected by the presence of the railroad companies as parties defendant."

A well-known local attorney who has been following the case with some interest, says of the decision:

"The statement of the court is a remarkable one. Decisions are many on the point that the attorney general is the legal representative of the state, and is presumed to stand for its interests.

"The abrogation of this rule is likely to lead to consequences that are not realized. If the attorney general, governor and legislature do not represent the people of a state, who does represent them? I know no other way in which they can be represented.

"The Great Northern and Northern Pacifi ccompanies are represented in the suit by the majority stockholders. If the minority interests are affected at all, it is to their protection and not injuriously.

"The court goes even further, however, and by its language bars the state of Minnesota from any action against the Northern Securities company. The question before the court is the jurisdiction of the supreme court, but in the opinion it is also held that the circuit court cannot entertain such a suit.

"The suit cannot be brought in the state court, because the Northern Securities company is not within the jurisdiction of Minnesota courts. The state's hands are tied, so far as the great merger corporation is concerned."

"I owe my whole life to Burdock Blood Bitters. Scrofulous sores covered my body. I seemed beyond cure. B. B. B. has made me a perfectly well woman." Mrs. Charles Hutton, Berville, Mich.

THRILLING TALE TOLD

(Continued From Page 1.)

the ship's side then, without the slightest warning, there came a fearful crash which made the Waesland stagger from stem to stern.

"My God, we are struck," I shouted.

"Then there loomed right over our ship's bow the steamer which had run into us. It was terrifying, of course. We instantly recognized the peril. The darkness at that time was impenetrable, but there was no mistaking the terrible consequences of such an impact. The nose of the Harmonides appeared to have eaten right into our side. We were going very slowly, with no more speed than was necessary to keep headway. We were struck at right angles, a tremendous hole was made and for a moment the stem of the Harmonides was literally inside our ship.

"A rush of excited people from all parts of the ship immediately ensued. The passengers tumbled up just as they had retired for the night, the men, women and children were in night dresses. In a few instances the passengers had thrown a shawl or blanket over their shoulders. Terror and bewilderment reigned for a few moments, but the passengers gradually ranged themselves in groups about the decks, where they were best sheltered, and the crew worked like clockwork in getting out the boats. The only exception to the good behavior of passengers was in the case of a salooner, who rushed hither and thither calling in turn on heaven and earth to rescue him. Fortunately the other passengers were not affected by this man's pitiable mental agony, but were quietly and methodically marshalled into the boats.

"The experience in the small boats was trying, on account of the darkness and cold. We did not know exactly where we were, and for a long time could not discover the whereabouts of the Harmonides, though she was near by. The boats stood well away from the sinking Waesland for fear of being sucked down, and we could hear the rending and tearing of her timbers as she seemed to break in two. Then there was a terrible explosion, as the boilers blew up, and all was over.

"We drifted and rowed for, seemingly, two or three hours, when we finally got in touch with the Harmonides. We had no difficulty in getting on board. All our effects went to the bottom with the Waesland.

"The collision was terrific, alike in the suddenness of the shock and in the completeness of the steamer's destruction, and we think we were most fortunate in escaping as we did."

P. R. Ferguson, a saloon passenger, who, curiously enough, was on board the Waesland when she collided with a schooner some time since, said the principal excitement took the form of rushing for life belts. He saw a man who had seven life belts attached to various parts of his body.

As the last boat, in which Mr. Ferguson was seated, was leaving the ship's side, cries for help were heard on board of her, and the boat returned and found that two of the Waesland's crew had been left behind. One of these men had slept throughout from the first impact to the last boat leaving the sinking steamer, and only discovered his serious position when the water flooded his bunk through the port holes.

IN MICHIGAN.

Men Are on Strike at Junior Franklin Mines.

Calumet—About 150 men and boys are out of work at the Junior branch of the Franklin mine as a result of the action of the miners, who are on a strike. Heretofore the miners were employed on the company account system, but with the beginning of the month the management announced that all men would be employed on the contract system. The miners objected and quit work, and all mining operations at that end of the property are at a standstill, except tramming. The trammers are handling what little loose rock remains in the mine and when this is hoisted and shipped to the mill one or two heads will be forced to close down because of lack or rock. No serious trouble is anticipated unless the company decides to substitute outside men. The contract system, which the mienrs are objecting to, is in use in all of the large mines of the district. At the end of the month, under the system, the ground removed by the miners is measured and they are paid for what work was done.

Frozen and weak from starvation, a men was last night found in a precarious condition at Dollar Bay, in a boxcar in which he had been imprisoned for seven days. His recovery is doubtful.

Houghton—Joe Youngs, a copper country trapper, who this winter has killed many wolves and wildcats, is in the city and reports having had an exciting experience one night last week. He was returning to camp at nightfall and was followed by a pack of wolves. There were so many of the animals that Youngs considered it desceretion, although armed, to take to a tree. He found refuge on a limb and was soon besieged. At times the trapper would fire into the pack, which he could but dimly see, and all night, with the temperature below zero, he clung to his perch. At daybreak the wolves disappeared, leaving behind them two dead and blood in the snow, which indicated that others had been wounded. Youngs has done well this winter, receiving $15 from the state and $7 from the county for every wolf killed.

Escanaba—As the result of an investigation by the health authorities charges are made that a physician residing at Rapid River has been forcing smallpox patients on the community for personal profit. It is said that cases that have been certified by him to be the disease have in reality been other ailments of less danger, and that they are so diagnosed for the purpose of securing fat fees from the county for professional services.

Sault Ste. Marie—It is announced at the offices of the Clergue syndicate that some 2000 Scandinavians are to be settled on the lands of the company to the north of the Canadian Soo in the spring. Arrangements have been made to bring the immigrants over in a chartered ship.

L'Anse—More than 150 wildcats have been killed this winter in Baraga, Houghton and Keweenaw counties, while many hundred dollars have been paid out as bounties on wolves.

Houghton—The right to remove the Franklin stamp sands, which lie outside of the government harbor lines, has been secured from the war department by Attorney Hanchette, of Hancock. The terms are similar to those by which M. R. Goldsworthy recently obtained the right to the Osceola sands and for the same purpose—the reworking of the sands for the copper in them, while removing the sands from the navigable channel. The sands are the waste from the stamp mills in the old days when considerable more copper was lost than at the present plants, and experiments have demonstrated that they can be reworked at considerable profit. One plant of the kind was equipped last season and will go into operation this spring.

THE STARVATION PLAN

Of Treating Dyspepsia and Stomach Troubles Is Useless and Unscientific.

The almost certain failure of the starvation cure for dyspepsia has been proven time and again, but even now a course of dieting is generally the first thing recommended for a case of indigestion or any stomach trouble.



Many people with weak digestion, as well as some physicians, consider the first step to take in attempting to cure indigestion is to restrict the diet, either by selecting certain foods and rejecting others or to cut down the amount of food eaten to barely enough to keep soul and body together, in other words the starvation plan is by many supposed to be the first essential.

All this is radically wrong. It is foolish and unscientific to recommend dieting to a man already suffering from starvation because indigestion itself starves every organ, nerve and fibre in the body.

What people with poor digestion most need is abundant nutrition, plenty of good, wholesome, properly cooked food, and something to assist the weak stomach to digest it.

This is exactly the purpose for which Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are adapted and the true reason why they cure the worst cases of stomach trouble.

Eat a sufficient amount of wholesome food and after each meal take one or two of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets to promptly digest it.

In this way the system is nourished and the overworked stomach rested, because the tablets will digest the food whether the stomach works or not, one grain of the active digestive principle in Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets being sufficient to digest 2000 grains of meat, eggs or other albuminous food.

Dr. Haroldson and Dr. Redwell recommended these tablets in all cases of defective digestion because the pepsin and diastase in them are absolutely free from animal matter and other impurities, and being pleasnt to the taste are as safe and harmless for the child as for the adult.

All drug stores sell this excellent preparation, and the daily use of them after meals will be of great benefit, not only as an immediate relief but to permanently build up and invigorate the digestive organs.

COMING IN RAPIDLY

Woodsmen Are Returning From Winter's Work In Large Numbers.

Demand For Men Is Practically Over For the Present.

Little More Hauling Will Give Output Up to First Estimates.

The woodsmen are beginning to come back to the city in large numbers. Every train brings in a number of men that have finished their winter's work at the various logging camps of the district and who have either come back to the city to seek employment or to enjoy a season of recreation and spend their money.

The outlook for jobs in the woods is not very flattering at this time of the year and the supply is at present greatly in excess of the demand. There is practically no demand for men to go into logging camps. Some of the loggers are still operating and will hold out as long as they are able to haul logs to the railroad tracks or to their landings, but these camps are well supplied with men and no others are needed.

There is a moderate demand for sawyers and swampers. The wages offered for sawyers range from $30 to $35 and swampers are offered from $26 to $30.

There is a slight demand for men at railroad work and some of the employment offices are shipping men daily. There is a dearth of the big red and white cards with black lettering that have been used to placard the front of the employment offices and the employment men characterize the business as very dull.

It is said that the woodsmen of the Northwest have little reason to complain of their treatment during the past season on the score of wages. Wages in the woods have remained high throughout the logging season, in fact will average higher than the prices paid for many years past. While the season may not have been as long as in some of the winters past, the men are coming out of the woods with more money than they did formerly.

The indications are that there will be more spring logging than was expected at the beginning of the season, for the reason that the lumbermen forsee good prices for their manufactured product during the coming year and will make every effort to make the log output as large as possible even if the cost of operation is much more than it has been during the latter part of the season in previous years.

Log receipts in the city continue heavy and the various banking grounds about the bay are beginning to assume huge proportions. There will be more logs banked along the bay front by the time the harbor mills begin their season cut than there has been in some years past.

A well known Duluth lumberman made the statement yesterday that if hauling continue through next week the cut for the winter would not fall more than 10,00,00 feet below the estimate, and if continued somewhat longer the estimate might be exceeded.

SELLS MINE.

Louis W. Hill Transfers to Republic Steel & Iron Company.

Louis W. Hill has sold a mining lease of the e½ of the nw¼ of section 14-58-19, and the fee of the nw¼ of the nw¼ of the same section, town and range, to the Republic Iron and Steel company. The transfer went on record yesterday.

The lease provides for a royalty of 18 cents a ton and a minimum of 75,000 tons a year. The consideration for the fee, according to the revenue stamps, was $160,000.

A part of the deal is an agreement that the ore traffic of the mines shall go to the Eastern Minnesota road, all things being equal. If the other ore carrying roads should reduce the rate for hauling ore, and the Eastern should not, the company could place the traffic elsewhere, but not otherwise.

NOT A DAY'S INCREASE.

Yesterday's Birth Reports Excite Some Speculation.

The large list of births published in the Herald last evening attracted considerable attention. A telephone message was received at the office last evening calling attention to the fact that if the population was to increase at the rate per day indicated by the number of births yesterday, Duluth would have 168,000 people in ten years' time and there would be no necessity for a 100,000 club.

The unusually large number reported yesterday was due to the fact that many physicians who have been behind in their reports brought them in then. They represented the accumulations of a number of days, and in some cases were weeks old.

AMUSEMENTS.

"MAM'SELLE 'AWKINS."

"Mam'selle 'Awkins" is the title of a light and airy play that will be seen at the Lyceum next Tuesday evening. Miss Della Stacy is the head of the cast and she will be remembered by Duluthians as having appeared here before in comedy work. Her songs are said to be especially good. Among the suporting company are Carolyn M. Huestis, Ella De Vine, Norma La Tour, Eddie Smith, J. J. Cluxton, C. C. Patterson, Harry W. Wilson, Herbert Salinger and Max Rossi.

Your Liver

Will be roused to its natural duties and your biliousness, headache and constipation be cured if you take

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

NATURE'S BREAKFAST FOOD

Is the purest and most nutritious on the market. On sale at all grocery stores in the city. A percentage of all profits paid to the Children's Home Society of Minnesota, Rev. E. P. Savage, superintendent. Our agents will call at your home to sell you sample packages. Our concern has no connection with the Baker Orphanage or any other fake concerns. References, any wholesale or retail grocer in Duluth. If you want the best goods on the market, ask your grocer for Nature's Breakfast Food.

10c Per Package.

ORGANIZE.

Preliminary Steps Taken By Machinists of the City.

At Hunter hall, last evening, the preliminary steps were taken for the organization of a local union of International Association of Machinists. The meeting was well attended and the men were very enthusiastic over the prospect of an organization. A large delegation from the West Superior union was present and encouraging speeches were made by several of the West Superiorites, who held that in order to make the movement a complete success, organization must be thorough on both sides of the bay.

W. B. McEwen, secretary of the State Federation of Labor, was the organizer. The application for a charter was signed by a number of men said to represent one half the number of machinists in this city.

The charter will be sent for today and as soon as it arrives another meeting will be called to effect a permanent organization.

In his preliminary remarks urging the organization of a machinists' union, Secretary McEwen pointed out the benefit that organization has been to other trades in this city, comparing the wages paid and the number of hours of work required now to the scale and hours a few years ago, before the unions were organized.

The West Superior members reported their organization in first-class condition, with forty-six members in good standing and many applications on file for membership. The support of the West Superior organization was tendered the Duluth machinists in getting their union organized.

Henry Dworschiak, Henry Pereault, J. W. Richardson and Gordon O'Neil, members of the organization committee of the Trades assembly were present and gave talks along the line of unionism, congratulating the machinists in the movement and urging theb to keep up interest and stick together.

Toward the close of the meeting a temporary chairman and a secretary were elected and shop committees to solicit membership were appointed.

The Duluth machinists' union, when established will have jurisdiction not only in this city but in Proctorknott.

STILL THEY VENTURE.

Horse Drowned By Going Through the Ice.

Another team went through the ice on the bay yesterday and one horse was drowned. Silas Stewart, the driver, and the other horse had a narrow escape from drowning. The team belonged to the Peyton, Kimball & Barber Lumber company, of West Superior, and was being driven across the bay to Duluth. When opposite the Northern Pacific bridge, the outfit suddenly went down.

Mr. Stewart managed to get out of the water and succeeded in getting one horse on firm ice, but the other could not be saved. Three teams have broken through the ice near the bridges across the bay, within the last two weeks, but still teamsters will not abandon the route.

GETTING WARMER.

More Mayoralty Candidates Develop at Superior.

Other candidates are coming to the front in the mayoralty situation in West Superior. Col. James Agen, former assemblyman, has announced himself in the race for the Republican nomination. The three men who are now asking for the Republican nomination are F. S. Parker, Harvey Dietrich and James Agen. The Democrats have also three candidates in the field for nomination. They are George Cooper, Charles O'Hara and J. M. Konkel. The Democratic convention will this year be held one day ahead of the Republican convention.

BRAKEMAN KILLED.

William Hay Falls Under a Logging Train.

William Hay, a brakeman on the St. Croix & Duluth logging road, was run over and fatally injured yesterday afternoon, near Dedham, Wis. The body was brought to West Superior last evening and taken in charge by the coroner of Douglas county.

Hay was riding on the rear of the train alone. It is supposed that a sudden jolt threw him under the wheels. Other trainmen heard his screams and found him lying close to the track with both legs crushed and suffering from internal injuries. He was taken to Dedham and lived for sevral hours after the accident.

The unfortunate brakeman has been in the employ of the logging road but a few days. He was formerly a brakeman on the Eastern Minnesota. Hay roomed all summer in West Superior. He has a brother employed on the railroad at Swan River. His other elatives reside in Aitkin.

"A dose in time saves lives." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup; nature's remedy for coughs, colds, pulmonary diseases of every sort.

CAR SERVICE REPORT.

Month of February Showed a Good Increase.

Chairman Kelly, of the Lake Superior Car Service association, completed his report for February last evening. The report shows that 22,571 cars were handled here by members of the association last month. This is about 2400 more cars than were handled during the same month of last year, or about 12 per cent greater traffic as measured in carlots. In tonnage, owing to the increase all the time in the capacity of freight equipment, the gain was from 15 to 20 per cent. This does not take into account 4200 cars of logs that were received here.

Constipation and health never go together. DeWitt's Little Early Risers promote easy action of the bowels without griping or distess. Are safe, sure, gentle, thorough. Purely vegetable. Max Wirth.

Bargain counter No. 1. Embroideries, Ribbons.

New Embroideries 5c, 8c, 10c, 15c. Nainsook and Swiss Sets, beautiful patterns, 15c to 75c.

Ribbon remnants—Satin and Gros Grain Ribbons, all colors, 3 to 5 inches, worth up to 25c, special at 13 1-3c.

Wash Ribbons, plain and fancy, worth 25c to 35c, at 15c.

Bargain counter No. 2.

Candy sale

Fresh Candies—excellent goods—white-coated Peanuts, Peanut Squares, Chocolate coated Peanuts, Fancy Cream Candy, Spiced Minuets, Assorted Cream Lump, Fig Drops, Gopher Chocolates, and other favorite kinds, worth 20c and 25c per lb. Saturday for 15c.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

DULUTH, MINNESOTA

The first wire selected for the Brooklyn bridge

was a very tiny, insignificant thing. It couldn't have supported a very large load, but by gradual adding of strand to strand, winding and weaving one upon the other, were formed the mighty cables which, anchored deep in mother earth, now support the mighty structure, giving safe passage to a never ending stream of traffic. The sinewy strength of a house like Panton & White's does not depend upon a single-stranded policy. The quality of our marchandise, the convenience of our store, the courtesy of our clerks, our moderate pricing, our willingness to receive back goods and return money—these are a few of the countless strands that, interwoven into a liberal and enlightened policy, support our wonderful organization, and make it profitable to all who can enjoy its remarkable commercial advantages.

Bargain counter No. 3.

Underwe'r

Balance of our children's fleeced-lined Underwear, all sizes—also Natural wool and medium-weight Merino Underwear, worth up to 50c, for 25c.

Bargain counter No. 4.

Wash Goods Sale.

Two special assortments bought at very special prices, to be sold likewise.

25c Figured Sateens, in Navy and Black, at 15c.

10c Ginghams, solid colors, stripes and plaids and checks, per yard 7c.

Daily Arrivals of the New Spring Dress Goods

THOUSANDS of yards of silks, wool goods and cotton goods are pouring in daily. They are the most exquisite goods in the market, delightfully portraying authoritative styles. The bewitching things you have been reading about in the fashion notes of magazines are actually here with all the fascination of supreme beauty and newness—and the styles are exclusively our own. Saturday will be a day fraught with much interest, for everybody will want to see and buy these new fabrics.



New Spring Waistings.

Spring Waistings—exclusive designs of our own importation—the most attractive assortment ever shown in the city—every design a work of art—our special price—per yard, only **75c**

New all wool Twine Etamines—bought away under the market price—black, old rose, reseda, navy, grey and castor—made to sell for 75c a yard—our opening price tomorrow, per yard **50c**

New 54-inch Suitings, very strong and serviceable for everyday wear these goods are going rapidly at the low price we have made—per yard **59c**

New 40-inch Albatross in all shades; used so extensively for waists and wrappers—our special price, per yard **50c**

54-inch crash suitings in grey, castors and browns—a very strong, stylish fabric—bought to sell for $1.25. Price **$1.15**

Children's Dress Goods—do not miss the great sale of children's dress goods—the greatest assortment ever shown in city, at **25c**

Spring Wash Goods.

Spring wash goods—Follow the crowds and you'll land in this wash goods department—the busiest part of the busy big store. Why are we so busy? The answer is simple—we have the largest and most attractive assortment—we buy for cash in large quantities direct from manufacturers—we are selling exclusive patterns, the most fashionable fabrics, our prices are much under all competition.

T'Salle Silk—very handsome, silky in appearance—better than silk for wear **79c**

Tissues—silk and linen lace stripe Tissues **59c**

Tissues—Honoton lace striped Tissues **49c**

Ginghams—silk mercerized ginghams **48c**

Dimities—Imported Irish dimities, beautiful quality with a lustrous finish **25c**

Leghorn Ginghams—new designs in checks, stripes and small plaids **15c**

New Lawns—in 100 different designs, per yard **12½c**

New Dress Skirts $3.98; Unlined Skirts $4.98; New Waists

Our cloak and suit buyer, Mr. Walsh, has just returned from the Eastern markets, where he has made the largest cloak, suit, waist and ready made garment purchases in the history of the store. Many of the new styles have arrived and will be shown tomorrow, while thousands of dollars' worth are still to follow. You will find here the most fashionable garments in exclusive styles. Duluth's best dressers appreciate the elegance and superiority of The Glass Block garments, and the new suits, waists, skirts, etc., and will receive an enthusiastic welcome by fashion's devotees. As an index of the great economy to be realized by trading here, we quote the following special values:



New Dress Skirts—made of good quality black cheviot—lined and finished in first class shape—made with flaring flounce and trimmed with taffeta bands—on sale Saturday at **$3.98**

Unlined Dress Skirts—made of heavy black skirting—deep flaring flounce—trimmed with four rows of stitched silk bands—an exceptionally good value—Saturday's price **$4.98**

We are also showing several handsome new skirts—lined or unlined, at $5.98, $7.50, $8.00 and up.

Melton Walking Skirts—in grey, blue, brown, and black—made in the newest style—wide flounce trimmed with two straps of the same material and sixteen rows of stitching—an excellent value—Saturday we will place them on sale at **$4.98**



New silk waists—made in the newest effects—tucked and stitched elaborately—a splendid assortment of colors and black—elegantly trimmed and perfect in fit, fashion and every detail—beautiful qualities at the prices—$6.50, $5.75, $4.98 and **$3.98**

Wrappers—Our entire line of fleece lined wrappers—in pretty patterns, made extra wide, trimmed with bead and ruffles over shoulders—our regular $1.98 and $2.25 grades—on sale Saturday at **$1.49**

Special Corset Sale—We are closing out several broken lines of Kabo and P. D. Corsets that have sold up to $2.50—we have all sizes in drab, black and white—closing the line at **95c**



Bedding, Blankets.

Prices unbelievably little, but truly quoted, and, we know, will be heartily responded to.



11-4 all-wool Blankets, the celebrated Peter Graff & Co.'s Blankets—you know what they are—only about a dozen of them—they are soiled and are priced at $5.00 regularly. Owing to their condition we offer them for sale at—per pair **$3.95**

11-4 Cotton Blankets, white, worth $1—at, per pair **75c**

11-4 grey wool Blankets, 5-lb., worth $2.00, at **$1.50**

Large silkoline Comforters, well made, worth $2.25, each **$1.75**

Bed Spreads, full size, hemmed, a regular $1.25 spread at other stores **98c**

72 x 90 inch Sheets, ready made, torn and ironed, special—each **48c**

43 x 36 inch Pillow Cases, well made, special—each **10c**

DRUG DEPT.

Hood's Beef, Iron and Wine, reg. $1.00 size, Saturday...59c
Pure Cod Liver Oil, $1.00 size, for...69c
Coke's Dandruff Cure, $1.00 size, for...75c
Coke's Shampoo Soap, regular 25c size, for...15c
Whisk Brooms, regular 10c quality, for...7c
English Lavender Flower, a delicate, pleasant and lasting perfume for wardrobe, bureau and closet, per pkg...10c

Shoes for Spring.

All who need new shoes and want good looking, stylish, absolutely reliable shoes—*and want to save money on them*, should patronize this shoe department

Little Men's mannish Lace Boots, in kid, box calf or velour, sizes to 13½, on sale Saturday—at **$1.25**

Misses' fine kid patent tip, medium soles, lace shoes—sizes to 2—on sale at **97c**

Children's Shoes, lace only, sizes to 11, on sale at **83c**

Women's Oxford Ties or Low Shoes, extra quality kid with cloth or kid tops, very flexible soles, all sizes, on sale Saturday only at **$1.29**

Women's low heel and spring heel Lace Shoes, patent tips, fair stitched, extension soles, a very swell looking and great wearing boot for young ladies—regular price $2.25, on sale at **$1.69**

Women's Vassar Boots—30 styles—all the new spring designs in patent kid and patent calf—any style—for **$2.98**

Underwear Dept.

Import economies worth careful consideration.

Ladies' fast black Richalieu ribbed heavy lisle thread hose, extra long, worth 50c, at **25c**

Ladies' Fancy Cotton Hose, goods styles in vertical and other stripes, worth 35c, for **19c**

Children's Nazareth Waists, in white and unbleached, 15c and **25c**

Boys' and Girls' fleece lined and natural wool Vests, Pants and Drawers, all sizes, worth 50c—for **25c**

Boys' and Girls Sleeping Garments fleeced lined with feet, all sizes at **50c**

Men's Fancy Laundered Shirts with detached cuffs, madras, percale and cheviot, good styles, reduced from $1.00 to **50c**

Fancy Suspenders, large assortment—worth 25c, at **19c**

Lace Curtains.



We are now in a position to show the largest and most exclusive selection of imported Nottingham Curtains ever displayed in this city. The designs are exact copies of the finest Brussels Net, Irish Point, Arabian and Marie Antoinette—you will find an almost endless variety at very low prices, quality considered, ranging from 95c to $7.50 per pair.

Ruffled Muslin Curtains, a special purchase of 500 pairs, in plain and stripe effects, 3 yards long, all fresh, new curtains, worth 85c, for per pair **50c**

Art Stripes, the most popular low priced curtain of the season, in blue, gold and green, only 30 pairs left at **$1.25**

Curtain Swisses, in all the popular stripes and dots, per yard 10c and **12½c**

SPECIALS IN HARDWARE DEPARTMENT

Fancy hardwood Towel Rollers, highly varnished, 19 inch roller, regular price 15c—special for Saturday only at the low price of—each **10c**

Vrooman's Sink Strainers—highly Japanned, regular price 23c, special for Saturday at **18c**

Silver Fruit and Potato Masher, handy article—the best made for mashing all kinds of fruits and vegetables—regular price 39c—special for Saturday only—each **33c**

The Peerless Clothes Bar—handiest clothes bar made. Can either use one bar or all at the same time—folds up against the wall when not in use—regular price 15c—special for Saturday—each **8c**

Japanned Dust Pans, covered dust pan, regular price 10c, special for Saturday only **8c**

Dust Pan, regular price 5c—special for Saturday only—each **4c**

Japanned Comb and Brush Holder—just the article needed for holding Brush and comb, regular price 10c—special for Saturday only—each **6c**

Willow Clothes Baskets, small size, regular price 53c—special for Saturday only **49c**

Medium, regular price 75c, special for Saturday only **69c**

Large size, regular price 85c—special for Saturday only **73c**

REMOVAL SALE

A chance to buy shoes cheaper than ever before.

$20,000 worth of Men's, Women's and Children's Fine up-to-date Shoes to be sold at once, and our prices will convince everybody that we intend to sell our entire stock before we move. You always find everything as advertised at

Come early. Get the first selections.

THE FAMOUS SHOE STORE
111 WEST SUPERIOR STREET, DULUTH.

LADIES' SHOES.

49 cents

50 pairs Ladies' $2.00 and $3.00 Shoes, odd kinds and small sizes. Removal price...49c

59 cents

70 pairs Ladies' $1.50 goat button shoes. Removal price.....59c

$1.39

200 pair Ladies fine kid Shoes, worth $2.50, button or lace, kid or patent tip. Removal price.....$1.39

$1.48

Ladies' $2.00 Lace Shoes, kid or box calf, heavy soles. Removal price.....$1.48

$1.69

100 pairs Ladies' $2.50 Kid Shoes, patent tips, new extension soles, all sizes. Removal price $1.69

$1.98

400 pairs Ladies' $2.50 and $3.00 Shoes, kid, velour or box calf, new styles and goods, all sizes. Removal price.....$1.98

$2.48

Ladies' $3 and $3.50 Kid Shoes, nearly all sizes. Removal price.....$2.48

LADIES' RUBBERS.

9c cents

Ladies' small sized Rubbers, Removal price 9c

LADIES' SLIPPERS.

19 cents

Ladies' small sized House Slippers. Removal price.....19c

MISSES' AND CHILD'S SHOES.

13 cents

Infants' Button Shoes, sizes 2 to 5. Removal sale 13c

23 cents

Infants' 40c Soft Sole Shoes, button or lace, in colors. Removal price.....23c

49 cents

Child's 75c Kid Shoes, button or lace, sizes 2 to 6. Removal price.....49c

69 cents

Child's $1.00 Kid Shoes, lace or button, kid or patent tip. Removal price.....69c

79 cents

Child's Dongola Button Shoes, sizes 8½ to 11. Removal price 79c

98 cents

Child's $1.35 Box Calf or Kangaroo Calf Shoes, button or lace. Removal price.....98c

59 cents

Misses' $1.00 Goat Button Shoes, sizes 9 to 2. Removal price 59c

98 cents

Misses' $1.25 and $1.50 Kid Shoes, lace or button, kid or patent tip, all sizes. Removal price..98c



MEN'S SHOES.

$2.48

Men's $3.00 and $3.50 Box Calf Vici or Enamel Shoes, new styles. Removal price $2.48

$1.69

Men's $2.50 Satin Calf or Vici Kid Shoes, good styles, all sizes. Removal price.....$1.69

$1.48

Men's $2.00 Satin Calf Shoes, all sizes, two different styles. Removal price.....$1.48

$1.98

Men's $2.50 and $3.00 Box, Chrome or Satin Calf Shoes, heavy or light soles. Removal price $1.98

$2.98

Men's $3.60 and $4.00 Shoes, new styles, all the latest leathers. Removal price.....$2.98

RUBBERS.

9c—Ladies' small sized Rubbers..... 9c
25c—Ladies' Misses and Children's Rubbers.25c
39c—Men's low cut Rubbers.....39c
49c—Men's 65c Rubbers.....49c

MEN'S SHOES.

98 cents

Men's $1.50 Satin Calf and Grain Working Shoes, large sizes. Removal price.....98c

89 cents

Men's $5 and $6 Patent Leather Shoes, small sizes. Removal price.....89c

$3.48

Men's $5.00 high cut Waterproof, hand made Shoes. Removal price.....$3.48

$2.69

Men's $3.50 high cut Box Calf Shoes, heavy extension soles. Removal price.....$2.69

$2.98

Men's $5.00 Russia and Leather Lined Blucher Shoes, also English Enamel double sole, good styles. Removal price.....$2.98

Big Reductions on Men's Working Shoes

Bring Your Tickets on the Crystal Cut Glass. They are good on this sale

BOYS' AND YOUTHS' SHOES

89 cents

100 pairs Little Gents' $1.25 Box Calf Shoes, sizes 8 to 13. Removal price...89c

98 cents

Little Gents' $1.25 Steel Shod Shoes, sizes 10 to 13. Removal price.....98c

$1.19

Boys' and Youth's $1.50 Satin Calf Shoes, all sizes. Removal price.....$1.19

$1.39

Boys' and Youth's Calf Shoes, worth $1.75 and $2.00. Removal price.....$1.39

$1.48

Boys' Keith $2.00 Calf Shoes, broken sizes. Removal price.....$1.48

$1.69

Boys' Best Calf Shoes, worth $2.50. Removal price.....$1.69

$1.48

Boys' $2.00 Seamless Cut, Waterproof Shoes, sizes 13 to 5. Removal price...$1.48

BOYS' AND YOUTHS' SATIN CALF SHOES.

89 cents

Boys' and Youths' $1.25 and $1.50 satin calf, broken lots. Removal price.....89c

CHILD'S GOAT SHOES.

39 cents

Child's Goat Shoes, in button only, sizes 5 to 8. Removal price.....39c

STEAMERS COLLIDE

American Liner Waesland Goes to the Bottom.

Was Struck Amidship By the Steamship Harmonides.

Two of the Passengers of the Waesland Drowned.

London, March 7.—The American line steamer Waesland, Capt. Attfeld, from Liverpool, March 5, for Philadelphia, and the British steamship Harmonides, Capt. Pentin, from Para, Feb. 13, for Liverpool, met in collision off Holyhead, Wales.

The Waesland sank.

The collision occurred in a thick fog at 11:30 o'clock Wednesday night, when the Waesland was about forty miles southwest of Holyhead.

The Harmonides struck the Waesland amidships and there was a terrible shock. Most of the Waesland's passengers had retired for the night.

Perfect order and discipline prevailed. The crew of the steamer rapidly turned out the passengers and succeeded in assuring them that their lives were safe. The passengers were greatly influenced by the coolness of the crew, and obeyed instructions willingly and quickly.

The Waesland's boats were speedily got out, and in less than half an hour the entire ship's company had been transferred to the Harmonides. Unfortunately two lives were lost. The dead are a steerage passenger named Dangerfield and a child named Elsie Emmett, the daughter of a cabin passenger.

The Waesland sank in thirty minutes after the collision. The passengers and crew lost all their belongings. The vessel carried no mails. The passengers unite in the highest praise of the behavior of Capt. Atfeld and his crew. It is expected that the company will send the passengers by another vessel next week.

Fifty-three of the passengers and crew of the Waesland arrived at Liverpool on board the Harmonides at 3:33 this morning. They were received by the agents of the American line here and were quartered at various hotels.

INSURANCE MEN

Of Mutual Companies Have Elected Their Officers.

St. Paul, March 7.—The National Association of Mutual Insurance companies will hold its convention next year in Chattanooga, Tenn. Seattle also made a bid for the convention, but the Southern city was chosen by a large majority.

The business yesterday was mainly of a routine character, though a very interesting paper on the "Rise and Progress of Mutual Insurance Companies in the United States" was read by F. J. Brown.

Officers were elected and the convention then adjourned. The new officers are: President, W. D. Forbes, Des Moines, Iowa; vice president-at-large, J. J. Furlong, Austin, Minn.; secretary and treasurer, W. B. Linch, Lincoln, Neb.; executive committee, C. F. Mingenback, McPherson, Kans.; R. J. Young, Oelwein, Iowa, and H. S. Wiley, Kewanna, Ind.

A vice president was also selected for each state represented in the convention.

DEALING

In Egg Futures Prohibited on Mercantile Exchange.

New York, March 7.—Hardly anything but the "new egg rule" has been talked about on the mercantile exchange for the last week. The rule is a novelty, and the members who oppose it say it is an insult to their intelligence and honesty. It forbids "futures" in eggs, and never since the exchange was established have such "futures" been considered anything but proper.

The trouble arose early last week. The storms had caused the local price of eggs to go up exceedingly high. They were selling on change for 26 cents a dozen. Nine-tenths of the members thought the price would go still higher, and there was a general attempt to boom it. Suddenly, to the surprise of the bulls, a cash firm began to sell eggs to be delivered a week later at 25 cents.

There was great excitement on the floor. In less than five minutes an offer for the same delivery at 24 cents was made. This created almost a panic. In another five minutes 23 cents was the figure, and the buyers were plentiful. The day's transactions caused the local quotation to fall 8 cents, and the ones who had been boosting the figure were disconsolate.

In the meanwhile the egg committee of the exchange had a meeting and decided on a rule forbidding all further egg futures. The bear firm contends that the committee was influenced by those who lost heavily.

TOO GREAT EXPENSE

Not the Reason.

It is not because Pyramid Pile Cure is so expensive that many people decline to give it a trial, but because they find it too great a tax on their credulity to believe that the published letters bearing testimony to the merit of this remedy are genuine and bona fide; especially to those who have realized the suffering incident to piles is it incredible that anyone who has been afflicted twenty-five and thirty years with the worst forms of protruding and bleeding piles should be cured by the application of a simple remedy, when their physician has assured them that the only relief is in a surgical operation. This is rightfully viewed with dread by all those afflicted, as it means at the least a great shock to the nervous system with more than a possibility of utter collapse and death; in the majority of cases, too, there is a return of the complaint, owing to the fact that the cause is not removed.

The proprietors of Pyramid Pile Cure agree to forfeit $1000 to anyone who will show a single published testimonial to be not genuine and unsolicited; this latter feature is most gratifying, inasmuch as these letters are written solely out of gratitude, and with the hope that those who are afflicted as the writers have been may learn that relief is at hand, at a comparatively trifling expense. Pyramid Pile Cure is for sale by druggists at 50 cents a package, or will be mailed by the makers to any address upon receipt of price.

Mr. William Lichtenwalter, head of the largest printing house in Canton, Ohio, says: "It is with the utmost pleasure and satisfaction that I can say I believe I am cured of protruding and bleeding piles, after suffering more than twenty-five years. I have been in bed for two weeks at a time. I have not suffered in the least for over a year, and I used only three fifty-cent boxes of Pyramid Pile Cure. I advise every person suffering with this distressing and painful complaint to give this remedy a trial. I have every confidence in it." Write the Pyramid Drug company, Marshall, Mich., for their book on the causes and cure of piles.

FROM A BLOW

J. R. Davidson Died In a Chicago Turkish Bath.

Chicago, March 7.—After spending twenty-four hours in the Great Northern bath house, J. R. Davidson, Western manager for the Philadelphia Watch and Case company, and prominent in Chicago jewelry trade circles, was found unconscious by attendants in the place. Davidson was removed to St. Lukes' hospital, where he died. A postmortem examination revealed a serious fracture of the skull. Even the frontal lobes of the brain had been affected and it was made clear that Davidson died from the effects of a severe blow. Whether he fell on the marble floor or was struck has not yet been determined by the police though Davidsons' friends do not suspect that he was the victim of foul play.

Attendants at the bath establishment assert that Davidson was in good health when he entered the place. Davidson died without making a statement.

MRS. CARDEZA

Is Annoyed at Rumor of Son's Wedding.

New York, March 7.—Mrs. J. W. Martinez Cardeza, of Philadelphia, who is staying at the Waldorf-Astoria, was much distressed by a story which appeared in a Philadelphia newspaper regarding a secret marriage which it was alleged had taken place between her son Tom and a former manicure girl of Philadelphia known as Marie Racine. The marriage, it was alleged, had taken place here a year ago, and came out through the woman's sending for a photograph which she had had taken under the name of Martin, and announcing that she was Mrs. Cardeza. The young couple are said to be in India.

Mrs. Cardeza's husband was a Spaniard and left her a large fortune. She owns the yacht Eleanor, one of the largest afloat, in which she has made two trips around the world, has a magnificent home in Philadelphia and a villa at Newport. Several years ago she became prominent through her hunting expeditions in Newfoundland, where she shot caribou, and later went to India tiger hunting. Her son Tom is 24 years of age and has been known as a sportsman.

Mrs. Cardenas said that the story about her son was false from beginning to end. She said earlier she knew the girl as a charming woman.

Mrs. Aime Dupont said that they had taken pictures of Mrs. Cardeza and also of young Mrs. Cardeza. The young woman had her picture taken as Mrs. Thomas Martin, and afterward informed the photographers that she was Mrs. Cardeza.

END CLOSE AT HAND

(Continued From Page 1.)

The house has already adopted a wide-open set, and one of the coming tasks will be to get both houses together on a bill that will satisfy both branches. The house has definitely committed itself to the wide-open policy, while the senate did not even consider it. The divergence is so wide that a great deal of difficulty might be expected to be encountered in reaching an agreement were it not for the fact that the advocates of the wide-open policy in the house are members of the class of legislators that have been so anxious to get through tax legislation that they professed willingness to accept any sort of amendments just so the bills would get through.

The agreement will be reached, it is hoped, through the efforts of a conference committee. The house bill got into the senate yesterday afternoon, just after the senate had adopted its bill, and the chair appointed a conference committee of five to dicker with a similar committee from the house about getting together. This committee is composed of Senators Young, Somerville, Wilson, Thompson and Schaller.

• • •

The constitutional amendment bill that was reported by the judiciary committee was adopted by the senate yesterday afternoon without a single amendment and without a single negative vote, though several attempts were made to get amendments through. It amends sections 1, 2 and 3 of article 9 of the constitution by replacing them with one section, the principal provisions of which are as follows: All property to be taxed as nearly equal as may be and upon a cash valuation; the legislature shall provide for an annual state tax levy, but the bill permits the omission of the state tax when the income from other sources makes it unnecessary; the power of taxation shall never be surrendered, suspended or contracted away; the legislature may permit municipalities to levy assessments for local improvements without regard to cash valuation; the legislature is given the alternative of a franchise tax or a tax on the gross earnings of public service corporations, the taxes to be apportioned as other taxes are and neither tax being mandatory upon the legislature; an inheritance tax not to exceed 5 per cent is permitted; a tax upon the income of credits, and upon the incomes of persons above $1000 not arising from such credits, or from property otherwise taxed in this state, is permitted; the income tax is to be equal throughout the state, and shall not exceed 10 per cent upon the income from credits or 4 per cent upon such other income; credits shall not be subject to other taxation; a personal property exemption of not more than $300 is allowed, but not more than one member of a family can take advantage of it.

• • •

These amendments, or any that are adopted by the legislature, are to be submitted to the people to be voted upon next fall. The difficulty about people not voting upon amendments is to be avoided as much as possible by placing all the amendment propositions at the head of the state ticket instead of at the bottom, as it used to be. The title that is to be printed on the ballot mentions only the franchise tax, the credit income tax and the general income tax.

The senate discussed the bill in committee of the whole with Senator Daugherty in the chair. Senator Horton, of Ramsey, offered an amendment that would allow public service corporations to be assessed only upon their gross earnings, cutting out the franchise tax alternation. Senator Ives offered a substitute cutting out both franchise and gross earnings propositions. Both amendments were voted down. Senator Potter offered an amendment making the maximum tax upon the income of credits 5 per cent instead of 10 per cent, and this was voted down. Senator Baldwin offered an amendment permitting owners of personal property other than franchises to deduct from their assessed valuation their bona fide debts, and this shared the same fate as the other amendments. The committee of the whole then unanimously decided to report the unamended bill for passage, and when the committee made this report the senate adopted it. Then the rules were suspended and the bill passed unanimously.

• • •

Senator Schellbach's bill taxing mortgages was made a special order for this morning. Its object is to tax mortgages and to avoid the double taxation feature of that plan by providing that the tax paid by the holder of the mortgage shall be deducted from the taxes that would be due on the land, leaving the owner of the land to pay only the taxes on his equity.

• • •

Senator Baldwin's bill making the fees of physicians for examining insance cases in probate court $7.50 instead of $5 and mileage was reported for indefinite postponement by the senate committee on the reception of bills yesterday afternoon, and the senate adopted the report. Senator Ives calls this committee the committee on abattoir.

• • •

The senate passed Senator McCarthy's bill permitting the Itasca county board of county commissioners to lease a part of the poor farm for iron mining purposes, with the house amendment so the effect that this shall not operate to relieve the mine from taxation if there is a mine. Senator McCarthy says the county board has not yet developed an iron mine on the farm, but it is in the iron belt, and the board wants to be ready for emergencies in case an iron deposit should be discovered.

• • •

The senate tax committee took up the Anderson bill taxing inheritances yesterday afternoon, and reported it back with some amendments, which the senate adopted. With these amendments the committee recommended the bill to pass. The exemption on inheritances was raised from $1000 to $5000, and the rate of taxation on inheritances by near relatives was cut from 1 per cent to ½ of 1 per cent.

• • •

At the request of the governor and the attorney general the senate passed a resolution asking congress to make a change in the judiciary act that will give states the same footing as individuals in the United States courts. Senator Wilson explained that the effect of the decision of the United States supreme court in the merger case was that a state has no standing in the circuit court because it is not a citizen. He said that while the proposed change could not help the governor in his merger fight, he thought it was an error and should be corrected.

• • •

The bill cutting freight rates on iron ore in Minnesota made its appearance in the house yesterday afternoon, and the source from which it comes in the house rather removes the impression that the bill is simply a slap at the St. Louis county delegates, made in the belief that it would hurt their feelings. It was introduced into the house by Mr. Pennington, of Dakota county, a Democrat, and one of the soundest members of the house. He explains that the rates imposed in the bill are simply those that the Lind board of railroad and warehouse commissioners promulgated. The railroad and warehouse commission, under new auspices, having been unsuccessful in making the rates stick, the attempt is now being made to accomplish this purpose by legislation.

• • •

A bill was introduced to give the state dairy and food commission authority to examine the goods sold to state institutions, and to provide punishment for those who sell the board of control inferior goods. Unconsciously G. W. Armstrong, of Minneapolis, in pleading for the bill, made a left-handed dig at the efficacy of the board of control when he intimated that the state institutions are getting soaked with adulterated and inferior qualities of goods. The bill was referred to the reception committee.

• • •

A bill was passed in the house yesterday afternoon permitting casualty companies to insure merchants against loss by bad debts.

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Another St. Louis exposition bill made its appearance in the house yesterday afternoon, and it came with the stamp of authority in the shape of a recommendation from the governor. It was introduced by Mr. Johnson, of Hennepin county, and it appropriates $40,000 for an exhibit at the St. Louis World's fair. The idea is to use this money to put up a building and get the thing started, and to let the next legislature appropriate whatever is needed.

• • •

The house session was routine and dry, and during the afternoon so many members wandered off into the cloak rooms to smoke and talk about other things than taxation that it grew impossible to get enough votes to pass even some of the meritorious woodchucks that had no opposition. The condition grew so difficult that Mr. Umland, of Ramsey county, moved an adjournment, and the members came flocking out of the cloak rooms and carried the motion.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

Dr. Bull's COUCH SYRUP

Cures a Cough or Cold at once.

Conquers Croup, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Grippe and Consumption. Quick, sure results. Dr. Bull's Pills cure Constipation. 30 pills 10c.

LOCKOUT

Of Tug Men May Tie Up Great Lakes Navigation.

Chicago, March 7.—Upon the result of a series of conferences apparently depends the inauguration of a lockout which may result in tieing up navigation on the great lakes.

This lockout, if inaugurated, will affect the 2400 members of the Licensed Tugmen's Protective association, composed of captains and engineers of the tugs running out of twenty-eight harbors along the lakes. The difficulty is over an alleged attempt on the part of the Great Lakes Towing company, otherwise known as the "tug trust," to lengthen the working hours.

Capt. Charles McCarroll, national president of the Tugmen's union, and Capt. Cyrus Sinclair, general manager of the trust, are now conferring with a view to settling the differences. They have as yet reached no agreement and the Great Lakes Towing company is refraining from any move to employ any captains or engineers for the coming year.

ALASKA.

Boundary Question Will Probably Be Settled By Arbitration.

New York, March 7.—No additional information can be obtained, says the London correspondent of the Tribune, respecting negotiations in regard to the Alaskan boundary, but Lord Strathcona, without doubt, has presented the Dominion's case, and the British foreign office is striving to effect a settlement. Arbitration is the solution which is probable, since the state department is not likely to propose the alienation of the territory ceded from Russia, and any scheme for a Canadian purchase will be vetoed by the senate at Washington.

Arbitration offers a line of least resistance, and will enable the United States and the Dominion governments to formulate their cases with precision and to accept with good grace some equitable compromise of the frontier question. Negotiations have not reached their final stage, but their trend is in the direction of arbitration as the only practicable method of adjusting this troublesome dispute.

"My child is worth millions to me," says Mrs. Mary Bird of Harrisburg, Pa., "yet I would have lost her by croup had I not purchased a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure." One Minute Cough Cure is sure cure for throat and lung troubles. Absolutely safe. Acts immediately. Max Wirth.



DISEASES OF MEN

VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, Piles, Fistula, Hydrocele, Cancer, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranted in from 10 to 30 days. Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the Mouth or Throat, Unhealthy Discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by the new remedies with never failing success.

YOUNG MEN Suffering from the effects of indiscretion or excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Consumption, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental worry or overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES All forms of Female Weakness, Debility, Pain in the Back and Loins, Ovarian and Womb Troubles, speedily and permanently cured. Office private; no exposure; consultation free. If in trouble, write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 12 m.

DR. T. J. PIERCE, 5 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

W. B. ERECT FORM CORSETS



True Perfection

The graceful low-busted effect mirrored in the fashion plates is given the fullest advantage by the W. B. Erect Form Corset.

It is hygienic. The Erect Form does not strain the bust or abdomen but places all the pressure on the hips and back muscles, keeping the shoulders in a fine poise. The Erect Form does away with all the ills of tight lacing.

Erect Form 973 and 701 For medium figures - - $1.00
Erect Form 974 same as above but made of fine coutil 1.50
Erect Form 959 Improved, for average figures - - 2.00
Erect Form 972 in batiste. For developed figures. Low bust, long hips and abdomen 1.50
Erect Form 962 for stout figures. Long over abdomen and hips - - - - - 2.50
Erect Form 966 for full figures. Long over hips. Low bust 3.00
Erect Form 970 for medium figures. In bastiste, like 973 1.00

The Newest Erect Form has a very long hip.
The only proper model for the new tight skirts.
Style 711, at $2. 713 at $4.

At all dealers. If yours cannot supply you mention his name and forward price direct to

Weingarten Bros.
377-379 Broadway, New York

No other corset can take the place of the W. B. Erect Form. Accept no substitute.

A MODERN VALJEAN

Rich and Respected Man Arrested as Fugitive Convict.

Leading Citizen of Casa, Ark., Taken Back to Texas.

Convicted Ten Years Ago of Passing Counterfeit Money.

Little Rock, Ark., March 7.—Hugo's great story of the fugitive convict, risen to honor and distinction in his new life, only to be exposed and cast back into the galleys through the relentless vigilance of the police, is duplicated in a story revealed by the arrest of a leading citizen of Casa, Ark.

The Jean Valjean of this story is James Hudleston, who, for more than ten years, has been known at Casa as J. A. Alexander. He was arrested by Deputy United States Marshal John McClure on orders from Paris, Texas.

Hudleston admitted his identity, confessed himself to be the man who, eleven years ago, fled from Texas after being convicted of passing counterfeit money, quietly announced his readiness to accompany the marshal, and passed through here on his way to Texas to serve a sentence in the penitentiary.

The people of Casa refused at first to believe Huddleston could be guilty of any crime, and offered to aid him in any way. He told them their good offices were useless.

On May 14, 1890, James Huddleston was convicted in the federal court in Texas on one count of an indictment, charging him with passing counterfeit money. The defense was not a serious one, except from the standpoint of the law. The jury, however, found he had passed the counterfeit coin, and recomended that he be sentenced to a term in the penitentiary.

Huddleston was then out on $5000 bonds, furnished by relatives. The case was given to the jury at 6 o'clock in the evening, and the jurors debated over the case and the evidence for several hours. At 11 o'clock at night the jury returned a sealed verdict under the orders of the court, and was dismissed, the judge announcing that the verdict would be read the following morning.

Huddleston had a friend either among the jurors or among the court attaches, and, in some manner, he was informed that he had been found guilty and would have to serve a penitentiary sentence. Before the court assembled to open the verdict the next morning Huddleston had disappeared.

A week later a stranger arrived in the new town of Casa. He was a quiet, pleasant man. He said little to anyone of his life history, and, securing work, settled down to grow up with the village. He engaged in business and prospered.

As the town grew Alexander became one of the leading citizens. He added to his wealth rapidly, and for the last five years has been considered the wealthiest man in the community. He never accepted any public office, although the mayoralty and other offices were offered to him repeatedly. He was known for his philanthropy and his willingness to aid any who were in distress. He was a factor in the politics of Perry county, and could have had the nomination to congress from the district for the asking.

Alexander, however, had no political aspirations. He continued to aid his neighbors and conduct his growing business. He did not marry, and many of his intimate friends knew that he had some secret sorrow which he was striving to live down. His life was an exemplary one and he was considered a model in the community. He gave largely to church work, but never connected himself with any church.

Last week the United States marshal for the northern district of Kansas was informed by the authorities at Paris, Tex., that James Huddleston, a fugitive from justice, convicted of passing counterfeit money, was residing in Casa under the name of Alexander.

The marshal sent a deputy to investigate. The deputy, by inquiries, discovered Alexander had appeared at Casa shortly after Huddleston fled from Texas. The description tallied. He reported, and Deputy McClure was sent to arrest Huddleston. He found the man in his office and stated his business.

Huddleston made no attempt to deny that he was the man wanted. He asked for an hour to arrange his business interests and accompanied the officer. He said the fear and expectation of arrest and exposure had haunted him ever since he fled.

Alexander's name is on the bonds of Sheriff White and several other county officials of Perry county for large amounts.

The New Store HENDREN & TALLANT CO The New Store

Towels.

How is the Towel supply? Plenty in the bath room? Haven't you been thinking of replenishing your Towel supply? Here's your opportunity:

Huck Towels — 17x29 inches, Turkey red borders; most excellent quality. Saturday any amount you want—each ---------- 10c
Huck Towels — 20x39 inches, well finished; a splendid value at 20c. Saturday's cut price ---------- 15c
Unbleached Turkish Bath Towels — 21x48 inches, never sold for less than 18c. Saturday's cut price -- 14c
Knotted Fringe Damask Towels — colored borders—A Towel we sell regularly at 25c. Saturday's cut price ---------- 17c

Buttons.

Have you been at a loss to find just the style of trimming buttons you wish? We will help you. A new line of all that is new is our latest showing. They are the ivory buttons, gold buttons, pearl buttons; in short all that is wanted. Displayed in right aisle.

Children

Will also be interested in what we shall show Saturday. Two numbers in dress goods for children's dresses demanding attention.

Worsted Plaids for Children's Dresses—36 inches wide and are shown in a very desirable line of colorings—per yard ---------- 35c
All-wool striped Etamine—All suitable colors, 38 inches wide. This is a very neat cloth, very suitable for the child's dresses—per yard ---------- 50c

Shoe Day Saturday

It is folly to try to match our shoe offerings at any time. Saturday will be a day of special bargain giving—a day for economical shoe buyers to look forward to. We have built up a splendid shoe trade by giving just such values as are enumerated below. Type will not describe them—you must see them. Come in Saturday and we will help you reduce your shoe expense. Every item lower in price than will be found in any Duluth shoe department. We will prove this statement with the values.

Children's Rubbers—sizes up to 10½—our special price ---------- 30c
Misses' Rubbers—sizes 11 to 2; The New Store's special price ---- 35c
Ladies' Rubbers—the very best quality; are sold at 60c elsewhere—our low price ---------- 50c
Infants' Soft Sole Shoes—all colors and sizes—special ---------- 19c
Ladies' Comfortable Cloth House Slippers ---------- 35c
Gilt Edge Shoe Dressing—Not a better dressing sold anywhere—gives the shoes a desirable polish and saves the leather. 19c
Ladies' Stylish Kid Shoes — newest shaped toes and heels—medium heavy flexible soles—kid or patent leather tips—button or lace—our "extra special." Price ---------- $1.49
Boys' Solid Calf Skin Shoes—heavy soles—roomy lasts—values up to $1.50—sizes 13 to 6—our special low price ---------- 98c
Children's Kid and Box Calf Shoes—patent leather or kid tips—lace or button; all new and latest styles—sizes 6 to 11—Every pair worth $1.00, and they should bring it, but our low price is ---------- 65c

Art Department.

Have you ever noticed the beautiful line of art needle work we show? If not, notice it the next time you visit the store. It is just inside the door and will furnish good entertainment. Should you hesitate doing fancy work for lack of knowledge, consult the salespeople in charge; they will courteously give you such information as you desire. Do not hesitate to ask such favors.

"Florabel" Pillow Tops—the latest and neatest thing in art needle work. Entirely different from what has ever been shown—See the handsome finished pillows we are showing—Tops with backs ---------- $1.00
Tinted Center Pieces in floral designs, combined floral and lace effects—made of natural colored linen—two sizes, 98c and ---------- 50c
Opera Shawls—white with pink and blue borders; crochet very full and properly croched; $2 and ---------- $1.75
New stamped raw edge Huckabuck Doylies — outlined and background filled in darning, 48c, 39c, 25c

Muslin Wear.

It is easy to give descriptions of garments in this department and to quote prices, but they are so very unsatisfactory when the goods are seen. We do not make a specialty of carrying the cheapest goods obtainable, but do show a splendid line of Muslin Wear that is properly made and that gives satisfaction in every way at the lowest possible prices. See these values tomorrow:

Fine Cambric Skirt—two tucks—embroidered flounce—a handsome as well as durable garment ---------- 98c
Skirt of fine cambric—fine tucks, extra dust ruffle, deep flounce—edged with torchon lace—Saturday ---------- 98c
Beautiful Skirt—tucks, insertion, insertion edged with deep flounce; a $1.75 skirt—Saturday ---------- $1.39
Cambric Drawers, extra special — For Saturday's selling we offer a Drawer with a five-inch ruffle, three rows feather-stitching, edged with torchon lace—sells regularly at 50c—Saturday 39c
Fine Cambric Drawers—umbrella style; one row of insertion—quality excellent—a $1.25 garment ---------- 98c

Drug Dep't.

It is not wisdom to patronize a drug store when such prices as these reign in our Drug Department. We save you money on all druggists sundries.

Pure Epsom Salts—10c size ---------- 8c
Satin Skin Face Powder—25 size ---------- 21c
Dr. Lyons' Tooth Powder—25c size ---------- 19c
Triple Extracts — all odors, worth 35 and 40c an oz. price ---------- 25c
Perforated Toilet Paper—6 rolls for ---------- 25c
Good Rubber Dressing Comb—for ---------- 10c
Fine Rubber Tooth Comb ---------- 5c
Witch Hazel Jelly—for chapped hands and face—15c size ---------- 10c

For Men.

Women may be interested too. Not every man buys his furnishings, he frequently leaves it to the good judgment of his wife. It is so much easier to find these things just where she does her shopping. Low prices for Saturday:

Men's Plain Web or Elastic Suspenders — leather or web ends, or cord and pulley attachments. Best styles—25c and 35c values—Saturday 19c
Men's "Admiral" Suspenders—an excellent imitation of the "President" Suspender. The name is the only difference—25c regularly—Saturday ---------- 25c
Large line of fancy colored Half Hose—new spring colorings and styles, a splendid line, 25c, 20c and ---------- 15c
Black Half Hose—no better qualities and dyes obtainable. Their equal for the price is not found in Duluth—25c, 15c and ---- 10c

REAL OBJECT

Of Henry's Visit as Told By Berlin Correspondent.

New York, March 7.—"I am informed from a trustworthy source," says the Berlin correspondent of the Herald, "that the ultimate object of Prince Henry's visit to Washington is to bring about an agreement by which Germany will be permitted to maintain a large fleet in Caribbean waters to serve for the protection of German settlers and property rights imperilled by the frequent revolutions in South America.

"In official correspondence the fleet of German warships assembled at La Guayra is styled as that of the American station. Capt. Stelge, of the Vineta, has just received the title of commodore and will be commander of the South American fleet henceforth flying his own ensign.

"Although the fleet was sent to Venezuela only for the enforcement of rights guaranteed to German capital and citizens, it already consists of five vessels and it is intended to steadily increase this number.

"A difficult issue is the acquisition of a repair dock and coaling station.

"The hope is entertained here that no objection will be made to the maintenance of the fleet in the West Indies because it is intended to be entirely for defensive purposes and not to acquire territory.

"Protection is desired especially because the Berlin government now undertakes the task of directing the German emigration movement to South America, heretofore the work had been performed by the Hanseatic league and the colonial societies.

"The bureau is at the home office, of which Count Bulow is ex-officio presiding officer. It is mainly intended to induce German emigrants to settle in German colonies or, if they cannot be induced to go there, to settle in South America, where the home ties are still preserved."

SUDDEN

Marriage of a Bride-Elect "To a Handsomer Man."

Chicago, March 7.—The sudden marriage of a bride-elect "to a handsomer man" two days before the date set for her wedding has aroused the interest of the citizens of Elgin and West Chicago. By the sudden conversion of the bride, John Lee won a wife, while C. M. Dunn returned to his home in El Reno, I. T., still a bachelor.

All the arrangements had been made for the wedding of Miss Bertha C. Sargent to Mr. Dunn, which set for Wednesday, at the home of the bride-elect's father, Taylor Sergeant, of West Chicago. Miss Sergeant bade Mr. Lee good-by on Sunday evening. At that time Mr. Dunn understood that she never would see Mr. Lee again.

Mr. Lee immediately left West Chicago, and everyone—with the possible exception of the bride-elect—supposed there would be no interruption to the formal wedding. Mr. Dunn called at the home of the Sergeants on Monday afternoon, but failed to find his fiancee in. While he was there a telephone message was received inviting the parents to the marriage of Miss Sergeant and Mr. Lee, which, the voice at the other end of the line informed the surprised listener, would take place that night at 8 o'clock in Elgin.

Mr. Dunn apparently gave up hope then, but Mr. Sergeant, the bride's father, started for Elgin. He arrived in time for the sudden ceremony, which was performed at the home of Mr. Lee's uncle, John McKeller, by the Rev. Mr. Chalmers, of the First Congregational church. Mr. and Mrs. Lee left for a short wedding trip, while the disappointed Mr. Dunn departed for his lonely home in El Reno.

The coup by which Mr. Lee won a bride was apparently prearranged. He has known Miss Sergeant for about a year, having met her while she was visiting her cousin in Elgin. She then was engaged to Mr. Dunn, who had gone to the Indian Territory to build a home for her. Miss Sergeant changed her mind in November, and broke the engagement, but it was renewed in December when Mr. Dunn visited West Chicago.

Thinking that at last he was to win his bride, Dunn returned to West Chicago last Saturday for the wedding. He met Mr. Lee at the home of the Sergeants on Sunday night, and, after some discussion, Mr. Lee apparently conceded that Mr. Dunn had won fairly in the game of love, and agreed not to interrupt the wedding festivities. The ruse worked, and the suspicion of Mr. and Mrs. Sergeant, who favored the marriage of their daughter to Mr. Dunn, was dispelled.

Mr. Lee, the fortunate suitor, is a clerk in the office of his uncle, County Clerk McKeller, at Geneva. He and his bride will make their home with Mr. Lee's father in Elgin on their return from the wedding trip.

DR. RUSSELL

Now Denies Having Made His Unique Offer.

New York, March 7.—Dr. James E. Russell, of 1032 Bedford avenue, Brooklyn, the physician who seemed to have offered himself for vivisection a few weeks ago, emphatically denies that he offered the use of his name or body. He has sent this letter to his patients, friends and some fellow-physicians: "Dr. Russell regrets that necessity compels him to refute recent newspaper statements wherein he is made to appear as authorizing certain preposterous propositions over his own signature.

"He desires to inform his friends and clientele that all matter pertaining thereto are absolutely and unqualifiedly false and that the only basis of truth in the sensational publications originated in a private letter under a nom de plume in reply to one addressed to the correspondence department of a Brooklyn paper."

Dr. Russell, when seen, refused to discuss the letter or to say why he had changed his mind. At the time the offer was made Dr. Russell talked freely on the subject and his interviews were printed.

MARCONI STATION

To Be Built at Cape Breton at Once.

New York, March 7.—Resident Engineer Vivian of the Marconi Wireless Telegraphic company will start for Cape Breton today to inaugurate the work of putting up the new Marconi station at that place. The station, which is to be for the sending and receiving of messages across the Atlantic, is expected to be ready for operation in about three months. The apparatus will be o fthe latest and most improved pattern.



Storage, Packing and Moving — Employ none but experienced men Responsible for all breakages. Reasonable in prices. Get estimates before moving.

DULUTH FUEL & TRANSFER COMPANY.

Nicholson, of St. Charles, have passed into the hands of the Borden Condensed Milk company of New York.

The deal was consummated by William J. Rogers, president of the Borden company.

The consideration is understood to be $650,000. The original investment made by Nicholson five years ago was but $5000. Entering the business a poor man, he retires one of the wealthiest men in Kane county.

The Latest Fad In Boys' Suits.

The "Russian" Blouse Suits, in different shades. Bring your little son to

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

ROYAL TONIC

Vinol Will Invigorate And Strengthen Quickly.

We Endorse and Guarantee It.

We sell many tonics.

We have demands for many so-called strength creators.

We handle all kinds of remedies that claim to be invigorators. We do this because we are druggists, and it is our business to supply the public with that which they want.

When our advice is asked, however, as to a tonic and rebuilder, strength creator and an appetite producer, we invariably recommend Vinol. We do this because we know all about Vinol. We know all that it contains. We have sold enormous quantities of it, and we have had every opportunity offered us to watch the results that have been accomplished by the use of this wonderful reconstructor.

If you have not yet had occasion to use such a tonic we would like to have you call on us, and learn why we are so enthusiastic about this scientific remedy.

Vinol contains all the curative principles in a highly concentrated state that are found in cod liver oil. It does not contain, however, any of the obnoxious, digestion destroying grease that always proved to be such a drawback to what otherwise would have been a most valuable remedy. We wish you would remember Vinol, and bear in mind that as a blood enricher and flesh creator and as a wonderful aid to digestion, we know of nothing that will compare with it.

Mrs. M. L. Perkins, Bangor, Maine, says: "I have only taken one bottle of Vinol. I, therefore, am not in a position to know the full extent of its beneficial action, but this one bottle has convinced me that Vinol is a marvelous tonic. While ill this winter with grippe, a friend told me about Vinol, and recommended it so highly that I procured a bottle. It benefited me wonderfully, and I believe that it possesses splendid building up properties. The little I have taken of it has convinced me that in my case it is most excellent."

We endorse Vinol. We guarantee its action. Such is our faith in it that we will gladly refund to anyone who is not satisfied the price they have paid for it.

S. F. BOYCE
DRUGGIST.

DECORATED BY FRANCE.

Members of Legion of Honor Have a Dinner.

New York, March 7.—Wearing on their coats the scarlet silk riband of the French Legion of Honor, fifty-two American citizens and aliens now living in this country, who have received this decoration at the hands of the republic, met at dinner in the residence of James Stokes, of this city. It was the first gathering in the United States of the men upon which this distinction has been bestowed and included such leaders in various paths of success as J. P. Morgan, Augustus St. Gaudens, Perry Belmont, Elihu Thomson and Maurice Grau.

The occasion of the gathering was to celebrate the centennial anniversary of the founding of the Legion of Honor by the first Napoleon in 1802, and to affect an organization in America, to encourage future reunions and promote the social possibilities of fellow membership.

CONDENSED MILK.

Combine Has Secured Illinois and Canadian Plants.

Chicago, March 7.—As another step toward forming a condensed milk combination, according to the Chronicle's Elgin, Ill., special, the condensing factories at St. Charles, Ill., and Ingersoll, Canada, which were owned by Herbert

NEW RATES

Satisfactory to Shippers of Crookston and Other Points.

St. Paul, March 7.—The compromise reached between the Northern Pacific and Great Northern on one side and the shippers of Crookston, Grand Forks and Fergus Falls on the other, in relation to the cancellation of the established distributing rates previously granted by those cities, was epitomized in new tariffs filed yesterday with the railroad commission by the two railway companies.

The new rates only cover one class of freight, namely, the fifth class, and will benefit the wholesale grocers. The fifth class rates, as re-established by the tariff, cover carload lots from the Twin Cities and Duluth to St. Cloud, Brainerd, Fergus Falls, Breckinridge, Wahpeton, Crookston, Grand Forks, East Grand Forks, Moorhead and Fargo. They reduce the carload rates from the big jobbing centers and terminals of the state to the small cities named, and do not reduce the rates under which carloads will be broken into small shipments and distributed into small shipments and distributed beyond these points.

The average reduction made for fifth class freight to the points named is from 3 to 4½ cents per 100 pounds, in carloads or mixed carloads. The commodities on which the reductions are made include condensed milk and kindred articles in straight or mixed carloads, canned fruits and vegetables in tins, glass jars, etc., pickles, krout, in barrels, pails or tins, canned meats, soups, sausages, etc., in carloads or mixed carloads, cider, vinegar, paper in bundles or boxes, etc., soaps of all kinds, sugar in minimum weights of 24,000 pounds, syrups, glucose, molasses and similar articles.

These reductions will undoubtedly satisfy the wholesale grocers. They will enable the jobbers of Duluth and the Twin Cities to maintain their present advantage over Chicago. These reductions are evidently intended to give the smaller jobbers in the northern part of the state an opportunity to save freight on shipments entering their communities, instead of on shipments which they send out. Inasmuch as the saving is actually effected, the small jobbers under the compromise are supposed not to haggle over the particular portion of the haul on which it is saved.

EMBEZZLER

From London, Ont., Has Surrendered to Denver Police.

Denver, March 7.—A young man giving his name as John Russell, of London, Ont., has surrendered himself to the police authorities here, declaring that he embezzled $500 from John Garvey, a wholesale grocer of London. Telegraphic communication with the London police department verified the story. An officer will come for him. Russell's neck shows several bad gashes which he says he made in an attempt to commit suicide.

ANDREE

And His Party Were Killed By the Eskimos.

Winnipeg, March 7.—A report sent out from the Hudson Bay post at Fort Churchill about two years ago, that Andree, the Swedish aeronaut, and his associates had been killed by Eskimos, is confirmed by advices received at the head office of the company here.

Alston Churchill, factor at Churchill, which is the most northerly post of the great company on the west coast of Hudson bay, has written that after about two years' search the men sent out by him have returned with a report similar to the one first published.

Traces of the daring balloonist and his associates were followed for hundreds of miles, but it was impossible to locate the tribe who caused their death.

The story of the searchers is that Arctic Eskimos saw an olmiak (one of their largest boats) floating in the air. When it settled on the ground three white men strangely dressed came out armed with guns, which they indiscreetly fired. Andree and his assistants were killed with bukee bows and everything of value taken.

The searchers found knives, tobacco and cartridges, supposed to belong to Andree, in possession of one of the most northerly tribes, but could not get further information.

News that Andree undoubtedly met his death at the hands of Eskimos has been forwarded to the Swedish government.

Hives are a terrible torture to the little folks, and to some older ones. Easily cured. Doan's Ointment never fails. Instant relief, permanent cure. At any drug store, 50 cents.

HERE'S "DISCIPLINE."

Pupils Assault Teachers and the Principal Resigns.

Vincennes, Ind., March 7.—The resignation of Professor E. A. Quigle as principal of the West Side school followed a sensational assault of eighth grade pupils upon their teachers in pursuance of a conspiracy to break up a course of discipline introduced by Mr. Quigle.

Stone and rubbish were thrown at Mr. Quigle, and Misses Baker and Ricker. One boy threatened to strike Miss Baker, but desisted on reaching her because, as he declared, "you are a lady."

Another teacher, Miss Nellie Jones, received fist blows on the cheek and her face is a mass of bruises. Dr. H. W. Held was called and found a tooth cut her upper lip in two where Charles Busching, a nephew of Councilman Henry Busching, struck her. Busching, who is but 15 years old, apologized and his father paid the doctor's bill to avoid prosecution.

WOULD SMASH THE CLUB.

If members of the "Hay Fever association" would use Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, the club would go to pieces, for it always cures this malady, and Asthma, the kind that baffles the doctors—it wholly drives from the system. Thousands of once-hopeless sufferers from Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis owe their lives and health to it. It conquers Grip, saves little ones from Croup and Whooping Cough and is positively guaranteed for all Throat and Lung troubles, 50c, $1.00. Trial bottles free by W. A. Abbett, druggist.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway

Resumes dining car service. Beginning Friday, March 8, the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway will resume their dining car service on trains 7 and 8 in and out of Duluth, serving dinner on No. 8, leaving Duluth at 5:45 p. m. daily, and breakfast on No. 7, arriving Duluth 9:55 a. m.

Diseases of Men
CURED TO STAY CURED



By our new ***Electro-Medical Treatment,*** which combines all of the curative powers of both medicine and electricity.

Varicocele, Stricture, Nervo-Sexual Debility, Contagious Blood Poison, Rupture, Kidney and Urinary Diseases, Small, Weak Organs, Discharges, Seminal Emissions

and all associate diseases and weaknesses of men, causing pains in kidneys, bladder, abdomen, dizziness, loss of memory, etc., resulting in loss of sexual power, physical suffering, mental distress, gloomy forebodings and feelings of impending danger.

The longest established, most successful and reliable specialist in diseases of men, as medical diplomas, licenses and newspaper records will show.

We Treat Men Only and Cure Them to Stay Cured.

We charge nothing for private counsel and give to each patient a ***Legal Contract*** to hold for our promises. If you cannot call at our office, write your symptoms fully.

CONSULTATION FREE AND CONFIDENTIAL.

Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Progressive Medical Association,
No. 1 West Superior Street, Corner Lake Ave., Duluth, Minn.

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AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Bldg., 320 W. Superior St.

Duluth Printing & Publishing Company.

Telephone Calls: Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, one ring.

10c a Week

EVERY EVENING DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

Single copy, daily	.02
One month	.45
Three months (in advance)	$1.30
Six months (in advance)	$2.60
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Largest Circulation in Duluth.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both OLD and NEW addresses.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), March 7.—The barometer is lowest over British Columbia and Kansas, and high over Atlantic states, California and the region north of Lake Superior. The depression over Kansas has caused a general increase in cloudiness over the lake region and central valleys and brisk to high winds over the greater portion of those districts and the Southwest. Moderate temperatures prevail in the states but in that portion of Canada north of the Dakotas and Minnesota temperatures range between zero and 20 degrees above. Light falls of rain occurred in Pacific coast districts and snow over Saskatchewan and Assiniboia.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	38	Medicine Hat	22
Battleford	4	Memphis	42
Bismarck	16	Miles City	28
Boston	26	Milwaukee	34
Buffalo	24	Minnedosa	2
Calgary	12	Medora	20
Charleston	46	Montgomery	38
Chicago	28	Moorhead	18
Cincinnati	34	New Orleans	46
Davenport	28	New York	36
Denver	38	North Platte	26
Detroit	34	Oklahoma	50
Dodge City	42	Omaha	28
Duluth	24	Pittsburg	30
Edmonton	10	Port Arthur	0
El Paso	40	Portland	28
Escanaba	28	Prince Albert	4
Galveston	56	Rapid City	28
Green Bay	30	Qu' Appelle	0
Havre	22	San Francisco	48
Helena	28	Santa Fe	26
Houghton	20	Shreveport	44
Huron	26	Spokane	36
Jacksonville	58	St. Louis	44
Kamloops	38	St. Paul	32
Kansas City	40	Sault Ste. Marie	22
Knoxville	30	Washington	26
La Crosse	24	Williston	10
Lander	26	Winnemucca	30
Los Angeles	44	Winnipeg	6
Marquette	24		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Rain or snow tonight and Saturday; brisk and possibly high northeasterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, March 7.—Forecast until 7 p. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin—Threatening tonight and Saturday with possibly showers; brisk southeast winds. Minnesota—Threatening tonight and Saturday with possibly showers or snow flurries; brisk easterly winds. The Dakotas—Partly cloudy tonight and Saturday.

The Growth of Italy.

Although Italy is constantly troubled with internal dissensions, and revolutionary sentiments prevail in the majority of it provinces, its population has been steadily increasing. The idea that Italy is non-progressive is not at all borne out by the facts. The returns of the last census show a gratifying increase in population, although not a phenomenally large one. In round numbers the population of Italy is now 32,500,000. That is an increase of more than 4,000,000 in the last twenty years. That is not a large increase, but it is, on the whole, satisfactory. It is not, of course, the whole increase of the Italian race. In these twenty years more than 2,000,000 Italians have emigrated to other lands. The actual growth of the race has therefore been more than 6,000,000 in twenty years, or more than 1 per cent a year. This does not, however, confirm the common idea that the Italians are an exceptionally prolific race. The growth of other nations has been proportionately more rapid. That of France has not been. That of Russia has been effected by conquest and wholesale annexation. That of the United States has been due to enormous immigration, as well as to high birth rate. But while Italy, in the nineteenth century, increased from 16,000,000 to 32,500,000, or only a little more than doubled, Great Britain grew from 16,000,000 to 41,000,000 and Germany from 24,000,000 to 56,000,000, and each of these countries suffered as great a loss from wars as Italy and a considerably greater loss through emigration. It is not probable that Italy will keep up its rate of growth in its own country. It is too closely populated to expect it. With the one exception of Great Britain, Italy is the most densely populated of the great civilized nations. She has 113 inhabitants to the square kilometer, while Great Britain has 132, Germany 103, France has only 71, and Austria 69. Therefore it is probable that future Italian growth will be largely in the other lands in which they have settled.

Converting Garbage Into Power.

If American cities should conclude after awhile to own and operate their street car systems, they might do so in an economical manner by imitating the example of Darwen, England, which has established a plant for consuming household waste, the resulting energy being used to operate the electric tramway system of the town. The furnaces and boilers are established in a building alongside the electric station, which contains three engines and dynamo sets. The average combustion of household waste is sufficient to furnish steam for supplying 3500 incandescent lamps of eight candle power, or equivalent. The quantity of waste consumed varies from 32 to 38 tons a day, although the plant has a capacity of 70 tons. The calorific power of the waste is estimated at about one-fifth that of ordinary coal. The plant has been in operation for some time, and has proved quite successful, as the garbage of a city of 40,000 inhabitants is destroyed inoffensively and at the same time there is produced energy equivalent to 400 horsepower for 72 hours per day. By using accumulators this may be increased to 200 horsepower during the 18 hours' service of the electric tramway. The problem of disposing of garbage is one that many American cities have found it difficult to solve. If it could be consumed in this way and power generated for public use in some way, the question of expense would be removed from consideration to a great extent.

THE MANITOBA PERIL.

The milling industry in the United States is face to face today with a serious state of affairs. It is the result of the great increase that has taken place within the last two years in the production of wheat in the Canadian Northwest. Last year the wheat raised there amounted to about 75,000,000 bushels. The yield this year will probably reach 100,000,000 bushels, and it is altogether probable that within five years the Canadian Northwest will be producing as much wheat as is raised by the three states of Minnesota, North Dakota and South Dakota. If this wheat were all consumed in Canada, the American flour market would not be affected, nor would there be any effect produced by it on the price of our wheat. But a large proportion of the Canadian wheat must find a market outside the Dominion. It cannot come into the United States, because a tariff of 25 cents a bushel blocks the way. Necessarily it goes to the English markets, and the result is demoralization. The Canadian Northwest farmer must sell his wheat as soon as it is harvested, because he is a comparatively new settler and needs the money. The whole crop is therefore thrown upon the market at once. The facilities for storing and transporting grain are much less there than on this side of the boundary line, and this also operates to the farmer's disadvantage. He is practically at the mercy of the British importers of grain, and as a result he sells his wheat at from 5 to 10 cents per bushel lower than the Duluth price. The effect of this on American wheat in the Liverpool market can be quickly perceived. It lessens the demand for the higher priced American wheat and has a tendency to depress the price. But upon the American flour industry it has the most serious effect. The English miller buying Canadian wheat at 10 cents a bushel cheaper than American wheat can be sold at Liverpool and several cents lower than it is sold at Duluth and Minneapolis, can grind that wheat and sell the flour cheaper than American flour can be laid down there. Consequently there is no demand for American flour, and today the exports of American flour have ceased and our mills are running part time, because the demand for about 40 per cent of their output has ceased.

What, then, is the remedy? There are several proposed, but only one seems feasible at this time—the grinding of Canadian wheat in bond in American mills. If the wheat of the Canadian Northwest, generally known as Manitoba wheat, could be diverted to Minneapolis and Duluth—or a considerable part of it could be so diverted—it would relieve the pressure on the Liverpool market and to that extent reduce the competition with American wheat and stiffen the price. It would do more. It would enable the American millers and grain men to control a sufficient amount of the Manitoba wheat so as to raise its price in the Liverpool market and to destroy the advantage the English miller now has of getting cheap wheat from America to grind into flour and undersell flour milled in this country. The export flour trade of the United States would then revive. The mills would run again full time and their employes would thus be benefited. The railroads would have more traffic, carrying the flour to Duluth, and the 'longshoremen here and the vessels on the lakes would likewise be benefited.

Why not apply this remedy? The treasury department at Washington says it has no power to permit Manitoba wheat to be imported into the United States, here ground into flour, and the flour exported, without the payment of duty. The treasury officials claim there is nothing in the existing laws permitting such an arrangement, and that the only way it can be done is by a special act of congress. This being the case, steps must be taken at once to secure the passage by congress of a bill which will permit American millers to grind Canadian wheat in bond. Such an arrangement is an absolute necessity to save the milling industry of this country from ruination and to protect the American farmer from the evil effects of the demoralization of the wheat markets of the world which, if continued, must finally break down the price of American wheat at Liverpool. This is a very important question to the farmers and millers of Minnesota, and every senator and representative from this state should give it immediate and earnest consideration to the end that the needed legislation may be secured at the present session of congress. In this movement they should be able to count upon the assistance of the representatives of Wisconsin, Michigan, Illinois, Ohio and New York, in all of which states the grinding of wheat is one of the leading industries.

THE ISTHMIAN CANAL.

Several members of the senate committee on inter-oceanic canals propose to take advantage of the recent action of Colombia in the Panama canal matter and force a report on the Nicaragua bill before them, not later than the first of next week. The action of the Colombian government is most unfortunate at the present time. Whether its latest stroke is preparatory to a "hold-up" of the United States government, in the belief similar to that held by the brigands that this is a very rich country where money flows freely, or whether the French company itself feels that it has sold out too cheap and is taking an indirect way to bring down a little more cash, cannot be learned. If the officers of the French company or of the Colombian government believe that the acceptance of the Panama project will be easily brought about in congress, they are mistaken. With the most favorable conditions, Panama has only a good fighting chance. The house has passed the Nicaragua bill, and in the senate two forces are strongly in its favor. The Southern senators, taking Morgan as their leader, are generally for Nicaragua. In fact, New Orleans and the region thereabouts has more to gain by this route because of its greater nearness to our coast than any other part of the country. A second Nicaraguan element comes from the West, and includes such men as Harris, of Kansas, and Turner, of Washington, who are so committed to this route as to be beyond conversion. These two interests, with an occasional Eastern man, like Platt, of New York, give the Nicaraguan proposal very decided strength, which can only be met by favorable conditions for Panama.

There seems to be a growing sentiment in favor of canal legislation, and this has prompted Senator Morgan and his associates in their desire to bring the matter to an issue with his committee. If a vote in the committee can be forced on Monday, as is to be attempted, it is believed that the bill passed by the house providing for a canal along the Nicaragua route will be reported. Seven of the members will vote for the Hepburn bill, as it is called, and the other four will oppose it. The minority will be composed of Senators Hanna, Pritchard, Kittredge and Millard. Senator Morgan has abandoned the bill which he framed providing for a Nicaragua canal and champions the house bill.

Whatever the cause of the action of Colombia, it is certain that it has done much to favor the Nicaragua proposition and has greatly increased the chances of the passage of that measure.

When a comparison is made of the relative number of divorces in the United States and other countries, it becomes at once apparent that the marriage tie is much more loosely regarded here than in most civilized—and some uncivilized—nations. For instance, according to a statement recently published in a St. Louis medical journal, the divorce rate in Canada is 1 to 63,000 marriages; in Germany, 1 to 13,000; in France, 1 to 12,500; in England, 1 to 11,600. Now let us turn to this country. In the United States at large, the proportion is 1 to 185, or sixty times as many as in England, and more than 300 times as many as in Canada. But this is nothing, compared with the statistics of some sections of the United States. For instance, in Massachusetts the rate is 1 to 18.8; in Rhode Island, 1 to 8.2; while in Los Angeles, as we have shown, the proportion last year was at the extraordinary rate of more than one divorce to every five marriages.

And now they are talking of making food from wood. That should have some effect on the board bills.—P. S. This paragraph is republished from yesterday's editions for two reasons: First, because the lack of a sense of humor on the part of a linotype artist and a proof-reader mangled it in the original publication; second, because the paragrapher is determined that the brilliant quip shall not be lost to the world.

Minstrel Billy Rice's dying words were: "I am down to my last white chip, and the Almighty has coppered that. Well, tell my friends that I am going away back and they will find me on the end seat." This is cheerful, but it is not likely to be quoted in the new Sunday school books.

Verplanck Colvin in a note to the New York Sun calls attention to the fact that in the state library at Albany is the gift of Frederick the Great, of Prussia, to George Washington—a beautiful sword with the well-known inscription: "From the Oldest Soldier to the Greatest Soldier."

Rochester Bryan, Houston Covington, Denver Davis, Raleigh Gore, Jackson Ham, Cleveland Morrison, Mobile Morgan, Helena Morton, Savannah Parker, Detroit Stewart, Columbus Johnson and Dallas Huckleberry are all citizens of Kentucky who are proud of their names.

The peach brandy and "indescribably elegant" whisky that were presented to the German prince in Kentucky he is not liable to forget, especially if he drinks it soon, observes the Boston Globe, with a positiveness seemingly based upon experience.

Spanking juvenile offenders in lieu of finding them is now the method in a New Jersey police court, the parents doing the spanking. If they had attended to this duty at home, they would not now be called to court to do it.

There is a considerable sameness about Prince Henry's speeches, but he can be excused, because he is probably trying to say nothing outside the limits established by the kaiser.

"I expect to have a permanent service in operation sending and receiving messages across the Atlantic inside of three months," declares Marconi. And it really looks as if he would.

If Miss Stone accepts the offers of the enterprising publishers and lecture managers she can quickly earn enough money to repay those who contributed to the ransom fund.

The bestowal of honorary degrees by universities is becoming so very common that they will soon cease to be considered of any value.

An exchange notes that Philadelphia was asleep when the prince passed through. When was Philadelphia in any other state?

"Christ did not meet Satan in the wilderness, and there was no prodigal son," said Dean Hodges in Philadelphia. Is there another heresy trial in prospect?

Forty dollars a plate was the cost of the Boston dinner to Prince Henry. Beans must have gone up in price.

During Prince Henry's "swing around the circle," Wu Ting Fang has taken a back seat.

Another Naval Triumph.

Pittsburg Times: Admiral Evans scored again. He had more gold lace on his uniform than was .. that of Prince Henry.

An Eye-Witness

By N. P. Babcock.

(Copyrighted, 1902, by W. R. Hearst.)

"Say," who did yer put it in the paper for, 'bout the elephant bein' able to pick 'tween a good man an' a bad man?"

The person addressed sat on a make-up box in the men's dressing room of McCracken's circus, which had opened the season early in Westchester county. He was the press agent of the show, and what he didn't know about the habits of snakes and lions and kinagaroos and newspaper reporters wasn't of much consequence.

"Why, Lanky," he replied, "you know far a fact an elephant can tell his enemies. If old Baldy in there," he pointed his thumb in the direction of the animal tent, "wasn't half blind, I wouldn't go within a rod of him. He's had it in for me ever since I fooled him with a green pepper apple."

The press agent was more careless in his use of English spoken than of his written English, which is saying a good deal.

"But that ain't what yer put in the paper," said the other man, unfolding a copy of an afternoon paper. "Here's what yer say."

Laboriously spelling out the words, he read:

"'Baldy, the $20,000 elephant of the McCracken circus has the I-n-s-t-i-n-c-t—that means sense, don't it?—of a Sherlock Holmes when it comes to detectin' wickedness. He can tell a pickpocket in a crowd at any time.' Now (dropping the newspaper) what did yer mean by that?"

Lanky, the elephant man, was a recent acquisition. He had been stealing a ride on the freight train that killed Tom Titus, the former elephant keeper, at a grade crossing a few weeks before, and had shown so much nerve in subduing the elephant, which had only narrowly missed being hit by the cars and was trumpeting in rage and terror, that McCracken had engaged him on the spot as the successor of the lamented Titus.

He was not prepossessing in appearance, being pockmarked, with a nose like a hawk, weak, almost colorless eyes and a figure disproportionately long for his breadth. Where he came from or where he was going at the time of the accident which furnished him with employment nobody knew. He said "Bill Smith" was a good enough name for the payroll, but as there were several Williams connected with the establishment he was, for convenience and because it was unmistakably appropriate, dubbed "Lanky."

"What did yer put it in the paper for?" he repeated, glancing sourly at Press Agent Davis.

"Oh, come off!" said Davis. "Isn't it a good enough paragraph? You're not afraid it will lower the box office receipts by keeping pickpockets out of the tent are you?"

"But it ain't true," rejoined the other shant man, "and I don't see why you put it in the paper."

"Go to blazes," said Davis as he strolled out of the tent.

Bill Smith picked up the newspaper and re-read the paragraph. Then he threw the sheet on the sawdust-strewn ground and dug his heel into it viciously, muttering, "It ain't true; it ain't true." He crossed the dressing room with uneven steps and passed around to the rear of the animal tent, making his entrance by lifting a torn corner of the canvas near where the elephant was chained.

The huge beast was, in truth, almost blind, partly from old age, for it had been, as one might say, a second-hand elephant before McCracken bought it, and partly from a cataract-like growth that was beginning to manifest itself on the left eyeball. As the keeper approached it raised its trunk in salute.

"I don't believe yer ever had a square look at me, Baldy," said the elephant man. "Now take one."

Catching the uplifted trunk with both hands, he pressed it down and put his pockmarked face in front of the elephant's right eye. Old Baldy, unaccustomed to such treatment, took a step backward.

"Look at me! I tell yer," said the keeper, moving his ugly countenance from side to side and keeping it within the beast's range of vision. "If you're so slick yer can tell a pickpocket from an honest man, what d'yer think of me? See anything wrong in my face? See" (the keeper lowered his voice and looked furtively around the deserted tent), "any blood on me? Yer don't, hey? Then why do yer look like that? What yer got that eye fixed on me so fer? Say, curse yer, do yer know?"

Bill Smith was trembling as though in a chill. At his feet lay the sharp-pointed prod with which all elephant keepers are provided as an instrument of discipline and correction. He picked it up.

"I've a mind to blind yer, cuss yer," he snarled. "What right yer got to be seein' through folks? Get down; down; I say!"

The obedient beast, trained to the performance, clumsily lowered itself upon the knees of its fore legs and in this suppliant attitude still attentively regarded the man with the cruel spear, stood facing it.

"Now yer on yer knees, yer sneak yer meddler!" said Bill Smith. "I could blind yer with a poke, I could—"

"What are you doing, Lanky?" It was McCracken's voice.

The startled keeper lowered the prod and, facing his employer, said:

"I was practicing Baldy on the kneel, sir, he seems to be gettin' a little slow."

McCracken advanced and the elephant lumbered up to all-fours again.

"Yes, he's getting pretty old," said the circus proprietor, "and I shouldn't wonder if he'd go stone blind before long." He peered closely into the animal's good eye and then exclaimed:

"Well, this is strange! As you stand in that position, Lanky, I can see your picture in Baldy's eye, and I swear that if he'd go stone blind before long." He peered closely into the animal's good eye and then exclaimed:

"Well, this is strange! As you stand in that position, Lanky, I can see your picture in Baldy's eye, and I swear that your hand looks like a—"

"Don't! For God's sake, don't, boss!" screamed Bill Smith, suddenly catching his employer by the sleeve and falling on his knees in the sawdust. "Don't tell me what yer see. I was starvin' when I done it. I didn't mean to kill him and I wouldn't if he hadn't fought so after I—I—after I begun. I'm ready to go to jail. I'm guilty, sir, done the deed."

The long, lanky figure of the keeper had bent itself into a bow and his face rested on his knees, while over the crouching, supplicating form stretched the stiff trunk of the elephant, held at an upward angle, like an avenging sword.

When the trial of Bill Smith for the murder of Farmer Isham comes up next month at the criminal term of the county court, it will be short, for the prisoner's confession is complete and implicates no one but himself. N. P. BABCOCK.

The Lost Thrill.

"He comes!" "He comes!" the people shout,
And aristocrats in blue
Wave back the crowds where men press out
And boys go squirming through;
They cry, "He comes!" and distant drums
Give time for marching feet—
Behold the guards who lead the way
Come proudly down the street.

Men stand upon their toes to see,
And wave their hats in air—
But what is all this fuss to me,
And who is passing there?
Erect and proud he views the crowd,
I cannot cheer him, though,
As I could cheer the splendid, big
Drum major, long ago.

Here passes one whose fame has spread
Wherever men abide;
There's grandeur in his poise of head,
And in his breast is pride;
But when, at last, the guards have passed,
Unthrilled, I turn away,
Forgetting that my gaze has been
Upon the great today.

The years have robbed me of a joy
I'll ne'er regain, alas!
Oh for the ardor of the boy
Who sees the marchers pass!
Oh that I still might have the thrill
Which set my cheeks aglow
Where glory centered in the big
Drum major, long ago!
—S. E. KISER, in the Record-Herald.

Cowninshield Wasn't There.

Atlanta Constitution: It is to be hoped that the contemptible end of the navy department was also kept out of Prince Henry's view.

Coronation Ragtime.

Brooklyn Eagle: If it is true that the American cake-walk has captured the never nimble feet of the stolid Briton the spectacle must be one for gods and men to admire.

CLOTHING FOR BOYS!

THE MOST ATTRACTIVE OF THE NEWEST SPRING FASHIONS.



Two-piece Double Breasted Suits—ages 7 to 16—Prices, $1.95 to $8.50.

3-piece Vestee Suits—ages 2½ to 12. Price $1.95 to $6.50.

Sailor Blouse Suits—ages 3 to 12—Prices $2.95 to $7.50.

3-piece Suits—ages 10 to 17—Prices $3.95 to $10.00.

Norfolk Suits—ages 3 to 12—Prices $3.95 to $5.95.

Russia Blouse Suits—ages 2½ to 6—Prices $4.95 to $7.50.

You'll find a smart gathering of all of them here. Suits and Top Coats—all skillfully shaped, substantially sewed and most stylishly finished—garments that the boys will be proud to wear—garments that parents will be proud to see on their boys. Our clothes for boys are made for wear as well as for looks—we never sacrifice one for the other—style alone can't bring garments into this store. Our clothing has good looks to start with, and good looks so fortified by careful workmanship that they will last through the months of wear.

Boys' Shirts, Boys' Sweaters, Boys' Collars, Boys' Neckwear, Boys' Suspenders, Boys' Underwear, Boys' Stockings, Boys' Shoes. Truly this is the store for complete Boys' Outfits.

Base Balls and Bats, Catchers' Mitts, Catchers' Masks, Pocket Knives and Express Wagons Given Away In Our Boys' and Children's Clothing Department.

Men's Spring Hats and Shoes are Ready.

The BIG DULUTH

Men's Spring Suits and Overcoats are Ready.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

PASSING PLEASANTRIES.

Philadelphia Catholic Standard: "No, doctor," the patient said, "I don't feel well at all, although I eat and sleep very well and—"

"I'll stop all that in no time," said Dr. Quack confidently.

Brooklyn Life: Mrs. Stiles—I thought she sang much better in the second act than she did in the first—didn't you?

Mrs. Patterns—Oh, yes! After she put that lovely white silk dress on.

Philadelphia Record: The Friend—Is the editor enjoying good health?

The Poet (sadly)—No; from what I've seen of him he has been declining for the last five years.

Chicago Tribune: "It seems to me," remarked the Observant Foreigner, "you allow your girls great freedom in the matter of choosing their masculine companions.

"Yes," responded the Flippant Native, "we seem to give them all the laddie dude they want."

Philadelphia Press: Rev. Mr. Tallman—And what did you think of my sermon?

Miss Sharpe—Oh! it was so like you, Mr. Tallman.

Rev. Mr. Tallman—Characteristic, eh? Miss Sharpe—Well, no one could say it was stunted.

Ohio State Journal: Blewblud—It isn't generally known, but my ancestors came over on the Mayflower.

Numskull—Oh, that's all right, old man; don't be afraid of me telling anybody, because you can't help what your ancestors did.

The Optimist: "Why did you place such a tough old fowl before me?" asked the indignant lady in a down-town restaurant.

"Age before beauty, always, you know," replied the tactful waiter. And then, womanlike, she smiled, and paid her bill without a murmur.

THE CAROLINA STYLE.

Come, all ye stalwart senators, for great
affairs of state,
Call forth your best endeavors, so take
corners for debate.
No longer deal with topics grave in
words weighed without bounds,
But seconds get, and referees, and settle
them by rounds.
For Tillman and McLaurin now have
shown you how to cope
With questions worthy of your time inside
the tight-drawn rope.
With finish fights you henceforth shall
the galleries beguile,
And argue every old debate in Carolina
style.

Henceforth the senator who thinks his
colleagues overlook
The interests of his state can place a vigorous left hook;
And if some watch dog wants to stop a
hungry-looking grab,
He'll step forth on the floor and land a
vicious short-arm jab.
To get in committees they will all
rush in the ring,
And each hand out the chairman a convincing full-arm swing.
No further need with language strong
each other to revile—
The best and safest logic is the Carolina
style.

Should some one intimate Depew knows
more of love than law,
The learned doctor will jump up and
counter on the jaw.
Should Morgan solemnly arise to talk a
week or so,
The man who wants the floor will plant
a crushing body blow.
Should some hot Southern gentleman free
silver doctrine teach,
He's likely to go up against lank Fairbank's lengthy reach.
A session with the modern rules would
prove well worth one's while
If everything is settled in the Carolina
style.

And oh! the possibilities for poor neglected states,
Which hitherto in congress had but physical lightweights.
The bruiser in the senate will forthwith
become the rage,
And Jeffries and Fitzsimmons will be
taken from the stage.
While old John L. and Sharkey and McGovern and the rest,
Will all be sent to Washington to fight
like all possessed.
The state that has a heavyweight can
well afford to smile,
When things are done and fights are won
in Carolina style.
—J. J. MONTAGUE in Portland Oregonian.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Idealists plan things; plain men do them.

There are any number of ways to get worse; the only way to get better is to do it.

The right kind of a man doesn't wait for an invitation to kiss a girl; he waits for a chance.

You don't have to look to a girl to know if she is pretty, look at the men who are looking at her.

Six weeks after the first of every January the biggest cast-off collection in the country is made up of discarded New Year's resolutions.

Mervelous Self-Control.

Washington Post: We point with pride to the fact that we managed to pull through the first dash of royalty without the employment of had German in this column.

HOTEL HORRORS.

New York World: New York has had three fatal hotel fires within ten years, each attended by an appalling loss of life. This is the record:

Hotel Royal, Feb. 7, 1892; eighteen killed.
Windsor hotel, March 17, 1899, forty-five killed.
Park Avenue, Feb. 22, 1902, sixteen killed.

What has the city learned from these repeated horrors?

After the fire in the Hotel Royal, which had no fire escapes, there was much talk of amending statutes and multiplying safeguards. All that was accomplished was the discharge of one inspector.

The Windsor hotel horror brought from the public officials no practicable suggestion. The World, however, forced the passage of a law requiring watchmen to patrol hotels at night and ordering other safeguards.

The Park Avenue hotel disaster shows that further measures of protection are needed. Chief Croker states that there were in the hotel neither fire buckets nor hose and that if there had been the employes could have extinguished the flames unaided. There were no exterior fire escapes on street or court, nor even ropes in the upper rooms. Over the smoking ruins Proprietor Reed explains that such precautions were thought needless, as the place was "fireproof!"

Are there other hotels in New York as fatally "fireproof," so dangerously deficient in safeguards for their guests? How will the city profit by its third hotel horror?

The Bashful Man.

Ah! Would that she
Were not so cold
Or I more bold!
Could I but be
A tailor—hoot!
Why, man, I'd fly
To her, and I
Would press my suit
If I were a tailor—
H
O
O
T
MON;
Hoot!
—Baltimore News.

The Wail of Roguery.

Baltimore American: The Detroit banker who meddled with other people's money continues to criticise the newspapers for "meddling with other people's business."

Room For One More.

Chicago Record-Herald: Dr. E. Benjamin Andrews thinks there will be war between the United States and Russia in the near future. Now it is W. T. Stead's turn to be scared at something.

From Her Particular Trouble.

Chicago Record-Herald: Queen Wilhelmina's physicians have decided that she must go away for a long rest. Perhaps she would find South Dakota a good place in which to recuperate.

Prefers Tillman Frankness.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: Mr. Wellington's roundabout method of giving the lie to a fellow-senator was the invention of a small, mean mind.

Then Look Out For War.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: The Boers have developed a new military idea by breaking a cordon with a rush of cattle intermingled with sharpshooters. If the British will meet one of these charges with a mule stampede in the opposite direction the field of combat will be highly spectacular.

NELSON SCORES.

His "London Clause" Bill Is Favorably Reported.

Washington, March 7.—Senator Nelson was authorized at yesterday's meeting of the senate committee on commerce to make a favorable report of his bill amending the Harter act by abolishing the London landing clause in export bills of lading. This has been favorably reported from the house committee.

Senator Nelson won an easy victory. The bill was ordered reported by a viva voce vote by an overwhelming majority. The few Eastern senators who opposed it were unable to counteract the effect the Southern members of the committee for the bill.

Representatives Fletcher and Tawney will have a conference with the speaker regarding a rule for the consideration of the bill. They hope to get a rule at an early date.

HEIRLOOMS SOLD.

Battle Abbey Event Attracted Many Interested Ones.

New York, March 7.—The much talked of sale of valuable and interesting Battle Abbey heirlooms, formerly the property of the late duchess of Cleveland, has been opened, says a London dispatch to the Herald.

The sale naturally attracted a considerable crowd but the prices which some of the lots brought did not quite come up to expectations, ninety-three pieces realizing little more than $14,000.

AT THE HOTELS

C. J. Johnson arrived in the city this morning on his way home to Grand Marais. He has been to Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, and will go to Two Harbors this afternoon, whence he will drive back to Grand Marais. Mr. Johnson says small logging operations, particularly in the way of ties and poles, are very active along the sore this winter.

• • •

P. Mitchell and D. C. Rood, of Hibbing, came up from St. Paul this morning and are at the Spalding.

• • •

"Chief Gowange, Copper Country," is registered at the McKay. The chief is a rather picturesque figure. He wears a long frock coat, a large slouch hat and hair flowing to his shoulders. He has merged with the outward march of civilization sufficiently to profit in a commercial way in the manufacture of Indian remedies.

• • •

Thomas J. Brown, of Two Harbors, is a guest at the St. Louis.

• • •

The hotels are not very lively just now, measured by the standard of new arrivals. And this opens like the dullest day of the series.

• • •

Dr. C. W. Harrington, of Minneapolis, arrived at the Spalding this morning.

• • •

J. Jackson came down from Chisholm yesterday, and is stopping at the McKay.

• • •

F. E. Dudley arrived from Bemidji last evening. He is a guest at the McKay.

• • •

C. G. Rank, St. Paul; F. B. Sloan, Minneapolis; C. C. Morton, New York; C. F. Loweth, Chicago; J. M. Rossiter, Philadelphia; F. W. Bagemy, St. Paul; James Conley, New York; Fred C. Johnson, New York; A. H. La Fontine, Chicago, and Thomas H. Lowerie, New York, are at the Spalding.

• • •

J. D. Conan, Ely; Mrs. S. Knight, Mrs. D. E. Byrnes, Minneapolis; J. A. Murdock, Bayfield, Wis.; George E. Parmelee, Minneapolis; W. B. Moon, Chicago; P. B. James, St. Paul; W. F. Sims, Grand Rapids, and F. B. Bolton, Floodwood, are at the McKay.

• • •

A. S. Edwards, Chicago; J. E. Files, New York; Charles Brown, Minneapolis; A. E. Kribs, L. H. Sekler, St. Paul; William Lyn, Burlington, Iowa; T. H. Hiskerland, Biwabik; W. J. Williams, Brainerd; Th. Ellefsen, Ely, and H. C. Holt, Bayfield, are at the St. Louis.

UNIQUE

Social Event Given By Miss Nellie Grant.

Los Angeles, Cal., March 7.—Social circles of Los Angeles and San Diego are agog with the unique method employed by Miss Nellie Grant, granddaughter of the late Gen. Grant, at an afternoon luncheon given by her at San Diego in honor of Miss Mabel Gassan, a popular society belle.

When dessert was served hollow cannon balls of chocolate containing the announcement of the engagement of Miss Gassan to Capt. Adrian S. Fleming, of the One Hundred Fifteen Co. of coast artillery, stationed at Fort Rosentrau, were presented the guests.

At the same hour, in his home in Laurel street, Capt. Fleming gave a military dinner, the officers of the barracks being his guests. At this time his engagement also was formally announced in toasts of champagne.

SNOW IS EXPENSIVE.

New York, March 7.—Figures compiled by the snow inspector of this city show that the removal of snow this winter has cost the municipality $700,000.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Manager.
TUESDAY, MAROH 11.
Mr George R. White presents the Operatic Comedy Success—
Mam'selle 'Awkins...
With Miss DELIA STACEY and company of 40.
The St. Paul Globe says: "One of the best shows seen here this season."
Prices—Dress Circle $1.00, Parquette 75c. Family Circle and Balcony 50c.



Spring Hats

Most men will look well in the styles we illustrate above—it is the newest shapes in soft and stiff Hats. The prices are—

$3.50 for the John B. Stetson Hats.
$3.00 for the Gordon Hats.
Other makes at $2.50, $2, $1.50 and $1.

Floan, Leverow and Co.
225-227 W. SUPERIOR ST.

THE DAKOTAS

A Train Load of Corn Fed Sheep For England.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Woonsocket—A special train of fifteen double-decked cars of corn-fed sheep will be shipped from here Friday for England. The cars will be marked with banners, advertising this county. One motto will be "Going to the Coronation from Woonsocket, S. D." Another will be "Hoch der Kaiser, Woonsocket for Corn, Cattle, Hogs and Sheep."

Huron—Asher F. Fay, clerk of the courts for this county and a veteran newspaper correspondent, returned from an absence of six weeks in the South, where he went in search of rest and health. He is much improved in the latter and will resume his duties with the old-time force.

Deadwood—The Deadwood school board has been compelled to engage additional teachers. All the rooms in the three schools are filled.

Brookings—Right Rev. Thomas O'Gorman will be invited to deliver the address at the laying of the corner-stone of a new Catholic hospital which is to be constructed here.

Sioux Falls—Although it is only about ten days since William Waters was sentenced to the penitentiary from Turner county for murder, there is talk of circulating a petition asking for his pardon.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—The board of education last night decided to submit the question of free text books to the voters at the municipal election April 7. The question has been up for discussion for several months, and action was forced by the Socialists. All the present corps of teachers were re-elected except four, two of whom were brides, and the other two are to be. The secretary was instructed to embody a clause in the school contracts for the lady teachers that in the future marriages would immediately terminate the contract.

Some time ago Lee Sing, a heathen Chinese of Dickinson, was wedded to a pretty little Bohemian girl, whose parents live in Mandan. The girl had been doing dining room work in Dickinson and met the Celestial, who was running a restaurant. Later friends came and took Mrs. Sing back to Mandan, alleging she was only 16 years of age and that her parents' consent had not been secured for the marriage. Sing grieved over the separation from his bride, sold his restaurant and is said to have left the town.

William Baker, a well-known farmer near Hannaford, committed suicide by shooting. No cause is known for the suicide, as he was very successful.

BLAMES THE BREWERY.

He Had Been Sued For Selling Beer.

Greenville, Tex., March 7.—J. W. Bailey, through his attorneys, has instituted suit in the district court against the Dallas Brewery for damages which he claims in the sum of $6150. This is a novel suit, being the first of the kind ever brought in the state.

Bailey alleges as the cause of action that during 1900 and 1901 he was in business at Celeste, a local option district, and that he purchased from the Dallas Brewery from time to time during those years large quantities of a certain beverage, styled "Waukesha," and "Dallas Tonics;" that the defendant represented and labeled said beverages as "non-intoxicating," and induced plaintiff on the faith of such representations to buy and engage in the sale, and that as a result of such sales he was subjected to fourteen prosecutions in the county court, necessitating the expenditure of large sums of money, loss of time, and as a further consequence was and is now confined in jail, causing him to be subjected to great humiliation, shame and distress of mind.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

THE G. C. STEELE CO.
226-228 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.
SOLE AGENTS FOR
Globe Wernicke Elastic Book Cases.

The Correct Sectional Book Case—
Each Unit, $2.50 and up.
Each Top, $1.75 and up.
Each Base, $1.75 and up.



"Always complete, but never finished." Fits any space you may have—can be added to at any time.

We have these on exhibition and carry a stock—prepared to fill all orders.

COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHINGS.
Credit to All and Very Easy Payments.

HER OWN REQUEST

Abduction Not Mysterious Though Was Long So Considered.

The Case of Ida Swartz Explained By a Detective.

Historic Mystery In Police Annals of New York.

New York, March 7.—The sensational disapearance of a young girl named Ida Swartz from a New York home about nineteen years ago is remembered by thousands of New Yorkers as one of the most talked-of mysteries of that time. The police of the entire country were baffled, and even the crack central office men were wholly at a loss. A reward of $1000 was offered for her and the country was scoured by scores of the best detectives in New York without success.

Central office detectives did find out where she was long after the storm had passed over, but the real story of the alleged kidnaping has never been told till now, and there are few people living who know that Ida Swartz is now the wife of a wealthy Boston man and prominent in society circles there.

Ida Swartz was actually stolen, but it was at her own request. She wanted to escape from conditions that were bearing her down to ruin, and she was rescued by a private detective—one of the best known men in his profession in New York then and now—whose ingenuity fooled his conferees and kept them guessing for many weeks; in fact, till he was ready to tell them where she was.

Under a pledge of secrecy as to his identity, the veteran detective told the whole dramatic story, thus clearing up for the first time one of the historic mysteries in the police annals of New York.

About all that the police and the press could learn at the time of the alleged kidnaping was that Ida Swartz, a rather attractive girl about 16, had been living with her aunt, Mrs. Mary E. Feyh, at No. 22 East Seventieth street. Mrs. Feyh had been on the stage. The only other resident of the house, except the servants, was a man named Robert Farley.

Ida's mother was dead and her father somewhere in the far West. She had been living with her aunt for some time and was going to school in the city.

Mrs. Feyh had been employing a private detective to watch the movements of Farley, whom she suspected of fondness for a seamstress who had been working for her.

The police, after the abduction, suspected the detective and shadowed him for weeks, but they could find nothing to prove that he knew anything of the girl's whereabouts.

The real story of the disappearance of Ida Swartz is thus told by the detective himself:

"The affair between Mrs. Feyh and the man Farley, who was living at the house and on whose account she seemed to be jealous of the little seamstress, offered rather a peculiar mix-up, so I secured a position in the house for a sewing woman who was really in my employ as a detective.

"My assistant soon obtained the confidence of the niece and found a very bad state of affairs. The niece complained of ill treatment and begged to be taken away from the house. She said that Farley was forcing his attentions on her, with the countenance of her aunt, and she was terribly afraid of both of them. She was willing to do any kind of work, to go anywhere, if she could but get away.

"I was at once notified, and in a few hours was ready to help the girl to escape. I had a millionaire friend within sixty miles of the city who at once entered heartily into my plan. This man and his wife made it one of their aims in life to aid just such cases, and he at once consented to take the girl into his home till further arrangements could be made.

"Through the sewing woman I let the girl know our plans, and in two days all was ready. When she started for school the next morning I met her and we went to the train. I had a man there, and she left at once with him for my friend's home.

"As soon as opportunity offered we sent the girl, in care of a trusted detective, to Drury seminary, Springfield, Mo., of which Professor Sheppard was then principal, where she was given every care and was soon at home and happy.

"In the meantime I was searching for the girl's father, and soon had him located in El Paso, Texas. My philanthropic friend arranged that he should go to Springfield to see his daughter.

"This he did, and on my advice made Principal Sheppard her legal guardian. The girl was thus entirely freed from the authority of her aunt.

"The police had meantime been shadowing me day and night in the hope of catching me in communication with the girl. It was a pretty stiff battle of wits, but I had been a member of the force for years myself, and I knew the game as well as they did. All mail from her went to the house of a friend in Brooklyn, and I never carried any of it out of that house.

"One day, after all had been settled, I told a friend of mine at central that I knew where the girl was. The reward of $1000 still stood, and the combination of facts excited him. I finally told him where the girl was and waited for the fun. Mrs. Feyh was at once notified and left next day for Missouri. But I had expected it, and was just ahead of her.

"When I went to the seminary and Ida was told who was there to see her, she ran downstairs and into my arms as if I had been her father. I told her who was coming and prepared her for the meeting.

"In a little while the bell rang and I stepped into an adjoining room. Mrs. Feyh bounced in in a pretty temper. 'Get your things on at once and come with me!' she ordered as soon as she saw her niece.

"'I'm going to stay here, where I am very happy, aunt,' said the girl, calmly.

"The woman stormed and upbraided her. 'You shall come!' she said. 'That man that stole you from me is in the Tombs in New York, and he will get twenty years in prison for taking you. His wife has been arrested, too, and I saw them both in prison just before I came away.'

"While the women were talking I stepped up beside her, and as she turned and saw me she collapsed. A few minutes later she left the room in a fine rage.

"She had just ridden 1500 miles, and in thirty minutes she was on her way back to New York—defeated.

"Miss Swartz was graduated from Drury seminary and sent abroad to finish her education. She returned a few years ago, and the last I heard of her she was the bride of a prominent and wealthy Boston business man and had a large coterie of smart friends. She had a most attractive personality even as a comparative child, and as she grew older she developed into a beautiful woman. I do not know her husband's name.

"The reward, by the way, was never paid."

EMBASSY

To Be Established By Austria-Hungary For Closer Relations.

Vienna, March 7.—The Fremendblatt, referring today to the decision of the government to raise the mission of Austria-Hungary at Washington to an embassy, says: "As the United States legation at Vienna will also be converted into an embassy, the relations between Austria-Hungary and the United States will be represented in a manner in consonance with their present importance, and which will be enhanced in the future.

"Political hostility between the two countries, humanly speaking, is no more probable in the future than it has been in the past. In view of the rearrangement of the politico-commercial relations of Europe and the United States, it is doubly important to be in close contact with all nations which are pre-eminent in the economic domain."

Settlers' Rates to the West.

Daily during March and April the Northern Pacific railway will sell one way tickets to all points in Montana, Idaho, Washington and Oregon as follows: Helena and Butte, $20; Spokane, $22.50; Seattle, Tacoma, Portland and all points on the Southern Pacific south of Portland to and including Ashland, Oregon, $25. On certain days in March and April low rates will also be made to Minnesota and Dakota points. For tickets and full information sall at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street or Union depot.

PUBLISHERS KICK

At the Pirating of Songs In England.

London, March 7.—The United States ambassador, Joseph H. Choate, today received a deputation of music publishers interested in the copyright of American songs, who are suffering from the piracy prevalent in Great Britain. They desire that Washington bring the matter to the notice of the British government. Mr. Choate promised to transmit their representations to the proper quarter.

EXTRA HELP FOR TOMORROW.

RUBBERS.
Children's Rubbers, sizes 6 to 10, at 25c
Ladies' Jersey Cloth Leggings 19c

WIELAND'S
123 West Superior Street.

RUBBERS.
Ladies' Storm Rubbers, for 36c
Misses' Storm Rubbers only 35c

SHOE SALE!

Tomorrow, Saturday, the Last Day

Our Spring Stock is now coming in rapidly and it will be necessary to place these NEW styles on the shelves, emptied by the great success of this sale.

Chances are still good for BARGAINS FOR EVERYBODY. Never stop till you get here.

Men's Shoes.

Men's $4 box calf, velour calf, vici kid and enamels, heavy sole extension edge or plain—latest styles—sale price only 98c

Men's $5.00 Box Calf and Enamel, rope stitch, swellest and newest styles, sale price only $3.48

Men's $2.00 to $4.00, plain toe and tip, nearly all sizes, sale price $1.48

Misses' and Children's Shoes.

Misses' $2.00 and $2.25 Kid and Patent Tip, Merriams & Cox make, widths B, C and D, sale price 98c

Misses' $2.00 and $2.25 Shoes, kid tip, a good bargain at $1.48

Children's kid, lace or button, sizes 8½ to 11—90c Shoes, sale price 69c

Children's Shoes, sizes 7 to 8, —75c grade, at 59c

Infants' Soft Sole Shoes at only, per pair 25c



Special Good Bargains in stylish Shoes added to many of these lots for Tomorrow's Wind-up.

LOW PRICES BUT NOT LOW QUALITY

$4.00 and $5.00 Shoes at $2.48—Men's $4.00 and $5 00 black and tan—heavy sole—also light kid and patent leather—a good style shoe and will go fast at

$2.48

BOYS' SHOES.

Boys' $1.25 and $1.50 Satin Calf Lace Shoes good style sale price 98c

Boys' $1.75 and $2.00 Calf and Box Calf Shoes —sale price $1.25

Little Gents' $1.25 and $1.50 Box Calf and Kid Lace Shoes, all go at 98c

Boys' New Style $3 Shoe, Box Calf and Patent Leather, sale price $1.98

Rubbers and Rubber Boots.

Children's Rubber Boots — for tomorrow, Saturday—per pair only 98c

Boys' Rubbers—per pair only 39c

Ladies' first quality Storm Rubbers—tomorrow, Saturday—per pair 48c

Men's new style Rubbers—per pair only 50c

Ladies' Shoes

Ladies' Laird, Schober & Co.'s $5 hand turned and welt sewed patent or kid tip. Your choice of any of these for $2.98

Ladies' $3.00 and $3.50 kid and patent leather welt sewed, latest styles, sale price only $2.48

Ladies' $3.50 and $4 high top Shoes, 10-inch top, tan and black—your choice of the lot at only $1.48

Ladies' $2.50 and $3 high top shoes—10-inch top—tan only—your choice of the lot during this sale at only 98c

Ladies' $2.50 and $3.00 kid or patent leather tip, light or heavy rope stitch soles, the newest, sale price $1.98

Ladies' Spring Heels $1.75 to $2.50, kid or calf now $1.48

Ladies' $1.50 to $1.75, lace or button—kid tip, sale price only 98c

Ladies' Slippers.

Ladies' $1.25 and $2.25 Strap Slippers at 89c

ASKS $5000.

Mrs. Kissinger Sues Parents-in-Law For Husband's Love.

Richmond, Mo., March 7.—The damage suit of Mrs. Rebecca Kissinger against her father-in-law, John Kissinger; her mother-in-law, Margaret Kissinger, and a cousin, Mrs. Ada Godfrey, for the alienation of her husband's affections is on the docket of the term of the Pulaski county court, which opened Monday. The trial promises to be of unusual interest, as it is the first of the kind ever tried here. Mrs. Kissinger sues for $5000.

Some three years ago Rebecca Godfrey was an artless country girl. She was "heart whole and fancy free," and being truthful herself, relied upon the truthfulness of others. She was happy in the discharge of household duties devolving upon her in the humble cot of her father, Alex Godfrey, and found recreation in watching the placid Gasconade as it flowed past her doors. A pretty girl she was, buxom and kindly, with no trouble to darken her thoughts even in the poverty which denied her the luxuries her more fortunate neighbors enjoyed.

But one day she attracted the attention of Charles Kissenger, a young man in the neighborhood, who laid siege to her heart. Innocent, unacquainted with the ways of the world, she placed her heart in Kissinger's keeping, only to awaken too late to a realization of the fact that she "loved not wisely, but too well." When her unforunate condition could no longer be concealed she entreated Kissinger to redeem his promise of marriage, but he met her importunities with scorn.

Finding he would not yield to her entreaties, suit was instituted against him. To intimidate her into a withdrawal of the suit she was threatened in divers ways. One Sunday, while attending church services at Moro Castle, a country school a short distance from town, she was attacked by Mrs. Ada Godfrey, a sister of the man who had betrayed her, and a general fight occurred.

Kissinger also sought to do her injur- but Charles Finley, another young man, defended her against her assailants and punished Kissinger severely for his brutal attack.

At length, with a prison term staring him in the face, Kissinger appealed to his parents. They pleaded with the girl, promising her if she would marry him they would deed her a farm. With a desire to provide for her child, she consented. The marriage took place and the suit was withdrawn.

The parents, having rescued their son from the clutches of the law, according to the allegations in the petition, persuaded Kissinger to make the girl's life so miserable she was forced to leave, and they also refused to make good the promise by which they led her into the marriage.

Kissinger, thinking himself free from the grasp of the penitentiary, boasted of his freedom. The girl returned to the home of her father. She was told she could not remain—she had made her bed and must lie therein. She pleaded not to be cast out, and the paternal heart was softened into a recognition of the fact that she was more sinned against than sinning. In the quiet of that lowly home she has again taken up her household duties, and again she has appealed to the courts, bringing suit against her husband's parents and sister for $5000 damages for alienation of his affections.

BOGUS CHURCH ORGAN

Sharpers Get $900 For a Worthless Instrument.

New York, March 7.—The Blairstown (N. J.) Church has been made the victim of a gang of sharpers, who put in a bogus organ and got $900 for an instrument worth nothing.

When the deal was about to be concluded a smooth-talking man appeared, who called himself Mr. William Pierce, of the firm of Pierce & Hall, organ builders of Philadelphia. He wanted to get an organ in that section of the state as an advertisement, and was willing to furnish a $1600 organ for $900.

The minister and three members of the organ committee went to Philadelphia and were met by the senior member. He treated them royally throughout the day, and toward night escorted them to two churches where he said his firm had built instruments. To prove it he showed the fine pipe organs in those churches.

Mr. Pierce got the contract, and for the next two weeks the interior of the church resembled a carpenter shop.

When the work was finally complete Mr. Pierce said he would give a recital, and the whole town turned out to hear the new instrument. The organ wheezed and coughed, but made little music. The pipe refused to pipe, and three men toiled manfully to keep wind in the leaking bellows.

Mr. Pierce explained that new pipe organs always acted that way, and that after a month's use everything would be all right. That night he got his $900 in cash and a note for $300. One of the deacons shaved the note for him, and Mr. Pierce went his way on an early morning train.

In a month the organ was a wreck. Telegrams and letters to Pierce & Hall failed to bring any reply, and at last an expert told the organ committee that the outfit was worthless.

WOULD SMASH THE CLUB.

If members of the "Hay Fever association" would use Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, the club would go to pieces, for it always cures this malady, and Asthma, the kind that baffles the doctors—it wholly drives from the system. Thousands of once-hopeless sufferers from Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis owe their lives and health to it. It conquers Grip, saves little ones from Croup and Whooping Cough and is positively guaranteed for all Throat and Lung troubles, 50c, $1.00. Trial bottles free by W. A. Abbett, druggist.

A HEALTHY COUNTY.

Centenarians Plentiful In Campbell County, Tenn.

La Follette, Tenn., March 7.—Campbell county, Tenn., can boast of a lengthy list of the aged. This is only a quickly arranged list and does not cover by any means all the older citizens of the county:

Chad Massee, 104 years; Milly Lawson, 90 years; Bradshaw, 90 years, died in 1901; Jennie Dossett, deceased, 110 years; Frank Bullock, 102, died in 1901; Ev Hart, 93; Em Hart,, 88; Betsy Hart, 90, three sisters, who died old maids; Daniel Richardson, 99; Bettie Teaster, 91; Dilly Schubert, 93; Dick Vincent, 100; Jim Vincent, 104; George Vincent, 102, brothers, all living; Dollie Sutton, 95; Jasse Wilson, 100; Lucy Craig, 105; John Kincaid, 101; Bettie Lawson, 104; Lindsay Paul, 100; Jack Paul, 77; Squire Paul, 79; Carr Paul, 81. Their father lived to be 115 years old. Becky Lawson, 101, died in December, 1901; Jennie Carr, 94; Albert Dossett, 90; Carter Lovely, 94; Lucy Lay, 90; Sarah Smith, 92; Billy Rodgers, 94, died in 1900; Jane Sutton, 94; John Hubbard, 100, died in 1901; Thomas Clepper, 92; Joe Hatmaker, 90; Fielden Low, 108; William Low, 94; Isaac Meyers, deceased, 92; Billy Brown, 92—he goes to mill several miles on horseback. Sallie York, 88; Sallie Brice, 87; Betsy Oaks, deceased, 96; William Loy, 98, never was ill and never missed a meal in his life; J. J. Meyers, 90; John Night, 90; Dant Hamblin, 95; Peter Pierce, 103.

The last named has often been written up, and readers will doubtless be surprised to learn that he is living and that his memory is still good.

Some sixty years ago his skull was so fractured by a blow from a gunstock that some of his brains had to be taken out.

In the civil war he was taken prisoner, with others, and brought before Jefferson Davis, president of the Confederacy. Mr. Davis was eating dinner when Pierce was brought in. On account of the stalwart appearance Mr. Davis invited him to take dinner with him, whereupon Pierce said he would not eat while "any — rebel."

Mr. Davis remarked to some of his associates that if he had "a regiment of men like this one, the war would soon be settled.' Pierce replied to him: "Major, say if you had one man like me it would soon be settled." Pierce, in his eightieth year, killed John Moonahan with his walking cane.

"I was troubled for seven years with my stomach," says E. Demick, Somerville, Ind. "I could get nothing to help me until I tried Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. I have taken a few bottles and am entirely well." Kodol Dyspepsia Cure cures all stomach troubles. Max Wirth.

SEQUEL OF ESCAPADE.

College Authorities Sued For Neglecting Duties.

Hardinsburg, Ky., March 7.—The sequel to a midnight escape from Patter college, an exclusive seminary for girls, by four girls of leading Kentucky families for a rabbit supper with as many young men, is now being told in a lawsuit. The four girls were expelled. The four young men, who provided a ladder for them, were indicted, but were pardoned in advance of their trial to prevent scandal.

Patter college, through its president, B. F. Cabell, sued Messrs. Short and Haynes of this city for the tuition of their daughters, Ruth Haynes and Florence Cottrell Short. To this account Short and Haynes have filed an answer and counter claim asking damages against Potter college in $9,000 for the failure of the college authorities to protect the reputation of the girls. In the answer of Mr. Haynes he says:

"Plaintiff violated his contract and failed to exercise parental care over her, failed to instruct her orally and failed to protect her good name and character, but permitted her to commit indiscretions and thereby injure the good name and reputation of his said daughter.

"Plaintiff having full knowledge that a number of girl pupils, including the defendant's daughter, intended stealthily to go out of the plaintiff's building on a certain night to be in company of several young men, and, having been warned that such was intended, failed to prevent same or to advise his daughter not to do so, or to command her not to do so, but by his officers he laid in wait for his daughter and said other pupils, permitting them to leave the building, and after same had been so permitted, plaintiff rushed out upon them and used firearms, shooting, terrorizing said girls and his daughter, and brought shame and discredit and damage to the reputation of his said daughter, and grief and damage to defendant."

Boys' Flannel Waists.

In sizes—4 to 15 years—at, 25c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50. C. W. ERICSON, The Clothier.

TRIUMPH OF SURGERY.

Quick Recovery From Wound In Abdomen.

Indianapolis, March 7. — Edward Bishop, of West Indianapolis, who was shot by his stepson, Elza Bennett, through the bowels on Dec. 30, has been discharged perfectly whole and sound from the city hospital. The ball was a 32-caliber revolver ball, fired at close range, and entered the abdomen near the middle line just below the stomach. Its course was downward toward the right side of the body. When the abdomen was opened at the city hospital, just two hours after the shooting, three loops of the intestines were found shot through by the bullet. These holes were closed by the "lembert suture"—that is, the ragged edges of the wounds were turned in and the outer smooth portions of the intestines sewed together. The entire course of the bowel was examined for holes, but no others were found. The ball was not sought for, and no doubt is inclosed in the muscular tissues of the back part of the abdomen wall. The X-ray was used yesterday in search of the ball, but it was not found because of the great thickness of the tissues in part, and in part because of the lack of intensity of the rays at that time.

The recovery is regarded with much satisfaction by the hospital physicians and the consulting surgeons, as it is the first case recorded in the annals of the city hospital, or elsewhere in the city, of recovery following an operation for gunshot wound of the bowels, although one case got well which was shot through the bowel, but was not operated upon. The general rule among civil and army surgeons is to always operate after pistol shot wounds of the abdomen, but not where long-range small bullets from rifles have made the wound. The experience of army surgeons in Cuba and Africa has shown that the latter class of wounds are less fatal when not operated upon.

The surgeon general's report of the wounds of the abdomen during the civil war show but two or three such cases which recovered, that of Gen. Miles being one of the most famous in surgical history.

$1.00 Per Berth to Chicago Via "The Milwaukee."

During March and April "The Milwaukee" line will operate tourist sleeping cars between the Twin Cities and Chicago twice each week in each direction. Tourist cars will leave the Twin Cities on the Pioneer Limited, every Wednesday and Saturday evenings, arrive Chicago 9:39 the following morning. Rate per double berth, $1.00. Westbound tourist cars will leave Chicago Tuesdays and Fridays.

Resumption of Sale of Homeseekers' Tickets.

The Northern Pacific will, on Feb. 18th, resume the sale of round trip Homeseekers' tickets to all points on its line, and will continue the sale of same on first and third Tuesdays during months March, April and May. For tickets and full information, call at City office, 332 W. Superior street, or Union depot.

EDISON THE WIZARD.

Wishes to announce that his latest discovery in the phonograph reproducer, and the new Moulded records, something just out, has the natural tone of voice, and the sweet musical tone of the instrumental records are something wonderful. Call and hear it. Mail orders given prompt attention

B. F. HATHAWAY, Local Agent
208 Trust Building.

Twenty Years of Vile Catarrh.—Chas O. Brown, journalist, of Duluth, Minn., writes: "I have been a sufferer from throat and nasal catarrh for over twenty years, during which time my head has been stopped up and my condition truly miserable. Within fifteen minutes after using Dr. Agnew's Catrrhal Powder I obtained relief. Three bottles have almost, if not entirely cured me." Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—26.

Johnson & Moe

The West End Big Department Store.

Special Offerings in dependable merchandise for tomorrow's big selling.

Good News From the Cloak Room.

New Tailor Made Suits, New Tailor Made Dress Skirts, Tailor Made Walking Skirts.



Now here ready for your inspection and approval. Style and prices will interest you.

Ladies' tailor-made Suits, handsomely made, in blue, black, brown and gray wool Serge and Cheviots.

Jackets—Eton, Blouse and Norfolk style, silk lined.

Skirt with graduating flounce, some plain and some satin stripe trimmed.

The prices are—

$18, $22.50, $25.00

Others will be in shortly to sell at—

$10, $12.50, $15.00

Ladies' Dress Skirts—

Ladies' Dress Skirts, flounced or flaring, trimmed with satin or silk, stitched band and cording, perfectly tailored; colors black, brown, gray and blue; all wool, Serge, Cheviot, Venetian cloth. The prices—

$4.50, $5, $7.50 and up

Ladies' Walking Skirts, perfectly tailored, graduating or flounce skirt, comes in black, brown, oxford and gray.

Splendid values at—

$3.98, $5.98, $6.50, $7.50, $10 and $12

New Line Girls' Walking Skirts.

Very nobby garments, made in brown, blue, gray and chalk line wool Meltons; big values, at—

$2.50, $2.75, $3.98, $4.50 and $5.00

A job lot of LADIES' DRESS SKIRTS to close at JUST HALF PRICE. They are well made garments of good wool Cheviots and Serge, mostly black, but the styles are a little off, hence this great reduction.

Johnson & Moe.

Unusual Shoe Values

Our $2.98 Shoe for Women

is one of the greatest values known to shoedom. We have them in welts, hand-turned and McKay. Fifteen different kinds to choose from. All widths. Such Shoes are sold in many places at $3.50. Our price **$2.98**

Two Immense Bargains in Good Shoes—

A Table Full of Ladies' Shoes—

Regular $2.50 and $3.00 kind; at, your choice, per pair **$2.10**

A Table Full of Men's Shoes—

Mostly in common sense lasts, regular price $2.50 and $3; your choice, pair..... **$1.98**

Cheap Rubbers.

Women's Storm Rubbers.

Fresh new goods, no off styles; special price, a pair..... **39c**

Men's Plain Rubbers.

London toe, all sizes—a pair **59c**

For those who want cheap rubbers, the above will answer; but we strongly recommend our first grades as being a much better investment, at a few cents more.

Several odd lots of rubbers, broken sizes, will be closed out cheap. See our Basket Lots.

Our Basement Bazar

What 1 Cent Will Buy— Your Choice

A 2c Spoon,
A 3c Egg Beater,
A 3c Nutmeg Grater,
A 2c Patty Pan,
A 2c Salt or Pepper Shaker,
A 2c Cover Knob,
A 3c Cage Spring.

1c

What 3 Cents Will Buy— Your Choice

A 5c Cookie Cutter,
A 5c double Match Holder,
A 5c Sad Iron Stand,
A 5c Hose Darner,
A 5c Wire Soap Stand,
A 5c Plate Holder,
A 5c Wire Tea Pot Stand,
A 5c box of Tooth Picks,
A 5c Bottle Ink,
A 5c Chopping Knife,
A 5c Asbestos Mat,
A 5c Glass Salt Shaker,
A 5c Wire Kettle Cleaner.

3c

What 5 Cents Will Buy— Your Choice

A 10c combination Glass Cutter,
A 10c Double Chopping Knife,
A 10c Machine Oil Can,
A 7c Tack Puller,
An 8c Lamp Burner,
A 10c Lid Lifter,
An 8c Paring Knife.

5c

Pudding Pans, 12c kind, special..... 8c
Milk Strainers, 15c article, special.. 11c

A full and complete line of Tinware at Reduced Prices.

Johnson & Moe.

SIXTEEN INDICTED

The Grand Jury Returns a Big Bunch of Bills.

None of the Crimes Charged Are of Grave Importance.

Mostly Cases Originating In Duluth Though Ranges Have Some.

Sixteen new cases were added to the criminal calendar this morning. The grand jury came into court early and brought in a batch of indictments. None are of grave importance. Two of the minor indictments are withheld from publication because the parties indicted are not in custody. The jury retired after presenting the indictments for further investigation.

Gustav H. Jordan, who went courting with a gun, is indicted on two charges—assault in the second degree and burglary in the first degree. Jordan went down to Irene Marvin's place at 234 St. Croix avenue, and became so anxious to see his lady love, Kitty Williams, that he broke in the outer door in his haste. It is on this incident that the burglary charge is based. Then Officer Fiskett was called to make Jordan more sociable, but failed lamentably in his effort. Jordan stood at the top of the staircase holding Fiskett at long range with a revolver. Officer Link got in the back way and approached Jordan from the rear, gun in hand, but Jordan turned suddenly and pointing his weapon at Link pulled the trigger. The fleshy part, between the thumb and forefinger caught the trigger and prevented the discharge of the gun and the probable death of Link. The charge of assault is based on the participation of Officer Fiskett.

Virginia contributes a first degree grand larceny case. John Beattie and Robert Heinze are accused of relieving Erick Carlson, in that city, of three silver dollars, $1.50 in miscellaneous coin and a gray leather pocketbook. The offense is dated Jan. 28.

John Johnson is indicted for keeping a house of ill-fame on Main street in the village of Biwabik, over the North Star saloon. It is charged that Ida Saleen was an inmate of the place.

Separate indictments are returned against Jacob Akola and Wilhelmina Parker. The charge is the same, however—adultery—and both are the heroes of the same escapade, or series of escapades. The woman is the wife of Isaac Parker, and the crime is alleged to have been committed in the village of Biwabik on Feb. 26.

James Stewart's reckless use of an ax on the person of Charles McLean forms the basis of the charge of assault in the second degree. The crime is alleged to have been committed in the town of Canosia on Feb. 11.

Mike Hoot's four $5 bills and brown leather pocketbook are the features of the indictment against John O'Brien. John is accused of disconnecting these articles from the possession of Mike, in other words, grand larceny in the first degree is the charge against him. Hoot was the woodsman who was robbed on the installment plan.

Forty-five dollars is the estimate made of the booty that John Wilson and Frank Farrell are charged with taking from the person of Gust A. Anderson in this city on the night of Jan. 20. The charge against them is grand larceny in the first degree. This is one of the Bowery hold-up cases.

Charles Smith must stand trial on the charge of forgery in the second degree. He is accused of palming off on Hierman Carlson a forged check for $40, purporting to have been drawn on the First National bank by Josh Cane, to the order of Charles Smith and endorsed by Smith.

Thomas Maloney, who was arrested on the charge of breaking into Louis Desanto's saloon at 1101 West Superior street, is indicted for burglary in the third degree.

Assault in the first degree is the charge that must be faced by Grace Williams and Fay Wilson. They are accused of attacking and cutting Marie Carter with a knife. The Williams and Carter women were jealous of Marie's admiration for the piano player in Sarah Carter's colored house of ill-fame on St. Croix alley.

David McMullan is indicted for larceny in the first degree and burglary in the third degree. McMullen is accused of stealing a gold filled watch, valued at $20, from John Viger, on Feb. 9. It is also claimed that he broke into room No. 7 of the Hotel Duluth, occupied by Joseph Vincent, on Feb. 15.

No bill was found against Emil Barrie, and the prisoner was ordered discharged.

The Last Music of the Season at the Curling Club Rink, Saturday Night.

Tickets 25c.

FELL IN BAY.

Italian Woman Dropped In Near Garfield Avenue.

A young Italian woman, whose name is not known, in attempting to cross the bay on the ice yesterday afternoon, shortly before 6 o'clock, had a narrow escape from drowning. She was walking from the Superior side of the bay and when within about ten feet of the ice. The woman clung to the edge of the firm ice and shouted for help. Her cries were heard by another woman residing in a cottage nearby and she summoned several of the pliers from the lumber yards, who pulled the young woman out. She was in the water several minutes and was very much chilled, but able to go her way after drying her clothing in one of the cottages near the foot of the avenue.

Ailing Women in Springtime Need the Strengthening and Nourishing Virtues of

Paine's Celery Compound

A Case Where the Great Medicine Betowed Vigor and Health After Months of Weakness and Suffering.

Observing and intelligent women who have used Paine's Celery Compound have noted well the fact that as a spring medicine it quickly regulates the bowels, clears the whites of the eyes of that comon jaundiced look and gives a bloom of health to the face that it never possessed before. Another important proof of the invigorating power of Paine's Celery Compound is its effects on the pulse, which becomes full, firm and regular. Weak, exhausted, nervous, irritable and worried women find that Paine's Celery Compound counteracts the exhausting strain of work and worry by its strong inducement to the delicate tissues to take more nourishment; it induces the nerves and brain to feed themselves more liberally, and it enriches the blood and regulates the flow.

Mrs. Nellie Morse Taylor, Solon, O., sends the following testimonial letter for the benefit of weak and run down women:

"Some years ago I had a severe attack of the grippe, which left my head and spine in a very bad shape. Sometimes I thought I should lose my mind I was so nervous. I could not sleep more than two hours a night. After a year with the doctor, I had run down so I weighed only one hundred and sixteen pounds. I then began on Paine's Celery Compound, and that great medicine cured me and built me up to one hundred and fifty pounds. I would not be alive today had it not been for the Compound. It cures all nerve troubles."

Dye Cotton goods with Diamond Dye cotton colors. Will not crock or smut.

Butchers' Banquet.

Next Wednesday evening the boss butchers of the Northwest will have their annual convention and banquet at the Spalding hotel. The event will be made a memorable one and the attendance is expected to be in the neighborhood of 125 people. Boss butchers will be present from this city, West Superior, Washburn, Bayfield, Ashland and from all of the range towns. A fine musical program has been arranged, including some of the best local talent and the Olympic orchestra.

Hint to Board of Works.

To the Editor of The Herald:

How much longer is the traveling public to be menaced by that ghost-like structure, the old Lerch barn, on First street and Fourth avenue west? For almost a whole year now has this ugly nuisance stared everyone in the face as they sought Uncle Sam's public building; now it is becoming daily more and more not only an eyesore, but a positive danger to passers-by. It creaks and groans with every fluttering breeze, shingles constantly fly from its dilapidated roof, and to warn passers-by occasionally one of its weak braces parts company with its twin support with loud eclat.

Now this hideous nuisance is gradually assuming the position of the leaning tower of Piza, its front braces of plank being so bent outward towards First street that only the next strain will cause them to snap, with the inevitable result of lying across the sidewalk, and injuring if not killing some innocent person; and it is not beyond range of possibility that the whole structure might collapse, and who knows the consequences?

This long neglect on the part of our city officials has reached the point of criminality, and it is high time that they assume their imperative duty and cause this wreck to be removed or torn down before innocent lives are lost and the public forced to pay funeral expenses for the gross negligence of its officials. There is no need to call people cranks for such criticisms; they have been more than earned, and if others are heedless of human life, the writer is one ready to receive this cognomen of a crank, and prefers to be a live one rather than a corpse under this sepulchre. IN MEMORIAM.

Duluth, March 7.

Store to Rent Upper side of Superior Street, near First Ave West. Possession immediately if necessary. JOHN A. STEPHENSON, Providence Building.

PREMATURE

Was Story of Conversion of Steel Corporation Stock.

New York, March 7.—Leading interests in the United States Steel corporation say that reports of a proposed conversion of the preferred stock into bonds is premature. It is said that the proposition has been discussed by the financial ocmmittee and has been taken up in a casual way by the directors, but beyond this nothing has been determined.

According to the report, it is not unlikely that it may not be deemed advisable to issue bonds to the extent of $250,000,000 without any disturbance of the present preferred stock issue. This can be done, it is pointed out, by charging the bonds to account of one of the subsidiary companies of the steel corporation. The purpose of such a move has not been made clear. A representative of the leading interests in the steel corporation said today:

"It is too early to talk about these things. Matters have not taken definite shape and may never do so. Besides, final action rests with the stockholders."

Reports from the West telling of the probable resignation of Elbert H. Gerry from the secretaryship of the steel corporation's executive committee are discredited.

AT WEST DULUTH

Louis Felix, of West Duluth, who was so seriously injured in the street car accident at the time the West Duluth car went over the viaduct at the ore docks, and whose mind was unbalanced for seven months after the accident, has been restored to capacity yesterday by Probate Judge Bonham. He sustained a fractured skull in the accident and was an inmate of St. Mary's hospital from July 28 to Sept. 2. The street railway company settled with his family, out of court, for $5500. Mrs. Felix was appointed guardian for her husband, but has been discharged by order of the court. Mr. Felix is well advanced in years.

ASTONISHING VITALITY.

Jacob Pennel, of West Duluth, who has been employed at the banking grounds of the Mitchell & McClure company across the bay from West Duluth, was the victim of an accident yesterday afternoon that very few men could have withstood and come out of it alive. Mr. Pennel was unloading logs when he was struck by one, knocked across another, while a third, scaling about 500 feet, rolled over him. Pennel astonished his fellow-workmen by getting up and walking away after the accident, but did not go far before he collapsed. He was taken to his boarding house and surgical aid was summoned.

Dr. Graham found that Pennel had three ribs broken and was severely bruised about the body. It was feared that he might suffer from internal injuries, but this morning, when Dr. Graham went to see his patient, Pennel had left the house. Pennel is a man of more than ordinary muscular development and has a remarkable amount of nerve. Not long ago he had two toes amputated, refusing to take an anaesthetic while the operation was being performed.

ARE FEELING GOOD.

John Cashin, the lumber dealer, who recently returned from a trip among the lumber manufacturing towns of the district, says the manufacturers at all the points are feeling good over the prospects for the coming season and are preparing for a big cut this season. Mr. Cashin says that the Sauntry-Cann sawmill at Carlton will probably start up on its season run within two weeks. A large quantity of logs have been hauled by rail to the mill, enough to keep it running steadily until the river opens this spring.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Kitchi Gammi lodge, Knights of Pythias, of West Duluth, held a very delightful social session for its members last evening. A supper was served.

Alphonse Pottrey left today for Grand Marais, Mich., where he expects to locate permanently.

George Bullworth, of Cloquet, called on West Duluth friends today.

Barney Nellis is the possessor of a driving horse through a recent purchase.

Rock Day left today with a surveying party for Wisconsin points.

The West Duluth Commercial club will meet in Stewart's hall this evening.

George Kelly, of the Marshall-Wells Hardware company, who has been confined to the hospital with inflammatory rheumatism, is able to return to his home.

The West Duluth Ladies' Reading circle will meet at the home of Mrs. Frank Bradley Tuesday afternoon.

Patrons of the Zenith 'phones who had not heard of the serious fire in the company's up-town office, were much puzzled this morning over the failure of the West Duluth service.

A citizens' caucus at Proctorknott has nominated John T. Preston for president of the village, J. M. Hall for recorder, H. O. Smith for assessor and H. Gilderman and J. O. Brand for justices of peace. H. H. Peyton, who recently purchased the bank at Proctorknott, was chosen village treasurer. It is rumored that other caucuses will be held in the near future, and there will be independent candidates in the field.

E. H. Filiatrault, of St. Paul, is visiting his parents here for a few days.

Dr. H. W. Green, the dentist, is laid up with a sprained ankle.

C. F. Davis is expected home from Southern California, where he went on a combined pleasure and business trip.

Otto Gafvert has gone to St. Paul on a business trip.

J. C. Cook was in Minneapolis a few days this week.

Mrs. Charles Rossader's mother has arrived from Michigan to look after her daughter, who has been ill for some time.

The Epworth league of the Asbury M. E. church will give a social at the church this evening. Refreshments will be served. All are cordially invited.

Children's shoes at Lauermann's.

Rocky Mountain Tea taken now will keep the whole family well. If it fails, bring it back and get your cash. 35 cts. Ask your druggist.

SPECIAL SALE AT THE Pioneer Meat Market

108 55th Ave., West Duluth.

For Saturday, March 8—

PORK LOIN—per lb	10c
PORK STEAK—per lb	10c
PORK BUTTS—per lb	9c
SHOULDER STEAK—3 lbs for	25c
RIB ROAST—per lb	12½c
POT ROAST—per lb	8c
ROUND STEAK—per lb	12½c
BEEF STEW—per lb	4c
BOLOGNA SAUSAGE—3 lbs for	25c
LIVER SAUSAGE—3 lbs for	25c
PORK SAUSAGE—3 lbs for	25c
HAMBURG STEAK—3 lbs for	25c
LARD—2 lbs for	25c

Skaters!

Remember that this is the big night at the West Duluth Covered Rink. Excellent ice. Lanner's band.

"Famous For Low Prices."

STACK & CO.

EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS IN EVERY DEPARTM'T IN THE STORE.

NOTHING AS GOOD IN THE STATE FOR THE MONEY.

3000 yards bleached Muslin Remnants, 36 inches wide, a cloth worth from 6½c to 8½c a yard—at **5c**

Table Damask.

Bleached Satin Damask, Table Damask, 60-in. wide, per yard..... **28c**

Hosiery Department.

20 dozen odds and ends Ladies' fleeced Hose, 15c and 19c numbers; to close out, a pair— **12½c and 10c**

Lace Curtains.

We are ready for house-cleaning. Our Lace Curtain department is full of bargains, from 39c a pair to..... **$5.00**

APRON GINGHAM REMNANTS.

About the same value as 7c buys elsewhere.

2000 yards standard cloth staple checks, full width. While they last, Saturday at..... **4c**

BED SPREADS.

Positively the best values shown anywhere—in white and colored spreads, colored bed spreads, fringed, worth $1.48—choice..... **$1.00**

Mitcheline Spreads, nothing better in the world for wear. They lend a charm to the bad room—$2.48 values at..... **$1.50**

White Crochet Bed Spreads at— **$2.50, $1.98, $1.50, $1.25, to as low as 48c**

Taffeta Silk Shirt Waist Sale, at

$2.98!

Better for the money than was ever before shown in Duluth. We have them in the following colors—black, old rose, lavender, cardinal, turquoise blue, pink, light blue, tan, mode, etc.—all sizes from 32 to 44.



Worth $4.50 at—

$2.98

Special Taffeta Silk Waist, body and sleeves lined, thirty rows of tucking in front, nine rows of tucking in back, new shape Bishop sleeves with six rows of tucking—an artistic Shirt waist at the lowest price ever named.

Dress Skirts, Walking Skirts, Wrappers, Etc., at Special Prices.

$2.48 for Walking Skirts--black suitings, made with separate flare flounce, tailor-made, worth $3.50.

$3.98 for Black Cheviot Dress Skirt--with full flare flounce and three rows of satin trimming lined with best quality percaline—splendid value for $7.00.

$5.00 for Black Cheviot Dress Skirt—graduating flounce, trimmed with extra quality percaline—splendid value for $7.00.

$5.98 for Black Venetian Dress Skirt elaborately stitched and corded around bottom, has particular merit, because of its fit—worth regularly $8.00.



$8 for Black Broadcloth Skirts, with deep flare flounce, some trimmed with twelve rows of satin, others tucked and trimmed — corduroy velveteen binding, worth $10.00.

$10 for Black Broadcloth Dress Skirt graduating flounce, trimmed with four rows black moire and stitching—lined with excellent quality of percaline and worth $15 00—tomorrow at the special price of $10.00.

$12.50 for Fine Black Dress Skirt--graduating flounce, trimmed with wide band of taffeta—fancy scroll stitching and tucking—regular $20.00 value.

HOUSE-FURNISHING Specials

60 Clothes Pins, best hardwood, for **5c**

10c Palmetto Scrub Brushes, 3 rows fibre, only..... **5c**

10c bottle Bluing, the best made, for **5c**

20 yards of lace Shelf Paper, 2 packages and all colors—for **5c**

15c can of Putz Silver Polish, the best made, per can..... **7c**

Salarine Silver Polish, 20c can **12½c**

7c Chopping Knife, ½ price **3½c**

10c Brass Extension Curtain Rods, size 45 inches extended, only **5c**



Wooden Chopping Bowls, like cut, Saturday..... **4c**

Good Parlor Matches, per box— **1c**

5c Steel Cake Turners, wooden handle— **2c**



Granite Tea and Coffee Pots, like cut **29c**

9-inch Granite Pie Plates, each... **5c**

1-quart Granite Milk Pans, only... **7c**

2-quart Granite Milk Pans for..... **10c**

2-quart Granite Milk Pans for..... **12½c**

25c Granite Stew Kettles **17½c**

30c Granite Stew Kettles .. **22½c**

50c Granite Dish Pans..... **43c**

75c Granite Dish Pans, 17-qt. **50c**

19c Granite Dust Pans..... **12½c**



Granite Tea Kettle, like cut, worth $1.20—special..... **75c**

20c Granite Wash Basins..... **14c**

25c Coat and Hat Racks, 6 hooks special for..... **15c**

15c Coat and Hat Rack—nickel plated hooks, special.... **10c**

25c Kitchen Clothes Dryer... **12½c**

25c Parlor Brooms **17c**

5c roll of Toilet Paper only..... **3c**

Laundrine Washing Powder, only— **3c**

10 bars of Happy Day Laundry Soap, special Saturday **25c**

Tin Cups, each only..... **1c**



Dust Pan, like cut, 10c kind, Saturday..... **5c**

Folding Tin Lunch Boxes only— **12½c**

12-quart Dish Pans, 20c kind... **12½c**

10-quart Water Pails, special..... **11c**

25c galvanized Water Pails **14c**

65c galvanized Wash Tubs **45c**

$1.20 galvanized Wash Boiler..... **75c**



65c copper rim, Tea Kettles, like cut, special..... **45c**

Good size Japanned Flour Bins, decorated, special... **55c**

Glass and Chinaware Specials.

5c Imitation cut glass Sauce Dishes **2c**

25c glass Pitchers, ½-gal. size.. **12½c**

49c four-piece Tea Sets..... **25c**

Handled Porcelain Cups and Saucers, sold everywhere at $1.20 a dozen; per set..... **39c**

85c Bowl and Pitcher, special.. **63c**

$3.98 decorated Chamber Sets, with jar complete, special— **$1.95**

DEATH'S CALL.

Lieut. Wilson, One of City's Finest Fireman, Is Dead.

Lieut. Linus J. Wilson of fire engine company No. 3, died at 10 o'clock this morning in St. Luke's hospital.

He was one of the most popular men that ever served on the fire department, and his death comes like the sundering of ties akin to brotherhood, to those that knew him well.

Lieut. Wilson is a brother of Capt. C. W. Wilson, of chemical company No. 1. The deceased is 30 years of age and unmarried.

He joined the department in 1893 as pipeman with hose company No. 6. By his general excellent qualifications and constant endeavor he worked his way up till, on March 1, 1898, he was made lieutenant of the No. 3 engine company.

Three weeks ago he was taken to St. Luke's hospital suffering from what was at first thought to be stomach trouble, but it is now thought that death was due to an abcess of the liver.

Lieut. Wilson was a prominent member of the Masonic fraternity. He was a thirty-second degree Scottish Rite Mason and a member of Palestine lodge A. F. of A. M. The latter lodge will have charge of the funeral, which will be held on Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock probably in the First Methodist church.

CRIMINALS ARRAIGNED.

Several Are Brought Before Judge Dibell.

Judge Dibell was the only judge sitting in district court this morning. A great deal of his time was consumed with criminal business. He was hearing the divorce case of Lizzie Soronen against Erick Soronen this morning. All the questions to the plaintiff had to be put through an interpreter.

This afternoon Stens Karvo, charged with murder in the first degree; Nelson Porter, charged with manslaughter; Tony Held, charged with grand larceny in the first degree, were to be arraigned to plead.

Alexander Marshall will defend Karvo, who declared yesterday that his right name is Daniel Karvo. P. J. Neff will appear for Nelson Porter.

Tony Held, who is accused of stealing a watch at Biwabik, said when arraigned yesterday afternoon that he could not engage an attorney, and the court appointed J. H. Potter to defend him.

Charles Morgan, who was indicted on two counts, pleaded guilty on one, and the other was continued on the docket.

Judge Dibell granted Josephine Gibson a divorce from R. Gibson yesterday afternoon, and heard and took under advisement the case brought by Carrie Liseman for a divorce from Albert Liseman.

DEATH LIST.

Ida Grove, Iowa, March 7.—George A. Williams, editor and mayor of this city, died at 5 o'clock this morning, Mr. Williams had been actively engaged in journalism for thirty years and was widely known throughout the West.

Chicago March 7.—Joseph E. Otis, a wealthy and prominent citizen and a pioneer real estate dealer, died here today, aged 72 years.

London, March 7.—James Rick, the largest English importer of gutta percha, manufacturer of submarine cables, originator of rubber soled shoes and philanthropist, died today at his home in Glasgow.

Brattleboro, Vt., March 7.—Gen. Julius S. Estey, president of the Estey Organ company, died at his home here today, aged 57 years.

Alexandria, S. D., March 7.—L. C. Taylor, formerly auditor of South Dakota, and publisher of the Alexandria Herald, dropped dead yesterday from apoplexy.

Champaign, Ill., March 7.—Rev. S. J. Reed, a pioneer Methodist preacher, died yesterday, aged 86 years. He was said to be the oldest Odd Fellow living, joining in Baltimore as a charter member.

New York, March 7.—Nell Bryant, an old time minstrel, died in Brooklyn yesterday. He was 72 years old. Bryant was the oldest of those who inaugurated black face minstrelsy. With his two brothers, Daniel and Jerry, he traveled all over the world and they became famous as the three Bryants. In 1883, Bryant retired from the stage and took a government position, which he held up to nearly two years ago, when his health gave way. His real name was Cornelius O'Brien.

There Are Ten

Different railroads centering in the Twin Cities. Of these ten six operate between the two towns and Chicago. Of these six there is one particular favorite—one that carries travel largely in excess of the others. It is "The Milwaukee." While it has always been recognized as THE line, its popularity has greatly increased since the inauguration of its Pioneer Limited service. The Pioneer Limited is a beauty bright.

A BARGAIN FOR YOU. SATURDAY ..... **Mar. 8.**

A Walton Blanket Free With one pound of Grand Union Baking Powder at 50c.

Grand Union Tea Company.

Ocean and Railroad Travel.

During the year 1901, 128,000 cabin and 440,000 trans-Atlantic steerage passengers arrived at the port of New York. The growth of ocean travel during the past ten years has been remarkable in the extreme.

During the same year, in the neighborhood of 100,000 passengers traveled from the Twin Cities to Chicago, a very large proportion of whom patronized the Milwaukee's celebrated Pioneer Limited—the famous train of the world.

GASSER'S MARKET

Boycott on the wholesalers by the retail butchers combine is still on and spreading. Another house has been added to the list, making three wholesale houses that refuse to sell us any goods. We are in this fight to win, and judging from past support we will succeed. Note these prices:

PORK LIONS, whole, per lb	10c	BEEF TENDERLOIN, lb, special	15c
PORK SHOULDERS, per lb	9c	MUTTON LEGS, per lb	12½c
PORK STEAK, per lb	10c	LAMB LEGS, per lb	15c
SALT PORK, per lb	11c	LAMB STEW, per lb	5c
PORK BUTTS, per lb	9½c	LAMB STEAK, 3 lbs for	25c
SPARE RIBS, 3 lbs	25c	SHOULDER LAMB, per lb	7c
SPRING CHICKEN, per lb	15c	MUTTON CHOPS, per lb	10c
GEESE, per lb	12½c	VEAL STEAK, per lb	10c
POT ROAST, any cut, per lb	8c	HAMS, per lb	12c
ROUND STEAK, per lb	12½c	BOLOGNA, 3 lbs for	25c
BOILING BEEF, per lb	4c	LIVER SAUSAGE, 3 lbs for	25c
HAMBURGER STEAK, 3 lbs	25c		

GROCERY DEPARTMENT.

100-LB SACK GRAN. SUGAR	$5.20	3-LB CAN BLACKBERRIES	15c
Equal to 19 lbs for $1.00.		1-LB CAN PURE FRUIT JAM	12½c
BUTTER, DAIRY, per lb	25c	SANTA CLAUS SOAP, 8 bars	25c
BUTTER, DAIRY, 10-lb pails	$2.40	ROLLED OATS, 3 packages for	25c
BUTTER, FINE, 5-lb boxes	$1.55	JELLY, per glass	10c
BUTTER, CREAMERY, per lb	27c		

VIKING

Leads them all. Viking Flour stands for the highest in the art of Milling Products. Perfect machinery, skilled milling and best QUALITY Wheat makes it sweet, pure and strong. It is a prize winner everywhere.

GRONSETH & OLSEN,
401 and 403 East Fourth Street.

O'LEARY'S
Cash Grocery,

The Right Price Store. 17 East Sup. St.
Shipping orders receive prompt attention.

Strawberries per qt	45c
Tomatoes per lb	15c
Fresh Pie Plant per lb	10c
Fancy Cucumbers each	15c
Cauliflower each	10c, 15c
3 bunches Green Onions	10c
Radishes per bunch	5c
Oranges per dozen	15c, 20c, 25c
Seedless Oranges per box	$2.75
Bananas per doz	15c
Bright Juicy Lemons per doz	15c
Cooking Apples per peck	35c
3 lbs Dry Apples	25c
4 lbs Dry Grapes	25c
Potatoes per bushel	75c

We are headquarters for fresh Eggs, our prices are the lowest in the city.

Pure Leaf Lard per lb	11c
98 lb sack Flour	$1.75
49 lb sack Flour	90c
Crackers by the box per lb	6c

Special for Saturday---your choice of our 25c Jams and Preserves at per jar

Another Good Thing---Regular 25c cans of Sliced Peaches---all new goods, Saturday price per can 20c

If you want a cup of Delicious Coffee buy our 3-lb can for 85c

Special prices given on all large orders.

Bon-Ton Bakery
and Candy Kitchen.

25 West Superior St.
Home Baking and Candy Making.

Delicious home-made Chocolates and Bon-Bons—per box	25c
Assorted Nongates per pound	25c
Assorted Buttercups, per pound	25c
Assorted Cream Caramels—per lb	25c
Assorted Cream Patties any color or flavor made to order, a specialty—per lb	25c

We have a large assortment of Candies in fancy boxes.

BAKERY DEPARTMENT.

Cream Puffs—per doz	25c
Lady Locks—per doz	25c
Almond and Cocoanut Macaroons, dozen	10c

WE SERVE LIGHT LUNCHES.

RATHBUN'S
29 East Superior St.

Both phones **656.** Simon Clark, Mgr.

Saturday Specials

Worthy the attention of frugal housekeepers, who want the best goods for the least money.

ORANGES! ORANGES! ORANGES!

A very special snap—Large juicy sweet Seedlings—
per dozen, **15c** per case, **$2.10**

Navel Oranges, best quality—per doz— **20c, 25c and 35c**

New Made Table Butter, extra good value—per lb— **25c**

Best Quality Creamery Butter—per lb— **27c**

Picnic Hams, sweet and tender—per lb— **8 cents**

DOWN GOES EGGS!
Now is the time to buy Eggs as they are strictly fresh. Farmers do not hold them a day in a dropping market—per dozen— **18 cents**

Kirks' Laundry Soap—10 bars— **25 cents.**

FISH! FISH! FISH!	
Cromarty Bloaters, 4 for	10c
Finnan Haddies, per lb	9c
Mackerel, 3 lbs	25c
Imported Holland Herrings, Kit	70c
2-lb Bricks Codfish	15c
3 large cans Red Salmon	25c
6 cans Domestic Sardines	25c
2 cans Imported Sardines	25c

SHIPMENT OF FRESH SALT WATER FISH!

FRESH VEGETABLES IN ABUNDANCE.	
3 heads Lettuce	10c
Cauliflower, each	10 & 15c
Jersey Sweet Potatoes, 6 lbs	25c
Florida Tomatoes, per lb	15c
Cucumbers, each	15c

Strawberries, Grape Fruit and every delicacy in the market.

Success Brand Java and Mocha Coffee excels all other brands—3-lb cans— **85 cents**

SPECIAL DRIVES!	
Baking Chocolate, per lb	25c
3 full cans Red Salmon for	25c
3-lb can Table Pears, 3 cans	25c
Corn, Peas and Tomatoes, 3 cans	25c
Full Cream New York Cheese, per lb	15c
Cheapest and best Table Sauce in the city.	
2 doz good sized Oranges for	25c
Special on Patent Flour for Saturday only—	
98-lb sack	$1.80
49-lb sack	90c

Yerxa Bros.' Hoffman House Java and Mocha Coffee, same price as sold in their St. Paul, Minneapolis and Fargo stores, per lb 30c

RATHBUN'S,
29 East Superior St.

INDOOR BASEBALL GAME.

Will Be the Last For Several Weeks.

The last game of indoor baseball for several weeks will be played in the Armory on Friday evening between the Company A and Freimuth teams. Intense interest is manifest on all sides. The department store representatives are very confident of making the military men look like cadets, and the soldiers say they will cause the dry goods clerks to have the appearance of a remnant sale. The teams will play as follows:

Freimuths—	Company A.
Grouchau	catcher Dash
Dennis	pitcher Schipper
T. Irwin	right short King
Medley	left short Everington
Carroll	first base McKenney
Lauermann	second base Callahan
C. Irwin	third base Lamont
Rocklin	right field Maxwell
Webber	left field Maher

Change In Weather.

The head of the lakes region has experienced quite a change of weather today compared with the warm, spring-like condition that prevailed yesterday. The minimum temperature recorded at Duluth last evening was 24 degrees above zero, while the maximum for the twenty-four hours up to this morning was 46 degrees above zero. At 8 o'clock this morning the wind had a velocity of twenty-eight miles per hour. The local forecast indicates rain or snow tonight and Saturday, with brisk to high northeasterly winds. For the state the forecast indicates threatening weather. The barometer today is lowest over British Columbia and Kansas and highest over the Atlantic states and California. The depression over Kansas has caused increased cloudiness over the lake region. Moderate temperature prevails in Canada, north of the Dakotas and Minnesota.

MAY NOT COME NOW

Disagreement In Union Over Advance In Insurance Rates.

Considerable Feeling Engendered and Union's Life Threatened.

One Manager Tells Why Proposed Anvance Is Wrong.

It is not so certain that there will be an advance of 25 per cent in the rates of insurance on commercial and general business risks. The matter was submitted to the membership of the union, and it was expected that the union would vote to adopt the recommended advance. The Chicago Record-Herald, which has kept closely in touch with the matter, says that pressure from the East has caused a change in a number of the votes cast on the proposition. Much bad feeling has been engendered, and it is even rumored that the union may be broken up because of it. The Record-Herald says:

"The resolution submitted by the union reads as follows:

"Resolved, That the present condition of the fire insurance business throughout the country demands action by this committee in advancing the rates of premium, and it is therefore ruled that in the territory under the jurisdiction of the union the rates shall be advanced 25 per cent on mercantile stocks in all buildings, except such as are occupied for dwellings above the grade floor, and on frame store buildings, and on all manufacturing risks and other special hazards, to include cold storage risks, mill lumber yards and grain elevators which have not been rated under union schedules within one year, and such advanced rates to maintain until risks shall be rerated under union chedules. This ruling not to be apply to risks equipped with approved standard sprinkler system.

"Not a little ill feeling has been engendered over the situation, and both factions are predicting dire results from the success of the 'other side.' Leaders of both factions even go so far as to say that the life of the union is involved.

"In the discussion it has been charged that the Hartford is blocking the movement for advanced rates. Manager Cofran, of that company, explains his position and says that this view of the Hartford's attitude is wholly erroneous. The company is not opposed to increased rates, but to horizontal advances, and believes that the end should be accomplished by the means of schedules that may be defended and which equitably apply ratings. Discussing the subject yesterday, Mr. Cofran said:

"A flat advance in rates is not justifiable and if insisted upon will invite hostile legislation. It is impracticable to make a flat advance in anti-compact states, and that is where the advance is most needed.

"The conditions in the West are entirely different from those confronting the East. No exigency exists in the West for a horizontal advance of 25 per cent on the business named in the Eastern union resolution. Certain unprofitable special hazards and stocks of merchandise should have an advance in rates, but only upon the application of proper schedules. The work of applying these schedules is now going on and it should be expedited, even to the extent of doubling the force of inspectors.'"

RESTRAINED.

People's Telephone Company at Virginia Must Await Decision.

Judge Cant has filed an order temporarily restraining the People's Telephone company , of Virginia, from setting poles or stringing wires in the streets of that city. This is the second order of that character that has been issued in this case. The first one was dissolved some weeks ago on a technicality. The new order simply prevents the company from doing anything farther in its construction until the case is tried at the current term of district court.

The People's company is a competitor of the Bell company, and seeks to extend its system over the range. It bases its right to occupy the streets of the cities without the granting of a franchise on the public highway statute. Virginia has an ordinance that prevents obstructing the streets or digging holes. The telephone company claims it received from Gus Blomberg, chairman of the city council committee on streets, a permit to go ahead and set its poles.

MAY GET SWITCH BOARD.

Possibility That One Can Be Had at Minneapolis.

Late this afternoon the directors of the Zenith Telephone company were notified that a switchboard belonging to the Independent Telephone company in Minneapolis might be available to replace the switchboard destroyed in this morning's fire.

The directors expect a switchboard expert from Chicago tomorrow morning and until he arrives they will not know whether the Minneapolis board can be used or not.

PAWNED THE INSTRUMENT.

Emil Dorn Charged With Stealing By J. H. Flaaten.

Emil Dorn was brought down from the range today, under arrest for grand larceny in the second degree. He will be arraigned for preliminary examination in the municipal court this afternoon.

Dorn is accused of borrowing a musical instrument from Jens H. Flaaten, the orchestra director, and not returning it. It is claimed that he pawned the instrument and then went up on the range.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaken, 31 East Sup. St.

Smoke Duluth Herald cigar, 5 cents.

Parlor theater. Vaudeville's latest hits.

A large delegation from Diamond lodge, Knights of Pythias, of the West End, will go out to New Duluth next Monday evening to assist in the initiation of a class of candidates.

The banquet and celebration which the West Duluth camp of Modern Woodmen had planned in event of the state banner recently awarded the camp for membership, has been postponed until May 4, as the Armory will be in continuous use for some time on account of the entertainment given by Company C.

Wood's Railway Guide for Michigan and Wisconsin for March has been received in the city.

Alfred Jacques and Miss Lucy Jacques of the city treasurer's office were advised yesterday of the death of their father, W. C. Jacques, of Geneseo, Ill. It took place yesterday morning. He was 80 years of age. They left for that place today to attend the funeral.

W. B. Blatt, who has been stationed at Cloquet has been appointed day chief operator and H. W. Cleveland night chief operator.

Napoleon Grignon has been awarded the contract for building a sand scow of 500 yards' capacity for the Osborn company.

Bishop McGolrick will speak on "Gibbon" before the Saturday club tomorrow afternoon. The members of the club are privileged to invite their friends to hear the bishop.

Shirts French dry cleaned, 75 cents, $1, $1.25; dyeing same, at Kelly's. Both 'phones.

Parlor theater. Great big show.

Articles of incorporation of the Fitzsimmons-Derrig company were filed with the register yesterday afternoon. The company will succeed to the fruit and commission business of the partnership which has been conducted under the same name. It will be capitalized at $50,000, last for thirty years and will be subject to a debt limit of $50,000. The incorporators are Stephen G. Palmer, and Edward R. Cooley, of Minneapolis, and John Derrig and Charles T. Fitzsimmons, of Duluth. Charles T. Fitzsimmons is president, Stephen G. Palmer, vice president; Edward R. Cooley, secretary, and John Derrig, treasurer.

A permit was issued by the building inspector this afternoon for the 4-story addition to the St. Louis hotel. The estimated cost as shown on the permit book is $30,000. The Clyde Iron works has taken out a permit for a $13,800 machine shop to be located in the rear of its present Lake avenue plant.

Fred Benson was fined $5 and costs in police court today for spitting on the floor of a street car.

Probate Judge Bonham yesterday afternoon restored Louis Felix to legal accountability. In other words his wife was discharged from guardianship. Felix, who lives at West Duluth, sustained injuries to his brain in a street car accident last summer. He sued the street car company and his wife was appointed guardian for the purposes of the suit. He received $5500 in settlement of his claim for damages.

Flaaten's orchestra will give another of its series of concerts at the Armory Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Edmund Ingalls has brought suit in district court to clear title to lot 1, block 15, Merchants' Park division of Duluth. Mary Maloney and others are defendants. Towne & Merchant are plaintiff's attorneys.

Enterprising Manufacturers

The Duluth Cigar Company has now got a man working in the window of LUNDBERG & STONE, making clear Havana Cigars, and offering $100 forfeit on every one proven not clear Havana. Try one and be convinced.

PERSONALS.

William Park, of Fargo, N. D., formerly superintendent of schools at Virginia, is visiting his brother, A. T. Park, of West Duluth.

B. W. Arnold, of Detroit, Mich., a member of the lumber firm of Alger, Smith & Co., arrived in the city this morning on business connected with the company's interests.

Joseph Miksak, the Chicago lumberman, is in the city today.

J. W. Cochrane, a prominent Ashland, Wis., logger, was a business caller in the city today.

E. M. Barrett went to St. Paul last night over the Eastern.

W. H. Eaton will be a Chicago-bound passenger on the Fast Mail this afternoon.

Don Gearhart will leave this afternoon for the Coast, via Chicago.

Capt. Christy is again confined to his room with rheumatism.

John Korby came down from Ely this morning. He is at the St. Louis.

General Agent Blanche of the Northern Pacific will go to St. Paul tonight.

Mrs. C. D. Thompson, is visiting in St. Paul.

W. E. Morrow, assistant auditor of the Pittsburg Steamship company, and J. G. Williams will leave this afternoon on the Fast Mail for Chicago.

John I. Thomas returned this morning from a trip to St. Paul.

A. D. Davidson is going to Chicago this afternoon over the Omaha.

J. E. Johnston, of Cass Lake, is a guest at the St. Louis.

You Will Not Object

To March weather in Duluth, if you are provided with a WALTON BLANKET, which we will give you FREE with one pound of GRAND UNION BAKING POWDER, Saturday, Mar. 8. **Grand Union Tea Company.**

BRINGS HIGH PRICE.

Membership In Duluth Board of Trade Brings $900.

A membership in the Duluth board of trade sold today for $900. The purchaser was a Minneapolis party.

Thirty days ago all of the memberships that remained within the $500 limit, twenty-two in number, were sold at that price.

It is reported that the re is no more to be had at $900. The board itself will sell no more for less than $1000.

Flaaten's Concert Orchestra —Sunday Afternoon at 3.
Admission, 25 Cents. **ARMORY**

Wine Room Hearing.

This is the afternoon set for public expression on the wine room ordinance, but at 3 o'clock very little public interest was manifest.

The city officers have been sending over the country for information relative to the effect of similar ordinances in other cities.

For the most part the only information obtained from this source is a copy of the ordinance without comment for or against or whether it was enforced or not.

In Michigan there is a state law against wine rooms in saloons, but it is not enforced.

A LANDMARK.

St. Nicholas Hotel on Minnesota Point Is Scorched.

One of the old Lake avenue landmarks, the St. Nicholas hotel, was so badly damaged by fire this morning that it will be torn down.

The building is located at 520-522 South Lake avenue and is owned by the estate of John D. Howard. The roof caught fire from a defective chimney and those that watched the fire were afraid that nothing could stop the flames at first, and then afraid that they would be stopped.

The building is so old that it was of little value, and even those interested thought that burning would not be bad. There was no insurance on it.

The firemen managed to confine the damage to the roof, but at the office of J. D. Howard & Co., the agents, it was said that the structure had served its purpose during the past thirty-one years, and what remains will be torn down. The tenants of the house were greatly excited and very numerous.

ALLEGES ASSAULT.

Richard Cullen Makes Charge Against Young Man.

Swagger society palpitated with suppressed excitement yesterday afternoon. Richard Cullen generally so immaculate, was seen on Superior street in the afternoon carrying his silk hat in his hand and bleeding softly on the quivering pave.

Swagger society was surprised, because a silk hat should not be carried in the hand after high noon, and bleeding from the face is not considered good form till after 1 o'clock in the morning.

The cause of the sensational violation of the code of etiquette was explained this afternoon when Mr. Cullen secured a warrant from the city attorneys' office for the arrest of Hilary Smallwood, a young land attorney. In the complaint it is alleged that Mr. Cullen was maliciously beaten and bruised by the young man.

The warrant will probably be served late this afternoon or tomorrow, and the case is liable to attract considerable attention when it comes up in police court.

LUMBERING AT PORT WING.

Manufacturers Expected to Cut Twenty Million Feet.

J. R. Calkins, a member of the Moore, Keppel & Co.'s lumber manufacturing firm, of Port Wing, Wis., made a brief business call in the city today. Mr. Calkins says that his company will finish up its logging operations inside of a week or ten days. George Cochrane, who has been logging for the company has already finished his contract.

Moore, Keppel & Co. operate the only sawmill at Port Wing, and the output this season will be 20,000,000 feet. This is about the amount they manufactured last year and in 1900. They expect to start the mill on the season cut about the middle of April, that being the date at which they have been enabled to start up within the past two years.

Mr. Calkins says conditions for logging have been excellent this past winter along the south shore, and that there is plenty of snow and good sleighing even at the present time. He looks forward to a prosperous year in the lumber trade.

ABATES PART OF IT.

Mileage For Serving Papers Reduced In Certain Cases.

A resolution adopted by the county commissioners at their meeting this week will effect a considerable saving in costs incurred in serving mortgage fore closure papers on the ranges.

Assistant County Attorney Crosby prepared the resolution. It provides that in the serving of papers more than fifty miles distant from Duluth, where the papers may be served by other officers than those connected with the sheriff's office, one-half the costs and mileage may be abated, after the county attorney's consent has been obtained.

The saving is shown for instance in serving papers in a foreclosure case at Tower. The mileage charged up would be $20. Under the provisions of this resolution half of this sum would be saved.

BY DAY LABOR.

Patrick Building May Be Built That Way.

It is likely that the F. A. Patrick & Company building will be built on the day labor plan as was the Marshall-Wells Hardware company building and as the Wolvin building is now being built. No decision has been made known as yet, but contractors have gained the idea that that is to be done.

There has been more or less rumor as to who is the lowest bidder and almost every contractor who put in figures has been reported at one time or another as being so. The lowest bidder, however, was L. D. Campbell & Co.

More Bonded Elevators.

Authority was received by wire from the treasury department today for the bonding of two more elevators for the reception of bonded grain from Canada.

Cars of grain had been lying on the tracks here for a day or so for want of room in a bonded house. They were given storage today.

In elevator E 121 bins have been bonded and in elevator F 22.

THE VICE OF NAGGING

Clouds the happiness of the home, but a nagging woman often needs help. She may be so nervous and run down in health that trifles annoy her. If she is melancholy, excitable, troubled with loss of appetite, headache, sleeplessness, constipation or fainting and dizzy spells, she needs Electric Bitters, the most wonderful remedy for ailing women. Thousands of sufferers from female troubles, nervous troubles, backache and weak kidneys have used it, and become healthy and happy. Try it. Only 50c. W. A. Abbett, druggist, guarantees satisfaction.

ST. VALENTINE'S SKULL CAP.

The Rev. James Dean, O. S. A., of Villanova college, has come into one of the most precious relics of his order in America. It is a cap worn by St. Ubaldus, who in the twelfth century was bishop of Gubio.

In 1888 the body of the saint was removed from the tomb and the skull cap, 800 years old, was rescued from oblivion. A sealed document accompanies the relic to attest its genuineness.

About this silken cap cluster some most interesting incidents of church history and the record of a most useful and consecrated life.

St. Ubaldus was born at Gubio, Italy, early in the twelfth century, the son of a nobleman. Early in life the youth determined to give himself to the church and, despite fierce parental opposition, entered the seminary of SS. Martin and James. Later he took up studies at the Seminary of St. Secundus.

Finishing his course, he was appointed prior of the cathedral by the bishop of Gubio. While in this position he corrected several abuses which had crept in among the canons. Ubaldus next visited a community of regular canons, established by the pious Peter de Monastis. He carefully noted the rigid discipline of this community, and upon his return to Gubio three months later he established its rule in that chapter, thus rendering the reformation complete.

In 1126 St. Ubaldus was made bishop of Perugia. Having no desire to fill so exalted a position, he hurled to the outlying country and afterward made his way to Rome. While there he importuned Pope Honorius II to free him from his trust. His request was granted. A few years after, the see of Gubio being vacant, the pope ordered the clergy to re-elect Ubaldus to that dignity. In the year 1129 Pope Honorius consecrated him with his own hands, a very great honor and showing the high esteem in which Ubaldus was held.

Ubaldus received the skull cap while bishop of Gubio. A rich merchant, hearing of the holy man's great success in curing diseases, made application to him and was almost immediately cured of a malady of many years' duration. In return for so great a kindness the merchant offered the bishop a large sum of money, together with many acres of the finest land. This generous offer was flatly refused by Ubaldus.



The best and most Stylishly made Clothing For Men and Boys

Hart, Schaffner & Marx's Fine Spring Suits and Overcoats NOW READY.

Our Boys' Clothing Department.

Two and three-piece Suits that represent particular excellence in style, appearance and substantial make that Juvenile Clothing should have, but usually does not. The cut and style of these Suits are the same as the most expensive Men's Clothing, and we particularly commend them to parents as being the best in the world.

Double-Breasted Suits,

Suits that are particularly attractive and extra desirable—made in plain materials and in fancy patterns of Worsteds, Cheviots, Cassimeres, Serges and all fashionable fabrics.



These cuts represent some of our new styles in Boys' Attire. Look them over closely.

New Sailor Suits--

The always fashionable and popular Sailor Suits for Boys are here this Spring in more styles than any house in the city. It will pay you to see them—**Prices from $1.75 to $8.00.**



The New "Pan Tourist" Hat

in all the new styles and shades from-- **$1.50 to $4**

The Gordon Hat and the Lampher Hat—new styles and shades

The Most Complete Shoe Dept

in the City. The Royal Blue shoe, the best **$3.50** shoe in America, and for $2.50 the best value on earth

ALL AMERICA SHOE



$3.50 CUSTOM SHAPES

The Largest and Most Complete Furnishing Goods Department in the Northwest.

Kenney, Anker & Denny,
The New Clothing Store.
409-411 West Superior Street, Duluth.



For Sociability and Good Fellowship....

At home, or for table or family use, there is no beverage that gives so much satisfaction and genuine pleasure as the "MOOSE BRAND BEER." Our rich and mellow bock beer that we offer annually at this season, is both food and drink, and is strengthening and nourishing. Drop us a postal card or telephone us and we will send a case to your order at any time.

Duluth Brw'g & Malting Co.
Either 'Phone 241.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Mike Miller and Mary Kelly.
Ole Segben and Annie Peterson.

DEATHS.

CUSACK—The funeral service of the late James J. Cusack, who was killed by an electric shock Wednesday morning, will be held in the home of H. LeRoy, 40 First avenue west, at 8:30 tomorrow (Saturday) morning. Immediately after the service at the house, mass will be celebrated in the Catholic cathedral by Rev. Father Corbett. Temporarily the body will be placed in a vault at Forest Hill cemetery. The interment will be in Calvary cemetery.

Open day and night. New 'Phone 1388.
FLOOD & HORGAN,
Undertakers and Embalmers,
730 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

HOME GROWN FLOWERS, Floral Designs and Lodge Emblems. Wedding Decorations made on short notice. Largest Greenhouses.
EISCHEN BROS. 229 W. Superior St. Both Phones.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

LADIES DOING FINE SEWING OR fancy work recommend Satin-Skin to keep hands soft, supple and white. 25c.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

WATCH IT! Watch the Urine, should it contain a "brick-dust" like deposit; should it be too highly colored; should urination be too frequent, painful in passage or irregular in any way, 'tis a serious matter—demands attention. When the kidneys fail in their work—when their delicate fibrous filters become clogged, they warn you through the back. The back has many aches and pains from kidney ills. Help the kidneys when they're sick—help them before congestion or inflammation makes you miserable; before urinary disorders appear. Doan's Kidney Pills relieve the kidneys—cure the aching back and every kidney ill down to dangerous Diabetes, Dropsy, Bright's disease. Positive proof of the efficacy of Doan's Kidney Pills in the testimony of friends and neighbors.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

Duluth Proof

Second Street West

Mrs. G. H. Albright, of 822 Second street west, says: "My young son, about 6 years old, had a severe attack of scarlet fever and from that time he suffered continally from a weakness of the kidneys and the auxillary organs. He tired easily and even complained of his back hurting him and of headaches, and at night he was very restless. Instead of getting better as he grew older he kept getting worse. When I saw Doan's Kidney Pills advertised I determined to get some and went to W. A. Abbett's drug store, at No. 201 West Superior street, and procured a box. After a few days I noticed he was getting better and continued the treatment until all the symptoms of the trouble left him."

Second Ave. West

Mrs. Letitte Cole, living at 513 Second avenue east, says: "During five or six years I suffered a great deal with my kidneys and at times was very bad, especially if I caught cold or over-exerted myself. My health was generally run down and I felt used up. There was a constant heavy, dull, aching pain across the small of my back and in my kidneys. The secretions from these organs were unnatural and deposited a heavy sediment. I tried different remedies at different times, but did not succeed in getting anything to help me. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills highly recommended I procured a box at W. A. Abbett's drug store and began to use them. They helped me at once and I rapidly grew better and stronger. I cannot speak too highly of Doan's Kidney Pills and I unhesitatingly recommend them to others."



Duluth Proof

East Fourth Street

Mr. C. Coons, conducting a meat market at 104 East Fourth street, says: "For three or four years there was a severe, heavy aching across the small of my back; I did not rest well at night and rose in the morning feeling tired and worn out; the secretion from the kidneys was irregular and highly colored and on standing deposited a heavy sediment. I felt generally run down and no energy or ambition left. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills advertised and having heard them highly spoken of, I procured them at the Duluth Drug company and commenced to use them. In a few days I noticed an improvement and the aches and pains soon left me. My appetite became good, I slept well and felt refreshed in the mornings. I began to gain weight, and in fact never felt better in my life."

First Avenue East

Mrs. E. Jackson, of 23 First avenue east, says: "I had kidney complaint for eight or ten years and during that time endured suffering that I can scarcely describe. I had heavy bearing-down pains through the small of my back and in the kidneys. The least cold or over-exertion always affected me, and for days at a time I have been so bad that I could scarcely get around. I could not rest at night and had to brace my back by placing a pillow beneath it. The secretions from the kidneys were highly colored, distressing and annoying. I also suffered from severe throbbing pains through the temples, especially when I first arose in the morning. The least exertion used me up and I felt generally run down. I was advised to try Doan's Kidney Pills, procured a box at W. A. Abbett's drug store and used them. I never had anything to do me so much good."

GET DOAN'S. Don't accept a substitute. Nothing else as good. No other kidney remedy endorsed by people you know.

All Druggists sell Doan's Kidney Pills. Price 50 cents per box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., Sole Proprietors.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

IS FOUND AT LAST

Texas Mother Learns Whereabouts of Long Lost Daughter.

She Was Kidnaped By Her Father Many Years Ago.

Was Spirited Away After a Divorce Was Granted.

El Paso, Tex., March 7.—A story that reads like a chapter from a French novel has just come to light here by a strange combination of circumstances. The chief character in the romance upon whom interest naturally centers is Lucile Wade, a beautiful girl now attending a boarding school at Bowling Green, Ky. Eleven years ago she was kidnaped from the city by relatives, and every effort of her mother to discover where she was kept in hiding proved futile until a short time ago, when her whereabouts were revealed in an entirely unexpected manner. The story is replete with interest from beginning to end.

In 1891 a suit for divorce was instituted in this city by Mrs. Blanche Wade, one of the noted beauties of the Southwest, whose marriage less than ten years before had been one of the events of the season in which it occurred. Her husband was a young civil engineer, whose career promised to be a successful one, but it turned out otherwise.

After a bitter fight in the courts, which engendered much ill-will among the relatives of the husband and wife, the court granted her a decree of divorce and custody of their two children, Lucile, the elder, and Blanche, the baby. Only a short time elapsed until one day the husband disappeared and the elder girl with him. The mother was broken-hearted, but after recovery from the first shock of grief at the separation, was buoyed up by hope. She used every means in her power to trace the child, expending a small fortune for that purpose, but all to no avail. All manner of rumors reached her, but when traced to their source they were found to be without foundation. One day word came that the little girl had been seen by American tourists on the streets of Chihuahua, Mexico, in rags, begging for pennies. Her mother promptly secured the aid of influential Americans, and the governor of Chihuahua agreed to return the child to her. In the meantime the little girl was spirited away and all trace of her utterly lost. Some five years later she was reported to be in a convent in St. Louis, where she had been placed by her husband's relatives, but this story also proved baseless when investigated.

Three years ago the child's father died in Mexico and his body was brought to this country, after a long wrangle with the Mexican authorities, and buried here.

It was then that the missing girl's mother lost all hope of ever seeing her child again. Believing that the secret of the child's whereabouts was locked in the bosom of the dead man and would never be revealed, she became resigned. Now comes the strangest part of the story. About six months ago the sister of the dead man quarreled with her husband over an estate and sued for divorce, and the bitterness between them became intense. While the case was pending in the courts here she sought out the mother of the missing girl and told her the whole story of the kidnaping episode, withholding nothing. The little one had been taken from El Paso to Chihuahua, and when about to be recovered, the detectives of the husband removed the child to Kansas, where she had been reared at the home of another of his relatives.

At the age of 15 the little girl was placed in Potter college at Bowling Green, Ky., and is there at the present time. The overjoyed mother, who had not seen her daughter for eleven years, was quick to communicate with the authorities of the Kentucky school, and in reply received a long letter and the photograph of her daughter, now an exquisitely lovely girl of 18.

Mother—Now is the time to have your little ones take Rocky Mountain Tea. Keeps them well all the year. Great medicine for children. 35 cts. Ask your druggist.

G. A. R.

Department of Minnesota Elects Officers For Ensuing Year.

Minneapolis, March 7.—The Minnesota Department of the Grand Army of the Republic yesterday elected the following officers: Commander—Perry Starkweather, Minneapolis; senior vice commander, Isaac L. Mahan, St. Paul; junior vice commander, Harrison White; assistant adjutant general, Orton S. Clark, Minneapolis; assistant quartermaster general, E. N. Leavens, Faribault.

The 1902 G. A. R. commander in Minnesota was nominated by Governor Samuel R. Van Sant in a rousing speech, which was applauded to the echo by the 500 veterans present.

Isaac L. Mahan, of St. Paul, junior vice commander, was promoted to the senior vice commandership, and the only contest of the day was for the office of junior vice commander. After the first ballot, which resulted in 149 votes for Harrison White, 138 for M. W. Bates and 50 for J. Frank Locke, the latter withdrew his name.

The morning session developed a heated discussion in which many prominent G. A. R. men took part. There were present Governor Van Sant, Judge L. W. Collins, of the supreme court; Lieutenant Governor Ives of St. Peter; Brig. Gen. Adams, of Minneapolis, and former senior vice commander-in-chief, and Gen. J. H. Mullen.

The resolution which provoked the principal discussion contained a severe arraignment of Pension Commissioner Evans, but it was lost, following sage observations by prominent members of the order, who deprecated the strange language used toward the head of the pension department. Following the defeat a resolution arranging the department for its illiberal construction of the pension laws was adopted.

Another resolution, commending President Roosevelt for his civil service pronounciamento regarding the preference that should be shown to G. A. R. veterans under the civil service laws, was unanimously adopted.

An enjoyable feature was the presentation of a diamond badge to the retiring department commander, William H. Harris.

For cuts, burns and bruises DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is unequalled. Draws out the fire, stops the pain, soon heals the wound. Beware of dangerous counterfeits. Sure cure for piles. Max Wirth.

COMMISSION COMPANY

Organized By Representatives of Independent Elevators.

St. Paul, March 7.—After a two days' session, representatives of the independent country elevators of the Northwest yesterday organized the Northwestern Co-operative Commission company, with a capital of $1,500,000, and it is announced that offices will be opened in Minneapolis, Duluth, Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Louis and Kansas City on March 15.

It is the intention of the company to secure membership on the various boards of trade throughout the country and to conduct a regular commission business in harmony with board of trade rules. Arrangements have been made, it is said, by which ample funds will be secured to finance the enterprise. The commission company is a part of the plan outlined at the organization of the Northwestern Independent Elevator association at Fargo, N. D.

A Splendid Assortment!

Of "Young Men's" suits—sizes ages 15 to 19 years. The latest up to date styles, perfect fitters, popular prices—$4.00, $5.00, $7.00, $8.00, $10.00, $12.00 and $15.00.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

WOLVIN SYNDICATE

May Buy Property of Prescott Elevator Company.

Ogdensburg, N. Y., March 7.—The Prescott Elevator company, operating a large grain elevator at Prescott, Ont., has been declared to be insolvent by the courts, and the Ottawa Trust and Deposit company has been appointed to close up its affairs. The elevator was built several years ago to compete with the Ogdensburg and Kingston elevators for export grain elevating on the St. Lawrence route, and was capitalized at $300,000. It has done very little business for two years, most of the grain being elevated at Parry sound, Georgian bay. Representatives of the Wolvin syndicate inspected the elevator and the fleet of eight steel barges and a tug yesterday. They expect to purchase the plant for the syndicate's new lake and river route from Duluth to Quebec.

SLAVE TO MORPHINE

Pretty Miss Geraldine Mitchell Died In Toledo Hotel.

Sweetheart Only One Who Knew of Her Failing.

The Poor, to Whom She Had Been Generous, Wept.

Toledo, Ohio, March 7.—Flowers placed on the casket of Miss Geraldine Mitchell, who committed suicide, and the attendance of numbers of bootblacks and newsboys, who presented them, and who were the chief mourners, made a strange funeral. The boys pronounced hearty "amens" to the prayers offered for the reporse of her soul and wept all through the ceremony. The little fellows said that she was their best friend; that she bought clothes and shoes for them, fed them when hungry and helped them sell their papers when they were left on their hands.

Miss Mitchell died several days ago, but only Tuesday did all the facts connected with her death become known. For a year she had been a confirmed morphine fiend, so cuningly concealing her failing that it was known only to a devoted lover. No girl in Toledo should have been happier than she. Beautiful, young, with wealth at her command, accomplished in music and art, with a good store of learning in other branches of knowledge, sought for and made a leader in society, she was the envy of her young associates. The wealthy loved her for her beauty and accomplishments, the poor adored her for her kindly bearing and charitable acts. Of admirers among the young men she had scores, but while all were treated graciously, only one, Arthur Blankmeier, was favored. Her father is L. E. Mitchell, but she made her home with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Freeman, of 2322 Chase street.

About a year ago, when at the height of her reign as society's leader, she was seized with inflammatory rheumatism. Her sister gave her some morphine to relieve the pain, and she was soon as well as ever. The effects of the drug seemed pleasant to her and she secured and took some of it in a few days. Then began her downfall. From that time on she was a confirmed morphine fiend. In tablets, as a powder, by hypodermic injections—any way she could get it she used it, a little constantly and a greater quantity at intervals when she went on "morphine sprees." These at first only lasted for a day or two once every three or four weeks. Then they came oftener and were more prolonged, until within the last few weeks she had been almost constantly under the influence of the drug.

During all this time her grandparents, her father and her associates knew naught of her failing, only her sweetheart was aware of it(and his aim was by gentle words and helpful means to break her of the habit. Her secret was kept by him, and he aided her in concealing it from others. Her custom was to go to a hotel and register under an assumed name, then remain in her room until her "spree" was over, after which she returned home and told her grandparents she had been spending the time at the home of some friends. Between these periods she attended to her social duties, visited the poor and sick and relieved their wants, took her usual place in the choir of St. James' M. E. church and did more than her share of the work in the Epworth league, never a suspicion of her awful habit being cast before any of those with whom she came in contact.

For some time she had been in the habit of registering at the Lincoln hotel. She became troublesome during a violent spree and was requested afterward to leave. She went at once to the Niagara hotel and began the ordeal that ended in death. On reaching her room there she hid tablets and boxes and bottles of morphine in every conceivable place, even in her hair and in the mattress on the bed. Not wanting to go home she pawned her rings and other jewelry, purchasing the drug with the proceeds. When a physician was finally called she told him she wanted to die and that she had swallowed a handful of tablets and some ammonia on top of them. He succeeded of relieving her stomach of the poison and she immediately pulled more tablets from her hair and ate them. She took enough of the drug to kill a score of ordinary persons before the end finally came. With a clerk of the Lincoln hotel she had an hour's talk before death, but he will not divulge one word of her statement to him. She did not ask to see her sweetheart in her last hours.

Aside from her one bad habit Miss Mitchell's life had been one of purity, Christianlike in every way. She was looked upon as the soul of honor, a model of piety and devotion. When at college her powers in study were wonderful. A mere glance at her lesson seemed sufficient, where many of her mates poured for hours over the same task without mastering it. Music and art she acquired in the same way, while with strangers a word was sufficient to put them at ease and under the magnetic power of her many charms and graces. The funeral was a quiet one, but the actions of the little bootblacks and newsboys is a sample of the esteem in which she was held by rich and poor alike.

CABLE FLASHES.

A committee of the St. Paul Commercial club left for New York where, on March 11, they will assist in the unveiling of the bronze tablet to be placed on the steamship St. Paul, commemorating the record of that vessel as an auxillary cruiser in the Spanish-American war. The tablet is to be presented by citizens of St. Paul.

Paul Koch, 37 years old, of Helena, Mont., was stabbed to death Thursday by Foreman Tighe, at the boarding house of the East Pacific mine, near Winston. The men had quarreled and came to blows. Tighe seized a bread knife from the dining table and plunged it into the breast of his opponent, who expired almost instantly. Tighe is under arrest.

The George M. Hill company, Chicago, publishers, went into the hands of a temporary receiver by order of Judge Kohlsaat of the United States district court. The embarrassment of the firm is attributed to over-production.

Jack Haskell, who umpired for the American league last year, announces that he has signed a contract to umpire for the American association during the coming baseball season.

President C. T. Rice, of the Harvard Chess club, has received a letter from Oxford University accepting the challenge for a cable chess match extended to Oxford and Cambridge by Harvard, Yale and Princeton.

Patsey McDermott, the American jockey who rode successfully in England and France last year has been engaged to ride in Russia this season for Count Ribbeau Pierre. He will start for Russia in a few days.

Lieut. B. Van Schaick, who recently returned from the Philippines, says, according to a World dispatch from San Francisco, that Gen. Zeno of Cavite, the multimillionaire, has offered to give $500,000 to each American army officer who will marry his daughters.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

An engagement of federal troops and the still warlike Mayas, commanded by Chief Leon, is reported from Yucatan in which the rebels lost eighty killed, and 150 wounded. The encounter took place on the road to Guatemala near Santa Cruz and Peten.

The fog is general all over the United Kingdom and is a great hindrance to all traffic. In London Thursday night it was unusually dense, and when the people left the theaters vehicular traffic was found to be next to impossible. In many cases pedestrians were obliged to proceed with the aid of linkboys.

Cabling from Pretoria, Edgar Wallace, the correspondent of the London Daily Mail, says that he sees no reason why the war should not be prolonged for another year and perhaps for two years more.

A big demonstration occurred at Brussels Thursday in favor of universal suffrage. The assemblage sent a telegram to King Leopold, urging him to use his power to hasten a solution of the electoral problem. After the meeting a serious collision occurred between Liberal and Catholic students. The police dispersed the students with their swords. Three of the latter were wounded.

Low Rates West.

Every day via Great Northern railway. Commencing March 1, and daily thereafter during March and April, the Eastern Minnesota and Great Northern railway wil make very low one way settlers' rates to all points West, as follows: Butte, Helena, Anaconda, $20; Spokane, $2.50; Seattle ,Tacoma, Everett, Portland, Vancouver and points on the Southern Pacific railway north of Ashland, Oregon, $25. Also low rates to all intermediate points. Stop over privileges allowed on all tickets. For further information call at city ticket office, corner Spalding hotel.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway

Resumes dining car service. Beginning Friday, March 8, the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway will resume their dining car service on trains 7 and 8 in and out of Duluth, serving dinner on No. 8, leaving Duluth at 5:45 p. m. daily, and breakfast on No. 7, arriving Duluth 9:55 a. m.

$500 REWARD!

We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with Laxeria, the Up-To-Date Little Liver Pill, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely Vegetable, and never fail to give satisfaction. 25c boxes contain 100 Pills, 10c boxes contain 40 Pills, 5c boxes contain 15 Pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. Sent by mail. Stamps taken. NERVITA MEDICAL CO., Cor. Clinton and Jackson Sts., Chicago, Ill. Sold by

S. F. BOYCE, Druggist.
425 West Superior St. - Duluth, Minn.

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

FREE HELP FOR WEAK MEN

"CALTHOS"

Prof. Laborde's Marvelous French Cure for Lost Manhood.

FIVE DAYS' TRIAL TREATMENT



Sent Absolutely Free By Sealed Mail, TO ALL SUFFERERS.

NO C. O. D. OR PRESCRIPTION SCHEME.

The only preparation known to science which really cures Lost Manhood is "CALTHOS," the marvelous French remedy discovered by Prof. Jules Laborde. It is controlled in this country by The Von Mohl Company, of Cincinnati, Ohio, a concern which occupies a high and honorable place in the world of medicine. It is one of the largest and most responsible houses in Cincinnati, as anyone who is acquainted in that city will testify.

The Von Mohl Company invites all men suffering from Lost Manhood, Spermatorrhœa, Varicocele, Weakness of any nature in the Nerves or Sexual Organs, to send their names and receive a five days' treatment. This will prove the wonderful vitalizing powers of "CALTHOS." After using it five days the sufferers will find new vigor in their organs, new force in their muscles, new blood in their veins, new ambition, and rapid progress toward the buoyant feelings and sensations of younger days.

This liberal free offer is genuine. There is no swindling C. O. D. or prescription scheme connected with it. The five days' treatment is sent by sealed mail to all on request, wrapped in a plain package, and full printed instructions accompany the medicine, so that each patient becomes his own doctor and cures himself at home.

It doesn't make any difference what caused the weakness—whether bad habits in youth, or excess, or overwork, or business troubles. "CALTHOS" will effect a cure, no matter what big name the disease may be called by doctors.

The Von Mohl Company treats all correspondence in perfect confidence. Under no conditions will it make public the names of the thousands who have written testimonials telling of their restoration to robust manhood, after other medicines and appliances have proved worthless. "CALTHOS" is regularly used in the German and French armies, and the soldiers in those countries have come to be perfect models of strength and vitality. Cures are effected at all ages from twenty to eighty years. There is no case (except where the stage of epilepsy or insanity has been reached) which it will not radically, quickly and permanently cure. Sexual weakness does not cure itself. It grows worse from week to week. Each day aggravates the mental and physical anguish.

Send to-day for the free five days' trial treatment. If it helps you, more of the medicine can be purchased. If it does not help, no harm is done and no money has been paid out. You can send your name in the full knowledge that it will be kept from all. The "CALTHOS" department of our business is strictly confidential. Address applications for trial treatment, etc., to

The Von Mohl Co., 260 B, Largest Importers of Standard Preparations in the United States. Cincinnati, O.

Jap Rose Soap

[TRADE MARK]

one-sixth pure glycerin, is moderate in price but unsurpassed in quality.

With the perfume of natural flowers, there is no transparent soap so agreeable and delightful for toilet and bath.

Its maker's reputation is a guarantee of its high quality.

∞ JAMES S. KIRK & COMPANY

WILL HUMP.

Watterson Will Hustle For the Nomination For Governor.

Frankfort, Ky., March 7.—Since Hon. Henri Watterson, over a bottle of wine in the Waldorf-Astoria, announced that he would accept the Democratic nomination for governor of Kentucky, his friends explaining on the side, so as to speak, that the condescension of "Mars" Henri in the small matter of the gubernatorial nomination was due to the fact that he regarded the governorship as a somewhat unimportant but still essential step toward the presidency, there has been a vast deal of comment.

Most of it has been in the nature of more or less pungent wit perpetrated by the paragraphers who are humble brethren in the profession which acknowledges "Mars" Henri as its sole and champion heavyweight.

There has, in fact, appeared to be a disposition to accept the announcement as one of "Mars" Henri's jokes, predicted upon the staggering vastness of possibility which would be presented to the eye should "Mars" Henri ever really cut loose as a candidate. Day by day since that notable cork popping of the sweltering summer season the prospect of "Mars" Henri as a candidate has grown more and more fit to be described with that famous aphorism of the great phrase-maker himself—indeed, an iridescent dream.

But, hark! There comes a clarion note from Louisville to strike sharp upon the bile ear and stir the blood of thousands who have found intellectual sustenance in "Mars" Henri's double-barreled editorials, though somewhat pressed, perhaps, at times, in the matter of agility, to escape being left upon the ignoble side of wrong.

"Mars" Henri is not joking.

He will not only be a candidate, but a contender for the nomination.

Observing the painful impromptitude of his countrymen to concur gratefully and unanimously in the idea of his accession to the governor's chair, he will even, for his country's sake, waive the question of dignity and go after the nomination.

Already preparation is being made for a triumphal tour, and it is an assured fact that instead of sitting down to wait for honors to come to his door Col. Watterson will stump the state. That has been decided. Once more upon the hustings will be heard the voice of real oratory. The glories of the days of Clay, Crittenden and Marshall will be revived. There will be but one thing lacking. Necessarily Col. Watterson can have no competitor. There will be other candidates, no doubt, but there will be no opponent worthy of "Mars" Henri's lance in the lists of oratory.

The news of this startling determination on the part of Col. Watterson will no doubt occasion widespread surprise among his admirers, who have understood that his attitude was wholly receptive; that he would not deign to enter a sordid struggle for political preferment. But, nevertheless, it's a cinch.

Hon. Henri is after the nomination and after it hot. The beautiful scheme of dinified receptivity has been abandoned. A meeting of the Watterson cohorts held in Louisville last week decided the matter. Receptivity, it was decided, wouldn't work since the qualified electors of Kentucky are not all members of the Pendennis club. The receptivity racket is a dead one in the stern exigencies of modern politics.

It has been decided that it will be necessary for Col. Watterson to hump himself. And he will shortly proceed to hump.

SORES AND ULCERS.

Sores and Ulcers never become chronic unless the blood is in poor condition—is sluggish, weak and unable to throw off the poisons that accumulate in it. The system must be relieved of the unhealthy matter through the sore, and great danger to life would follow should it heal before the blood has been made pure and healthy and all impurities eliminated from the system. S.S.S. begins the cure by first cleansing and invigorating the blood, building up the general health and removing from the system all morbid, effete matter. *A CONSTANT DRAIN UPON THE SYSTEM.* When this has been accomplished the discharge gradually ceases, and the sore or ulcer heals. It is the tendency of these old indolent sores to grow worse and worse, and eventually to destroy the bones. Local applications, while soothing and to some extent alleviate pain, cannot reach the seat of the trouble. S. S. S. does, and no matter how apparently hopeless your condition, even though your constitution has broken down, it will bring relief when nothing else can. It supplies the rich, pure blood necessary to heal the sore and nourish the debilitated, diseased body.

Mr. J. B. Talbert, Lock Box 245, Winona, Miss., says: "Six years ago my leg from the knee to the foot was one solid sore. Several physicians treated me and I made two trips to Hot Springs, but found no relief. I was induced to try S. S. S., and it made a complete cure. I have been a perfectly well man ever since."

SSS is the only purely vegetable blood purifier known—contains no poisonous minerals to ruin the digestion and add to, rather than relieve your sufferings. If your flesh does not heal readily when scratched, bruised or cut, your blood is in bad condition, and any ordinary sore is apt to become chronic.

Send for our free book and write our physicians about your case. We make no charge for this service.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

GOT BRIDE CHEAP.

Flower of Gypsy Tribe Sold For $800.

Marion, Ind., March 7.—George Morgan, a gypsy, has purchased Miss Mary John for a bride and paid the tribe $800 for her. The tribe is camped along the Mississinewa river, near this city, and the wedding took place Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock.

The mother of the bride is the queen of the tribe, and the young lady will receive the title at her mother's death. Miss John is 17 years of age, has pretty, black, bewitching eyes, raven black hair and a nutbrown complexion, and is truly beautiful. Morgan is 21 years of age, of fine physique, and has an intelligent countenance. According to the marriage laws of the gypsies, it is necessary for the suitor to get the consent of the young lady and her parents and then purchase the bride from the tribe. A beautiful young woman like Miss John is considered a valuable chattel, and as the gypsies are shrewd traders, Morgan thinks he has made an excellent purchase in getting the flower of the tribe and the coming queen for an amount so small.

Members of the tribe came to the city and purchased the bride's trousseau. The wedding dress was of blue silk velvet, trimmed in jet ornaments, and was very elaborate.

WANDERED FOR HOURS

Through Dark Passages of an Abandoned Mine.

East Liverpool, Ohio, March 7.—Imprisoned over thirty hours in an abandoned mine while almost the entire neighborhood searched for their bodies, thinking they had fallen in the flooded river and perished, three boys of Coal Hollow, near Wellsville, have just been found.

The lads, Daniel Bolles, Jr., and John and David Easton, from 8 to 11 years old, started to explore an old mine with only a miner's lamp to guide them. The lamp soon went out and they had no matches. Through a whole day and a night they wandered in the darkness through the winding passages.

Thirsty, cold, hungry and desperate they had almost given up hope, when one of the searching party shouted into the mouth of the mine. They answered joyously, and soon guided themselves to daylight, half dead from their terrible ordeal.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured.

With local applications, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease, Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, price 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Low Rates West Every Day Via Great Northern Railway.

Commencing March 1st and daily thereafter during March and April, the Eastern Minnesota and Great Northern railway will make very low one way settlers' rates to all points West, as follows: Butte, Helena, Anaconda, $20; Spokane, $2.50; Seattle, Tacoma, Everett, Portland, Vancouver and all points on the Southern Pacific railway north of Ashland, Ore., $25.00. Also low rates to all intermediate points.

Interesting Facts.

Our heavy discounts on overcoats are recognized as facts. Don't delay your purchasing, as your size may be gone. It is a good investment.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

HINTS FOR HOME DRESSMAKERS

Now Is the Time to Buy Materials For the Spring Gowns, When Merchants' Shelves Are Well Filled.

New York, March 3.—The woman who does her own sewing in these days of ephemeral fashions and evanescent materials generally completes her winter wardrobe only to find the spring dressmaking looming on the horizon, her silk petticoats fraying into shreds about her feet and her lingerie coming from the laundress' vigorous hands in a state of dilapidation that makes her sigh for the days of her grandmother, when muslins and linens were worth making up even though the stitching and embroidery had all to be patient handwork.

If she is wise she will not make up her new gowns now, for the spring styles have not yet got beyond the stage of prophecy, but it is quite safe to decide upon materials and buy them while the merchants' shelves are well filled. Also the wise woman—and the home dressmaker must needs be that or a failure—overhauls her last summer frocks, picks out those worth making over, rips and cleans, sponges presses, dyes sometimes, and very likely ends by casting most of the stuff aside as worthless. If all this is done before new trimmings are purchased, much disappointment and money are saved, for there is nothing so deceiving as a half-worn gown, and ripping displays all its weak points.

When the home dressmaker has made an invoice of available assets, it is time enough to begin shopping. The motto on her shopping banner should be, "The best is the cheapest;" but as all rules have exceptions, so she will choose rather inexpensive materials with which to freshen the made-over gowns. Doubtless she has already learned that elaborate embroideries and expensive laces for undermuslins are a poor investment, to be relegated to those who have abundance of money and naught to do but spend it. Until white goods shall again be honestly bleached, the woman who does her own sewing will make up undergarments for her family in the simplest manner consistent with daintiness. Indeed, she must, having but two hands and 365 days in a year.

Home sewing done with makeshift tools has helped to make "homemade" a term of opprobium. Few implements are needed, but there is no doing without these. If you have not a sewing room, set up your workshop in the best available space. This may be the spare bedroom, a corner of your own chamber, or in the family sitting room. If the floor is carpeted, a sheet spread down where threads and scraps will fall will save much labor and wear of nerves. A cutting table is indispensable. "Tis a genius who can cut skirt breadths on the floor or the bed and make the skirt hang well. A firm and even surface for all cutting must be had, if the dining table has to be pressed into service. Have a pair of long, slender scissors with sharp blades. How much agony of mind has been caused by dull scissors when best gowns have been in process of evolution? A scissors grinder in time saves ninety-nine mauvais es quart d'heures. Have a good pressing board, and, if possible, a sleeve board, for much and careful pressing is to dressmaking what yeast is to bread. A measure of tin or rolled steel or a yardstick is to be preferred to the tape measure, which stretches with use and is much less exact.

Needles and pins of assorted sizes are a sine qua non. So is thread. How vexatious to come to a sudden standstill for lack of thread when you have just well begun and everything is going smoothly, and you are sure the frock will be finished in time for Mrs. B.'s little luncheon. Be forewarned, and be not stingy in the matter of thread. If a few spools are left, comfort yourself. You will live to use it.

Now, put your sewing machine in order. Clean it by first applying gasoline just as you do oil. The gasoline will cut and clean out the old dried oil. Wipe all the gasoline off carefully, then oil as usual, wipe again carefully, and let the machine stand a day before using. Finally be sure you have at hand all the materials you will need—linings, whalebones, tapes, belting, canvas or crinoline, hooks and eyes, buttons, buttonhole twist and even shields.

The methodical precision that makes a good carpenter is also a valuable asset the dressmaker, and to speak of a dress as "built" is to speak very much to the point. One may have all the taste in the world, and fail at dressmaking for lack of a liberal use of basting-thread and a disregard for "the straight of the goods." Patterns are generally marked to show in which way the threads of the materials should run and to deviate a very little from the way marked out is to ruin the hang of your skirt or the fit of your bodice. To lay the pattern on the cloth becomes, therefore, a very important matter, for mistakes in this particular cannot be remedied. In cutting a skirt, begin with the lining and exercise just as much care as for the outer material. On no account be tempted to shift the pattern a bit to save the goods. Pin the pattern down securely and cut accurately to preserve the curves in perfection. All facings must be cut to fit exactly, whether they be of silk, haircloth, canvas or crinoline; and, except in the case of canvas, the threads of the facing should run in the same direction as in the lining and outer material. Then baste liberally, being careful not to shove or stretch the goods. It is far easier to baste in the first instance than to rip the work out and do it over. Place the crinoline, haircloth, canvas or stiffening on the lining, stitching it to it; then cover with the outer material, leaving the stiffening between, if the goods is sufficiently heavy. If not, the stiffening must be put on the under side of the lining, and an inside facing deep enough to cover it, added.

An unlined skirt of very heavy material, such as is sometimes used for rainy-day dresses, may have lapped seams, made by laying edge over edge, and stitching close to each edge. This makes the seam the same on each side of the skirt, and is very neat. The bottom may be bound with fine braid and carefully stitched, or a very narrow hem may be turned and stitched. If the hem is to be at all deep, it is better to use a facing of the material cut just to fit and turned up so that the seam will come exactly on the edge. Do no stitching until the material is basted firmly into place, unless you wish to get a shirred effect, and be careful to press every seam in skirt and hem and the entire hem as well. Good pressing cannot be hurried. If stitching is not used, sew the hem to the under side of the skirt by hand, being careful not to let the stitches appear on the outside of the skirt.

Most long skirts are now made with a drop lining, or with none at all, to be worn over silk petticoats. If the material is light, a deep facing of silk or fine, firm wool is necessary. A two-inch strip of crinoline cut exactly on the bias is basted inside the skirt, two inches from the bottom. A two-inch hem is then turned up to cover the crinoline, and if the skirt is not stitched is "blind-stitched" to the back surface of the cloth. If stitching is used, it is done before the silk facing is put in. This silk facing, like all other facings, is cut to fit the skirt. Cut it before the gores are basted together, by laying each gore on the silk in turn and cutting the facing exactly by it. The facing, if varying at all, should be a trifle larger round than the skirt. Baste the facing in the skirt, turning the top and bottom edges in neatly against the cloth, and hemming down so that no stitches appear on the outside. Lastly, press thoroughly. The secret of good tailoring lies in carefully preserved lines, even stitching and thorough pressing. The most careful fitting comes to naught if the machine needle travels indiscriminately first on one side of the basted line and then on the other.

Always put on the belt before finishing the bottom of the skirt, for if it hangs unevenly the fault is more readily remedied at the bottom than at the belt. Darts should not be longer than four inches and must be pressed as carefully as any other seam. If pressing leaves the right side of the goods shiny along the seams, turn the right side out upon the pressing board, lay a slightly dampened cloth over the shiny streak and hold a hit iron just above, being careful not to let it touch, and the shine will disappear.

In a plain skirt, the placket should be made as nearly invisible as possible. Also if possible it should be made at a seam, and it should always have a "fly." Lay a straight strip of lining or silk under each edge of the placket, which has been turned in the exact width of the seam below, and be very careful not to stitch the edges of the latter. Hem down the lining strips upon the wool without letting a stitch appear on the outside. Set on hooks and eyes alternately on either side so the edges may be held securely together, buttonhole the eyes neatly with silk and cover as much as possible of these fastenings with a second strip of thin silk. Now baste in a "fly" of generous width and length down one side just back of the fastenings. Tack this "fly" far enough below the placket, to the seam, so that it can not slip out of place. Where the placket is entirely covered by pleats or folds, it is only necessary to face the uper edge and fasten a "fly" to the lower, and sew on hooks and eyes, or silk loops.

Before putting on the belt, overcast the top of the skirt, and sew any pleats there may be, securely into position with raw upper edges exactly even. If the pattern is a good one, precaution in this instance will have much to do with securing an evenly hung skirt. The pleats must be sufficiently deep, and so placed as to meet easily in the back without a suggestion of stretching When the desired effect is secured, baste the pleats and press them. The belt is made of a strip of the goods two inches wide and three inches longer than the belt measure, to allow for the lap and "fly," and of lining one and one-half inches wide and the same length. Stitch lining and material together along the upper edges, then turn and bring the lower edges together; baste along the upper edge and stitch again. Set the lower edge of the lining against the underside of the top of the skirt, and if no alterations are necessary when tried on, stitch into place, bringing the outer material of the belt down over the seam side, turning in its edge and stitching a last time. Make hangers of tape and sew flat on the inside of the belt in a horizontal line, and exactly opposite each other.

WHITE STRAW TURBAN.



This pretty turban has the brim faced with chiffon, over which is laid a pearl and silk passementerie. Strings of pearls are around the crown. Crush roses are set toward the back.

WHITE LAWN SHIRT WAIST.



White lawn waist, fastened down the back. The front is tucked and has two rows of embroidered insertion running in points to the center.

ELEGANT OPERA WRAP.



Opera wrap of black chantilly lace over white silk. Black velvet dots and shirred chiffon bands for ornamentation. Bertha effect of the lace edged with chiffon. Entire garment edged with accordeon plaited chiffon ruffles in white. From Wittig & Hirsch.

Boys' Knee Pants!

We carry a very large and complete stock of boys' knee pants, sizes 4 to 16 years, at popular prices—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

ASK DRUGGIST for 10 CENT TRIAL SIZE.

ELY'S CREAM BALM

Gives Relief at once.

It cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly. It is absorbed. Heals and protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50c; Trial size 10c; at Druggists or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

CATARRH



COLD IN HEAD

Mme. Yale's



Hair Tonic.

A specific for all hair and scalp diseases. Purest and best hair tonic in the world. One bottle will do more for the hair than the combined efforts of all other hair preparations made. It never fails to respond. Stops hair falling in twenty-four hours.

CURES DANDRUFF

Creates a luxuriant growth of hair. Makes a dry, harsh hair, soft and glossy. It gradually restores the natural color to gray or faded hair. It is as invigorating and as refreshing to the hair and scalp as a shower of rain is to parched grass or withered flowers. A genuine toilet luxury, clean, colorless. Most efficacious for baldness. Highest award Columbian Exposition. Government Chemists' Endorsements.

MME. YALE'S STANDARD BRAND OF TOILET PREPARATIONS are the best in the world because Mme. Yale makes them. She knows more about beauty and beautifying preparations than any one else in the world. Manufactured only by Madame M. Yale, 189 Michigan avenue, Chicago.

Write or call for Mme. Yale's Books on Health and Beauty, They are Free.

Our Cut Price on Mme. Yale's Hair Tonic 89c

PANTON-WHITE COMPANY
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DULUTH, MINNESOTA

LUMBER INDUSTRY.

Census Bureau Makes Interesting Report.

Washington, March 7.—The census bureau has issued a preliminary report on saw mills, planing mills (operated in connection with saw mills) and timber camps of the United States in 1900. It shows a total of 33,035 such establishments, with an aggregate capital of $611,611,524 with 43,322 proprietors and firm members. These plants have a total of 12,530 salaried officials, clerks, etc., drawing $11,290,608 in salaries and an average of 283,269 wage earners drawing total wages of $104,640,591. The miscellaneous expenses of these establishments aggregated $47,781,919 and the materials used cost $317,923,518. The value of products aggregated $566,832,984, which includes $422,812,060 for saw mills; $107,022,519 for planing mills, and $36,998,404 for timber camps. The capital and value of products of industry by states is in part as follows: Michigan—Capital, $67,349,986; products, $54,280,520. Minnesota—Capital, $52,065,923; products, $43,585,161. Wisconsin—Capital, $77,306,223; products, $57,634,816.

Low Settlers' Rates West.

Via Northwestern line. During March and April the Northwestern line will sell one way settlers' tickets daily at greatly reduced rates to Western and Northwestern points. If contemplating a Western trip this rare opportunity should not be overlooked by any one. Information cheerfully given. For full particulars call or write.

S. A. LOVE, C. T. A.,
405 West Superior Street or Omaha depot, Duluth, Minn.

Gas on the Stomach

Is quickly relieved by Herba Cura, nature's best remedy for dyspepsia.

Not only this, but it has a dozen other virtues that entitle it to your consideration.

Packed in neat red boxes and sold for one dollar by the best druggists.

Hotel Northern,

208 W. SUPERIOR ST.

Music from 3 to 5 and 7 to 11 p.m. by Northwestern Lady Orchestra.

Duluth Brass Works,

Manufacturers.

Brass and bronze castings and babbits. Special attention paid to railroad, mill and steamship castings. Also furnish tin, spelter, antimony and lead. We manufacture hot water heaters for wood or coal. We have also a general machine shop, can do repair work or manufacture in iron or brass. Special attention paid to experimental work. Office and works corner Oneota and Ramsey streets, West Duluth.

WHEAT IS BUOYANT

After Moving In Narrow Range, Market Suddenly Advanced.

Cables Firm, Northwest Receipts Light and Good Buying.

Flax Is Quiet But the Prices Move Upward.

Duluth Board of Trade, March 7.—The wheat market had a good advance today after moving within a narrow range during most of the morning. The cables were firm and Northwest receipts light. There was some selling early, due to prospects of rain in the Southwest, but the crop scare again made itself evident and the price advanced. The Argentine shipments were 1,968,000 bus, against 1,020,000 bus last year. The Liverpool market closed ¾@¾d higher.

Primary receipts of wheat were 256,000 bus, last year 452,000 bus. Shipments 18,000 bus, last year 142,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 180,000 bus. Bradstreet reported exports for the week of wheat and flour to the amount of 4,-465,000 bus.

Corn was stronger, closing in Chicago at an advance of ⅝c. Oats also had an advance, closing ⅜@½c up. Primary receipts of corn were 294,000 bus, last year 681,000 bus. Shipments 177,000 bus, last year 442,000 bus. Clearances were 21,000 bus. The exports for the week, as reported by Bradstreet, were 252,000 bus.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 177 cars, and at Chicago 11, a total of 188 cars, against 406 last week and 473 last year.

Trading in wheat on the Duluth board was fairly active. The market opened unchanged at 75¼c, and sold at 75⅞-76c at 9:40. After that it fluctuated up to noon from 75¼c to 75⅝c and then bulged to 77⅝c at 12:50 and closed at 76c, an advance of ⅝c. Chicago and Minneapolis advanced ⅝c.

Cash wheat sold at 1½c under May for No. 1 northern, ¾ under for No. 2 and ⅝ under for No. 3. Sales were light, being only 15,000 bus.

Flax trading was light and the market strong, opening unchanged at $1.70¾ and selling up to $1.71⅞. It closed at $1.72 an advance of 1½c. To arrive sold advanced 2½c. Oats advanced 1c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—Cash, 1 hard, 75¾c; 1 northern, 74½c; 2 northern, 72c; 3 spring, 70c. To arrive—1 hard, 77½c; 1 northern, 76½c; May, 76½c. Minneapolis 1 northern, cash, 75⅜c; May, 74½c; 2 northern, 69½c. Oats, 32c. Rye, 54c. Barley, 49@55c. Flax, cash, $1.69½; to arrive, $1.69½; May, $1.71⅞. Corn, 39c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 56; last year, 60; oats, 4; flax, 1. Receipts—Wheat, 120,-000 bus; flax, 5600 bus. Shipments—Corn, 12,374 bus.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO
McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants.
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES.
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES FRIDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 1 car	$0.75¾
No. 1 northern, 3 cars	75¾
No. 2 northern, 1 car	74½
No. 2 northern, 1 car	73¾
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	73¼
No. 2 northern, 1 car	73
No. 3 spring, 1 car	69¾
No grade, 1 car	68½
Barley, 2 cars	55

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Weather Conditions Governed Early Prices In Wheat.

Chicago, March 7.—Opening conditions in the wheat pit were again of the weather variety. Cables were firm, and Northwestern receipts were small, but prospects of rain in the Southwest started some early selling which brought an opening for May ⅜c lower to unchanged at 70¾c to 70⅝c. This selling soon ceased, however, and the crop scare made itself evident again for a time. Offerings were light and commission houses bought fairly. This started May on the advance and it sold to 70¾c. Dullness, however, kept the fluctuations narrow and May eased again to its opening prices. Local receipts were 11 cars, none of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 177 cars, making a total for the three points of 188 cars, against 406 last week and 473 a year ago. Argentine shipments were 1,968,000 bus compared to 1,985,000 bus last year.

Reports of rain in Kansas which were afterwards contradicted, eased May wheat to 70¾@¾c. Later a good export business developed, both here and at the seaboard shorts covered and limited purchasing was done. May closed firm at ⅝c higher at 71¾c.

Small receipts and the monetary bulge in wheat effected a slight upturn in corn at the opening. Cables were indifferent, but Argentine shipments were small and commission houses bought. May opened a shade to ⅛@¼c up at 61⅜c to 61⅝c and sold up to 62c. Locals began selling and May eased back to 61⅝@⅜c. Receipts were 102 cars.

Corn continued dull, but under the influence of the wheat bulge May sold to 62½c and closed firm ⅝c higher at 62¾@¾c.

Oats opened dull with almost no demand for May. July options started somewhat higher but the crowd seemed to fight shy of May and the nearer option started ½c lower at 44c. Corn strength for a time helped and May gained ¼c, but unfavorable reports were very narrow and May hung about 44½c, yesterday's closing price. Receipts were 101 cars.

Light receipts and better prices for hogs, the early corn strength and a good demand for pork started provisions with a strong tone. Locals bought well and prices advanced moderately. May pork opened 5 to 7½c up at $15.30 to $15.32½ and sold to $15.35; May lard 2½c higher at $9.40; May ribs 5c up at $8.37½.

Close: Wheat—March, 75½c; May, 77¼c; July, 77⅝@⅞c; September, 77½@¾c. Corn: March, 60¾c; May, 62@62⅛c; July, 61⅜c; September, 58½c; December, 53¾c. Oats: March, 42½c; May, 41½c; July, 35⅝@⅞c; September, 30⅝c. Pork, March, $15.20; May, $15.40; July, $15.57½. Lard, March, $9.30; May, $9.42½; July, $9.55; September, $9.67½. Ribs, March, $8.30; May, $8.27½@8.40; July, $8.50@8.52½; September, $8.62½. Flax, cash Northwestern, $1.71; Southwestern, $1.68; May, $1.72. Rye, March, 57c; May, 56@57¼c; July, 55¼c. Barley, cash 62c. Timothy, March, $6.80. Clover, March, $8.25. Cash wheat: No. 2 red, 81⅞@83½c; No. 3 red, 78½@81¾c; No. 2 hard winter, 75½@77½c; No. 3 hard winter, 75½@76¾c; No. 1 northern spring, 76½@78½c; No. 2 northern spring, 75⅜@76⅝c; No. 3 spring, 71@74c. Corn, No. 2 northern spring, 75⅜@76⅝c; No. 3 spring, 71@74c. Corn, No. 2, 61¾@62¼c; No. 3, 43¾c. Oats, No. 2, 44@44½; No. 3, 43¾c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

W. S. Crosby, of Chicago.—Keep your eye on the wheat market. It has been dull a long time and these prices have failed to bring about any pressure from long wheats. While all the Southwest rain is much needed, my own judgment is that it is pretty nearly a "cinch" that the whole winter wheat crop will make a bad showing on the start no matter what the ultimate result may be. On account of dry weather everywhere last fall the surface growth was poor and whether the wheat is dead or alive it will not look well for several weeks to come. While complaints are not numerous except from the Southwest the general trend of the news is bullish. I doubt if wheat will break much in any event during the next three weeks, and it may easily sell considerably higher.

• • •

Modern Miller.—Complaints are being received of damage to winter wheat by drouth and high winds in the Southwest and by freezing and thawing in the Southeast, but as there has been no growing weather as yet to reveal actual conditions of the plant, it is more apprehended than actual. The average conditions are considered to be favorable.

• • •

Ryeroft, of Chicago.—The rains predicted throughout the Southwest do not come general or are only in the shape of light showers. Wheat will go higher, but good soaking rains will break the market some.

• • •

The weather is cloudy everywhere, but no precipitation. The Washington forecast issued at midnight was for rains today in Kansas and all other winter wheat states, but the map suggests that the forecast will be missed. Temperatures normal.

• • •

The English government report on the condition is 69.7, against 81 last year, with somewhat reduced acreage.

• • •

A. H. Farnum, of Chicago: I don't know as they will get rain enough in the Southwest to do any good, but it has led a number of local traders to sell out, and commission houses have been fair sellers of wheat.

• • •

A. H. Farnum's Chicago morning gossip: Wheat—You know the chief influence in the wheat market just now is the weather. After the Ohio report was out yesterday it looked as though the market was ready to start. This morning rain is predicted for the Southwest. If we get it prices won't be any higher. It may break a little. The barometer over Kansas is low. Northwestern markets strong, demand for wheat reported excellent.

Corn—Showed but very little strength yesterday. Some of the buying is based on the expectation of a very bullish government report. A good many holders seemed inclined to get out of the market until the report is issued. The demand for consumption in the Southwest is very fair.

Oats—It is thought the government report on oats will be a help to the price. There has been considerable liquidation in May oats of late. The price holds firm. We believe the shortage in May oats will result in higher price.

Houston of Kansas City: Reports from Wellington, Winfield, in Southern Kansas, are that yesterday was very hard on wheat. I look for a wheat failure in that country. No rain, and wind blowing a gale. Dust flying in clouds.

Munn, of New York: Exporters say there is a more general foreign inquiry for wheat. There have been moderate acceptances of spring wheat for United Kingdom account. Should our market recede 1@c then there will be a liberal trade consummated, both for account of the United Kingdom and the continent.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, March 7.—Close: Wheat, May, 83½c; July, 83¼c. Corn, May, 67¼@; July, 66½c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, March 7.—Close: Wheat—Cash, 74¾c; May, 73¼c; July, 75¾c. On track—No. 1 hard, 76¾c; No. 1 northern, 74¾c; No. 2 northern, 72¾@73¼c.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, March 7.—Wheat—Spot No. 2 red Western winter, steady, 6s 1d; No. 1 northern spring, firm, 6s 2d; No. 1 California, no stock; futures, quiet; March, 6s 1¾d; May, 6s 1½d. Corn—Spot, quiet; American mixed, new, 5s 1½d; old, 5s 2½d; futures, steady; March, 5s 1½d; May, 5s 1¾d. Receipts of wheat during the past three days, 20,700 centals, including 41,000 American. Receipts American corn during past three days, none. Weather, misty.

PITS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, May wheat, 73⅝c bid.
Calls, May wheat, 74⅜c asked.
Curb, May wheat, 74⅜-¼c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	75¾B	73⅝	70½-⅝	82½
High	76	74⅜	71¼	83⅛-¼
Low	75¼	73½	70⅜-½	82⅜
Close	76	74¼	71¼A	83⅜A
July—				
Open	76¼B	74⅞-75	77-¼	82⅝B
High	76⅞	75½	71⅜	83¼
Low	76¼	74¾	70⅞	82⅝
Close	76⅝B	75⅜	77⅜-¾	83¼A

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	44	61¾@7⅞	$15.30@15.35
High	44⅝	62⅛	15.40
Low	44	61⅝	15.20
Close	44½	62-⅛B	15.40

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

Chicago, March 7.—The news in wheat today was all of a very bullish character, and there was good buying by bulls as well as by shorts. Trade was large with considerable increase in speculation. The market closed firm ⅝c higher than yesterday. Foreign markets were strong and higher in sympathy with our close of last night. Liverpool closed ¾d higher for the day. Continental markets were also higher. There was a good demand for cash wheat here by local millers, also a better demand with a fair business done on cable acceptances. There was also a better demand from the seaboard. The weather throughout the South continues very dry, and reports on the crop received today are the worst yet. There is no question but what the situation is getting serious, and a good general rain is badly needed, and if it is delayed much longer, it is likely to gwive us a wild market, because receipts at primary points are running so light, and likely to keep small, with the demand more likely to increase. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 15 cars.

There was a fairly large trade in corn today, and the market ruled nervous, but with a strong undertone and closed May 5c; July 5c; September 5c higher than last night. Foreign markets were steady. Country offerings were light, practically nothing, while there was a better cash demand, not only here, but in the Southwest. The general situation is strong, and we are firm believers in much higher prices. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 105 cars.

Trade in oats was light today, but the market ruled firm, owing to very light country offerings and good cash demand. Close was ⅝c higher than last night. There was no special feature to the market. There is undoubtedly a very heavy short interest still in the market. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 90 cars.

Provisions opened higher on sharp advance at the yards and rule strong most of the day on covering by large local shorts, and buying by the leaders, but at the advance packers were very heavy sellers and the market closed weak at about top notch for that account. We have had a good advance, caused principally by aggressive buying with only a few fresh made shorts covering and it has succeeded. The material anvance in hogs will doubtless bring out heavy run next week and they will again be at the mercy of the packers same as last week and week before. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 22,000.

Main Office—312-314-316 Endicott Bldg., St. Paul. **A. J. CUMMINGS,** Local Office—306 West Superior St.
Dealer in..... **Grain, Stocks and Provisions.**
Instantaneous service. Stocks carried on one point margin and upwards. Grain one point and upwards. Minimum trade stocks—10 shares. Wheat 1000 bushels. Stocks carried without interest. Our little book of information will teach you how to speculate in grain and provision futures.
CHAS. E. WHEELER, Manager, 'Phone 1172.

W. H. Laidley & Co.,
408 West Superior Street, (Spalding Hotel).
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions, Cotton.
Leased wires to New York, Chicago and Boston.

Edwards, Wood & Co.,
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions,
Private Wire.
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3 Chamber of Commerce, Minneapolis.
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DULUTH & ARIZONA STOCK.
Treasury Stock offered for a short time
AT 10 CENTS PER SHARE
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Bankers and Brokers,
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Members New York and Boston Stock Exchange and Chicago Board of Trade.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

LOCAL STOCKS, ETC., QUOTED BY
A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
BANKERS AND BROKERS.
112 Exchange Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

	—Per Share— Par.	Asked.	Bid.
First National bank	$100	$175	
American Exchange bank	100	$135	....
First Nat'l bank, Superior	100	....	96
Calumet-Arizona Copper	10	31½	....
Anglo-American Copper	1	12½c	....
Northwestern National bank, Superior	100	90	....
Lcithhead Drug Co.	100	....	85
Export O. & P. L. Co.	1	17½c	....
Blue Grass Oil Co.	1	10c	....
Zenith Oil Co.	1	10c	....
Brotherton Iron Co.	25	5	4
Cons. Elev. Co. 1st pfd.	100	....	103
Cons. Elev. Co. 2nd pfd.	100	....	99
Duluth Elev. Co.	100	....	93
County orders		....	Par.

United States bonds bought and sold.

We also deal in real estate, commercial paper and mortgage loans, and act as agents for non-resident property owners and investors. Correspondence invited.

LAND SCRIP!
Can now supply Forest Reserve and Soldiers' Additionals.
H. W. COFFIN Manhattan Building

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.

Creamery, fresh prints	29		
Creamery, tubs	27	@	28
Dairies, fancy	20	@	22
Packing stock	12	@	14
EGGS.			
Fresh	24		
Storage	21		
CHEESE.			
Twins, full cream, new	13	@	12½
Creamery, full cream, old	11½	@	11
Full cream, young America	13	@	14
Swiss cheese, No. 1	15		
Brick cheese, No. 1	12¼	@	13
Limberger, full cr'm, choice	12		
Primos	7		
HONEY.			
New fancy white clover	15	@	16
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½	@	13
Golden rod	13	@	14
Dark honey	13	@	14
Buckwheat, dark	13	@	14
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	12		
Ohio, per lb	11		
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10		
FEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bus	2 25	@	2 40
Medium, hand picked, bus	2 00	@	2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90	@	2 10
NUTS.			
Filberts, per lb	13	@	14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	13		
Cocoanuts, per doz	35		
Soft shell almonds, per lb	13		
Brazils, per lb	13		
Pecans, per lb	12		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7	@	8
FRUITS.			
Malaga grapes, kegs	7 50	@	8 00
Apples, per bbl	4 25	@	5 00
Apples, per box	1 85	@	2 00
California figs, per box	90	@	1 10
Turkey figs	1 10	@	1 40
Pineapples, per doz	1 25	@	1 50
California lemons	2 50	@	3 50
Bananas	1 75	@	2 25
Messina lemons, per box	4 00		
Dates, Fard, per box	1 00		
Sugar Rhinhut dates	1 25		
Navel oranges	3 00	@	3 25
Cranberries, bushel boxes	2 50	@	2 60
VEGETABLES.			
New celery, bunch	30	@	35
Mushrooms	60		
Lettuce	1 25	@	1 65
Green onions, per dozen	75		
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	3 00	@	3 25
Hothouse cucumbers, doz	1 75		
Beets, per 100	1 00		
Carrots, per 100	1 20		
Cabbage, per 100 lbs	1 60	@	1 75
Potatoes, per bus	75		
Sweet potatoes, per bus	2 50		
Cauliflower, per doz	1 75	@	2 25
Mint, per bunch	20	@	35
Turnips, per 100	70	@	85
Parsnips, per 100	1 75		
Hothouse radishes, per doz bunches	75	@	85
Oyster plant, per doz	55	@	65
Cal. tomatoes, per basket	95		
Parsley, per doz	45		
Head lettuce, per doz	90	@	1 00
CIDER.			
Common juice, ½ bbl	3 50		
Fruit juices	4 00		
POPCORN.			
Rice corn, shelled	3½	@	4
Choice, per lb	3½	@	4
DRESSED POULTRY			
Hens	13		
Spring chickens	14		
Geese	12		
Turkeys	14	@	15
Ducks	14		
MEATS.			
Mutton	8½		
Lamb	10		
Veal, good	8½	@	9
Veal, fancy	9		
Dressed beef	6½	@	8
Hogs	7½		
Pork loins	9½		
Lard	8½		
Lard, compound	7½		

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, March 7.—Butter, easier; creameries, 18@26c; dairies, 18@25c. Cheese, steady; twins, 10¾@11c; daisies, 11¼@12c; young Americas, 12@12½c. Eggs, weak; at mark, cases included, 18½c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, March 7.—Butter receipts, 3269 packages, steady; state dairy, 24@26c; state creamery, 22@28c; creamery, held, 26@24½c; renovated, 16@25c. Cheese, steady; twins, 10¾@11c; daisies, 11¼@12c; young Americas, 12@12½c. Eggs, weak; at mark, cases included, 18½c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, March 7.—Butter receipts, 3269 packages, steady; state dairy, 24@26c; state creamery, 22@28c; creamery, held, 26@24½c; renovated, 16@25c. Cheese, steady; full cream, small early made fancy colored and white, 12½@¾c; full cream large fall made fancy colored and white, 11½@¾c. Eggs receipts, 6206 packages, easier; state and Pennsylvania, 25c; Western at mark, 25c; Southern at mark, 24@24½c.

ADVANCE IN STOCKS

The Market Was Strong Early, Weakened But Recovered.

Closing Was Firm and at Generally Higher Prices.

Colorado Fuel and Iron Had Break of Six Points.

New York, March 7.—There were fractional net gains at the opening in most stocks. Colorado Fuel and Colorado & Southern showed some evidences of realizing, the former selling at the opening at 97 to 98, compared with 98 last night and the latter declining nearly a point. General Electric, American Cotton Oil and Pacific Mail rose nearly a point.

Realizing in Colorado Fuel carried the price down 5 to 93. Tennessee Coal lost over a point in sympathy but other metal stocks were fairly steady. The drop in Colorado Fuel depressed dealings in the prominent railroads, but they showed no weakness. There were many bull movements underway in the minor stocks in which the higher priced stocks which were buoyant yesterday, shared. Westinghouse Electric jumped 3¼, St. Paul & Omaha 4, Brooklyn Union Gas 3 and Chicago & Eastern Illinois, Northwestern, Consolidated Gas, Chicago Great Western preferred "A," Mexican National preferred, when issued, Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville preferred, Delaware & Hudson, Rubber Goods, American Grass Twine and Virginia-Carolina Chemical 1 to 2.

The apathy of the general market caused sales for both accounts in the transcontinental group, which sagged fractionally under yesterday's close and pulled other stocks down. Reactions from the best in the specialties reached from 1 to 4 points in Northwestern, Westinghouse Electric, General Electric and Virginia-Carolina Chemical, with the first named chief sufferer. Near noon there was a rise of 2 points in Sugar, Manhattan and Brooklyn Transit, which produced some improvement in the railroad list. Colorado Fuel sold down to 92 and rallied 4 and American Car preferred lost a point. Colorado & Southern second preferred lost 1½, St. Paul & Omaha preferred gained 3 and Minneapolis & St. Louis and North American over a point. Bonds were firm.

American Cotton Oil made an extreme gain of 4⅜ and there were gains of 1 to 2 points in Wheeling & Lake Erie, second pfd, Evansville & Terre Haute, St. Louis & San Francisco first pfd, Chicago Terminal pfd, Twin City Transit and International Silver. Some large takings of Baltimore & Ohio lifted it only a small fraction. A reaction of a point in Sugar threw the market into doubt. A rally in Sugar to the best again failed to create any speculative interest in other active stocks and they remained neglected at about last night's level. Meanwhile confident buying was lifting the St. Joe & Grand Island stocks, Des Moines & Fort Dodge, Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville, Wheeling and Lake & Erie first pfd and Lake Erie & Western from 1 to 2 points. Evansville & Terre Haute extended its rise to 3 and Lake Erie & Western pfd advanced 3 points.

Speculators took alarm at the poor showing promised by the banks tomorrow and at the reported filing at St. Paul of the government's suit against the Northern Securities company. The market reacted all around, many stocks falling back a point or more. Northwestern fell 3% under last night and St. Paul, Missouri Pacific, New York Central, Northwestern preferred, Tennessee Coal, Linseed common and preferred, Glucose trust receipts and Pullman from 1 to 1½. Westinghouse Electric reacted 3. An upward movement in Colorado & Southern, Mexican National and Sugar was not effectual in rallying the market. The closing was rather easy.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., room A Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close
Amal. Copper	69¾	68½	68⅞
Anaconda M. Co.	33	32	33
Atchison, T. & S. F.	75⅝	75	75¼
do pfd	97½	96¾	96⅞
Baltimore & Ohio	106½	104⅞	106¼
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	64½	63⅜	64
Chesapeake & Ohio	46¼	46	46¼
Chicago & Alton	36½	36	36
Col. F. & I.	98	92	92¾
Chi. Great Western, com	24½	24	24⅜
Erie, com	37⅝	37	37¼
do 1st pfd	68	67¾	67¾
do 2nd pfd	54¾	53⅜	54⅞
Louisville & Nashville	104¼	103¾	104¾
Leather	11½	11¼	11½
do pfd	82	81½	81⅝
Manhattan Con	132⅝	131⅝	131⅞
M., St. P. & S. Ste. M.	47⅜	47¼	47¼
Missouri Pacific	99¾	98⅝	99
New York Central	163½	163½	163½
Norfolk & Western	58¾	57	57
do pfd	91	90¾	91
Ontario & Western	33¼	33	33
Pennsylvania Ry	152¼	151⅝	151¾
Pacific Mail	47¼	47	47¼
People's Gas	99⅞	99¼	99¼
Republic Iron and Steel	17½	16¾	17⅛
do pfd	72	72	72½
Reading	55	54¼	54½
do 1st pfd	81¾	80¾	80⅞
do 2d pfd	67	66	66
Rock Island	165¾	164⅝	165
Southern Railway	32¾	32½	32½
do pfd	90	89¾	89¾
Southern Pacific	64⅝	61⅞	64⅜
Smelter	46¾	46⅛	46⅜
do pfd	99¾	98¾	98¾
Sugar Refinery	127⅝	126⅝	127⅝
St. Paul	164⅛	163¾	163⅞
T. C. & I.	71	69½	69½
Texas Pacific	39¾	38¾	39¼
Union Pacific	100	98⅝	99½
do pfd	87¼	87	87¼
U. S. Steel	42¾	42¾	42⅞
do pfd	94⅞	91⅝	94¾
Wabash	24¼	23⅝	23⅞
do pfd	42⅞	42⅛	42½
Western Union	91	90⅝	91
Wisconsin Central	21¼	20¾	21
do pfd	42½	42¼	42¼
Metropolitan	168¾	167¾	168¾
American Ice	27¾	27¼	27½

The total sales were 602,100 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Waldorf to W. H. Laidley & Co.—According to the views expressed by leading brokers and prominent operators the market is likely to shade off on rather dearer money, but on any reaction purchases will be in order. It is pointed out that the remarkable advance in Northwestern stocks has done more than anything else to give tone to the speculation. Good information is that this movement is discounting the plan of placing Northwestern preferred on a 10 per cent basis. This would open the way for the long expected increase in the dividend on the common. St. Paul, it is said will get the usual 3 per cent dividend at the directors' meeting next Thursday, but this will not prevent its working higher. Big bulls on the granger's say that in time it will follow Northwest.

Friends of J. P. Morgan quote him as talking more confidently about the situation and outlook than at any time in the past two years, and they declare that his confidence is based on the proof already in his possession that the iron industry is sure to have another year of great prosperity. Recent accumulations of United States Steel preferred, it is believed, were inspired by the foregoing facts and the knowledge that there would be no strike of steel workers this year.

The reports of the purchase of 100,000 shares of United States Steel preferred by a heavy operator is said to be for John D. Rockefeller.

The coalers and particularly the Readings continue to be sold by bearish traders because of floods and expectations of a strike. The chances are, however, that the latter will not be all filled and it is regarded as a reasonable certainty that when the wage question is settled the Readings will be taken in hand again. On the next upward movement it is predicted that the common will cross 60. Banking interests are steady buyers of the stocks on all drives.

The indications, bakers say, are for a heavy depletion of the bank reserve this week, but a decrease in loans is still looked for. The fact that Trust company funds have been loaned in large volume this week is factor in thus decreasing bank obligations.

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The Southern Pacific company report for January showed net earnings increased $323,261 and a surplus after fixed charges, betterments, etc., of $62,285.

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New York to W. H. Laidley & Co.—Tennessee Coal and Iron is very strong considering the pressure of selling in Colorado Fuel and Iron. The latter now appears to be recovering and the selling has abated. Western interests allied with the property are very bullish on it. They sent many buying orders on the break this morning. Trade meanwhile for small lots is good and very broad.

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Town Topics—Some further advance in the market may be expected in the early trading but the conservative operator will be inclined to take profits on any further rise. Much significance attaches to the advance in the high priced investment issues, such as Northwestern, Omaha, G. E., St. Paul, C. & F. I., and this will be followed by improvement in the low-priced shares. Some gold will go out on Saturday, but gold exports have ceased to be a bear card. St. Paul will go higher and an upward movement in Southern Pacific, Steel preferred, Pacific Mail, C. F. I. and Readings is expected, notwithstanding the strike talk on Reading.

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Logan & Brown to Paine, Webber & Co.—The stock market opened quiet, closing a shade easier. The sharp rise yesterday brought about profit taking and the street is expecting an unfavorable bank statement tomorrow. This is causing some slight selling pressure. Interest rates were also a little stiffer, call money closing as high as 3 per cent. We see no significance in the situation and nothing to create any important selling pressure. The only serious menace apparent seems the possibility of unfavorable conditions in the growing winter wheat crop. Tendency of the reports continues unfavorable and these might reach proportions sufficient to depress the feeling of buoyancy in stocks.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Boston, March 7.—Centennial continued to advance today, reaching a new top price of 25. Trinity holds yesterday's advance very well. United States Mining and Utah were well bought. Think brokers in Bingham group, which sagged fractionally under yesterday's close and pulled other stocks down. Reactions from the best in the specialties reached from 1 to 4 points in Northwestern, Westinghouse Electric, General Electric and Virginia-Carolina Chemical, with the first named chief sufferer. Near noon there was a rise of 2 points in Sugar, Manhattan and Brooklyn Transit, which produced some improvement in the railroad list. Colorado Fuel sold down to 92 and rallied 4 and American Car preferred lost a point. Colorado & Southern second preferred lost 1½, St. Paul & Omaha preferred gained 3 and Minneapolis & St. Louis and North American over a point. Bonds were firm.

American Cotton Oil made an extreme gain of 4⅜ and there were gains of 1 to 2 points in Wheeling & Lake Erie, second pfd, Evansville & Terre Haute, St. Louis & San Francisco first pfd, Chicago Terminal pfd, Twin City Transit and International Silver. Some large takings of Baltimore & Ohio lifted it only a small fraction. A reaction of a point in Sugar threw the market into doubt. A rally in Sugar to the best again failed to create any speculative interest in other active stocks and they remained neglected at about last night's level. Meanwhile confident buying was lifting the St. Joe & Grand Island stocks, Des Moines & Fort Dodge, Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville, Wheeling and Lake & Erie first pfd and Lake Erie & Western from 1 to 2 points. Evansville & Terre Haute extended its rise to 3 and Lake Erie & Western pfd advanced 3 points.

Speculators took alarm at the poor showing promised by the banks tomorrow and at the reported filing at St. Paul of the government's suit against the Northern Securities company. The market reacted all around, many stocks falling back a point or more. Northwestern fell 3% under last night and St. Paul, Missouri Pacific, New York Central, Northwestern preferred, Tennessee Coal, Linseed common and preferred, Glucose trust receipts and Pullman from 1 to 1½. Westinghouse Electric reacted 3. An upward movement in Colorado & Southern, Mexican National and Sugar was not effectual in rallying the market. The closing was rather easy.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by W. H. Laidley & Co., Spalding hotel:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	2¾	3
Allouez	4	4½
Anaconda	36	23½
Arcadian	8¼	8¾
Amalgamated	68⅞	69
Arnold	75c	$1.25
Ashbel	....	25
Atlantic	27	29
Baltic	47½	48
Bingham	24¾	25
Phoenix	2½	4
National	1½	2
Calumet & Hecla	690	610
Centennial	24	24¼
Trinity	16	16½
Copper Range	71	72
Cochita	50cB	....
Dominion Coal	100	104½
Elm River	2	2½
Franklin	13	13½
Humboldt	....	50
Isle Royale	20	21
Mass	19¾	20
Michigan	11½	11¾
Mohawk	37	37¾
Mayflower	3	3½
Old Colony	4	4¼
Old Dominion	22⅞	23
Osceola	73¼	....
Parrot	21½	....
Quincy	135	140
Rhode Island	2⅞	3
Santa Fe	3½	4
Tamarack	210	220
Tecumseh	....	2
Trimountain	98	102
Utah	22½	24¼
United States	18¾	18⅞
Victoria	6	6½
Winona	1¾	2
Wolverine	55	56
Wyandot	1.00	1.25

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, March 7.—Cotton opened steady with prices 2 to 6 points lower. The first selling movement forced May off to 8.80 and July to 8.85 with bear pressure a feature on the decline. Trading was very active and before the close of the first hour new crop buying with a scare of shorts sent May up to 8.88 and July to 8.91. The late Liverpool cables noted a recovery of the early loss and a net advance of ¾ to 1 point on general buying. The July option was the favorite with investors in the local market and in New Orleans that month advanced some 4 points over the local price.

Cotton spot closed quiet, 1-16c higher. Middling uplands, 9 3-16c; middling gulf, 9 7-16c; sales, none. Cotton futures closed steady. March, 9.02; April, 9.02; May, 8.87; June, 8.85; July, 8.81; August, 8.75; September, 8.43; October, 8.22; November, 8.10.

TREASURY BALANCES.

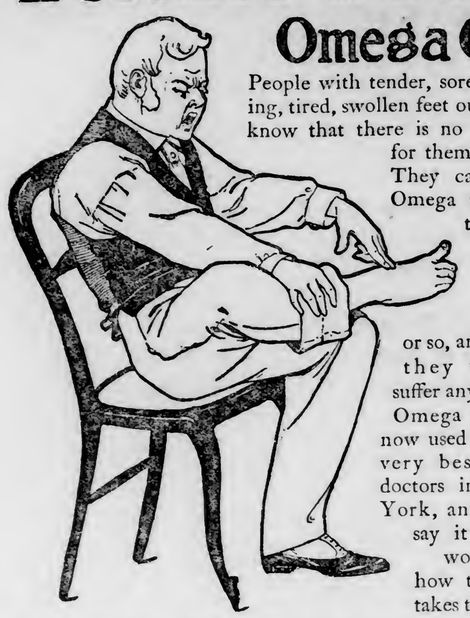
Washington, March 7.—Today statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $117,780,-659; gold, $95,183,360; silver, $20,354,927; United States notes, $11,338,205; treasury notes of 1890, $90,758; national bank notes, $10,734,224. Total receipts this day, $1,807,-242; total receipts this month, $10,835,764; total receipts this year, $283,340,230. Total expenditures this day, $1,625,063; total expenditures this month, $9,885,000; total expenditures this year, $329,227,464. Deposits in national banks, $116,430,668.

NEW YOAK MONEY.

New York, March 7.—Money on call, easy, 2½@3 per cent; closing, bid, 2½; prime mercantile paper, 4@4¼ per cent; sterling exchange, easier, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87⅝@4⅞ for demand, and $4.85⅛@¼ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.86 and $4.88½; commercial bills, $4.

Tender Feet

Omega Oil



People with tender, sore, itching, tired, swollen feet ought to know that there is no excuse for them at all. They can rub Omega Oil on the feet each night for a week or so, and then they won't suffer any more. Omega Oil is now used by the very best foot doctors in New York, and they say it is just wonderful how the Oil takes the pain out of the feet. Bathe the feet in warm water, wipe dry, and then rub on the Oil. This treatment is particularly recommended to men and women who have to stand up or walk a good deal. Farmers, clerks, mechanics or women who do housework will find Omega Oil the best foot cure they ever tried.

Omega Oil is good for everything a liniment ought to be good for. 765

FREED BY VERDICT

Six Young Men Charged With Disturbing Religious Worship.

Jurors Heard "Holiness" Songs Given In Court Room.

Girls Dressed In Colors Figured In the Minstrelsy.

Flemingsburg, Ky., March 7.—At the trial here of six young men of Muse Precinct, charged with disturbing worship, the alleged songs and actions of those who participated in a "holiness" meeting, were reproduced before Judge Andrew Fountain and a jury composed of business men and prominent church people. Specific charges of smoking cigarettes and using profane language were preferred against the six defendants, who allege that the worshipbers, and not they, disturbed the protracted meeting in a mountainous part of the precinct.

Testimony showed that after regular services were over and the congregation was dismissed a "holiness" meeting was instituted by Rev. Mr. Thacker, who is said to be related to "Bill" Thacker, the former postmaster at North Lewis county, and who was recently sentenced to the penitentiary for life for killing young John Gordon, who dared to hurrah for Goebel.

To show the jury how this "holiness" meeting was conducted the room was cleared of tables and chairs, and the participants, led by Samuel Reed, opened the specimen service with the following song:

"Remember the time, remember it well;
Hail, Jerusalem, hail!
My poor soul is hanging over hell;
Hail, Jerusalem, hail!
Hail, Jerusalem, hail!
Ha! Ha! Ha! O my Lord!
Hail, Jerusalem, hail!

"Look over yonder, all dressed in blue;
Hail, Jerusalem, hail!
Those pretty girls, they can't go through;
Hail, Jerusalem, hail!
Ha! Ha! Ha! O my Lord!
Hail, Jerusalem, hail!

During the rendering of these and other verses relating to pretty girls dressed in red, green and other colors, the participants of this "holiness" meeting would wildly clap their hands, jump as high as they could, fall to the floor and roll over each other, waltz up and down the room, and, as one witness stated, would have executed the buck and wing or two-step had they known how. The song was sung in a lively manner, and the crowd in the court room became convulsed with laugher, and beat time to the refrain, even the staid judge on the bench unconsciously tapping a light tattoo with his gavel.

During the meeting at the church one of the women converts is said to have had a leg crippled while the "holiness dance" was in progress; another one of the congregation fell in a helpless condition so close to a red-hot stove that he had to be rescued, and most all of them are said to have kept up the dancing, jumping and shouting until they were almost overcome from the excitement and fatigue.

The jury returned a verdict in favor of the defendants, acquitting them of the charge of disturbing religious worship.

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

AT CLOQUET.

Cloquet, Minn., March 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Sickness is quite prevalent among the children, and the health officer has pronounced the disease scarlet fever, although there is some difference of opinion between the local physicians. Several deaths have occurred, however, and at a meeting of the school board it was determined to close the public schools until March 17, and the president of the village has deemed it best to issue a proclamation forbidding all public assemblies until further notice. Dr. Bracken, the state health officer, came up from St. Paul Wednesday and advised that an inspector from outside be employed for two weeks, to assist the local authorities in stamping out the disease, and attend to the fumigation of public halls and infected dwellings.

Ed Canute was taken with a sudden attack of vertigo or something very like, on Tuesday evening. He is able to be out now, however.

John D. Peters is slowly regaining strength, and was able to sit up for a little while yesterday.

The contract for the erection of the new Catholic church was awarded to F. L. Redfield. Some idea of the size of the structure may be inferred from the fact that it will take over 20,000 feet of lumber to complete the edifice.

No churches will be open on Sunday next. People must pray at home.

Sheriff Wallace and County Attorney Green were in town Wednesday on business.

The official board of the M. E. church met with Albert Cox Wednesday evening.

Mrs. T. G. Sykes has returned home from her Canadian trip.

A. J. Taylor is away for a few days on a flying business trip.

The dealers in realty at Scanlon report a lively inquiry and many sales.

It is reported that some scoundrels tried to wreck the evening passenger train for Hibbing on the Great Northern railroad, between here and Swan River, by putting iron cross-trees on the track.

Joe Yell has just completed his new barber shop and moved from his old shop on Thursday last. Mr. Yell has one of the finest tonsorial parlors in Cloquet and there is nothing finer west of Duluth. It is fitted out with plate glass mirrors and the latest patented Koch chairs. The parlor is on Cloquet avenue, just west of Ninth street.

JUDGE

Believed Man Innocent, But Had to Sentence Him.

Lexington, Ky., March 7.—"I don't believe you are guilty, but my duty makes me sentence you to four years in the penitentiary. The jury convicted you, and I wrote the governor asking him to pardon you, but I haven't heard a word from him. I have investigated your case, and, if it is any consolation to you, I will say I don't believe you are guilty."

This was the unusual speech made from the bench in the circuit court by Judge Parke. He was passing sentence on John Ratcliffe for highway robbery. The prisoner is a brother of Jim Ratcliffe, one of the men charged with the murder of J. N. Hawkins in December, and the officials say Jim is the man really guilty of the robbery.

An effort will be made by local persons to get Governor Beckham to pardon John Ratcliffe.

GRABBED

Her Boarder's Baby When He Left House.

Lockport, N. Y., March 7.—Thomas Mocklar, hailing from Pittsburg, until recently employed as a blower in a local factory, undertook to take "French leave" of his landlady, Miss Van Camp. With his two children he had proceeded as far as the Erie depot unmolested. While attending to his baggage the irate landlady swooped down and carried off his youngest child, a babe of 2 years.

After a fruitless chase through back yards and alleys he enlisted the services of the local police, who soon located the woman and child at her home. In the meantime a deputy sheriff attached his baggage, and in the wrangle that ensued Mocklar was arrested for disorderly conduct. In police court he was fined $10 and costs, which he paid, together with the board bill, and was released. After satisfying the claims of several other debtors he left for the Smoky City.

STUDIES IN THE BOOK OF ACTS

THE DISCIPLES SCATTERED

International Sunday School Lesson For March 9th, 1902.

Acts 8:3-17. "But Saul laid waste the church, entering into every house, and haling men and women, committed them to prison.

"They therefore that were scattered abroad went about preaching the word. And Philip went down to the city of Samaria, and proclaimed unto them the Christ. And the multitudes gave heed with one accord unto the things that were spoken by Philip, when they heard and saw the signs which he did. For from many of those who had unclean spirits they came out, crying with a loud voice: and many that were palsied, and that were lame, were healed. And there was much joy in that city.

"But there was a certain man, Simon by name, which beforetime in the city used sorcery, and amazed the people of Samaria, giving out that himself was some great one, to whom they all gave heed, from the least to the greatest, saying, This man is that power of God which is called Great. And they gave heed to him, because that of long time he had amazed them with his sorceries. But when they believed Philip preaching good tidings concerning the kingdom of God and the name of Jesus Christ, they were baptized, both men and women. And Simon also himself believed: and being baptized, he continued with Philip; and beholding signs and great miracles wrought, he was amazed.

"Now when the apostles which were at Jerusalem heard that Samaria had received the word of God, they sent unto them Peter and John: who, when they were come down, prayed for them, that they might receive the Holy Ghost: for as yet he was fallen upon none of them: only they had been baptized unto the name of the Lord Jesus. Then laid they their hands on them, and they received the Holy Ghost."

Golden text: "Therefore they that were scattered abroad went everywhere preaching the word." Acts 8:4.

FIRE UNQUENCHABLE.

Luke, the writer of the book of Acts, does not tarry in his narrative to expatiate on the death or character of Stephen; but hurries on to matters of life. Those days were full of heroic incidents. Stephen was buried by devout men, not Christians, but of those who had probably not become infuriated at the church. The Jews were evidently not unanimous in their persecution of the disciples, but those Jews who had become angry against them were violent in the measures they adopted to quench the ardent enthusiasm of their evangelistic efforts. Saul of Tarsus was prominent in the persecution through his extraordinary zeal in endeavoring to stamp out the new sect. He even entered private houses and pried into the secret devotions of the people, and arrested women as well as men. In his letters and speeches Paul tells additional particulars about the means adopted to kill the church. He caught those who confessed the name of Christ and had them beaten, or imprisoned, and even killed, in his efforts to make them blaspheme the name of Christ. He penetrated every place where he thought that he would likely find a possible believer in the hated Nazarene, and, armed with the authority of the Sanhedrin, he pounced upon all suspects and provoked either a blasphemous denial or a confession of faith in Jesus as the Christ, and in the latter case inflicted a severe penalty which sometimes went to the extremity of death.

The disciples fled from Jerusalem and scattered themselves everywhere in their search for safety. There had been converts outside the city of Jerusalem before this time, for the day of Pentecost had doubtless sent many believers to all parts of the Jewish world; but this event marks the beginning of the aggressive diffusion of the gospel. Samaria as well as Judea now received the preaching of the gospel.

Stephen had preached the gospel in the Hellenistic synagogues, and had uttered principles of surprising breadth which precipitated his untimely death. Then Philip, another deacon, carried into practice the spirit and principles to which his colleague had given voice. Beyond the walls of Jerusalem, and beyond the confines of orthodox Judaism, he went with that gospel that was so soon to declare the universality of the divine love and grace as manifested in Jesus. It would be interesting to know if Philip was consciously and purposely endeavoring to fill the breach left by Stephen's death. One thing is certain, that opposition did not mean that either Philip or the others were going to cease witnessing to the name and power of Jesus Christ. The disciples were scattered, but not discouraged. Each one, as he went to some place of retreat, lighted the torch of his faith anew, and fed it with the oil of truth and love until, by the Spirit's blessing, it flamed into a local luminary that served as a beacon to guide many weary souls into the repose of faith in the true Christ of Israel. The church was small in numbers at that time, but what a power she was for the kingdom of God! For that church to be scattered was for it to assert its intrinsic power. Today we often lament the scattering of the members of a local church, because that seems to point to the disintegration of the body; but if the members of churches are scattered for any reason whatever should go out in the earnest spirit that characterized this church in Jerusalem, then the scattering would prove a blessing not only to the individual but also to the world. Genuineness of religious faith and spirituality in life and thought tend to produce such a result.

PHILIP IN SAMARIA.

Philip was evidently one of the Hellenists who were converted through the work that followed Pentecost. He early showed his zeal and efficiency in the work of the church, for his name comes second in that list of deacons in the sixth chapter of Acts. As a deacon he developed the qualities of an evangelist, and was well equipped to go out in that capacity when he was forced to leave Jerusalem on account of the prevailing persecution. The remainder of his life seems to have been spent in earnest service. A number of years later Paul found Philip at Caesarea and became his guest, and Luke adds that Philip had four daughters who prophesied, or, as we should say, taught the Christian truth in earnest fashion.

Philip went to the city of Samaria wheih then bore the name of Sebaste, in honor of Augustus Caesar, that being the Greek form of the great emperor's name. This city had been founded by Omri about 900 years before Christ, but had suffered many changes since that time. It had become the capital city of that Samaria that was so much hated by the Jews of Christ's day. The woman at Jacob's well was surprised that a Jew would speak to her as Jesus did. A Samaritan village had failed to receive Jesus on one occasion, and James and John desired to call fire from heaven to punish them for their discourtesy. It was given as a climax in each case that the neighborly person in the parable and the leper who returned to give thanks were Samaritans. According to the tenth chapter of Matthew, when Jesus sent out the twelve he forbade them to go to any city of the Samaritans. These incidents, that indicate that the old Jewish antagonism toward the Samaritans had in some measure been preserved in the beginnings of Christian teaching, render it all the more surprising that the first notable success of the gospel outside of Jerusalem should have been among the Samaritans. Up to this time the effort had been made to preach the gospel to the lost sheep of the house of Israel, and the prejudices of the Jews had been regarded, lest they should be repelled from the new faith by seeing their hereditary enemies embrace it. But when the Jews had openly rejected the faith as in the persecution of Stephen, then the time had come to make the first step toward giving the gospel to the Gentiles. The Samaritans were not Gentiles, but they were not exactly Jews either. They served as a bridge to cross a social chasm that might otherwise have been crossed by the gospel preachers with great difficulty and danger to the young church.

Philip preached Christ to the Samaritans. He appealed to their expectations of a Messiah which they shared with the Jews. No doubt he used much the same style of address to them that had been used by the apostles in Jerusalem, with the exception of the charge of having put Jesus to death. The Spirit of God was with him. This was a new phase of the work of the church, and there were consequently given to him some of the same signs that had characterized the days of Pentecost. Miracles were wrought in the name of Christ, who was declared to be supreme in all life; he was announced to be the King in the kingdom of God, and all the people were called upon to believe and enter into the kingdom.

Success attended his efforts. The people paid close attention to the preaching, many of them believed and confessed their faith by the ordinance of baptism, while a great and sacred joy came upon all the people. Jesus once said, There is joy in heaven over one sinner that repenteth; likewise the book of Revelation tells of the expression of joy from the lips of those redeemed in the song of Moses and the Lamb. So, too, that city of Samaria was filled with the joy of God's salvation, and a multitude of hearts beat in the sweet accord of the fellowship of divine love.

As soon as the apostles at Jerusalem had learned of the wonderful conversion of the Samaritans, they sent Peter and John down there to inspect the work and attest the genuineness of the movement. John, who had once wanted to call angry fire from heaven upon the Samaritans, went down to help cement the bond of fellowship between the old and new members of the faith. The first act of these two men after they reached Samaria was to pray with the new brethren. They had no magical formulas to use, but sought the blessing of heaven just as the humblest believer must do. They prayed, not for destructive fire, but that the fire of the Holy Spirit would come upon the new converts even as upon the disciples on the day of Pentecost. It must be inferred from this incident that the presence and touch of the apostles was necessary for the reception of the Holy Ghost, for Saul received the Holy Ghost under the ministry of Ananias, Cornelius independently, and the Galatians and Corinthians both seem to have received this blessing without apostolic benediction or prayer. But the chief significance that attaches to this deputation from Jerusalem is that it was conducive to unity in the growing church that was destined to be composed of peoples of such diverse tastes, customs and ideas.

COUNTERFEIT CONVERSION.

The conflict of Christianity with the delusions of paganism began at the first step the church made outside the walls of Jerusalem. In Simon Magus the new faith met a typical representative of the eclectic paganism of that day. He was ready to accept and use anything that would further the interests of his conglomerate of philosophy and superstition. He had deluded the Samaritans by appealing to their expectations of the Messiah. He taught that there are two manifestations of the great first principle, the one active and spiritual, the other passive and receptive. The latter tends to deteriorate, while salvation from this deterioration must come from the active and spiritual principle. He, Simon Magus, was the active and spiritual principle, or as the Scripture has it, he gave himself out to be that power of God which is called Great.

He looked with apprehension upon the ministry of Philip, conscious all the while that there was a genuineness about the wonders wrought by Philip that he could not duplicate, and yet he was jealous of the loss of his own following. So he set about the effort to get the strange power Philip possessed. He professed conversion to the new teaching, and undertook to help the evangelist in his work.

The climax of his fraud came quickly when the Apostles Peter and John visited the city. Simon saw that the disciples received the gift of the Holy Ghost when the hands of the apostles were laid upon them. Now, if Simon's conversion had been genuine, there appears no reason why he should not have received the Holy Ghost as well as the others. But there was the aggravating fact that galled him; he had professed to believe the doctrine, and yet he did not receive this special blessing which was the very thing for which he had avowed allegiance to the faith. But he was determined to get it if possible. He had found money to be the "open sesame" to everything he had previously tried to enter; hence he offered the apostles money, not any definite sum, but evidently whatever price they might choose to set, if they would only give him the coveted power.

But the Christian faith was not corruptible with money in those days of its pristine purity. Later on in church history we read about men who bought and sold positions in the church. To such iniquities the name simony has been given, after the name of the first hypocrite who thought that the gift of God through Jesus Christ could be bought with the price of money. God's gift has a price, but it is not reckoned in coin of the realm. Life, sacrifice, faith, love are elements in the necessary price, and these must be paid without fail.

Peter denounced Simon's religious covetousness in unmeasured terms, and warned him to repent of his wickedness. But Simon only uttered a prayer of fear, and tradition is no doubt correct in accounting him one of the early enemies of the faith. To the case of Ananias and Sapphira, this incident adds another note of warning against deceit and all hypocrisy. It calls all believers to secure a more genuine faith, and to take care that the stamp of reality is upon all religious professions and appearances.

BOWER REYNOLDS PATRICK.

BARTENDER

Who Became Religious Went Insane and Attacked Traveler.

Portsmouth, Ohio, March 7.—Charles Rabner, head bartender at the Washington hotel, went violently insane upon religion. After a fierce struggle, in which he knocked several persons down, among them Policeman James, he was finally landed in the city prison. During the Barrett protracted meetings, which have just closed at Bigelow M. E. church, Rabner united with the church. He enthusiastically announced his conversion. He was, however, under contract with the Washington hotel and did not give up his place then, although he has talked almost constantly of religion.

A. C. Smith, of New York city, and Alexander R. Beatty, of Bucyrus, Ohio, stepped into the bar and ordered drinks. Smith asked Rabner to join them. The bartender had not drank anything since he had joined the church, so took a glass of seltzer. As Smith raised his glass of liquor to his lips Rabner threw his glass of seltzer into the traveling man's face and then threw the glass at him. He then rushed around the bar, wild in insanity, and grabbing Smith gave him a severe drubbing. L. E. Smith, proprietor of the hotel, and a large number of bystanders rushed to the scene.

The landlord grappled with the mad man and was roughly handled. Some one sent in a call for the police.

By this time Rabner had been pushed out onto the sidewalk, where he was fighting with Landlord Smith when Policeman James arrived. Rabner was turned over to the officer and promptly knocked the policeman down. Mrs. Rabner, who was up in the diningroom at supper, came down, screaming with fright, and threw her arms about her husband. She was finally led away and Rabner was locked up.

Rabner is about 45 years old and came here several months ago from Cincinnati, where he was employed in one of the swell cafes. He formerly tended bar for ex-Champion James J. Corbett in New York.

HOPE OF BEING RICH

Blasted By Fire and He Killed Himself.

Chicago, Ill., March 7.—Police officials are of the opinion that J. A. Adams, of Tiffin, Ohio, who disappeared from Chicago Feb. 24, has taken his own life. A brother of the unfortunate man has discovered that the latter's plan for simplifying automobile construction was destroyed in a fire which visited their home at 849 Forty-second street.

The missing relative had great hope of realizing a fortune through his schemes, and when they were ruined it is said that he became moody and despondent. The young man was in this frame of mind when he left the Reed home.

The police are of the opinion that Adams walked to the lake shore, and at a favorable moment, when no one was in sight to discern his movements, he crept to the end of the breakwater pier and threw himself into the water.

A household necessity—Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Heals burns, cuts, wounds of any sort; cures sore throat, croup, catarrh, asthma; never fails.

Great Northern Railway

Popular Homeseekers' and Settlers' Excursions—Three series of cheap rates—Round-trip tickets to all points in Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon, British Columbia, will be sold first and third Tuesdays in March, April and May, at one fare plus $2.00 for the round trip.

One-way settlers' tickets to points in Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon and British Columbia on sale every day during March and April at rates $15.00 to $25.00 each.

One-way settlers' tickets on sale March 4th, 11th, 18th, 25th and April 1st and 8th, to Minnesota and North Dakota points for only $6.00 each.

These tickets are good on all trains, including the famous Great Northern "Flyer."

This is the best opportunity that has ever been offered to parties who wish to investigate the many advantages offered them in the Great Northwest. Information about the Great Northern country is given by agents of the Great Northern Railway, or those desirous of ascertaining just what opportunities are offered there, can secure full illustrated information in reference to land, climate, crops, rates, etc., by writing to Max Bass, G. I. A., 220 S. Clark St., Chicago, or to F. I. Whitney, G. P. & T. A., St. Paul, Minn., or calling at city ticket office, corner Spalding hotel.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

Price 25 Cents. Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.



It Takes the Place of the Doctor.

Hinkley's Bone Liniment

often saves lives and doctor's bills.

In many cases of illness, where the doctor is not needed, cannot be reached, or must be waited for, **Hinkley's Bone Liniment** is invaluable. It is prompt, sure and safe. It relieves pain of every kind, soothes and quiets.

Sold everywhere in 25c., 50c. and $1.00 bottles.

HINKLEY BONE LINIMENT CO., Saginaw, Mich.

HINKLEY'S BONE LINIMENT FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE



MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as **Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation.** It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhoea and all the horrors of impotency. **CUPIDENE** cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. **CUPIDENE** strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with **Prostatitis.** **CUPIDENE** the only known remedy to cure without an operation, 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00 by mail. Send for free circular and testimonials.

Address **DAVOL MEDICINE CO.**, P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist



Moving and Storage

THE OLD RELIABLE

Duluth Van Co

'Phone 492—Old 'Phone 767—Zenith

212 W. Superior St

PILES DR. WILLIAMS' INDIAN PILE OINTMENT Is a SURE CURE for **Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles.** It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, gives instant relief. Every box is warranted. Sold by druggists. Sent by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents and $1.00 per box. WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Props., Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by Max Wirth.

The celebrated children's "McKay" Waist. For sale by

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, February 25, 1902.

In the Matter of the Estate of William Ezard, Deceased:

Whereas, an instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of William Ezard, deceased, late of said county, has been delivered to this court; and

And whereas, Wayland W. Sanford has filed therewith a petition, representing, among other things, that said William Ezord died in said county, on the 15th day of January, 1902, testate, and that said petitioner is the executor named in said last will and testament, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to Wayland W. Sanford.

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this court, at the Probate office in the City of Duluth, in said county, on Monday, the 24th day of March, A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument;

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper, printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 27th day of February, A. D. 1902.

By the Court.

(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis County, Minn.) W. G. BONHAM, Judge of Probate.

Duluth Evening Herald, Feb. 28, March 7-14.

FIGPRUNE Cereal

SOLD BY ALL GROCERS

FOR **DRUNKARDS**

WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; $1 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

U. S. ENGINEER'S OFFICE, DULUTH, Minn., Feb. 19, 1902. Sealed proposals for building watchman's house, Portage lake ship canals, Mich., will be received here until noon, March 10, 1902, and then publicly opened. Information on application. D. D. Gaillard, Capt., Engrs.

Duluth Evening Herald, Feb-11-12-13-14-March-7-8—1902.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, Feb. 20th, 1902.

In the matter of the estate of Amelia Nisius, deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of William Nisius, of the county of St. Louis, representing, among other things, that Amelia Nisius, late of the county of St. Louis, in the state of Minnesota, on the first day of February, A. D. 1902, at the county of St. Louis, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of her death, leaving goods chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a son of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to said William Nisius granted.

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court, on the 17th day of March, A. D. 1902, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 20th day of February, A. D. 1902.

By the Court.

W. G. BONHAM, Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co. Minn.)

Duluth Evening Herald, Feb-21-28-Mch-7-1902.

Houses, Lots, Acreage, Farms —Many opportunities for those who would buy, sell, exchange or rent any kind of Real Estate offered on this page.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

$2200 Takes 8-room house on Fifth street. Cheap.
$2100 Takes 7-room modern house in East End.
$3000 Takes 8-room modern house, corner lot, hot water heat.
A. C. VOLK & CO., 202-203 Palladio

EXCITING INCIDENT

John D. Cummins Took Fast Ride Behind a Sea Cow.

All the Resorters Turned Out to See the Sport.

Some Remarkable Fishing Off the Coast of Florida.

New York, March 7.—How much fun is it to be towed along in a skiff by a tarpon line, with a mammoth sea cow swinging on the end of the hook?

John D. Crimmins, of New York, capitalist, is one of the few men living who has been through the experience. He says that he had a good time.

"Still I don't know that I should care to repeat it," said Mr. Crimmins the other day, stroking his long whiskers reflectively. "There is one thing about it, however—if you get tired of riding behind a sea cow you can throw your fishing rod overboard and decline to be towed any longer."

Mr. Crimmins' exciting adventure with the sea cow, or manatee, took place at Palm Beach, Fla., a few days ago.

It delighted a score of New Yorkers who happened to be on the beach at the time. Incidentally it won for Mr. Crimmins the championship among the Palm Beach fishermen, and has spread his reputation all over Florida as a man who some day will harness sharks and string alligators on a hickory withe.

The Long Pier at Palm Beach that morning was filled with fishermen, including the big winter colony from New York.

Mr. Crimmins and his son were just off the pier in a small fishing boat. Catches were not very lively and everybody was taking the most listless interest in the sport. Suddenly the spectators were electrified at seeing Mr. Crimmin's canoe shoot off across the water at an express-train rate.

"Sharks, man-eatin' sharks. Let's all git out o' dis!" shouted a score of darkies in chorus as they dropped their fishing poles and pulled frantically on their oars.

"Nothing of the sort," began Mr. Crimmins urbanely. "It's a——"

But just then the sea cow on the other end of Mr. Crimmins' fishline gave a terrific flirt to her tail, and the frail craft behind took a new notch in its gait. Mr. Crimmins held to his tarpon rod.

By this time it was plain to the company that Mr. Crimmins had set out to give an exhibition of fancy driving. The water is of wonderful clearness off Long Pier and the huge, eel-like body of the manatee was as distinctly visible as if it had floated on the blue surface of the sea.

Sea cows are not uncommon in that district, to sailors, but decidedly a novelty to landsmen close inshore.

Mr. Crimmins can name at sight about everything that swims, and as soon as he spied the sinuous curve of the manatee's body he knew what it was. He decided on the instant to capture it.

The manatee does not take bait. Mr. Crimmins trailed in the sea cow's tough, sleek skin. It was then that the spectators on the beach saw the canoe dart forward, got a glimpse of the plunging sea cow and understood the game.

It was fun pretty well spiced with danger from start to finish. The sea cow is as strong as a horse, and the water is its home. Consequently, no false starts were made, and in the end the sea cow came out of it without getting the least bit blown, and in true sporting parlance, fresh as a daisy.

Ordinarily a sea cow has the mildest temper imaginable. Amiability beams from her big soft eyes.

At first Mr. Crimmins' catch was unconscious of her captivity, and the canoe was drawn with the steady motion of Lohengrin's swan boat.

Finally the sea cow became aware that Mr. Crimmins was getting a ride for nothing, and her temper was ruffled. With a snort she thrust her head down and started ahead at a rapid rate.

Mr. Crimmins played out line as far as possible.

"Swish, biff!" and the manatee thrashed the water into a pale green foam. This proved ineffective. The hook was still stuck.

"Swing on, hooray; tire your catch out!" shouted the spectators encouragingly.

Just as Mr. Crimmins was replying that he intended to swing on, the manatee headed toward the open sea and plunged forward at an astonishing gait. A trail of foam marked the track for a distance, and after that the Crimmins craft appeared to ride her furious way like a flying Dutchman, not propelled by anything or directed by anybody.

Suddenly the canoe slackened her speed. The big tarpon hook had proved unequal to the strain, straightened out and let go its prey.

Mr. Crimmins still held his fishing pole fast.

The feeding grounds of the manatee are in the semi-saline marshes of the Florida coast. Unlike the seal, they keep tolerably close inshore in shallow water. They weigh from 1000 to 1500 pounds and are strong in proportion to size.

Representatives of the Smithsonian Institute at Washington are now at Palm Beach on the outlook for a choice specimen. There is a penalty of $500 attached to killing a sea cow without license.

Speaking in a general way of the fishing off Palm Beach, Mr. Crimmins said: "The variety of fish found off the beach is remarkable. One never knows what one is going to catch next. The negroes, however, are the cleverest fishermen there.

"Go out with a negro boatman among the outer coral reefs, where some of the best fishing is to be had.

"There is a school of mackerel out there,' he will tell you. 'This way you will find some tarpon. Some king fish are running out in this direction, but this other point has too many sharks today.'

"You can see nothing except, perhaps, the backs of a few king fish. How they know you can only guess, but they are always right. The fishing is not the same at any one spot two days in succession.

"The sharks are the worst enemies to good fishing and there are multitudes of them. They will always take a bait, and often they will take your fish before you can land it. I have had them snap up a fish of four or five pounds that I had safely hooked and bite it off below the head as cleanly as if it had been slashed off with a knife.

"Of course, landing one's first shark is exciting, for they are fighters, but after you have caught five or six you get tired of it and are only too willing to have them leave you alone. They are big fellows, some of them, but they are only a nuisance.

"It is intensely interesting to get in among the coral reefs and watch the fish life down eighteen or twenty feet in the clear water. The smaller fish usually get in among the corals to protect themselves from the hordes of predacious larger fish. I have seen an enormous Jew fish lying as motionless as a log at the bottom, seemingly oblivious to everything. But let a darting small fish get within reach and in a moment an enormous mouth has opened and the small fish is in it and on his way to the depths.

"The skates make good fishing, and I have had considerable of it. I caught some splendid specimens recently. Bluefish are common, and I once saw a giant devilfish swimming near the bottom in about twenty feet of water. I did not disturb him.

"You might fish there for years and not catch specimens of all the species that live there. Every season has something new for you and every trip has some capital sport."

BOARD OF CONTROL

(Continued from page 1.)

the judiciary committee, which had reported it out without recommendation for an opinion as to its constitutionality.

Senator Baldwin made a strong speech against the bill, assailing it as clearly unconstitutional and as clumsy and awkward.

The bill placing the supplies purchased by state institutions under the inspection of the dairy and food commission was passed under suspension of the rules.

Senator Wilson introduced a bill providing a fund of $10,000 for recovering fugitives from justice. Senator Ives' bill raising the personal property exemption from $100 to $200 was indefinitely postponed.

* * *

One branch of the legislature has agreed to adjourn Tuesday noon, and the other branch will probably concur in the resolution. The house this morning passed the Allen resolution, calling for adjournment at that time. Capt. Allen moved to amend his resolution by making the hour of adjournment noon tomorrow, but the motion was lost, after which the resolution went through without much opposition. Everybody is anxious to get the ordeal through with, and had it not been for the fact that there are several important matters yet to clean up the Saturday adjournment idea would have prevailed.

The house this morning passed the Sherman Smith bill for a constitutional convention and if the senate concurs there will be, in due course of time, an overhauling of Minnesota's constitution. The bill required eighty votes and when it came up the other day it only got sixty-seven. Today it got ninety and went through with only twelve votes against it.

Speaker Dowling appointed a committee to confer with a committee from the senate on the constitutional amendments. The house committee is composed of Representatives Alley, Roberts, Whitford, Anderson and Wallace. Three of these members are strong advocates of the wide open policy on which the main split will be.

The judiciary committee reported the Baldwin-Pennington bill taxing foreign corporations as constitutional, and the bill was placed on general orders.

The McCarthy bill taxing logs that are being cut in Minnesota and shipped to Canada, was passed under suspension of the rules.

The Armstrong bill placing the food supplies purchased by state institutions under the state dairy and food commission's inspection was indefinitely postponed.

The house adopted a concurrent resolution in favor of Senator Nelson's bill giving the interestate commerce commission more power.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

AZTEC CALENDAR STONE.

Perhaps the greater portion of visitors the strange-looking casts from Mexican and Yucatan carvings in the museum of the Smithsonian institution are entirely meaningless. Take, for instance, the cast of the Aztec calendar stone, the original of which is preserved in the City of Mexico, says the Washington Times. It was carved in the year 1512 A. D., and brought to the ancient city of Tenochtotlan, now Mexico. When it had nearly reached its destination, it broke down the floating bridge on which it was loaded, and was precipitated into the lake.

The priest superintending the moving and many of the assistants were drowned, but the gerat stone calendar was raised with difficulty from the water, and brought to the temple located by Tizoc and Almitzoth, where it was inaugurated with human sacrifices.

Not many years later this temple, with many others, was destroyed by order of the Christian priests, and the huge calendar, and other objects of heathen worship, were buried in the surrounding marshes, as the best way to get rid of them. It lay hidden for two centuries, until Dec. 17, 1790, when the grade of the pavement in front of the cathedral was lowered, and it came to light.

The Spanish viceroy then controlling Mexican affairs, allowed the commissioners of the cathedral to build it into their sacred edifice, on condition that it should be preserved and exposed always in a public place. It is now, however, held as the property of the Mexican National museum.

This zodiac, or calendar, is twelve feet in diameter, made of a piece of basalt of immense weight. It gives a clear exposition of the divisions of time, as understood by the Aztecs, into cycles, years and days. Fifty-two years constituted a cycle; the year had 365 days, with five very unlucky intercalary days wholly devoted to human sacrifice. Each year had eighteen months of twenty days each, and these months four weeks of five days each.

The days had peculiar names, such as "Sea Animal," "Small Bird," "Monkey," "Rain." These days did not recur every week, but were as numerous as the twenty days of the month. The points of the compass were named "Reed," "House," "Flint," "Rabbitt," instead of our East, West, North and South. Thus an Aztec might say, 'I am going House on Sea Animal,' which would merely mean that he was starting West on Monday.

The months likewise had descriptive names; the third month, which might correspond with our March, was called "Victims flayed alive," while the more agreeable title for the sixth month, which we call June, was "Garlands of corn on the necks of idols." As their writing was pictorial instead of by letters selected from our alphabet, they could give a long phrase in a brief space with a few adroit turns of their writing instruments.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk.
Telephone 755, N. Call 4.
Zenith 'Phone 713.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

$6500 One of the best business corners in heart of city. Rents for $80.00. Genuine bargain.
For Rent Modern double house, big yard fine home, $40.00 for whole house.

T. W. WAHL & Co
201 Exchange Bldg.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

RESIDENCES We have for sale eight of the most desirable, in the fashionable district of the East End. Prices from $5500 to $11,000.
A CORNER 100 by 140 feet. This is the best location of which we know for improvement with flats, double dwellings, or apartments, for an investment. Price low.
FARMS Three well improved, good buildings. Close to the city. Call and see us regarding the above.
Fire insurance written.

Chas. P. Craig & Co,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

A Good Bargain.

8 room house, 50 foot lot, located No. 123 E. Third St, can be handled for $850.00 cash. Communicate with C. T. Seymour, 603, W. 1st St. New 'Phone 814.

FOR SALE—FARM LANDS.

CARLTON COUNTY, MINN.—$200 WILL buy 40 acres good land, easily cleared; $650 will buy 80 acres right on railroad, with fine stream through; $1300 will buy quarter section on railroad and enough hardwood on land to pay cost of clearing; $6 per acre will buy one of the best sections in Carlton county, with lot of valuable timber on, only $2 per acre cash, balance on time at 6 per cent.

ST. LOUIS COUNTY, MINN.—$500 WILL buy 40 acres near Pike lake, covered with hardwood, which will pay cost of land; $50 per acre will buy 10 acres in 19-50-14, within city limits; $10 per acre will buy a half section four miles from city limits, with considerable hardwood; $240 will buy 40 acres ten miles from city, three miles from railroad; 4000 acres in southern part of county at $3 per acre.

DOUGLAS COUNTY, WIS.—$780 WILL buy 78 acres on Northern Pacific railroad ten miles from West Superior, lays level and easily cleared; $2.50 per acre for 320 acres about twenty miles south of West Superior; 1320 acres fifteen miles south of Superior, on railroad, at $2 per acre; 240 acres good land on Omaha railroad, near Hawthorne, at $5.50 per acre, easy terms.

NORTHERN MICHIGAN—160 ACRES close to railroad, considerable hardwood, $2.50 per acre; 160 acres, with large amount of hemlock, cedar and maple, $5 per acre, wood will pay profit besides paying for land.

GUARANTY FARM LAND CO.,
428 West Superior Street, Duluth.

WHY Pay Rent or Interest **?**

When the Home Co-Operative Comp'y
Of Kansas City, Mo.

Will furnish you the money to pay off your mortgage or buy you a home and give you sixteen years and eight months to pay it back at the following monthly payments without interest:

$1000 at $5.55 per month
$2000 at $10.70 per month
$3000 at $16.05 per month

A fund is maintained to carry your contract in case of sickness or out of employment. We are the original and most reliable company of the kind in America and have a copyright and will prosecute any infringements.

Branch Office, 410 Palladio Bldg.

GLEN AVON LOTS CHEAP;

Lots that will be reached by extension of gas and water this summer.

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

DIME SOCIAL.

DIME SOCIAL—284 FOURTH AVENUE east, March 9.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

1510 Jefferson street, seven-room house, bath, cellar, stone foundation, furnace, electric light; can be bought cheap.

A tract of land near the pumping station on the lake shore, lays good; can be bought cheap.

Thirty lots on Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth avenues west; any size lot from $200 a lot and upwards. Easy terms.

110 East Fifth street, house on the alley; will pay a good profit on the investment. Price, $1000.

A lot on upper side of Superior street, near Fifth avenue east— price **$2000**

A couple of flats to rent in West Duluth.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.,
H. H. Hanford, Mngr. 605 Palladio Bldg.

DO YOU PAY RENT?

Why not OWN your home and PAY LESS THAN RENT. THE NATIONAL HOME-SEEKERS' ASSOCIATION will buy any home you choose on following payments:
A $1000 home, $ 5.50 per month.
A $2000 home $11.00 per month.
A $3000 home $16.50 per month.
These are direct payments on principal. NO INTEREST. No large down payment. Call and have this explained. Office open till 8:30 evenings, 417 Torrey building. Correspondents enclose 2c stamp.

SPLENDID BARGAIN.

Strictly modern ten-room dwelling in best residence district. Lot 75x140.

Wm. C. Sargent & Co.
305 Lonsdale Bldg.

The Smoothest Way to Get a Home.

The following parties are getting a home on the easiest plan offered by any one in the city.

They will tell you that it beats paying rent.

Charles TenBrook, J. and W. Frink, F. J. and E. Spetz, John Forsberg, Thomas Larson, Charles Stevens, H. S. Merry, Mrs. Annie Stokes, John A. Bauers, Martin Nelson, Jacob Svorrecckski, Ernest Willc, J. H. B. Smith, Charles Peterson, J. B. Flack, John Sundquist, Adam Sundquist, M. P. Welch, Ole Swenson, O. C. Lomeiln, Ira W. Smith, Robert Lee Brown, George Todd, Mrs. Annie Nielsen, R. J. Gundry, Charles T. Fancett, Peter Holten, Fred K. Jewett, Gottlieb Gunther, E. J. Sonnenberg, J. S. Osborne, E. E. Blair, Peter O'Brien, Louis Wick, H. L. Smith, and others.

Fifty more properties to select from, on easy terms and low valuations.

A $1000 house will be sold for $100 cash, $10 to be paid at the end of five years, with 6 per cent interest, and $400 to be paid with a monthly payment of $9.40 in forty-eight months to pay the principal and interest.

Office No. 2, First avenue west, in Hunter block.

CHAN SMITH, Secretary.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—GOOD RANGE, ONLY used three years, at 203. West Fifth street.

FOR SALE—ANY PART OF 1000 shares Pennsylvania Iron & Steel company stock; make offer. P 57, Herald.

FOR SALE—A FINE SODA FOUNTAIN, at C. J. Tufte's drug store.

FOR SALE—A FINE JERSEY COW just calved. 821 Fourth avenue east. J. L. Levine.

FOR SALE—NEW AND AN OLD PIANO very cheap, at 216 West Superior street, room 107.

A CAR LOAD OR FRESH MILCH COWS will arrive March 6, at Evan Johnson's 2008 Helm street. Will exchange for beef cattle.

Horses!! Horses!!

Large assortment of general purpose horses constantly on hand, including farm mares, drivers and delivery horses. Call and see us before going elsewhere.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Horse Market opposite P.O. Duluth, Minn.

S. M. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED with a car load of fresh milch cows and will sell and exchange for fat cattle. 1219 East Seventh street.

$300 FOR 80-ACRE FARM WITH HOUSE and furniture. $300 for 120-acre farm with good house. We both buy and sell farm or cut-over timber lands. State Trust company, 506 Providence building, Duluth.

FOR SALE—LOCOMOTIVES, STEAM shovels, cars and rails, for construction or logging. Write for our 1902 catalogue. M. Mitshkun Company, Detroit, Mich.

L. HAMMEL CO. ALWAYS HAVE ON hand the best logging horses in the city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

SAWMILL FOR SALE—LOCATED AT Minong, Wis.; capacity 20,000 to 25,000 in ten hours; complete outfit; part payment accepted and terms on balance. Apply No. 10 Mesaba block.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

PERSONAL.

PARTY WITH MONEY DESIRES TO invest in paying established business and take active interest. Address D., Herald.

LADIES! $500 REWARD for a case of chronic nasal catarrh that Ely's Cream Balm cannot relieve. Hall's Harmless vegetable snuff, ratio, cures. How long suppressed. DR. JACKSON H. CO., P. box 1617 Dearborn, Chicago.

DRESSMAKING.

AND PLAIN sewing, fit and style guaranteed. 616 E. 4th St. Basement flat.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; small family; good wages. Mrs. George Swift, 2320 East First street.

WANTED—A RELIABLE NURSE GIRL. 1723 East Second street.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. 230 East Fourth street.

WANTED—A WIDOW CAPABLE OF taking charge of farm house in North Dakota. Address C. M., Herald.

WANTED—DISHWASHER AND DINingroom girl. 210 West Second street.

WANTED—WAIST AND SKIRT MAKers at once. La Ferte, 17 West Superior street.

WANTED — A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework in small family. 1208 East Fourth street.

WANTED — MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN for housework. Apply 16 Seventh avenue west.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework at 107 Park terrace.

WANTED—KITCHEN AND DINING room girl, at 627 West Superior street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Good wages paid. 2 Chester terrace.

WANTED—COMPETENT NURSE GIRL. Must have good references. Apply 20 Twelfth avenue east.

STENOGRAPHERS.

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

MALE HELP—WANTED

WANTED—YOUNG MAN FOR OFFICE work; must be good penman. Apply to John A. Stephenson, Providence building.

WANTED—MAN AND WIFE WITHOUT children who desire to live economically. Address J 43, Herald.

WANTED—TWO COATMAKERS. B. E. Welberg, 2004 West Superior street.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN, 18 TO 25, FOR office work and stenography; salary to start, $10.00 per week; good chance for promotion; prefer one who has some knowledge of bookkeeping. Apply to Nelson Morris Beef company, 302 West Michigan street.

WANTED—MAN AND WIFE TO DO farming. Address P 45, Herald.

WANTED—ELEVATOR BOY AT ST. Louis hotel.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED SCANDInavian hardware clerk. R. R. Forward.

WANTED—BARBER AT PROVIDENCE building.

WANTED—MACHINE HAND TO RUN moulder. Apply Oulett & Baxter, Lake avenue.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Last thirty days of special offer. Can earn scholarship, board, tools and transportation. Great demand for graduates during spring rush. Short time required. Write today. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—AGENTS.

TWO GOOD, LIVE HUSTLERS, AT once to introduce a specialty; city. Apply 313 East Superior street. A. A. Page, manager.

FEMINOLOGY BEST SUBSCRIPtion book proposition of the century. Write for terms. C. L. Dressler & Co., 2203 Gladys avenue, Chicago.

STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING. All kinds accurately and promptly done. Old Phone 544, Zenith 831. Jessie L. Cooley—Lydia T. Grieser. 307 First National Bank Building.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—POSITION IN GROCERY store as manager or head clerk by thoroughly experienced man. Address J 44, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS HOUSE TO TAKE care of for the rent. Address P 26, Herald.

YOUNG MAN, 20 YEARS, STRONG AND willing to do any kind of work. Address J 41, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION BY EXPERIenced lady stenographer. Can furnish best of references. J 39, Herald.

COMPETENT NURSE MAID WANTS place. Can give best of references. Address P 58, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS POSITION AS CASHier in store, restaurant or office work. Address P 46, Herald.

AN EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER wants a few more ladies to sew for by the day. Address Miss Shermerhorn, 905 West First street.

WANTED — SITUATION BY YOUNG married man; no bad habits; honest and willing to work; would like to have a steady place. Address Basement 924 East Sixth street.

LOST.

LOST—BITCH FOX TERRIER ANSwering to the name of Trixie. Reward if delivered to 320 East Fourth street.

LOST—BLACK MUFF BETWEEN Fifteenth and Nineteenth avenues east; notify James McCue, 924 East Third street.

SAND AND GRAVEL.

GOOD BUILDING SAND AND GRAVel, cheap at Fortieth avenue west. For permits apply to C. H. Martz, at board of public works.

SCREENED, CLEAN AND SHARP AT Glen Avon sand pit for sale at $1 per load of 1½ yards. Get tickets at 112 Exchange building; sand costs more without tickets.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

Fools make a mock at advertising, but the wise man sayeth not a word, and secureth additional space.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—MODERN 8-ROOM HOUSE, furnished, for the summer. T 56, Herald.

A FEW SMALL HOUSES, CENTRALLY located, rent reasonable. A. R. Macfarlane & Co., 112 Exchange building.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—THREE NEW FURNISHed rooms. 103½ Second alley east.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS. APPLY 822 West Fifth street.

FURNISHED ROOMS—$1 AND UP PER week, 206 Fifth avenue west.

FOR RENT — THREE FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping, with bath and all modern conveniences. Address 931 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED room; all conveniences. 19 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FOUR FURNISHED rooms, 420 Third avenue east. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange building.

FURNISHED ROOM. 221 EAST THIRD street.

NEAT NICELY FURNISHED ROOM with bath. Rent reasonable. 234 Mesaba avenue.

STORE FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STORES NOS. 522 AND 524 West Superior street. Lane McGregor & Co., 6 Exchange.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FIVE ROOM flat for the summer. Ground floor; central and strictly modern. R. S. B., Herald.

EIGHT-ROOM STEAM-HEATED FLAT, gas range, hot and cold water. Ingalls flats, 216 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—TWO FLATS NO 310 AND 312 West Fifth street. Modern, new and nice. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOM UPPER flat, bath, electric light, 1412 Jefferson street. Inquire of J. B. Middlecoff, 415 Providence building. Telephone 940.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—ROOM AND BOARD FOR man and wife in strictly private family. Address J 42, Herald.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and Third Monday evenings each month, 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 17, 1902. Work, Second degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock. next meeting March 10, 1902. Work, First degree. Clyde W. Stilson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 12, 1902. Work Royal Arch degree. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 7:30 p. m. Next conclave April 1, 1902. Work, Installation of officers. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.—ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL NO. 2, meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west at 8 p. m. Jack Huitquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES—Duluth Aerie No. 79, meets every Thursday at 8 p. m., in Kalamazoo block. W. E. Brown elected worthy president. W. J. Moran, worthy vice president and Robert Rogers, worthy chaplain. Installation Thursday March 13. J. W. Schraeder, worthy, secretary.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets every Thursday of the month at Great Eastern hall. William Clough, sachem; S. C. Murphy, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 68, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m., at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. N. C. Halloway, sachem; A. M. Johnson, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. WE-KE-ME-WUP TRIBE, NO. 11, meets every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St. C. E. Armstead, sachem; J. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS. NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. G. H. Nichols, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS — DIAMOND lodge, No. 45, K. of P., meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street, Monday, Dec. 2, Work in the third rank. L. B. Allen, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of R. S.

M. W. A.—MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A., William Tunell, clerk.

K. O. T. M.—KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

HERB REMEDIES.

FOR ALL IMPURE BLOOD DISORders, tumors and cancers cured without the knife; inexpensive home treatment. No office charges. The Herbuqueen company, 319 First avenue east.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Business confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg, Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 705-5.

CLAIRVOYANT.

PROFESSOR—YOUR FUTURE LIFE told. Big neck, warts, etc. 1314 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 237 MAIN STREET, West Superior, Wis. Phone 4359-3.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

MRS. HANSON—MIDWIFE—
Female complaints. Private hospital, 413 Seventh avenue east. 'Phone 1225.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Hankensen & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WE ARE IN THE MARKET FOR horses and will pay best prices. L. Hammel Co., Third avenue east and First street, Duluth.

WANTED—TO BUY, SECOND HAND motor, about one horse power. M. Henricksen, jeweler.

WANTED—TO BUY, A COCKER SPANiel pup, four weeks old. Duluth Cigar company.

Horses Wanted.

LUMBERMEN AND CONTRACTORS—Notice—We are in the market at all times to purchase your horses if you have no further use for them and will pay highest cash price for the same. Call or address, BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN, Sale Stable opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn.

JOHNSON NICKEL MINING COMpany stock wanted; state price and quantity. Address P. O. box 290, city.

PICTURE FRAMING.

GET YOUR PICTURES AND PICTURE frames at Hoffman's, 211 East Superior street.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

IF YOU WANT A GUARANTEED INvestment paying 20 per cent, call or write. William Kaiser, 105 Palladio building. Both 'phones.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv.. Duluth..Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m	Ar.. Proctor..Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m	Ar. Iron Jctn.Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar.... Wolf ...Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia..Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar.. Eveleth..Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar.. Sparta..Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik..Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron..Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing ..Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	7:30
11:25	7:25	Ar.....Virginia Lv	8:05	3:30
11:30	7:30	Ar.....Eveleth Lv	8:00	3:30
12:30	7:55	Ar.....Ely Lv	7:25	2:50
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.
(GREAT NORTHERN SYSTEM)

Leave		Arrive
† 1:25 p.m.	St Paul	† 1:55 p.m.
† 11:10 p.m.	Minneapolis	† 6:30 p.m.
* 7:55 a.m.	Cass Lake, Grand Forks Montana, Pacific Coast (Ashbling, Swan River and the Iron Range.	* 6:43 p.m.
† 3:00 p.m.		† 11:58 a.m.

* Daily. † Daily Except Sunday. Sleeper ready at 5 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 40 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 55 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee.	*10 45 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oshosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10 55 pm

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 9:00 a m	Ashland and East	a 11:55 a m
b 9:00 a m	"	b 6:55 p m
a 2:10 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7:55 a m
b 5:40 a m	North Coast Limited	a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL	b 6:30 p m
a 11:55 p m	MINNEAPOLIS	b 2:10 p m
a 11:10 p m		a 7:00 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday. Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railw'y

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Blk. 'Phone 44. All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot.

*5:45 p. m. Lv—BOSTON LIMITED—Ar. *9:55 a. m. All points East.

*8:15 a. m. Lv—..... LOCAL .....—Ar. †7:25 p. m. Marquette & Copper Country.

D ally. † Except Sunday

18 PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SECTION 1. Pages 1 to 10

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. SATURDAY, MARCH 8, 1902. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL

BALDWIN APPROVES

The Bill to Cut Down Ore Freight Rates.

Lively Tilt Between the Duluth Senators.

From The Herald State Capitol Bureau.

St. Paul, March 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Halvorson bill reducing the iron ore freight rates got into the senate this morning over the adverse report of the reception committee, and if the vote upon it is any indication, it would pass the senate by a large majority if it could be reached. Whether it could be put through the senate in the short time remaining is doubtful, as it would require a suspension of rules. In the ordinary course, without a suspension of the rules, it could not be reached before next Friday.

The Duluth delegation in the senate split on the bill, Senator Baldwin voting for its reception and moving a suspension of the rules in its favor, and Senators Daugherty and Hawkins voting against it. There was considerable feeling in the remarks of the Republican senators from St. Louis county, who asserted that it was a campaign dodge to get them on record. They accused Senator Baldwin hotly of being a party to this move, and some warm words passed between Senators Baldwin and Daugherty over this charge, though the conversation was just between themselves and not made upon the floor of the senate. Senator Baldwin denied that he had anything to do with the preparation of the bill. When the reception committee reported on the bill, it recommended its indefinite postponement, and the report was adopted without a protest. Then Senator Halvorson discovered what had happened, and he moved and carried a reconsideration of the vote. In the debate upon the reconsideration Mr. Halverson spoke of the injustice of the present freight rates.

Mr. Larson, of Sibley, opposed the bill because it would cut down the state's receipts from the gross earnings of the ore roads.

Senator Daugherty said the bill was simply introduced at a St. Louis county man's request to put the Duluth delegation on record, but he was glad to be on record.

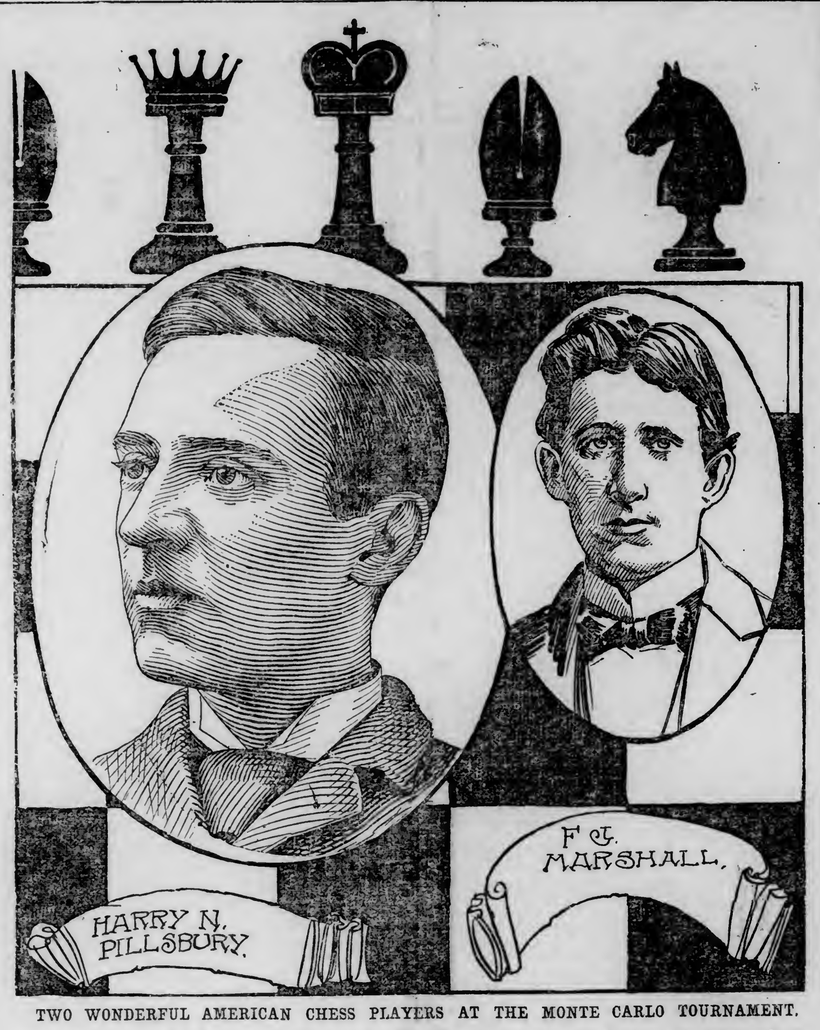
Mr. Halvorson said he had intended to put the bill in before, but the Duluth parties who prepared it delayed it. He denied that he had any other object than to protect the interests of the state.

Senator Ives wanted to know who prepared the bill and Mr. Halvorson said it was T. J. Walsh, of Tower.

Senator Daugherty said that Mr. Walsh never owned a pound of iron ore in his life and never would. He is a Democratic politician and he started the same thing last session. He is a peanut politician, and he thinks to make political capital for the coming election by putting the St. Louis county delegates on record.

Senator Hawkins stated that thirty-five per cent of the ore now being shipped is from independent mines, and Mr. Daugherty agreed to this and said that the bill was buncombe and hum-

(Continued on page 8.)



TWO WONDERFUL AMERICAN CHESS PLAYERS AT THE MONTE CARLO TOURNAMENT.

Harry N. Pillsbury of Boston and F. J. Marshall of Brooklyn are the young chess players who have made remarkable records in Monte Carlo's great international tournament. Twenty of the world's greatest players entered the tournament.

MANY WERE CREMATED

Scene at the Texas Wreck Was Heartrending.

The Number of Dead May Never Be Known.

El Paso, Tex., March 8.—The relief train conveying the dead and injured of the railroad disaster at Maxon has arrived here. A passenger from New York, who refused to give his name, said in explanation of the accident:

"The back coaches were not turned over and that is all that saved us who were fortunate enough to be riding in the Pullman. They tipped slightly, but remained on the track. Otherwise had we not been killed we would have been cremated. The coaches were burned up and I never saw a fire burn so rapidly. By the time I got out of the Pullman there was little left of the smoker and chair car except cinders and ashes. The shrieks and groans of the victims is something to be remembered a lifetime and we were as helpless as babes to assist them. It is my estimation that the exact number of dead will never be ascertained. Nearly every passenger on the train was asleep when the accident occured.

"Probably the majority of passengers in the front coach met death."

It is the belief among railroad men here that as the engine left the inside of the reverse curve the accident was not due to fast running.

From the latest accounts fifteen people were killed outright and twenty-eight more or less injured, as follows:

The dead:

THREE CHILDREN OF MART RIDDLE, of Cetopak, Kan.

ESTAVON CONTRARAS, De Rio, Tex.

ANDREW C. SHELLY, WIFE AND CHILD, Leiror, Tex.

CHILD OF D. E. HOUSEN, Racine.

MR. AND MRS. WHITE, Manitowoc, Wis.

ENGINEER AL. MAST, El Paso, Tex.

FIREMAN M. BERTSCHOLST, El Paso, Tex.

L. A. BOONE, news agent, Doyline, La.

CHRIS KEEL, contractor, San Antonio.

W. W. PINE, engineer, San Antonio.

Injured: Mrs. Mary Kochler, San Francisco, internal injuries; A. S. Turner, Black Hawk, Miss., hand crushed; Mrs. J. M. Sheppard, Glenn Mills, Pa., head hurt; J. Fuller, Washington, D. C., leg and foot crushed; Antonio El Rio, Del Rio, Tex., internal injuries; George Ollenberg, Lexington, Ky., hand crushed; E. C. Baker, Angleton, Tex., bruised; Charles H. Hoy, San Antonio, both feet scalded; A. E. Massey, Wilbey, Tex., scalp wounnd; J. I. Taylor, Mulberry, Kan., head injured; Mrs. Mitchell, Philadelphia, Pa., hurt internally; W. P. Adams, express messenger, internal injuries and badly scalded; Craig Battleman, North Dakota, head and back hurt; Biscoe Rodriguez, Del Rio, Tex., bruised; Lulons Morales, Del Rio, Tex., slightly bruised; Antonio Donul, Del Rio, Tex., bruised; M. Lobert, residence unknown, head hurt; D. P. Havens, El Paso, bruised; A. E. McKenzie, Safford, Ariz., slightly injured; H. J. Todd, Frankfort, Ky., bruised; Thomas O. Crowder, Houston, Tex., bruised; William Josephs, San Jose, Cal., back injured; J. H. Taylor, Birmingham, Ala., slightly hurt; Hugh Mills, Cnetopa, Kan., slightly injured; Dr. G. Martin, Pecos, Tex., slightly injured; C. W. B. Bennett, St. Paul, Kan., bruised; W. S. Glenn, Black Hawk, Miss., leg broken; Mrs. Annie Wortherst, San Francisco, leg and hand crushed.

HOUSE PLAYING HORSE

From The Herald State Capitol Bureau.

St. Paul, March 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Symptoms of the unrest that permeates the legislature were plainly discernable in the house yesterday afternoon, when a disposition to treat things with levity induced the members to play horse with Senator Stockwell's mule resolution, the same being a memorial to congress against the violation of the treaty of 1871 with Great Britain by permitting Great Britain to buy mules in the United States to be used in prosecuting her "unholy war" with the Boers. This resolution passed the senate, and there were but four votes against it. In the house yesterday afternoon it was the occasion of a lot of sport, and in was lost by a vote of 35 to 36. The leading speech in its favor was made by Phillip Martin, of St. Paul, who talked at length of freedom in a way that was somewhat complicated and difficult to understand. A crowd of playful members formed a claeque round him and liberally applauded him every time he stopped to take breath, regardless of what he was saying. When the roll was called on the resolution it was taken as a huge joke. Mr. Mallory, of Duluth, arose to explain his vote, and made a mock heroic speech in which he said that if the British were permitted to keep on buying mules in this country they might get some of the members of the legislature, so he voted against the resolution.

* * *

The Brower bill, to take the educational institutions of the state out of the reach of the board of control, was finally defeated yesterday afternoon by a close vote in the senate. After the

(Continued on Page 5.)

THE KILLED

In Texas Wreck, Company Says, Number But Twelve.

Houston, Tex., March 8.—At Southern Pacific headquarters today it was reported that the number killed in the wreck yesterday at Maxon is twelve. Reports of the injured from El Paso are to the effect that none have died, but three may die during the day. The cause of the wreck is still a mystery. The railroad officials believe it was an obstruction on the track, or a broken rail, while some survivors assert that the train was running very fast and hitting the curves hard, the wreck occurring at a curve. The fact may never be determined, as the engineer is dead and most of the passengers were asleep. Conductor Stockwell is positive the train was running at ordinary speed, which is not dangerous. An official report is to be issued later.

PROCEEDING SLOWLY.

No Anxiety Is Felt For the Steamship Etruria.

New York, March 8.—A representative of Vernon H. Brown & Co., local agents of the Cunard line, said today that no anxiety was felt because the Etruria had not been heard from since she was spoken by the Ottawa, 100 miles west of Fayal, on Feb. 28. The Etruria, which had lost both propeller and rudder, was then in tow of the Clyde liner, William Cliff, and was being towed at the rate of from fifty to sixty miles a day. The local Cunard line officials think the ship may not be reported before Tuesday or Wednesday.

London, March 8.—The head of the Cunard steamship line, at Liverpool, telegraphs to the Associated Press this afternoon, as follows: "We know the Etruria is proceeding slowly, and there may be some little time yet before we hear from her. There is no ground for uneasiness."

WARSHIP LAUNCHED.

London, March 8.—King Edward and Queen Alexandra participated in a number of inspections and ceremonies at Plymouth today, including the distribution of China medals. Among the recipients was Admiral Sir Edward Hobart Seymour, who commanded the first Pekin relief expedition. The principal ceremony of the day was the launching of the first class battleship Queen, by Queen Alexandra, and the laying of the keel plate of the first class battleship King Edward VII, by King Edward. When the Queen entered the water, King Edward touched a button, which released the keel plate from its temporary resting place, whence it slipped into position on the blocks.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Liverpool—Arrived: Campania, New York.

Glasgow—Arrived: Mongolian, Boston.

Hamburg—Arrived: Graf Waldersee, New York.

New York—Arrived: St. Paul, Southampton.

Havre—Arrived: La Champagne, New York.

NEW TRUST COMPANY.

New York, March 8.—A new trust company, to be known as the Lincoln Trust company, is being organized in this city. Its offices probably will be in Fifth avenue near Forty-second street. eLading financiers are interested in the new company.

RESPECTABLE SALOONS

City Club of New York Will Discuss Feasibility of Establishing a Scheme of Saloons Like Those In England.

New York, March 8.—A committee of the City club meets next Monday to discuss the feasibility of establishing in New York city a scheme of saloons modeled after the famous Central Public Trust association of London. The idea is to place drinking of intoxicants in moderation on a respectable basis.

The father of the plan is R. Fulton Cutting, who viewed its working on the other side. He collected data concerning it which was placed before the City club for consideration. The main plan includes a big corporation, which will buy selected saloons, combine them with restaurants and conduct them with ideal respectability and in strict observance of law. The hope is that these places may become popular, because of the purity of the goods dispensed and the absence of the "gin mill" atmosphere.

The London saloon scheme is endorsed by many leading citizens and clerics of Great Britain. Its president is Earl Grey, and among its vice presidents are the bishop of Chester and Joseph Chamberlain. The managers and assistants of the public houses are paid a commission and salary, and are made responsible for the proper conduct of the places. They are not permitted to sell liquor to any one who is habitually a drunkard.

TANGLING GEN. HUGHES

Senator Patterson Continues His Severe Questioning of the Commander Who Answers the Questions as He Sees Fit.

Washington, March 8.—Senator Patterson continued his questioning of Gen. Hughes in the senate committee on the Philippines today, taking up the beginning of hostilities in February, 1899. The witness repeated his previous statement that the first shot was fired by an American. Mr. Patterson asked Gen. Hughes what he had meant when he said upon hearing the firing at first, "The thing is on."

There was some sparring between the two as on previous occasions, the senator insisting upon a direct answer and the witness upon replying in his own way.

"I intend," said the latter, "to answer in the best way I can to cover the whole situation. I wish to answer in my own way as I am informed I have the right to do. I felt that they had made an attack upon us and that we must defend ourselves," he added.

"Did you mean simply that you should defend yourselves or that you should make an attack also?"

"I had no intention beyond what I have stated."

Mr. Patterson then sought to bring out the fact that the attack was made before the Filipinos were ready and Gen. Hughes admitted that the Filipino leaders were absent in a conference at Malolos. He said that hostilities were so active the next day that there was no opportunity to attempt to heal the breach.

GUDEN HOLDS THE FORT

Sheriff of New York Has Provisions For a Long Siege and Has Entrenched Himself In the County Court House.

New York, March 8.—As the outcome of Governor Odell's order removing Charles Guden from office as sheriff of King's county, Guden is now barricaded in the county court house and is said to have given instructions that Col. Normal S. Dike, who was appointed as his successor, shall not be admitted to his office there, nor to the Raymond street jail. He has provisions sufficient, it is stated, to withstand a long siege.

Gen. Benjamin F. Tracy, who now represents the interests of Mr. Guden, having been recently employed as special counsel, will see the former sheriff in the Kings county court house this morning, and it is believed he will move for a writ of prohibition to prevent Col. Dike from disturbing Mr. Guden. Gen. Tracy will carry the case into the courts in some form, and it is his desire and that of his client that possession of the office shall remain with Mr. Guden pending a decision.

On orders of the "commander-in-chief" only the most faithful were placed on guard at the court house where there was said to be some sign of weakening among the deputies. It was apparent that the men in the Raymond street jail were more loyal than those at the county court house. Warden Roach accepted orders to keep Col. Dike out of the jail and these orders were passed along to the assistants and to the doorkeepers. Everything was tightly barred and no one was admitted who did not carry a pass signed by Mr. Guden.

WILL GO DRY IN NEW YORK

Every Drinking Place Not Having a Hotel License Will Be Closed From Saturday Night to Monday Morning.

New York, March 8.—Continued agitation of the excise question has brought forth an order from Police Commissioner Partridge that every drinking place in New York not having a hotel license, shall be closed from midnight tonight until Monday morning. It will be the driest Sunday known in many years.

Every Rains law hotel in the city which has not ten bona fide rooms for lodgers also must close.

District Attorney Jerome is credited with bringing matters to a climax in his effort to force legislation at Albany on the excise question. Last Sunday, it is said, he had detectives at work in every precinct in greater New York collecting evidence. These men furnished him with a list of 2000 saloons which failed to comply with the law.

The district attorney, it is said, presented this list to Col. Partridge on Thursday.

"We are willing to close next Sunday," said one of the saloon men last night, "as an object lesson to the people of New York. We realize that public sentiment is in our favor and that Jerome and Partridge, too, are opposed to the present law. We want to co-operate with them in order to bring about the passage of a more conservative law."

THE PRINCE RESTING

New York, March 8.—Prince Henry of Prussia breakfasted at the Waldorf-Astoria at 9 o'clock this morning. After breakfast the prince sent Lieut. Com. Von Egidy, of his suite, to Grant's tomb to place a wreath on the dead president's sarcophagus. His royal highness felt the need of rest, and said he would remain in his apartments until afternoon. At 8 o'clock he will attend a dinner to be given in his honor by the German society of the city of New York.

The wreath sent to Grant's tomb by the prince was nearly nine feet in circumference, was made almost entirely of laurel, and was tied with broad purple ribbon.

Ambassador Von Holleben, Admiral Von Sickendorff, Admiral Von Tirpitz, Capt. Von Mueller, Capt. Von Reuber-Paschwitz and Consul General Buenz visited Columbia university today as representatives of the prince, who was unable to make the visit in person.

Mrs. Ogden Mills gave a luncheon and reception today in honor of Prince Henry at her home, No. 2 East Sixty-ninth street. Sixty persons attended the luncheon, which began at 1 p. m., and about 100 attended the reception, which followed. Calve, De Marchi and Guilbert, of the Metropolitan Opera company, sang; Franz Wilchz, violinist, played, and Isador Luckstone, pianist, accompanied the singers.

PHILIPPINE ARMY OF 32,000

Washington, March 8.—It is said at the war department that there will be little or no delay in the execution of orders recently issued by the secretary of war for the return to the United States of all the regiments which went to the Philippines in 1899, aggregating about 13,500 men. Including fresh troops in the United States now under orders for service in the Philippines, Gen. Chaffee will have a standing army of 32,000 men, notwithstanding the withdrawal of 13,500 already under orders to come home.

GEN. BATES SUCCEEDS OTIS

Omaha, March 8.—Gen. John C. Bates, comanding the department of the Missouri, today received orders to assume command also of the department of the lakes on the retirement of Gen. E. S. Otis.

Gen. Bates had been anticipating the order and believes it to be only temporary. It is understood at army headquarters that Gen. MacArthur now in command of the department of Colorado, will assume command of the department of the lakes on the appointment of his successor.

MINNEAPOLIS MAN SUICIDES

Kansas City, March 8.—John Henderson, of Minneapolis, Minn., was found dead on the third floor of the Helping Hand institute this morning, with a bullet hole in his head. The theory is that he committed suicide. Last evening Henderson reported to the police that two negro women had robed him of $900. The police detained him till midnight and then sent him to the institute. Other lodgers slept within a few yards of where the body was found. They reported having heard a noise during the night, but made no investigation. Henderson came here from the north yesterday on business.

PEACHES COME LONG WAYS

Chicago, March 8.—Peaches from Cape Colony, South Africa, yesterday made their appearance in the Chicago market. This was the second lot that has come here within thirty days. Considering the distance traveled and the length of time required, the fruit was in good condition, but it lacked the high color that makes the peach a favorite with consumers. There were only a few boxes, with a dozen peaches in each.

The price secured was not high, considering the long distance over which they were shipped—$4.50 a dozen, or 37½ cents each. A few dozen plums came with the peaches. They commanded $3 a dozen.

AGENT AND SALARY MISSING

Omaha, March 8.—H. McLeod, contracting agent for the Merchants Dispatch Transportation company, has been missing since Saturday, when he drew his month's salary. He had a good position and stood well with the company, for which he had worked eighteen years in New York and two in Chicago before he came to Omaha in 1899. No one knows of any trouble in which he was involved and his disappearance is a mystery. His age is 35 and he is not married.

TO STRIKE AT THE ROOT

As Women Will Not Refrain From Wearing Birds on Hats Law Will Be Enforced Against Dealers.

Chicago, March 8.—The Illinois Audobon society is going to strike a blow at the root of the fashion of wearing seagulls and terns for bonnet decorations. The society has decided that moral suasion with the women is not effective and that the people to get after are the dealers.

Every millinery establishment in Chicago, wholesale and retail, is to be served with a notice that the selling of skins of gulls, terns and song birds is illegal under the law of Illinois. The name of each bird which it is forbidden to buy or sell will be given in order that ignorance cannot be pleaded as an excuse for law violation. A committee chosen by the directors of the society will visit the retail milliners, and after an inspection of the stocks, will point out to responsible persons the birds which it is unlawful for them to sell. The committee will then request that the prohibited bird skins be returned to the supply house from which they were purchased. If the merchants agree to do this they will avert prosecution.

HEAVY LOSS TO THE BOERS

London, March 8.—Lord Kitchener, in a dispatch from Pretoria, dated today, reports the discovery of a Boer magazine in a cave northeastward of Rietz, Orange River Colony, containing 310,000 rounds of rifle ammunition, hundreds of shells and fuses, 200 pounds of powder, a Maxim gun, hellos, field telegraphs and quantities of stores. Thirty-five Boers have been captured in the same neighborhood since March 4. The magazine was discovered by Canadian scouts commanded by Col. Ross.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

If Others Are Making Money, Why Not You?

HUNTLEY OIL & REFINING CO.

Of Beaumont, Texas.

GOV. B. McMILLIN, Governor of Tennessee, President.
HON. CHARLES A TOWNE, One of the Directors.

IT IS ONE OF THE BEST INVESTMENTS IN TEXAS.

HURRY!

Your Last Chance to Get This Stock at 60c.

We have the contracts closed and pending.

We have the transportation.

We have the largest gusher in the Texas Oil Field.

This is your opportunity to make big money. This stock will be worth many times par.

Next week stock will go to 75c and may go to par, $1.00.

The Following Telegram Will Explain:

Beaumont, Texas, March 7, 1902.

F. W. KUGLER,
Duluth, Minn.

The McMillin gusher of the Huntley Oil and Refining Company is in—flow tremendous — exceeds most roseate anticipation—everything booms from now on.
T. C. SWOPE, Gen. Mgr.

I have just received a barrel of Texas crude oil, the first for Duluth. Call and get a sample.

Do not forget to buy some stock in the Huntley.

F. W. KUGLER, Agt.,

127 East Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.



One-fourth Off

On Whitely Exercisers, Boxing Gloves and Striking Bags.

Making Room for Summer Goods.

City Gun Store,

402 W. Superior St. R. C. Kruschke.

Saved His Life.

In The Herald of Feb. 12 there was published an article of an encounter with a black bear in the wilds of Arkansas by Joseph F. Schmitt, which was read with much interest by the hunting fraternity, as it is almost a remote impossibility for a man to kill such a powerful beast with such a small weapon as a knife, unless he has a wonderful presence of mind, but such was the experience of Mr. Schmitt after a battle of twenty minutes.

Mr. Kruschke, proprietor of the City Gun store, no sooner read this in The Herald, than he wrote to Mr. Schmitt, asking what kind of a knife was used in his battle for life and today is in receipt of a letter from him stating that the knife used was the Northwestern make, manufactured exclusively by Mr. Kruschke, of this city, and says it was a matter of chance that he had one of these knives and owes his life to the simplicity in which it is opened. Mr. Kruschke is more than flattered.

ECZEMA; NO CURE, NO PAY.

Your Druggist will refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Ringworm, Tetter, Old Ulcers and Sores, Pimples and Blackheads on the face, and all skin diseases. 50c.

Will Fight the Case.

W. H. Smallwood, Jr., appeared in the municipal court this morning, having learned that Richard Cullen desired his arrest for assault and battery. Mr. Smallwood said he was not guilty of assault, and the case will be heard in court on the afternoon of March 25. The usual length of time between arraignment and hearing is made necessary on account of a business trip of the defendant out of the city.

T. M. Dooley has opened a class in dancing at Harmonie hall, Lester Park. Class meets Tuesdays and Thursdays of each week. Class open for beginners any evening. For private lessons see him at residence, 831 West First street.

"77"

Dr. Humphreys' "77" prevents Pneumonia and breaks up hard Colds that hang on—

GRIP

Dissolution of Partnership.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Walter G. Hudson and Charles E. Heitman, under the firm name of Walter G. Hudson & Co., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, both members becoming partners in the firm of Chas. A. Towne & Co., Incorporated of New York, Boston and Philadelphia.

WALTER G. HUDSON,
CHAS. E. HEITMAN.

Boston, March 5, 1902.

REVENUE OFFICE.

A. Hirsch Appointed Stamp Deputy For Duluth.

J. W. Vars, of St. Paul, chief deputy revenue collector, who has been in the city for the past few days has established a new revenue stamp office in Duluth. A. Hirsch, proprietor of the cigar store in the Board of Trade building has been appointed internal revenue stamp deputy for Duluth and the office will be open in his place of business next Monday morning. The hours during which internal revenue stamps may be purchased are from 9 o'clock in the morning to 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

The various industries in Duluth that are large users of internal revenue stamps will be pleased to learn of the re-establishment of the Duluth office.

The main office for internal revenue stamps, in this state is situated at Minneapolis and the other at Duluth. The branch office established in this city in 1898 when the war tax went into effect. Up to that time vigorous efforts were made to get an office here, but to no avail until the department decided that the increased business due to the war tax warranted the opening of a branch office here.

Chief Deputy Vars says that the annual business of the branch office here since the war tax went into effect has been about $150,000, but if all the war tax is taken off by July of this year the annual receipts of the Duluth office will be in the neighborhood of $100,000. The largest users of revenue stamps in this district are the brewers, cigar manufacturers, wholesale liquor dealers and the board of trade.

BANDAGES BURN.

Peculiar Accident to a Hospital Patient.

Patrick Shea, a patient in St. Mary's hospital, was severely burned yesterday in a singular manner.

He is being treated for a skin disease. His hands and arms were wrapped in carbolized oil bandages.

While the nurses were out of the room, Mr. Shea decided to have a smoke, and in lighting his pipe set fire to the highly inflammable bandages.

He ran down the hospital corridors with a small conflagration on each arm till he met one of the sisters, who succeeded in smothering the flames.

The patient was burned severely but not seriously.

BIG BUNCH RETURNED

Twenty Indictments Are Brought In By the Grand Jury.

Rumor That Many Are Against Range Blind Pig Keepers.

The Jury Is Thanked For Quick Work and Discharged.

The March term grand jury brought in its final report just before noon today and its members were discharged by Judge Dibell with a graceful expression of the thanks of the court for its notable expedition. The jury returned no written report.

Earlier in the forenoon the jury came in with twenty indictments. Only one of these was made public. The rest were withheld until the defendants could be gotten into custody. It is reported that quite a proportion of the indictments are against range blind pig keepers. It is also said that the grand jury investigated the affairs of a township, village and school district official in one of the range towns, in accordance with instructions of the county board to the county attorney. Whether this investigation resulted in some of the indictments referred to is pure speculation.

The one indictment returned this morning that was made public was against Joseph Pocket, of West Duluth, who is charged with the nonsupport of his wife. He is already in custody at the county jail. This afternoon the prisoners indicted yesterday were arraigned to plead. Yesterday afternoon Karvo, the slayer of Myllymaki, declined to answer the court when asked if guilty or not guilty, and a plea of mute was entered. Tony Held, a contribution from the range, pleaded not guilty, as did Porter, who is accused of causing the death of John Brown.

James Stewart claimed that he was not guilty of causing Charles McLean to "get an ax" in a logging camp in the town of Canosia, at least not in the way he is charged of using it. Stewart was arraigned this morning.

WILL VETO IT.

Mayor Does Not Like Armory Rental Proposition.

Mayor Hugo will probably veto the resolution of the council passed last Monday renting surplus space in the market hall for $55 a month.

The mayor, it is understood, thinks the space is worth more than $55 a month to the department of public works for storage purposes, and is unwilling to rent it at the price mentioned.

May Waive Advantage.

Efforts are being made to have the city hall offices supplied with Duluth company telephones. Lack of quick communication with other parts of the city has handicapped work considerably.

It is understood that the Duluth company, in order to get the telephones back in the city hall, will put the instruments in free of charge and expressly waive any rights that such action would entitle it to in the present litigation with the city.

Asks Treble Damages.

Julius Quade has brought another of the trespass suits against the Brooks-Scanlon Lumber company and the Minnesota & North Wisconsin Railroad company. The plaintiff claims the railroad built its line over this land without consent or remuneration.

A new feature of this complaint is that the plaintiff demands that he shall be given judgment for treble the amount of damages awarded him. He claims that the timber destroyed was worth $400 and alleges general damages of $200. He demands judgment in all for $1800. John Jenswold is his attorney.

Dr. Lyon's PERFECT Tooth Powder

AN ELEGANT TOILET LUXURY.

Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century.

NEW TRIAL DENIED.

Joseph Steere Refused One In Case Against City.

The motion of Joseph Steere for a new trial of his suit against the city of Duluth was denied by Judge Dibell this morning in special term. Steere was the owner of a 5-acre tract of land in the eastern part of the city. He claimed to have paid the special assessment against his property for the paving of East Superior street, and the assessment had been marked cancelled on the comptroller's books, but there was no other record that the payment had been received. This occurred during the term of Comptroller McCormick's predecessor. Steere brought suit to quiet title to his property, and the court declared that he owned the fee, but that the lien for the assessment still existed against it. The motion for a new trial on this point was that that came up this morning.

TO CURE GRIP IN TWO DAYS.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine removes the cause. E. W. Grove's signature on every box.

MASONIC NOTICE.

All members of Palestine and Ionic lodges, A. F. & A. M. and sojourning Master Masons are requested to meet at Masonic Hall Sunday, March 9th, at 1:30 p. m., for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late brother, Linus J. Wilson. Services in Methodist church. By order W. M.

F. R. KENNEDY, Sec'y.

FAVORABLE.

Kugler Says Public Sentiment Favors New Court House.

County Commissioner Kugler says he is gratified with the discoveries he is making in investigating public sentiment regarding his intention to introduce a resolution at the next county board meeting calling a special election for voting on a court house bond issue.

Mr. Kugler says he is finding a wonderful predominance of sentiment in favor of a new court house, and also in favor of his plan to get the bonds voted first and then let the controversy over the site take its own course.

"I have kept account of the views of about 100 men," said Mr. Kugler, "and of these only six are opposed to my proposition. Three are opposed to the general proposition of building a new court house, and one wants it to stay where it is and to have that provided in the call for the election and wanted to postpone the election until fall. I think that is a highly promising exhibition of sentiment in favor of my proposition."

BAKER YIELDS.

Produces Missing Bicycle and Pays the Costs.

J. S. Baker, of the "Baker Orphanage," will not be prosecuted for petty larceny.

He was arrested about a week ago for stealing a bicycle from Mrs. E. Smith, of Sauk Center.

The charges against him have been dismissed, but he is not vindicated. The hearing was to have been next Tuesday morning, but late yesterday afternoon Mr. Baker's attorney walked into police headquarters and delivered the wheel to Chief Troyer and said Mr. Baker was ready to settle the case by paying the costs and having it dismissed.

The police department was simply interested in recovering the bicycle and it was arranged with the city attorney's office that the case should be dismissed as there would be considerable expense in bringing witnesses here from the southern part of the state.



What They. Are.

Composition of the Famous

GRAPE-NUTS FOOD.

A widespread interest has been created among good livers, as to the composition of Grape-Nuts, the popular food. It has long been known to physicians, chemists and food experts, that the starchy portion of entire wheat flour and barley is transformed into a true and very choice sugar by the act of intestinal digestion in the human body. This sugar is identical with, and is known as grape sugar, and it is in condition for immediate transformation into blood and the necessary structure from which the delicate nerve centers are built up.

A food expert of the Postum Cereal Company, Limited, Battle Creek, Mich., followed a line of experiments until he produced the food called Grape-Nuts, of which grape sugar forms the principal part, and it is produced by following out nature's processes, in a mechanical way. That is, heat, moisture and time are the methods employed and directed by scientific facts gained in research.

Grape-Nuts is satisfying, and the Grape-Nuts are probably entitled to the claim to be the most perfectly adapted food for human needs now extant. Certain it is that the user's delight in the flavor and the perfect action of intestinal digestion during the use of Grape-Nuts is satisfying, and the added strength of body confirms the facts.

WANT THE ORPHANS

Interesting Guardianship Case Comes Before Judge Bonham.

Relatives Strive to Get Possession of the Gravelle Children.

Will Remain With Orphan's Home as the Father Wished.

Possession of two orphans and $2000 formed the bone of contention between St. James' Orphans' home and relatives of the mother of the children, in a hearing before Probate Judge Bonham this morning. Back of the orphanage was the expressed desire of the father before his death that the children should be kept in the home until they were able to care for themselves. The friends of the dead man also supported the position of the sisters. The sisters won.

It came up on two petitions for the appointment of a guardian for Alice Gravelle, aged 11, and Joseph Gravelle, aged 10. They are the children of the late Bruno Gravelle. The latter was a member of several French societies, and these figured in the affair.

The contest narrowed down to a question of whether the grandmother of the children on their mother's side should have their custody and that of an estate of $2000. The father's friends fought the application of the grandmother to have her son-in-law, William D. Loftus, appointed as guardian. This fight was made in the name of Scholastica Kerst, president of St. Joseph Orphans' home. Sister Scholastica petitioned the court that Louis L. Forest who represented the wishes of the dead father, be appointed.

When the matter came up before Judge Bonham this forenoon the little court room was crowded with the grandmother and aunts of the children, three sisters from the home, and the partisans of each side. Albert Baldwin appeared for the sisters and Judge White represented the grandmother.

The arguments disclosed that Bruno Gravelle and his wife had separated and that great feeling had existed between them. Gravelle, who was a laboring man, kept the children in a home in Superior for a time, and then brought them to St. Joseph's home here. He took out a policy on his life for $2000, and leaving that with the sisters at the home, said that he never wanted the children to get into the possession of his wife's people. This occurred about a year and a half ago. Subsequently Gravelle died, and the relatives of the wife filed a petition for the appointment of Loftus as guardian.

Loftus was put on the stand and testified that if he were appointed he would give the children into the custody of the grandmother, Mrs. Hortance Talbot, who keeps a boarding house on the Bowery. Evidence was taken as to the good character of the place and the people.

Mr. Baldwin objected to the general surroundings in which the children would be placed during their tender years. Judge White replied that it was often better for children to be brought up in the world than out of it.

Judge Bonham decided that he would appoint Louis L. Forest, whose selection as guardian was asked by Sister Scholastica. He said that he would not wish to have the girl brought up in the vicinity of the Bowery, and that it would not be best to separate the children. He did not necessarily imply that the children were to be left in the home.

Judge White thereupon said that Mr. Loftus would agree to take the children to his own home.

The court replied, however, that having made the appointment he would let it stand. He said the appointment could be revoked at any time for cause.

Judge White then asked for permission for the children's relatives on the mother's side to visit them while in the home. This, Judge Bonham said, would be timely enough when admission was been refused.

FEE REDUCED.

Now Costs Less to Register Under the Torrens Law.

A certified copy of the amendments to the Torrens land title law passed during the special session of the legislature has been received by Registrar of Titles Lofgren from the secretary of state.

These amendments, which were introduced in the legislature by Senator Snyder, of Hennepin county, reduce the cost of registering titles under this system. It has been found that all the fees collected for the purpose were not necessary to meet the expense and keep up a necessary guaranty fund. So it was decided to reduce the fees of registration from $10 for the first $1000 of assessed valuation to $1, and from $2.50 for each additional $1000 of assessed valuation to 25 cents.

This makes $12.30 the cost of registering a piece of property assessed at $1000.

NO USE.

Boer Delegates Can Get No Aid From United States.

Washington, March 8.—Dr. Heinrich Muller, one of the European diplomatic representatives of the Orange Free State, called upon Secretary Hay at the state department today and had a half hour's interview with him. As in the case of other Boer representatives, Dr. Muller was received upon the distinct understanding that he came in a private capacity and not as a diplomatic representative. Unlike the preceding callers, he did not address himself to the subject of intervention or mediation, nor did he broach the question of the mule shipments to South Africa. His sole concern was with the concentration camps in South Africa. He told the secretary a pitiful tale of the sufferings of, and frightful mortality among the reconcentrados, the death rate among the children in the camps running as high as 50 per cent, according to his statement.

Secretary Hay gave his caller a sympathetic reception, but was unable to make any promise that the United States government would change the attitude towards the subject that it has consistently assumed.

Tell Me Somebody

Who Wants to Get Well.

Let Me Tell Him My Way. I Will Pay the Cost, if it Fails.

I want not a penny from you.

All I ask is the name of a sick one—simply a postal stating which book I shall send.

I wish to explain a treatment that I spent a lifetime in learning. Then let the sick one decide if he wants it.

If he tries it, and it fails, I will pay every penny of the cost.

I will do this at the start:

I will send the sick one an order on his or her druggist for six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Restorative. I will tell that druggist to let him test it for a month at my risk. If it succeeds, the cost is $5.50. If it fails, I will pay the druggist myself. I will leave the decision to you.

Don't misjudge my offer, for I do just as I say.

I leave the matter to you honor. You could cheat me if you would; but I trust you. I will ask in return wour confidence. There is no possible way in which I could be unfair with you.

In the past five years, I have furnished my treatment to over half a million people in just this way. My records show that 39 in each 40 paid for it, thereby admitting that it did what I claim.

That means that 39 in each 40 are cured.

This remarkable record results from the fact that I have learned how to strengthen the inside nerves.

I do not doctor the organ that is weak. But I bring back the nerve power which makes that organ act. I give it the strength to do its duty—nerve strength.

I know from a vast experience that in most chronic diseases there is no other way to get well. With any other remedy, the plan which I offer would bankrupt the man who made it.

Yet I cannot always succeed. Some of these troubles have causes, like cancer, which no man can cure. But those conditions are rare; and when a failure occurs, I alone am the loser. The patient is at least as well as he was, and not a penny the poorer.

If a man promised you wealth without the risk of a penny, how quick you would grasp it!

I promise you health; how much better is that!

Won't you merely write me about it?

Simply state which book you want, and address Dr. Shoop, Box 655, Racine, Wis.

Book No. 1 on Dyspepsia.
Book No. 2 on the Heart.
Book No. 3 on the Kidneys.
Book No. 4 for Women.
Book No. 5 for Men (sealed.)
Book No. 6 on Rheumatism.

Mild cases, not chronic, are often cured by one or two bottles. At all druggists.

The Manhattan Tie.

The Manhattan is the newest thing in the way of a cravat. When Tom Murray, the well-known Chicago furnisher, got in his stock and advertised the tie in an evening paper, accompanying it with a cut such as appears in this issue of The Herald, he sold 200 dozen of them in two hours. The crowd was so great that it took two policemen to take care of it. W. M. Abrahamson, of the Hub Clothing store, received three gross of the ties today and the sale of them will begin this evening.

GUESTS IN PANIC.

New York, March 8.—Several hundred guests of the Hotel Endicott, this city, were thrown into a frenzy of excitement today by an alarm of fire, but no one was seriously hurt.

A HAPPY DELIVERANCE FROM THE AGONIES OF RHEUMATISM.

Paine's Celery Compound

Achieves a Wonderful Victory Over the Terrible Disease.

A VERY RECENT LETTER FROM A VETERAN OF THE CIVIL WAR.

If you are sufferer from rehumatism in any of its terrible forms—muscular, inflammatory, or sciatic, be assured of the glorious truth that Paine's Celery Compound will work for you a permanent and happy cure. The thousands of letters received from people who have thrown off their burdens and agonies, prove conclusively that Paine's Celery Compound is the one great specific for this awful disease.

Medical evidence freely given by honest and unbiased physicians, places Paine's Celery Compound ahead of all other prescriptions and medicines as an infallible cure for rheumatism, neuralgia, nervous diseases, kidney trouble, liver complaint, derangements of the stomach, and troubles arising from an impure condition of the blood.

The following letter, dated 154 East 45th street, New York, February 18, 1902, should inspire all rheumatic sufferers with new hope of a better and happier life. Mr. Edwin Ballsss says:—

"I have suffered with rheumatism for five years and have been treated by several physicians, amongst them one specialist. I found no relief until I began using Paine's Celery Compound. After using three bottles of the marvelous medicine. I am entirely cured. I take great pleasure in recommending Paine's Celery Compound as a medicine which will cure all kinds of rheumatism and kidney disease. I really find Paine's Celery Compound worth its weight in gold, and most cheerfully recommend it to my friends and the public. I am a veteran of the Civil War and sixty years of age. Again I say, I am fully restored to health by Paine's Celery Compound."

Diamond Dyes Original and only reliable. Beware of poor imitations.



DR. CHAS. A. HOAG.

Dr. Chas. A. Hoag, the noted and distinguished Chicago specialist, is known to be an upright, honorable and honest man, whose conscientious convictions are the rule and guidance of his daily actions. His diagnosis is decided, positive and final in every case; and his remarkable skill is world-wide. This is why men and women in the higher walks of life, who never thought of calling at a hotel to consult a doctor, consider it an honor to visit Dr. Hoag. They pride themselves upon having received his professional opinion. His long and uninterrupted phenomenal success in the instantaneous relief, speed and permanent cure of those lingering, stubborn conditions, which have refused to yield to the best and combined local ability, readily yields to his persuasive methods of direct and specific medication, thus giving new hope in cases where no thought of recovery was entertained, such as

CATARRH—So prevalent in this country as to be the bane of life; the forerunner of consumption, in too many cases, and the scourge of childhood, maturity and old ages.

LUNGS—Tightness and soreness in the chest; difficult breathing; heart flutters; raising of phlegm, flecked with blood; hot flushes over the body; red spots in the cheeks; night sweats; hemorrhages; emaciated; tired; weak; nervous and easily to take cold. This is the fell destroyer, consumption, steathily creeping upon ou. Check it at once, ere it's too late.

HEART—Catching, gripping spells of the heart; suddenly stops beating; pain in chest just over the heart; fainting, dizzy spells; can't sleep on the right side; heart flutters, jerks, jumps, you know and feel that there is some organic trouble there. Death may come quickly, without a moment's warning, and end all.

LIVER—There are many complicated derangements of the liver. It requires an expert to make the nice distinctions and point out the differences. Too many reputable physicians have diagnosed appendicitis and other equally erroneous conditions.

STOMACH—This is the seat of man's and woman's happiness and woe. Everything in life depends upon an active stomach. The tortures of perdition itself are linked with disordered, weak, inactive rebellious stomach. Right that wrong stomach and all of your troubles may pass away.

KIDNEYS—These are the natural filters of the whole system; the slightest impairment sounds the keynote of dire distress, bringing Rheumatism that cripples for life.

NERVO-SEXUAL TROUBLES—of both men and women, which removes affinity, renders the subject despised and makes life miserable.

HOME TREATMENT—Those unable to call at the hotel and see Dr. Hoag, may write him and state just how they feel, when specific home treatment will be sent by mail or express. Address, Dr. Chas. A. Hoag, 6362 Minerva avenue, Chicago, Ill.

It is very gratifying to Dr. Hoag to note that his already large practice is constantly increasing; that all to whom he has administered professionally are highly pleased and more than satisfied. He is requested to announce that on Thursday, March 13th, he will be at

ASHLAND, WISCONSIN—at the Hotel Atherean, where he will see those whom he was unable to see upon his visit in February. And on Friday and Saturday, March 14th and 15th, he will be in

WEST SUPERIOR, WIS.—at the West Superior hotel, where he will meet those from Duluth, the iron range and West Superior who have written him. Remember the places and dates.

H. A. Hall & Co.

Interior Decorations of the Highest Grade

The interior treatment of a house, so far as its dominant color tones, its decorations, are concerned, is as important from an artistic standpoint as the work of the architects upon its exterior.

We are prepared to undertake the complete decoration of houses anywhere in the United States, placing at the service of our customers our corps of artists and experts. We will, upon request, present a comprehensive scheme for securing the most satisfactory results from a given sum of money. This work may include only the decorator, or it may include all the wood finishing, so as to insure a correct interpretation of any style or period desired.

We submit finished water-color drawings for approval, and insure the highest grade of work and the most correct and effective treatment. Correspondence invited from house owners or architects as to details.

Phone 534. 16 E. Sup. St

GREATEST SLAUGHTER OF PRICES

1/3 OFF DINING ROOM 1/3 OFF

CHAIRS

Ever known in this city will be on sale for the next coming week. Now is your opportunity to get high grade Chairs at manufacturers' prices.

Polished quartered oak, box seats, was $3.00—now	$2.00
Polished quartered oak, box seats, was $4.00—now	$3.00
Polished quartered oak, box seats, was $6.00—now	$4.00
Solid oak, cane seat diners, was $2.00—now	$1.34
Solid oak, cane seat diners, was $1.75—now	$1.17
Solid oak, cane seat diners, was $1.50—now	$1.00
Solid oak, cane seat diners, was $1.35—now	90c
Solid oak, cane seat diners, was $1.00—now	67c
Solid wood seat diners, was $2.00—now	$1.34
Solid wood seat diners, was $1.50—now	$1.00
Solid wood seat diners, was $1.00—now	67c

So on all through the line. One-third off our prices means better than 50 per cent elsewhere. Remember, one-third off on all of our large line of Dining Room Chairs.

BAYHA & CO.

24 and 26 W. Superior St. Look for big wire sign on roof.

DR. MITCHELL

Is a Wonderful Man—His Parlors Crowded Daily

Hundreds of Cures! Hundreds Rejoicing! Hundreds of Cases!

Here are a few testimonials of the many thousands who have been cured by that marvelous healer, Dr. Mitchell, and his wonderful and absolutely harmless treatment.

Mr. W. Rankin, of Duluth, who was going blind, says: "I am now cured and can see as well as ever. I am blacksmith for Smith & Alger, and will be pleased to substantiate this statement. Dr. Mitchell saved my eyesight."

Mr. Carl Scott, of Deer River, Minn., who was taken out of Grand Rapids hospital in a hopeless condition perfectly helpless with paralysis, in two months under Dr. Mitchell's magnetic treatment is walking.

Mrs. Huss, of No. 1922 West Michigan street, who had suffered for twelve years with a tumor of the womb, resulting in a general run down of the system and a complication of diseases. After taking two months' treatment of Dr. Mitchell she is now enjoying very good health.

Mrs. Gus Wickmen, of 423 South Fifty-eighth avenue, West Duluth, whose daughter was given up by physicians to die, when Dr. Mitchell took her case and restored her to health. Mrs. Wickmen says: "I took a few treatments from Dr. Mitchell for a running sore on my leg and was wonderfully benefited, and he saved my daughter's life."

Mr. G. W. Thompson, 570½ East First street, treated for diabetes, recommends Dr. Mitchell's treatment.

Mrs. William Conley, of Spider, Wis., cured of neuralgia of the stomach and heart in one month's treatment. Mrs. E. Loring, 515 Twenty-second avenue west, cured by Dr. Mitchell's magnetic treatment of St. Vitus' dance, from which she had suffered everything.

An old soldier, well known about the city, was a terrible sufferer for years from contracted kidneys and lumbago. Several doctors failed to relieve him. He went to Dr. Mitchell in a helpless condition and Dr. Mitchell cured him in six weeks. No matter if other doctors have failed to help you, Dr. Mitchell cures after hospitals turn you out and other doctors give you up to die.

Mr. Mattson, from the range, had his hearing restored.

If there is a man in Duluth suffering from private weakness of any nature whatever, your suffering can be dispelled as if by magic through Dr. Mitchell's method. Hundreds have already been cured in Superior and Duluth and other cities. Do not suffer a day longer. If you cannot be cured he will be honest with you and tell you so. The doctor has been in Duluth for four years past. A positive cure can be had through his treatment.

Consultation free by cutting this advertisement out and bringing it with you. Office at 17 East Superior street. 'Phone 579.

For Something Special to Eat try WALL'S Steak Chop House.

TO CALL ON LOUBET.

Paris, March 8.—King Edward, on his way to Nice, will stay two days in Paris and will have an interview with President Loubet.

Dr. EMMA BREINHOLM

Graduated Midwife

ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETIC HEALING

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

121 19th Ave. W. Phone 1471

LAUNCHES!

Pearson Boat Construction Co.,

Send for Prices. DULUTH, MINN

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink

ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.

Sold in Duluth at the

IDEAL BEER HALL.

Duluth Wholesale Supply Company

114 West Michigan Street.

We sell Groceries direct to hotels restaurants and large consumers at wholesale prices.

Hardwood Flooring ⅝x3¼ and ⅝x2

Maple, Oak, Birch, Red Birch.

Plain and Quarter Sawed.

If you want the best manufactured, buy from

C. B. WOODRUFF

LUMBER YARD 819 Garfield Avenue.

Zenith City Dye Works

Practical Dyers and Dry Cleaners. Quick service and work guaranteed.

F. L. RITTEL, Prop.

6 East Superior Street.

Zenith 'phone, 1315. Bell, 645.



COULD NOT BE SAVED

Henry Folz Undergoes Amputation of His Left Foot.

Also Loses All of the Toes on Right Foot.

Too Badly Frozen to Be Restored to Healthy Condition.

Henry Folz, the prominent West Superior street grocer, had his left foot and toes of his right foot amputated at St. Mary's hospital this morning.

Mr. Folz was badly frozen on Feb. 9 while out rabbit hunting. He and a party of three others went up Sucker river for a few days' shooting.

The party agreed to meet at an old deserted logging camp a few miles up the river, but Mr. Folz, who was the first to reach the camp, failed to recognize it, and got six miles beyond, in what is known as the Sucker river "meadows" when night overtook him.

He was lost completely and so benumbed by the cold that he slept for several hours in the snow. He came to in a dazed sort of way, and realizing if he slept any more he would freeze to death, began to wander about.

In some manner he got into the stream and wet his feet, and as a result of the wetting they froze. All night long he tramped around the "meadows" and was not found till 9 o'clock next morning, when he was just about exhausted.

The other members of the party were not able to get him to this city till the evening of the 10th, when he was taken direct to St. Mary's hospital.

Efforts were made unceasingly to save the frozen feet, and they could have been saved even now, but they were in such condition that it would be impossible to use them unassisted by artificial means, and it would be impossible to get the benefit of artificial limbs without amputation.

The left foot was amputated near the ankle and all the toes of the right foot were removed. The operation was performed by Dr. Charles L. Codding and Dr. C. A. Stewart.

Mr. Folz stood the operation exceptionally well and will probably be out of the hospital again inside another month.

IN CONGRESS.

Washington, March 8.—Some preliminary routine business preceded the debate on the bill to classify the rural free delivery service in the house today. Bills were passed to authorize the South Omaha Bridge company to construct a bridge across the Missouri river, and to add Baxter, Marion and Searcy counties to the Western judicial districts of Arkansas.

The conference report on the bill to give the Spanish claims commission power to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of papers was adopted.

Mr. Sims (Tenn.) then rose to a question of privilege in connection with the adoption of the conference report on the permanent census bill. He contended that the statement of the conferees that in reference to section 8, which originally placed all the employes of the bureau at the time of the passage of the act under the protection of the civil service has been misled and deceived the house. The speaker held that as the whole subject had been disposed of, no question of privilege was presented. The debate upon the rural free delivery bill was then resumed and Mr. Griggs (Ga.) made an hour's speech in favor of the bill.

CHINESE REBELS

Overpower Garrison at Town of Kai Chou.

Hong Kong, March 8.—The Kwang Si rebels have reached Kai Chou, a town eighty miles from Kwong Chan Yuan. They surprised the local mandarin and overpowered the garrison and released the prisoners who joined in the rebellion.

It is reported that the members of the Triad secret society have joined the rebels and are looting and burning villages.

KIRK SECURED.

Syracuse, N. Y., March 8.—The Gaynor family, at Asheville, refuse to admit visitors or to receive reporters at their home. John F. Gaynor, Jr., through a partly opened door, replied to a question concerning his father's whereabouts, saying that he was in Savannah.

It is believed here that W. B. Kirk, of this city, who is on John F. Gaynor's bond, has been secured against loss.

OUTFIT BURNED.

St. Paul, March 8.—A special to the Dispatch from Eau Claire, Wis., says: A barn on the premises of George Cliff, the logger, burned with all its contents, including a logging outfit, at 12 o'clock this morning. Loss about $20,000, partly insured. It is believed to have been an incendiary fire.

NEW TRIAL FOR JESSIE.

Topeka, March 8.—Jessie Morrison, who was convicted of murder in the second degree of Mrs. Castle, a year ago, was today granted a new trial by the supreme court. The court held that there was an error in the empanelling of the jury which tried Miss Morrison.

ARGUING DEMURRERS.

Savannah, Go., March 8.—The time of the United States court was taken up today with arguing demurrers to the second indictment against the Greene and Gaynors. A. T. and E. H. Gaynor were in court, but nothing has been heard from Benjamin D. Greene and John F. Gaynor, who defaulted in their bonds yesterday and now are fugitives from justice.

THE HALL FLOATED.

Norfolk, Va., March 8.—The schooner John W. Hall, Capt. Boone, of Perth Amboy, which was stranded off New Inlet, N. C., three days ago, floated today and is being towed to this port.

TO CALL A PASTOR

First Baptist Church Will Consider That Matter Tomorrow.

Probability That Dr. Dawley of Minneapolis Will Be Asked.

Formerly Pastor of the Church and Is Popular Here.

Rev. R. B. Patrick terminates his successful patorate over the First Baptist church tomorrow. He will shortly become a United States navy chaplain.

At the conclusion of the service tomorrow morning, a meeting will be held for the purpose of offering a call to a new pastor. Several ministers are being considered. Among them is Rev. W. W. Dawley, of the Central Baptist church, of Minneapolis, and it is likely that it will be decided to extend a call to him.

Rev. Dawley was formerly pastor of the First Baptist church and during his pastorate was one of the best known ministers in Duluth.

He is a fine pulpit orator and is a lecturer of some note. The people of the congregation would be delighted to have him again become their pastor, but there is no assurance that he would consider a call. He always liked Duluth, however, and there is some hope that he would again like to take up his residence here, especially as it is a time when things look bright for the city.

WISCONSIN CENTRAL.

Traveling Freight Agent M. J. Bryan Coming Here.

W. M. Stephenson returned today from St. Paul, where he went preparatory to taking up the duties of general agent for the Wisconsin Central there. He will leave Duluth for good tomorrow night. Mr. Stephenson will take with him the best wishes of all railroad men and shippers for the utmost success in his new location. He will have charge of both local and up town offices of the company in St. Paul.

Mr. Stephenson says he will be succeeded here by M. J. Bryan, who has been traveling freight agent for the Wisconsin Central in Michigan, Indiana and Ontario. Mr. Bryan will arrive here tomorrow morning.

General Agent Johnson, whom Mr. Stephenson succeeds at St. Paul, has been appointed train master of the northern division of the Wisconsin Central.

JEALOUSY

London, March 8.—The editorial sarcasm with which so many of the London papers commented on Prince Henry's visit to the United States was to no small extent suggested and fostered by the illnatured telegrams of their special correspondents in America. With but few exceptions these papers who retailed Prince Henry's doings for English consumption did so only with an eye to the ridiculous. They magnified every outburst of humor or minor contretemps into a guage of national feeling or characteristic miscarriage of plans. The desire to receive Prince Henry hospitably was almost invariably represented here as an outburst of sickening sycophancy, in which all the Americans well known socially were represented as endeavoring to outvie each other as to who should pay the most self-demeaning obeissance to the royal visitor.

WOULD LOSE RIGHTS.

Quebec, March 8.—A bill has been introduced in the legislature which, it is said, will deprive his majesty's subjects of one of the most cherished rights of British citizenship, namely, that of appealing for the redress of grievances direct to the throne.

Paragraph three, of article 68, of the code of civil procedure, provides that in all cases involving £500 or over, an appeal may be made to the privy council. The bill just introduced proposes to substitute for this paragraph the provision that appeals to the privy council should be taken only in cases where the constitutionality of the laws of Canada or of the provinces are called into question.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, March 8.—Secretary Shaw visited Wall street today. He called first at the assay office which he inspected. Later he walked through the financial district and soon after 10 o'clock went to the sub-treasury, where he remained a few minutes. Accompanied by two attaches of the assay office, the secretary went to the public stores. Later he went to the dock of the Cunard line to witness the method of baggage inspection of returning tourists and he announced that he would go to the American line dock to see how the St. Paul's baggage would be examined.

So far as could be learned no formal arrangements for a meeting between the secretary and the banking interests had been made for today, but it was thought likely that some of the better known financiers would pay their respects to Mr. Shaw, while he is here.

STORE TO RENT!

Upper side of Superior Street, near First Avenue West. Possession immediately if necessary. JOHN A. STEPHENSON, Providence Building.

MUNN DENIES IT.

St. Paul, March 8.—M. D. Munn, special attorney for the state of Minnesota in the so-called merger suits, says there is absolutely no foundation for the report that he is to confer with representatives of the Northern Securities company regarding the expediting of suits to test that company's legality.

FIRE AT FRENCH ARSENAL.

Paris, March 8.—A great fire has occurred at the government arsenal at Lorient. Documents, plans and reports of great importance have been destroyed.

MR. CLARK'S ENDORSEMENT

Will Doubtless Have Strong Influence in the Right Direction.

An Interview With the Brother of the Secretary of State Brings Out Some Very Remarkable Facts.

Of particular interest at this time is the publication of an interview with Mr. W. H. Clark, a brother of Secretary of State George A. Clark, of Topeka, Kansas, in whose office he is employed. In the course of the interview Mr. Clark said:

"Along in 1890, I was living in Junction City, Kansas, and working at my trade of printer on the Republican. I had a bad attack of rheumatism and could not seem to get over it. All sorts of medicines failed to do me any good and my trouble kept getting worse. My feet were so swollen that I could not wear shoes and I had to go on crutches. The pain was terrible.

"One day I was setting the type of an article for the paper telling what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People had done for a man afflicted as I was so impressed with it that I determined to give the medicine a trial. For a year my rheumatism had been growing worse, but after taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a short time I began to improve. I bought four boxes in all, but I did not need to finish the last one. Before the fourth box was half taken the pain and the swelling had all disappeared. That was ten years ago and rheumatism has never troubled me since. I am 46 years old now; I weigh 191 pounds and can truthfully say that I haven't felt better in the past twenty years than I do right now. I could name, off hand, a half dozen people who have used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People at my suggestion and who have received good results from them."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People go directly to the seat of the disorder, purifying and enriching the blood by elliminating poisonous elements and renewing health-giving forces. They are a positive specific not only for rheumatism, but for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, nervous headache, the after-effects of the grip, of fevers and of acute diseases, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions and all forms of weakness either in male or female. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are sold by all dealers or will be sent postpaid on receipt of price, fifty cents a box; six boxes, two dollars and fifty cents, by addressing Dr. Williams Medicine company, Schenectady, N. Y. Be sure to get the genuine; substitutes never cured anybody.

PERSONALS.

S. C. Jackson returned yesterday after a ten-days' absence in Chicago.

F. O. DeGroff, of St. Paul, formerly of Duluth, is in the city for a few days, visiting friends.

Dr. N. P. Hulst, vice president of the Oliver Mining company, will go to Marquette this evening over the South Shore.

T. R. Mayo has gone to Spokane.

General Freight Agent Walker, of the South Shore, will go to Marquette tomorrow evening.

J. H. M. Parsons has returned from Winnipeg.

V. D. Jones, city passenger and ticket agent of the Great Northern at Minneapolis, is spending Sunday here.

Frank A. Greene went to Minneapolis last night over the Great Northern.

Mrs. Barbara Reef and daughter left today via the Great Northern for Huntington, Ore.

W. J. McCormick, of Port Huron, Mich., will return home today after a visit with his uncle, Capt. Inman.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Harvey, of Virginia, are spending the day in the city.

John Redy and Mrs. Redy, of Ashland, are at the St. Louis.

Elmer Matherson, of Virginia, will leave on the Fast Mail this afternoon for Chicago.

O. C. Hartman will go East over the Omaha this afternoon.

J. C. Hunter will leave this afternoon for an Eastern trip.

S. H. Owens, of Eveleth, came down last evening. He is at the St. Louis.

Henry Clark, of Two Harbors, is spending the day in town.

Marvin McLaren went to Chicago last night.

Victor Stearns was an east-bound passenger on the Fast Mail last evening.

Joseph Catlin left yesterday afternoon for Chicago.

William Kimpick, of Biwabik, is in the city.

Enterprising Manufacturers

The Duluth Cigar Company has now got a man working in the window of LUNDBERG & STONE, making clear Havana Cigars, and offering $100 forfeit on every one proven not clear Havana. Try one and be convinced.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaken, 31 East Sup. St.

Smoke Duluth Herald cigar, 5 cents.

Parlor theater. Vaudeville's latest hits.

Suits French dry cleaned and pressed, $1.50 at Kelly's Both phones.

Sunday evening dinner 6 to 8 at the Spalding. Orchestra in attendance.

Brenton. High class tailoring. Phoenix block.

William J. Strong looking decidedly weak, appeared in police court this morning with thirty-two cuts and forty-six different colored bruises on his face. Last evening he went into the restaurant of William Gleason, 202 West Superior street and ordered a dinner for which he declined to pay. When the proprietor insisted there was a brisk fight in which Strong made but a poor showing. He later swore out a warrant for Mr. Gleason.

A building permit has been issued to William Melnhardt, who proposes to construct a $500 frame residence on the west side of Sixteenth avenue east between Fourth and Fifth streets.

Dr. L. Q. Greeley, Irwin-Sloan block, 1932 West Superior street, has just returned from the Chicago eye, ear, nose and throat college and hospital, where he has completed a second post-graduate course. The doctor will hereafter give special attention to this branch of the profession.

Judge Dibell has found for the defendant in the action brought by the Midland company against William H. Ely to quiet title to lot 10, block 28, and lot 12, block 25, Endion division. The Midland company claimed title through tax judgments for 1889 and 1891. The court holds that the period of redemption from these tax sales has not expired and that the plaintiff has only such lien as may appear through the tax judgments.

The mandate from the supreme court in the section 20 case was filed in the office of the clerk of the district court this morning. The original case was begun by the Germania Iron company, but subsequently the Midway company was substituted as plaintiff. The names of the defendants in the action are well known. The supreme court affirmed the action of the district court, but the record was withheld pending the results of the appeal to higher courts.

Articles of incorporation of the Standard Commission company were filed with the register of deeds yesterday. The capitalization authorized is $50,000 and limit of liability $25,000. The incorporators and first officers are: W. F. Sims, president; J. N. Miller, vice president, and A. H. Knutson is secretary and treasurer. The business of the corporation will be wholesale commission.

C. T. Linberg, Sweden, has taken out second papers.

William Sturgul and wife, of Virginia, have petitioned to be allowed to adopt the child of Hulda Warnicko.

The Park Point ferry service was resumed today. It was abandoned yesterday on account of the pain of ice driven in from the lake by the high north wind. The moment the wind went down the ice passed suddenly out of the canal. So suddenly in fact that persons walking across it had very narrow escapes from being carried out in the lake.

Parlor theater. Great big show.

Mrs. Hugh F. Allen entertained informally Thursday afternoon at her home on East Second street, the guests being Mesdames E. G. Swanstrom, Cannon, Wishart, McNamara and Stewart. Friday afternoon Mrs. Allen gave a luncheon followed by six-handed euchre. The prizes were won by Mrs. Kaake, Mrs. F. Swanstrom and Mrs. Thomson.

Mrs. Frank Bell yesterday entertained the Friday club at her home, 220 Nineteenth avenue west.

The total receipts of the Duluth postoffice for the month of February, 1902, were $10,148.87. The receipts for the office for the corresponding month last year were $8,758.23. The net increase last month over the receipts of Feruary, 1901, was $1350.64.

There are several Eastern lumber buyers in the Duluth market who have come here after attending the lumbermen's convention in Chicago a few days ago. It is claimed that some good-sized deals are under way for advance cut of one of the local mills, and the price on the stock will very shortly be made to some of the buyers holding customer's option on the cut. No sales of any importance have been reported for the week ending today.

The Duluth, Virginia & Rainy Lake road is hauling ties and poles for the Eastern Minnesota and Missabe roads from camps along its line of road.

Counterfeit Gold.

Few persons know that the gold used in color printing and on picture frames is made from a composition powder of bronze and spelter, and not from pure gold leaf, but which, however, gives the same effect. There is another article that is very much imitated, and that is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Spurious dealers often refill the bottles, and thus give them the same appearance as the original, but unless they have our Private Stamp unbroken over fuse all such imitations. The genuine Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has an unequalled record of cures of stomach complaints back of it, such as dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, biliousness, nervousness, insomnia and malaria, fever and ague.

DEATH LIST.

Milwaukee, March 8.—An Evening Wisconsin special from Oconomowoc, Wis., says: W. W. Collins, well known in railway circles throughout the state, died today of apoplexy, aged 82 years. Mr. Collins was for forty years agent of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road in this city. He is survived by three sons, William W., W. G., and Sumner J., all prominent railway men, and two daughters.

St. Louis, March 8.—John Lindsay, formerly chief of the St. Louis fire department, died today, after a long illness. Previous to 1895 Mr. Lindsay held the position of chief for more than twenty years.

Detroit, March 8.—Frank Conger, of Brooklyn, N. Y., vice president of the American Bridge Building company, died suddenly from apoplexy today, at the Wayne hotel.

Pittsburg, Pa., March 8.—James Galvin, the once famous baseball pitcher, is dead at his home in Allegheny after an illness of four months of catarrh of the stomach. Galvin, who was known throughtout the country as the "little steam engine," was born in St. Louis forty-seven years ago. He was in his prime as a pitcher in the 80s and had a host of friends and admirers throughout the country.

Taunton, Minn., March 8.—Col. Sam McPhail died at his home here. He was a Mexican war veteran, having joined Gen. Zach Taylor's command when but 16 years of age and being engaged in all the battles of that command. He came to Minnesota in 1851 and founded the town of Caledonia. At the outbreak of the civil war he enlisted and served under Gen. Logan. He was appointed colonel of the First Minnesota cavalry, known as the mounted rangers, and after his regiment was mustered out, in 1863, he went on duty with the army of the Potomac, finally returning to Minnesota in the spring of 1864.

St. Paul, March 8.—An Eau Claire, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: George S. Graves, of this city, died yesterday at Nevada, Mo., whither he had gone for his health. The funeral will take place here. Deceased was a wealthy retired lumber dealer and resided for many years at Fairchild, Wis., and was prominent in politics.

STRIKE STILL ON.

Norfolk, Va., March 8.—The street car strike is yet unsettled.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Max Shkolnik and Annie Rosenblom.

BIRTHS.

HAMAKER—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Jacob G. Hamaker, 1117 East First street.

HAUGEN—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Haugen, 710 East Second street.

BECK—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. George M. Beck, 801 East Third street.

GOULD—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Gould, 701 West Ninth street.

DEATHS.

WILSON—The funeral services of the late Lieut. Linus J. Wilson of the fire department, will be held in the First Methodist church tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock.

During the day the body will lie in state at Tibbett's undertaking rooms, but the casket will not be opened in the church.

The Masonic fraternities will meet in Masonic Temple at 2 o'clock and attend the funeral in a body.

CUSACK—The funeral of the late James J. Cusack was held this morning from the Catholic Cathedral. Many friends attended. The pallbearers were: John Shea, James L. Travers, William McBride, John H. McCall, Charles Langbridge and Joseph Berent.

Open day and night. New 'Phone 1358.

FLOOD & HORGAN,

Undertakers and Embalmers,

730 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

HOME GROWN FLOWERS. Floral Designs and Lodge Emblems Waiting Decorations made on short notice. Largest Greenhouses.

EISCHEN BROS., 129 W. Superior St. Both Phones.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

AS IT LESSENS DEFECTS, INTENsifies attractiveness, Satin-Skin Powder pleases all users. 25c. Flesh, white or brunet.

WHENCE COMES THIS MIGHTY HEALING POWER?

All the Land Wonders at the Remarkable Cures Effected by Prof. Adkin.

HEALS DISEASES CALLED INCURABLE

Ministers, Doctors, and Professional Men Tell How He Has Cured the Blind, the Lame the Paralytic and Many on the Very Brink of Death.

FREE HELP FOR THE SICK

Prof. Adkin Offers to Help All Sufferers from Any Disease Absolutely Free of Charge —Professional Men Investigate His Powers.



PROF. THOMAS F. ADKIN,
President of the Institute of Physicians and Surgeons.

In all parts of the country men and women, doctors and surgeons, clergymen and educators are wondering at the remarkable cures made by Prof. Thomas F. Adkin, discoverr of the Adkin Vitaopathic treatment.

F. Adkin, discoverer of the Adkin Vitao-Christian Science, or by Osteopathy, nor by Hypnotism, nor by Divine Healing, but by a subtle psychic force of nature in combination with certain vital magnetic remedies which contain the very elements of life and health.

A reporter recently talked with Prof. Adkin and was asked to invite all readers of this paper who are sick or who are worried by the ills of those dear to them, to write to him for assistance. "Some people have declared," said Prof. Adkin, "that my powers are of God; they call me a Divine Healer, a man of mysterious powers. This is not so. I cure because I understand nature; because I use a subtle force of nature to build up the system and restore health. But at the same time I believe that the Creator would not have given me the opportunity to make the discoveries I have made nor the ability to develop them if He had not intended that I should use them for the good of humanity. I therefore feel that it is my duty to give the benefit of the science I practice to all who are suffering. I want you to tell your readers that they can write to me in the strictest confidence if they are troubled with any kind of disease, and I will thoroughly diagnosis their cases and prescribe a simple home treatment which I positively guarantee to effect a complete cure, absolutely free of charge. I care not how serious their cases nor how hopeless they may seem. I want them to write to me and let me make them well. I feel that this is my life's work."

So great is the sensation wrought in the medical world by the wonderful cures performed by Prof. Adkin that several professional gentlemen were asked to investigate the cures. Among these gentlemen were Dr. L. B. Hawley and Dr. G. G. Deane, both famous physicians and surgeons. After a thorough and painstaking investigation these eminent physicians were so astounded at the far-reaching powers of Prof. Adkin and the wonderful efficacy of Vitapathy that they volunteered to forsake all other ties in life and all other kinds of treatment and devote themselves to assisting Prof. Adkin in his great work for humanity. With the discovery of the Adkin Vitaopathetic treatment eminent physicians are generally agreed that the treatment of disease has at least been reduced to an exact science.

In all some 8000 men and women have been cured by the powers of Prof. Adkin. Some were blind, some were deaf, some were paralytics, scarcely able to move, so great was their infirmity. Others were afflicted with Bright's disease, heart disease, consumption and other so-called incurable diseases. Some were sufferers from kidney trouble, dyspepsia, nervous debility, insomnia, neuralgia, constipation, rheumatism, female troubles and other similar ills. Some were men and women addicted to drunkenness, morphine and other evil habits. In all cases Prof. Adkin treats he guarantees a cure. Even those on the brink of the grave, with all hope of recovery gone, and despaired of by doctors and friends alike, have been restored to perfect health by the force of Vitaopathy and Prof. Adkin's marvelous skill. And, remarkable as it may seem, distance has made no difference. Those living far away have been cured in the privacy of their own homes as well as those who have been treated in person. Prof. Adkin asserts that he can cure anyone at any distance as well as though he stood before them.

Not long ago John Adams, of Blakesbury, Ia., who had been lame for 20 years, was permanently cured by Prof. Adkin without an operation of any kind. About the same time the city of Rochester, N.Y., was startled by the cure of one of its oldest inhabitants, Mr. P. A. Wright, who had been partly blind for a long period. John E. Neff, of Millersburg, Pa., who had suffered for years from a cataract over his left eye, was speedily restored to perfect sight without an operation. From Logansport, Ind., comes the news of the recovery of Mrs. Mary Eicher, who had been practically deaf for a year, while in Warren, Pa., Mr. G. W. Savage, a noted photographer and artist, who was not only partially blind and deaf, but at death's door from a complication of diseases, was restored to perfect health and strength by Prof. Adkin.

Vitaopathy cures not one disease alone, but it cures all diseases when used in combination with the proper remedies. If you are sick, no matter what your disease nor who says you cannot be cured, write to Prof. Adkin today, tell him the leading symptoms of your complaint, how long you have been suffering and he will at once diagnose your case, tell the exact disease from which you are suffering and prescribe the treatment that will positively cure you. This costs you absolutely nothing. Prof. Adkin will also send you a copy of his marvelous new book, entitled, "How to Be Cured and How to Cure Others." This book tells you exactly how Prof. Adkin will cure you. It fully and completely describes the nature of this wonderful treatment. It also explains to you how you yourself may possess this great healing power and cure the sick around you.

Prof. Adkin does not ask one cent for his services in this connection. They will be given to you absolutely free. He has made a wonderful discovery and he wishes to place it in the hands of every sick person in this country, that he may be restored to perfect health and strength. Mark your letter personal when you write and no one but Prof. Adkin will see it. Address Prof. Thos. F. Adkin, office 372 P, Rochester, New York.

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107 West Superior Street.

THE BOX BUSINESS

Season of 1901 Was Excellent One For the Manufactories.

Duluth Now Has But One, Having Lost One By Fire.

Condition of Lumber Market Closely Affects the Business.

Among the industries allied to the lumber manufacturing business that with the latter received the benefits resulting from an excellent season in 1901, was the box making industry. Duluth has at the present time but one box making factory, that owned and operated at West Duluth by Charles Petruschke. The Duluth Box company also operated about seven or eight months in the old planing mill plant of the Merrill & Ring Mill company, at West Duluth, but when the plant was destroyed by fire during early winter the loss to the box manufacturers was quite heavy and they have not yet made any attempt to re-establish their business and it is considered doubtful if they will locate another factory here. Then orders that the Duluth Box company had, and these were many, were turned over to Mr. Petruschke, who, in addition to the demand on his own orders, has been operating to the full capacity of his factory to keep up to the demand.

It is claimed that box makers all over the country characterize the business in 1901 as the best ever experienced by the trade up to that year. Every factory in the country was pushed to its capacity last season to meet the demands of the trade. The increased commerce of the country, both domestic and foreign, caused a larger demand than usual for boxes and the commerce of a country is considered by the box manufacturers as an excellent barometer to foretell the conditions of their business. Whenever and wherever goods are manufactured to be delivered to consumers, boxes must be had in which to deliver them.

There seems to be no question as to the increased amount of business, then, in the box trade of 1901, but there is said to be a difference of opinion as to the profits of the business. In 1900, the volume of the box trade was quite large, but lumber prices were lower, much lower as compared with the prices of lumber last season. Many of the manufacturers started out last season with a large stock of lumber on hand that they had purchased when prices were lower, some of them having stocks that were purchased during the lumber famine in the latter part of 1899, when prices were so high as to make a disastrous inroad into the profits of last year. This condition would not apply to the factory at West Duluth, however, as it is the only industry of the kind at the head of the lakes and has a larger stock to select from considering the large amount of lumber manufactured here. But not all the manufacturers have been so well situated as Mr. Petruschke. Some of them would not buy at high prices, but waited until they could buy in a falling market.

Some of the box manufacturers had excellent results from their business even in 1899. If they bought in advance of the rise of last year, 1901 proved especially profitable. The box business is, to a considerable extent, a long time one and contracts have been made for months and sometimes a year ahead. It is a business, therefore, that the manufacturers can figure on for a long way ahead and purchase stocks accordingly.

In the last two years there have been some minor changes in the business. The lumber famine of 1899 shut off the manufacture to some extent. Manufacturers were obliged to look for substitutes in raw material, some of which have since been permanent. There is now a greater variety of wood being used in box manufacture than ever before. Gum is more largely used, yellow pine has been used with some success and even hemlock has been given a trial for rough boxes.

The higher prices of boxes caused by increased prices of white pine lumber has encouraged the introduction of numerous patent boxes, especially those made of veneer and those constructed of wire and strips. But substitution of the other sort for the good old-fashioned box, has not progressed far.

Box manufacturers are looking forward to a still more prosperous year the coming season. They base their predictions on the known conditions of trade. Manufactories all over the country are working to full capacity to supply the retailers with goods and when these goods are ready to be shipped boxes must be had.

Contracts are being made rapidly. True, the higher prices of lumber this year may cut into the profits of the business, but if the volume of business can be so largely increased the manufacturers will not worry.

Mr. Petruschke's business has been growing so rapidly and he has reached out into so much new territory that it is very likely that his factory, which was largely increased in capacity last year, will undergo still more improvements the coming season.

TIRED MERCHANTS,
TIRED LAWYERS,
TIRED CLERKS.
What is the matter? You are dying up your life-blood in your stuffy offices and stores when nature inexorably demands exercise. Three hours a week on the "gym" floor at the Y. M. C. A. this spring may mean a dozen years of life to you. You know it is. DROP US A CARD AND WE'LL CALL.

TEMPERANCE COMMITTEE.

Plans New Work and Adopts Resolutions of Respect.

The Scandinavian Union Christian Temperance committee held a meeting Wednesday evening of this week at the Second church, Twenty-fifth avenue west and Third street. This was the first meeting since last December, as it was decided not to meet during January and February, owing to the meetings among the churches in the weeks of prayer during those months. There was a good attendance of members representing various churches and Good Templars. Plans for continued work in the line of temperance education were outlined and decided upon for the spring and summer, and were referred to a committee for the arrangement of details.

Since the last meeting was held, John Larson, one of the most prominent members died. He took a leading part in forming the temperance committee about six years ago. The following resolutions with reference to his work were adopted:

"Whereas, God in His infinite wisdom has called from our midst our beloved brother, John Larson; and,

"Whereas, he was a member of the Duluth Scandinavian Christian Union Temperance committee from its beginning and at the time of his death an honorable member thereof; therefore, be it

"Resolved, that we appreciate the great loss we have sustained by the death of such a faithful member and efficient temperance worker, and be it further

"Resolved, that we extend our heartfelt sympathy to the family in their sadness at having lost a tender husband and a good father, and

"Resolved, that a copy of this resolution be spread on the minutes of this meeting and a copy be forwarded to the family of our deceased member."

Flaaten's Concert Orchestra—Sunday Afternoon at 3. Admission, 25 Cents. ARMORY

The Unity Club.

The Unity club will hold regular meeting at the Unitarian church Monday evening. Professor Elmer W. Walker of Superior state normal school will give a talk on the "Psychology of Political Parties and the Application of the Same to Political Parties in America," which will be followed by a general discussion. A cordial invitation is extended to all, whether members of the club or not.

MAY NOT BE REINSTATED.

London, March 8.—The American jockeys in England express little hope of Tod Sloan's reinstatement. It is intimated among Sloan's friends that he followed Lord Marcus Beresford's advice to apply for a license, and that the Jockey club is suspending its decision pending a reply from the Paris Jockey club concerning its desires in the matter.

PATTERN AFTER U. S.

In New Army Regulation Proposed For Great Britain.

British Soldier Will Receive as Much as an American.

Belief That Resort to Conscription Will Be Avoided.

London, March 8.—The new army regulations proposed by the war secretary, Mr. Broderick, providing for increased pay and other reforms, which have created some comment, appear to have been taken directly from the United States. Arthur Lee, M. P., formerly British military attache at Washington, said to a representative of the Associated Press:

"At last we have taken out a leaf from your excellent book, though I do not believe we have gone quite so far in that direction as we might, or hope may. Under Mr. Broderick's proposed changes, a private in the British infantry will receive almost as much as a private in the United States army. With this change, which I frequently advocated while military attache at Washington, we hope to get a class of recruits similar to those secured in America. Under the old pay we were gradually lowering the physical standard, yet still finding it hard to get men, while our desertion percentage was increasing at a rate which showed there was something radically wrong with the system.

"The American army was the only other voluntarily enlisted body in the world with whom we could make serviceable comparisons, the continental armies, owing to conscription and other causes, being of perfectly different examples. A year ago Mr. Broderick poohpoohed the idea of copying the United States. Now he has changed his mind, and has done what the majority of the members of the house, regardless of party, believe to be the very best thing that could have happened to the army since Mr. Cardwell (in 1872) effected his sweeping reforms. For the first time Tommy, with everything found and higher pay, will be in a better position than his agricultural brother, and from this class we ought to get the best as well as the worst. Yes, it may hurt the agricultural interest, or what is left of it in England, but I do not believe this damage will be as serious as the evils which the change will correct.

"Not only is it interesting to note the influence of the American systems in the sweeping changes, but they will have a tremendous negative character. Last year the government clearly indicated its fears that it might have to resort to conscription. The present move banishes all possibility of this, for I understand Mr. Brodrick is willing to go even farther in copying the United States' excellent treatment of enlisted men, and the liberal finance build up the standard of the army. The increase in pay means an additional annual cost of about £2,000,000 but I maintain that it will be a direct saving of money, for the better class of men secured will mean fewer men in the hospitals and prisons, as well as obviating other forms of wastage, and will quickly make up for the additional initial outlay. Some day, perhaps, we may be able to adopt the sensible plan of the United States of paying the enlisted men of all arms at the same rate. But traditions here die hard."

The Latest.

To our patrons and others: We have just received a splendid assortment of spring and summer woolens; also the latest plates of New York fashions. This should be of interest to all.

GEORGE H. BRENTON,
High Class Tailoring,
Phoenix Block, cor. Fourth Ave. W. and Sup. St.

VILLAGE OF ROOSEVELT.

New York, March 8.—Roosevelt is the new name given to what formerly was Greenwich Point, a small village south of Hempstead, Long Island. The village has just been renamed.

STRONGLY ENDORSED

Hearing on Wine Room Ordinance Brings Out Many Friends.

Churches and Temperance Societies Have Representatives.

Endorsing the Ordinance Are Unanimously Adopted.

Through ministers and other representatives, a great number of citizens endorsed the anti-wine room ordinance yesterday.

A mass meeting was held in the council chamber by invitation of the ordinance committee. The aldermen desired a public expression on the proposed ordinance.

The expression of public sentiment sought was unanimously in favor of the adoption of the ordinance and many of the speakers even urged a more comprehensive measure.

A number of the leading ministers of the city spoke against the wine room evil, but the most telling speeches of the afternoon were made by the laymen.

David Sang, former alderman from the Eighth ward, struck the most popular chord of the harmonious mass meeting when he was called upon. He simply said:

"I did not come here to talk, but since you have called on me I cannot see why this committee saw fit to call for a public expression on this ordinance, when 90 per cent of the population of Duluth are in favor of good government and the enforcement of the law.

"I think that the ordinance does not go far enough. Not that I am antagonistic to the saloon interests, but I think that all blinds should be removed from in front of saloons so that everything on the inside would be visible from the street."

Capt. Darwin E. Stevens, recently candidate for the Republican mayoralty nomination, said:

"Gentlemen of the committee, I cannot see how anything but good can come of this ordinance if you pass it. If you do not pass it you will be acting for the financial interests of a few as against the great moral interest of the citizens at large."

Leroy Coons, of Duluth Heights, was another layman who made a rather strong speech. He said in part:

"Gentlemen, you have heard the sentiments of the ministers, the business men, the professional men, and the mothers on this question, and now I desire to address you as a representative of that horny handed army of men—the toilers. These are the men that have the most sons and daughters traveling our streets with temptations besetting on all sides. They are the men that see the most of the wine room evil and have the most to deplore by it. I ask you, gentlemen, in the name of the workingmen of Duluth to pass the ordinance."

A letter was received from Right Rev. James McGolrick, Catholic bishop of Duluth, urging the passage of the ordinance.

Dr. Samuel P. Long, pastor of the First Methodist church, characterized the wine room evil as a primary school for drunkards and said that it offered extraordinary inducements for women to frequent saloons. In closing Dr. Long said:

"We do not ask you to pass this ordinance for the purpose of interfering with the legitimate business of saloon men, but for the purpose of restricting certain places where the saloon business is not conducted honestly and openly."

John J. Moe, of the large West End store of Johnson & Moe, made a very earnest and interesting talk in which he said that the ordinance should be passed in the interest of business and moral welfare and for the sake of the young men and women of Duluth.

Rev. C. Elmquist, pastor of the Swedish Evangelical Lutheran Bethany congregation, said that the members of his church were most sincerely in favor of the ordinance. They did not desire to injure legitimate business, but did desire to remove the temptation of some saloon men to overstep their rights.

Rev. B. R. Patrick, retiring pastor of the First Baptist church, who was recently appointed chaplain in the United States navy, said that the ordinance was not only backed by those present, but by thousands of men and women of Duluth that found it impossible to attend the meeting.

Rev. J. W. Powell, pastor of the Lester Park Methodist church, said that while his congregation was fortunate enough to live in a community where saloons were prohibited, it was nevertheless interested in the ordinance to abolish the wine room evil. He said the members of the church were in favor of anything that would protect society from the saloon evil and enable the police to more easily enforce the laws.

Mrs. Ida Thompson, of Glen Avon, the prominent temperance worker, said that she did not come as a representative of any temperance society, but as a citizen and taxpayer to protest against the dragging of young men down into drunkenness through the wine rooms. She said the women of Duluth would have been much better represented at the meeting if there were not so many divisions among them.

She called the attention of the newly-elected aldermen to the fact that they should not become hardened by the constant aggressiveness of the saloon interests, but carefully guard against the evil of intemperance in the interest of the youth of the city, if nothing else. She referred to the fact that there are 475 blind pigs in the iron range towns as compared with 240 licensed saloons, and said that in Duluth for every licensed saloon there was two places where liquor was sold without license.

Rev. N. B. Thvedt, of the First Norwegian Danish Evangelical Lutheran congregation, after listening to the remarks of ex-Alderman Sang, as quoted above, said: "The words of Mr. Sang sounded as music to my ear, and I thought his name was song instead of Sang." This caused considerable good feeling, and then Mr. Thvedt made a very interesting talk in favor of the ordinance.

Rev. John F. Wilson, of the Westminster Presbyterian church of West Duluth, said the wine rooms in saloons had accomplished more ruin among the youth of the city and land than the saloons themselves.

He said that in some of the larger cities of the country, saloon men were known to pay salaries of $2500 a year to men who made a business of entrapping young men and women into wine rooms and there accomplishing their ruin for time and for eternity. In concluding, he said: "Gentlemen, I trust that you will pass this ordinance, and that this whole hellish system of degradation will be banished from our city."

Jacob Laux was another of the laymen that spoke in favor of the ordinance, as did a man from Hibbing, who said that the temperance people on the ranges were watching Duluth's action on the wine room ordinance most carefully.

Rev. A. C. Manson, pastor of the Second Presbyterian church, said his congregation was heartily in sympathy with the ordinance, and that he would like to see the front blinds also removed from saloons, so that the business should be entirely public. Mr. Manson also said that on Sundays the saloons near his church frequently disturbed worship, and he understood that in these particular saloons there was considerable card playing on the Sabbath day.

Mrs. Charles Evans Holt explained to the committee that there would have been a larger delegation of women at the meeting had it been more generally known that they would have been welcome. She said it was the earnest prayer of the W. C. T. U. societies of the city that the ordinance be passed.

Rev. J. A. Anderson, of the First Swedish Methodist church, said his congregation was particularly anxious that the ordinance should be passed and then strictly enforced after its passage.

Rev. R. A. Montgomery, of the Glen Avon Presbyterian church, expressed the opinion that since the saloon business stood before the law as a legitimate business, he could not see why saloon men should be permitted to do anything but an open business, or why a legitimate business man should be seeking covert places to transact his business in. "We ask the council to keep this saloon business just what it purports to be by abolishing these wine rooms, and we assure you our most hearty support in abolishing this curse to the city," he concluded.

Arthur E. Brown, of Lakeside, said he was there in behalf of giving the young people of the city a fair start in life, and did not consider such a start possible with such a handicapping evil as the wine rooms.

At the conclusion of the meeting a resolution was carried unanimously, endorsing the ordinance and urging its passage.

Aldermen Neff, Moore and Barnes, of the license committee, expressed themselves as well pleased with the meeting, and indicatd that the second time the committee reports the ordinance back to the council it will have a stronger endorsement than it did originally.

THE DAKOTAS.

The Grand Jury Returns Another Indictment Against Murphy.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Bismarck—The United States grand jury Friday morning returned another indictment against Mark Murphy, formerly deputy collector of the customs at the port of Portal, in Ward county. There are seven or eight counts of the endictment, the principal one being those growing out of Murphy's embezzlement of sums of $430 on Oct. 21, 1901, and $452 on Sept. 26, 1901. The latter sum was paid by John A. Davis as duty on eighty head of cattle imported from Canada, and it was not turned over to N. E. Nelson, collector of the port within the required time, although it was subsequently returned to the government. The sum of $430 is stated to have been paid Horace G. Prairie as duty on two carloads of potatoes and three cars of shingles imported from Canada. An error was made in billing the goods, and the consignee discovered that an overcharge of duties had been made. When application was made to the port for rebate of duties, it was discovered that there was no record of the passage of the goods through the port, or the payment of the money. Murphy is a brother of Maj. J. S. Murphy, of Minot, formerly state senator and prominent in state politics.

Fargo—There is a kind of a row on here over wood contracts. The council decided to test the lignite coal and the city employes reported somewhat adversely. The coal people assert the employes were influenced by the extra work, and want to make a test with men employed by the coal interests, which will be allowed. The agitation has created some criticism of the city's wood contracts, and Alderman Everhart is emphatic in his assertions that the city has been bilked in the quality of the wood and measurements.

Judge Pollock is hearing many cases in the district court and is endeavoring to clear up the calendar as quickly as possible so the farmer members of the jury can be released to look after their spring work.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Huron—Five deaths of prominent Huron people have occurred in the past six weeks, being the greatest mortality in the same length of time, of well-known and pioneer residents, in the history of the city. The latst death was that of Mrs. W. H. H. Jones, which occurred Wednesday morning. She was 59 years of age and was a native of Medina county, Ohio. Besides her husband, four children survive her, Frank S. Jones, a prominent real estate man of Butte, Mont.; Willis C. Jones, manager of the Western Union telegraph office in this city, Carl S. Jones, of Chicago, and Mrs. Carrie Bunt, wife of Rev. Pierce O. Bunt, of Carpenter, S. D. The funeral will take place on Sunday afternoon.

Aberdeen—The Brown county school directors' meeting was attended by over forty school officers and people directly connected with school interests, among them G. J. Schellenger of Pierre, deputy state superintendent.

The public statement of the Aberdeen banks shows that the deposit accounts have almost doubled in two years, the figures being $764,824.23 for this year and $385,-112.39 for the same date in 1900. This would indicate that the people of this section are prospering.

A reunion of the T. B. D. of the state university at Vermillion was held at the Ward hotel here Thursday evening. This is a society composed of the alumni of the university, composed entirely of ladies. Members were in attendance from Sioux City, Andover, Ipswich and Aberdeen.

Jamestown—The Carrington & Casey company will grow macaroni; wheat on an extensive scale this season. A carload of seed has been purchased and will be sown on the company's farms near Melville. It is the belief of many that macaroni wheat will prove more profitable in North Dakota than the old varieties.

ABOUT CATARRH CURES.

The Reason Why Inhalers and Local Applications Are Useless.

For many years catarrh was considered to be a local disease and was treated entirely by local remedies, salves, ointments, powders, sprays and inhalers, and nearly all of these gave a temporary relief, but a genuine permanent cure was very rare.



It is true the most annoying symptoms, like stoppage of the nose and throat trouble, are purely local, but they are simply symptoms and the real seat of disease is far removed.

Catarrh is a constitutional disease, a blood disorder, complicated usually with disease of the liver and to suppose that local applications of sprays, powders, inhalers, could never reach the real cause of the trouble is ridiculous.

The sensible and successful treatment is to remove the catarrhal poison from the system by regulating the liver and purifying the blood, and this can only be done by an internal remedy, which should consist of antiseptics and remedies to act vigorously on the blood and liver.

The best preparation of this kind which fills all the requirements of a safe constitutional treatment is Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, composed of Blood Root, Red Gum and similar wholesome antiseptics, which are absolutely safe to take into the stomach and which act upon the liver, stomach and mucous membrane.

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets are large, pleasant tasting lozengers to be slowly dissolved in the mouth, thus reaching the mucous membrane and wind-pipe and finally reaching the stomach.

Dr. Edmondson, in speaking of the new treatment for catarrh, says: "I have accomplished the most satisfactory results in all forms of catarrh of the head, throat, bronchial tubes, as well as catarrh of the stomach and liver by using nothing else but Stuart's Catarrh Tablets. I long since threw aside sprays and inhalers as being inconvenient and at the best mere temporary make-shifts.

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets act immediately upon the liver and blood and clear the whole system of catarrhal poison. They are pleasant and very convenient to use, and they are not only the latest, but I believe them to be the best and certainly the safest treatment for any form of catarrh."

All druggists sell Stuart's Catarrh Tablets at 50 cts. for full sized package.

A little book on cause and cure of Catarrh mailed free by addressing the F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

ENGLE ARRESTED.

Former Attorney General of Colorado In Trouble.

Cripple Creek, Col., March 8.—Eugene Engley, former attorney general of Colorado, under ex-Governor Waite, has been arrested charged with subornation of perjury and released on $2000 bond. Two women who testified against Kirch Kuykendall and Hartley J. Lake, recently convicted of stealing ore from Stratton's Independence mine, testified that money was offered to them in Engley's office to swear to an alibi in the above case.

IS VERY FEEBLE.

Mother of Rev. Dr. Hillis In Critical State.

Woodbine, Iowa, March 8.—Mrs. Hillis, mother of Rev. Dwight Hillis, of Brooklyn, who last October was stricken with paralysis and was expected to die, is again in a critical condition. The physician in attendance says she is very feeble and that he has small hope for her recovery. Rev. Hillis has been notified and is expected to arrive here in a short time.

MRS. MAYBRICK

Not Likely to Be Included In Amnesties.

London, March 8.—The Baroness De Roques denies all the reports that her daughter, Mrs. Florence Maybrick, will be included in the coronation amnesties.

She said to a representative of the Associated Press: "I have not received information from any source respecting Mrs. Maybrick's possible release. I have no information of such a release being among the coronation amnesties."

The officials of the United States embassy say there is no possibility of action in Mrs. Maybrick's case in the near future.

ADOPT LONDON FORM.

New York, March 8.—The board of managers of the New York metal exchange has decided to adopt the London form of contract for trading in G. M. B. copper. This movement, the members hope, will cause to be transferred to the New York exchange a large amount of trading in options which heretofore the London metal exchange has exclusively held.

Diseases of Men
CURED TO STAY CURED



By our new Electro-Medical Treatment, which combines all o the curative powers of both medicine and electricity.

Varicocele,
Stricture,
Nervo-Sexual Debility,
Contagious Blood Poison,
Rupture, Kidney and Urinary Diseases,
Small, Weak Organs,
Discharges,
Seminal Emissions

and all associate diseases and weaknesses of men, causing pains in kidneys, bladder, abdomen, dizziness, loss of memory, etc., resulting in loss of sexual power, physical suffering, mental distress, gloomy forebodings and feelings of impending danger.

The longest established, most successful and reliable specialist in diseases of men, as medical diplomas, licenses and newspaper records will show.

We Treat Men Only and Cure Them to Stay Cured.
We charge nothing for private counsel and give to each patient a Legal Contract to hold for our promises. If you cannot call at our office, write your symptoms fully.
CONSULTATION FREE AND CONFIDENTIAL.
Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.
Progressive Medical Association,
No. 1 West Superior Street, Corner Lake Ave., Duluth, Minn.

Let Us Save You Money!
On Motors, Dynamos, Engines, Wiring, Lamps, Gas, Electric and Combination Fixtures and electric repairing. Estimates furnished.
J. H. McLaughlin & Co.
Electric Contractors.
Room 1 Palladio Bldg. Bell 636-4.

RELIEF

For West Indies In Removal of Sugar Duty.

London, March 8.—It is learned by the Associated Press that the British government intends, in the near future, to remove the half-penny per pound duty which is now imposed on West Indian sugar. This will afford the West Indies the relief they have demanded until the Brussels convention comes into force. Between now and September, 1903, according to the terms of the convention, Great Britain can take any steps she deems advisable to safeguard the industry. The abolition of the duty on West Indian sugar is tantamount to giving the preferential treatment over all other sugars, though this of course ceases the moment the Brussels agreement becomes operative. Acting, composed entirely of ladies. Members were in attendance from Sioux City, Andover, Ipswich and Aberdeen.

Convince yourself that Ely's Cream Balm deserves all that has been said of it as a means of quick relief and final cure in obstinate cases of nasal catarrh and hay fever. A trial size costs but ten cents. Full size, 50 cents. Sold by all druggists or mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren Street, New York.

Mt. Olive, Ark., May 17, 1901.

Messrs. Ely Bros.:—Please send me one bottle of Cream Balm, family size. I think it is the best medicine for Catarrh in the world. Very respectfully, J. M. Scholtz.

Facial skin wrinkles and ages, lacking proper nourishment. Satin-Skin Cream is tissue-building skin food. 25c.

An Electric Belt Free

Send Your Application At Once To The Physician's Institute.

They Will Send You Absolutely Free One of Their 100 Guage Supreme Electric Belts, the Belt Which Has Made so Many Wonderful Cures—You Needn't Send Even a Postage Stamp, Just Your Name and Address.



Seven years ago the State of Illinois granted to the Physicians' Institute of Chicago a charter.

There was need of something above the ordinary method of treatment for chronic diseases, something more than any one specialist or any number of specialists acting independently could do, so the State itself, under the powers granted it by its general laws, gave the power to the Physicians' Institute to furnish to the sick such help as would make them well and strong.

Ever since its establishment this Institute has endeavored in every possible way to carry out the original purposes of its establishment under the beneficient laws of the State.

Three years ago, the Physicians' Institute, realizing the value of electricity in the treatment of certain phases of disease, created under the superintendence of its staff of specialists an electric belt, and this belt has been proved to be of great value as a curative agent. From time to time it has been improved until it reached that stage of perfection which warranted its present name of "Supreme."

This belt is the most effective of all agents in the cure of rheumatism, lumbago, lame back, nervous exhaustion, weakened or lost vital functions, varicocele, kidney disorders and many other complaints.

This "Supreme Electric Belt" is made in one grade only—100 guage—there is no better electric belt made and no better belt can be made. Whenever in the opinion of our staff of specialists the wonderful curative and revitalizing forces of electricity will cure you we send you, free of all cost, one of these Supreme Electric Belts. It is not sent on trial, it is yours to keep forever without the payment of one cent. This generous offer may be withdrawn at any time, so you should write to-day for this free "Supreme Electric Belt" to the Physicians' Institute, at 2111 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ills.

Good Old Grandma's Advice

The children are sick—send for grandma! Who is there like her for wisdom and gentleness, and sympathy, since the first baby came? What would we have done without her?

"Cascarets are splendid, my old mother praises them very highly, and says she would never be without them."—Howard W. Wellman, 139 Tremont Street, Fairmount, Ohio.

"I suffered seven years with tape-worm but didn't know I had one. Two months ago I was taken with inflamation of the bowels, sour stomach, sick headache. I tried Cascarets and had not taken them a week before I was relieved of a tape-worm 18 feet long. I am very much better."—Mrs. John Stone, Put-In-Bay Island, Ohio.

"After taking Cascarets for a few nights before writing, I was able to pass a tape-worm 24 feet in length. Cascarets have our praise, and I will willingly furnish a testimonial to anyone who inquires it."—Mrs. Harry Wood, Kenneth, Ind.

"I was troubled for a long time with liver complaint and was in such misery that I had to give up work. I took but 4 doses of Cascarets before I was able to go to work again."—Mrs. Jos. Kresling, 1921 Congress St., St. Louis.

The wisdom of years of experience with her own health, and grandpa's and the children's, and children's children has taught grandma what is good for her and the several generations of family she has looked after. Grandma of today knows and advises that Cascarets Candy Cathartic are the only perfect family medicine for all bowel troubles, children's diseases, diseases of the stomach and liver, sick headaches, biliousness and bad blood.

Cascarets
Best for the Bowels. All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. Sample and booklet free. Address
Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 619

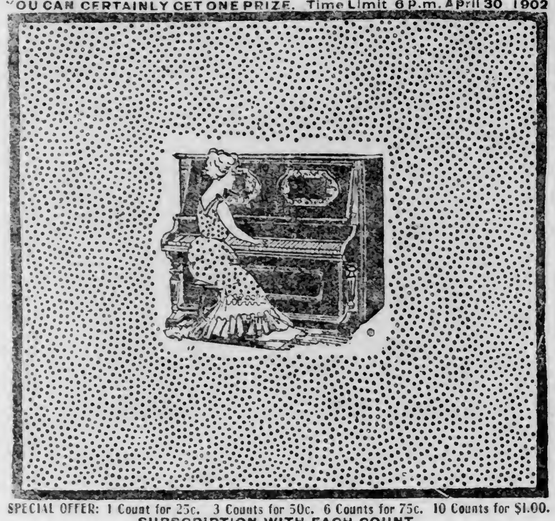
Free FOR YOUR **COUNT** — **A $500 Piano OR $500 in Gold** — **Free** FOR YOUR **COUNT**

And One Hundred $1.00 Cash Prizes Besides.

The one who guesses the correct number of d ots in this puzzle will receive an Elegant Piano, packed and delivered FREE on board cars, St. Paul, Minn.

In the event of two or more guessing the correct number the $500, value of the piano, will be divided pro rata among those who count the correct number. If for instance, there are only two that count the correct number each will receive $250 in gold. If there are five who count the correct number, each one will receive $100 in gold. There are also One Hundred $1 Cash Prizes which will be given the first hundred contestants counting next nearest the correct number.

YOU CAN CERTAINLY GET ONE PRIZE. Time Limit 6 P.m. April 30 1902



SPECIAL OFFER: 1 Count for 25c. 3 Counts for 50c. 6 Counts for 75c. 10 Counts for $1.00.
SUBSCRIPTION WITH EACH COUNT.

Count Slowly and Accurately. It is worth your time for you are very liable to WIN one of the 101 Prizes. The Piano has been turned over to the State Bank of St. Paul and they will see that it is delivered to the winner. Every one is entitled to a registered count on receipt of each 25 cents sent for one year's subscription to the Mail Order Monthly Magazine, a publication adapted for both young and old, containing much reliable information, BRIGHT STORIES, ABLE EDITORIALS, A CHILDREN'S PAGE, WOMEN'S PAGE, FARMER'S PAGE, PAGE FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC, AND INTERESTING STORIES. Get up a Club of Ten and each one agree to divide his prize with the other nine. This will give you ten chances to win a prize.

REMEMBER your out the coupon and send it in with the number of dots you count together with your name and address plainly written. Address The Dot Editor, of the Mail Order Monthly Magazine, St. Paul, Minn. Each count will be numbered every day by an automatic numbering machine so no mistake can occur. All counts must be sent through the mail. All remittances must be made in Post-Office Orders, Express Money Orders, or Cash in Registered Letter, otherwise we are not responsible. No count will be registered unless accompanied with 25 cents, the subscription price of the Mail Order Monthly Magazine.

Fill out the coupon below and write plainly.

The number of dots I count is .....

DOT EDITOR, MAIL ORDER MONTHLY MAGAZINE
St. Paul, Minn.

Enclosed find ..... for ..... subscription to the MAIL ORDER MONTHLY.

Name .....

Post Office ..... State .....
(State if you have sent other counts before.)

Dot Editor No. 19.

If you want the magazine sent to any one else send name and address on a seperate piece of paper.

If you don't have time to count the dots yourself, start the children at it for it has an educational value to them and a cash value to you. It teaches them accuracy and perseverance and inspires ambition. Maps and coupon charts will be sent you or your friends upon application. Send for them at once. The judges of this contest will consist of the following well known and responsible people.

J. C. JENSEN, Cashier State Bank of St. Paul, Capital $100,000.00.
HON. R. A. SMITH, Ex-Postmaster, and now Mayor of St. Paul.
E. J. HODSON, President Security Trust Co., St. Paul, Capital Stock $275,000.00.

DON'T DELAY—SEND YOUR GUESS AT ONCE TO
Mail Order Monthly. St. Paul, Minnesota.

HENS AT WORK

Marked Decrease In Price of Eggs on Michigan Street.

The most noticeable change in the local produce market during the past week has been noted in the steadily declining prices of eggs. Monday morning eggs were quoted on Michigan street at 21 cents per dozen, and yesterday 17 cents per dozen was asked. Storage eggs are practically off the market. The decline in the egg market is due entirely to the mild weather that has prevailed during the past week or ten days. The hens have been laying freely and egg receipts have been large.

The butter market shows a little weakness and a little strength. Creamery butter is quoted a little lower, while the dairy butter market is a little firmer.

The mild weather has weakened the potato market to a certain extent. Prices show little or no change, but the supply is much larger than a week ago.

The fruit market in general remains firm. California oranges are firmer in price owing to the recent heavy rains in California that has caused a falling off in shipments.

The market shows no change in the price of kelus, but the commission men say they are very scarce just at present. Receipts of chickens are light.

W. C. T. U. Meeting.

The Central W. C. T. U. will hold its regular semi-monthly meeting Monday next at 3 p. m. in the parlors of the First M. E. church. The program is as follows:

Devotional exercises.
Business.
"Domestic Science," presented by Mrs. H. R. Patterson, of West Duluth, followed by discussion.
Solo, by Mrs. J. B. Wanless.

Spring Cleaning

You are made aware of the necessity for cleansing your blood in the spring by humors, eruptions and other outward signs of impurity.

Or that dull headache, bilious, nauseous, nervous condition and that tired feeling are due to the same cause—weak, thin, impure, tired blood.

America's Greatest Spring Medicine is Hood's Sarsaparilla.

It makes the blood rich and pure, cures scrofula and salt rheum, gives a clear, healthy complexion, good appetite, sweet sleep, sound health.

For cleansing the blood the best medicine money can buy is

Hood's Sarsaparilla

It is Peculiar to Itself.

FLAATEN'S CONCERT.

Miss Hector Soloist—The Request Concert Coming.

Flaaten's orchestra will give a concert tomorrow afternoon at the Armory and upon the program will be found numbers that should please. Miss Hector will be the soloist. The next concert will be made up of "request" numbers and Director Flaaten asks that all requests for numbers be given him by next Thursday. The program for tomorrow is as follows:

March—"The Strollers" ..... Englander
Overture—"Poet and Peasant" ..... Suppe
Prelude and Siciliana from "Cavalerla Rusticana" ..... Mascagni
Grand selection—"The Bartered Bride" ..... Smetana
Contralto solo—"My Heart is Weary," from opera "Nedeshda" ..... Thomas
"Chanson Sans Paroles" ..... Tschaikowsky
Intermezzo—"Ballroom Whispers" ..... Gregh
Caprice heroique—"Awakening of the Lion" ..... Kontsky

MERCHANTS' RATES.

Omaha Road Gives Orders to Institute Them.

The Omaha ticket office has received instructions for instituting merchants' rates for the rest of the spring season. The dates named are those selected by the local jobbers' committee.

For the March excursions tickets will be on sale from March 12 to 17. The tickets sold at other stations will be for the trip to this city. The purchaser will pay one fare at the other end. He will receive a ticket to Duluth and credentials to present to the ticket agent here. These credentials will entitle him on payment of one-fifth the amount of the single fare to a return ticket to his home. The March tickets will be good for passage between the 15th and 24th of the month.

In April, tickets will be on sale between the 2nd and 7th. They will be good between the 5th and 14th.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Two days before the time set for the celebration of his sixtieth wedding anniversary, preparations for which were almost completed, Lars Iverson, of Paint Creek, fifteen miles south of La Crosse, suddenly succumbed to an attack of pneumonia and died. Mrs. Iverson died from an acute attack a day later. Both were buried Friday, the double wedding taking the place of the proposed celebration.

Rip Holton was hanged at Van Buren, Ark., Friday morning. Governor Davis respited him until 10 o'clock and then refused to interfere further. Holton spurned religious advice. He was pronounced dead after twelve minutes. The execution was private. Holton was hanged for the murder of his wife at Lancaster last September.

Robert Charles was shot and mortally wounded at Eden Valley by John Herd. The men were farmers, living a few miles from town, and had been at feud over a farm which each claimed to own. Herd surrendered to the sheriff, and claims to have shot in self-defense.

At the cabinet President Roosevelt requested the members not to talk to newspaper correspondents about matters under discussion at the semi-weekly meetings. It was thought best for the president himself to make public such matters as he deemed proper to be given out. Hereafter the president will do this.

At a meeting of the union molders at Cleveland it was decided to adhere to their demand for a minimum wage of $3 per day. The matter is now before the National Molders' board, which will report back next Tuesday.

Rocky Mountain Tea taken now will keep the whole family well. If it fails, bring it back and get your cash. 35 cts. Ask your druggist.

COURSE OF STUDY

High School Curriculum Discussed at School Board Meeting.

Supt. Denfeld Tells Some Things He Observed In Other Schools.

Would Introduce Manual Training In Sixth Grade Course.

The "utilitarianizing" of educational methods and the necessity of a high school gymnasium formed the features of last night's discussion at the meeting of the board of educators.

It came out in the course of Superintendent Denfeld's report on his attendance at the superintendent's section meeting in Chicago. Mr. Denfeld said the sentiment of the convention seemed to be that the course of study in public schools should first of all be complete in itself, and secondly subsidiary to a university course.

Mr. Washburn said he believed this was a subject the Duluth board should give attention to. He didn't believe three men down here should furnish a cut-and-dried course of study which we should accept without question.

The weight of sentiment, Mr. Denfeld said, seemed to be in favor of the practical and utilitarian and in installing the study of the useful at as early an age as possible. He would begin the study of manual training in the sixth grade, so as to fit children as early as possible for the practice of life.

"What do you think of employing a high-price tutor for ten students in Greek," queried Mr. Washburn. "Don't you think that if there are not more pupils desirous of studying Greek that the parents should provide a tutor themselves?"

"I should eliminate the study of Greek altogether," said Mr. Denfeld, "and reduce the study of Latin by several terms each year."

Director Moe said he would like to see regular gymnasium work succeed the present callisthenics. He asked Superintendent Denfeld for information.

Mr. Denfeld said that a gymnasium formerly occupied the room now used for a museum, but that the construction of the building was such that gymnastic operations could not be carried on on the upper floors without too much vibration. The only available safe room, until more space could be provided is the basement near the engine room. The room is now used for a store room.

On motion of Mr. Washburn, the question was referred to the committee on buildings and grounds.

This discussion led President Milne to remark that he had heard that the physical instructor had not been in some of the buildings once a month.

Mr. Washburn said one man had told him that his little girl, who suffered with some stomach trouble, was made to bend backward over a desk as far as she could, and that it made her ill.

Dr. Salter said that might be true in one case, but that for one that was injured there were many that had been improved.

Mr. Washburn concluded that he was glad that the physical instructor had at last been heard from at any rate.

Superintendent Denfeld reported on observations made during his absence. He reported having visited the Aurora, Ill., high school. The facilities for still life study appealed greatly to him. The study objects were placed on shelves above the blackboards in full view of the pupils, which he believed was a good improvement to make here ultimately.

The Duluth school's laboratory equipment, he found generally more complete. He found it was possible for pupils from the sixth grade up to avail themselves of the opportunity of studying manual training. Mr. Denfeld ventured the hope that the study might soon be made available to the lower grades here.

The purchase of Professor Woolman's collection of specimens at $258.70 was authorized. Professor Woolman proposed to sell all his specimens and instruments for $1600. There was a difference of opinion about the ownership of some articles. The committee that had the matter in hand also reported that some of Professor Woolman's articles were not needed. The compromise figure contemplates the withdrawal of these articles.

Action was also taken looking toward a prevention of controversy over the ownership of school equipment or articles used as such. The plan is to have the annual inventories made more complete and to have loans of articles placed on record, so that a question might never arise as to ownership.

Treasurer LeTourneau reported a total balance on hand in school funds of $76,995.35, of this, the general fund balance was $48,314.95, and the sinking fund balance was $24,883.68. Mr. LeTourneau expected to get about $45,000 from tax collections in April, according to estimates in the auditor's office.

The board granted the use of Assembly hall for oratorical and calisthenic contests, a sacred concert, for the Humane society annual meeting, for a Civic Federation meeting and for the woman's concert of the Twentieth Century club.

The question of providing a gymnasium at the Webster school was not discussed owing to the absence of Dr. Codding, chairman of the committee that has the matter in charge.

Superintendent Denfeld reported a gain of enrolment during January of 357, bringing the total up to 10,610 as compared with 9941 last year.

The board adjourned subject to the call of the president. This was on the motion of Dr. Salter who explained that the committee on teachers would soon have a report ready for action by the board.

CABLE FLASHES.

Bandit soldiers have captured a priest at Jehol, about 100 miles northeast of Pekin. Both the French and Russians are anxious to send troops to rescue the priest, but, as Jehol is a rich gold mining district, the court has ordered Gen. Mai Yu Kwan to hurry and release the priest, in order to forestall the entry of foreign troops into the district.

By the death of his uncle, Lieut. Gen. John Patrick Sutton Redmond, John Redmond, M. P., inherits large but heavily encumbered estates in Ireland.

"Only Germany now opposes the restitution of Tien Tsin to China," says the correspondent of the Times, cabling from Pekin, "The other powers are ready to restore the administration of that city to the Chinese May 1."

SPECTACLES



If you are in need of them come and see me. I use the latest methods for examination, and carry the largest line of frames and glasses in the city.

C. C. Staacke
OPTICAL SPECIALIST.
106 W. Superior St., New Jersey Bldg.

HOUSE PLAYING HORSE

(Continued From Page 1.)

noon recess, Mr. Bower moved to reconsider the vote by which his motion to receive the bill in spite of the unfavorable report of the steering committee was lost, and the motion to reconsider carried. Then he renewed his motion, and it was lost by a vote of 30 to 31. Only two more votes would have been necessary to secure its reception by the senate, but while Senator Brower made a heroic struggle to get the bill in he failed, and this settles the question of any change in the board of control law this session. Mr. Alford, of Duluth, introduced the same bill in the house yesterday afternoon, but it is doubtful if it will be considered.

* * *

In fact there is very little time left in which to consider anything. Under the law no bills can be passed the last day of the session, and all that is to be done will have to be accomplished during Monday. That day, however, can last as long as the majority wishes it to last. Sometimes it is kept going nearly all night. It will hardly be necessary to keep it up so long as that this time, however.

* * *

When the Brower bill failed Senator Snyder tried to get unanimous consent to introduce a bill taking the state university out of the board of control's jurisdiction and leaving it exclusively under the management of the board of regents, but an objection was made, so his attempt failed.

* * *

The house resolution for a Tuesday adjournment was brought up in the senate yesterday afternoon, and Senator J. D. Jones, of Todd, moved to make it Monday instead of Tuesday. This was shown to be impracticable, and the resolution was withdrawn from consideration temporarily.

* * *

The senate judiciary committee yesterday killed Senator Schellbach's bill taxing mortgages and deducting the tax paid by the holder of the mortgage from the taxes due on the land. The committee declared it to be unconstitutional, as Senator Baldwin argued yesterday morning.

* * *

The senate put in a long and arduous afternoon yesterday on the Anderson real estate tax bill. It was taken up and read section by section, and each section was either adopted or amended as it was reached. A number of amendments were made, mostly by Senator Baldwin, and the bill will have to go back to the house again. The senate did not finish consideration of the bill last night, and the special order was continued.

* * *

One very absurd amendment was offered yesterday afternoon in the senate to the Anderson bill. Senator McGowan, of Hennepin county, proposed to amend it by striking out the limitation of three years for redeeming property bid in at a delinquent tax sale. Had his amendment gone through there would have been no limit whatever to the time a delinquent would have to redeem his property, and there would be little incentive to pay taxes. The amendment failed, and then Senator McGowan offered another making the limit ten years instead of three. This, too, was voted down.

The conference committee of the house and senate on the constitutional amendments put in most of yesterday afternoon trying to adjust the wide differences between the two bills. This was impossible, so the committee unanimously agreed to adopt the senate's bill, which restricts tax legislation, and drop the house bill, which provided for wide-open tax legislation and permitted the legislatures to do anything they saw fit to do about taxation. Some slight changes were made in the senate bill, the most important of which was to provide that the legislature may, instead of taxing the incomes of mortgages, impose a registry tax in lieu thereof, so that the mortgages will pay a tax or license when they are registered. Mr. Jacobson, of Lac Qui Parle, who was on the conference committee, was as decided as usual in the opinion that the bill as adopted by the conference committee would never pass the house, but nevertheless there is not the slightest doubt that the house will accept the bill very readily.

* * *

There is little chance that an amendment to the constitution will be submitted providing that a majority of the votes cast on a proposed amendment shall carry it instead of a majority of all the votes cast at the election, as it is now. Such a bill passed the senate and is now in the house, and there is also a house bill to the same purpose. Yesterday afternoon an attempt was made to suspend the rules and place the senate bill on the table, in order that time might be saved, for it was feared that if the bill was left to its regular course it would never show up in the final wind-up. It required eighty votes to suspend the rules, and the motion got but 69, there being 33 votes against it. Those in favor of the bill said that it was unfair to give people who were too ignorant or too careless to vote on a constitutional amendment as much voice as those who did vote. That is the effect of the present condition, for a failure to vote on a proposition has the same effect as a vote against it, and constitutional amendments can only be carried by strong, favorable agitation. The majority of the house favors the submission of such an amendment, but the chances are that the bill will get shut out by the nearness of the close of the session.

* * *

In the discussion on the motion to suspend the rules to advance the constitutional amendment bill just mentioned, James A. Peterson, of Hennepin county, evoked the sentiment of many people when he said that the legislature was now playing the final act of the farce comedy that has been in progress for six weks. He said the same people that opposed tax legislation throughout were now opposing the attempt to loosen the lines on constitutional amendments, so that the constitution could be put in proper shape to permit tax legislation. In a measure this was true. The Duluth delegation voted against the bill, and Mr. Mallory made one of the strongest speeches against it. He took the stand that it was not proper to have 5, 10 or 15 per cent of the voters say what shall be done with the constitution, and that by proper campaigning the people can be induced to vote right on constitutional amendments, without the intervention of the proposed bill.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

ELIOT TO WILLIAM.

Berlin, March 8.—Emperor William has received the following dispatch from Professor Eliot, president of Harvard university: "Harvard university thanks your majesty for your inspiring message to Prince Henry and for your munificent gift. May your acts draw together two kindred peoples."

GENERAL O'BEIRNE SAYS:

"Pe-ru-na as an Effective Cure for Catarrh."



General James R. O'Bierne, 290 Broadway, Washington, D. C., late Commissioner of Charities of New York City, N. Y., and Assistant Commissioner of Immigration, writes as follows:

"As many of my friends and acquaintances have successfully used your Peruna as a catarrh cure, I feel that it is an effective remedy, and I recommend it as such to those suffering from that disease as a most hopeful source of relief."

JAMES R. O'BEIRNE.

Spring Time the Best Season of the Year to Treat Chronic Catarrh.

Notwithstanding that a great number of people have been cured of chronic catarrh by taking Peruna during the past cold season, yet it cannot be denied that the cold, wet, stormy weather has retarded many cures, and, in some cases, actually prevented a cure.

But springtime has come at last, and now is the time for all catarrh sufferers to begin a systematic course of treatment for this disease. The greatest difficulty in the way of treating chronic catarrh is that the patient is so liable to catch cold during the treatment and thus delay a cure.

This liability at this season of the year is, in a great measure, removed, and no one should neglect the opportunity to take treatment.

Peruna is acknowledged by everyone to be the only reliable and unfailing cure of catarrh wherever it may be located. When you take Peruna you are not experimenting with an unknown remedy.

Men and women of national reputation as well as thousands in the humbler walks of life publicly endorse Peruna. Peruna does all that is claimed for it. It cures catarrh.

Mr. John E. Burns, 28 Spring Garden Road, Halifax, N. S., water inspector, writes:

"I can hardly find words that can express my thanks to you for what your remedy has done for me. I have been trouble with catarrh of the head for a couple of years, and I was persuaded to try Peruna and found great benefit after using three bottles, and I can recommend it highly to anyone suffering from the same. "JOHN E. BURNS."

Peruna Cured Catarrh of Several Years' Standing.

Mr. G. L. Martin, Hartford, Ont., choir leader at St. Paul's Episcopal church, writes:

"Peruna is a wonderful remedy for catarrhal troubles. I have been troubled with catarrh for a great many years, and always trying something for it, but was able only to secure temporary relief until I used Peruna. Only five bottles rid my system of all traces of catarrh, and I have not noticed the slightest trouble or several months. My head was stopped up, my breath offensive, and it is a relief to be able to breathe freely once more. "G. L. MARTIN."

A Prominent Canadian Testifies.

Mr. Joseph Crees, Government House, Ottawa, Canada, head steward to Lord Minto, governor general of Canada, writes:

"I wish to emphasize my high opinion of Peruna as the finest remedy I have ever known for catarrhal afflictions. I have used it and have found it an excellent tonic and a grand blood purifier. I have recommeded its use to a number of men under me and am pleased to say that nothing I have ever observed gets a sick man out of bed and well again as quickly as Peruna. I am glad to be able to tell of its merits."

JOSEPH CREES.

If you do not receive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

TO THE FRONT

Texada Island Coming Forward as Copper Mining District.

The recent report from Texada Island to the effect that the Van Anda company has contracted for the sale of the Cornell mine for $1,500,000 has certainly revived the interest here in Duluth in Txada Island as so many of our citizens are interested in that great copper district.

For a long time the Texada Island operators have been quietly pushing developments in that district until it has now become one of the leading copper mining district on the continent. But notwithstanding this activity, no boom has been going on in that locality. In fact, things have been kept so quiet that even many who are heavily interested in mining properties out there have recently been surprised to learn of the vast improvements that have of late been going on in that territory, which but five years ago was an unbroken wilderness.

During the last three years the town of Van Anda has sprung up with a population of over 1000, two smelters have been built with a capacity of one of fifty tons and one of seventy-five tons per day and weekly shipments of forty tons of matte, while the Marble Bay mine, 1500 feet square, has been sold by the Marble Bay company for $200,000 and they are shipping from another mine forty tons daily, and there are altogether about fourteen shipping mines on the island.

Senator Clark and James J. Hill are both operating out in this district. The Puget Sound Mining company is operating extensively and the iron mine—so-called—which is really a copper mine with a heavy iron capping, is taking out 200 tons daily, while preparing to take out under a lease about 600 tons daily. The Texada Gold Mining company expects to pay its first dividend within thirty days and the Golden Slipper is being worked under a lease and expects to become one of the greatest gold mines on earth.

The Loyal mine is shipping regularly to the smelter while the Blubber Bay mine is being developed extensively and a railway is being built from the iron mine, adjoining the Cameron, to Gillis Bay, where it is intended to build large smelters.

The Raven mine is working and shipping regularly to the smelter at Van Anda, while the Phillips Arm mines are being worked to their full capacity.

The Vanderbilt company, at a depth of twenty feet, have struck high grade bornite and copper glance and carrying over 400 ounces of silver and fully $60 in gold to the ton. This property is on the same formation as the Capsheaf belonging to the Duluth and Texada company. It is reported that a contract for the sale of the Vanderbilt has been made at a high figure.

The Duluth and Texada company seem to be in great luck. It is reported that they have contracted for the sale of two of their properties at a very high figure, although the officers of the company are non-committal on this point. They have surveyed all of their properties and it is found that they take in a portion of the Cornell mine within their lines. The Cornell mine has been under operations for nearly three years and it is from this property that the Van Anda company has been taking most of their ore to the smelter. The company's attorney is now on the coast getting titles perfected and upon his return active operations will be commenced. The price to be paid for the properties under contract for sale will be amply sufficient not only to develop the Forest Queen group of mines in an extensive manner, but also to pay the stockholders a handsome dividend. It is estimated by some of the best experts that the Forest Queen group has one of the largest bodies of high grade copper ore, carrying sufficient gold to pay handsome dividends besides all operating expenses, that there is on the coast.

One of the leading English experts from London stated recently to one of the officers of the company, that in his opinion the Forest Queen group was one of the most valuable properties he had ever seen or examined.

It is estimated that there will be more development work done on the island of Texada this year than in any other district west of the Rocky mountains.

TO OPEN EARL HALL.

New York, March 8.—Earl hall, Columbia's new building for the promotion of the religious, social and philanthropic side of university life, will be formally opened today. The hall cost approximately $125,000 and was a gift to Columbia from William Earl Dodge.

INDIANS EXCITED.

Do Not Want Stranahan as Agent Again.

Kamiah, Idaho, March 8.—There has been great excitement among the Kamiah Indians for several days and it has just leaked out that the Indians' council was held on Monday at the camp meeting grounds above here and a number of resolutions were passed condemning the effort of the council recently held in Lapwai, which urged the retention of C. T. Stranahan as Nez Perces agent and superintendent of Lapwai Indian schools. The Indians are reported to be greatly infuriated under the leadership of Peter Person and Alexander Hays, local chiefs, several speeches were made threatening an outbreak if Stranahan was appointed superintendent of the schools.

SICK OR NOT SICK?

A Difference In Reports From Cecil Rhodes.

London, March 8.—While private telegrams from Cape Town today report that Cecil Rhodes is in a critical condition, the officials here of the British Chartered South Africa company say Mr. Rhodes is conducting his business correspondence as usual. In two cable dispatches received from Mr. Rhodes this morning illness was not mentioned.

NATURE'S BREAKFAST FOOD

Is the purest and most nutritious on the market. On sale at all grocery stores in the city. A percentage of all profits paid to the Children's Home Society of Minnesota, Rev. E. P. Savage, superintendent. Our agents will call at your home to sell you sample packages. Our concern has no connection with the Baker Orphanage or any other fake concerns. References, any wholesale or retail grocer in Duluth. If you want the best goods on the market, ask your grocer for Nature's Breakfast Food.

10c Per Package.

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AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.
Published at Herald Bldg., 220 W. Superior St.
Duluth Printing & Publishing Company.
Telephone Calls: Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, one ring.

10c a Week
EVERY EVENING
DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

Single copy, daily	.02
One month	.45
Three months (in advance)	$1.30
Six months (in advance)	$2.60
One year (in advance)	$5.00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter

WEEKLY HERALD.

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TO SUBSCRIBERS.

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both OLD and NEW addresses.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), March 8.—The Kansas storm has disappeared from view. Pressures are high over Southern and Eastern states and continue low in the extreme Northwest. It is colder over Nebraska, Missouri, Kansas, Oklahoma and Western Texas, and warmer in other districts, temperatures remaining moderate. Light falls of snow or rain occurred in the lake region, Ohio valley, Tennessee, Alabama, Missouri, Pacific coast districts and extreme Northwest Canada.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	46	Miles City	30
Battleford	6	Milwaukee	34
Bismarck	18	Minnedosa	18
Boston	36	Modena	26
Buffalo	34	Montgomery	50
Charleston	54	Moorhead	28
Chicago	34	New Orleans	60
Cincinnati	44	New York	38
Davenport	36	Oklahoma	42
Denver	28	Omaha	30
Detroit	36	Pittsburg	40
Dodge City	24	Port Arthur	14
Duluth	28	Portland	40
El Paso	34	Prince Albert	4
Escanaba	26	Qu' Appelle	10
Galveston	60	Rapid City	34
Green Bay	36	San Francisco	50
Havre	28	Santa Fe	28
Helena	40	Shreveport	56
Houghton	16	North Platte	28
Huron	28	Spokane	44
Jacksonville	54	St. Louis	44
Kamloops	38	St. Paul	34
Kansas City	34	Sault Ste. Marie	18
Knoxville	44	Swift Current	22
La Crosse	32	Washington	38
Lander	20	Williston	22
Los Angeles	44	Winnemucca	32
Marquette	26	Winnipeg	8
Memphis	56		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Snow or rain tonight and possibly Sunday; moderate temperature; fresh easterly and southerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, March 8.—Forecast until 7 p. m. Sunday: Wisconsin and Minnesota—Generally fair tonight and Sunday; moderate temperature; winds shifting to southerly and probably increasing Sunday. The Dakotas—Fair tonight and Sunday; moderate temperature.

Not Likely to Be Collected.

It has been reported that the United States government will in some way try to recover for the donors the $72,000 paid as a ransom for Miss Stone. But there is small prospect of success in such an undertaking. The Turkish government denies responsibility for the crime; so does the Bulgarian government; and legal proofs against either are lacking. But suppose such proof is supplied, how are we going to collect it? It took several years to collect a bill from the sultan, the justice of which he acknowledged; how long will it take to collect one which he disowns? Some government ought to repay, or suffer, no doubt, but the affair is likely to cool and be dropped, rather than come to any interesting head. "The lesson of it is," says the Portland Telegram, "that the government should keep entirely clear of the missionary business, and should be backward rather than zealous in making treaties requiring foreign governments to protect missionaries. It is a difficult thing for these governments to do, and they ought not to be asked to go to difficult and embarrassing lengths in this direction. The religion of a people is something sacred to them, and tenaciously clung to, and the more so the more ignorant the people are; hence the propagandism and proselyting of missionaries, from a 'worldly' point of view, is mischievous rather than beneficial. The missionaries mostly mean well, of course; and have done much good educational and hygienic work, outside of religious lines; but it is not a business to be properly encouraged by the government." All people will probably not agree with these views, but what the Telegram says is worthy of serious consideration.

Ten Thousand Places to Be Filled.

It is a matter of considerable interest that about 10,000 appointments are to be made in the government service during the coming fiscal year. It is not only interesting to those who aspire to the positions which are to be filled, but to the general public to whom the fact that such a vast army of employes will be needed is a matter of some surprise. Examinations will be held in the various sections of the country beginning very shortly, and from the eligibles selected as a result of the spring examinations and those to be held in the fall, there will be more than 10,000 appointments made in the year beginning July 1. The records of the civil service commission show that the yearly average of appointments to competitive positions is now around the 10,000 mark. For the year 1900 they were just short of that number, and last year they went beyond it. A great many vacancies exist at the present time and will be filled as soon as the commission can furnish an eligible list. It does not happen very often that Uncle Sam is forced to wait for people to step up and claim good positions, but it is a fact that work in some branches of the government is being delayed owing to the failure of the commission to find men competent to fill vacancies. These are mostly technical positions, requiring special qualifications, some of them being as follows: Assistant topographer and topographical draftsmen, inspectors and assistant inspectors of meat in the bureau of animal industry of the department of agriculture, aid in the coast survey, watch officers, deck officers and assistant engineers for the ships of the coast survey. Those who want to enter the service in the Philippines can take the examinations when held, as the subjects are the same as those for the domestic service. Applicants must state beforehand, however, whether or not they wish to compete for the Philippine work. Only those who are between the ages of 18 and 40 will be admitted to these examinations, and they will be required to furnish medical certificates to show that they are strong and well enough to withstand the rigors of the climate of the archipelago. There is no reason why any bright young man who has a desire for government work, and the ability necessary, should not secure a position with Uncle Sam and a good paying one at that.

THE PRACTICAL SIDE.

Congressman Morris takes the position, in a published statement at Washington yesterday, that because congress refused to make tariff concessions to Porto Rico and the Philippines, therefore none should be made to Cuba. In other words, if congress failed to perform "its plain duty" toward Porto Rico, despite the protests of the American people, therefore it should not now do anything for Cuba. He would, in order to be consistent, follow up one grievous error with another blunder. It is an argument that hardly does credit to the member from Duluth, and certainly is not in line with the views held by the vast majority of his constituents.

The plea of Cuba for a reduction of our tariff on her sugar has been largely and properly made on the ground that we owe this concession to her, under the circumstances, as a moral obligation. To anyone not blinded by selfishness this proposition is clear and conclusive. But there is a more practical, and, with the average congressman and business man, a more convincing argument; that is, that by maintaining the present duty on Cuban sugar we are not only ruining her, but injuring ourselves. Thereby our manufacturers, though more than sufficiently "protected," are losing trade amounting to millions annually. This country is Cuba's natural market, and under reasonable tariff rates she would buy nearly all her imports in this country.

Last year Cuba's imports amounted to $6,000,000, of which the United States received only $28,000,000, the other $38,000,000 going to other countries. On the other hand, we imported $75,000,000 worth from Cuba, making a balance of trade of $43,000,000 against us. But if Cuba could buy $66,000,000 worth of goods abroad last year, when not yet recovered from a long and devastating revolutionary struggle, what might and would she buy in the near future if we allowed and helped her to become prosperous? Governor Wood places the amount at not less than $200,000,000. And this trade some of our statesmen propose to sacrifice in order to "protect" the sugar-growers and keep the people from getting cheaper sugar.

IMPROVEMENT CLUBS.

For several years past Duluth has had an improvement club, and it must be admitted that it has done some good work. With the formation of a Commercial club, which now seems to be a certainty, the improvement association will probably cease to exist, because its work will naturally be carried on by the new organization. These clubs are composed exclusively of men, but there was recently formed in Duluth a woman's association which has in view work along the line of civic improvement. In this connection it is interesting to note what leagues with similar objects in view are doing in other cities.

There is a Woman's Civic Improvement league in St. Paul that has accomplished much during its short period of existence. It defines itself as "an organization of women who do things." One of its recent little yet not unimportant jobs was the preparation of a 1902 calendar, in pamphlet form, that is certainly unique, interesting and suggestive. It includes a program devoted to the club's study of "the Arts and Crafts," with considerable attention to the methods and purposes of the Artful and Crafty. According to the "creed" of this club, it believes in "manual training, children's playgrounds, less smoke, more money for parks, preservation of forests, an eight-hour day for everybody but ourselves—we work fourteen"—and many other things that are mentioned. It believes that not all public officials are rascals, but many of them are all right; only need, perhaps, to know what the people want and how much they want it. "We believe," it concludes, "in our town, in its future and its present. We believe in ourselves."

This club has partly abated the smoke nuisance, proving that there are practical smoke consumers and preventers. It secured the passage of a law providing for the planting of trees and the cutting of grass on street lawns. Hundreds of feet of vacant property which had been an eyesore were put in clean and orderly condition through the organized efforts of the women. In one ward the active co-operation of the school children was secured and a children's auxiliary was formed which christened itself the Junior Civic league.

The educational committee was active, providing a circulating library of 200 volumes, opening a reading room, and establishing a series of free weekly entertainments of high quality in a school in a foreign settlement on the river flats in West St. Paul. Several playgrounds were equipped and conducted under the league's supervision; it took action looking to a pure milk supply, and for two months waged a contest—finally successful—"from committee room to council chamber, and from council chamber to committee room," for a better system of garbage collection.

As precedent to this contest, the women carried on for five months a systematic campaign of weekly inspection and report in the business wards. These wards were divided into districts, and a woman inspector placed over each. At the league's request waste-paper boxes were placed at the street intersections in the business part of the city, and the league joined with other organizations in providing a series of valuable lectures on municipal life. It was also represented on the committee that framed the sanitary provisions of the revised city charter.

These are only specimens of the work carried on by the Women's Civic Improvement league in St. Paul, and what is being done there is being done in other cities, in a greater or less degree, by women "who do things," and are resolved to live in cleaner, purer surroundings and make not only their city better, healthier and happier, but to make the rising generation happier, healthier and wiser than the one that is so blunderingly performing now on the municipal stage of action. This recital of what others have done should be an inspiration to the members of the Women's Improvement league of Duluth.

FICTION IN LIBRARIES.

Current fiction, like a vaudeville performance, is good enough in its way, although it may have no lasting effect on the reader. The question of supplying the public with the popular novels is one which is causing a great deal of trouble to the librarians of the day. Some of them, including Herbert Putnam, advocate the application to fiction of Emerson's rule regarding books in general, and would place no new novels on the library shelves until a year after publication. Andrew Carnegie, at a reception given to him by the Authors' club of New York, endorsed this position, and suggested, further, that in taking account of the circulation of libraries for the estimates of their pro rata allowance of public support, no regard be taken of works of fiction less than three years old. The New York Tribune says that Mr. Putnam's position, as reinforced by Mr. Carnegie, invites the commendation of the judicious.

"Putting aside the question of the good or harm done by the indiscriminate devouring of the latest novels as they come in shoals from the press, the librarian takes the ground that the primary function of a public library is the instruction of the public (the term including the forming of its taste), and that for mere amusement the reader should look elsewhere. The item of expense, too, is not to be disregarded. If the demands for the books of the moment are to be met with anything approaching promptness, the librarian in a large city must purchase from ten to twenty copies of each popular success, to find most of them junk at the end of the year; whereas the money thus spent might have been invested in standard works or new books of acknowledged value, which would have been a permanent addition to the library."

It is, however, generally conceded that it is the duty of the public library to entertain as well as instruct. While it may be admitted that a large proportion of the works of the day have no particular literary merit, nor have they an educational value, they still have a purpose. They serve to entertain. They are not harmful, and the argument that the time of the readers could be spent to better advantage is useless, for the simple reason that it would not. It takes all classes of people to make the world, and it is the duty of a public institution to cater to all as far as possible.

THE CENSUS BUREAU.

The president has signed the act creating a permanent census bureau, and the members of the present staff of the census director are consequently happy, for by the provisions of the law they are eligible to appointment to the permanent bureau and all the rights of the civil service system without any study or examination of any consequence. On the face of the bill the director of the census seems to be left to exercise his own discretion as to whom he shall appoint from his present temporary force, under the direction of the secretary of the interior.

Of course, if a permanent census act had been passed without any civil service provision, the president would have had his choice between ordering the director of the permanent census bureau to select his employes from the registers of the civil service commission, and permitting him to reappoint any or all of his present employes and then extending the civil service rules to cover the reorganized office. It is more than probable that he would have chosen the former course, as the employes now in the census office have had their drill at census work, which would save the trouble of breaking in a multitude of new people. The only thing, therefore, which need give any alarm to civil service reformers is the danger that the director of the census may retain on his permanent roll a great many persons with no claim to consideration except their congressional influence, with the purpose not of keeping them in the census office for good, but of making them eligible to transfer to other departments and bureaus.

Although the appointing power is vested in the director of the census, subject to the approval of the secretary of the interior, he is not required but only authorized to appoint the employes of the twelfth census to positions in the permanent census office, bringing them by that act within the classified service. This is about as liberal a provision as could have been made in any event, as long as the subject was going to be touched at all. From the time of the passage of the act of 1883 the classification of employes has been by large batches—the president, by executive order, extending the civil service rules over all the employes of a department or bureau already in operation. The only difference between this case and that of the railway mail service, for example, is that the classification of the railway mail service was made as the president's single act, under the authority of a general law and on his own initiative, while the classification of the permanent census office is made by congress through a special law which leaves the hands of the appointing officer ostensibly untied.

It is not believed that Director Merriam will abuse his powers, but will select those from his present force who are qualified by experience for future work in the department.

SECOND-CLASS MAIL.

The opposition which certain publishers have manifested to the efforts of the postoffice department to confine second-class mail matter strictly to legitimate publications has recently shown itself even more conspicuously, and it has evidently made itself prominent with the faint hope that President Roosevelt may be persuaded to change his attitude regarding the need of reforming abuses in the management of second-class postal matter. The opponents of this reform argue that if the president changed his attitude, the postoffice department would abandon the work of carrying out the reforms which have begun.

It appears, however, that President Roosevelt and Mr. Payne, the new postmaster general, are in thorough sympathy with the work of reform which was begun so well under Postmaster General Smith in the important matter of abuses in the second-class mail service. No array of imaginary grievances, however skilfully marshaled and set forth, can deceive intelligent and observant men, or advance the interests of a cause which manifestly is opposed alike to the principles of justice and fair play. One can readily understand the strenuous objection being offered by the publisher of a sheet, obviously designed and issued primarily for advertising purposes, to the postmaster general's ruling that such a publication ought to be excluded from second-class privileges. Even though the attorney general of the United States authorized this decision it does not seem "good law" in the eyes of the interested publisher. But how does it appear in the view of the general public, upon whose shoulders the weighty burden of providing for all "useless needs" in and out of the postoffice department must surely fall?

Since it is the government that grants the second-class privilege, it certainly is not grossly unfair that the government itself should decide the question whether or not an applicant for its privileges is fairly entitled to profit thereby. It can scarcely be maintained by the candid opponent of the policy adopted by the postoffice department that any legitimate publication whatever has been "held up" by orders from Washington. Half truths of the kind which have been characterized as illustrating the worst of falsehoods have been told, and still are being told, in the hope that the existing rules which bar the way to spoliation of the postoffice department may be broken down. Whatever errors, if any, may have been made in the details of carrying out our laws governing second-class matter, there is neither rhyme, reason nor business sense in a plan of campaign which can benefit only catch-penny publications claiming absurdly large circulations on the basis of "sample lists," and work only in favor of the schemes of men who seek to do away with every distinction in the mail carrying service between periodical publications and "libraries" masquerading as periodicals. No protest against the new regulations has been made by the publisher of any legitimate publication actually entitled to second-class mail privileges.

When ex-Governor Hogg of Texas, now an oil millionaire, who is in London, was informed that in order to attend a royal reception and be permitted to shake hands with King Edward, he would have to wear knee breeches with buckles and a lot of other court regalia, he promptly declined to go, saying that if the king could not receive him in ordinary evening dress, such as is worn by American gentlemen on the best of occasions, he would not attend the reception. Good for Hogg. He is a thorough American.

An Eastern physician declares against vaccination because one of his patients who had been vaccinated, caught the smallpox. Whereat the Kansas City World observes: "That's nothing. Even baptism fails to 'take' on some people, but that is no argument against joining the church." But the church is not always a the church is not always a preventative preventive against sin.

Governor Van Sant has appealed to the legislature to ask congress for an amendment to the judiciary act permitting a state to start suit in the federal court in cases similar to the so-called railroad merger. But this will not help the governor in the Northern Securities case. He is effectualy stopped in that case by the decision of the United States supreme court.

On page 2 of the second section of The Herald today will be found a special article by F. W. Fitzpatrick, of the treasury department at Washington, formerly a resident of Duluth, on "Our Bread Supply." That statistics can be invested with great interest is again illustrated by the skill with which Mr. Fitzpatrick has arranged his facts and figures. The article will repay perusal.

The New York Evening Post relates that at the "captains of industry" luncheon to Prince Henry one of the hosts asked the conventional question: "How do you like America?" The prince, in a burst of sailor-like confidence, replied: "Oh, I'm having the time of my life. I don't count for much over there, you know. They only use me to send to funerals."

A naval officer says his rheumatism was cured by the explosion on the Maine. Did this statement influence the Spanish claims commission in rejecting the claims of those who were injured by the explosion?

Senator Gallinger of New Hampshire sent to the congressional library the other day for a Bible. One of the oldest employes of the library says that this was the second time in forty-two years that such a request had been made by a senator or representative. Perhaps most of the legislators know the Bible by heart.

Mr. Hay has been mentioned by the Washington Post and the New York Sun as the most fit man to write the biography of Mr. McKinley, together with a history of his times. Mr. Hay was one of the biographers of Abraham Lincoln.

The Indianapolis News asks: If the committee on ways and means is so eager to relieve burdens, why does not it support Congressman Babcock's proposition which would grant relief in a way that would be most gratefully accepted?

The Kansas City Star thinks that what the Mothers' congress needs most of all is a competent committee on credentials. It does look odd to see so many misses participating in a Mothers' congress.

And now it is thought the Minnesota legislature will bring the extra session to a close next Tuesday. That will be at least one thing on which the house and senate will have agreed.

Unfortunately for Mr. Crumpacker's scheme to reduce representation from the South, the constitution bases the apportionment on population and not on the number of votes cast.

President Roosevelt may yet find it necessary to send a message to congress on the Cuban question and make congress ashamed of itself.

With the addition of the Danish West Indies, the territory of the United States will lack one degree of reaching half around the world.

No successor has yet been chosen for Secretary Long, and yet the navy department is sadly in need of a new head.

The Washington Post observes that no man can edit a newspaper and a postoffice at the same time and be unprejudiced.

Rear Admiral Evans reached the top round of popularity in Chicago. The crowd there called him "Bob."

Have you noticed that Chauncey Depew has been doing very little talking since his marriage last Christmas?

Did Maj. Micah Jenkins of South Carolina finally get that sword or not?

DOMESTIC PLEASANTRIES.

Somerville Journal: If the man with marriageable daughters is kind-hearted, he will refrain from wearing pointed shoes.

The Smart Set: "I noticed a large crowd gathered in front of your house this morning, Worritt; what was the matter?"
"I was discharging the cook."

Detroit Free Press: Helen—Delia wouldn't listen to anything but classical music for the world.
Judy—No; but look at the rag-time hat she wears!

Boston Transcript: She—Yes, you say you love me; but can I trust you?
He—I don't see why not. Everybody else has to who does business with me.

Judge: Jasper—Mrs. Rocksby seems to have married happily.
Jumpuppe—Yes, but that is because she is so clever. She has made her home so clublike that her husband never leaves it.

Philadelphia Press: "Well," said the girl's father, sternly, after the timid suitor had finally stated his case, "do you think you could support a family, young man?"
"Gee whizz!" exclaimed the young man, "have you lost your job?"

Somerville Journal: Aunt Maria—You should love your neighbor as yourself.
Tom—I love her better than I do myself.

Judge: Patient—So this is your bill; Medicine, $5; fifty visits, $300.
Doctor—Exactly.
Patient—Well, I'll pay for the medicine and return the visits.

Chicago Tribune: "Haven't you any occupation?" asked the woman at the kitchen door, after listening to his tale of woe.
"Yes, ma'am," responded Tuffold Knutt. "I'm a hunter."
"A hunter? Of what?"
"Grub, ma'am."

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Is it a tonic?" inquired the prince as he curiously regarded his first Manhattan coctail.
"Yes, but not Teutonic," replied the smiling entertainer.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Did she hold out any encouragement?"
"She said she'd take my offer under advisement, and drop me a line as soon as she was convinced it was the best she could do."

THE OPEN HEART.

Would you understand
The language with no word,
The speech of brook and bird,
Of waves along the sand?

Would you make your own
The meaning of the leaves,
The song the silence weaves,
Where little winds make moan?

Would you know how sweet
The falling of the rill,
The calling of the hill—
All tunes the day repeat?

Neither alms nor art,
No toil, can help you hear;
The secret of the ear
Is in the open heart.
—JOHN VANCE CHENEY, in Century.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Falling in love is inspiration; staying there is habit.
The witty man is never the wise man; the wise man is never the happy man.
When a man says he is ruined it always means money; when it is a woman—well, she never says it.
There is one road to heaven, which is never overcrowded; there are 40,000 to perdition, and all have rapid transit problems.

HEARD IN THE LULL.

Washington dispatch to New York World: Within the last two weeks Washington has had half a dozen big gatherings of women who have talked about reforming everything from the suffrage restriction to the way to dress a baby. Learned papers have been read and fervid speeches delivered. Women, however, remains eternally feminine.

At a meeting of one of the most strenuous organizations, the National Council of Women, a debate on some big topic was raging. Suddenly the gavel of the presiding officer fell. There was an instant hush. Then in the middle seats in the center aisle was heard:

"The pattern says you need three yards and seven-eighths, but I made it with three yards and a quarter."

The speaker was Mrs. Helen Adelaide Shaw, of Boston, the daughter of Agassiz, the great naturalist. She was talking to Mrs. Elizabeth B. Grannis, of New York, the social reformer.

A Ridiculous Business.

Bemidji, Pioneer (Rep.): The fact of the matter is, the governor of Minnesota has made a donkey of the Republican party of the state; has done so with his eyes wide open; has openly employed the attorney of one railroad corporation to fight the battle of the state against another railroad, and been licked ridiculously in the highest court in the land; and has now begged the attorney general of the United States to save his bacon by making himself ridiculous also—for there can be but one ridiculous result to the whole ridiculous business of trying to stem the flood of American growth by wild and indefinite and senseless cries against "big" things.

Rainy Day Skirt Prevents Much Disease.

By Mrs. A. M. PALMER, President of the Woman's Rainy Day Club of America.

English women have still to learn the value of the rainy-day skirt. They have smoking rooms in their clubs, where the members sit and smoke cigarettes openly in a way that would rather astonish most American club members and not altogether please them, but the English women still cling to trailing gowns that gather disease germs in the streets to be diffused later on in the atmosphere of their homes.

My object in going to England recently was to note the progress made by English women in the use of healthful garments for street wear. I find that all our work over there is cut out for us. English women, unlike those of America, are slow to see the need of a new departure in dress. They travel in well-worn grooves.

In Paris they are much the same as concerns their street dresses. They all sweep the sidewalks and gather dust and germs. The dresses are hung up in their homes, and the germs float off in the air.

In some of the stores in London where women's dress fabrics are sold and made up I tried to obtain a dress cut on the rainy-day pattern. I found it impossible. They simply were not making dresses in that way. I made it a point to wear my own street costume with a skirt only to the boot tops to see if it would be regarded as strange. It attracted little attention even in the most public places. In the stores it was admitted to be a most sensible costume for the street, especially on rainy days.

Here the rainy day skirt is making rapid progress. We do not, remember, advocate a bicycle skirt, but one that comes to the boot tops, made (for rainy days) of waterproof, with a neat fitting jacket of the same material. If this costume could be introduced so that rich and poor would wear it, I feel sure that much disease would be prevented.

America Is In Line With England and Japan.

By United States Senator SHELBY M. CULLOM, Chairman of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations.

The alliance between England and Japan to protect the territorial integrity of China and Korea I regard as a formal adoption of the policy of the United States in connection with the Eastern question.

It is right in line with the policy of the United States set forth in the Hay note to the powers of June 3, 1900, in which the position of the United States was fairly, frankly and firmly set forth.ETAINO SHRDLU CMFWYP VBGK

While we are not permitted under our form of government to form alliances of this kind with foreign powers, we are permitted to announce our declaration of principles on questions as they arise. If other powers see the wisdom of adopting our suggestions and carry out the European custom of forming alliances of offense and defense, that is not our affair. In the present instance fears have been entertained that certain powers were looking with lustful eyes upon certain territory in the far East. Such a taking over of territory might be injurious to American interests, commercial and otherwise. At an opportune moment our secretary of state saw the wisdom of taking a firm stand in behalf of American interests without violating any of the fixed principles of diplomatic intercourse, and at the same time maintaining a dignified neutrality.

The attitude assumed by the United States was right and proper, as subsequent events demonstrated, and, now, as a further vindication of our contention, England and Japan have formed a friendly alliance to prevent the division of China by designing powers. We do not propose to interfere or become involved in a foreign war, but we reserve the right to assert our rights and see that our interests are protected.

Our Navy Useless Because We Feed the World

By ANDREW CARNEGIE.

The great navy we are building is perfectly useless. No nation on earth would ever move against this country, even if it declared war against us.

It is a great matter for this country to feed the world. Any European nation in arms against this country would starve before it got through. In less than three weeks the people of that nation—Great Britain or Germany—would be starving, and they would compel peace.

This republic is impregnable against the world! I once said to Mr. Gladstone, in discussing the possibilities of war between England and the United States, at the time of the Venezuelan dispute, that America feared no war or declaration of war, for she held the world at her mercy.

"You admit," I said, "that you have no army that you could put in the field in America?"

"Certainly; but we would send a fleet to blockade your ports."

"Before you did that," I replied, "we would ourselves blackade them. The president would issue an edict of non-exportation, and where would England be then?"

Let our exports of foodstuffs be reduced by only 10 per cent and prices in Europe would double; while reduce them 50 per cent and the starving people of the nation that had made war with the United States would quickly force peace upon their government.

Try the Golden Rule In Everyday Life

By Rev. CHARLES M. SHELDON, Author of "In His Steps."

If the Golden Rule were to be applied at once by a great many corporations or firms or individuals, the immediate result would no doubt be a vast loss financially, or at least a vast change to methods so diametrically opposed to the present methods that a crisis of some kind would follow; but the Golden Rule would work just the same, and in the readjustment of conduct on that basis the ultimate result would be more money, more power, more real success than the world has ever known.

Will the Golden Rule work in daily life? It certainly will, and all that is necessary to prove it is that we put it to work without waiting for anyone else, without waiting for the millenium to come first.

The Golden Rule is not applied to the Sunday traffic of the railroads, and the Christian men in our churches, who are stockholders, directors and officers have a Christian duty to perform toward their brothers who are engaged in the work of the road which brings them revenue.

The ministry of this country has not done its duty unless it has presented to men in the churches who have authority and influence the opportunities for putting Christianity into the great corporate life of the industrial world.

Work among the children in the Sunday schools is foundation work in this direction. The average minister would say probably that not one man in a hundred in his congregation would put the Golden Rule literally to the test in every detail. Then the real hope of Christ's rule in daily life for the future resides in our children.

It is easier to mold plastic clay than to make a dent on the hardened rock.

The pastor ought to gather together the children in his Sunday school or the young people in his young people's societies for definite catechetical instruction on the stewardship of life. This is sowing seed. Somebody will reap the harvest of it.

It would pay any preacher to gather statistics in the social world which go to show that love does pay in business; that the Golden Rule, applied in its most literal construction, brings in satisfactory results in the long run.

The world needs to be taught that selfishness does not result in success. It needs to be taught that love literally and lavishly employed in business, politics, society, education, journalism—everything—pays an individual, a community or a nation more than the exercise of any kind of selfishness.

Militarism Versus Commercialism

By W. BOURKE COCKRAN.

This nation has been a world power—a world power of surpassing value to the civilization of the world. It has assumed the primacy of civilization because from the very hour of its birth it has been devoted unswervingly to justice.

I believe that this country is commercial, that this is a commercial age, that commercialism is predominant; but far from regretting, I glory in it.

The object of every war that was ever waged, at least in the old world, was plunder—that is to say, profit. Vanquished countries are despoiled more scientifically, but more successfully, by tribute. Militarism is the pursuit of profit by plunder; commercialism is the pursuit of profit by industry. No fortune, however great, but was produced by peaceful pursuits. America has given a shining lesson to all the world for the benefit of all ages. It has taught that the pathway to advantage is through honesty and justice and not through violence and plunder.

IN SOCIAL CIRCLES

The members of the Matinee Musicale consider themselves very fortunate in having secured Madame Hermann Scheffer, of St. Paul, to give an artist's recital here next Thursday afternoon at 4 o'clock at Pilgrim Congregational church. Madame Scheffer is a pupil of the famous Liszt, one of the few that can be found in the country. As she is seldom heard in concert, the members of the Matinee Musicale are looking forward to hearing her with much interest. The program is as follows:

Beethoven—"Sonata," opus 57.
Schumann—"Nachstuneck," in F major.
Schuman—"Bird as Prophet," from "Forest Scenes."
Kudak—"Mich Fliehen alle Freunden."
Mendelssohn-Liszt—Wedding March and "Dance of the Elves," from "Midsummer Night's Dream."
Chopin—Prelude, op. 28, No. 1.
Prelude, op. 28, No. 21.
Nocturne, op. 62, No. 2.
Chopin-Liszt—"Maiden's Wish."
Chopin-Joesffy—Waltz in D flat.
Chopin—Scherzo, op. 20.
Polonaise, op. 53.
Liszt—Etude in D flat.
"Liebestraum."
"Rhapsodie Hungroise," No. 12.

* * *

Mrs. T. W. Hoopes and Mrs. D. W. Stocking have gone to Cuthbert, Ga., where they will be joined about April 15 by T. W. Hoopes and proceed to Little Rock, Ark. They will be away until June.

* * *

Miss Murray, of 1632 East First street, has gone to New York.

* * *

The program for the next Matinee Musicale, which will be held at 4 o'clock Monday afternoon, has been arranged by Mrs. McLean and Mrs. George Herbert Jones. The topic will be "The Beginning of the Romantic School of Musicians." The program is as follows:

Paper ..... Mrs. McLean.
Ries—"Romance in G" ..... Oliver Colbentsen.
Bellini—Recitation and aria from "La Somnambula" ..... Mrs. A. C. Le Richeux.
Schubert—"Impromptu, No. 1" ..... Miss Josephine Carey.
Thomas—Aria—"Dost Thou Know that Sweet Land?" from "Mignon." ..... Miss Alice Field.
Schubert—"The Earl King" .....
(a) Reading ..... Mrs. Goggie.
(b) Piano solo ..... Mrs. D. H. Day.
Beelisy—Piano quartet .....
Chorus of soldiers and song of students (from Damnation of Faust.
Miss Simonds, Miss Smith, Mrs. Pearson, Miss Crowley.

* * *

Next Saturday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock the following program will be given on "English Art in Landscape," under the leadership of Mrs. O. H. Simonds:

"It is the end of art to inoculate men with the love of nature"..
"The Norwich school—Historic painters" ..... Mrs. H. C. Harding.
"Life and Letters of John Constable" ..... Mrs. Henry S. Ely.
"John Constable as a Landscape Painter" ..... Mrs. Currie.
"John Mallord William Turner—three distinct styles" ..... Mrs. W. S. How.
"The Nature Sense" since the Renaissance — eighteenth century ..... Mrs. Robert Morris Seymour.

The study of "The Nature Sense" during the winter under the direction of Mrs. Seymore has been delightful and inspiring to all the members of her class. The members of the art committee of the Saturday club consider themselves fortunate in securing Mrs. Seymore for the art afternoons. Under an arrangement which has been made those persons not members of the club can attend the sessions and have the pleasure of listening to the program and hearing Mrs. Seymore on this subject.

* * *

Miss Clara Hector will be the soloist at the concert to be given tomorrow afternoon at the Armory. Director Phaten is arranging a "request" concert, according to his annual custom, and asks that requests for numbers be sent to him by March 13.

* * *

The Twentieth Century club program for this week is as follows:

Monday, at 10 a. m., meeting of executive board.
Tuesday, at 10 a. m., class in child study.
Tuesday, at 2:30 o'clock, travel class.
Tuesday, at 8 p. m., physical culture class, at Sixth Avenue theater.
Thursday, at 10 a. m., Shakespeare class.
Thursday, at 8 p. m., literature class, 322 East Third street.

The class in child study will meet on Tuesday, at 10 o'clock, with Mrs. W. S. Bishop as leader. Anyone interested is privileged to attend.

The Tuesday travel class will spend the afternoon in China. Several papers will be read and a general talk will follow. Dr. S. P. Long will close the program of the day with a talk on "The Women of the Orient." All club members and others interested may attend.

India will be the next country visited when, in addition to the papers prepared by the members, a talk will be given by Dr. W. G. Goff, who has traveled extensively through the country. This program will be given on the 18th of March.

A change in date has been made for the meetings of the physical culture class at the gymnasium of the Sixth Avenue theater. This class will hereafter meet on Tuesday night instead of on Wednesday night.

The morning Shakespeare class will meet on Thursday at 10 a. m. The second and third acts of "Mid-summer Night's Dream" will be studied, with Mrs. R. P. Boyington as leader.

The regular monthly social and reunion of the Twentieth Century club was held on Monday night, with a large attendance of members and friends. The program as arranged by the social and entertainment committee was specially enjoyable. As previously announced, each guest was expected to come representing the title of a book. Almost the entire membership responded to the request, presenting many very ingenious as well as amusing suggestions. The prize for the most ingenious representation was awarded to Mrs. Pruden, with Mrs. Currie as a second, while the gift to the one guessing the gretest number was awarded to Mrs. H. L. Shepard.

By request, Mrs. H. C. Marshall read the paper prepared, and read by her at the mid-winter meeting of the S. F. of W. C., which was received with great interest and pleasure. One of the pleasures of the evening was the dainty and delicious refreshments served by the members of the social committee, with Mrs. N. F. Hugo presiding at the beautifully arranged table.

Wednesday afternoon Henry F. Greene spoke before the women of the literature class on Pitt, Sheridan and Fox. Mr. Green presented the life and characteristics of these three men in a most entertaining as well as instructive manner, and was listened to with the greatest of interest.

The talk by S. P. Long on "The Women of the Orient" will be at 4:00 o'clock, on Tuesday.

Books of reference for the travel class in India are:

"Encyclopedia of India."
"In the Himalayas on the Indian Plain," by Gordon Cumming.
"Two Happy Years in Ceylon," by Gordon Cummings.
"Vice Regal Life in India," by Dufferin.
"Modern Hinduism," by W. J. Wilkens.
"India Revisited," by Edwin Arnold.
"Modern India and the Indians," by Williams.
"India and Her Neighbors," by Andrews.
"Indian Polity," by Chesney.
"History of Civilization in Ancient India," by Dutt.
"Forty Years in India," by Lord Roberts.
"The Princes of India," by Sullivan.
"The Religions of India," by Barth.
"The History of Indian Literature," by Albrecht Weber.
"The Poetry of the Orient," by W. R. Alger.
"Handbook of Architecture of All Ages and Countries," by Ferguson.
"Buddhistic Architecture and Sculpture," by Vlett.
"Indian Poetry," by Edwin Arnold.

* * *

Mrs. B. Silberstein and Mrs. A. Bondy, who have been at the Hotel Victoria, New York, for the past month, left there today for Syracuse, and after a visit there, will proceed to Detroit, returning here late in April.

* * *

Last Monday Miss Emma Hice, of Marquette, and Edward B. Sutton, of Duluth, were married at the home of the bride. It was a very pretty home wedding. Mrs. Sutton is a sister of Mrs. F. L. Buell and a niece of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Sellwood, of Duluth. Mr. and Mrs. Sutton will be at home at 6 East Fifth street after April 1. Mr. Sutton is agent in Duluth for the Lehigh Valley road and Traders' Dispatch line.

* * *

Miss Marie Thayer celebrated her 13th birthday anniversary at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. N. B. Thayer, Saturday afternoon, from 2 to 6 o'clock. Games were played, after which refreshments were served. Miss Thayer received a number of gifts. Those present were:

Misses—	
Ruth Taylor,	Lela Farrell.
Mary Lydon,	Mabel Rich,
Ruth Twohy,	Margaret McArthur,
Irene Johnson,	
Alice Kane,	Ante Holm,
Alice Fling,	Anna McArthur,
Edna Munsey,	Nina Houser,
Julie Brennan,	Margaret Haley,
Lizzie Sullivan,	Edna Carroll,
Zoe Austin,	Gertrude Chester,
Belle Falconer,	Frances Chester.
Jessie Johnson,	

* * *

The Lester Park Literary club will meet Tuesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. D. H. Williams. The topic for the day will be "Latin Literature." Leader, Mrs. W. S. Albertson.

* * *

In a letter to Ernest Lachmund, Miss Belle Jacques states that she recently played Mr. Lachmund's compositions at a recital in Boston, and that they met with such favor that she will play them again in May. Miss Jacques is studying with Carl Faelten and is making excellent progress. She will return to Duluth this summer, and writes that she is looking forward to again taking up her piano studies with Mr. Lachmund.

* * *

Mrs. Thomas Kelly, of Minneapolis, is the guest of friends here.

* * *

Miss Emma Boxell, of St. Paul, is visiting friends in this city.

* * *

Mrs. Clara G. Inglis, who recently underwent an operation at St. Mary's hospital, has sufficiently recovered to be removed to the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Boyden, 524 East Third street.

* * *

Mrs. George H. Tletz entertained Thursday evening for Miss May Brown, of St. Paul. The house was handsomely decorated with roses and ferns, and the evening was passed with music and in dancing.

* * *

J. H. Conway left Thursday for Gloversville, N. Y., where he was called by the serious illness of his mother.

* * *

William Park, of Fargo, N. D., formerly superintendent of schools at Virginia, is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Park, of West Duluth.

* * *

Mrs. C. D. Thompson is visiting in St. Paul a few days.

* * *

Mrs. David Cone has returned from a two weeks' visit in St. Paul.

* * *

Miss Maude McLaughlin has returned from New Orleans.

* * *

A number of the pupils of Gerard Tonning, assisted by Miss Ella Mason, soprano, and Miss Antoinette West, contralto, will give a recital at Grace M. E. church, Twenty-second avenue west and Third street, next Friday evening. The program is as follows:

Duet—"Quick March" ..... D. Krug
Marguerite Clark and Barbara McKenzie
"At Sunset" ..... Reinecke
Rudolf Freimuth.
"Tender Flower" ..... Egghard
Frances Berg.
"Happy Farmer" ..... Schumann
Olive Johnson.
Soprano solo—"Sweet Mignonette" .....
..... De Koven
Miss Ella Mason.
"The Merry Mill" ..... Heins
Arthur Lemoigne.
"Romance" ..... Rummel
Dagny Henriksen.
"Dance of the Elves" ..... Grieg
Agnes Moe.
"On Fragrant Meadows" ..... Merkel
Mina Smith.
Contralto sole—"Still As the Night" .....
..... Böhm
Miss Antoinette West.
"The Merry Month of May" .... Merkel
Eva Lemoigne.
"Evening Star" .....Wagner-Liszt
Gertrude Schiller.
"The Mill" ..... Jensen
Miss Anna Arensen.
Vocal duets ..... Mendelssohn
a. "I Would That My Love" .....
b. "My Bark Is Bounding" .....
Miss Ella Mason and Miss Antoinette West.
"Pendant la Valse" .....Theo Lack
Miss Lillian Mallough.
"Murmuring Zephyrs" ...Jensen-Nieman
Miss Elizabeth Morton.

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A household help. Saves time and Silver.

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How many selections are included by all who use it—more than twenty-five?
Do all play well enough to entertain musical people?
You and every one in the family can play

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Cor. Superior St. and Lake Ave.
Open Saturday Evenings.

"Valse in A Flat" ..... Chopin
David Frelmuth.
Piano duet—"Gallarello" ..... Leybach
David Freimuth and Alfred Moe.

* * *

Mrs. J. H. Upham and Mrs. T. J. C. Fagg have returned from a trip in the South.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. William F. Draper and daughter left Wednesday for Spokane, Wash., where they will make their home.

* * *

Mrs. A. D. Thomson was a visitor in St. Paul this week.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Smith left Tuesday for Salem, Ore.

* * *

President F. E. House of the Duluth & Iron Range road returned this week. His family will remain at the Pacific coast for some time.

* * *

Dr. T. H. Cleland left this week for a trip through the South.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Agnew left this week for a two-weeks' visit in New York city.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Clark left Monday for the East. Mrs. Clark will take a trip abroad before returning to Duluth.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Marcy and Mrs. E. C. Butler, of Seventeenth avenue east, left Saturday for Mauston, Wis., where a family reunion took place this week. Mrs. Marcey and Mrs. Butler, who are sisters, expected to meet two of their brothers from the South, that they have not seen for twenty-two years.

* * *

The Home Culture club met Tuesday evening at the home of Rev. A. C. Manson, in the United States block.

* * *

At high noon, Wednesday, a quiet and very pretty wedding took place at the home of Principal Charles A. Smith, of Hunter's Park. The bride was Miss Clara E. Allen, who had grown up in Mr. Smith's family at Princeton, Ill., and who was prominent in musical circles of that city, and the groom was Edward D. Harris, a prominent young business man of the same city.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. R. A. Montgomery, of the Glen Avon Presbyterian church, under a bower of green, decorated with scarlet geraniums. Misses Delia and Katherine Smith, little daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Smith, were the maids of honor, and were becomingly dressed in white mulle. The bride was gowned in pearl gray crepe de chine, trimmed with white lace and silk applique and carried a bunch of bride's roses.

A wedding dinner was served at the conclusion of the ceremony and the bridal couple left on the afternoon train for Chicago, where they will stay for a short time, and then proceed to Princeton, their future home. The only guests were the officiating clergyman and his wife, Mrs. Fanny R. Smith and daughter, Miss Lucy Smith, of Princeton, who have been spending the winter with Mr. and Mrs. Smith.

* * *

The Woman's alliance of the First Unitarian church will meet with Mrs. Barker, of 2426 East First street, Wednesday afternoon, March 12.

* * *

Company A enttertained Tuesday evening in honor of William Melby and C. H. Carhart, who recently returned from the Philippines. The entertainment started with an indoor baseball game between the veterans of the Spanish-American war, Company A and the team from the present company. The game was followed by an informal dancing party.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. John H. La Vaque have removed from 1131 East First street to 1430 East First street.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. George Ring, of St. Paul, are visiting Mrs. M. A. Reany, of the Lafayette flats.

* * *

The marriage of Miss Agnes Cecilia Lindberg and August Thure Linden took place Monday evening at 218 East Fifth street. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Albert Johanson. Miss Agnes Lindberg, sister of the bride, was the bridesmaid, and Algot Anderson acted as best man. The bride carried roses and wore a gown of gray silk.

* * *

Mrs. Eugenie Lambert is visiting in the East.

* * *

Miss Lillian Collier has returned from a several months' visit in the East.

* * *

Mrs. J. M. Smith left this week for a visit in Detroit, Mich.

* * *

Dr. Frank Lyman left the first part of the week for a trip to Boston and Bar Harbor.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Totman have gone to their old home in Fairfield, Me., for a visit. They will also spend a little time at other Eastern points.

* * *

J. W. Reynolds left Tuesday for a trip through the South, which will include a visit at the Charleston, S. C., exposition.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Webber returned this week from Boston and will remain here for an indefinite period. They are guests of the Spalding.

* * *

Mrs. Della Maggard and William Miller were united in marriage Tuesday evening at the home of the bride, 528 East First street, Rev. S. P. Long officiating.

* * *

Wednesday afternoon Mrs. G. A. Klein entertained a thimble party of the Temple Aid society.

* * *

P. M. Shaw, Jr., left Saturday for an extended trip through Florida and the Southern states.

* * *

Mrs. M. Darrow is visiting in Chicago.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Comstock visited in Chicago this week.

* * *

North Star lodge No. 35, Knights of Pythias, held its regular March feast of P. B. B. C. B. B. S. Monday evening. A program was rendered.

* * *

Miss Martha Miller, of Cass Lake, Minn., and Alwind Babcock, of this city, were married Sunday morning at the home of the brides' parents, Rev. J. Brabner Smith, pastor of the Methodist church, performing the ceremony. Miss Helga Hanson acted as bridesmaid and Herschel Weir was best man. The ceremony was witnessed by only a few of the intimate friends. The bride is a prominent young society woman of Cass Lake and the groom is a telegraph operator on the Duluth board of trade.

* * *

Mrs. C. E. Thompson is visiting her former home in Ishpeming, Mich.

* * *

Alfred Jacques and Miss Lucy Jacques have been called to Geneseo, Ill., by the death of their father.

* * *

Mrs. H. C. Hanson was pleasantly surprised Saturday evening by a number of her friends, the event being in honor of her birthday. Those present were:

Messrs. and Mesdames—
P. Sorenson, Peterson,
Christianson, L. Hanson.
P. Hanson,
Misses—
R. Christianson, Ida Hanson,
Jennie Hanson, Mary Hanson.
Cora Sorenson,
Messrs.—
Matthew Sorenson James Sorenson,
C. Christianson, H. Hanson.

* * *

Arthur Oettel, of West Duluth, celebrated his twelfth anniversary Saturday. In the evening he was surprised by a number of his young friends, the party being arranged in honor of the event. The evening was passed with games and music. Those present were:

Misses—
Annie Peterson, Clara Oettel,
Sadie Peterson, Alfred Oettel,
Annie Berlin, Maud Munserch,
Ethel Bracelk, Selma Johnson,
Masters—
Alfred Oettel Harry Peterson,
George Highmark John Berlin,
John Manserch, Charles Zell.
William Oettel,

* * *

The West Duluth Ladies' Reading circle met Monday afternoon at the home of Mrs. C. R. Noyes, of Fifty-seventh avenue west. The circle is reading the Stoddard lectures and the subject for discussion was "Constantinople." About eight ladies were present. The next meeting will be held Tuesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Frank Bradley.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Neumann left Monday for their home in Eveleth after a visit with relatives here.

* * *

Edward H. Fillatrault, of St. Paul, has been visiting his parents in West Duluth this week.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Leonidas Merritt, of Forty-fifth avenue west and Oneota street, left Tuesday afternoon for an extended trip through the West and Southwest, for the benefit of Mrs. Merritts' health. They do not expect to come back to Duluth to make their home for about two years. Mr. Merritt will be here occasionally to look after his business interests. They will first visit Mr. Merritt's ranch in Nebraska. Rev. and Mrs. R. A. Saunderson have taken the Merritt home. Mr. Saunderson is pastor of the Oneota Methodist church.

* * *

W. E. Green, of Sault Ste. Marie, Canada, who has been visiting relatives in West Duluth for several weeks, has returned to his hime.

* * *

Mrs. Neil Darrah has gone to Fort Worth, Texas, to join her husband, who is permanently located there.

* * *

Mrs. Robert Herod, of Fifty-eighth avenue west, has been entertaining her mother, Mrs. Joseph Hinton, of Janesville, Wis.

* * *

Mrs. W. W. Walker, of Main street, is visiting friends in St. Paul.

* * *

George Davis, who has been on an extended business and pleasure trip in Sothern California, is expected back very shortly.

* * *

Miss Angie Gilley has returned from a visit at Biwabik.

* * *

Miss Ida Sears has returned from a two weeks' visit in Chicago.

* * *

Mrs. William Langslow has returned from a visit in St. Paul.

* * *

Mrs. P. Nelson has returned to her home in Two Harbors after a visit with West Duluth friends.

* * *

Mrs. Tony Leidinger, of 218 Fifty-sixth avenue west, entertained the St. Anthony society of the St. James church, Tuesday afternoon.

* * *

Mrs. J. Allyn Scott, of West Duluth, is receiving a visit from her sister, Mrs. Harry.

* * *

West Duluth council, No. 4, Modern Samaritans, will give a ladies' night on Monday evening, March 17. The entertainment will be open to the members and their families. A program will be rendered, followed by refreshments.

STICK TO IT

Until Coffee Hits You Hard.

It is about as well to advise people to stick to coffee until they get hit hard enough, so that they will never forget their experience, although it is rather unpleasant to have to look back to a half dozen years of invalidism, money and opportunity thrown away, which is really the terrible price paid for the weakest kind of a "mess of pottage."

A woman writes, and her letter is condensed to give the facts in a short space: "I was a coffee slave and stuck to it like a toper to his "cups," notwithstanding I had headaches every day, and frequently severe attacks of sick headaches; then I used more coffee to relieve the headaches, and this was well enough until the coffee stimulant wore off, then I would have sick spells. Finally my digestion was ruined, severe attacks of rheumatism began to appear, and ultimately the whole nervous system began to break down and I was fast becoming a wreck.

"At this time I was induced to quit coffee and take up Postum Food Coffee. This was half a year ago. The result has been most satisfactory. The rheumatism is gone entirely, blood is pure, nerves practically well and steady, digestion almost perfect, never have any more sick headaches and am gaining steadily in weight and strength." Name given by Postum company, Battle Creek, Mich.

AT THE HOTELS

The hotels are beginning to fill up again. They had become pretty well emptied as a result of the light arrivals of the week, though even this light business is far ahead of the normal business last winter.

* * *

Archie Phillips, the wilhoim deputy game warden, who is now talked of as a candidate for sheriff, came down from Tower last night, and is at the St. Louis. He went out early this morning, and it could not be ascertained definitely whether he is gunning for political game or not.

* * *

T. H. Larke came up from Minneapolis this morning. He is at the Spalding.

* * *

Mrs. T. E. Byrnes and Mrs. S. H. Knight, of Minneapolis, are guests at the McKay. Mrs. Byrne is the wife of "Tim" Byrnes, a former well known personage in politics.

* * *

J. R. Donohue, a well known business man at Grand Rapids, is at the St. Louis.

* * *

C. H. Richards, E. W. Fink, Minneapolis; H. A. Lolloy, Alexandria, Minn.; Frank Abraham, Chicago; D. W. Weiss, Milwaukee; J. H. LaRue, Louisville; C. W. Fortier, Chicago; Ralph A. Moses, Gloversville, N. Y.; C. H. Judson, Minneapolis, and H. A. Schulze, Philadelphia, are at the Spalding.

* * *

W. B. Hebard, Minneapolis; O. A. Wennberg, Wausau; J. G. Becker, Now York; W. G. Bissell, A. K. Taylor, J. G. Becker, Minneapolis; Mrs. W. P. Chinn, McKinley; Ella Kelloy, St. Paul, and E. S. Stafford, Bay Lake, Minn., are at the McKay.

* * *

M. H. Penyy, St. Paul; L. F. Chapman, Escanaba; W. P. Smith, Milwaukee; J. J. McDavitt, Ed Johnson, Minneapolis; William Colquist, Minneapolis; Bert Jameson, Chicago; John Reichert, Red Wing; S. E. Willis, and M. E. Stewart, ESt. Uaul, are at the St. Louis.

THIRTY DAYS.

Zenith Telephone Company Expects to Resume In That Time.

The Zenith telephone company is arranging its affairs with as great raptidity as is possible under the circumstances.

This morning a small switchboard was received from Minneapolis and will be immediately installed in the office of the company. All of the hotels and the larger business houses will be connected with it by this evening so that long distance service can be had with the Twin Cities, Carlton, Cloquet, and all of the long distance stations that were on the line before the fire which wrecked the local office. The board is a small one and will be used only for long distance service while the company is unable to do its regular local work.

Manager Kritzer, of the Zenith Telephone company, said this morning:

"We are putting forth our best efforts to get the system in running order again. I think now that we will be able to accomplish this in thirty days. As soon as we get the new switch board all we will have to do is to connect up our subscribers; the wires are all in. After the arrival of the new board it will be simply a matter of a day or two before we will be ready.

"Our insurance will not be adjusted until next week some time, but that will not delay the work any. Thirty days I think will see us in as good shape as before the fire."

As to the switch board which it has been proposed to get from Minneapolis—one used by the independent company there until its business became too great to be handled with it—Manager Kritzer said that no determination had been reached as yet as to whether it can be used.

TO CONFER WITH HILL.

Councellor Munn Expected In New York Soon.

New York, March 8.—M. D. Munn, senior counsel for the state of Minnesota in the proposed proceedings against the Northern Securities company, is expected to arrive shortly in this city for a conference with James J. Hill and the counsel of the corporations interested in regard to the status of the suit to be brought by Attorney General Knox against the Northern Securities company. It is understood that an effort will be made to reach an agreement whereby the argument of the case will be expedited.



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Shonert,
Hirschman,
Cottlow,

and very many other artists of highest reputation use the Everett exclusively, and endorse it unreservedly.

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If you give Nature a chance, she will make you all over again and make you right. All that is needed is the assistance rendered by Nature's own products, wisely intended and prepared for these very purposes.

In **Smith's Green Mountain Renovator** we have a combination of herbs and roots which have been shown to provide just the assistance that Nature needs in rebuilding the body. This isn't a theory, but a fact which has been fully proved by experience.

We urge you to try this medicine.

Vermont is the home of this medicine, and it was discovered many years ago by a celebrated Scotch physician visiting that State for his health. He found among the roots and herbs of Northern Vermont the ingredients of a medicine which he believed to be the ideal blood medicine. He was right, as thousands will testify.

"I have been troubled for 25 or 30 years with what some physicians pronounce Eczema and others Salt Rheum. It is at any rate a case of bad blood disorder and anything but pleasant—constantly itching. I have been treated in many different ways and tried almost everything that made any pretentions to cure blood diseases, and to no purpose, until through the advice of a friend I was prevailed upon to try SMITH'S GREEN MOUNTAIN RENOVATOR.

"Have used three bottles faithfully, according to directions, with wonderful effect—allaying the itching—though not yet entirely cured, am a long ways towards it, and have every reason to believe that I soon will be. In fact I am so much impressed with the curative powers of the medicine that I am ever ready to extol its merits."

(Signed) CHAS. E. MILLARD,
KEELER'S HOTEL, Albany, N. Y.

If you have any blood troubles or diseases or disturbances of the liver, stomach or kidneys; if you are in an enfeebled, broken down condition of continual lassitude; if you feel that life is no longer worth living, get yourself built over again by the use of **Smith's Green Mountain Renovator.**

Sick men ought to use it.
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IN MICHIGAN.

St. Mary's River Is Now Open Into Lake Huron.

Sault Ste. Marie—The tug River Queen, of Detour, opened navigation in St. Mary's river Thursday by making the first run of the season into Lake Huron. It reports no ice in sight. The river is clear to Detour to the Pickands-Mather dock and the ice above is moving out rapidly.

Hugh A. Matheson, who was convicted Tuesday of the murder of Peter Stone, of Eckerman, in January, was sentenced to eighteen years in Marquette prison. He will be taken to Marquette the first of next week.

News was received here last night of the death by accident of Martin Lynch, engaged in government work at Tuscaloosa, Ala. He worked on the construction of the Wietzel lock here and was superintendent of the ship canal during Cleveland's first administration and was well known among lake vesselmen. His family reside here.

Calumet—The Lake Linden Co-operative company has decided that the easiest way to overcome competition is by gaining control of its competitor. The stockholders recently decided to buy out the Paul Mercantile establishment. The company will increase its capital stock from $30,000 to $40,000, to enable it to make the purchase.

Escanaba—Eugene Goodbout has brought suit against the Institute of Jacques Cartier for the amount of a sick benefit. Goodbout had been sued by another party, the benefit garnished and paid. Now he brings suit against the society for the sum.

George Trudeau, unmarried, was killed by falling into gearing at the Escanaba woodenware plant Friday afternoon. His head and limbs were cut off.

Menominee—Michael Krik, an experienced creamery man and cheese manufacturer of Ozaukee county, Wis., is here perfecting the plans for a factory to be built at Birch Creek, four miles north of this city. A meeting of the farmers was held for the purpose of forming a stock company and the necessary papers were prepared this week and an organization effected. By selling stock to the farmers it is thought they will take a greater interest in the concern and its success will be more certain. The building will be made entirely of stone and inside of a year a creamery will be added. The plant will be ready by the middle of May.

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A SMALL ADVANCE

Wheat Started Lower, Recovered and Ruled Fairly Strong.

Trading In Futures Was Active on the Duluth Board.

Flax Ruled Strong Until Noon and Then Weakened.

Duluth Board of Trade, March 8.—The wheat market started at a slight decline this morning, but firmed up and advanced and ruled fairly strong. The cables showed a small advance, but were not as firm as had been expected. The chief factor in the market was the condition of the crops in the Southwest, and the continued absence of rain. The Australian shipments for the week were 896,000 bus, against 792,000 bus a year ago.

The Duluth market was fairly active and stronger. It opened ⅛c off at 70⅝c, sold at 70¾c at 9:50, at 70⅞c at 9:53, and then bulged to 70⅞c at 10:30. After that it fluctuated between 70⅝c and 70¾c, and closed at 70¾c, an advance of 1¼c. Chicago advanced ½c and Minneapolis ⅝c.

Receipts picked up somewhat today and cash sales were larger, aggregating 55,000 bus. An advance in cash wheat is expected in a few days, but at present it continues at 1½c under May for No. 1 northern, 4c under for No. 2 and 6c under for No. 3.

Flax was very dull but strong, until just at the close. The opening was ¼c off at $1.71¾, and it sold up to $1.72¾. The close was weaker at $1.71⅞, a decline of ¾c. Cash flax fell 1½c, and to arrive ½c. Corn advanced ½c and rye the same.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 319 cars, and at Chicago, 15, a total of 332, against 382 last week and 441 last year.

The Liverpool market closed at an advance of ⅛@¼d.

Primary receipts of wheat were 457,000 bus, last year, 216,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour were 234,000 bus.

Corn in Chicago advanced ⅛@¼c and oats ⅛c. Primary receipts of corn were 426,000 bus, last year, 611,000 bus. Shipments, 254,000 bus; last year, 373,000 bus. Clearances, 9200 bus.

Following are the closing prices on the Duluth board:

Wheat—Cash, 1 hard, 77¾c; 1 northern, 74¾c; 2 northern, 72¼c; 3 spring, 70¾c. To arrive—1 hard, 77¾c; 1 northern, 74¾c; May, 70¾c; July, 71¾c. Minneapolis: 1 northern, 73c; May, 71¾c; 2 northern, 69⅝c. Oats, 43c. Rye, 54½c. Barley, 49@53c. Flax, cash, $1.68; to arrive, $1.69; May, $1.71¾. Corn, 61¾c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 102; last year, 25; oats, 2; barley, 3; flax, 7. Receipts—Wheat, 98,263 bus; flax, 538 bus. Shipments—None.

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CASH SALES SATURDAY.

No. 1 hard wheat, 2 cars	$0.78
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	76
No. 1 northern, 12,000 bus	76
No. 1 northern, 1 car	75¼
No. 1 northern, 8 cars	75⅝
No. 1 northern, 2,000 bus	74⅝
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	74⅝
No. 2 northern, 7 cars	72⅝
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	⅞
No. 2 northern, 1 car	72
No. 2 northern, 4 cars	71⅞
No. 3 spring, 1 car	70⅝
No. 3 spring, 2 cars	70¾
No. 3 spring, 1 car	70½
No. spring, 1 car	70
No grade, 2 cars	69⅜
Barley, 2 cars	55
Flax, 1 car cash	1.70

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Grain Prices Were of the Weather Variety Again.

Chicago, March 8.—The markets were of the weather variety again today. May wheat opened ⅛c lower to unchanged at 77c to 77⅛c on firm cables and light Northwest receipts. The cables were not as firm as had been expected and some small early selling ensued. Commission houses had orders on both sides of the market. Early trade, however, was unchanged. As the day advanced purchasers were made on absence of any signs in the suffering Southwestern wheat fields. Traders were nervous over the possibilities of damage to crops and it was doubtful what the market would do. The influence exerted by weather conditions yesterday began to show an effect again and May advanced to 77½c. Local receipts were 13 cars, none of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 319 cars, making a total for the three points of 332 cars against 382 last week and 441 a year ago. Australian shipments for the week were 896,000 bus, against 392,000 bus the same week a year ago.

Bulling by prominent speculators on the Southwest weather and on an improved Northwestern cash situation sent May wheat to 78c. Liquidation later eased the price to 77c, but the close was firm, May 1c higher at 77¾c.

Though there was nothing conspicuous to the early corn trade and the weather was mild West, corn had a strong tone at the opening. May started a shade to ⅛@¼c up at 61⅛c to 62¼c on light receipts and higher cables. Some buying on the wheat bulge advanced prices and May sold to 62⅝@62¾c. Traders were still predicting very light receipts for some time to come. Receipts were only 99 cars.

May corn sold to 62½c, but eased on liquidation and closed only fairly firm, ⅛@¼c up at 62¼c.

Oats had little but a scalping market early. May was traded in fairly for a time and, after opening unchanged to ⅛c lower at 44¼c to 44⅜c, sold at 44⅝c on the corn strength. Receipts were 99 cars.

A weaker hog market induced some early selling in pork and provisions were lower all around. May pork opened 1½c down at $15.32½; May lard unchanged at $9.42½ and sold between that price and $9.40, and May ribs a shade lower at $8.37½.

Close: Wheat—March, 76¾c; May, 77¾c; July, 73⅛@¾c; September, 77½@78c. Corn—March, 60⅜c; May, 62¼c; July 61⅞@62c; September, 59⅝@60c; December, 49¼c. Oats—March, 43⅜c; May, 44⅝c; July, 35⅝c; September, 30⅜c. Pork—March, $15.10; May, $ 15.60; July, $15.47½. Lard—March, $9.27½; May, $9.40@9.42½; July, $9.50@9.52½; September, $9.62½. Ribs—March, $8.27½; May, $8.50; September, $8.60. Flax—Cash, Northwestern, $1.71; Southwestern, $1.68; May, $1.72. Rye—March, 57¼c; May, 58¼c; July, 58½c. Timothy—March, $6.60. Clover—March, $8.75. Barley—Cash, 58@63c.

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GRAIN GOSSIP.

Bradstreet reports total exports of wheat and flour from July 1 to date 184,258,000 bus. In the same period a year ago the total was 158,778,000 bus, an increase of 25,480,000 bus.

The exports of corn in the same period were 23,555,000 bus, against 136,111,000 bus in the same period last year, a decrease of 112,556,000 bus.

* * *

Harris, Gates & Co., Chicago—Our letter from Antwerp dated Feb 25 reads: "The situation for wheat in Germany and England is rather strong. The former must still buy a good deal of wheat and in spite of the decline was a willing buyer at Antwerp. The Danube is full of corn and is offering freely."

* * *

The weather map this morning shows no precipitation in the Southwest, in Kansas, Oklahoma or Texas. There are light showers in Missouri, good rains shown in Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Tennessee and Kentucky. It was cloudy in the extreme north at 7 a. m., part cloudy in the Dakotas, Minnesota, Nebraska, Iowa and Kansas. It was clear in Texas and Oklahoma. Temperatures are normal for March. The map is a favorable one, except as to the Southwest, no rain where the drouth has been complained of.

* * *

Australian wheat shipments the past week were 896,000 bus, compared with 960,000 bus the previous week, and 392,000 bus last year.

* * *

Rycroft, of Chicago—Liverpool cables that their market for wheat opened firm and higher but later eased off to realizing and closed unchanged from yesterday. Dry weather continues South and this with continued small receipts at primary points will keep the market firm.

* * *

N. H. Perrin, Chicago—Cables show no response to our strength. There is rain in Illinois, Missouri and Ohio valleys, none in Oklahoma and Kansas, but it is cloudy over entire Southwest. The market is likely to remain nervous and subject to quick changes as reports of rain or no rain come in. Buy on quick breaks. Corn acts weak and, I think, a sale on bulges.

* * *

Logan & Bryan, Chicago market letter: Wheat—Liverpool was unchanged. Paris 15c to 1½c; Antwerp, ⅝c higher. Indications are that the visible supply will show a decrease of possibly 1,000,000 bus Monday. Here, although, the cables were disappointing, the market opened steady, and afterwards gained strength and activity. The Southwest is still complaining of lack of rain and the area covered by unfavorable reports seems to be extended. The country buying so far is not large, but holders are, as a rule, firm and the local speculative buying today showed a decidedly better quality. Aside from the unfavorable crop reports, a small movement at primary markets, particularly in the Northwest is beginning to exert confidence to some extent. About the only bearish feature in the situation is the poor export demand. We think that weather and crop developments will be the controlling factors irrespective of immediate conditions of supply and demand. The market acts as if it was waking up after a long sleep and we are inclined to think that wheat should be bought on the weak spots.

Corn—Liverpool, ¼@⅜c higher. The market was very quiet. The gain in activity in wheat is at the expense of the general interest in corn and that market lags in consequence. While the receipts are small, the demand continues poor and the high price to a great extent extends the conditions. Trade is disposed to await the government report on Monday.

Oats—While there is some little improvement in the cash demand the market on the whole is dull and operations featureless.

* * *

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	70¾B	74	77⅛-¾	83⅞
High	70⅞	75	78	83⅞-¾
Low	70⅝B	74	77¼	82⅞
Close	70¾B	74⅝	77¾A	83⅝A
July—				
Open	70¾B	74¼-⅜	76½-⅝	83¼A
High	71⅜	76⅛	78⅝-½	83¾
Low	70⅜B	75	77½	83¼
Close	71¼B	75¾	78⅛-¼	83⅝B

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork May.
Open	44½@⅝	62¼@¼	$15.32
High	44⅝	62⅜-½	15.32
Low	44½	62⅛	15.25
Close	44⅜	62¼A	15.30

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, March 8.—Close, wheat, spot. No. 2 red Western winter steady, 6s 1d; No. 1 northern spring, firm, 6s 2d; No. 1 California, no stocks. Futures steady. March, 6s 8 1d; May, 6s 1½d. Corn, spot steady. American mixed new, 5s 1¾d; American mixed old, 5s 2¼d. Futures, inactive. March, 5s 1¾d; May, 5s 2¼d.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, May wheat, 74⅛c bid.
Calls, May wheat, 75¼c bid.
Curb, May wheat, 74⅜c bid.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, March 8.—Wheat—May, 83⅝c; July, 83½c. Corn—May, 67½c; July, 66¼c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, March 8.—Close: Wheat—Cash, 75¼c; May, 74⅜c; July, 75⅞c. On track—No. 1 hard, 77⅛c; No. 1 northern, 75½c; No. 2 northern, 73⅞c.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

Chicago, March 8.—There was a large and active trade in wheat today, and the market, after opening easier, because Liverpool cables came unchanged from yesterday, in spite of our higher close of last night, later in the day became firm and prices advanced ⅞c per bus from the low point on liberal buying by bulls as well as covering by shorts on continued dry weather throughout the Southwest, further bad crop reports and strong continental markets. The advance in Paris for two days has been equal to about 3c per bus. Some realizing toward the end of the session caused a slight set back, but the close was firm, ½c higher than yesterday. There was a good demand for cash wheat here by local millers, but the advance in the market checked export business. Broomhall, however, cables there is a good inquiry for wheat cargoes and parcels on the other side. The market has had a good advance and shorts have covered freely, but the future course depends entirely upon the weather in the Southwest. Estimated receipts for Monday, 30 cars.

There was a fair trade in corn today, and the market ruled firm within a range of ⅝c to 1c per bus and closed 1¢ higher than last night. There was no special feature to the market. The trade is evidently waiting for the government report on farm reserves which will be issued Monday evening. We cannot see but how it can fail to be very bullish, as the crop is exceedingly short and there was practically nothing carried over from the previous crop. Foreign markets were firm. Country offerings were very light, practically nothing, while there was a good demand both here and in the Southwest. We see nothing in the situation to change our opinion and still believe in much higher prices. Estimated receipts for Monday, 105 cars.

Oats ruled quiet all day within a narrow range, and with only a light trade. There was no special feature to the market, which closed ⅛c higher than last night. Country offerings were very light, while there was a somewhat better cash demand. Estimated receipts for Monday, 115 cars.

Provisions opened weak on more hogs than expected and sharp decline at the yards, ruled lower, but closed a trifle firmer on the close under absence of support by the leaders and packers sold freely. Strength was shown by the free buying of short stuff by the continent, and grain on spots kept a firm hand whatever. Looks as if the market would need support and aggressive buying to maintain even present prices. Estimated receipts for Monday, 46,000 hogs, 40,000 for next week, 190,000.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report that the bulk of arrivals today were consigned from various parts of Minnesota and constituted a high quality. They were readily sold, however, were the common grade horses for farm uses, with prices centering about $125 a head. The speculative trade improved actively and is almost up to that from the consumers' sources. Values:

Drafters, extra	$140@215
Drafters, choice	130@140
Drafters, common to good	115@130
Farm mares, extra	140@150
Farm mares, choice	110@120
Farm mares, common to good	80@110
Delivery horses	100@120

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, March 8.—Cattle, receipts, 200. Steady. Good to prime steers, $5.50@7.40; poor to medium, $4.00@6.30; stockers and feeders, $2.25@5.25; cows, $1.25@5.30; heifers, $2.50@5.50; canners, $1.25@2.25; bulls, $2.50@4.85; calves, $2.50@6.85. Texas fed steers, $4.00@5.95. Hogs, receipts today, 23,000. Monday, 40,000; left over, 3842. 5@10c lower. Mixed and butchers, $5.90@6.45; good to choice heavy, $6.00@6.50; rough heavy, $6.10@6.25; light, $5.90@6.10; bulk of sales, $6.10@6.30. Sheep, receipts, 500. Sheep and lambs steady. Good to choice wethers, $4.65@5.25; fair to choice mixed, $3.75@4.50; Western sheep, $4.50@6.00; native lambs, $3.75@5.45; Western lambs, $5.25@6.45. Yesterday, receipts—Cattle, 1800; hogs, 25,566; sheep, 2946. Shipments—Cattle, 2857; hogs, 8235; sheep, 1281.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure better goods, or shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.			
Creamery, fresh prints	29		
Creamery, tubs	27	@	28
Dairies, fancy	21	@	23
Packing stock	17		
EGGS.			
Fresh	17		
Storage	21		
CHEESE.			
Twins, full cream	13		
Twins, full cream, old	11½	@	11
Full cream, young America	13	@	14
Swiss cheese, No. 1	15		
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½	@	13
Limberger, full cr'm, choice	13		
Primos	7		
HONEY.			
New fancy white clover	15	@	16
Fancy white clover in tars			
strained, per lb	12½	@	13
Golden rod	13	@	14
Dark honey	13	@	14
Buckwheat, dark	13	@	14
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	12		
Ohio, per lb	11		
Maple syrup, per gal	1	10	
PEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bus	2	00	@ 2 05
Medium, hand picked, bus	1	90	@ 2 00
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1	90	@ 2 10
NUTS.			
Filberts, per lb	13	@	14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	13		
Cocoanuts, per doz	75		
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17		
Brazils, per lb	13		
Pecans, per lb	12		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7	@	8
FRUITS.			
Malaga grapes, kegs	7	50	@ 8 00
Apples, per bbl	4	25	@ 5 00
Apples, per box	1	85	@ 2 00
California figs, per box		90	@ 1 10
Turkey figs	1	10	@ 1 40
Pineapples, per doz	1	75	@ 3 50
California lemons	3	25	@ 3 50
Bananas	1	75	@ 2 25
Messina lemons, per box	3	75	
Dates, Ford, per box	1	00	
Sugar walnut dates	1	25	
Navel oranges	3	00	@ 3 25
Cranberries, bushel boxes	2	50	@ 2 60
VEGETABLES.			
California celery, bunch	70		
Mushrooms	60		
Lettuce	1	25	@ 1 65
Green onions, per dozen		75	
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	3	00	@ 3 25
Hothouse cucumbers, doz	1	75	
Beets, per 100	1	10	
Carrots, per 100	1	25	
Cabbage, per 100 lbs	1	50	@ 1 75
Potatoes, per bus	70	@	72
Sweet potatoes, per bus	1	50	
Cauliflower, per doz	1	75	@ 2 25
Mint, per bunch		20	
Turnips, per 100	70	@	85
Parsnips, per 100	1	75	
Hothouse radishes, per doz bunches		75	@ 85
Oyster plant, per doz		85	@ 85
Cal. tomatoes, per basket		95	
Parsley, per doz		45	
Head lettuce, per doz		90	@ 1 00
CIDER.			
Common juice, ½ bbl	3	50	
Fruit juices	4	00	
POPCORN.			
Rice corn, shelled		3½	@ 4
Cholce, per lb		3½	@ 4
DRESSED POULTRY			
Hens		13	
Spring chickens		14	
Geese		12	
Turkeys		14	@ 15
Ducks		14	
MEATS.			
Mutton		8½	
Lamb		10	
Veal, good		8½	9
Veal, fancy		9	
Dressed beef		6½	@ 8
Hogs		7½	
Pork loins		9½	
Lard		9½	
Lard, compound		7¾	

QUOTATIONS IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, March 8.—Butter steady, creamery, 18@25c; dairies, 18½@23c. Cheese steady; twins, 10¾@11c; daisies, 11¼@11¾c; young Americas, 12@12½c. Eggs, weak, at mark, cases included, 17@18c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, March 8.—Butter—Receipts, 4865 packages; steady; state dairy, 20@26c; state creamery, 22@28c; creamery held 18@24½c; renovated, 16@22½c; factory, 16@21c. Cheese—Receipts, 1880 packages; firm; state, full cream, small, early made, fancy colored, 12½@13c; white, 12½@13c; full cream, large, fall made, fancy colored, 11¾@12¾c; white, 11¾@12c. Eggs—Receipts, 8848 packages; weak and lower; state and Penna, 19@19½c; Western at mark, 19½c; Southern, at mark, 19c.

The total sales were 204,400 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Ridgeley to W. H. Laidley & Co.: From what I can discover the William Rockefeller clique got out of stocks last spring and summer, especially Amalgamated Copper, and this helps to explain the continued ease of money in the face of gold exports and shrinking bank reserves. When such a group of speculators have stocks to carry they must necessarily lend money in large sums in order to make anything out of their money. It may be argued that if these shrewd insiders are awaiting better bargains, anyone is foolish to buy stocks at current levels. But they are not the only people.

The Morgan-Keene syndicates are working for higher prices and those Western gamblers, J. W. Gates and Boore Bros. want a bull market. I understand John D. Rockefeller bought $30,000,000 worth of St. Paul at an average of 100. The Vanderbilts have bought more stock than they sold the past six months. The Goulds sold a good lot on the bulge, but have repurchased on the breaks. The high grade shares are being steadily absorbed by millionaire investors all the time. We need only average good crops to give us a fine bull market.

* * *

Dick Bros. to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market was dull and irregular. It was generally strong until the bank statement appeared, but afterwards was sold down by traders. Stocks did not come out, however, and the close was rather strong. Good buying showed in Baltimore & Ohio, Missouri Pacific, Pennsylvania and in the specialties. Pacific Mail advanced on favorable subsidy bill news. Colorado Fuel was erratic. Tennessee Coal & Iron was under pressure. The bank statement was worse than expected on the cash and reserve items, but showed a favorable decrease in loans.

* * *

Harris, Gates & Co.: The weekly bank statement was a very bad one, in fact almost suspiciously bad. Everybody was counting on a bad statement and the trade was showing a very marked disposition to discount its effects. This disposition, however, was temporarily discouraged by the extremely unfavorable showing. In conservative circles there is a very pronounced tendency to look upon the statement as manipulated.

This is shown by the fact all of the good stocks which were depressed by the figures were promptly absorbed. The demand for Baltimore & Ohio on the decline was apparently inexhaustible. The buying of St. Paul, Pennsylvania, Northwestern, C. F. I., Colorado Southern and Kansas City Southern was sufficient to take everything on sale at prices not materially different from yesterday's close. Pacific Mail made a slight gain and was unusually active on favorable prospects for the subsidy. We believe that little account should be taken of the bank statement today, and that investors should make selections to act at once.

* * *

W. H. Laidley & Co.: The stock market opener rather irregular and continued dull. The prospect of a poor bank statement caused a feeling of hesitancy and some liquidation but upon the appearance of the statement much worse than expected, the market remained fairly firm and closed at about last night's prices. Colorado Fuel was again active and higher, closing slightly above last night. Republic Steel & Iron was well bought. Buy the low-priced rails and industrials.

* * *

Walker Bros. to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market today was steady and at the opening inclined to be quite strong. The specialties were again the feature and showed advances. The bank statement which was about as expected, had little or no effect, although just before it was published there was some profit-taking. The market continued steady until the close and with generally good feeling.

* * *

Waldorf to Edwards, Wood & Co.: As the result of the absence of a large operator, there are no expectations of a broader market. On the other hand, dullness in speculation and inactivity in steel stocks are likely to continue. As he is the largest operator in the street, the market will feel his absence. Brokers having recently scored large advances, say tonight that they know of orders for $1,000,000 of gold for export early in the week. Amalgamated Copper dividend is another factor of uncertainty bearing on the general market. It is reported that 1 per cent will be declared. People who should be well-informed in the matter, say that the earnings do not justify this distribution.

* * *

Town Topics: The bank statement will be the important feature today and according to the preliminary statement of the cash the banks have lost nearly $4,000,000 represented by a loss of $5,000,000 on sub-treasury operations. Keep on the long side of the Union Pacific, Southern Pacific, U. S. Steel pfd., Southern Railway and Brooklyn Rapid Transit. Do not take the short side. Holiday in London today.

* * *

J. S. Bache to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market was generally dull in the early dealings but the tone was strong. Changes as a rule were not important but in some few instances the marking up process was inaugurated through which some sharp advances were scored. Colorado Fuel and Iron was somewhat reactionary in its tendency. The speculation as a whole continued professional and the trade was generally disposed to wait before any further commitment pending the publication of the bank statement. The statement proved to be as predicted in our letter of yesterday, a very bad one, in fact worse than expected. There was no heavy selling pressure caused by this statement and the belief generally prevails that the statement had been largely discounted. We, however, are not of that opinion. We believe that conditions of banks must necessarily reflect on the stock market. Foreign exchange, while not quite as firm, admits of further gold shipments and unless money rates advance we shall no doubt see a continuation of gold exports next week. We do not apprehend any serious break in prices but we see nothing in the immediate future which will warrant any material improvement.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Boston, March 8.—Coppers are again active and strong around 49 for Consolidated. United States Mining and Mohawk continue to be well bought. Osceola and Tamarack continue the talk. The opposition to Old Dominion is evident, but it is too early to say much about it yet.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by W. H. Laidley & Co., Spalding hotel:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	22¼	23
Allouez	4⅜	4½
Anaconda	32⅞	33⅜
Arcadian	8½	9½
Amalgamated	68⅞	69¼
Amil	19	19¼
Ashbed	...	25
Atlantic	...	30
Bingham	48½	49½
Bingham	25	25¼
Phoenix	3½	4
National	1½	2
Calumet and Hecla	600	610
Centennial	20	20¼
Trinity	16	16¼
Copper Range	71½	72½
Cochita	50	...
Dominion Coal	102	103
Elm River	4⅜	4½
Franklin	14	14½
Humboldt	...	50
Isle Royale	20½	...
Mass	19½	19¾
Michigan	11½	11¾
Mohawk	36½	37½
Old Colony	2¾	3
Old Colony	4¼	4⅜
Old Dominion	22	22¼
Osceola	72	72½
Parrot	21½	22
Quincy	136	139
Rhode Island	2½	3
Santa Fe	3¾	3¾
Tamarack	210	215
Tecumseh	1¾	2½
Trimountain	105	107
Utah	23½	24
United States	18¾	18¾
Victoria	5⅝	6
Winona	1⅝	2
Wolverine	35	36
Washington	15	50
Wyandot	1	1½

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.—The copper market continued to have a strong undertone and there was a noticeable increase in commission house buying. Prices were held up firmly, several stocks having good advance. Copper Range, Centennial and Tri-Mountain were the leaders in point of strength. We think the upward movement is only fairly under way and look for continued activity for some time to come. On any reaction the coppers should be bought.

* * *

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.—The following is the official statement of Dr. L. L. Hubbard, of the product of the Champion mine from the beginning of stamping Jan. 19 to Feb. 27: Rock from mine to mill, 5283 tons; mass and mineral recovered, 447,045 pounds; mineral per ton rock, 48.26. This showing is stated to be equivalent to 36 pounds of ingot per ton rock, or 1.8 per cent.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, March 8.—Cotton opened easy with prices 4 to 7 points lower under heavy realizing. Public and private cables were bearish. May went off to 880 and July to 883. But after the call covering sent May up to 884 and July to 888, and the market became steady. All the forenoon speculation was active and general.

Cotton futures closed steady; March, 896; April, 896; May, 881; June, 882; July, 886; August, 883; September, 839; October, 816; November, 805; December, 800. Spot closed dull; middling uplands, 9 3-16; middling gulf, 9 7-16; sales, none.

BANK STATEMENT.

New York, March 8.—The statement of the associated banks for the week ending today shows: Loans, $895,302,100; decrease, $8,689,100; deposits, $1,005,695,700; decrease, $11,821,600; circulation, $31,336,600; increase, $127,900; legal tenders, $70,845,600; decrease, $1,068,900; specie, $181,529,500; decrease, $7,904,000; reserve, $252,375,100; decrease, $8,972,900; reserve required, $251,416,675; decrease, $2,955,400; surplus, $3,958,425; decrease, $6,017,500.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, March 8.—Close: Money on call nominal; prime mercantile paper, 4@4¾ per cent; sterling exchange, steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.872@¾ for demand, and at $4.85¾@¾ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.86 and $4.88½; commercial bills, $4.84½@4.85½; silver, 54½c; Mexican dollars, 43½c. Bar silver, 54½c; Mexican dollars, 43½c. State bonds, inactive; railroad bonds, irregular; government bonds, steady.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, March 8.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $178,292,377; gold, $92,979,986; silver, $29,508,562; U. S. notes, $11,463,153; treasury notes of 1890, $88,490; national bank notes, $10,299,789; total receipts this day, $2,027,244; total receipts this month, $12,866,088; total receipts this year, $385,367,474. Total expenditures this day, $1,775,000; total expenditures this month, $11,360,000; total expenditures this year, $231,102,464. Deposits in national banks, $117,186,077.

BALDWIN APPROVES

(Continued from page 1.)

bug. The motion to receive the bill was carried by a vote of 45 to 15, and then Senator Baldwin moved to suspend the rules and advance the bill. This was lost by a vote of 38 to 22, forty-two votes being necessary. An attempt was made to get the bill made a special order for next Monday, and the chair ruled that this could not be done unless the bill had had its proper readings.

* * *

The house had the same bill up, but the report of the reception committee indefinitely postponing it, was adopted, and the bill went down. An attempt was made to suspend the rules on the bill, but only sixty-three votes were cast for the motion and thirty-seven against it, and as eighty votes were needed, the motion was lost.

The board of control bill, which Mr. Alford introduced in the house, went down in the same way. The committee recommended it for indefinite postponement, and an attempt to overrule this report was lost by a vote of 43 to 49.

Senator Daly's resolution calling on the board of railroad and warehouse commissioners to see about reducing passenger rates in the state came up in the senate and was passed with only four negative votes. Senator Daly's bill taxing grain in elevators was recommended for indefinite postponement in the house, and the report was adopted.

Mr. Pope's bill creating a school of mines in St. Louis county was also recommended for indefinite postponement, but at Mr. Pope's request the bill was referred back to him. It will probably not be pressed further this session.

The senate adopted the report of the conference committee on constitutional amendments, accepting the slight changes made in the senate bill by the conference committee. The house will doubtless also pass the bill. Senator Stockwell offered an amendment to substitute the tax commission's set of amendments, but this was lost by a vote of 12 to 35.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

AT WEST DULUTH

In President's Sentiments In Relation to Cuban Reciprocity.

Washington, March 8.—Speaker Henderson and Chairman Payne, of the ways and means committee, called at the White House today, presumably in relation to the pending controversy over Cuban reciprocity. There was the most positive declination to discuss the purpose of the call. It was said, however, that the president had in no way changed his attitude favorable to reciprocity. In this connection there were renewed intimations of a special message, which would clearly set forth the president's views on the subject. The Republican members of the ways and means committee favorable to Cuban reciprocity have held long conferences to perfect their organization for carrying forward the contest. In connection with the conferences the belief has gained ground that there would be a special message if it proved to be necessary. There was renewed talk of a compromise today, one report being that 12 per cent reciprocity might be substituted for 20 per cent. Both sides, however, denied the 12 per cent compromise story.

MUNYON'S
Rheumatism Cure



No remedy has cured so many of Rheumatism, Gout and Lumbago has as my Rheumatism Cure. Try it and then bid good bye to crutches, canes and pains. It does not put the disease to sleep, but drives it from the system. Relieves pain in from one to three hours, and cures generally before one vial has been used.
Munyon's Witch Hazel Soap makes the skin soft as velvet, 15c. Sold everywhere.
Munyon's Inhaler Cures Catarrh.
Send for Guide to Health Book free. New York.

has been connected with his father in the paper hanging business.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Victor Carlson, who is erecting a two-story frame store building, with a hall in the second floor, has nearly completed the foundation of the structure, on Grand avenue. The construction work is to be pushed along as fast as the weather will permit.

Rev. Mr. Earl, of the West Duluth Congregational church, has returned and will conduct services at the church tomorrow morning and evening.

Mrs. Charles W. Nitterauer has returned from a few weeks' visit with relatives at Milwaukee, Wis.

Miss Amanda Hogstead, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Johnson, for the past three weeks, has returned to her home in Fond du Lac.

J. C. Murphy left this morning for his claim, near Two Harbors.

Mrs. C. O'Brien, of 411 Fifty-second avenue west, is on the sick list.

Daniel Murphy, of Proctorknott, who has been on a several weeks' visit in Canada and Eastern points, returned yesterday.

Mrs. C. Emard, of 323 Fifty-eighth avenue west, was treated to a thrilling surprise yesterday. Albert Portier, her brother returned from a lumber camp, where he had been cooking in the Snake river district, and his whiskers had grown so long that his sister did not recognize him. She finally identified him by a missing finger.

Children's shoes at Lauermann's.

NO CHANGE

In President's Sentiments In Relation to Cuban Reciprocity.

At the meeting of the West Duluth Commercial club last evening, after the financial condition of the club was thoroughly discussed, it was decided to make another concerted action that will have for its object the establishment of the club on a sound financial basis and ready to go ahead with the plans that have been underway so long.

It was at first hoped to have a membership of 200, but if this cannot be accomplished the club is ready to go ahead with the present number of charter members. Of the 180 now enrolled, 160 have paid up their subscriptions.

A committee, comprised of M. M. Clarke, P. H. Martin, John Connelley, G. M. Cruickshank and I. Deatheradge was appointed to canvass the situation among those that have not yet fixed up their subscriptions. A resolution authorizing the board of directors to find a suitable location for the club was laid on the table. The next meeting will be held Friday evening.

WANT SERVICE.

West Duluth citizens who are interested in the welfare of the West Duluth park proposition claim that Fairmount park will in time be one of the most attractive spots in the vicinity of this city, and all that remains to make it a popular place

HOUSES—LOTS—ACREAGE—FARMS

Many Opportunities For Those Who Would Buy, Sell, Exchange or Rent Any Kind of Real Estate Are Offered in The Herald Today

Wake Up!

You 're In a Trance!

Take the money out of your sock and put it into the ground, where it will grow.

We have 50x140 feet on First street, near Fourth avenue east, for $2500 only. This lot will sell before Jan. 1, 1903, for $1000 more than we now ask for it.

We have 50x140 feet on upper side of Third street, centrally located, for $2500. This is the cheapest lot on Third street and is worth today $500 more than the price asked. Mark what we say. This lot will sell for $3500 before Jan. 1, 1903.

Here is the cheapest lot in Endion Division. 50x140 feet on Third street, near Eighteenth avenue east, only $900. This lot will sell for $1500 inside of a year. Are you going to take it or let your neighbor pick it up and make the $600?

You may be looking for a lot in the West End. If so, how does this suit you. 27x80 feet between First and Second streets, and east of Nineteenth avenue west, only $450. It is cheap, isn't it? It is the cheapest lot in the West End and will be sold next week.

We have twenty-five houses centrally located, and in the East End, ranging in price from $1000 to $15,000. If you are thinking of buying a home, come and see us.

Has it occurred to you that if we haven't got what "you" want, we may want what "you" have. Your property listed with us is as good as sold.

MONEY TO LOAN AT 5 PER CENT.

Julius D. Howard & Co.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
216 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

ATTENTION!

INVESTORS

Large or Small.

I have for sale for a limited time only a small block of the treasury stock—FULL PAID AND NON-ASSESSABLE—in the German-American Consolidated Gold Mining company of Colorado, upon which semi-annual dividends are guaranteed. Here is a "sure thing" snap. First come, first served. For full particulars call on or address.

W. KAISER,
106 Palladio Bldg., Duluth, Minn.
Zenith 'phone 32. Bell 'phone 636-2.

A BARGAIN!

House and lot, fronting on Grand Avenue, near Elinor Street. The house contains 7 rooms and bath room—has city water connection and all necessary plumbing. The streets are permanently improved and the house was repaired and painted during the past summer.

R. B. KNOX & CO
1 Exchange Building.

ENDION HOMES.

We have the best list of Endion houses and lots offered in the city. Let us show you something nice in this choice district at a moderate price.

GEO. H. CROSBY,
106 Providence Bldg.

Six-room house, East Third street, with bath, etc..... **$1800**
Eight-room house, London road, hot water heat, bath, hardwood finish, etc..... **$3000**
Fine residence lot, upper side East Superior street..... **$1500**

E. D. Field Co., 204 Exchange Bldg

Endion Lots

Each a 50-foot lot.

$500 and street assessments for a Third street lot.

$500 each and street assessments for two Second street lots.

$500 and street assessments for a Jefferson street lot.

$500 and street assessments for a London road lot.

If rents are too high buy and build. All are bargains.

Richardson & Day,
Exchange Building.

FOR SALE!

Seven-room house in East End—good location—all modern conveniences—hot water heat. Price..... **$4000**

Pulford, How & Co
100 Trust Company Building.

Here's a Snap!

We have a lot on Huron street that can be bought at much less than its real value. We have a good cottage in same locality that can be moved to above lot at little expense and thus an excellent home may be had at a very small price. Investigate it.

GEO. H. CROSBY,
106 Providence Bldg.

FOR RENT.

Houses,
Stores
Flats.

Mendenhall & Hoopes
208 First National Bank Bldg. Duluth, Minn

$7500 For a 12-room house—hardwood finish, hot water heat, barn—lot 50x140—Best location in E. end.

$3000 For a good 9-room house in the East End.

A business property in Range town netting 25 per cent in rents. Price $3200.

200 acres fine level land one mile from Carlton for $8.00 an acre.

D. W. SCOTT,
10 Mesaba Block.

A Bargain in Acres

160 acres within four miles of city limits at per acre..... **$7.50**

Dwelling in West End, 232, 27th Ave W., on easy terms.. **$900**

Lot on East Fourth St, near 18 Ave East..... **$750**

LITTLE & NOLTE.

A Six Room House for
$700.
Another for
$600.

Located near Endion depot. Nothing so cheap in the East End.

G.G. Dickerman & Co
Trust Co. Building.

LAKESIDE
AND—
LESTER PARK...

In all parts of these suburbs

Lots Dead Cheap

Buy one before the rise. We will furnish you 75 per cent of the cost of house and lot if you want to build. **No commission** and only 6 per cent interest. Easy payments.

LAKESIDE LAND CO.,
303 Lonsdale Building.

A Good Bargain.

8 room house, 50 foot lot, located No. 123 E. Third St, can be handled for $850.00 cash. Communicate with C. T. Seymour, 603, W. 1st St. New 'Phone 814.

REALTY MARKET CONTINUES ACTIVE

Sale of Lyceum Most Conspicuous Deal of the Week---Building Matters Active and Architects Are Busy.

While new business has, perhaps, been more quiet in the real estate market the past week, on the whole, at least, so much has been accomplished that it is regarded as an exceptionally satisfactory week. The sale of the Lyceum theater by Little & Nolte is regarded as one of the brightest auguries that has been added to the outlook for property here since the panic. It was bought by James Hoatson, of St. Augustine, Fla. The especially notable feature about this transfer was that Mr. Hoatson should select Duluth of all Northwestern cities at this time for the investment of such a large sum of money as this deal represents.

• • •

Some dealers report one of the best weeks they have had this winter. Others complain that the slush under foot or earlier unfavorable weather has prevented them from inducing prospective buyers to go out and look over proposed properties. On the whole, the week has probably been a little quieter in new business, though some exceptionally good deals which have been pending for some little time have been closed up. In that sense, at least, the week has been a very prosperous one for real estate. The actual proof of the pudding has been furnished.

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Bids have been received for the erection of numerous buildings, and some contracts have been let. Among these were the addition of four stories to the two-story part of the St. Louis hotel building, which was awarded last Saturday afternoon to George Lounsberry. The improvement will cost about $30,000.

Palmer, Hall & Hunt awarded a contract for the erection of a new home for F. A. Brewer, to cost about $15,000, to James Quigley. This will be an exceptionally pretty frame house located on Superior street, near Twenty-third avenue east.

Bids were received for the construction of the new wholesale dry goods building for F. A. Patrick & Co., but the contract has not been awarded as yet.

• • •

Radcliffe & Hill awarded a contract this week for a Catholic church building to be erected at Cloquet. The contractor is Redfield, of Cloquet. The structure will be frame and will cost about $11,000. It is of very handsome design.

The same firm has prepared plans for a new residence for A. P. Cook, to be built on the boulevard at Fifth avenue. It will present an exceptionally pretty rustic effect, partly of stone and partly of frame.

The same firm is said to be preparing plans for a handsome new home to be built in the East End. It will be of the new square design, with wide overhanging roof and finely-detailed ornamentation in terra cotta, which, with brick, will be the material of which it will be built.

• • •

Among the new homes that are talked of among architects and contractors, but which have not taken definite form as yet, are one for L. R. Hurd, at Twelfth avenue east and First street, and one for Capt. J. H. Pearce on East Superior street.

• • •

J. D. Stryker, of Stryker, Manley & Buck, says: "Business has been exceptionally good with us this week. We have closed a number of deals, and have found new inquiry exceptionally brisk. With us the activity seems to extend to all kinds of property in all locations. During my recent trip East I found many friends of Duluth. Some people had their fingers burned during the hard times, but most of them lay that to general business conditions, instead of nursing a grudge against the town. I found that the action of the steel company in consolidating its offices here was generally known and regarded as one of the most important factors in the future solidity and prosperity of the city. Interest is being taken also in the plans of the Highland Canal company. Among the trades we have closed during the week are:

Lot 72, West Second street, just back of the government building, now occupied by J. D. Zlen, to a Massachusetts party for $5500.

The Fontanell block, on the lower side of West Superior street, between Twentieth and Twenty-first avenues, improved with frame building, from the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance company to Pennsylvania parties for $8500.

1210 East Second street, improved with frame building, to a Duluth party for $2500.

Lot on the upper side of Fourth street, near First avenue east, vacant, $2000.

Unimproved lot on West Third street, near Tenth avenue west, to a Duluth party for $725.

Lot 11, block 47, Endion, from the Stearns estate to E. M. Clark, for $700.

Quarter section in 41-51-14 to a local party for $11 an acre.

• • •

Among the deals of the week, the purchase of the Willard corner east of Seventh avenue west, on Superior street, which was made by R. M. Hunter for clients, at $36,000, is considered one of the best purchases that have been made in Duluth for a long time. The property was one of the assets of the First National bank of Mankato, which estate was being closed up, and the sale was sort of a forced one. There is 10 feet of frontage and the property has good income-earning improvements.

Among the purchases of the week is that of 116 West Michigan street, improved with a three-story brick building, by the Norris Real Estate company.

It is also reported that a West First street lot, near Third avenue, has been sold for $16,000, but details are withheld.

Little & Nolte report the sale this week of two pieces of residence property in the East End. Both will be improved. One was on East First street, between Fifteenth and Sixteenth avenues east. C. A. Congdon, who owns the corner of Fifteenth avenue and Superior street, was the purchaser. The consideration was $2000. T. F. Cole purchased two lots at the northeast corner of Seventeenth avenue east and Superior street, 100 by 150 feet. The consideration was $3550. The latter transfer was recorded in the middle of the week.

• • •

Whitney Wall—The weather has been unfavorable for great progress in real estate. People are averse to going out to look over properties with such unfavorable conditions as have prevailed all this week. But, in spite of this, the favorable outlook has continued. I closed one deal this week, which cannot be announced. This was a twenty-five foot lot on Jefferson street, between Fifteenth and Sixteenth avenues east, and the consideration was $2000.

• • •

E. P. Alexander closed a deal for the lease of the burned Bunnell block site, on West Michigan street, from R. A. Torrey to Samuel Loeb, who will erect a three or four-story building to cost $25,000. The lease runs for fifty years, and the rental will be $275 per quarter, and after the first five years it will be on the basis of 5 per cent valuation of the property, to be determined by agreement or arbitration, but never to be less than 5 per cent of $27,500.

• • •

"We have been devoting our attention this week largely to closing up deals we had already made," said George H. Crosby this morning. "The weather has been a little unfavorable for new business, and besides we thought it was time to round up things. However, I consider that the outlook is most promising.

"I have had my attention called to Mr. Hoopes' interview in defense of higher rents. I believe that rents are now as high as conditions here and the present market value of property will warrant. The trouble is that people who paid $3000 for a lot back in 1890 or 1891 want it to earn interest on that investment today. As a matter of fact that lot is probably worth only about $1200 today. The owner cannot, in justice, expect his tenants to pay him on a basis of the early '90s valuation. He must be satisfied with the valuation of today.

"I don't agree with Mr. Hoopes' views that Duluth renting property is not earning a fair rate of interest. Of course, it isn't earning 10 or 12 per cent altogether, but it is netting as much as any other class of investment and more than a great many kinds. Rents are as high now as they should be.

"It is short-sighted to attempt to force rents above the present basis. It will drive people away from Duluth instead of bringing them here. The population is not large enough here yet to warrant higher rents. Putting them higher will simply delay the day when they can be advanced. Moderate rentals will do more than anything else just now to make Duluth what we all hope it will be."

• • •

The transfers recorded during the month of February amounted to $264,664.10. This seems small as compared with January's total of almost $1,500,000, but in the latter were several big mining deals, which cannot be considered as real estate trades. Moreover, many of the deals made last month would figure in the total consideration as merely nominal. So the footings for the month are of little value as reflecting the volume of business for February:

	No.	Amount.
Feb. 1	11	$ 12,426 00
Feb. 3	22	9,790 00
Feb. 4	13	15,778 00
Feb. 5	13	4,157 00
Feb. 6	13	9,812 00
Feb. 7	10	10,150 00
Feb. 8	13	39,766 00
Feb. 10	6	6,121 00
Feb. 11	11	10,906 00
Feb. 13	15	11,091 00
Feb. 14	28	19,925 94
Feb. 15	11	9,846 00
Feb. 17	15	48,527 00
Feb. 18	9	1,259 00
Feb. 19	16	10,558 18
Feb. 20	11	5,402 12
Feb. 21	9	3,430 00
Feb. 24	6	5,551 00
Feb. 25	17	9,174 00
Feb. 26	14	110,503 86
Feb. 27	17	4,209 00
Feb. 28	4	7,461 00
Total		$264,664 10

• • •

A. F. Rudolph, the architect, has just completed the plans for two new residences. One for O. L. Young will cost about four or five thousand dollars. It will be built on the northeast corner at the junction of Second street and Thirteenth avenue east. The other, a $4000 dwelling, will be built for W. H. Martin, on the corner of Mesaba avenue and Fifth street west. The construction of both buildings will begin immediately.

• • •

T. G. Vaughan reports the following sales of realty during the week: East half of lot 73 East Sixth street, $720; west half of lot 27 West First street, $7300; east half of lot 341, block 90, Second division, $1050; east half of lot 6, block 13, Heim's addition, $1275.

• • •

Transfers for the week were as follows:

William R. Corbett to George H. Rogers, s½ ne¼ sec 7-58-21	1
People's Savings bank in Providence to James H. Constantine, w½ lot 27, West First street, Duluth proper, First division	7300
C. S. Baylis et ux to F. B. Thomas, lot 307, block 72, Duluth proper, Second division	3200
Martha Stewart et mar to John T. Larson, lot 8, block 34, Eveleth	630
Minnie Johnson to Joseph Hill, lots 1 and 2, block 2, Ely	150
August Perry et ux to E. M. Fowler et al, lot 27, block 19, Eveleth	1
S. B. Stearns administrator, to G. S. Allen, lots 5, 6, block 21, Portland	1050
Robert Twell et al to Joseph M. Trudo, part of lot 8, block 11, Heim's addition	500
Edward Z. Williams to John Hoatson, w½ lot 75 and all of lots 77, 79, West Superior street, Duluth proper, First division, and part of lot 5, section 27-50-14	1
Emma E. Rockwell et ux to J. D. Plummer, e½ se¼ sw¼ ne¼ section 15-49-15	450
K. L. Howard et mar to Gertrude O'Flynn, und ½ lot 181, 183, 204, 206 and 208, Minnesota avenue, Upper Duluth	1,000
Lakeside Land company to Zenith City Telephone company, part of lots 3 and 4, block 42, London addition	200
Jennie E. Pugsley to George C. Howe, e½ ne¼ 8-51-12	250
A. M. Tugarr et ux to George N. Tyman, Jr., lot 4, block 34, Tower	3,000
W. D. Lowry et al to F. A. Patrick, part of lots 1 to 6, block 2, Munger's sub-division of Duluth	36,000
John Farrington et ux to O. P. Stearns, recorded to correct error in description of deed recorded in book "P" page 397, covering a large amount of lots in city of Duluth	
M. Slatter et ux to North American Iron company, lot 2, section 7-51-13	1
A. M. Wickwire et ux to Boston and Duluth Farm Land company, nw¼ nw¼ 17-50-15	220
Ole Johnson et ux to John Huderle, n½ ne¼, sw¼ ne¼ section 29-67-17	50
Charles Towick et ux to John Huderle, sw¼ se¼, se¼ sw¼ section 20-67-17	25
Charles H. Graves, administrator to Sivert Aune, lot 364, block 39, Duluth Proper Second division	3,500
Walter Ayres et ux to same, lot 364, block 39, Duluth proper, Second division	1
American Security and Trust company, as trustee, to same, lot 364, block 39, Duluth proper, Second division	1
Boston and Duluth Farm Land company to J. A. Johnson, nw ¼ nw¼ section 17-50-15	360
John M. McClintock to C. G. Dolitzsch, lot 72, West Second street, Duluth proper	1
Edward Z. Williams to Franklin Lumber company, und ½ section 6-50-17	1,360
Ada E. Sheepe to Allen McDonell, ne¼ se¼ section 7-61-17	400
John C. Green et ux to Charles Emerson, part of lots 398, 400, block 113, Duluth Proper, Second division	750
Catherine Cornell et mar to Albert L. Miles, lot 5, block 91, Endion	5,000
Fred A. Robinson, trustee, to Annie Murray, part of lot 8, block 23, Eveleth	85
St. George F. Fitzhugh to Duluth Banking company, lot 9, block 30, Harrison's division	50
Michael Kelly et ux to George C. Stone, lots 6 and 7, and 3 in section 5, and sw¼ nw¼ section 8-63-13	1
George C. Stone et ux to Michael Kelly, und ½ of lots 5, 6, 7, section 5, and sw¼ nw¼ section 8-63-13; ne¼ se¼ and lot 1 section 5, and w½ ne¼ section 8-63-15, and ne¼ se¼ section 32-64-15	1
H. W. Wheeler to T. A. Merritt, und 1-6 ne¼ nw¼ section 15-58-19	6,000
Sarah Mosher to E. M. Clark, lot 13, block 47, Endion	700
S. B. Stearns et al to same, lot same	685
C. M. Hill Lumber company to C. P. Magginnis, se¼ section 26-51-16	1,200
L. Hammel et ux to Jacob Hammel, nw¼ section 14-52-18; e½ se¼, e½ e½ w½ se¼ section 28-51-15	1
C. A. Blackmar to H. H. Peyton, lot 7, block 3, Proctorknott, Second addition	500
H. M. Payne et mar to A. P. Waite, lot 4, block 76, Endion	550
Wilfred Bernesche et ux to Clements Cloutier, w½ of lot 4, block 7, Heim addition	300
August H. Melander et ux to Nellie M. Smart, lot 5, block 25, Highland Park addition	1,000
Robert F. Fitzgerald, assignee, to Amelia Sherwood, und 1-6 se¼ nw¼ section 6-59-13	1
Amelia Sherwood et mar to Andrew Hunter, same	1
Marcus Simpson et ux to C. A. Hollbrook, s½ nw¼ section 8-50-13; und 1-3 se¼ sw¼ section 31-61-13; und ½ n½ se¼, n½ nw¼ section 23-58-19	1
H. P. Pettingill et ux to Mary B. Norcross, lots 17, 18, block 10, Stewart's addition to West Duluth; also nw¼ se¼ section 10-50-16	1
Mary B. Norcross to Alice Brown, same	1
Louis W. Hill et ux to Republic Iron & Steel company, nw¼ nw¼ section 14-58-19, and fulfillment of lease and traffic agreement	1
Edgar A. Collin to George C. Swallow, lots 2, 6, 9, sw¼ nw¼, nw¼ sw¼ section 1; sw¼ ne¼, sw ¼ sw¼ section 2; lot 5, ne¼ se¼ section 4; lots 3, 6, nw¼ se¼ section 5; lots 2, 3, sw¼ ne¼, nw¼ se¼ section 9; sw¼ nw¼, ne¼ sw¼ section 16; sw¼ ne¼, ne¼ nw¼, nw¼ sw¼, sw¼ sw¼ section 11; lot 4, section 14; lots 1, 19, nw¼ ne¼, ne¼ nw¼ section 17; lot 1, se¼ se¼ section 18; nw ¼ ne¼ section 19-61-12	6,490
Peter C. Hanson et ux to Anna Johnson, e½ lot 408, block 86, Duluth proper, Second division	1,250
Champion Iron company to Champion Mining company, e½ se¼ section 10, sw¼ sw¼ section 11-58-18	10
Thomas E. Dockery et ux to Margaret I. Clifford, und ½ w½ lot 327, block 53, Duluth proper, Second division	3,500
S. M. Collins et mar to Elsie H. Cole, lots 15 and 16, block 60, Endion	5,550
H. S. Mahon et ux to Frank Conlon, sw¼ ne¼ and w½ se¼ section 14-50-16	425
Duluth Real Estate company to F. J. Pulford, lot 4, East Fifth street, Duluth proper	1
Hugh Johnson to Joseph Nolin, lands in 32-67-18, 10-64-17, sections 30, 31, 32, township 68-18, 34-69-17	657
Joseph Nolin to F. P. Shedon, und 1-3 of same	700
Joseph Nolin to Hugh Johnson, und 2-3 same	1,400
Charles Schiller to James Camden, lot 15, block 118, West Duluth, Second division	250
Charles G. Delitzsch to E. M. Round, lot 72, West Second street, Duluth proper	5,500

$2000 Buys seven-room house with fine double corner on London road. Biggest snap in Lester Park.

$2200 Buys fine seven-room house and lot 50 by 140 feet with barn on East Sixth street.

$2500 Buys 50 by 140 feet on West Superior street; this is business property.

FARMS.

Three well improved, good buildings. Close to city.

Fire insurance written.

Chas. P. Craig & Co,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

SNAP

In Modern Residence

—Eight rooms, stone foundation—
East End — $4000 — terms to suit.

N. J. UPHAM CO.,
400 Burrows Building.

THE ROYAL ARCANUM.

Smoker Social With a Fine Program Given.

The Royal Arcanum gave a smoker last evening and while the lodge has given a number of social entertainments of a very pleasing nature, this one is conceded to have been the finest of all. It was given in Elks' hall, and that spacious auditorium was crowded.

The program was prepared under the direction of Lansing Robinson, and as an impresario the members of the lodge think he is about the finest going. Those who participated were: R. H. Cox, C. O. Applehagen, Will Cleland, G. H. McCaarthy, Cyril Tyler, Bruno Eyferth, Larry Kitchell Robert Hamp and Ed Krelmer. The numbers consisted of songs, character sketches, dances, etc., and all of the performers covered themselves with glory and received tremendous applause.

Following the program a collation was served and a very large number were taken care of. After that there was informal singing, dancing, etc., until after midnight, those who had appeared during the evening and others taking part.

The lodge has a large membership, and particularly conspicuous in the attendance last evening was the presence of a very large number of the city's leading business and professional men.

THE SPECIAL TERM.

Routine Matters Engage the Attention of Court.

In special term of district court this morning a number of routine matters were disposed of. The application of C. E. Shannon to have certain judgments of record discharged were granted. The referee's sale of land in the case of Rollin Stewart against the Security Investment company was confirmed and provision was made to care for the claims of certain creditors. The sale of the book accounts of the Imperial Coffee and Spice company to Thomas J. Brion for $25 was confirmed. The sale of property in the matter of Wright-Clarkson against Klngman was confirmed. The petition of Charles Schiller to have judgments of record discharged was granted, except as to liens. In the action brought by the town of Canosia against the town of Grand Lake, the motion of the plaintiff for leave to file amended complaint was taken under advisement. The plaintiff wishes to set up that it has paid four more of the bonds issued by it when the defendant town constituted part of its territory.

Down to Finals.

The finals in the Graves-Manley agency contest in the Duluth Curling club have been reached and R. J. MacLeod and C. F. Macdonald will fight for the prizes. The latter played W. E. Magner in the semi-finals last evening, winning by the following score:

W. H. Denham,	the man in n
C. F. West,	the man in th
D. G. Cutler,	the man in
W. E. Magner—10.	the man in
N. L. Leach,	the man in met
W. J. K. Osborne,	the man in the
R. H. Draper,	the man in t
C. F. MacDonald—13.	the man n

TO ENJOIN

Carriers From Future Violations Is Object of Commission.

New York, March 8.—Chairman Knapp of the interstate commerce commission stated that the proceedings to be instituted against railway officials, as a sequel to their recent admissions of wholesale rate cutting, would be civil actions in equity to enjoin the carriers from future violations of the law. The proceedings involve the principal railways running between Kansas City and Chicgo. Action against one or two of these, he said, would suffice for testing the question. The offenses admitted were that they had been cutting under schedule tariff on grains, dressed meats and packing house products.

WATER MAINS.

Sealed proposals will be received by the board of water and light commissioners, the 21st day of the present month at 11:00 o'clock a. m., for the laying of water and gas mains in what is known as Woodland system.

Plans and specifications can be seen in the office of the board.

L. N. CASE, Manager.

PUMP HOUSE.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the board of water and light commissioners, the 21st day of the present month at 11:00 o'clock a. m. for the construction of a frame pump house.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the board.

L. N. CASE, Manager.

Whitney Wall's List:

EAST END.

$7500 Buys an 8-room house on the upper side of East Superior street near Twelfth avenue east. Location a delightful one; the house is a good one and the lot a large sized one.

$4000 A small cash payment down, balance monthly will buy a 7-room house on East Second street, west of Fourteenth avenue east. Has sewer, water, bath and furnace heat, Lot, 50 by 150. Stop paying rent and buy this.

$4000 And on easy terms will buy an 8-room house on the upper side of East Third street, near Fourteenth avenue east. Has sewer, water, bath, furnace, stone foundation and concrete cellar. Lot 50 by 140 to alley.

$3500 Will buy an 8-room house west of Eleventh avenue east and south of Third street. Has hardwood floors first floor, sewer, water, enamel bath, furnace, concrete cellar and in good repair.

$3200 Will buy a cozy 7-room house on East Third street, near Fifteenth avenue east. Has sewer, water, bath, furnace, concrete cellar, and stone foundation.

$2200 For a 7-room house near Portland Square. Has hardwood floors first floor, stone foundation, concrete cellar. Lot 50 by 140 to alley. Yard nicely sodded, shade trees, also a good barn. House alone cannot be built for $2500. A big bargain. Look it up.

$1600 A beautiful 50-foot lot on the upper side of East Second street, near Fourteenth avenue east.

$2000 Will buy one hundred feet on East Fourth street, near Fourteenth avenue east, commands a fine view of lake and harbor.

$1000 Will buy a lot on London road, near Sixteenth avenue east.

$1800 Buys a 50-foot lot on East Superior street, near Twentieth avenue east.

$1500 Will buy one hundred feet on East First street, graded; location all right.

$525 For 50 feet on East Second street; location a good one. Street graded.

I also have some very choice lots on the Knob, Duluth's newest residence district that I can sell at the right price. Look them up.

WEST END.

$2000 An 8-room house newly papered and painted on Fourth street, near Nineteenth avenue west. A bargain.

$1250 A 7-room house with stone foundation and in good repair, near Twentieth avenue west.

$400 Buys a choice lot on Huron street, near Twenty-eighth avenue west. Terms, easy.

$500 A small cash payment down, balance monthly will buy a 50-foot lot on West Third street, near Nineteenth avenue west.

$300 For nicely located lots near the Bryant school and West Third street. Terms easy.

I have a large lot of cheap houses located in the West End that I can sell from $450 and up.

I WANT MORE WEST END property for sale. If you own any, and want to sell same, bring it in.

Whitney Wall,
Real Estate, Loans and Insuarance.
Room 3 Trust Building.
Phone 201-3.

$6500 One of the best business corners in heart of city. Rents for $80.00. Genuine bargain.

For Rent Modern double house, big yard fine home, $40.00 for whole house,

T. W. WAHL & Co
201 Exchange Bldg.

$2200 Takes 8-room house on Fifth street. Cheap.

$2100 Takes 7-room modern house in East End.

$3000 Takes 8-room modern house, corner lot, hot water heat.

A. C. VOLK & CO., 202-203 Palladio

Real Estate

Choice bargains in houses and lots at LAKESIDE and LESTER PARK. Big list of lots on MINNESOTA POINT. Snap in acres on LESTER RIVER and on LAKE SHORE.

Acres on Minnesota Point not far from end of car track. Good water front. Nice trees. Just the thing for summer homes.

Wm. C. Sargent & Co.,
303 Lonsdale Building.

FOR SALE.

Two flat buildings near court house..... **$2600**
Fine 50-ft corner with 7-room house and barn, inside..... **$2250**
Hundred-foot corner, Third street, very centrally, for building, street and avenue improved..... **$1500**
Fine lot near Superior street and Eighteenth avenue east, sewer and water on lot to back door..... **$500**
139-foot corner on Park Point, one block below city dock..... **Cheap**

GEORGE A. WIELAND & CO., 100 Manhattan Building.

MORTGAGES MADE

On Improved City Property at

LOWEST RATES

With Our Invaluable

"ON OR BEFORE"

Privilege.

Building Loans a Specialty.

R. M. Newport
302 Lonsdale Bldg.

"Let the GOLD DUST twins do your work."



GOLD DUST

is a woman's best friend when wash day comes around. It makes the clothes sweet and clean. Takes only half the time and half the labor of soap. Just follow directions on package.

Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago. New York. Boston. St. Louis. Makers of OVAL FAIRY SOAP.

HOMES--INVESTMENTS--LOTS--FARMS

These columns are the medium through which Real Estate owners make their offers to the public. Prospective purchasers will find many interesting propositions among the wide choice offered here today.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

Centrally located lot, suitable for improvement with plats—a bargain

$2100!

If You Contemplate Building, See Us For the Money.

Building Loans Desired.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.,
First Floor, Lonsdale Building.

HOUSE WANTED.

We have client who desires to purchase a modern nine or ten-room dwelling. East End preferred.

FARM LANDS.

We have cheapest tract of farm lands in St. Louis county for sale.

Cheap house in West End. For sale by

A. W. Taussig & Co.
305 Providence Building.

Best Bargains!

20 Dwelling houses and lots on Duluth Heights will be sold within the next 60 days at prices and upon terms within the reach of anyone to secure his own home. The following is an example.

$475 $50 cash, balance $10 per month at 6 per cent interest, buys a well built five-room house in splendid condition and fine lot, on improved street. At Duluth Heights is a fine place to live and only twenty minutes' ride from the very center of the city. Come soon and have first pick.

If you think your landlord is overcharging for your place of residence you can rent a four to eight-room house in good condition on Duluth Heights for $4.50 to $6.00 per month.

OTHER BARGAINS.

$1150 Buys eight-room house with good cellar, city water and fine lot near Thirty-ninth avenue west, one block from street car. Best terms.

$1150 Buys good eight-room house and lot near London Road and Twenty-second avenue east.

Have a number of fine five-acre tracts of land for gardening back of Woodland Park, about one mile from the street car line, that will be sold cheap.

Alfred Kjellin,
306 Burrows Building.

Lakeside Bargains.

Prices in Lakeside are already advancing. We have a few snaps in good homes and cheap lots left. Call and let us show them to you. Now is the time to buy.

GEO. H. CROSBY,
106 Providence Building.

FOR SALE.

$3200 Eight-room house, water, sewer, bath; corner lot upper side street; good stone foundation, cellar, etc.; very central. This is a bargain.

T. G. VAUGHAN,
401 Lonsdale Building.

First Street

Central business property very cheap for quick sale.

Vacant and improved properties in East End at low prices.

GEORGE RUPLEY,
513 Board of Trade.

WHY Pay Rent or Interest?

When the Home Co-Operative Comp'y
Of Kansas City, Mo.

Will furnish you the money to pay off your mortgage or buy you a home and give you sixteen years and eight months to pay it back at the following monthly payments without interest:

$1000 at $5.35 per month
$2000 at $10.70 per month
$3000 at $16.05 per month

A fund is maintained to carry your contract in case of sickness or out of employment. We are the original and most reliable company of the kind in America and have a copyright and will prosecute any infringements.

Branch Office, 410 Palladio Bldg.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

Some Exclusive Bargains

$3150 For 1101 and 1103 West Michigan street, two story building, stores and flats. A valuable corner, good rentals; cheap.

$6500 For 1909 West Superior street; two-story brick and large barn and storage in the rear. Building cost over $8000. Pays over 10 per cent.

$7000 for 1509 and 1511 East Third street; double house, all modern conveniences. Nice location. Rental value $70 per month.

$2000 For 426 First avenue east; good eight-room house, nice location, near Cascade Park.

$2250 For 207 West Fifth street; eight-room house, all modern conveniences; near business center.

$2500 For 221 West Fifth and 222 Pittsburg avenue; two flats of five rooms each and a six-room house; city water and closet. Rentals $30 per month.

WILL BUILD HOUSE TO SUIT
On a beautiful lot at Glen Avon, size 80x270 feet, and sell on monthly payments. City water and gas this summer.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

$2300 For an eight-room house on Woodland avenue, hardwood finish, furnace, mantel, electric light, etc.; 1/2 lot. House alone worth $3500. Can sell on monthly payments. A great bargain.

$2000 for house and two lots; eight rooms, furnace, hardwood finish; monthly payments; house worth $3000. A great opportunity to get a home.

$1850 For 2705 West Third street; house has water and closets, rents for $18 per month; lot alone worth $1800. Choice location.

2422 West First street; eight-room house, barn, etc..... **$1750**

Rentals $17 per month; lot alone worth $1500; street, avenue and sewer improvements.

150 feet northwest corner First St. and Twenty-third Ave. E... **$5000**

This is as handsome a residence site as there is in the city.

$1250 For lot 7, block 19, Harrison's division; beautiful location on Superior street.

$3500 For 100x100 feet corner Second street and Fifteenth avenue east. Choice lot for flats or houses.

5 Per Cent Money to Loan, Any Amount

Above property for sale exclusively by

STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK

FOR SALE—FARM LANDS.

CARLTON COUNTY, MINN.—$200 WILL buy 40 acres good land, easily cleared; $650 will buy 80 acres right on railroad, with fine stream through; $1300 will buy quarter section on railroad and enough hardwood on land to pay cost of clearing; $6 per acre will buy one of the best sections in Carlton county, with lot of valuable timber on, only $2 per acre cash, balance on time at 6 per cent.

ST. LOUIS COUNTY, MINN.—$500 WILL buy 40 acres near Pike lake, covered with hardwood, which will pay cost of land; $50 per acre will buy 10 acres in 19-50-11, within city limits; $10 per acre will buy a half section four miles from city limits, with considerable hardwood; $240 will buy 10 acres ten miles from city, three miles from railroad; 4000 acres in southern part of county at $3 per acre.

DOUGLAS COUNTY, WIS.—$780 WILL buy 78 acres on Northern Pacific railroad ten miles from West Superior, lays level and easily cleared; $2.50 per acre for acres about twenty miles south of West Superior; 1320 acres fifteen miles south of Superior, on railroad, at $3 per acre; 240 acres good land on Omaha railroad, near Hawthorne, at $5.50 per acre, easy terms.

NORTHERN MICHIGAN—160 ACRES close to railroad, considerable hardwood, $2.50 per acre; 160 acres, with large amount of hemlock, cedar and maple, $5 per acre, wood will pay profit besides paying for land.
GUARANTY FARM LAND CO.,
428 West Superior Street, Duluth.

FARM LANDS IN NORTHERN WISconsin and Minnesota. I have a large and well selected list of good farming lands in Sawyer, Washburn, Chippewa and Barron counties, Wis.; also in Aitkin, Carlton and St. Louis counties, Minn., ranging in price from $2.50 to $10 per acre. Call on or address Edgar A. Coffin, 106 Palladio.

GLEN AVON LOTS CHEAP;

Lots that will be reached by extension of gas and water this summer.

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

BOY ATTENDING HIGH SCHOOL would like place to work for board and room. Can do almost anything. Can furnish best of references. Address J 48, Herald.

A WOMAN WANTS TO TAKE HOME A few ladies' or gentlemen's washing and do the mending if necessary. Please call or address Mrs. Selma Anderson, 32 Tenth avenue west.

A YOUNG SCANDINAVIAN WANTS work of any kind. Has had experience as coachman. Address L 20, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION IN GROCERY store as manager or head clerk by thoroughly experienced man. Address J 44, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS HOUSE TO TAKE care of for the rent. Address P 26, Herald.

YOUNG MAN, 20 YEARS, STRONG AND willing to do any kind of work. Address J 41, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION BY EXPERIenced lady stenographer. Can furnish best of references. J 39, Herald.

AN EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER wants a few more ladies to sew for by the day. Address Miss Shermerhorn, 605 West First street.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

VOCAL INSTRUCTION.

SIGNORA VALENZA, CONTRALTO Italian opera teacher of old Italian method. Studio, 17 East Superior street, room 8.

Business Men Supplied with competen stenographers and accountants free of charge. Apply to

W. C. McCarter,
Businesse Universlty.

DIME SOCIAL.

DIME SOCIAL—28 FOURTH AVENUE east, March 9.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—MEN OF GOOD ADDRESS to talk up attractive, reliable, financial proposition, to investors of moderate means. George Sanborn, secretary, D. S. Morgan building, Buffalo, N. Y.

IF YOU WANT A GUARANTEED INvestment paying 20 per cent, call or write, William Kaiser, 106 Palladio building. Both 'phones.

HERB REMEDIES.

FOR ALL IMPURE BLOOD DISORders, tumors and cancers cured without the knife; inexpensive home treatment. No office charges. The Herbaqueen company, 319 First avenue east.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — 3-ROOM FLAT, CITY water and closet, 5 per month. 721½ West Superior street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FIVE ROOM flat for the summer. Ground floor; central and strictly modern. R. S. B., Herald.

EIGHT-ROOM STEAM-HEATED FLAT, gas range, hot and cold water. Ingalls flats, 216 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—TWO FLATS NO 310 AND 312 West Fifth street. Modern, new and nice. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOM UPPER flat, bath, electric light. 1412 Jefferson street. Inquire of J. B. Middlecoff, 415 Providence building. Telephone 940.

SAND AND GRAVEL.

GOOD BUILDING SAND AND GRAVel, cheap at Portieth avenue west. For permits apply to C. H. Martz, at board of public works.

SCREENED, CLEAN AND SHARP AT Glen Avon sand pit for sale at $1 per load of 1½ yards. Get tickets at 112 Exchange building; sand costs more without tickets.

LOST.

LOST — BITCH SCOTCH TERRIER, buff color. Reward if delivered to Armstrong, 320 East Fourth street.

LOST—A FUR SCARF NEAR SECOND and Third avenues east. Address 316 East Third street.

WANTED—AGENTS.

CIGAR SALESMEN WANTED; EXperience unnecessary; good pay. Emanuel Co., Station J, New York city.

$5 TO $12 SALARY GUARANTEED PER week to men and women desiring pleasant home work. Experience unnecessary. Enclose stamp for full instructions, etc. Adress Twentieth Century company, Toledo, Ohio.

WANTED—AT ONCE, ACTIVE, EXPErienced agents—men or women—to take city and state agencies, and appoint sub-agents, for a rapid-selling, money-making article. A splendid opportunity to work into a business with a bright future. Send written application at once to J. 46, care Herald.

TWO GOOD, LIVE HUSTLERS, AT once to introduce a specialty; city. Apply 313 East Superior street. A. A. Page, manager.

FEMINOLOGY BEST SUBSCRIPtion book proposition of the century. Write for terms. C. L. Dressler & Co., 2203 Gladys avenue, Chicago.

STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING.
All kinds accurately and promptly done. Old Phone 544, Zenith 831. Jessie L. Cooley—Lydia T. Grieser. 307 First National Bank Building.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

Fifteen acres of finest shaded property on the lake shore near the pumping station, at a bargain.

110 East Fifth street, could be made to pay a handsome profit on the investment; can be bought cheap.

Two 50-foot lots at Lester Park, lay perfect and good location; price $300.

A Jefferson street house, seven rooms, bath, cellar, furnace, electric light, stone foundation, very cheap and on easy terms.

One of the best lots in Helm's addition; very cheap and on easy terms.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.,
H. H. Hanford, Mngr. 605 Palladio Bldg.

DO YOU PAY RENT?

Why not OWN your home and PAY LESS THAN RENT.
THE NATIONAL HOME-SEEKERS' ASSOCIATION will buy any home you choose on following payments:
A $1000 home, $ 5.50 per month.
A $2000 home $11.00 per month.
A $3000 home $16.50 per month.
These are direct payments on principal, NO INTEREST. No large down payment. Call and have this explained. Office open till 8:30 evenings, 417 Torrey building. Correspondents enclose 2c stamp.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE — UPRIGHT PIANO, TWO bicycles and household furniture. Call mornings or evenings, 213 West Fifth street.

FOR SALE — NEARLY NEW BED, mattress and springs, in good condition. 32 Tenth avenue west. Mrs. Anderson.

FOR SALE—HALL'S SAFE COMPANY'S safes. J. S. Ray, dealer, 11 Fifth avenue west.

FOR SALE—GOOD RANGE, ONLY used three years, at 206 West Fifth street.

FOR SALE—ANY PART OF 1000 shares Pennsylvania Iron & Steel company stock; make offer. P 57, Herald.

FOR SALE—A FINE SODA FOUNTAIN, at C. J. Tufte's drug store.

FOR SALE—A FINE JERSEY COW just calved. 821 Fourth avenue east. J. L. Levine.

FOR SALE—NEW AND AN OLD PIANO very cheap, at 216 West Superior street; room 107.

A CAR LOAD OR FRESH MILCH COWS will arrive March 6, at Evan Johnson's 2008 Helm street. Will exchange for beef cattle.

Horses!! Horses!!

Large assortment of general purpose horses constantly on hand, including farm mares, drivers and delivery horses. Call and see us before going elsewhere.
BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Horse Market opposite P.O. Duluth, Minn.

S. M. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED with a car load of fresh milch cows and will sell and exchange for fat cattle. 1219 East Seventh street.

$300 FOR 80-ACRE FARM WITH HOUSE and furniture. $900 for 120-acre farm with good house. We both buy and sell farm or cut-over timber lands. State Trust company, 506 Providence building, Duluth.

FOR SALE—LOCOMOTIVES, STEAM shovels, cars and rails, for construction or logging. Write for our 1902 catalogue. M. Mitsikkun Company, Detroit, Mich.

L. HAMMEL CO. ALWAYS HAVE ON hand the best logging horses in the city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

SAWMILL FOR SALE—LOCATED AT Minong, Wis.; capacity 20,000 to 25,000 in ten hours; complete outfit; part payment accepted and terms on balance. Apply No. 10 Mesaba block.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

PERSONAL.

YOUR FORTUNE TOLD FROM CRADle to grave. What I tell you comes true. Send dime and birth date. Professor J. Myers, Chicago.

LADIES! $500 REWARD FOR A CASE of obstinate suppression any cause my monthly regulator fails to relieve. Mail. Harmless vegetable; safe; sure. How long suppressed. Dr. Jackson, R. Co., R 989, 167 Dearborn, Chicago.

PATENTS—PROTECT YOUR IDEAS. No allowance. No fee. Consultation free. Est. 1864. Milo B. Stevens & Co., 614 Eleventh street, Washington.

PERSONAL—MY HUSBAND WAS A hard drinker for over twenty years. I cured him by a simple home treatment, and if any person who really wishes to cure drunkenness will write to me, I will gladly tell them how I did it. I am sincere in this offer, and as I have nothing to sell, I want no money. Mrs. Margaret Anderson, Hillburn, N. Y.

LADIES, OUR H[illegible]S REMEDY for delayed or suppressed period; cannot fail. Trial free. Paris Chemical company, Milwaukee, Wis.

WEALTHY GENTLEMAN WITH beautiful home, excellent character and liberally disposed, will marry for love and companionship. Mr. Percival, room D, 404 Vine, Cincinnati, Ohio.

PARTY WITH MONEY DESIRES TO invest in paying established business and take active interest. Address D., Herald.

LADIES! $500 REWARD for a case ... chott ... pate suppression, any cause my monthly regulator fails to relieve. Mail. Harmless veg., safe, sure. How long sup pressed. DR. JACKSON R. CO., R. 989 167 Dearborn, Chicago.

ANY AND ALL PERSONS HAVING collaterals on which loans have been made, must redeem same within thirty days from first insertion of this notice. Feb. 25, 1902. Standard Jewelry & Loan company, 324 West Superior street.

DRESSMAKING.

AND PLAIN sewing; fit and style guaranteed. 616 E. 4th St. Basement flat.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 217 Second avenue east.

WANTED — MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN for housework. Apply 16 Seventh avenue west. Call again.

WANTED — YOUNG LADY TO ASsist in dental office. State age, name and residence. W 32, Herald.

WANTED — A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 211 Tenth avenue east.

HOME WORK $60 MONTHLY COPYing letters, either sex. Send two stamps for particulars. Hicks' Supply company, 5057 Hulsted street, Chicago.

LADIES! SOMETHING NEW MAKing sofa pillows at home; $7 to $12 weekly; materials furnished; no canvassing; steady employment; send stamped addressed envelope. Household Mfg. Co., Erie street, Chicago.

WANTED — COOK AND KITCHEN girl. 627 West Superior street.

WANTED — COOK, $35; WAITRESSES, $16; second cooks, $20; fifty general house girls, at once. Lewis' Employment agency.

LADIES, COPY LETTERS AT HOME; $4 to $6 per week. Send stamped envelope for application. Monarch Supply company, Dept. 32, Chicago.

$12 WEEKLY FOR COPYING LETTERS home; either sex. Send two stamps for particulars. Eagle Supply company, 59 Dearborn street, Chicago.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; small family; good wages. Mrs. George Swift, 2320 East First street.

WANTED—A RELIABLE NURSE GIRL. 1723 East Second street.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. 230 East Fourth street.

WANTED—A WIDOW CAPABLE OF taking charge of farm house in North Dakota. Address 1118 East Third street.

WANTED—DISHWASHER AND DINingroom girl. 210 West Second street.

WANTED—WAIST AND SKIRT MAKers at once. La Ferte, 17 West Superior street.

WANTED — A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework in small family. 1220 East Fourth street.

WANTED — MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN for housework. Apply 16 Seventh avenue west.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework at 107 Park terrace.

WANTED—COMPETENT NURSE GIRL. Must have good references. Apply 20 Twelfth avenue east.

MALE HELP—WANTED

MOLER'S BARBER COLLEGE, MINneapolis, Minn., wants men to learn the trade. Last thirty days that you can earn schoiarship, board, tools and transportation, before leaving home. Short time required. Positions plentiful during spring rush. Write today.

WANTED—THREE COAT AND ONE vest and one trouser maker; must be first-class. Parker.

YOUNG MEN WITH NATURAL TALent for drawing to learn newspaper illustrating from famous artists by mail; free lesson circular. School of Caricature, 85 World building, New York.

WANTED — ONE EXPERIENCED elevator boy; also two bell boys. Spalding hotel.

SALESMEN FOR ALL LINES OF business (splendid side lines) to sell our calendars, 150 different styles, newest, latest patterns, just the things customers want; we pay the largest commissions. Many of our men give their entire time to our line and make from $75 to $125 every week; guaranteed best side line ever offered. Write promptly with references. Commissions paid promptly. American Novelty company, Cincinnati, Ohio.

$20 A WEEK STRAIGHT SALARY and expenses to men with rig to introduce our Poultry Mixture in country; year's contract; weekly pay. Address, with stamp, Monarch Mfg. Co., box 1746, Springfield, Ill.

WANTED—FAITHFUL MANAGER TO take charge of distributing depot and office to be opened in Duluth to further business interests of old established manufacturing concern; salary, $125 and extra profits; applicant much furnish good reference and have $800 cash. Address Manager, P. O. box 1421 Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED — SALESMEN TO SELL lubricating oils and greases on salary or commission. Excellent side line. The A. G. Harbaugh company, Cleveland, Ohio.

WANTED—TRAVELER OF EXPERIence and known ability to fill vacancy in Minnesota. No novice need apply. Jess H. Smith company, Detroit, Mich.

WANTED—TRAVELING MAN OVER 21 for Minnesota, to advertise and collect; $900 year to start, and all expenses, for old established house. Address Manufacturer, 303 Caxton building, Chicago.

WANTED — EVERYWHERE, HUSTlers to tack signs, distribute circulars, samples, etc.; no canvassing; good pay. Sun Advertising company, Chicago.

TRUSTWORTHY MAN TO TRAVEL and collect for manufacturer. Salary $90 per month and expenses. Good route. Chance for advancement. Enclose addressed envelope. Smith, Mgr., 356 Dearborn, Chicago.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN FOR OFFICE work; must be good penman. Apply to John A. Stephenson, Providence building.

WANTED—TWO COATMAKERS. B. E. Welberg, 2004 West Superior street.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN, 18 TO 25, FOR office work and stenography; salary to start, $10.00 per week; good chance for promotion; prefer one who has some knowledge of bookkeeping. Apply to Nelson Morris Beef company, 302 West Michigan street.

WANTED—MAN AND WIFE TO DO farming. Address P 45, Herald.

WANTED—ELEVATOR BOY AT ST. Louis hotel.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED SCANDInavian hardware clerk. R. R. Forward.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Last thirty days of special offer. Can earn scholarship, board, tools and transportation. Great demand for graduates during spring rush. Short time required. Write today. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—MODERN 8-ROOM HOUSE, furnished, for the summer. T 36, Herald.

A FEW SMALL HOUSES, CENTRALLY located, rent reasonable. A. R. Macfarlane & Co., 112 Exchange building.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — ROOMS, 19 EAST SECond street. All conveniences.

FOR RENT — TWO FURNISHED rooms, two unfurnished rooms. Gas and bath. 109½ West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED DOUBLE room for light housekeeping. Furniture for sale. Inquire elevator boy, Lowell block.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS IN BASEment at 118 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—THREE NEW FURNISHed rooms, 109½ Second alley east.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS. APPLY 822 West Fifth street.

FURNISHED ROOMS—$1 AND UP PER week, 206 Fifth avenue west.

FOR RENT — THREE FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping, with bath and all modern conveniences. Address 931 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED room; all conveniences. 19 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FOUR FURNISHED rooms, 429 Third avenue east. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange building.

FURNISHED ROOM. 221 EAST THIRD street.

NEAT NICELY FURNISHED ROOM with bath. Rent reasonable. 231 Mesaba avenue.

STORE FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STORES NOS. 522 AND 524 West Superior street. Lane McGregor & Co., 6 Exchange.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—ROOM AND BOARD FOR man and wife in strictly private family. Address J 42, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

GOOD ROOM AND BOARD FOR GENtleman. 125 Second avenue west.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 17, 1902. Work, Second degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 10, 1902. Work, First degree. Clyde W. Stilson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 12, 1902. Work Royal Arch degree. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 7:30 p. m. Next conclave April 1, 1902. Work, Installation of officers. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS. ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL NO. 2, meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west at 8 p. m. Jack Hultquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES—Duluth Aerie No. 79, meets every Thursday at 8 p. m., in Kalamazoo block. W. E. Brown elected worthy president, W. J. Moran, worthy vice president and Robert Rogers, worthy chaplain. Installation Thursday March 13. J. W. Schraeder, worthy, secretary.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets every Thursday of the month at Great Eastern hall. William Cleugh, sachem; S. C. Murphy, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 68, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m., at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street, N. G. Halloway, sachem; A. M. Johnson, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, WE-KE-ME-WUP TRIBE, NO. 17, meets every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St. C. E. Armstead, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS. NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. G. H. Nichols, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS — DIAMOND lodge, No. 45, K. of P., meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street, Monday, Dec. 2. Work in the third rank. L. B. Allen, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of R. S.

M. W. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A.; William Tunell, clerk

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Business confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg, Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 315; old, 705-B.

CLAIRVOYANT.

PROFESSOR—YOUR FUTURE LIFE told. Big neck, warts, etc. 1314 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 237 MAIN STREET, West Superior, Wis. Phone 4359-3.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

MRS. HANSON—MIDWIFE—
Female complaints. Private hospital, 413 Seventh avenue east. 'Phone 1225.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES, 10c copy. Hankenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED — TO BUY OR TRADE FOR small team; must be cheap. E. Downie, 2014 West First street.

WANTED—TO BUY, COTTAGE ON Park Point. Will buy or rent. Address J 45, Herald.

WE ARE IN THE MARKET FOR horses and will pay best prices. L. Hammel Co., Third avenue east and First street, Duluth.

WANTED—TO BUY, SECOND HAND motor, about one horse power. M. Henricksen, jeweler.

WANTED—TO BUY, A COCKER SPANiel pup, four weeks old. Duluth Cigar company.

Horses Wanted.

LUMBERMEN AND CONTRACTORS—Notice—We are in the market at all times to purchase your horses if you have no further use for them and will pay highest cash price for the same. Call or address, BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN, Sale Stable opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn.

JOHNSON NICKEL MINING COMpany stock wanted; state price and quantity. Address P. O. box 290, city.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

PICTURE FRAMING.

GET YOUR PICTURES AND PICTURE frames at Hoffman's, 211 East Superior street.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

A. M.	P. M.			P. M.	P. M.
7:40 a.m.	3:15	Lv.. Duluth .. Ar		12:00	7:30
8:15 a.m.	3:25	Ar.. Proctor .. Lv		p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m.	7:25	Ar. Iron Jctn. Lv		p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	7:30	Ar.. Wolf .. Lv		p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	7:30	Ar. Virginia Lv		p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	7:35	Ar.. Eveleth .. Lv		p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	7:35	Ar.. Sparta .. Lv		p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	8:00	Ar. Biwabik. Lv		p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	8:00	Ar. Mtn. Iron. Lv		p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	8:25	Ar. Hibbing .. Lv		p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A. M.	P. M.	STATIONS.	M.	P. M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	7:30
11:25	7:25	Ar.....Virginia Lv	8:05	3:30
11:30	7:30	Ar.....Eveleth Lv	8:00	3:30
12:20	7:35	Ar.....Ely Lv	7:25	2:50
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.
(GREAT NORTHERN SYSTEM.)

Leave		Arrive
† 1:25 p.m.	St. Paul	† 1:55 p.m.
† 11:10 p.m.	Minneapolis	* 6:30 p.m.
* 7:55 a.m.	Cass Lake, Grand Forks Morris, Pacific Coa t Hibbing, Swan River and the Iron Range.	* 6:43 p.m.
† 3:00 p.m.		† 11:58 a.m.

* Daily † Daily Except Sunday.
Sleeper ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*10 50 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee, Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	Ashland and East	a 11:55 a m
b 9:00 a m	" "	a 6:55 p m
a 7:00 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express North Coast Limited	a 7:55 a m
b 5:30 p m		a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL	a 6:00 p m
a 1:55 p m	MINNEAPOLIS	b 2:10 p m
a 7:10 p m		a 7:10 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railw'y

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Blk. 'Phone 44
All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot.

*5:45 p. m. Lv—BOSTON LIMITED—Ar. *9:55 a. m.
All points East.

*8:15 a. m. Lv—.....LOCAL.....—Ar. 12:25 p. m.
Marquette & Copper Country.

D ally. † Except Sunday